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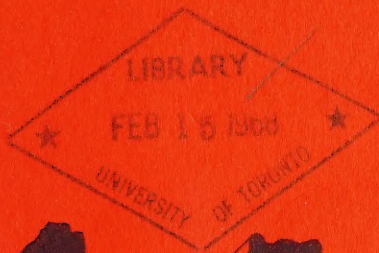
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**Report
For 1962**



**CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS
RETURNS ACT**

61-
210



ANNUAL REPORT
of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce
under the
Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
(For fiscal periods of corporations and labour unions ending in 1962)

Published by authority of
The Honourable Mitchell Sharp
Minister of Trade and Commerce

**CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS
RETURNS ACT ADMINISTRATION**
Ottawa - Canada

June 1965
9801-501

*The Honourable Mitchell Sharp,
Minister of Trade and Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour to submit the annual report under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act covering corporation and labour union returns for fiscal years ending in 1962.

Your obedient servant,

Robert E. Duffett.

Dominion Statistician

Ottawa, Canada
June, 1965.

*To His Excellency Major-General Georges P. Vanier, D.S.O., M.C., C.D.,
Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Canada.*

The undersigned has the honour to submit to Your Excellency the annual report for the year 1962, under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act concerning corporations and labour unions in Canada.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Mitchell Sharp". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style with a large, prominent 'M' and 'S'.

Minister of Trade and Commerce

Ottawa, Canada
June, 1965.

INTRODUCTION

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, Chapter 26, 10-11 Elizabeth II, was passed by Parliament in April, 1962. The Act is administered by the Dominion Statistician under the authority of the Minister of Trade and Commerce. The purpose of the Act is to collect financial and other information on the affairs of corporations and labour unions carrying on activities in Canada. Such information was considered necessary to determine on the one hand the extent and effects of non-resident ownership and control of corporations in Canada and on the other hand, the extent and effects of the association of Canadians with international labour unions.

The ownership of stocks and bonds of Canadian corporations and institutions, by corporation and individuals outside Canada is not a recent development as Canada has been one of the world's largest importers of capital.¹ However in recent years Canadians have become increasingly aware of the rate of growth of non-resident investment in Canada and the important role of international trade unions.

Early in 1961, a bill to provide more information on the affairs of corporations and labour unions in Canada received first reading. Following its introduction various representations were received by the Government from both corporations and unions and the bill did not receive second reading. In 1962 Parliament passed the present Act entitled The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act.

The Act applies only to corporations whose gross revenues during a reporting period exceed \$500,000 or whose assets exceed \$250,000. Crown corporations and corporations operating under the authority of such Government of Canada statutes as the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Trust Companies Act, the Loan Companies Act, the Small Loans Act, the Radio Act and the Railway Act are exempted to avoid duplication of returns where substantially the same kind of information was felt to be available under other federal legislation. In much the same way the legislation applies to every labour union in Canada having a local in Canada and 100 or more members resident in Canada.

The corporation returns are divided into confidential and non-confidential sections. The non-confidential section of the return includes information on the incorporation, officers and directors and ownership of the corporation's issued share capital. The confidential section of the return includes financial statements of the corporation similar to those required under the Income Tax Act and a schedule of selected payments to non-residents for dividends, interest and certain business services.

The Act is designed to produce factual replies. Furthermore no questions are asked relating to contractual arrangements through which control may be exercised. There are no direct questions concerning procurement policy, personnel policy, investment policy or export policy. The Act does not ask companies to identify their "beneficial" shareholders, because it was recognized by Parliament that in many cases this information is not readily available to the corporations themselves. The Act is concerned primarily with the incidence and extent of foreign ownership and with the effects of foreign ownership.

Labour unions affected by the legislation are required to provide similar kinds of information, also divided into the two parts. In the non-confidential section, the union furnishes a copy of its constitution, names of its officers, number of employees and certain information on locals, trusteeships and collective agreements. The confidential section of the return includes the union's financial statements and information on the dues and assessments received by international unions from members of those unions resident in Canada.

¹ The Dominion Bureau of Statistics has been publishing regularly, information on the magnitude and characteristics of all types of foreign investment in Canada. Publications in this field of statistics include the "Canadian Balance of International Payments 1961 and 1962 and International Investment Position" and "Canada's International Investment Position 1926-1954".

All returns are made in the first instance to the Dominion Statistician. The Act provides that the non-confidential part, Section A of the return filed by each corporation shall be kept on record in an office of the Department of the Secretary of State, to which one copy is forwarded by the Dominion Statistician. Similarly the non-confidential part, Section A of the return of each labour union shall be held by the Department of Labour, to which one copy is forwarded by the Dominion Statistician. Any person is permitted to inspect these copies upon payment of a nominal fee. Section B of any return filed by either a corporation or a union remains in the control and custody of the Dominion Statistician and is not available to any person other than an official or authorized person as described in the Act.

Although the details contained in the confidential part of the return concerning an individual corporation or labour union may not be made public, the Dominion Statistician is required to prepare an annual report summarizing the information in such a manner that confidential information cannot be related to any individual corporation or labour union making returns under the Act.

The Act came into force on January 1, 1963 and the first returns under the Act for fiscal periods ending in 1962 were due June 30, 1963. Beginning January 1, 1963, the Dominion Statistician started the development of an organization to administer the Act and the recruiting of staff for this organization was carried out during the first six months of 1963. The task of acquainting corporations and labour unions of their obligation under the Act was undertaken during this time with staff seconded from other areas. This was done by the widespread distribution of questionnaire forms to corporations and labour unions in Canada. This method facilitated the explanation of the reporting requirements to corporations and labour unions. Since a list of corporations and labour unions subject to the reporting requirements of the Act was not available, information concerning the provisions of the Act had to be made available to a very large number of corporations and labour unions. Forms were also prepared that would facilitate the establishing of the exempt status of a corporation or labour union not required to report under the Act. During 1963, the first year of the Act, 85,000 corporations claimed exemption from the reporting requirements of the Act. Most of the claims for exemption were found to be valid, but after further clarification of the requirements of the Act, over 4,000 corporations claiming exemption submitted complete returns.

Because of the magnitude of the task of acquainting corporations and labour unions with their obligations under the Act, a large number had not submitted the required return by June 30, 1963, the due date. The Minister of Trade and Commerce therefore announced on July 2, 1963, that corporations and labour unions that had not submitted the required return, would not be prosecuted for the omission until after September 30 of that year.

By October of 1963, almost all returns had been received for the year 1962 and attention was then concentrated on staff training and processing of the returns. The relating of financial data to the degree of non-resident ownership of corporations operating in Canada was the first aspect of the processing undertaken. To determine the ultimate non-resident ownership of each corporation it was necessary to examine over 10,000 intercorporate relationships. This was a task of great complexity, in particular as this was the first year of operation of the Act and there was no experience to serve as a guide. In consequence more time was required for the determination of ownership than is likely to be needed in future years. Nevertheless by late 1964 it was possible to complete the linking of corporations and to determine ultimate non-resident ownership of each corporation reporting under the Act. This report contains the material so tabulated and summarized. The degree of non-resident ownership varies widely between industries and in this report attention had been given to non-resident owned corporations and industries as being one of the main purposes of the Act. In future reports other aspects of corporations in Canada in relation to non-resident ownership will be presented.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I. CORPORATIONS

	Page
1. Corporations in Canada	15
2. Ownership of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act	18
3. Size and Ownership of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act	31
4. Mining and Manufacturing Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million	33
5. Payments to Non-residents by Corporations Reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act	37
Appendix A. Statistical Tables – List of Tables	45
Appendix B. Reporting Requirements, Concepts and Definitions	87

PART II. LABOUR UNIONS

1. Introduction	105
Reporting Requirements	105
Compliance and Enforcement	107
Parent-subordinate Relationships	108
2. Labour Unions in Canada	110
Distribution of Membership and Locals	113
Women Members	118
Union Members in Federal and Provincial Service	123
Trusteeships Reported Under the Act	123
Collective Bargaining Agreements	125
3. Union Financial Statistics	127

PART III. GENERAL

1. Corporations Reporting Forms	139
2. Labour Unions Reporting Forms	145
3. The Act and Regulations	155

TABLE OF CONTENTS — Continued

PART I. CORPORATIONS

Table	Page
I. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Industry Group, 1962	17
II. Estimated Total Business Assets and Assets of Reporting Corporations, 1962	17
III. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	19
IV. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing and Mining Industries, 1962	19
V. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the Construction, Utilities, Trade, Finance and Service Industries, 1962	20
VI. Assets of reporting corporations in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1962	25
VII. Assets of Reporting Corporations in Construction, Utilities, Trade, Finance and Service Industries, 1962	29
VIII. Asset Size Group of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1962	31
IX. Per Cent of Total Assets, Equity, Sales and Profits by Size Group of Reporting Corporations, 1962	31
X. Ownership by Asset Size Groups of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1962	32
XI. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 217 Corporations With Assets Over \$25 Million in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1962	34
XII. Intercompany Ownership of 217 Corporations in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries With Assets Over \$25 Million, 1962	34
XIII. Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1962	35
XIV. Directors of 217 Corporations With Assets Over \$25 Million, 1962	35
XV. Officers in Canada of 217 Corporations With Assets Over \$25 Million, 1962 ..	36
XVI. Geographic Area of Control of 138 Corporations, More Than 50 Per Cent Non-resident Owned and With Assets Over \$25 Million, 1962	37
XVII. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, 1962	40
XVIII. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada by Industry Group, 1962	42

TABLE OF CONTENTS – Concluded

PART II. LABOUR UNIONS

Table	Page
1. Reporting Labour Organizations in Canada, 1962	111
2. Membership of Reporting Labour Organizations, by Congress Affiliation, 1962	111
3. International Headquarters of Reporting Labour Organizations Outside of Canada, 1962	112
4. Intervals at which Reporting Labour Organizations Held Conventions, 1962	112
5. Number of Chartered Locals and Membership of Reporting Labour Organizations, by Type of Union, 1962	114
6. Reporting Labour Organizations, by Number of Locals in Canada, 1962	114
7. Reporting Labour Organizations by Number of Members in Canada, 1962	116
8. Reporting Labour Organizations with 20,000 or More Members Resident in Canada, 1962	117
9. International Labour Organizations Reporting 20,000 or More Members Resident in Canada, 1962	117
10. Local Unions and Membership of Reporting Labour Organizations in Canada, by Geographic Area, 1962	119
11. Male and Female Membership of Reporting Labour Organizations in Canada, by Type of Union and Locals, 1962	120
12. Reporting Labour Organizations, by Proportion of Women Members, 1962	121
13 A. Women Members of International Unions in Canada, by Geographic Area, 1962	121
13 B. Women Members of National Unions in Canada, by Geographic Area, 1962 ..	122
13 C. Women Members of Government Employees' Organizations in Canada, by Geographic Area, 1962	122
13 D. Women Members of all Reporting Labour Organizations in Canada, by Geographic Area, 1962	123
14. Distribution of Reporting Labour Organizations, by Number of Collective Bargaining Agreements in Canada, 1962	126
15. Assets and Liabilities of Reporting Labour Organizations, 1962	128
16. Income and Expenditures of Reporting Labour Organizations, 1962	129
17. Net Dues and Assessments Levied by Reporting International Labour Organizations, by Category, 1962	132
18. Selected Income and Expenditures of Reporting International Labour Organizations, 1962	133
19. Selected Financial Data of Reporting Labour Organizations, 1962	134
20. Selected Financial Data of Reporting Labour Organizations, 1962	135

PART I
CORPORATIONS

1. CORPORATIONS IN CANADA

During the first year of the Act, some 25,000 corporations submitted complete returns. A number of returns were completed by corporations which were exempt from the reporting requirements of the Act and such returns are not included in this report. Table 1 shows that 24,508 reporting corporations were tabulated. This number includes corporations operating in Canada whether incorporated in Canada, or incorporated outside Canada and operating in Canada as a branch. In a few cases corporations were incorporated outside Canada for the purpose of carrying on business in Canada, and in these cases the entire corporation is included in the tabulations as its business outside Canada is relatively small. A few Canadian corporations have been excluded from the tabulations since they do substantially all their business outside Canada. Also excluded from the tabulations are all without-share-capital corporations, as most are exempt from the Act, and those required to report present a special problem in tabulating the equity equivalent in their balance sheet corresponding to the share capital of other corporations.

Corporations reporting under this Act are required to submit audited financial statements as part of the return. These financial statements vary substantially between corporations as to the degree of detail shown and the type of presentation. There are differences in the accounting practices employed within each industry and between industries. As a result, it was impracticable in the time available to develop more detailed financial information from the statements submitted. At the present time research is being undertaken to develop methods by which items appearing on the financial statements of all reporting corporations may be classified on a uniform and comparable basis in order that more detailed and uniform statistics may be produced.

Four basic financial items, assets, equity, sales and profits were selected for tabulation in this report. The assets of a corporation include cash, receivables, inventories, net fixed assets, investments in other corporations, and other assets. These assets were tabulated as shown by the financial statements of the corporations after deducting allowances for doubtful accounts and accumulated depreciation. Total assets of corporations may be used to indicate the proportion of recorded book wealth held by resident owned corporations and by non-resident owned corporations. Equity may be measured as the difference between a corporation's assets and its liabilities and represents the ownership of the shareholders in the corporation. Ownership involves certain inherent risks but also carries with it the rewards of participation in the profits of the corporation, and certain voting privileges. As tabulated, equity consists of the total of all issued share capital, the earnings retained in the business (or minus any deficit), all items of capital, and the amounts segregated from the retained earnings. Equity as a measure of the ownership of residents and non-residents in the investment of reporting corporations can be related to the total assets of reporting corporations for either group. Sales indicate the extent to which non-resident owned corporations participate in various industrial markets. The amount normally tabulated for trade and manufacturing corporations was the gross revenue derived from their principal source of operations. However total income was used for corporations whose main source of income was from rents, dividends and interest. Profits may be used to determine on the whole, the profitability of resident and non-resident owned corporations. Taxable income could not be used for this purpose as tax concessions to some classes of corporations rendered this measure non-comparable for all industries. A more inclusive definition was therefore adapted which would embrace capital gains, non-taxable dividend income, profits on the disposal of fixed assets, and any other type of non-recurring, extraneous profit which may have been credited directly to the retained earnings account. The profits tabulated therefore include the corporation's operating profit, and financial income, if any, in addition to the items enumerated above, after deducting allowances for depreciation but before income tax provisions and dividend declarations.

The assets, equity, sales and profits of the 24,508 corporations covered by this report are given in Table I. This table shows that these 24,508 corporations held assets of \$63,744.8 million; the equity of their shareholders was \$32,563.8 million; and their

sales and profits were \$54,003.1 million and \$4,129.7 million, respectively. The finance industry accounts for 27 per cent of total assets of all reporting corporations. Since many corporations in this industry are financial intermediaries or holding companies, this industry's assets of \$17,406.2 million duplicate to a greater extent than in other industries the total value of assets held by all corporations. While a number of financial corporations are required to report under the Act, chartered banks and most of the insurance companies are exempt from the Act. Together they constitute a large part of the financial market in Canada.

Manufacturing corporations, 5,949 in all, reported assets of \$24,471.9 million in 1962. The unit used for industrial classification in this report is the corporation as a whole as opposed to the establishment,¹ the basis used in most other statistical publications. Corporations which mine and process minerals are included in manufacturing when the value added in the processing exceeds that added in the mining. As a result, assets in the manufacturing industries are overstated to the extent that these corporations have assets employed in mineral extraction. Similarly, assets in metal mining and mineral fuels are understated.

The ultimate degree of non-resident ownership has been determined for each reporting corporation as well as the value of assets held by these corporations. The degree of non-resident ownership of assets may be overstated since most smaller exempt corporations appear to be resident owned. Non-financial business enterprises not reporting under the Act held assets in 1962 at book value of some \$42 billion.² As these enterprises are not covered by the Act the assets and ownership of this group are not included in the report. However these assets must be considered when relating non-resident ownership to the Canadian economy. Financial corporations not reporting under the Act also held assets at book value in 1962 of some \$42 billion.² These corporations are mainly financial intermediaries and should be considered separately from other corporations. Table II indicates that non-financial corporations reporting under the Act held approximately 52 per cent of total assets of non-financial business in Canada in 1962 and that 24.8 per cent of total assets were held by non-financial corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. The coverage of the Act of the Mining and Manufacturing industries is much higher than in other industries and the measurement of non-resident ownership is likely to be more complete. Those parts of the agriculture, construction, trade and service industries not covered by the Act consist mostly of smaller operations which are largely resident owned, therefore the degree of non-resident ownership in these industries would not likely be much higher were ownership information available on all corporations.

The utility industries include large Canadian government owned enterprises such as railways, air lines, electric power, telephone and other utility services. These corporations are not required to report under the Act but must be included to assess the magnitude of non-resident ownership in these areas. In addition to these corporations, certain classes of utilities are specifically exempt from the reporting requirements of the Act including certain telephone, railway, shipping and broadcasting corporations. Some of the shares of these corporations are owned by non-residents but such ownership has not been determined for this report. Therefore the degree of non-resident ownership in this industry is likely to be higher than 4.0 per cent. These two groups of corporations, government owned utilities and exempt utilities largely account for the 78.7 per cent of utilities assets not covered by the Act.

¹ The establishment is the smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting statistical data.

² The estimated total assets of business enterprises includes agriculture and other unincorporated business, government enterprises and financial and non-financial corporations but excludes governments (except government enterprises) religious, educational and other non-profit institutions, trust funds, trustee pension plans, housing (other than apartments and other housing owned by corporations), personal corporations and personal wealth.

TABLE I. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Industry Group, 1962

Industry group	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Mining, quarries and oil wells:					
Metal mines	355	2,848.7	1,731.3	834.2	195.5
Mineral fuels	294	2,670.1	1,751.7	635.4	98.5
Other mining	392	779.8	511.2	278.1	33.3
Sub-totals	1,041	6,298.6	3,994.2	1,747.7	327.3
Manufacturing:					
Food	878	2,245.6	1,288.9	4,173.2	171.2
Beverages	152	867.1	495.2	764.4	148.2
Tobacco	27	371.1	191.7	749.6	37.0
Rubber	44	305.1	173.0	418.9	17.0
Leather	144	132.6	60.0	245.0	5.7
Textiles, knitting and clothing	835	1,040.7	575.7	1,612.7	93.3
Wood	588	1,028.7	480.7	1,031.7	66.4
Furniture	215	157.9	82.5	239.4	8.7
Paper	239	3,703.3	2,459.0	2,512.4	385.7
Printing	326	516.5	294.1	653.5	58.7
Primary metal	131	3,608.7	2,115.5	2,228.6	374.1
Metal fabricating	622	1,083.2	640.2	1,427.1	86.5
Machinery	260	944.8	532.7	1,060.9	95.3
Transportation equipment	206	1,461.4	877.6	2,377.0	204.9
Electrical products	277	1,202.5	667.0	1,650.6	75.9
Non-metallic mineral products	274	844.5	472.9	736.3	90.1
Petroleum and coal products	36	2,843.7	1,907.6	2,177.7	165.5
Chemicals	365	1,659.6	1,024.6	1,703.0	183.0
Miscellaneous	330	454.7	212.2	556.3	42.0
Sub-totals	5,949	24,471.7	14,551.1	26,318.3	2,309.2
Construction industry	1,987	1,774.0	544.4	2,882.3	71.3
Transportation, storage and communication	791	2,715.4	944.0	1,307.0	155.8
Gas, water and electric utilities	103	2,045.9	965.1	543.0	102.6
Wholesale trade	4,085	4,288.5	1,655.4	10,727.3	224.2
Retail trade	2,554	3,026.0	1,451.2	7,430.3	202.2
Finance	6,190	17,406.2	7,726.5	1,764.1	650.5
Other industries	1,808	1,718.5	731.9	1,283.1	86.8
Totals, all industries	24,508	63,744.8	32,563.8	54,003.1	4,129.9

Note: Users of this table and of data throughout this report should note that all totals are derived from the addition of items appearing on the balance sheets or income statements of individual corporations, and therefore reflect the inclusion of substantial intercorporate financial items which would be eliminated in a consolidation of the corporate sector of the economy.

TABLE II. Estimated Total Business Assets and Assets of Reporting Corporations, 1962

Industry group	Estimated total assets of businesses in Canada	Assets of reporting corporations		Assets held by reporting corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned	
	\$000,000	\$000,000	per cent ¹	\$000,000	per cent ¹
Agriculture²	14,387.0	368.0	2.6	181.2	1.3
Mining	6,435.6	6,298.6	98.9	4,109.2	57.7
Manufacturing	24,663.8	24,471.7	98.9	12,841.4	57.7
Construction	3,419.2	1,774.0	51.9	312.9	9.2
Utilities	22,317.0	4,761.3	21.3	891.3	4.0
Trade	13,819.2	7,314.5	52.9	2,260.2	16.4
Services	3,539.7	1,350.5	38.2	358.9	10.1
Totals	88,591.5	46,338.6	52.3	21,955.1	24.8
Finance	59,047.3	17,406.2	29.5	5,284.4	8.9

¹ Per cent of estimated total assets.

² The value of the assets of the agriculture industry is the market value of farms established by the 1961 Census.

The coverage of the finance industry is lower than for most other sectors as the chartered banks and most of the insurance companies operating in Canada are exempt from the Act. Also in this industry are a few government owned financial institutions which are also exempt from the Act. Some of the non-government financial institutions exempt from the reporting requirements of the Act are non-resident owned and the ownership of these corporations is not included in this report. Therefore the degree of non-resident ownership of finance corporations is likely to be higher than 8.9 per cent.

On the basis of the coverage of the Act it is shown in Table II that 24.8 per cent of total non-financial business assets are held by corporations that are more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. Mining and manufacturing industries account for about one third of the assets of all non-financial business enterprises in Canada and approximately 58 per cent of the total assets of these industries are held by corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. In all industries other than mining and manufacturing, corporations that are more than 50 per cent non-resident owned hold only 9 per cent of total assets of these industries, and the highest percentage of non-resident holding in these industries is in trade at 16.4 per cent. As stated previously the 4.0 per cent and 8.9 per cent non-resident ownership which are shown for utilities and finance respectively are understated.

2. OWNERSHIP OF CORPORATIONS REPORTING UNDER THE CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

The first use of information submitted under the Act has been to determine the degree of non-resident ownership in each reporting corporation. In some instances, a corporation is directly owned by non-residents, but in many cases corporations in Canada are owned, wholly or in part, by other corporations which in turn may be owned by non-residents or by other Canadian corporations. The ownership of the common voting shares of each corporation reporting under the Act was traced through intercorporate holdings of shares to determine in so far as possible, whether the ultimate owners were resident or non-resident.³ In order that the ultimate non-resident ownership could be determined for the corporations reporting under the Act, over 10,000 shareholdings between corporations were examined.⁴

After ultimate non-resident ownership was determined for each corporation reporting under the Act, it was related to the four financial items tabulated: assets, equity, sales and profits. As Table III indicates, 3,083 corporations were more than 95 per cent owned by non-residents and these corporations held assets of \$15,843.2 million, and had sales

³ It may be noted that the statistical processes employed in this report involve the primary classification of corporations on two bases: degree of non-resident ownership, direct and indirect, in the voting stock of each corporation, and control, direct and indirect, through ownership of voting stock of each corporation, as well as size and industry. Totals from financial statements were allocated on the basis of the classification of the corporation.

While the classification by control is broadly similar in character to that employed in the familiar series constructed by the Balance of Payments Section of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, the degree of non-resident ownership is entirely new. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics' series for foreign ownership covers ownership of both the equity and long-term liabilities of enterprises, and results from the application of geographical distributions to the value of each class of security.

Among the other causes of differences are adjustments to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics balance of payments series, such as adjustments to the value series to eliminate investments in other countries by Canadian corporations, consolidation of data to eliminate inter-corporate financial items within Canada, industrial classification by enterprises or family of corporations rather than by corporation, and inclusion of corporations exempted under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by reason of size or specific class exemption.

⁴ An explanation of the method used to determine degree of non-resident ownership is contained in Part B of Appendix B.

of \$14,202.3 million. In total, 4,356 corporations were more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents and these corporations in 1962 held assets of \$27,239.5 million and had sales of \$22,420.0 million. These corporations accounted for 42.5 per cent of total assets and 41.3 per cent of total sales of corporations reporting under the Act.

TABLE III. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	3,083	15,844.4	8,519.3	14,202.4	1,173.3
75 to 94.9 per cent.....	558	6,222.8	3,705.3	4,340.6	387.7
50 to 74.5 per cent.....	715	5,172.3	3,040.7	3,875.7	353.4
Sub-totals	4,356	27,239.5	15,265.3	22,418.7	1,914.4
25 to 49.9 per cent.....	815	6,430.5	3,936.6	3,623.3	521.0
5 to 24.9 per cent.....	1,099	9,240.4	4,739.0	5,026.7	630.8
Under 5 per cent.....	18,238	20,834.4	8,622.9	22,934.4	1,063.7
Sub-totals	20,152	36,505.3	17,298.5	31,584.4	2,215.5
Totals	24,508	63,744.8	32,563.8	54,003.1	4,129.9

TABLE IV. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing and Mining Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	1,414	9,542.4	5,377.2	9,074.5	895.3
75 to 94.9 per cent	251	4,960.9	2,967.5	3,477.2	311.7
50 to 74.9 per cent	303	3,447.3	2,278.3	2,581.3	272.3
Sub-totals	1,968	17,950.6	10,623.0	15,133.0	1,479.3
25 to 49.9 per cent	299	2,966.9	2,092.1	1,970.0	318.0
5 to 24.9 per cent	553	4,816.8	3,247.3	3,298.9	478.7
Under 5 per cent	4,170	5,036.0	2,582.9	7,664.1	360.5
Sub-totals	5,022	12,819.7	7,922.3	12,933.0	1,157.2
Totals	6,990	30,770.3	18,545.3	28,066.0	2,636.5

TABLE V. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the Construction, Utilities, Trade, Finance and Service Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	1,669	6,302.0	3,142.1	5,127.9	278.0
75 to 94.9 per cent	307	1,261.9	737.8	863.4	76.0
50 to 74.9 per cent	412	1,725.0	762.4	1,294.4	81.1
Sub-totals	2,388	9,288.9	4,642.3	7,285.7	435.1
25 to 49.9 per cent	516	3,463.6	1,844.5	1,653.3	203.0
5 to 24.9 per cent	546	4,423.6	1,491.7	1,727.8	152.1
Under 5 per cent	14,068	15,798.4	6,040.0	15,270.3	703.2
Sub-totals	15,130	23,685.6	9,376.2	18,651.4	1,058.3
Totals	17,518	32,974.5	14,018.5	25,937.1	1,493.4

Table III shows that 20,152 reporting corporations were more than 50 per cent owned by Canadian residents. These corporations held assets of \$36,805.4 million and had sales of \$31,916.0 million in 1962. Included in these 20,152 corporations are 2,239 corporations with assets of \$6,729.6 million that are held, wholly or in part, by nominees and therefore the ultimate ownership of these corporations could not be completely determined.⁵

Mining and Manufacturing

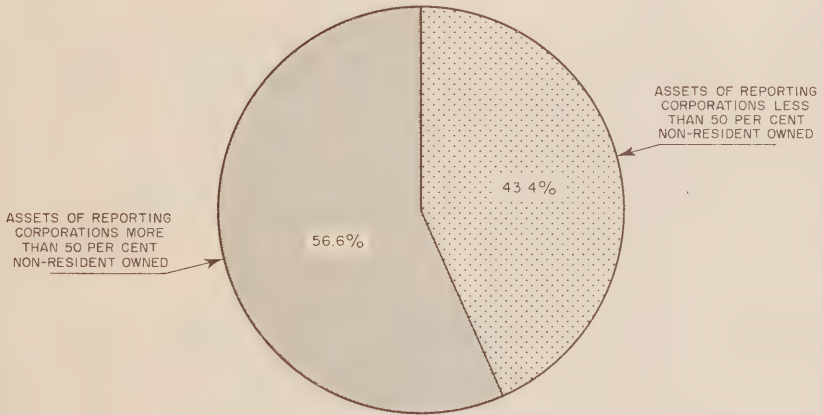
As illustrated in Table I of the 24,508 corporations reporting under the Act, 6,990 (28.5 per cent) were engaged in the mining and manufacturing industries. These corporations held assets of \$30,770.5 million (48.0 per cent) of the total assets of \$63,744.8 for all corporations reporting under this Act. In 1962, 1,041 of these corporations were primarily engaged in the production of minerals in Canada. These corporations held assets of \$6,298.6 million. As stated previously other corporations were also engaged in the production of minerals, but because of the greater value added in the processing of these minerals, such corporations are included in manufacturing. Corporations primarily engaged in the mining industry more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents in 1962 held assets of \$4,109.2 million, 65.2 per cent of the total assets of the industry, while corporations, more than 50 per cent owned by residents of Canada, held the remaining 34.8 per cent. The assets of corporations in the manufacturing industries were somewhat more evenly distributed between those corporations which were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned and those that were less than 50 per cent non-resident owned, the former holding 56.6 per cent and the latter 43.4 per cent of the total assets of all manufacturing industries.

⁵ Nominee shareholdings are examined briefly in Part C of Appendix B.

CHART — A

DEGREE OF NON-RESIDENT OWNERSHIP IN 1962
OF REPORTING CORPORATIONS

MANUFACTURING



MINING, QUARRIES AND OIL WELLS

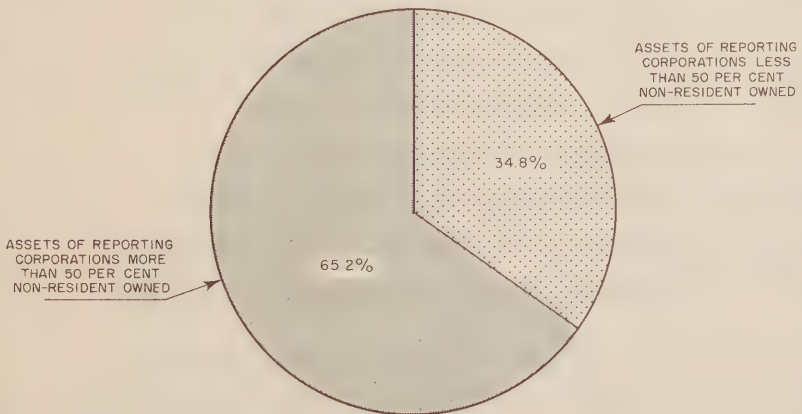
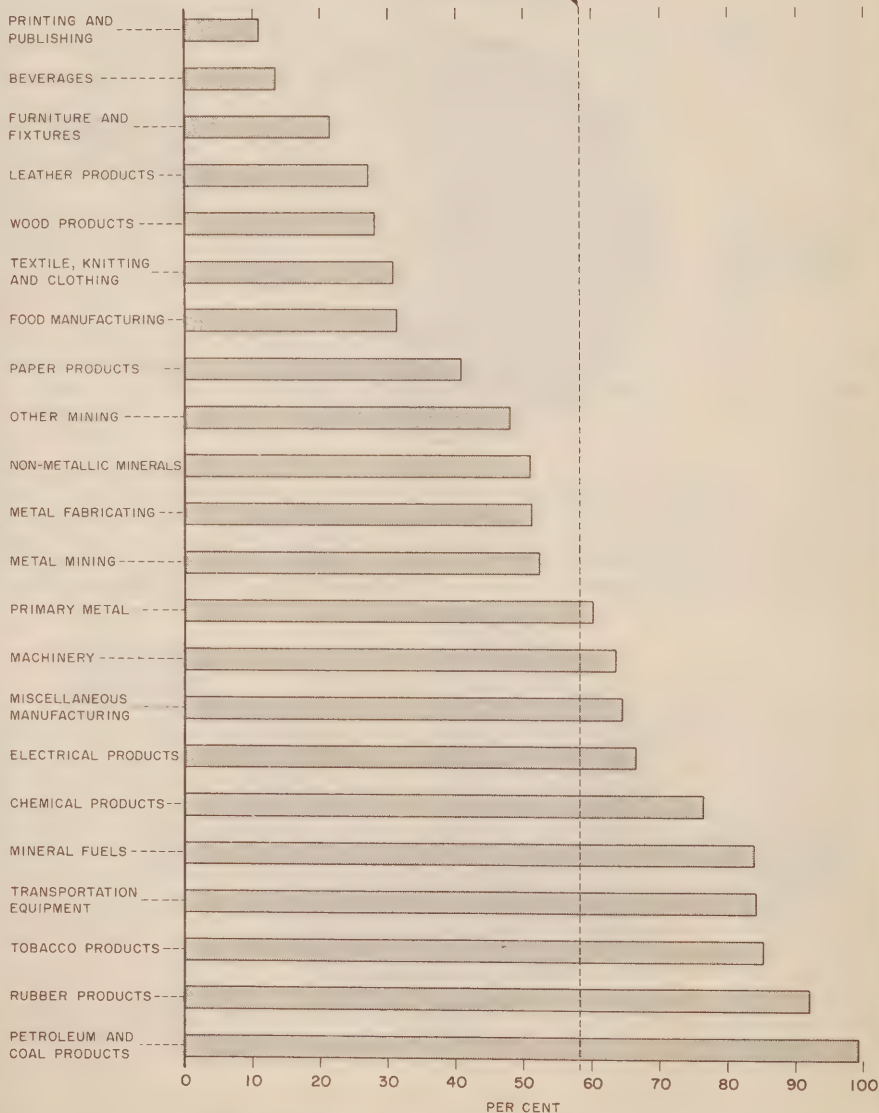


CHART - B

PER CENT OF ASSETS OF REPORTING CORPORATIONS IN MINING
AND MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES HELD BY CORPORATIONS
MORE THAN 50 PER CENT NON-RESIDENT OWNED, 1962

TOTAL MINING AND
MANUFACTURING



As illustrated in the charts, the percentage of assets held by corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned varies widely from 10.9 per cent in the Printing and Publishing industry to 99.3 per cent in the Petroleum refining industry. In addition to the printing and publishing, more than 50 per cent of the assets of eight other mining and manufacturing industries, are held by resident owned corporations including Beverages, Furniture, Leather products, Wood products, Textiles, Knitting and Clothing, Food, Paper and one mining category, "Other mining". This latter group consists largely of asbestos mines, other non-metal mines, quarries, and corporations engaged in exploration for minerals and the drilling of oil and gas wells.

In another seven industries, the percentage of assets held by corporations more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents ranges from 51.1 per cent in the Non-Metallic Mineral Products manufacturing industry to 66.6 per cent in the Electrical Products Industry. In the remaining six mining and manufacturing industries that are presented in this report, the percentage of the assets of each industry held by corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned ranges from 76.4 per cent to 99.7 per cent. These industries include, chemical products, mineral fuels, transportation equipment, tobacco products, rubber products and petroleum refining. In most of this latter group of industries residents have a substantial minority interest although the corporations are more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents.

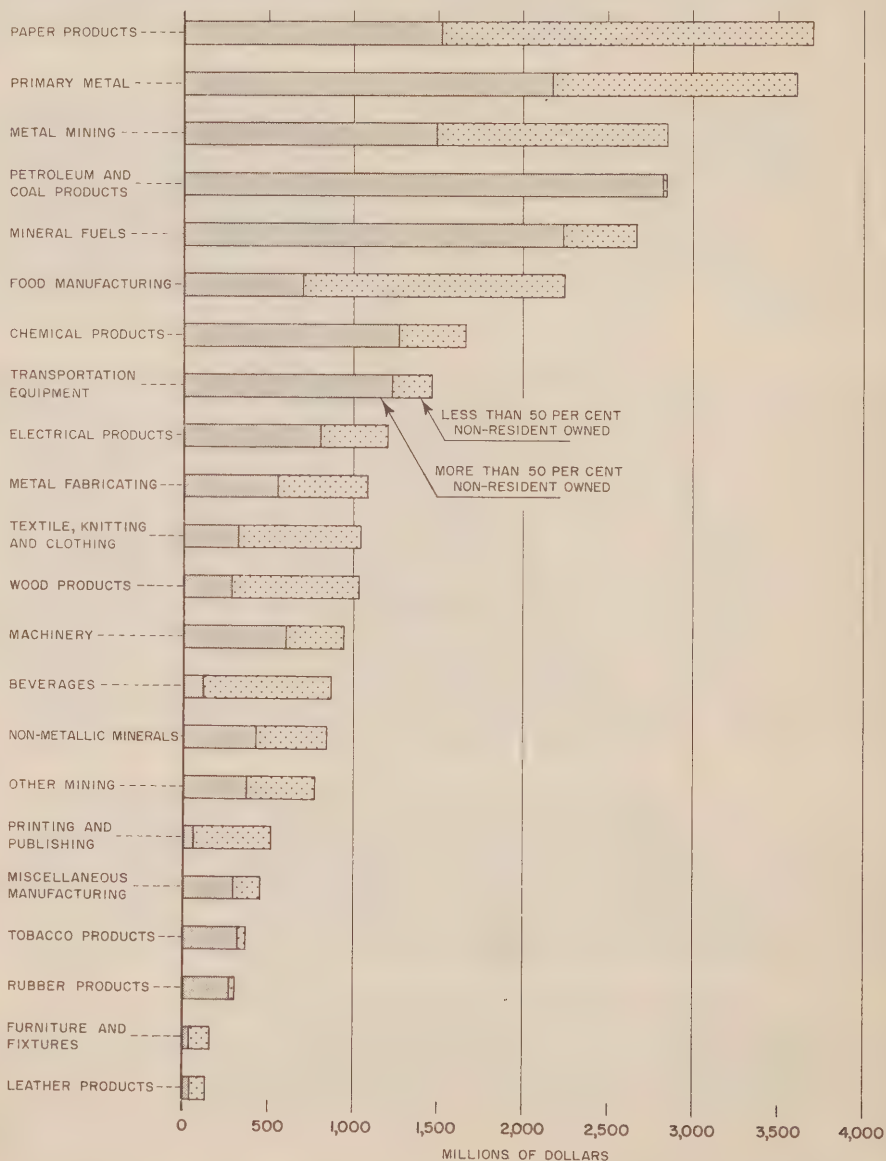
While the percentage of assets held by non-resident controlled corporations varies widely between industries, the magnitude of the assets of these industries provides a useful comparison of the importance of non-resident ownership in each industry. As illustrated in Chart C, two industries have total assets exceeding \$3,000 million, namely, paper and primary metal. These industries have a significant degree of resident ownership, with 59.1 per cent and 39.8 per cent, respectively of their assets held by corporations that are more than 50 per cent resident owned. The next largest industry, in terms of assets, metal mining has a substantial resident ownership. On the other hand, the next two largest industries having assets exceeding \$2,500 million have relatively small resident ownership. These two industries, are the mineral fuel industry, primarily the oil and gas producing industry, and corporations engaged in the refining of petroleum products. In these two industries corporations that are more than 50 per cent non-resident owned hold 99.3 per cent and 83.9 per cent of the assets in these petroleum refining industries and mineral fuel industries, respectively. While non-residents have majority ownership in these corporations, a number of large corporations in this industry do have substantial resident ownership of shares. The degree of ownership of other industries in relation to total assets of the industry is shown on the chart.

Of the total of 6,990 reporting corporations in the mining and manufacturing industries, 1,208 (17.3 per cent) were engaged in mineral production and processing and held \$12,751.0 million (41.4 per cent) of a total of \$30,770.9 million in assets. Corporations in the mineral production and processing industries with more than 50 per cent non-resident ownership held \$9,105.8 million in assets, representing 71.4 per cent of the "total assets of mining and primary processing industries". The greatest concentration of non-resident ownership was in the oil and gas producing and petroleum refining industries.

There were 2,302 reporting corporations in other primary manufacturing industries representing 32.9 per cent of the total number of reporting corporations in mining and manufacturing. These 2,302 corporations held \$9,192.9 million in assets or 29.9 per cent of total assets of mining and manufacturing industries. Those corporations with less than 50 per cent non-resident ownership held \$5,789.9 million in assets. This represents 63.0 per cent of the total assets reported for other primary manufacturing. Corporations in the beverages, wood, leather, food products and paper industries were for the most part less than 50 per cent non-resident owned.

CHART — C

ASSETS OF REPORTING CORPORATIONS IN MINING AND MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, 1962



The 3,480 reporting corporations engaged in secondary manufacturing held assets of \$8,826.4 million. This represents 28.7 per cent of the total assets of mining and manufacturing. Corporations which were more than 50.0 per cent non-resident owned held \$5,441.8 million or 61.7 per cent of the total assets of reporting corporations in secondary manufacturing. Those industries with the most number of corporations more than 50.0 per cent non-resident owned were rubber products, transportation equipment, chemical products, electrical products, machinery and metal fabricating.

TABLE VI. Assets of Reporting Corporations in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1962

	Reporting corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned			Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned			Total reporting corporations	
	Corpora- tions	Assets		Corpora- tions	Assets		Corpora- tions	Assets
	number	\$'000,000	%	number	\$'000,000	%	number	\$'000,000
Mining:								
Metal mines	85	1,493.9	52.4	270	1,354.8	47.6	355	2,848.7
Mineral fuels	161	2,240.0	83.9	133	430.1	16.1	294	2,670.1
Other mining	107	375.3	48.1	285	404.5	51.9	392	779.8
Sub-totals	353	4,109.2	65.2	688	2,189.4	34.8	1,041	6,298.6
Primary processing:								
Primary metal	44	2,171.4	60.2	87	1,437.3	39.8	131	3,608.7
Petroleum and coal products ..	25	2,825.2	99.3	11	18.5	.7	36	2,843.7
Sub-totals	69	4,996.6	77.4	98	1,455.8	22.6	167	6,452.4
Totals, mining and pri- mary processing	422	9,105.8	71.4	786	3,645.2	28.6	1,208	12,751.0
Other primary manufacturing:								
Food products	120	701.5	31.2	758	1,544.1	68.8	878	2,245.6
Beverages	12	114.9	13.3	140	752.2	86.7	152	867.1
Tobacco	18	316.7	85.3	9	54.4	14.7	27	371.1
Leather	19	35.9	27.1	125	96.7	72.9	144	132.6
Wood	58	287.8	28.0	530	740.9	72.0	588	1,028.7
Paper	84	1,514.9	40.9	155	2,188.4	59.1	239	3,703.3
Non-metallic mineral products	72	431.3	51.1	202	413.2	48.9	274	844.5
Totals, other primary manufacturing	383	3,403.0	37.0	1,919	5,789.9	63.0	2,302	9,192.9
Secondary manufacturing:								
Rubber products	30	280.6	92.0	14	24.5	8.0	44	305.1
Textiles, knitting mills, cloth- ing	111	319.1	30.7	724	721.6	69.3	835	1,040.7
Furniture	25	33.9	21.5	190	124.0	78.9	215	157.9
Printing and publishing	40	56.5	10.9	286	460.0	89.1	326	516.5
Metal fabricating	199	556.1	51.3	423	527.1	48.7	622	1,083.2
Machinery	133	601.7	63.7	127	343.1	36.3	260	944.8
Transportation equipment	99	1,231.0	84.2	107	230.4	15.8	206	1,461.4
Electrical products	158	801.2	66.6	119	401.3	33.4	277	1,202.5
Chemical products	228	1,267.9	76.4	137	391.7	23.6	365	1,659.6
Miscellaneous	140	293.8	64.6	190	160.9	35.4	330	454.7
Totals, secondary manu- facturing	1,163	5,441.8	61.7	2,317	3,384.6	38.3	3,480	8,826.4
Totals, mining and manu- facturing	1,968	17,950.6	58.3	5,022	12,819.7	41.7	6,990	30,770.3

Metal Mining (Tables 1 A and 1 B)

The metal mining industry consists of corporations primarily engaged in the extraction of metallic mineral bearing ores, and the crushing of those ores but in most cases does not include the refining of the metals. Such production includes gold, nickel, copper, lead, zinc, iron, uranium and other materials. In some cases these corporations are engaged in other activities including the smelting and refining of the ores mined, but such activity is not as important as the metal mining. The assets of those corporations do not indicate the total investment in metal mining as a number of corporations with large metal mining facilities also refine the ores produced and in these cases, since the value added is greater in the manufacturing rather than in the mining process, such corporations are classified in the primary metal industry of manufacturing. In 1962, 355 reporting corporations were classified in this industry, with 85 of these corporations being more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. These 85 corporations held 52.4 per cent of the assets of all reporting corporations in this group.

Mineral Fuels (Tables 2 A and 2 B)

Coal mines and corporations engaged in the production of oil and natural gas constitute most of this industry. The largest part is the oil and gas producing industry with coal mining accounting for less than 5 per cent of total assets. As indicated in Table 2B, there are 133 corporations more than 50 per cent resident owned and held assets of \$430.1 million while 161 corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets of \$2,240.1 million, representing 83.9 per cent of total assets of the industry.

Food Manufacturing Industries (Tables 4 A and 4 B)

The production of Canadian agriculture is largely processed in this industry. While some processing of imported products is carried out such as sugar and some of the production of the industry is intended for export such as flour, most of the processing is of Canadian agricultural products for consumption in Canada. Unincorporated enterprises and co-operatives together account for some 10 per cent of total production in these industries. Therefore the degree of non-resident ownership based on corporations reporting under the Act will be overstated for this industry. In 1962, 120 corporations in this industry were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned and these corporations held 31.2 per cent of the assets of all reporting corporations.

Beverage Industries (Tables 5 A and 5 B)

The production of carbonated beverages and alcoholic beverages is the output of this industry and is concentrated in a relatively few corporations. In 1962, 152 corporations in these industries reported under the Act and only 12 of these were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned, holding assets of \$114.9 million representing 13.3 per cent of total assets of reporting corporations.

Tobacco Industry (Table 6)

This industry includes the processing of tobacco and the production of tobacco products. In 1962, 85.3 per cent of the assets were held by 18 corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned.

Rubber Industry (Table 7)

The production of tires and tubes accounts for approximately 50 per cent of the output of this industry. Rubber footwear and rubber products makes up the remaining 50 per cent. In 1962, 44 corporations reported under the Act and 30 of these were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned holding 92.0 per cent of the assets of reporting corporations in this industry.

Leather Products (Table 8)

The production of leather footwear accounts for more than half of the production of this industry with leather gloves, luggage and other products making the other half. In 1962, those corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets of \$35.9 million equal to 27.1 per cent of the industry total.

Textile, Knitting and Clothing Industries (Tables 9 A and 9 B)

The production of primary textiles, cotton wool and synthetics in the form of both yarn and cloth and the processing of these products into articles of clothing and other textile products is the main activity of this industry. Included in this industry are synthetic textile mills with assets of \$193.6 million, nearly 20 per cent of total assets of the textile, knitting and clothing industries. Corporations producing cotton goods and men's clothing with assets of \$164.5 million and \$136.5 million, respectively, are other large sectors of these industries.

The 111 corporations that were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned in 1962 held assets of \$319.1 million, equal to 30.7 per cent of the total industry.

Wood (Tables 10 A and 10 B)

The processing of forest products into both rough and finished lumber, into veneers and plywoods, and into sashes, doors and mouldings is the principal activity of the 588 corporations classified in this industry. These operations for the most part tend to be smaller than in some other industries and the degree of non-resident ownership is less. Approximately 10 per cent of the production in this industry is by unincorporated enterprises and by co-operatives. Reporting corporations that were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets of \$287.8 million in 1962, equal to 28.0 per cent of the assets of the industry.

Furniture and Fixtures (Tables 11 A and 11 B)

The production of household and office furniture is the main activity of the 215 reporting corporations in this industry. In 1962, some 25 of these corporations were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned and held assets of \$33.9 million, 21.5 per cent of the industry reported under the Act.

Paper (Tables 12 A and 12 B)

The paper industry is one of the largest in Canada, processing Canadian forest products into pulp, paper and paper products largely for export. The pulp and paper mills which include newsprint mills are the largest part of this industry accounting for nearly 90 per cent of assets. The remaining 10 per cent was concerned with the production of other paper products.

In 1962 some 84 corporations were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned and held assets of \$1,514.9 million equal to 40.9 per cent of the industry. At the same time, 59.1 per cent were held by 155 corporations that were more than 50 per cent owned by Canadian residents.

Printing and Publishing (Tables 13 A and 13 B)

The publishing of Canada's newspapers is the industry in which Canadian residents have the greatest degree of ownership. The 40 corporations that were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned in 1962 held assets of \$56.5 million, only 10.9 per cent of the assets of the industry.

Primary Metal (Tables 14 A and 14 B)

The primary metal industries include corporations engaged in the processing of metallic mineral ores. In a number of cases these corporations also extract the ore and the assets used in the extraction are included in the total reported. Also included in the primary metal industry is the refining of aluminum although this metal is not a native Canadian ore. In 1962 some 131 corporations reporting under the Act were classified in the Primary Metal Industry. These corporations held assets of \$3,608.7 million and 60.2 per cent of these assets were held by corporations that were more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents. As indicated in Table 14 B the corporations that are non-resident owned are much larger than those that are resident owned. In 1962 the 44 corporations that were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets on average of \$49.3 million while twice that number of corporations, 87 in all, that were less than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets on average of only \$16.5 million.

Metal Fabricating (Tables 15 A and 15 B)

This industry includes metal products such as boiler and plate, structural steel, ornamental metal, metal stamping, wire, hardware, heating equipment and machine shops but does not include transportation equipment or industrial machinery. In 1962, 622 corporations were classified to this industry making it one of the large industries by number of firms. In 1962, 199 corporations were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned and held assets of \$556.1 million, 51.3 per cent of the total assets of reporting corporations in the industry.

Machinery (Tables 16 A and 16 B)

The production of agricultural machinery, accounts for over a third of the production of the industry while other types of machinery make up the remainder. In 1962, 133 corporations classified in this industry were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned and held assets of \$601.7 million (63.7 per cent).

Transportation Equipment (Tables 17 A and 17 B)

Corporations in this industry are primarily engaged in the manufacture of aircraft, motor vehicles, trucks, railroad rolling stock, and ships. As indicated in Table 17 B, 206 corporations reporting under the Act were classified to this industry and in 1962 reported assets of \$1,461.5 million. In that year, 99 of these corporations were more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents and held assets of \$1,231.0 million, representing 84.2 per cent of the assets of this industry.

Electrical Products (Tables 18 A and 18 B)

Electrical appliances, communication equipment and electrical industrial equipment account for over 50 per cent of the production of this industry. In 1962, 158 reporting corporations in this industry were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. These corporations held assets of \$801.2 million or 66.6 per cent of the total assets of reporting corporations.

Non-metallic Mineral Products (Tables 19 A and 19 B)

The manufacturing of cement, ready-mix concrete and concrete products constitutes nearly half of this industry. Also included is the production of lime, gypsum, clay and glass products. The 72 corporations in this industry more than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets of \$431.3 million or 51.1 per cent of the total assets reported under the Act.

Petroleum and Coal products (Tables 20 A and 20 B)

The largest part of the industry consists of fully integrated corporations in the production, refining and marketing of petroleum products. Therefore the assets of these corporations are not fully employed in the refining process, but include sizeable investments in other aspects of the petroleum industry. Included in this industry are 8 small corporations engaged in the production of other petroleum and coal products. In 1962, 25 corporations with total assets of \$2,825.2 million were more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents, an average per corporation of over \$100 million in assets. This amount (\$2,825.2 million) represented 99.3 per cent of the assets of all corporations in this industry. The degree of non-resident ownership is overstated slightly as a Canadian co-operative refinery in Western Canada has not been included in these totals.

Chemicals (Tables 21 A and 21 B)

The production of industrial chemicals is a large part of this industry, although paints, pharmaceuticals and soaps are also important. As indicated in Table 21 B, the 228 corporations that were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets of \$1,267.9 million, 76.4 per cent of the reported assets of the industry.

Miscellaneous Manufacturing (Tables 22 A and 22 B)

This industry includes the production of manufactured products that could not be conveniently included in other industries. Included in this industry is the production of such diverse products as scientific equipment, jewellery, brushes, plastic products, sporting goods, toys, and signs. In 1962, 140 corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets of \$293.8 million, 64.6 per cent of the industry.

Construction, Utilities, Trade, Finance and Service Industries

The degree of non-resident ownership of these industries is much lower than for most mining and manufacturing industries. In 1962, 17,195 corporations in industries other than mining and manufacturing reported under the Act and less than 15 per cent of these corporations were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. This latter group of corporations however while comprising less than 15 per cent of the number, held 27.9 per cent of the assets of reporting corporations in these industries.

TABLE VII. Assets of Reporting Corporations in Construction, Utilities, Trade, Finance and Service Industries, 1962

Industry	Reporting corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned			Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned			Total reporting corporations	
	Corpora- tions	Assets		Corpora- tions	Assets		Corpora- tions	Assets
	number	\$'000,000	%	number	\$'000,000	%	number	\$'000,000
Construction	140	312.9	17.6	1,847	1,461.1	82.4	1,987	1,774.0
Transportation ¹	150	663.9	24.4	641	2,051.5	75.6	791	2,715.4
Gas and electric utilities	26	227.4	10.8	77	1,818.5	88.9	103	2,045.9
Wholesale trade	757	1,494.5	34.8	3,328	2,794.0	65.2	4,085	4,288.5
Retail trade	157	765.7	25.3	2,397	2,260.3	74.7	2,554	3,026.0
Finance	906	5,284.4	30.4	5,284	12,121.8	69.6	6,190	17,406.2
Other industries ²	252	540.1	31.4	1,556	1,178.4	68.6	1,808	1,718.5
Totals	2,388	9,288.9	28.2	15,130	23,685.6	71.8	17,518	32,974.5

¹ Includes storage and communication.

² Consists largely of the service industries.

Construction (Tables 23 A and 23 B)

The construction industry includes corporations in the field of engineering construction, residential and non-residential building construction, and trade contractors. In addition to the corporations in this industry, approximately 20 per cent of all contract construction is carried out by unincorporated businesses. In 1962, 140 corporations in this industry were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned and held assets of \$312.9 million, equal to 17.6 per cent of the assets of all reporting corporations.

Utilities (Tables 24 A, 24 B, 25 A and 25 B)

These industries include corporations engaged in transportation by air, water, road, rail and pipelines; in storage of commodities in warehouses and grain elevators; in communication by radio, television and telephone and in public utilities including gas, water and electric services. As mentioned previously a large part of these are owned by governments in Canada and certain industries and large firms are specifically exempt from the reporting requirements of the Act. The ownership and financial statistics of these classes of corporations have not been included in this report and therefore the ownership of assets by non-residents as shown does not reflect the correct degree of non-resident ownership in these industries. In 1962 some 894 corporations in utility industries reported under the Act and these corporations held assets of \$4,761.3 million. In that year, 176 of these corporations were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned and held assets of \$891.3 million representing 24.4 per cent of the assets of Transportation, Communication and Storage and 10.8 per cent of the assets of gas, water and electric utilities reporting under the Act.

Retail and Wholesale Trade (Tables 26 A, 26 B, 27 A and 27 B)

In 1962 some 6,639 corporations in retail and wholesale trade reported under the Act. In addition to these corporations a large number of both co-operatives and unincorporated businesses also operate in these industries and account for approximately 40 per cent of all retail and wholesale trade. For this reason the degree of non-resident ownership of trade corporations reporting under the Act will be overstated in relation to the total industry. The 157 reporting corporations in retail trade more than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets of \$765.7 million representing 25.3 per cent of assets of reporting corporations in this industry. In 1962, 757 corporations in wholesale trade that were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned held assets of \$1,494.5 million, 34.8 per cent of assets of reporting corporations in this industry.

Finance (Tables 28 A and 28 B)

The finance industry in this report includes investment companies, real estate operating companies, some insurance companies and some trust and loan companies. Exempted from the Act and not included in this report are the chartered banks and most of the insurance companies operating in Canada. Because of the exclusion of these corporations from the report non-resident ownership of financial institutions is not complete. In 1962 some 906 reporting corporations were classified in the Finance, Insurance and Real Estate Industries and these corporations held assets of \$5,284.4 million, 30.4 per cent of total assets of reporting corporations in this industry.

Service Industries (Tables 29 A and 29 B)

In 1962, 1,485 corporations were classified in the Service Industries and 200 of this number were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. These corporations held assets of \$358.3 million or 26.6 per cent of the total.

3. SIZE AND OWNERSHIP OF CORPORATIONS REPORTING UNDER THE CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT, 1962

Corporations reporting under the Act held assets ranging from a few hundred thousand dollars to over \$100 million. Most corporations with assets less than \$250,000 were exempt from the reporting provisions of the Act. However, 2,783 such corporations were required to report as they had sales over \$500,000. Almost 50 per cent of the number of reporting corporations had assets less than \$500,000 and these corporations held 5.8 per cent of the total assets of all reporting corporations. Another 5,699 corporations, with assets over \$500,000 but less than \$1,000,000 had assets totalling \$3,972.0 million. The total number of returns for these two groups represents 72.7 per cent of all returns. These corporations with assets under \$1,000,000, held 12.0 per cent of the assets of all reporting corporations. Therefore the remaining 27.3 per cent of the corporations held 88.0 per cent of the assets.

**TABLE VIII. Asset Size Group of Corporations Reporting Under the
Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1962**

Asset size group	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Under \$250,000	2,783	466.5	183.0	2,251.5	36.6
\$ 250,000 to \$ 499,999	9,336	3,275.0	1,360.2	4,745.6	161.2
500,000 " 999,999	5,699	3,972.0	1,647.9	5,401.9	197.2
1,000,000 " 4,999,999	5,097	10,520.0	5,026.5	11,327.0	575.5
5,000,000 " 9,999,999	726	5,051.1	2,624.8	4,571.4	308.7
10,000,000 " 24,999,999	485	7,467.2	3,898.5	6,157.4	473.0
25,000,000 " 49,999,999	176	6,112.7	3,367.8	3,958.7	418.0
50,000,000 " 99,999,999	122	8,371.3	4,541.6	5,710.2	633.9
100,000,000 and over	84	18,508.6	9,913.5	9,879.4	1,325.8
Totals	24,508	63,744.8	32,563.8	54,003.1	4,129.9

**TABLE IX. Per Cent of Total Assets, Equity, Sales and Profits
by Size Group of Reporting Corporations, 1962**

Asset size group	Corporations		Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	per cent	per cent			
Under \$250,000	2,783	11.4	0.7	0.5	4.2	0.8
\$ 250,000 to \$ 499,999	9,336	38.0	5.1	4.2	8.9	3.9
500,000 " 999,999	5,699	23.3	6.2	5.1	10.0	4.8
1,000,000 " 4,999,999	5,097	20.8	16.6	15.4	21.0	13.9
5,000,000 " 9,999,999	726	3.0	7.9	8.1	8.4	7.5
10,000,000 " 24,999,999	485	2.0	11.7	12.0	11.4	11.5
25,000,000 " 49,999,999	176	0.7	9.6	10.3	7.3	10.1
50,000,000 " 99,999,999	122	0.5	13.1	13.9	10.6	15.3
100,000,000 and over	84	0.3	29.1	30.5	18.3	32.2
Totals	24,508	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

In 1962, the smaller reporting corporations were owned by Canadian residents to a greater extent than were the larger corporations (see Table X). Of the 2,783 reporting corporations with assets of less than \$250,000, only 176 were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. The assets of these 176 corporations represent 6.3 per cent of the total assets of this size group, the remaining 93.7 per cent being held by corporations more than 50 per cent resident owned.

As the corporations increase in size, the non-resident participation increases. Corporations in which non-residents hold more than 50 per cent of the voting shares, hold 10.8 per cent of the assets of the next size group and 17.5 per cent of the assets of corporations in the \$500,000 to \$1 million asset size group. Between \$1 million and \$25 million in assets, the proportion of the assets of each size group held by non-resident owned corporations increases from 31.4 per cent in the \$1 million to \$5 million range, to 43.3 per cent in the \$5 million to \$10 million size and to 48.1 per cent in the \$10 million to \$25 million group.

Corporations with over \$25 million in assets are almost equally divided between corporations with voting shares more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents and those with voting shares more than 50 per cent owned by Canadian residents. In 1962, 382 corporations with assets greater than \$25 million reported under the Act. In that year 191 of these corporations were more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents, while 201 were more than 50 per cent owned by Canadian residents. This group of corporations owned more than 50 per cent by non-residents held assets of \$16,978.8 million while those corporations largely resident owned held assets of \$16,013.8 million. This group of 382 corporations represents 1.5 per cent of the corporations reporting under the Act and holds 51.8 per cent of all assets. Tables 30 to 40 inclusive in Appendix A, give Assets, Equity, Sales and Profits for each size group and degree of non-resident ownership.

Similar information has been tabulated for manufacturing corporations reporting under the Act and is contained in Tables 41 to 44 inclusive. These corporations have been tabulated in four size groups, and as the tables indicate, those corporations that are more than 50 per cent non-resident owned hold 13.0 per cent of the assets of the smallest size group (assets under \$500,000). Corporations with assets from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 are 24.0 per cent owned by non-residents and the assets of corporations on the \$1 million to \$5 million and over \$5 million asset group are held 41.6 per cent and 56.6 per cent, respectively, by corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned.

TABLE X. Ownership by Asset Size Groups of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1962

Asset size group	Corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned			Corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned			Total reporting corporations	
	Corpora- tions	Assets		Corpora- tions	Assets		Corpora- tions	Assets
		number	\$'000,000	%	number	\$'000,000	%	number
Under \$250,000.....	180	29.8	6.4	2,603	436.7	93.6	2,783	466.5
\$ 250,000 to \$ 499,999.....	986	354.6	10.8	8,350	2,920.4	89.2	9,336	3,275.0
500,000 " 999,999.....	986	698.5	17.6	4,713	3,273.9	82.4	5,699	3,972.4
1,000,000 " 4,999,999.....	1,461	3,320.9	31.6	3,636	7,199.1	68.4	5,097	10,520.0
5,000,000 " 9,999,999.....	315	2,206.3	43.7	411	2,844.8	56.3	726	5,051.1
10,000,000 " 24,999,999.....	236	3,622.1	48.5	249	3,845.1	51.5	485	7,467.2
25,000,000 " 49,999,999.....	89	3,098.2	50.7	87	3,014.5	49.3	176	6,112.7
50,000,000 " 99,999,999.....	63	4,177.8	49.9	59	4,193.5	50.1	122	8,371.3
100,000,000 and over.....	40	9,731.3	52.6	44	8,777.3	47.4	84	18,508.6
Totals.....	4,356	27,239.5	42.7	20,152	36,505.3	57.3	24,508	63,774.8

4. MINING AND MANUFACTURING CORPORATIONS WITH ASSETS OVER \$25 MILLION

In 1962, 217 of the 6,990 reporting corporations in Canada, in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries each held assets exceeding \$25 million. This group of 217 corporations had assets of \$19,311.6 million representing 62.8 per cent of total assets and sales of \$14,222.8 million representing 50.7 per cent of total sales. As indicated in Table XI, the 138 corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned, held two-thirds (66.4 per cent) of the assets of these large corporations, and had the same percentage of the sales (66.7 per cent).

In 1962, 114 of these 217 corporations were more than 95 per cent owned by other resident or non-resident corporations, and therefore the shares of these 114 corporations were virtually not available to the public. Ninety-four of these corporations were 100 per cent owned by another corporation and an additional 11 were more than 95 per cent owned by another corporation. In this latter group, seven of the 11 corporations were more than 99 per cent owned by the parent corporation with the other 4 being held from 95.0 to 99.0 per cent. In addition, nine other corporations were more than 95 per cent owned by other corporations.

Another 35 corporations reported that more than 50 per cent of their shares were held by other corporations. Included in this group are 25 corporations whose shares were more than 50 per cent owned by one corporation and 10 corporations that were more than 50 per cent owned by more than one other corporation.

Included in the group of 217 corporations were 25 corporations that reported that other corporations held interests ranging from 10 to 50 per cent. Most of these 25 corporations reported that only one other corporation held shares. However 3 of the 25 reported that more than one corporation held shares, but in total, corporate shareholdings did not exceed 50 per cent of the shares of the reporting corporations. Since the degree of intercorporate relationship required to be reported under the Act does not include shareholdings of less than 10 per cent, the degree of intercorporate shareholdings of these firms may be understated.

A group of 33 corporations with assets over \$25 million reported that no other corporation held more than 10 per cent of their outstanding shares. These corporations include three groups of corporations: corporations whose shares are widely held by individuals and corporations in Canada; corporations closely held by Canadians; and corporations whose shares were widely distributed among individuals and corporations largely outside Canada.

A final group of 10 of the 217 large corporations in Canada have more than ten per cent of their shares held by a nominee and the ultimate owner of these shares could not be determined. In only four of these ten cases, would the degree of non-resident ownership have changed from less than 50 per cent non-resident owned to more than 50 per cent non-resident owned had all of the nominee holdings in these cases been held on behalf of non-residents.

There was a wide range in the total assets of these 217 corporations. As indicated in Table XIII, 103 corporations had assets between \$25 million to \$49.9 million, 70 corporations held assets between \$50 million and \$99.9 million and 44 corporations held assets exceeding \$100 million.

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act requires that reporting corporations provide the name and address of residence of each director of the corporation and as well the nationality or citizenship of such directors. The Act also requires that each reporting corporation submit the names of the officers of the corporation that are resident in Canada, and the nationality or citizenship of these officers.

TABLE XI. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 217 Corporations with Assets over \$25 Million in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	94	5,992.6	3,344.5	4,810.8	561.9
75 to 94.9 per cent	21	4,286.1	2,594.2	2,902.3	274.9
50 to 74.9 per cent	23	2,539.3	1,662.4	1,767.7	211.3
Sub-totals	138	12,818.0	7,601.1	9,480.8	1,048.1
25 to 49.9 per cent	22	2,360.0	1,677.3	1,473.5	276.9
5 to 24.9 per cent	39	3,356.8	2,270.4	2,117.5	414.5
Under 5 per cent	18	776.8	490.9	1,151.0	75.1
Sub-totals	79	6,493.6	4,438.6	4,742.0	766.5
Totals	217	19,311.6	12,039.7	14,222.8	1,814.7

TABLE XII. Intercorporate Ownership of 217 Corporations in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries with Assets over \$25 Million, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Type of shareholding					
	Corporations with shares more than 95 per cent owned by other corporations	Corporations with shares owned 50 to 95 per cent by other corporations	Corporations with shares owned 10 to 49 per cent by other corporations	Corporations in which no other corporation owns 10 per cent of the shares	Corporations with more than 10 per cent of shares held by nominees	Total
95 per cent and over ..	85	3	—	7	—	95
75 to 94.9 per cent	3	15	1	1	1	21
50 to 74.9 per cent	5	10	4	2	1	20
Sub-totals	93	28	5	10	2	138
25 to 49.9 per cent	7	4	7	4	—	22
5 to 24.9 per cent	10	3	9	14	3	39
Under 5 per cent	4	—	4	5	5	18
Sub-totals	21	7	20	23	8	79
Totals	114	35	25	33	10	217

TABLE XIII. Corporations with Assets over \$25 Million in Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Asset size group			Total corporations
	\$25,000,000-49,999,999	\$50,000,000-99,999,999	Over \$100,000,000	
95 per cent and over	49	34	11	94
75 to 94.9 per cent	5	7	9	21
50 to 74.9 per cent	11	6	6	23
Sub-totals	65	47	26	138
25 to 49.9 per cent	4	10	8	22
5 to 24.9 per cent	22	7	10	39
Under 5 per cent	12	6	—	18
Sub-totals	38	23	18	79
Totals	103	70	44	217

TABLE XIV. Directors of 217 Corporations with Assets over \$25 Million, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Total directors	Directors resident in Canada	Percentage of corporations' directors who are resident in Canada	Directors who are Canadian citizens	Percentage of directors resident in Canada who are Canadian citizens
	number		%	number	%
95 per cent and over	841	391	46.5	317	81.1
75 to 94.9 per cent	232	145	62.5	123	84.8
50 " 74.9 "	259	165	63.4	152	92.1
25 " 49.9 "	236	192	81.4	186	96.9
5 " 24.9 "	439	399	90.9	392	98.2
Under 5 per cent	155	150	96.8	148	98.7
Totals	2,162	1,442	66.7	1,304	90.4

The 217 largest mining and manufacturing corporations in Canada had 2,162 directors in 1962. In 1962, two thirds of the directors of these corporations were resident in Canada. This percentage increased from 46.5 per cent of the directors resident in Canada of those corporations more than 95 per cent owned by non-residents to 96.8 per cent for corporations more than 95 per cent owned by Canadian residents. At the same time, 90.4 per cent of the 1,442 directors resident in Canada were Canadian citizens. Both of these percentages increased as the degree of Canadian ownership increased.

The 217 corporations averaged 10 directors per corporation in 1962, and this average was approximately the same for resident and non-resident owned corporations. However those corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned averaged 5 directors resident in Canada, while the remaining corporations averaged 9 directors resident in Canada. Included in the group of corporations that are more than 50 per cent non-resident owned are 16 corporations that did not have any directors resident in Canada, and another 59 that had fewer than 6 resident in Canada. At the same time only 14 corporations, less than 50 per cent non-resident owned, had fewer than 6 directors resident in Canada.

In 1962, the 217 corporations reported 1,491 employees resident in Canada that were considered officers of the reporting corporations. This averaged nearly 7 officers per corporation resident in Canada and on average 6 of these 7 officers were Canadian citizens. Included in these figures however are nine corporations that did not have any officers resident in Canada, five that had only one and four that had two.

Also included are 30 corporations with 11 or more officers in Canada. Fourteen of these corporations were more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents and 16 were more than 50 per cent by Canadian residents.

The presidents of those corporations that are more than 50 per cent owned by Canadian residents, were for the most part resident in Canada and were Canadian citizens. At the same time, the presidents of 35 corporations that were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned, did not reside in Canada. In 1962, there were 138 corporations that were more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents and 62 had a president who was resident in Canada and was a Canadian citizen.

TABLE XV. Officers in Canada of 217 Corporations with Assets over \$25 Million, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	President		Other officers	
		Corporations with a president resident in Canada	Presidents resident in Canada with Canadian citizenship	Corporation officers resident in Canada	Corporation officers resident in Canada with Canadian citizenship
		number			
95 per cent and over	94	66	39	519	418
75 to 94.9 per cent	21	19	10	177	144
50 " 74.9 " "	23	18	13	169	144
25 " 49.9 " "	22	21	20	162	159
5 " 24.9 " "	39	38	35	345	334
Under 5 per cent	18	18	17	119	101
Totals	217	180	134	1,491	1,300

Table XVI indicates the country of control of 138 corporations that were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned in 1962. Included in the number are 13 corporations with assets of \$2,225.4 million in which control could not be assigned to a specific country, because shares were widely held by individuals and corporations or were owned by a group of other corporations in several countries.

**TABLE XVI. Geographic Area of Control of 138 Corporations,
more than 50 Per Cent Non-resident Owned and with
Assets over \$25 Million, 1962**

Area	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
U.S.A.	95	8,683.3	5,419.2	7,159.5	759.8
Great Britain.....	23	1,403.7	738.2	974.1	64.9
Other OECD Countries	7	505.6	279.8	220.7	11.3
Unidentified	13	2,225.4	1,163.9	1,126.4	212.2
Totals	138	12,818.0	7,601.1	9,480.7	1,048.2

Another provision of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act is that each corporation must report the number of shares offered for sale to the public during the five years preceding the date for which the report under the Act is made. For most of these corporations the five year period included 1958 to 1962, inclusive. During this five year period, 18 of the 217 corporations with assets exceeding \$25 million offered voting shares to the public. These 18 corporations consisted of nine corporations owned largely by Canadian residents; the degree of non-resident ownership in these corporations ranged from 3 to 17 per cent. The other nine corporations were largely owned by non-residents, with one corporation being 57 per cent owned by non-residents, one at 68 per cent and the remainder between 80 and 95 per cent non-resident owned.

These 18 corporations offered shares to the public that would represent approximately 15 per cent of the equity at the end of 1962. This amount would be slightly over two per cent of the equity of the 217 corporations with assets over \$25 million.

5. PAYMENTS TO NON-RESIDENT BY CORPORATIONS REPORTING UNDER THE CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

The Act requires reporting corporations to submit a statement of various types of payments made to non-residents. Table XVII shows the payments of \$975 million reported by corporations in 1962 for the various types of payments required to be reported and by major industrial groups. The largest amounts of payments were paid for dividends and interest, management fees, engineering services, advertising, rent, particularly on equipment, and research. Although direct non-resident ownership is not a prerequisite for all of the types of payments it is a prerequisite for the payments of dividends to non-residents. The voting shares of approximately 5,400 corporations were directly owned by non-resident in 1962 and of this number, 1,566 reported dividends paid to non-residents.

In several of the categories, the payments were made by a relatively small number of corporations. Almost all corporations reported payments in more than one category. The column "Corporations reporting each item" is therefore not cumulative and the figure 11,913 is the total number of payments reported and not the total number of corporations which reported making these payments.

The manufacturing group of industries accounted for 59.5 per cent of all payments to non-residents including 69.3 per cent of all dividends, 74.0 per cent of royalties, and 93.6 per cent of research. In the latter two categories, payments were primarily for product research and the purchase of patents and industrial designs. The industrial group "mines, quarries and oil wells" accounted for 6.7 per cent of all payments including 12.8 per cent of total interest payments paid to non-residents. Interest paid on foreign bank loans by corporations in this industry group amounted to more than \$9 million and in interest on bonds and debentures exceeded \$10 million.

In other industrial groups, finance accounted for 15.5 per cent of all payments, utilities for 7.4 per cent, trade for 4.9 per cent and all other industries 6.0 per cent. Interest and rent payments were major items in utilities; administrative charges and advertising in trade; interest and dividends in finance; and rights, royalties and professional services in the other industries group. In 1962 corporations reported payments of \$21 million representing charter payments to foreign vessel owners. These payments were reported as rent on equipment by shipping companies classified to the utilities industries.

The distribution of dividend payments to non-residents, as shown in Table XVIII varies widely among industrial groups, however the dividends paid by an industrial group may not have originated within the profits of that industry. For example, if a subsidiary in the paper industry was wholly owned by a resident holding corporation which in turn was non-resident owned, the subsidiary would be indirectly non-resident owned. If the subsidiary paid a dividend, this dividend would be recorded by the corporation as a payment to a resident. However the payment of a dividend to the parent would be shown as a payment to non-residents. As the holding company is in the finance industry, therefore the payment of a dividend originating from profits in the paper industry would be shown as a payment to non-residents from the finance industry. A more detailed study of profits and dividends is necessary before the distribution of profits earned in Canada can be related to non-resident ownership within each industrial group.

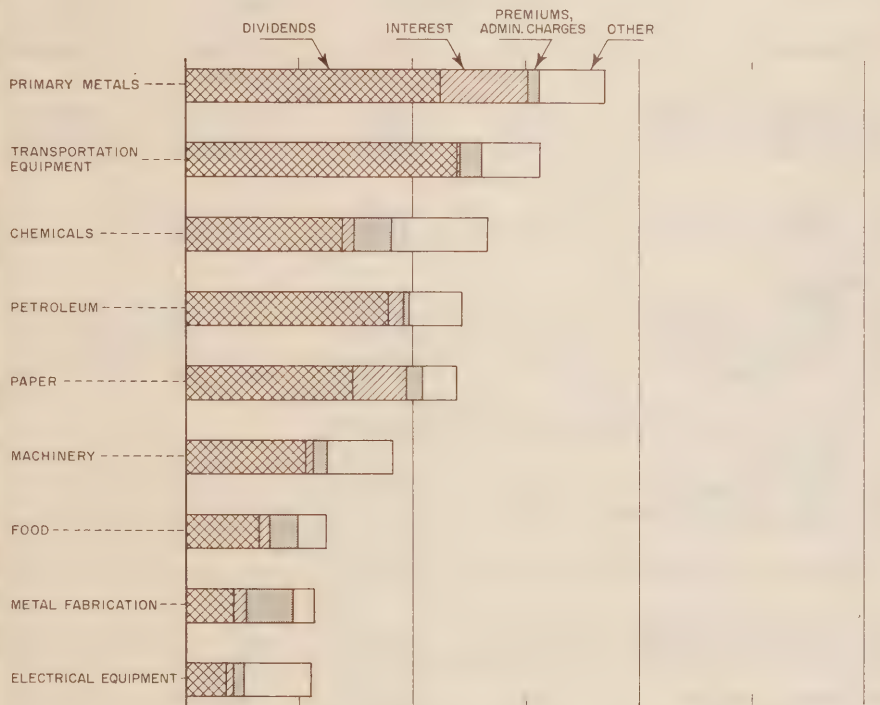
Payments for interest varied widely among the industrial groups, with three of these groups, primary metal, utilities and finance, accounting for 59.1 per cent of all interest payments. Payments of interest by the primary metal industry is concentrated in a few corporations, while pipelines were the principal payers of interest in the utilities group. Interest payments by corporations in the finance group were distributed among a number of corporations.

Two or three industry groups tended to account for a relatively high percentage of total business service payments in each classification. Over 50 per cent of total payments for rent of equipment were attributed to corporations in the utilities sector for the charter of vessels. Royalty payments within the machinery, electrical products and services groups accounted for 43.5 per cent of the total. Research payments were heavily concentrated in the primary metal and transportation equipment groups with the two industry groups accounting for 49.8 per cent of the total research payments. In many cases, one or two corporations accounted for a high percentage of the total payments involved in each group.

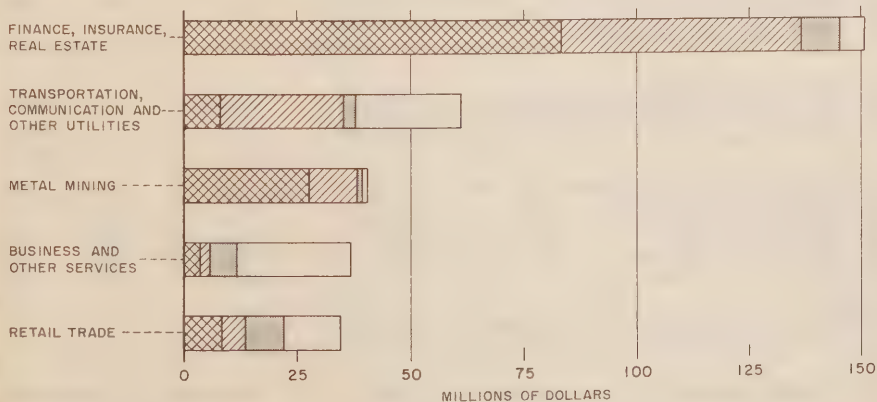
CHART — D

PAYMENTS TO NON-RESIDENTS FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES, 1962

MANUFACTURING



OTHER INDUSTRIES



**TABLE XVII. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations
Resident in Canada, 1962**

No.	Type of payment	Corporations reporting each item	Mining
		number	\$'000
1	Dividends	1,566	34,113
	Interest:		
2	(a) Debenture and bonds	354	10,345
3	(b) Bank loans	275	9,057
4	(c) Other	1,094	2,188
	Rent:		
5	(a) On real property in Canada	240	17
6	(b) On equipment	392	340
	Royalties:		
7	(a) Copyrights	79	—
8	(b) Patents of invention	438	171
9	(c) Industrial designs	158	143
10	(d) Trademarks and trade names	187	—
11	(e) All others	446	718
	Payments for production, distribution sales franchises and similar rights—For the exercise of such rights or franchises:		
12	(a) In Canada	230	15
13	(b) In the United States	18	1
14	(c) In the United Kingdom	9	—
15	(d) Elsewhere	25	3
16	Payments for advertising and sales promotion	797	243
	Payments for or in respect of:		
17	(a) Scientific research	129	322
18	(b) Product and process development research	171	297
19	Insurance premiums	953	537
	Annuities, pensions and similar payments:		
20	(a) To officers and directors	116	47
21	(b) To shareholders holding more than 5 per cent of any class of issued shares	15	—
	Administrative charges:		
22	(a) Management and administrative fees	1,043	3,809
23	(b) Salaries, fees and other remuneration to officers and directors	1,119	851
	Fees and charges for professional services:		
24	(a) Engineering services	440	1,013
25	(b) Architectural services	30	—
26	(c) Legal services	492	455
27	(d) Accounting services	198	37
28	(e) Auditing services	395	76
29	Other consulting fees and other charges not included in any of the above payments	504	575
30	Total payments	11,913	65,373

**TABLE XVII. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations
Resident in Canada, 1962**

Manufacturing	Utilities	Trade	Finance	Other	Total	No.
\$'000						
339,545	13,733	12,132	83,223	6,856	489,602	1
29,073	27,233	932	11,308	1,210	80,101	2
4,828	2,633	1,833	3,841	507	22,699	3
18,107	1,554	3,662	38,078	2,346	65,935	4
2,375	162	2,840	960	212	6,566	5
8,126	20,376	2,139	205	2,323	33,509	6
2,528	93	1,272	—	4,172	8,065	7
12,096	—	699	112	524	13,602	8
11,109	—	111	—	152	11,515	9
3,833	9	492	—	62	4,396	10
13,193	55	1,583	325	4,344	20,218	11
5,749	97	1,938	23	7,338	15,160	12
802	—	2	100	1	906	13
76	—	1	—	255	332	14
1,503	1	1	10	63	1,581	15
15,908	192	3,144	488	3,946	23,921	16
5,190	22	248	6	729	6,517	17
27,391	92	344	3	171	28,298	18
7,846	1,340	2,907	3,139	1,014	16,783	19
279	23	110	41	49	549	20
44	—	4	1	—	49	21
37,472	1,109	6,761	4,464	7,109	60,724	22
6,095	688	2,890	1,224	2,332	14,080	23
11,218	716	721	567	10,726	24,961	24
340	6	87	556	280	1,269	25
1,202	312	112	426	224	2,731	26
838	80	153	41	149	1,298	27
573	46	207	84	77	1,063	28
13,067	1,536	356	1,482	1,595	18,611	29
580,406	72,108	47,681	150,707	58,766	975,041	30

**TABLE XVIII. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations
Resident in Canada, by Industry Group, 1962**

No.	Industry groups	Type of payment			
		Dividends	Interest	Rent	Royalties
		thousand of dollars			
1	Agriculture, forestry, fishing	341	162	49	73
2	Metal mining	27,652	10,424	40	69
3	Mineral fuels	3,504	10,361	159	794
4	Other mining	2,957	805	159	169
5	Food industries.....	16,127	2,352	1,085	1,797
6	Beverage industries	4,799	494	277	235
7	Tobacco products industries.....	6,597	43	30	589
8	Rubber industries	2,306	230	141	692
9	Leather industries	98	101	130	179
10	Textile, knitting and clothing industries	8,644	549	196	2,676
11	Wood industries.....	1,474	1,232	121	659
12	Furniture and fixture industries	547	15	1	161
13	Paper and allied industries	36,820	11,946	143	1,412
14	Printing and publishing	1,514	116	742	1,692
15	Primary metal industries	56,136	19,326	61	1,579
16	Metal fabricating industries	10,279	2,762	537	1,360
17	Machinery industries	26,302	1,723	294	8,688
18	Transportation equipment	59,824	565	457	2,011
19	Electrical products industries	8,913	1,324	298	7,893
20	Non-metallic mineral products	16,227	1,546	54	1,035
21	Petroleum and coal products.....	44,732	3,300	5,541	923
22	Chemical and chemical products	34,587	2,455	365	5,572
23	Miscellaneous manufacturing	3,619	1,928	27	3,607
24	Construction industry.....	2,742	1,787	902	623
25	Transportation communication and other utilities	8,032	27,115	20,537	56
26	Electric power, gas and water utilities.....	5,701	4,306	1	101
27	Retail trade	8,178	5,176	2,916	3,372
28	Wholesale trade.....	3,954	1,251	2,063	785
29	Finance	83,223	53,227	1,166	438
30	Services	3,773	2,114	1,583	8,556
31	Totals.....	489,602	168,735	40,075	57,796

**TABLE XVIII. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations
Resident in Canada, by Industry Group, 1962**

Type of payment							No.
Franchises	Advertising	Research	Insurance and management fees	Annuities	Professional services and other payments	Total	
thousands of dollars							
6	117	9	426	14	81	1,277	1
4	132	258	1,117	27	567	40,290	2
15	29	61	2,511	7	893	18,334	3
—	83	299	1,569	13	696	6,749	4
299	557	677	6,279	14	1,667	30,853	5
9	921	8	265	—	80	7,088	6
124	—	21	218	—	73	7,695	7
98	119	4,260	775	—	1,042	9,664	8
156	7	12	204	—	97	984	9
480	296	932	1,659	23	495	15,951	10
130	346	54	944	12	183	5,156	11
27	222	154	252	7	3	1,389	12
867	2,057	954	3,375	61	2,033	59,667	13
1,484	712	228	693	9	1,193	8,382	14
149	175	9,183	2,579	27	3,178	92,393	15
197	1,053	349	10,525	6	1,276	28,344	16
1,245	529	709	3,085	60	2,767	45,402	17
250	419	8,166	4,829	15	1,649	78,184	18
1,603	382	1,470	2,492	52	3,112	27,539	19
192	129	523	1,291	1	446	21,445	20
—	703	540	1,163	10	4,023	60,934	21
651	6,816	4,132	8,298	20	3,700	66,595	22
171	464	209	2,487	7	221	12,741	23
83	218	15	4,362	8	9,899	20,639	24
98	156	110	2,830	20	2,039	60,995	25
—	36	4	306	3	656	11,113	26
1,901	2,382	590	8,595	89	1,284	34,484	27
40	762	2	3,963	25	353	13,197	28
133	488	9	8,827	40	3,156	150,707	29
7,568	3,611	877	5,668	28	3,071	36,850	30
17,979	23,921	34,815	91,587	598	49,933	975,041	31

APPENDIX A

Statistical Tables

Corporations Reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in MINING AND MANUFACTURING Industries by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Table	Page
1 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the METAL MINING Industries, 1962	49
1 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL MINING Industries, 1962	49
2 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1962	50
2 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1962	50
3 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the OTHER MINING Industries, 1962	51
3 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the OTHER MINING Industries, 1962	51
4 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962	52
4 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962	52
5 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1962	53
5 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1962	53
6. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TOBACCO Industries, 1962	54
7. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RUBBER Industries, 1962	54
8. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the LEATHER Industries, 1962	54
9 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1962	55
9 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1962	55
10 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the WOOD Industries, 1962	56
10 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WOOD Industries, 1962	56
11 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Industries, 1962	57
11 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Industries, 1962	57

Table	Page
12 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PAPER Industries, 1962	58
12 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PAPER Industries, 1962	58
13 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Industries, 1962	59
13 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Industries, 1962	59
14 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PRIMARY METAL Industries, 1962	60
14 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRIMARY METAL Industries, 1962	60
15 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1962	61
15 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1962	61
16 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MACHINERY Industries, 1962	62
16 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MACHINERY Industries, 1962	62
17 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1962	63
17 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1962	63
18 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962	64
18 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962	64
19 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962	65
19 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962	65
20 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962	66
20 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962	66
21 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the CHEMICAL Industries, 1962	67
21 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CHEMICAL Industries, 1962	67
22 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962	68
22 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962	68

Corporation Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in
CONSTRUCTION, UTILITIES, TRADE, FINANCE AND SERVICE Industries,
by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Table	Page
23 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1962	69
23 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1962	69
24 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION Industries, 1962	70
24 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND STORAGE Industries, 1962	70
25 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC UTILITIES Industries, 1962	71
25 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC UTILITIES Industries, 1962	71
26 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1962	72
26 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1962	72
27 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1962	73
27 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1962	73
28 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE Industries, 1962 ..	74
28 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE Industries, 1962	74
29 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS AND PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1962	75
29 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS AND PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1962	75

Reporting Corporations by Asset Size and Degree of Non-resident Ownership in all
Industries and in Manufacturing, 1962

Table	Page
30. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets Under \$250,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	76
31. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$250,000 to \$499,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	76

Table	Page
32. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$500,000 to \$999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	77
33. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	77
34. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$5,000,000 to \$9,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	78
35. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$10,000,000 to \$24,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	78
36. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$25,000,000 to \$49,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	79
37. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$50,000,000 to \$99,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	79
38. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets over \$100,000,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	80
39. Assets of Reporting Corporations by Assets Size and by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	81
40. Per Cent of Assets of Reporting Corporations by Assets Size and by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	82
41. Reporting Corporations in Manufacturing Industries with Assets under \$500,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	83
42. Reporting Corporations in Manufacturing Industries with Assets from \$500,000 to \$999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	84
43. Reporting Corporations in Manufacturing Industries with Assets from \$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	85
44. Reporting Corporations in Manufacturing Industries with Assets of \$5,000,000 and over by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962	86

TABLE 1 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the METAL MINING Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Gold mines	94	474.5	434.8	152.9	54.2
Copper-gold-silver mines	92	405.7	319.7	151.1	35.1
Nickel-copper mines	16	192.8	166.3	85.8	27.5
Silver-lead-zinc mines	46	157.1	79.9	38.1	5.2
Uranium mines	10	282.5	210.3	142.4	29.7
Iron mines	45	1,184.6	386.2	238.8	32.5
Other metal mines	52	151.5	134.1	25.1	11.3
Totals	355	2,848.7	1,731.3	834.2	195.5

TABLE 1 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL MINING Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	30	688.1	105.0	119.9	16.4
75 to 94.9 per cent	22	588.3	298.8	207.8	26.8
50 to 74.9 per cent	33	217.5	187.4	64.6	19.7
Sub-totals	85	1,493.9	591.2	392.3	62.9
25 to 49.9 per cent	68	630.9	546.8	227.8	72.5
5 to 24.9 per cent	158	679.3	553.5	203.6	57.9
Under 5 per cent	44	44.6	39.8	10.5	2.2
Sub-totals	270	1,354.8	1,140.1	441.9	132.6
Totals	355	2,848.7	1,731.3	834.2	195.5

TABLE 2 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Coal mines	33	118.0	54.9	70.5	7.9
Petroleum and natural gas wells ¹	261	2,552.1	1,696.8	564.9	90.6
Totals	294	2,670.1	1,751.7	635.4	98.5

¹ Includes oil shale and bituminous pits.

TABLE 2 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	85	1,387.6	889.7	383.2	69.6
75 to 94.9 per cent	33	531.4	403.9	79.8	8.0
50 to 74.9 per cent	43	321.0	193.3	93.2	11.1
Sub-totals	161	2,240.0	1,486.9	556.2	88.7
25 to 49.9 per cent	33	182.7	95.4	24.6	1.7
5 to 24.9 per cent	42	128.9	96.0	26.0	5.5
Under 5 per cent	58	118.5	73.4	28.6	2.6
Sub-totals	133	430.1	264.8	79.2	9.8
Totals	294	2,670.1	1,751.7	635.4	98.5

TABLE 3 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the OTHER MINING Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Non-metal mines:					
Asbestos mines	14	166.7	113.5	65.5	12.0
Gypsum, salt and other non-metal mines	39	176.1	113.1	61.5	11.3
Sub-totals	53	342.8	226.6	127.0	23.3
Quarries and sand pits	103	91.9	49.6	55.9	5.1
Services incidental to mining	236	345.1	235.0	95.2	4.9
Totals	392	779.8	511.2	278.1	33.3

TABLE 3 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the OTHER MINING Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	58	269.4	143.6	64.6	9.0
75 to 94.9 per cent.....	21	57.4	36.9	31.8	4.4
50 to 74.9 per cent.....	28	48.5	39.4	8.4	1.2
Sub-totals	107	375.3	219.9	104.8	14.6
25 to 49.9 per cent	37	99.0	75.8	20.1	3.0
5 to 24.9 per cent.....	73	155.2	126.8	46.3	9.2
Under 5 per cent.....	175	150.3	88.7	106.9	6.5
Sub-totals	285	404.5	291.3	173.3	18.7
Totals	392	779.8	511.2	278.1	33.3

TABLE 4 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Meat products	155	548.3	335.8	1,382.4	23.6
Dairy products	183	222.5	135.5	556.2	21.8
Fish processing	65	121.9	56.2	169.1	7.8
Fruit and vegetable canners	99	219.9	115.3	299.7	13.8
Grain mills	119	340.6	167.3	643.1	20.2
Bakery products	99	229.2	132.8	350.8	17.6
Other food products	158	563.2	346.0	771.9	66.4
Totals	878	2,245.6	1,288.9	4,173.2	171.2

TABLE 4 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	101	579.6	358.2	1,124.6	64.3
75 to 94.9 per cent	5	15.4	6.4	41.7	1.1
50 to 74.9 per cent	14	106.5	71.4	119.3	9.3
Sub-totals	120	701.5	436.0	1,285.6	74.7
25 to 49.9 per cent	20	116.6	69.5	109.4	8.2
5 to 24.9 per cent	37	490.0	289.0	369.8	17.0
Under 5 per cent	701	937.5	494.4	2,408.4	71.3
Sub-totals	758	1,544.1	852.9	2,887.6	96.5
Totals	878	2,245.6	1,288.9	4,173.2	171.2

TABLE 5 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Soft drink manufacturers.....	73	107.8	77.1	133.2	18.7
Distilleries	19	307.6	122.4	249.5	58.7
Breweries	48	428.4	279.7	365.0	67.4
Wineries	12	23.3	16.0	16.7	3.4
Totals	152	876.1	495.2	764.4	148.2

TABLE 5 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
5 per cent and over	10	114.9	65.1	89.9	16.2
5 to 94.9 per cent	2	1	1	1	1
0 to 74.9 per cent	—	—	—	—	—
Sub-totals	12	114.9	65.1	89.9	16.2
5 to 49.9 per cent	4	63.7	13.3	77.4	27.0
5 to 24.9 per cent	37	405.4	222.5	361.5	53.7
nder 5 per cent	99	283.1	194.3	235.6	51.3
Sub-totals	140	752.2	430.1	674.5	132.0
Totals	152	876.1	495.2	764.4	148.2

¹ Financial figures included in 95 per cent and over group.

TABLE 6. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TOBACCO Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over.....	9	73.4	35.6	45.1	1.5
75 to 94.9 per cent.....	2	1	1	1	1
50 to 74.9 per cent.....	7	243.3	123.2	575.3	27.9
Sub-totals	18	316.7	158.8	620.4	29.4
25 to 49.9 per cent.....	1	2	2	2	2
5 to 24.9 per cent.....	—	—	—	—	—
Under 5 per cent.....	8	54.4	32.9	129.2	7.6
Sub-totals	9	54.4	32.9	129.2	7.6
Totals	27	371.1	191.7	749.6	37.0

¹ Included in 50 to 74.9 per cent group.

² Included in under 5 per cent group.

TABLE 7. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RUBBER Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over.....	25	228.2	117.9	296.9	12.2
75 to 94.9 per cent.....	3	52.4	45.2	78.7	3.3
50 to 74.9 per cent.....	2	1	1	1	1
Sub-totals	30	280.6	163.1	375.6	15.5
25 to 49.9 per cent.....	1	2	2	2	2
5 to 24.9 per cent.....	—	—	—	—	—
Under 5 per cent.....	13	24.5	9.9	43.3	1.5
Sub-totals	14	24.5	9.9	43.3	1.5
Totals	44	305.1	173.0	418.9	17.0

¹ Included in 75 to 94.9 per cent group.

² Included in under 5 per cent group.

TABLE 8. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the LEATHER Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over.....	11	31.1	11.7	46.5	.5
75 to 94.9 per cent.....	3	1.6	.7	3.8	.1
50 to 74.9 per cent.....	5	3.2	1.8	7.5	.3
Sub-totals	19	35.9	14.2	57.8	.9
25 to 49.9 per cent.....	5	5.9	2.8	8.8	.4
5 to 24.9 per cent.....	1	1	1	1	1
Under 5 per cent.....	119	90.8	43.0	178.4	4.4
Sub-totals	125	96.7	45.8	187.2	4.8
Totals	144	132.6	60.0	245.0	5.7

¹ Included in 25 to 49.9 per cent group.

TABLE 9 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Textile industries:					
Cotton yarn and cloth mills	23	164.5	97.8	241.6	20.1
Woollen mills	39	66.2	36.3	77.7	4.0
Synthetic textile mills	31	193.6	111.5	269.4	32.4
Other primary textiles	84	136.2	84.2	171.7	9.4
Other textile industries	64	61.6	39.1	105.6	6.5
Sub-totals	241	622.1	368.9	866.0	72.4
Knitting mills:					
Hosiery and other knitting	126	130.7	68.6	191.7	6.1
Sub-totals	126	130.7	68.6	191.7	6.1
Clothing industries:					
Custom tailoring and men's clothing industry	153	136.5	62.9	237.9	6.0
Women's clothing	183	75.5	34.9	181.2	3.3
Children's clothing	42	19.2	8.9	44.1	1.2
Fur goods	30	14.3	4.9	23.9	.4
Hat and cap	21	11.7	6.6	19.7	.9
Foundation garment	22	21.1	13.6	32.4	2.4
Other clothing	17	9.6	6.4	15.8	.6
Sub-totals	468	287.9	138.2	555.0	14.8
Totals	835	1,040.7	575.7	1,612.7	93.3

TABLE 9 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	82	177.1	107.4	259.7	16.6
75 to 94.9 per cent	15	129.4	84.9	189.9	28.8
50 to 74.9 per cent	14	12.6	7.5	21.0	1.0
Sub-totals	111	319.1	199.8	470.6	46.4
25 to 49.9 per cent	8	28.1	25.4	27.1	2.7
5 to 24.9 per cent	17	37.4	19.3	51.0	1.6
Under 5 per cent	699	656.1	331.2	1,064.0	42.6
Sub-totals	724	721.6	375.9	1,142.1	46.9
Totals	835	1,040.7	575.7	1,612.7	93.3

TABLE 10 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the WOOD Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Sawmills	297	510.9	230.7	444.4	28.8
Veneer and plywood mills	47	320.6	160.4	293.0	29.6
Sash, door and planing mills	185	148.2	62.6	242.0	6.5
Wooden box factories	14	7.0	3.4	11.7	.3
Miscellaneous wood products	45	42.0	23.6	40.6	1.2
Totals	588	1,028.7	480.7	1,031.7	66.4

TABLE 10 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WOOD Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	36	127.8	66.6	102.1	12.3
75 to 94.9 per cent	6	5.5	1.4	9.6	0.2
50 to 74.9 per cent	16	154.5	62.5	90.7	8.3
Sub-totals	58	287.8	130.5	202.4	20.8
25 to 49.9 per cent	11	215.7	145.1	174.2	26.6
5 to 24.9 per cent	20	27.6	12.5	29.8	- 0.3
Under 5 per cent	499	497.6	192.6	625.3	19.3
Sub-totals	530	740.9	350.2	829.3	45.6
Totals	588	1,028.7	480.7	1,031.7	66.4

TABLE 11 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Household furniture	126	72.9	35.8	116.7	3.2
Office furniture.....	15	17.9	7.9	28.1	.9
Other furniture	74	67.1	38.8	94.6	4.6
Totals	215	157.9	82.5	239.4	8.7

TABLE 11 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	17	29.0	20.3	33.5	2.7
75 to 94.9 per cent.....	4	2.3	1.6	3.5	.2
50 to 74.9 per cent.....	4	2.6	1.4	4.1	.2
Sub-totals	25	33.9	23.3	41.1	3.1
25 to 49.9 per cent.....	2	¹	¹	¹	¹
5 to 24.9 per cent.....	5	7.4	5.1	11.3	.2
Under 5 per cent.....	183	116.6	54.1	187.0	5.4
Sub-totals	190	124.0	59.2	198.3	5.6
Totals	215	157.9	82.5	239.4	8.7

¹ Included in 5 to 24.9 per cent group.

TABLE 12 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PAPER Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Pulp and paper mills	72	3,284.4	2,168.3	1,965.3	345.6
Asphalt roofing	6	43.2	27.8	59.7	4.3
Paper box and bag products	84	175.5	106.0	276.8	17.6
Other paper converters	77	200.2	156.9	210.6	18.2
Totals	239	3,703.3	2,459.0	2,512.4	385.7

TABLE 12 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PAPER Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	63	1,297.4	830.8	869.4	148.4
75 to 94.9 per cent	7	171.8	98.6	59.2	5.3
50 to 74.9 per cent	14	45.7	28.7	43.4	2.0
Sub-totals	84	1,514.9	958.1	972.0	155.7
25 to 49.9 per cent	21	833.5	587.8	514.5	76.3
5 to 24.9 per cent	29	1,113.1	755.1	799.7	132.6
Under 5 per cent	105	241.8	158.0	226.2	21.1
Sub-totals	155	2,188.4	1,500.9	1,540.4	230.0
Totals	239	3,703.3	2,459.0	2,512.4	385.7

TABLE 13 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Commercial printing	178	199.5	115.9	287.0	23.5
Engraving and allied industries ..	21	18.8	13.9	28.1	2.5
Publishing only	39	36.9	15.1	52.1	2.5
Printing and publishing	88	261.3	149.2	286.3	30.2
Totals	326	516.5	294.1	653.5	58.7

TABLE 13 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over.....	30	47.2	26.1	59.9	5.0
75 to 94.9 per cent	6	5.3	2.8	7.1	.6
50 to 74.9 per cent	4	4.0	1.5	4.8	.2
Sub-totals	40	56.5	30.4	30.4	5.8
25 to 49.9 per cent	14	22.5	15.1	37.4	4.7
5 to 24.9 per cent	10	15.2	9.8	20.5	1.7
Under 5 per cent	262	422.3	238.8	523.8	46.5
Sub-totals	286	460.0	263.7	581.7	52.9
Totals	326	516.5	294.1	653.5	58.7

TABLE 14 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PRIMARY METAL Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Iron and steel mills	29	1, 122.3	727.2	927.2	134.1
Steel pipe and tube mills	15	156.9	100.8	102.4	8.6
Iron foundries	33	101.8	49.4	155.3	5.1
Smelting and refining	10	2, 093.4	1, 158.3	864.2	218.6
Aluminum rolling mills ¹	7	33.8	17.4	30.7	2.3
Copper and alloy rolling mills ¹	14	66.3	43.4	86.3	2.4
Other metal rolling mills ¹	23	34.2	19.0	62.5	3.0
Totals.....	131	3, 608.7	2, 115.5	2, 228.6	374.1

¹ Includes casting and extruding.

TABLE 14 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRIMARY METAL Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	27	236.4	131.1	175.3	9.0
75 to 94.9 per cent	6	1, 087.5	368.7	362.3	52.6
50 to 74.9 per cent	11	847.5	675.8	551.0	129.2
Sub-totals.....	44	2, 171.4	1, 175.6	1, 088.6	190.8
25 to 49.9 per cent	8	245.5	154.2	203.8	37.1
5 to 24.9 per cent	24	1, 039.0	718.0	738.5	138.9
Under 5 per cent	55	152.8	67.7	197.7	7.3
Sub-totals	87	1, 437.3	939.9	1, 140.0	183.3
Totals	131	3, 608.7	2, 115.5	2, 228.6	374.1

TABLE 15 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Boiler and plate works	35	64.1	36.4	75.6	3.8
Fabricated structural metal	37	173.4	99.3	200.7	3.6
Ornamental and architectural metal	68	51.8	21.7	78.5	2.3
Metal stamping, pressing and coating	134	271.2	171.3	406.2	29.1
Wire and wire products	65	113.8	76.9	149.7	15.4
Hardware, tool and cutlery	78	91.5	61.9	116.0	13.8
Heating equipment	46	65.9	37.0	95.1	6.3
Machine shops	44	25.6 ¹	11.8	45.9	2.1
Miscellaneous metal products	115	225.9	123.9	259.4	10.1
Totals	622	1,083.2	640.2	1,427.1	86.5

¹ Does not include machinery and transportation equipment.

TABLE 15 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	158	456.8	283.3	610.6	49.1
75 to 94.9 per cent	20	31.3	16.7	44.4	1.5
50 to 74.9 per cent	21	68.0	57.5	53.7	3.8
Sub-totals	199	556.1	357.5	708.7	54.4
25 to 49.9 per cent	23	20.5	12.0	25.9	1.4
5 to 24.9 per cent	34	167.1	105.8	185.3	11.1
Under 5 per cent	366	339.5	164.9	507.2	19.6
Sub-totals	423	527.1	282.7	718.4	32.1
Totals	622	1,083.2	640.2	1,427.1	86.5

TABLE 16 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MACHINERY Industries,¹ 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Agricultural implements	21	335.6	201.6	309.9	29.2
Miscellaneous machinery and equipment	209	431.1	224.6	533.5	29.4
Commercial refrigeration and air conditioning equipment.....	16	22.7	11.1	31.3	2.5
Office and store machinery	14	155.4	95.4	186.2	34.2
Totals	260	944.8	532.7	1,060.9	95.3

¹ Does not include electrical machinery.

TABLE 16 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MACHINERY Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	119	583.7	339.9	743.5	77.8
75 to 94.9 per cent	7	8.4	4.0	13.4	.4
50 to 74.9 per cent	7	9.6	5.5	9.0	.7
Sub-totals	133	601.7	349.4	765.9	78.9
25 to 49.9 per cent	6	8.9	2.9	5.2	.3
5 to 24.9 per cent	9	217.2	131.7	122.2	13.0
Under 5 per cent	112	117.0	48.7	167.6	3.1
Sub-totals	127	343.1	183.3	295.0	16.4
Totals	260	944.8	532.7	1,060.9	95.3

TABLE 17 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Aircraft and parts	38	394.8	222.0	441.8	19.2
Motor vehicles	15	606.7	381.0	1,330.7	135.2
Truck body and trailers	30	50.5	23.6	61.2	2.1
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	77	192.7	123.6	324.1	33.1
Railroad rolling-stock	7	72.3	54.5	76.2	4.9
Shipbuilding and repair	31	126.0	57.6	128.3	8.3
Boat building, repair and miscellaneous vehicles	8	18.4	15.3	14.7	2.1
Totals	206	1,461.4	877.6	2,377.0	204.9

TABLE 17 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	73	627.4	344.5	1,436.0	145.5
75 to 94.9 per cent	12	343.2	247.2	490.6	38.4
50 to 74.9 per cent	14	260.4	158.3	168.6	4.1
Sub-totals	99	1,231.0	750.0	2,095.2	188.0
25 to 49.9 per cent	3	6.8	5.5	10.2	0.2
5 to 24.9 per cent	12	66.2	46.6	82.3	6.7
Under 5 per cent	92	157.4	75.5	189.3	10.0
Sub-totals	107	230.4	127.6	281.8	16.9
Totals	206	1,461.4	877.6	2,377.0	204.9

TABLE 18 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Small electrical appliances.....	34	44.5	28.9	56.0	5.5
Major appliances.....	34	194.7	101.7	247.7	.7
Household, radio and television receivers	13	78.7	29.6	102.1	5.2
Communications equipment	59	289.2	144.0	465.6	29.1
Electrical industrial equipment ..	56	386.0	245.5	505.5	25.0
Battery manufacturers	12	52.5	42.0	36.9	3.9
Wire and cable.....	13	85.5	42.6	132.5	2.0
Miscellaneous electrical products	56	71.4	32.7	104.3	4.5
Totals.....	277	1,202.5	667.0	1,650.6	75.9

TABLE 18 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over.....	119	609.0	379.2	713.6	44.0
75 to 94.9 per cent	21	125.8	68.1	208.1	2.4
50 to 74.9 per cent	18	66.4	27.8	86.9	.7
Sub-totals.....	158	801.2	475.1	1,008.6	47.1
25 to 49.9 per cent	4	166.4	89.9	288.8	16.5
5 to 24.9 per cent	9	43.7	24.1	73.7	2.6
Under 5 per cent	106	191.2	77.9	279.5	9.7
Sub-totals.....	119	401.3	191.9	642.0	28.8
Totals.....	277	1,202.5	667.0	1,650.6	75.9

TABLE 19 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Cement	12	387.7	231.0	225.8	51.7
Clime and gypsum products.....	7	21.1	8.8	20.2	1.8
Concrete products	75	62.1	22.5	75.9	2.3
Ready-mix concrete.....	62	89.3	37.8	105.4	3.8
Clay products.....	38	51.1	30.6	39.3	4.3
Glass and glass products.....	28	121.6	80.3	139.8	13.9
Other non-metallic mineral products	52	111.6	61.9	129.9	12.3
Totals	274	844.5	472.9	736.3	90.1

TABLE 19 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
90 per cent and over.....	51	291.2	193.4	286.1	47.3
75 to 94.9 per cent.....	7	23.8	6.0	15.3	.1
50 to 74.9 per cent.....	14	116.3	60.9	59.6	5.8
Sub-totals.....	72	431.3	260.3	361.0	53.2
25 to 49.9 per cent.....	8	24.8	7.3	11.2	.7
10 to 24.9 per cent.....	14	174.5	112.8	127.8	23.5
Under 5 per cent	180	213.9	92.5	236.3	12.7
Sub-totals.....	202	413.2	212.6	375.3	36.9
Totals.....	274	844.5	472.9	736.3	90.1

TABLE 20 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Petroleum refineries	28	2,824.0	1,896.1	2,161.0	163.1
Other petroleum and coal products	8	19.7	11.5	16.7	2.4
Totals	36	2,843.7	1,907.6	2,177.7	165.5

TABLE 20 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	15	557.6	281.7	295.0	11.0
75 to 94.9 per cent	3	1,387.0	1,064.3	1,290.5	111.9
50 to 74.9 per cent	7	880.6	552.2	572.6	41.9
Sub-totals	25	2,825.2	1,898.2	2,158.1	164.8
25 to 49.9 per cent	2	7.1	3.3	7.6	—
5 to 24.9 per cent	1	1	1	1	1
Under 5 per cent	8	11.4	6.1	12.0	.7
Sub-totals	11	18.5	9.4	19.6	.7
Totals	36	2,843.7	1,907.6	2,177.7	165.5

¹ Included in 25 to 49.9 per cent group.

TABLE 21 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the CHEMICAL Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Plastics and synthetic resins	11	39.5	25.4	62.2	4.1
Pharmaceuticals and medicines ..	75	148.8	103.7	186.3	23.1
Paint and varnish	52	84.7	51.2	128.2	6.3
Soap and cleaning compounds	30	109.4	71.6	211.8	16.9
Toilet preparations	32	43.1	28.5	68.3	8.4
Industrial chemicals	54	926.1	572.8	683.3	97.4
Other chemical industries	111	308.0	171.4	362.9	26.8
Totals	365	1,659.6	1,024.6	1,703.0	183.0

TABLE 21 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CHEMICAL Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	180	871.6	512.7	1,022.9	108.2
75 to 94.9 per cent	30	363.9	194.2	296.0	22.5
50 to 74.9 per cent	18	32.4	22.1	35.0	3.9
Sub-totals	228	1,267.9	729.0	1,353.9	134.6
25 to 49.9 per cent	11	272.9	235.9	170.8	37.5
5 to 24.9 per cent.....	12	24.4	9.5	21.3	1.4
Under 5 per cent	114	94.4	50.2	157.0	9.5
Sub-totals	137	391.7	295.6	349.1	48.4
Totals	365	1,659.6	1,024.6	1,703.0	183.0

TABLE 22 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Scientific and professional equipment	59	120.7	76.0	179.3	17.1
Jewellery and silverware	34	33.7	17.9	47.0	2.4
Broom, brush and mops	16	16.6	10.0	26.0	1.5
Plastic fabricators	65	52.7	15.9	74.7	3.1
Sporting goods and toys	43	121.8	29.4	95.5	6.1
Signs and display industry	27	30.6	14.6	25.2	2.9
Other manufacturing	86	78.6	48.4	108.6	8.9
Totals	330	454.7	212.2	556.3	42.0

TABLE 22 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	115	257.9	133.4	296.2	28.7
75 to 94.9 per cent	16	20.2	9.8	27.5	1.9
50 to 74.9 per cent	9	15.7	7.4	28.8	2.2
Sub-totals	140	293.8	150.6	352.5	32.8
25 to 49.9 per cent	9	4.4	2.5	5.9	0.1
5 to 24.9 per cent	9	20.9	7.7	27.2	2.9
Under 5 per cent	172	135.6	51.4	170.7	6.2
Sub-totals	190	160.9	61.6	203.8	9.2
Totals	330	454.7	212.2	556.3	42.0

TABLE 23 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Building construction	1,012	944.4	235.0	1,411.9	24.8
Highway and bridge construction	265	262.9	94.3	373.1	15.3
Other general contractors	179	235.9	99.9	406.6	10.5
Trade contractors	531	330.8	115.2	690.7	20.7
Totals	1,987	1,774.0	544.4	2,882.3	71.3

TABLE 23 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	96	245.2	88.4	392.8	14.2
75 to 94.9 per cent	25	46.3	11.3	68.6	1.6
50 to 74.9 per cent	19	21.4	6.3	22.2	1.2
Sub-totals	140	312.9	106.0	483.6	17.0
25 to 49.9 per cent	27	50.3	9.5	72.4	2.4
5 to 24.9 per cent	16	53.5	25.0	38.5	—
Under 5 per cent	1,804	1,357.3	403.9	2,287.8	51.9
Sub-totals	1,847	1,461.1	438.4	2,398.7	54.3
Totals	1,987	1,774.0	544.4	2,882.3	71.3

TABLE 24 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Transportation:					
Air transport	36	45.2	16.2	44.4	- .3
Water transport	145	374.8	156.3	236.5	12.6
Services incidental to water transport	40	50.2	25.5	76.6	7.7
Truck transport	268	224.4	89.7	358.6	11.5
Bus transport	28	57.5	26.9	32.0	5.7
Pipeline transport	42	1,328.4	331.9	286.1	81.4
Other transportation and services incidental to transportation	100	104.4	49.9	109.9	4.4
Sub-totals	659	2,184.9	696.4	1,144.1	123.0
Storage:					
Grain elevators	23	170.3	72.7	36.8	6.8
Warehousing	58	63.9	34.0	43.6	4.3
Sub-totals	81	234.2	106.7	80.4	11.1
Communication:					
Telephone systems	30	267.5	125.3	70.5	20.0
Other communications	21	28.8	15.6	12.0	1.7
Sub-totals	51	296.3	140.9	82.5	21.7
Totals	791	2,715.4	944.0	1,307.0	155.8

TABLE 24 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	69	166.0	80.8	119.9	9.4
75 to 94.9 per cent	37	127.4	61.8	128.6	13.3
50 to 74.9 per cent	44	370.5	106.9	100.0	8.9
Sub-totals	150	663.9	249.5	348.5	31.6
25 to 49.9 per cent	42	307.9	103.5	109.7	32.5
5 to 24.9 per cent	53	684.3	162.4	227.4	30.9
Under 5 per cent	546	1,059.3	428.6	621.4	60.8
Sub-totals	641	2,051.5	694.5	958.5	124.2
Totals	791	2,715.4	944.0	1,307.0	155.8

TABLE 25 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC UTILITIES Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Electric power	61	1,175.6	558.9	296.6	74.0
Gas distribution	32	862.4	403.8	239.2	28.2
Water systems and other utilities ..	10	7.9	2.4	7.2	.4
Totals	103	2,045.9	965.1	543.0	102.6

TABLE 25 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC UTILITIES Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
5 per cent and over	12	101.4	47.7	27.1	7.7
5 to 94.9 per cent	3	36.6	8.3	3.4	.5
0 to 74.9 per cent	11	89.4	46.5	38.1	5.9
Sub-totals	26	227.4	102.5	68.6	14.1
5 to 49.9 per cent	21	831.5	471.9	207.0	48.6
5 to 24.9 per cent	27	793.2	311.3	206.4	25.8
Under 5 per cent	29	193.8	79.4	61.0	14.1
Sub-totals	77	1,818.5	862.6	474.4	88.5
Totals	103	2,045.9	965.1	543.0	102.6

TABLE 26 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Food stores	303	524.1	290.6	1,957.4	53.8
Department stores	112	898.5	437.9	1,736.7	52.2
Variety stores	22	196.6	145.6	305.7	21.7
Other general stores	58	28.3	13.6	57.0	1.2
Accessory, parts, tire and battery shops	94	77.4	37.2	148.5	4.3
Gasoline service stations	79	44.2	18.1	84.9	1.6
Motor vehicle dealers	1,069	567.3	202.1	2,057.9	30.6
Motor vehicle repair shops	26	9.3	4.9	21.7	.5
Shoe stores	40	41.0	21.3	76.1	2.2
Men's clothing stores	40	21.8	11.9	43.6	1.2
Women's ready-to-wear stores	75	54.1	26.3	104.6	4.2
Clothing and dry goods stores	86	53.1	27.4	114.2	3.1
Hardware stores	51	38.4	18.4	54.3	1.3
Household furniture and appliances, radio, TV stores	203	181.0	77.9	255.8	7.9
Drug stores	47	31.5	15.9	63.5	1.5
Book and stationery stores	28	38.1	10.4	38.7	.7
Fuel dealers	75	87.9	38.9	123.6	5.3
Jewellery stores	35	54.3	27.2	49.9	4.4
Other retail trade	111	79.1	25.6	136.2	4.5
Totals	2,554	3,026.0	1,451.2	7,430.3	202.2

TABLE 26 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	109	427.5	272.9	949.8	42.8
75 to 94.9 per cent	21	149.4	120.3	333.6	11.1
50 to 74.9 per cent	27	188.8	113.0	399.4	20.3
Sub-totals	157	765.7	506.2	1,682.8	74.2
25 to 49.9 per cent	28	134.6	68.7	499.4	16.3
5 to 24.9 per cent	33	300.2	149.1	535.6	17.4
Under 5 per cent	2,336	1,825.5	727.2	4,712.5	94.3
Sub-totals	2,397	2,260.3	945.0	5,747.5	128.0
Totals	2,554	3,026.0	1,451.2	7,430.3	202.2

TABLE 27 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Act in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Livestock	32	16.5	5.5	63.1	.7
Grain	50	243.5	54.1	564.8	5.0
Coal and coke	14	61.3	23.1	88.0	5.1
Petroleum products	110	414.7	111.7	541.1	13.6
Paper and paper products	97	150.9	42.8	592.5	8.2
General merchandise	14	15.6	7.6	27.6	.7
Food	543	440.8	194.8	1,964.2	26.6
Tobacco products	133	79.9	20.8	616.4	.9
Drugs and toilet preparations	69	79.0	33.8	209.4	4.5
Apparel and dry goods	244	155.2	66.6	319.5	9.6
Furniture and house furnishings	84	54.9	21.2	112.9	3.1
Motor vehicles and accessories	207	318.1	105.7	1,163.8	21.7
Electrical machinery	221	171.8	67.8	356.2	7.8
Farm machinery and equipment	97	94.4	38.2	164.6	5.6
Machinery and equipment	548	620.2	259.4	1,020.2	36.0
Hardware, plumbing and heating	253	297.3	165.7	572.3	11.1
Metal and metal products	111	149.0	52.2	325.0	10.0
Lumber and building materials	581	405.2	193.5	939.7	22.5
Scrap and waste materials	63	35.4	13.8	109.6	1.8
Other wholesale	614	484.8	177.1	976.4	29.7
Totals	4,085	4,288.5	1,655.4	10,727.3	224.2

TABLE 27 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	607	1,284.1	419.2	3,071.7	67.2
75 to 94.9 per cent	64	85.7	29.3	213.1	6.3
50 to 74.9 per cent	86	124.7	34.6	623.7	6.1
Sub-totals	757	1,494.5	483.1	3,908.5	79.6
25 to 49.9 per cent	103	241.5	72.6	536.4	7.9
5 to 24.9 per cent	96	184.6	62.0	491.4	6.7
Under 5 per cent	3,129	2,367.9	1,037.7	5,791.0	130.0
Sub-totals	3,328	2,794.0	1,172.3	6,818.8	144.6
Totals	4,085	4,288.5	1,655.4	10,727.3	224.2

TABLE 28 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Investment companies	2,769	9,388.7	6,372.1	738.1	481.9
Savings and credit institutions	369	4,308.6	548.1	356.2	85.7
Insurance carriers	76	334.1	61.5	132.8	8.0
Insurance and real estate agencies	153	192.7	55.1	80.6	7.0
Real estate operators	2,823	3,182.1	689.7	456.4	67.9
Totals	6,190	17,406.2	7,726.5	1,764.1	650.5

TABLE 28 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
95 per cent and over	607	3,722.6	2,057.2	274.3	113.9
75 to 94.9 per cent	118	703.8	453.7	75.6	39.5
50 to 74.9 per cent	181	858.0	407.0	75.7	31.9
Sub-totals	906	5,284.4	2,917.9	425.6	185.3
25 to 49.9 per cent	238	1,836.9	1,095.0	184.5	92.0
5 to 24.9 per cent	264	2,331.2	750.8	190.7	67.1
Under 5 per cent	4,782	7,953.7	2,962.8	963.3	306.1
Sub-totals	5,284	12,121.8	4,808.6	1,338.5	465.2
Totals	6,190	17,406.2	7,726.5	1,764.1	650.5

TABLE 29 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS AND PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1962

Industry	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Education and related services	22	19.5	4.1	9.4	.6
Health and welfare services	18	10.2	3.4	6.6	.5
Theatres, film exchanges	74	128.2	76.3	60.0	8.3
Bowling alleys	59	44.0	5.1	10.0	-.4
Other recreational	110	142.1	60.4	72.6	5.7
Services to business	309	296.5	152.7	339.7	25.9
Laundries and cleaners	75	46.7	29.3	67.2	2.7
Hotels, restaurants	516	362.6	122.4	312.9	14.7
Other personal services	65	35.7	12.3	24.3	1.8
Miscellaneous services	237	262.0	73.3	150.0	12.9
Totals	1,485	1,347.5	539.3	1,052.7	72.7

TABLE 29 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS AND PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
5 per cent and over	125	181.6	69.4	207.9	16.2
5 to 94.9 per cent	35	110.7	52.7	38.6	3.6
0 to 74.9 per cent	40	66.0	43.8	32.8	6.6
Sub-totals	200	358.3	165.9	279.3	26.4
5 to 49.9 per cent	46	50.3	20.4	40.6	3.2
5 to 24.9 per cent	49	71.2	29.4	32.3	4.0
Under 5 per cent	1,190	867.7	323.6	700.5	39.1
Sub-totals	1,285	989.2	373.4	773.4	46.3
Totals	1,485	1,347.5	539.3	1,052.7	72.7

TABLE 30. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets Under \$250,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profit
	number	millions of dollars			
90 per cent and over	125	20.5	8.2	106.5	.9
80 to 89.9 per cent	15	2.7	1.0	15.6	-.2
70 " 79.9 "	8	1.2	.3	10.9	.1
60 " 69.9 "	8	1.1	-.2	8.4	-.1
50 " 59.9 "	23	4.3	1.2	18.1	.3
Sub-totals	179	29.8	10.5	159.5	1.0
40 to 49.9 per cent	16	2.6	.8	13.7	.5
30 " 39.9 "	14	2.3	1.2	9.8	.3
20 " 29.9 "	12	1.6	-.1	10.4	-.3
10 " 19.9 "	19	2.6	1.2	37.1	.2
Less than 10 per cent	2,543	427.6	169.4	2,021.0	34.9
Sub-totals	2,604	436.7	172.5	2,092.0	35.6
Totals	2,783	466.5	183.0	2,251.5	36.6

TABLE 31. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$250,000 to \$499,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profit
	number	millions of dollars			
90 per cent and over	733	266.4	112.1	377.7	20.3
80 to 89.9 per cent	55	19.3	8.0	29.2	1.6
70 " 79.9 "	36	12.7	6.0	16.9	.7
60 " 69.9 "	61	21.2	8.3	27.3	.8
50 " 59.9 "	101	35.0	14.1	43.0	1.7
Sub-totals	986	354.6	148.5	494.1	25.1
40 to 49.9 per cent	80	28.9	11.6	30.1	1.5
30 " 39.9 "	73	26.7	13.0	22.6	1.1
20 " 29.9 "	97	33.9	16.6	25.8	1.1
10 " 19.9 "	126	47.6	27.7	44.3	1.4
Less than 10 per cent	7,974	2,783.3	1,142.8	4,128.7	131.0
Sub-totals	8,350	2,920.4	1,211.7	4,251.5	136.1
Totals	9,336	3,275.0	1,360.2	4,745.6	161.2

TABLE 32. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$500,000 to \$999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profit
	number	millions of dollars			
0 per cent and over	734	525.6	224.2	699.5	30.7
0 to 89.9 per cent	56	40.4	14.2	54.4	2.1
" " 79.9 "	54	35.8	17.6	31.5	2.5
" " 69.9 "	53	36.3	16.6	36.4	2.0
" " 59.9 "	89	60.4	26.5	88.7	2.4
Sub-totals	986	698.5	299.1	910.5	39.7
0 to 49.9 per cent	72	53.4	21.0	53.3	2.3
" " 39.9 "	73	53.9	28.7	52.9	2.7
" " 29.9 "	96	65.0	33.4	55.6	2.1
" " 19.9 "	104	73.0	45.4	53.5	3.9
Less than 10 per cent	4,368	3,028.6	1,220.3	4,276.1	146.5
Sub-totals	4,713	3,273.9	1,348.8	4,491.4	157.5
Totals	5,699	3,972.4	1,647.9	5,401.9	197.2

TABLE 33. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profit
	number	millions of dollars			
0 per cent and over	1,130	2,506.2	1,304.9	3,007.9	179.4
0 to 89.9 per cent	84	204.1	105.8	207.6	10.0
" " 79.9 "	85	202.5	119.2	193.3	11.4
" " 69.9 "	75	167.9	70.3	172.3	6.8
" " 59.9 "	87	186.2	107.6	161.5	13.4
Sub-totals	1,461	3,320.9	1,707.8	3,742.6	221.0
0 to 49.9 per cent	75	173.1	85.8	93.1	3.9
" " 39.9 "	109	245.3	155.7	215.0	11.9
" " 29.9 "	134	306.8	181.9	247.7	19.2
" " 19.9 "	188	395.5	270.7	287.2	16.4
Less than 10 per cent	3,130	6,078.4	2,624.6	6,741.4	303.1
Sub-totals	3,636	7,199.1	3,318.7	7,584.4	354.5
Totals	5,097	10,520.0	5,026.5	11,327.0	575.5

TABLE 34. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$5,000,000 to \$9,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profit
	number	millions of dollars			
90 per cent and over.....	230	1,615.6	910.1	1,580.7	124.6
80 to 89.9 per cent	22	142.7	63.8	88.5	7.0
70 " 79.9 "	21	163.2	73.8	196.3	12.2
60 " 69.9 "	24	164.0	102.0	117.0	5.9
50 " 59.9 "	18	120.8	58.5	47.5	8.1
Sub-totals.....	315	2,206.3	1,208.2	2,030.0	157.8
40 to 49.9 per cent	17	119.1	68.8	64.6	6.2
30 " 39.9 "	21	146.6	92.2	259.8	13.9
20 " 29.9 "	19	128.4	84.0	47.1	5.0
10 " 19.9 "	44	303.0	182.3	296.1	22.7
Less than 10 per cent	310	2,147.7	989.3	1,873.8	103.1
Sub-totals.....	411	2,844.8	1,416.6	2,541.4	150.9
Totals	726	5,051.1	2,624.8	4,571.4	308.7

TABLE 35. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$10,000,000 to \$24,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profit
	number	millions of dollars			
90 per cent and over	165	2,530.2	1,427.8	2,362.1	153.1
80 to 89.9 per cent	18	268.3	146.7	176.7	15.5
70 " 79.9 "	11	156.5	78.0	433.0	8.6
60 " 69.9 "	17	286.6	159.7	67.5	11.2
50 " 59.9 "	25	380.5	221.0	289.8	25.2
Sub-totals	236	3,622.1	2,033.2	3,329.1	213.6
40 to 49.9 per cent	9	136.5	68.9	26.9	7.3
30 " 39.9 "	17	274.0	177.2	213.8	34.6
20 " 29.9 "	19	317.0	149.0	313.8	21.6
10 " 19.9 "	38	576.7	322.8	336.2	50.5
Less than 10 per cent.....	166	2,540.9	1,147.4	1,937.6	145.4
Sub-totals	249	3,845.1	1,865.3	2,828.3	259.4
Totals	485	7,467.2	3,898.5	6,157.4	473.0

TABLE 36. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$25,000,000 to \$49,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profit
	number	millions of dollars			
90 per cent and over	65	2,262.0	1,235.8	1,979.3	180.2
80 to 89.9 per cent	3	88.0	55.3	55.5	2.2
70 " 79.9 "	8	285.5	173.4	106.5	13.9
60 " 69.9 "	8	316.5	196.1	146.6	13.8
50 " 59.9 "	5	146.2	89.8	96.5	6.6
Sub-totals	89	3,098.2	1,750.4	2,384.4	216.7
40 to 49.9 per cent	1	1	1	1	1
30 " 39.9 "	7	299.9	203.0	80.3	28.2
20 " 29.9 "	9	332.5	155.9	173.6	23.8
10 " 19.9 "	15	571.4	305.6	323.1	41.1
Less than 10 per cent.....	55	1,810.7	952.9	997.3	108.2
Sub-totals	87	3,014.5	1,617.4	1,574.3	201.3
Totals	176	6,112.7	3,367.8	3,958.7	418.0

¹ Included in 30 to 39.9 per cent group.

TABLE 37. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$50,000,000 to \$99,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profit
	number	millions of dollars			
90 per cent and over	46	3,026.5	1,787.2	2,175.2	265.9
80 to 89.9 per cent	8	554.9	357.2	429.4	37.0
70 " 79.9 "	2	1	1	1	1
60 " 69.9 "	2	225.6	62.9	68.3	13.2
50 " 59.9 "	5	370.8	143.2	163.0	14.4
Sub-totals	63	4,177.8	2,350.5	2,835.9	330.5
40 to 49.9 per cent	7	495.6	333.7	174.8	24.6
30 " 39.9 "	7	503.3	326.1	457.4	31.5
20 " 29.9 "	9	659.0	399.9	221.1	69.1
10 " 19.9 "	7	479.5	274.0	369.4	37.4
Less than 10 per cent.....	29	2,056.1	857.4	1,651.6	140.8
Sub-totals	59	4,193.5	2,191.1	2,874.3	303.4
Totals	122	8,371.3	4,541.6	5,710.2	633.9

¹ Included in 60 to 69.9 per cent group.

TABLE 38. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets over \$100,000,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profit
	number	millions of dollars			
90 per cent and over	22	4,175.3	2,290.1	2,677.7	255.9
80 to 89.9 per cent	5	1,098.3	709.0	927.8	64.1
70 " 79.9 "	7	3,095.9	1,937.2	1,938.7	336.3
60 " 69.9 "	4	1,361.8	820.8	988.4	52.7
50 " 59.9 "	2	1	1	1	1
Sub-totals	40	9,731.3	5,757.1	6,532.6	709.0
40 to 49.9 per cent	4	750.8	462.0	106.8	43.4
30 " 39.9 "	8	1,707.5	1,025.1	853.0	199.2
20 " 29.9 "	10	2,030.8	913.4	1,005.1	133.3
10 " 19.9 "	9	1,683.9	886.5	570.4	113.3
Less than 10 per cent	13	2,604.3	869.4	811.5	127.6
Sub-totals	44	8,777.3	4,156.4	3,346.8	616.8
Totals	84	18,508.6	9,913.5	9,879.4	1,325.8

¹ Included with 60 to 69.9 per cent group.

TABLE 40. Per Cent of Assets of Reporting Corporations by Assets Size and by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Asset size									Total
	Under \$250,000	\$250,000 to 499,999	\$500,000 to 999,999	\$1,000,000 to 4,999,999	\$5,000,000 to 9,999,999	\$10,000,000 to 24,999,999	\$25,000,000 to 49,999,999	\$50,000,000 to 99,999,999	Over \$100,000,000	
		per cent								
90 per cent and over	4.4	8.1	13.2	24.3	32.0	33.9	37.0	36.2	22.6	26.6
80 to 89.9 per cent .....	.6	.6	1.0	1.9	2.8	3.6	1.4	6.6	5.9	3.8
70 " 79.9 " .....	.2	.4	.9	1.9	3.2	2.1	4.7	1.3	16.7	6.4
60 " 69.9 " .....	.2	.6	.9	1.6	3.3	3.8	5.2	1.4	6.0	3.5
50 " 59.9 " .....	.9	1.1	1.5	1.8	2.4	5.1	2.4	4.4	1.3	2.4
Sub-totals.....	6.3	10.8	17.5	31.5	43.7	48.5	50.7	49.9	52.5	42.7
40 to 49.9 per cent .....	.6	.9	1.4	1.7	2.4	1.8	.7	5.9	4.1	2.8
30 " 39.9 " .....	.5	.8	1.4	2.3	2.9	3.7	4.2	6.0	9.2	5.1
20 " 29.9 " .....	.3	1.0	1.6	2.9	2.5	4.3	5.4	7.9	11.0	6.1
10 " 19.9 " .....	.6	1.5	1.8	3.8	6.0	7.7	9.4	5.7	9.1	6.5
Under 10 per cent	91.7	85.0	76.3	57.8	42.5	34.0	29.6	24.6	14.1	36.8
Sub-totals.....	93.7	89.2	82.5	68.5	56.3	51.5	49.3	50.1	47.5	57.3
Totals	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 41. Reporting Corporations in manufacturing industries with Assets under \$500,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations		Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
	No.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90 per cent and over	241	9.7	83.9	10.5	41.5	11.1	139.1	8.3	7.5	13.9
80 to 89.9 per cent	20	0.8	6.4	0.8	3.6	1.0	16.8	1.0	1.2	2.2
70 " 79.9 "	8	0.3	2.6	0.3	1.4	0.4	5.0	0.3	.3	0.6
60 " 69.9 "	18	0.7	5.9	0.7	2.5	0.7	10.8	0.6	.3	0.5
50 " 59.9 "	38	1.5	12.2	1.5	5.5	1.5	27.6	1.7	.8	1.5
Sub-totals	325	13.0	111.0	13.8	54.5	14.7	199.3	11.9	10.1	18.7
40 to 49.9 per cent	20	0.8	7.4	0.9	3.4	0.9	15.7	0.9	.7	1.3
30 " 39.9 "	16	0.6	4.8	0.6	2.8	0.7	8.7	0.5	.3	0.6
20 " 29.9 "	26	1.1	8.5	1.1	3.5	0.9	16.6	1.0	.2	0.4
10 " 19.9 "	25	1.0	9.3	1.2	5.0	1.3	21.4	1.3	.8	1.5
Less than 10 per cent	2,078	83.5	657.7	82.4	305.3	81.5	1,414.1	84.4	41.7	77.5
Sub-totals	2,165	87.0	687.7	86.2	320.0	85.3	1,476.5	88.1	43.7	81.3
Totals	2,490	100.0	798.7	100.0	374.5	100.0	1,675.8	100.0	53.8	100.0

TABLE 42. Reporting Corporations in Manufacturing Industries with Assets from \$500,000 to \$999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations		Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
	No.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90 per cent and over	263	19.2	192.6	20.0	89.5	20.4	280.0	16.8	12.9	21.4
80 to 89.9 per cent	17	1.2	11.8	1.2	5.0	1.1	20.0	1.2	1.1	1.8
70 " 79.9 "	15	1.1	10.3	1.1	6.8	1.5	15.3	0.9	1.1	1.8
60 " 69.9 "	12	0.9	7.8	0.8	4.2	0.9	10.5	0.6	.2	0.3
50 " 59.9 "	26	1.9	17.9	1.9	9.7	2.2	27.8	1.7	1.2	2.0
Sub-totals	333	24.3	240.4	25.0	115.2	26.1	353.6	21.2	16.5	27.3
40 to 49.9 per cent	13	0.9	10.3	1.1	2.9	0.7	20.1	1.2	.6	1.0
30 " 39.9 "	16	1.2	11.8	1.2	8.2	1.9	16.5	1.0	1.5	2.5
20 " 29.9 "	22	1.6	14.5	1.5	8.8	2.0	16.2	1.0	.2	0.4
10 " 19.9 "	22	1.6	15.8	1.6	8.8	2.0	23.4	1.4	.9	1.5
Less than 10 per cent	967	70.4	668.5	69.6	295.6	67.3	1,239.4	74.2	40.5	67.3
Sub-totals	1,040	75.7	720.9	75.0	324.3	73.9	1,315.6	78.8	43.7	72.7
Totals	1,373	100.0	961.3	100.0	439.5	100.0	1,669.2	100.0	60.2	100.0

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations		Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
	No.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90 per cent and over.....	543	35.5	1,245.6	38.1	718.7	40.2	1,716.5	36.7	125.8	46.8
80 to 89.9 per cent	29	1.9	67.9	2.1	41.0	2.3	87.0	1.9	1.9	0.7
70 " 79.9 "	22	1.4	60.2	1.8	34.5	1.9	78.8	1.7	4.5	1.7
60 " 69.9 "	18	1.2	39.9	1.2	24.0	1.4	42.3	0.9	2.5	0.9
50 " 59.9 "	26	1.7	58.9	1.8	35.7	2.0	74.6	1.6	5.5	2.0
Sub-totals.....	638	41.7	1,472.5	45.0	853.9	47.8	1,999.2	42.8	140.2	52.1
40 to 49.9 per cent	13	0.8	29.2	0.9	14.7	0.8	32.9	0.7	1.5	0.6
30 " 39.9 "	24	1.6	58.0	1.8	37.1	2.1	67.1	1.4	3.8	1.4
20 " 29.9 "	21	1.4	53.3	1.6	36.1	2.0	77.8	1.7	5.5	2.0
10 " 19.9 "	50	3.3	112.0	3.4	73.7	4.1	112.7	2.4	10.1	3.8
Less than 10 per cent	782	51.2	1,546.0	47.3	773.7	43.2	2,387.7	51.0	107.9	40.1
Sub-totals.....	890	58.3	1,798.5	55.0	935.3	52.2	2,678.2	57.2	128.8	47.9
Totals.....	1,528	100.0	3,271.0	100.0	1,789.2	100.0	4,677.4	100.0	269.0	100.0

TABLE 44. Reporting Corporations in Manufacturing Industries with Assets of \$5,000,000 and Over by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations		Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
	No.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90 per cent and over	252	45.2	6,416.3	33.0	3,910.8	32.7	6,935.9	38.0	673.7	35.0
80 to 89.9 per cent	18	3.2	971.3	5.0	595.9	5.0	1,141.1	6.2	87.4	4.5
70 " 79.9 "	18	3.2	2,957.9	15.2	1,727.6	14.5	2,273.5	12.4	314.1	16.3
60 " 69.9 "	19	3.4	1,174.6	6.0	783.4	6.5	735.2	4.0	47.3	2.5
50 " 59.9 "	12	2.2	497.4	2.6	283.7	2.4	441.9	2.4	23.8	1.2
Sub-totals	319	57.2	12,017.5	61.8	7,301.4	61.1	11,527.6	63.0	1,146.3	59.5
40 to 49.9 per cent	4	0.7	100.3	0.5	75.8	0.6	62.0	0.3	3.8	0.2
30 " 39.9 "	18	3.2	1,297.4	6.7	884.6	7.4	967.9	5.3	167.5	8.7
20 " 29.9 "	19	3.4	1,201.3	6.2	773.8	6.5	947.5	5.2	148.6	7.7
10 " 19.9 "	40	7.2	1,835.0	9.4	1,161.9	9.7	1,241.8	6.8	167.7	8.7
Less than 10 per cent	158	28.3	2,989.2	15.4	1,750.4	14.7	3,549.1	19.4	292.3	15.2
Sub-totals	239	42.8	7,423.2	38.2	4,646.5	38.9	6,768.3	37.0	779.9	40.5
Totals	558	100.0	19,440.7	100.0	11,947.9	100.0	18,295.9	100.0	1,926.2	100.0

APPENDIX B

Reporting Requirements, Concepts and Definitions

Part	Page
A. Reporting Requirements of Corporations Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act	89
B. Concept and Measurement of Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act	93
C. Majority Control Without Majority Ownership of Voting Shares of Corporations in Canada	96
Nominee Shareholders	98
D. Payments to Non-residents for Interest, Dividends and Business Services	99

PART A

Reporting Requirements of Corporations Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act

Part I of the Act applies to every corporation authorized under a law of Canada or a province to carry on business within Canada, except a corporation that is required to report as a labour union under Part II of the Act and certain other classes of corporations. Classes of corporations exempted from the reporting requirements of the Act are described in the schedule to the Act. These exempt corporations can be grouped into four broad categories, namely: corporations that are already reporting to the federal government substantially the same information under certain regulatory acts, government corporations, corporations without share capital and a group of smaller corporations under a specified size.

Exempt Corporations

The first class of exempt corporations includes the banks, to which the Bank Act or the Quebec Savings Banks Act applies; insurance companies or fraternal benefit societies registered under the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act or the Foreign Insurance Companies Act; trust companies licensed under the Trust Companies Act; loan companies licensed under the Loan Companies Act; corporations licensed under the Small Loans Act; co-operative credit societies that have been granted certificates under the Co-operative Credit Associations Act; corporations licensed under the Radio Act to establish a broadcasting station; transcontinental air carriers that have been designated by the Air Transport Board for financial and other reporting purposes as Group One air carriers; and railway, telegraph, telephone or express companies or carriers by water which make returns to the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada under Sections 384 to 389 of the Railway Act. Subsidiaries of such corporations are not exempt because of the exempt status of the parent company. The exemption must apply directly to the subsidiaries. The Acts referred to above are those of the Government of Canada and therefore those corporations such as trust and insurance corporations under similar provincial acts are not exempt.

The second class of exempt corporations includes: corporations that are agents of a government in Canada or are named in Schedule D to the Financial Administration Act; municipalities or other public bodies performing functions of government in Canada; corporations not less than ninety per cent of the shares or capital of which are owned by a government in Canada; corporations that are agents of the government of a country other than Canada; and corporations not less than ninety per cent of the shares or capital of which are owned by the government of a country other than Canada. Subsidiaries of such corporations are also exempt as the exemption is based on ownership which extends from parents to subsidiary.

The third class of exempt corporations includes those that have as their object the furtherance of any religious or other charitable purpose provided that no part of the income of the corporation is payable to or otherwise available for the personal gain of any proprietor, member or shareholder. Also exempt are corporations without share capital having as their primary object the furthering of any national, patriotic, philanthropic, medical, educational, scientific, artistic, social, fraternal, sporting or athletic purpose, no part of the income of which is available for the personal gain of any proprietor, member or shareholder.

The fourth class of exempt corporations are the smaller corporations having gross revenue in the reporting period less than \$500,000 and having assets on the last day of the reporting period, less than \$250,000. For the purpose of this section of the Act gross revenue of a corporation for a reporting period means the aggregate of all amounts

received or receivable in that period, depending on the method regularly followed by the corporation in computing its profit, attributable to the business carried on by it in Canada. Assets in Canada of a resident corporation as of the last day of a reporting period means the assets of the corporation that are included in a balance sheet of the corporation. The assets of a non-resident corporation are those that were situated in Canada on the last day of the reporting period, and were used primarily for the purpose of the business carried on in Canada by the corporation.

A corporation that is related to another reporting corporation through inter-relationship of management, ownership or financial affairs may be designated by the Minister to be a related corporation and therefore not exempt from the Act if such corporations together have assets exceeding \$250,000 or sales exceeding \$500,000 in the reporting period.

Provision is made in the Act and in the regulations to exempt corporations for a reporting period when it can be established that all the information required to be filed by the corporation has been submitted to a department or agency of the Government of Canada, and is available for the same purpose as the information filed under the Act.

Reporting Period

The reporting period under the Act is the fiscal period of the corporation, not exceeding twelve months. The first report was required for the period ending in 1962 and was to be filed with the Dominion Statistician not later than six months after the Act came into force. The Act came into force on January 1, 1963, and the first returns from corporations were due on June 30, 1963. Subsequent returns are to be filed not later than six months after the fiscal year-end of the corporation.

Section A of the Return

The return from each corporation is to be submitted in two distinct parts, identified as Section A and Section B. The Section A statement is to be filed in duplicate with the Dominion Statistician. One copy is forwarded and kept on file in the Department of the Secretary of State and is to be made available for inspection by the public on request.

The Act requires that under Section A, information pertaining to the corporation shall include the following: the name, head office address, manner of incorporation and the date and place of incorporation. The place of incorporation refers to the jurisdiction in which the corporation is incorporated. Other information to be supplied is as follows:

Share Capital

The number of shares of each class of authorized share capital as well as the number of shares of each class of share outstanding. These shares are divided into 3 groups according to the addresses of the shareholder contained in the share register of the corporation, namely; (a) the number of shares held by persons having addresses in Canada (b) the number of shares held by persons having addresses outside Canada and (c) the number of shares held by persons not recording an address in the share register of the corporation. The legal ownership of shares as shown in the share register of the corporation is the information required under the Act. Beneficial ownership was not used in the Act because many corporations may not know the beneficial owners of its share capital. In the case of the latter two groups of shareholders, the corporation reports the number of persons holding 5 per cent or more of any class of share and the number of shares held by each such person. The term "persons" as used in this section refers to both individuals and corporations. The corporation also reports the name and address of

any other corporation that holds 10 per cent or more of any class of share of the reporting corporation and the number of shares held by each such corporation. In addition the corporation is to report the total number of shares of each class of share that have been offered in Canada for public subscription during a period of five years ending on the last of the reporting period.

Shares of Other Corporations Held

Each return of a corporation is to include the name, address and manner of incorporation of any other corporation in which the reporting corporation holds more than fifty per cent of any class of share.

Debentures

The total amount of each class of debenture of the corporation outstanding, and the total amount of each class that has been offered in Canada for public subscription during a period of five years ending on the last day of the reporting period is required.

Directors and Officers

The Act requires the name, address and nationality or citizenship of each individual who is a director of the corporation and the name, address and nationality or citizenship of each officer of the corporation who is resident in Canada and the position in the corporation held by such officer.

Nationality and citizenship as used in this Act does not refer to racial origin but refers to the nation to which the individual owes his allegiance. An individual having Canadian citizenship, either naturalized or by birth, would be classified as "Canadian" regardless of his racial origin.

Section B of the Return

The second part of the return which contains financial information is privileged and is retained by the Dominion Statistician. This information may be used for statistical purposes and is available to persons employed under the Statistics Act for these purposes. This privileged information may be used by other Government officials only in special circumstances. The Act provides that an official occupying a position of responsibility in the service of Her Majesty may have access to this confidential information "for any purpose relating to the determination of policy in connection with the formulation of any law of Canada or the ascertainment of any matter necessarily incidental thereto."

Financial Statements

The corporation shall file as part of the return required under the Act, a financial statement for the reporting period consisting of: a balance sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the corporation made up as of the last day of the reporting period; a statement of income and expenditures for the reporting period; and a statement of surplus. There are to be attached to the financial statements the following schedules; a reconciliation of net income as per financial statements with taxable income; continuity of fixed assets and computations of capital cost allowances claimed; dividends received indicating whether taxable or non-taxable; and cost of sales.

The financial statements and the supporting schedules are to be set out in the same form and contain the same particulars as are required to be attached to the T2 form in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act.

The corporation shall also file other statements relating to the financial position of the corporation which are required by the by-laws of the corporation, or by the terms of the incorporation to be presented at the annual shareholders meeting.

Payments to Non-residents

A statement is also required from each corporation, except one that was not resident in Canada at any time in the reporting period, showing total amounts paid by the corporation in the reporting period to persons not resident in Canada for each of the following:

- (a) dividends,
- (b) interest, classified by type of obligation and currency in which payable,
- (c) rent on real property in Canada,
- (d) rent on equipment used in connection with the business carried on by the corporation in Canada,
- (e) royalties and similar payments, showing separately payments for each of the following: copyrights, patents of invention, industrial designs, trade marks and trade names,
- (f) payments for production, distribution and sales franchises and similar rights, classified according to the territorial areas within which such franchises or rights are or may be exercised,
- (g) payments for advertising and sales promotion, including institutional advertising and promotion of goodwill,
- (h) payments for scientific research, including facilities and equipment for scientific research,
- (i) payments for product and process development research, not included under clause (h),
- (j) premiums and other charges for insurance,
- (k) management and administration fees and charges,
- (l) salaries, fees and other remuneration to officers and directors,
- (m) annuities, pensions and similar payments to officers and directors including former officers and directors, and persons holding more than five per cent each of the total number of issued shares of any class, respectively,
- (n) fees and charges for professional services, showing separately fees and charges for each of the following services; engineering, architectural, legal, accounting and auditing,
- (o) consulting fees and charges, not included under any other item of the statement.

Verification and Auditor's Report

Each return under the Act shall be certified by the president or a vice-president of the corporation and by the secretary or treasurer, or by any of such officers and by a director of the corporation, as having been examined by them as being true, correct and complete.

Section B of each return shall be accompanied by an auditor's report signed by the auditor by whom the report was made.

General Provisions

Relieving Provision

A corporation that has reported information under the Act is not bound in filing a return for a subsequent reporting period to specify the same particulars in the absence of any change as of the last day of that subsequent reporting period. In submitting such a return in a subsequent reporting period, it is necessary that the corporation advise that such information has not changed.

Penalty for Non-compliance

Every corporation that fails to file with the Dominion Statistician a return for a reporting period as and when required by this Part is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars for each day of such default.

Where a corporation is guilty of an offence under this section, every officer, director or agent of the corporation who directed, authorized, assented to, acquiesced in or participated in the offence is a party to and guilty of the offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars for each day of such default, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment, whether or not the corporation has been prosecuted or convicted for the offence.

Penalty for Disclosure of Confidential Information

The Act provides that the financial return of a corporation is confidential and if this information is knowingly disclosed to anyone other than as authorized in the Act, such official making the disclosure is guilty of an offence and is liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both fine and imprisonment.

PART B

Concept and Measurement of Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act

The owners of a corporation are the holders of its issued share capital. The issued share capital may consist broadly of two classes of shares, "common" and "preferred". Common shares may consist of one or more series of share issues and usually carry voting rights. There may also be one or more issues of various types of preferred shares which are generally restricted with respect to dividend participation and voting rights. Although a share normally has one vote, it may possess several votes. In general, the policy of a corporation may be determined by the shareholders who own a majority of the voting rights. If a person or group of associated persons owns over 50 per cent of these voting rights, either may be considered to be in control of the corporation. In practice, effective control may sometimes be exercised by a minority holding of these voting rights, depending upon the distribution of the remainder of the shares with voting rights.

In order to determine the ownership of corporations, it was necessary to examine on each return the common shares of the corporation with voting rights; the residence of those shareholders holding such shares; the names and residence of those corporations owning this type of share; the existence of nominee shareholders; the preferred shares when they possessed voting rights that would materially affect the distribution of voting rights between resident owned and non-resident owned; and the existence of subsidiaries.

In restricting the examination, in most instances, to the ownership and control of common shares with voting rights, it was assumed that the controlling interest of ownership rests primarily with the common shareholders and that convertible privileges or voting rights associated with preferred shares would not affect the ultimate majority voting powers normally vested in the common shareholders. In the few cases where preferred shares had a significant effect, they were taken into account.

Although the ultimate ownership of resident corporations, (corporations incorporated in Canada), was traced in order to determine indirect non-resident ownership, no attempt was made to trace resident ownership in non-resident corporations which in turn

owned common shares of Canadian corporations, as such corporations did not fall within the reporting requirements of the Act.¹ As a result, individual non-resident shareholders and non-resident corporations have been considered as being in the same class.

To determine the ownership of corporations in Canada only shares with voting rights have been used. Holders of such shares have been classified as resident in Canada, non-resident, or with no address of record (by the reporting corporation). Percentages for each of these three categories have been calculated for each reporting corporation. This information is supplied by the reporting corporation from its share register which shows the legal owners of the shares. The legal owners may not benefit from ownership of the shares but hold the shares for the benefit of another party. However in most cases the legal owners are the beneficial owners. Where the legal owners do not benefit from the shares, such legal owners are termed "nominee shareholders".

The address of a shareholder as recorded in the corporation's share register and so reported by the corporation was used to determine the residence of a shareholder, except for Canadian corporate shareholders who held more than 10 per cent of the shares of the reporting corporation.

If a corporation resident in Canada was reported as a shareholder of another reporting corporation, the percentage of non-resident ownership in the latter was adjusted to reflect any non-resident ownership in the former corporation.

The existence of shares held by nominee shareholders, further complicated the calculation of full non-resident ownership in the reporting corporation. If the nominee shareholder had a Canadian address, the shares were recorded in the corporation's share register as resident owned. In many cases information would not be available to the corporation to indicate whether or not the beneficial owner of the shares was resident in Canada. For all these cases, the percentage of shares held by the nominee shareholder was calculated, and the corporation was generally segregated from other corporations for which more complete ownership information was reported. These corporations are examined in more detail in Part C, Nominee Shareholders.

Inter-corporate Ownership

In the early stages of the examination, it became evident that there existed wide and complex ownership relationships among corporations. These relationships varied from a single holding corporation and subsidiary, to intercorporate ownership relationships so broad as to include many different types of industrial and financial enterprises.

Ownership of the subsidiaries varied from complete ownership of the voting shares by the ultimate parent corporation, to a scattering of shares held by several corporations each of which was owned by the same parent corporation or a group of related corporations. The ultimate parent corporation for the purposes of this report was defined as that corporation in which no other resident corporation owned more than 10 per cent of the issued common shares.

The method used was to examine the holdings of common voting shares and to determine how many were held by corporations owning more than 10 per cent. The remaining shares, not held by corporations holding more than 10 per cent, were classified as resident and non-resident upon the basis of the addresses of the holders. In the case of corporations holding more than 10 per cent, any corporate shareholders with addresses abroad were recorded as non-resident. The returns of the remaining resident corporations were then examined to ascertain the percentages of their shares held directly by non-

¹ The Dominion Bureau of Statistics has recorded that Canadians held shares of United States corporations at the end of 1960 having an equity value of \$827 million and a market value of \$1,498 million. About 80 per cent of the equity value was invested in corporations having branches, subsidiaries or affiliates in Canada.

residents and the percentages held by other corporations holding more than 10 per cent of their shares. This process of tracing share holdings between corporations was continued until an "ultimate parent corporation" was found. As inter-corporate ownerships of less than 10 per cent were not reported under this Act, the degree of non-resident ownership may be understated.

This process is illustrated in the following examples which indicate how the percentage of non-resident ownership was determined for reporting corporations.

Example I

Corporation A. Determination of Percentage of Non-resident Ownership

Initial information on shareholdings in Corporation A		Final non-resident ownership of Corporation B & C	Final non-resident ownership in Corporation A		
Shareholders	Percentage held of A's shares				
per cent					
Corporations holding 10 per cent or more:					
Non-resident	10		10		
Resident corporations:					
B	40	100	40 (100% x 40%)		
C	35	50	17.5 (50% x 35%)		
Other:					
Resident	10		—		
Non-resident	5		5		
	100		72.5		

In the above example similar processing may have been necessary in order to determine the non-resident ownership of Corporation B and C.

Example II

Resident Corporations	Initial non-resident ownership	Calculation of indirect non-resident ownership	Final non-resident ownership
Corporation A owns 70% of Corporation B which owns 65% of Corporation C which in turn owns 60% of Corporation D	100.0%	Nil	100.0%
	Nil	70.0% x 100.0%	70.0%
	Nil	65.0% x 70.0%	45.5%
	Nil	60.0% x 45.5%	27.3%

The revised non-resident ownership of the parent corporation is multiplied by the corporation's percentage interest in its subsidiary in order to arrive at the final non-resident investment for the subsidiary. In this example, the non-resident interest in Corporation D increased from Nil to 27.3 per cent although Corporation D is more than 50 per cent owned indirectly by a non-resident corporation.

PART C

Majority Control Without Majority Ownership of Voting Shares of Corporations in Canada

The ownership of voting shares in corporations operating in Canada may be distributed in a variety of combinations which result in differing degrees of ultimate ownership. However as illustrated in Example II in the previous section the degree of ultimate ownership may not reflect the degree of control.

Typically the parent or holding corporations own all the voting shares in their operating corporations in Canada. Moreover, in most cases where these corporations have one or more subsidiaries, all of the voting shares of these subsidiaries are also held by the parent corporation in Canada or by one of the corporations in that family of corporations. This type of ownership may be termed both direct and complete. Complete ownership has been considered to be 95 per cent and over, since corporations issue qualifying shares to directors and a privately held corporation may have issued 100 shares of voting stock, with 5 being issued to directors thus giving these directors legal ownership of 5 per cent of the company. The directors qualifying shares may be beneficially held by the parent corporation and for this reason, 95 per cent ownership has been taken as complete ownership. Some corporations which are wholly owned by non-residents have subsidiaries with voting shares owned by Canadians. In such cases, the corporations with some Canadian ownership are classified with the parent, (in terms of majority control) but are distinguished from the parent and other wholly owned subsidiaries by the degree of non-resident ownership of the voting stock. In 1962, as indicated in Table A, 3,032 corporations reporting under the Act were more than 95 per cent owned either directly or indirectly outside Canada. These corporations reported 131 subsidiaries in which the ultimate non-resident ownership was less than 95 per cent. In 74 cases the ultimate non-resident ownership was from 75.0 per cent to 94.9 per cent and in the remaining 57 corporations it was between 50.0 per cent and 74.5 per cent.

Another important class of relationship covers the direct ownership by another corporation or by shareholders outside Canada of 50 per cent to 95 per cent of the voting shares of a corporation. Since more than 50 per cent of the voting stock is so held, control of the corporation rests, in most cases with the parent corporation. If the Canadian corporation has wholly owned subsidiaries, these subsidiaries will have the same degree of non-resident ownership as the parent. If it has subsidiaries which themselves have voting shares outstanding in the hands of residents, the ultimate Canadian participation increases and may exceed 50 per cent, notwithstanding the fact that more than 50 per cent of the voting stock is held by a non-resident owned parent corporation. This situation occurs, for example, when a Canadian Corporation A is 60 per cent owned by non-residents and 40 per cent by residents. If in turn A has a Canadian subsidiary, B, in which it owns 70 per cent and Canadian residents own 30 per cent, the Canadian participation in B is not 30 per cent but rather 30 per cent plus the Canadian interest through A amounting to 40 per cent of 70 per cent or an additional 28 per cent. The non-resident ownership in B is correspondingly reduced to 42 per cent although Corporation A has a direct interest of 70 per cent in Corporation B. In 1962, as shown in Table B, 974 corporations of this type reported under the Act having ultimate non-resident ownership varying from 5 to 95 per cent, but in all cases each corporation is more than 50 per cent owned by its parent which is ultimately more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents.

A third class of corporations reporting under the Act in 1962 is illustrated in Table C. These 1,789 corporations had some degree of non-resident ownership but the locus of control appeared to be in Canada. In that year, 255 of the corporations were ultimately more than 50 per cent owned outside Canada while at the same time, 1,534 corporations were ultimately less than 50 per cent owned outside Canada. Some of the 255 corporations which have a majority ownership outside Canada are subsidiaries of Canadian corporations

**TABLE A. Reporting Corporations 95 Per Cent or More Owned by Non-residents
Together with their Subsidiary Corporations**

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
5 per cent and over	3,032	15,681.7	8,414.6	14,111.0	1,164.2
5 to 94.9 per cent	74	853.8	438.1	439.9	41.6
0 to 74.5 per cent	57	638.7	375.2	456.2	11.0
Totals	3,163	17,174.2	9,228.0	15,007.1	1,216.8

**TABLE B. Reporting Corporations 50 to 95 Per Cent Owned by Non-residents
Together with their Subsidiary Corporations**

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
5 per cent and over	34	115.1	70.3	59.6	5.0
5 to 94.9 per cent	457	5,033.7	3,056.1	3,842.9	340.8
0 to 74.9 per cent	447	3,733.3	2,273.8	3,152.3	297.2
Sub-totals	938	8,882.1	5,400.2	7,054.8	643.0
5 to 49.9 per cent	27	56.6	35.5	20.4	4.5
5 to 24.9 per cent	9	10.1	6.8	1.0	(.2)
Sub-totals	36	66.7	42.3	21.4	4.3
Totals	974	8,948.6	5,442.4	7,076.3	647.3

**TABLE C. Reporting Corporations 5 to 50 Per Cent Owned by Non-residents
Together with their Subsidiary Corporations¹**

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
per cent and over	17	46.5	33.6	31.6	4.2
to 94.9 per cent	26	335.6	211.3	57.0	5.4
to 74.9 per cent	212	801.2	392.2	279.5	45.4
Sub-totals	255	1,183.3	637.1	368.1	55.0
to 49.9 per cent	666	5,308.9	3,304.1	3,023.2	476.5
to 24.9 per cent	847	7,563.3	3,775.1	4,032.6	542.1
under 5 per cent	21	34.9	19.7	45.5	2.1
Sub-totals	1,534	12,907.1	7,098.9	7,092.3	1,020.7
Totals	1,789	14,090.4	7,707.0	7,460.4	1,075.7

¹ Includes a few corporations in which non-residents have substantial interests both directly and indirectly but non-residents do not directly hold more than 50 per cent of voting stock.

TABLE D. Reporting Corporations in Canada that are More than 95 Per Cent Owned by Canadians Together with their Subsidiary Corporations

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
Under 5 per cent	16,343	16,802.0	6,842.4	19,323.1	809.1
Totals	16,343	16,802.0	6,842.4	19,323.1	809.1

in which non-residents hold minority interests, but the majority control of the subsidiary still rests with the Canadian corporation. The fourth class of corporation consists of the wholly owned by Canadians. In 1962, as shown in Table D, 16,343 corporations of this type reported under the Act.

Combining Table A and Table B, the assets of reporting corporations controlled by non-residents can be determined. Table A shows that 3,163 corporations held assets of \$17,174.2 million and Table B shows that 974 corporations held assets of \$8,946.1 million. Assets of corporations controlled by non-residents therefore total \$26,120.3 million. By using the measure of majority ownership total assets amount to \$27,236.9 million—a figure 4 per cent greater than that of the measure used for control. The difference between the two figures arises largely through portfolio investment, in which control does not usually coincide with ownership. Throughout this report, majority ownership has been used rather than control and for most purposes, majority ownership can be considered synonymous with control.

Nominee Shareholders

In a number of cases, a nominee was reported by a corporation as being the legal owner of the shares and in most of these cases the ultimate or beneficial owner was not identified. A nominee shareholder is the legal, but not the beneficial owner of shares. An examination of the returns received under the Act revealed a number of nominee owners of shares including the following: chartered banks (including nominee accounts) trust companies (including nominee accounts), stockbrokers and investment dealers. Corporations were examined separately in which nominees owned more than 10 per cent of the voting shares. In some instances these nominee shareholders were classified as non-resident by the reporting corporation and have been so classified in this report.

In most other cases the nominee shareholder was shown as resident. The remaining voting shares of the corporation were examined and if more than 50 per cent of the voting shares were held by non-residents, the corporation was included with those corporations that were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. When nominee shareholders were shown as resident it is possible that the degree of non-resident ownership may be understated.

As the beneficial owner of nominee shareholdings could be either resident or non-resident, a relevant group of returns was identified to assess the magnitude of the corporations affected by such holdings. Information concerning these corporations is contained in Table E. In 1962, 2,239 corporations reported under the Act as less than 50 per cent owned by non-residents but has some voting shares held by a nominee. Of these 370 corporations with assets of \$2,743.7 million indicated non-resident shareholding between 5 to 49.9 per cent. In addition, 1,869 corporations with assets of \$3,985.9 million reported being entirely owned by residents of Canada, but some nominee shareholding was reported. In some cases the nominee holding would include all the voting shares and

f the beneficial owner were a non-resident, the classification of the corporation would change from a wholly resident owned corporation to a wholly non-resident owned corporation.

These corporations, 2,239 in all, have been classified in the material presented in this report by degree of non-resident ownership and therefore the degree of non-resident ownership will be understated to the extent that the beneficial owners of the nominee-owned shares were non-residents. These corporations held assets of \$6,729.6 million and had sales of \$5,137.1 million in 1962, representing 10.6 per cent of total assets and 9.5 per cent of total sales respectively of all reporting corporations.

TABLE E. Corporations less than 50 Per Cent Owned by Non-residents and which have some Unkown Ownership, 1962

Degree of non-resident ownership ¹	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	number	millions of dollars			
5 to 49.9 per cent	122	1,065.2	597.1	579.5	40.1
5 to 24.9 per cent	243	1,667.1	957.4	993.1	88.7
1 to 5 per cent	5	11.4	8.7	32.8	.4
Sub-totals	370	2,743.7	1,563.2	1,605.4	129.2
All	1,869	3,985.9	1,751.9	3,531.8	251.7
Sub-totals	1,869	3,985.9	1,751.9	3,531.8	251.7
Totals	2,239	6,729.6	3,315.2	5,137.1	382.8

¹ Nominee holdings have been treated as resident owned.

PART D

Payments by Corporations in Canada to Non-residents for Interest, Dividends and Business Services

Introduction

Canada's international payments for interest, dividends and services rendered by non-residents are an integral part of the Canadian balance of international payments. These payments, particularly dividends, are one of the direct effects of non-resident ownership. Corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, were required to include a statement of specific payments to non-residents as part of the return. Corporations which were non-resident in Canada (as defined for the purposes of the legislation) although operating in Canada were excluded from this requirement.

These payments include dividends, interest and business service payments paid or credited to persons (including corporations) that were not resident in Canada. To permit a detailed analysis of interest and business service payments, information was required for three forms of interest related to the type of obligation and on payments for twenty-five different types of business services rendered by non-residents. The payments applied to

the fiscal year covered by the financial statements of each corporation submitted with the return. The amounts shown include withholding tax and were reported in Canadian dollars or in the unit of foreign currency in which the payment was made.²

Of the 24,508 corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Union Returns Act, 5,235 corporations reported payments to non-residents. The number of entries on the returns numbered 11,913. Payments to non-residents totalled approximately one billion dollars with dividends being the largest single component, just under 50 per cent of the total.

A comparison of this information has been made with the somewhat similar data published in "The Canadian Balance of International Payments 1961 and 1962", and in subsequent quarterly issues. Because of differences in the classification of data and in the type of information collected, it is not possible to provide a full reconciliation of the two sets of data. Differences existed with respect to fiscal year-end and calendar year, the inclusion of withholding tax and most noticeably the inclusion of payments from other than reporting corporations in the balance-of-payments totals.

The following table compares information provided under this Act with items in the estimates of the balance of payments, and is followed by the principal causes of differences.

	Selected reported payments to non-residents	
	Balance of payments ¹	This Act
	millions of dollars	
Dividends	510.0	489.6
Interest--Government and railways	169.0	—
Other corporations	115.0	168.7
Miscellaneous income payments	160.0	—
Other business service payments	430.0	316.7

¹ Preliminary estimates.

Comparison of the Concepts Used in this Report and Those Used in the Balance of Payments

Withholding Tax

Certain types of payments made to non-residents are subject to a withholding tax which the payer is required to deduct for remittance to the Federal Government. The rate applicable in 1962 to most dividends and some interest and service payments was 15 per cent. In the Government's fiscal year 1961-62 the Government received \$112.3 million from withholding tax but only a portion of this would apply to corporation payments to non-residents.

² Payments reported in foreign currencies—although payments were made at varying times throughout the year, totals reported in a foreign currency were converted to Canadian currency equivalents at 1962 annual average rates of exchange. For United States dollars the rate used was the 1962 average noon rate recorded in the Bank of Canada "statistical summary". Cross rates were calculated for other currencies using 1962 averages from the "Federal Reserve Bulletin" for their conversion to United States dollars.

As previously mentioned, payments to non-residents as reported under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act include such taxes withheld; under balance-of-payments conventions, data are recorded net of withholding tax. It is not possible to estimate this difference as many corporation payments are exempt by varying degrees from the full rate of tax. Some of these exemptions include dividends paid by non-resident owned investment companies and by some foreign business corporations as well as those paid by resident subsidiaries of non-resident parent corporations in some countries with which Canada had applicable tax conventions.

Fiscal Year-end

Corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act reported payments made during the fiscal year covered by their return. Since it is possible for the fiscal year to terminate at any time during the year, many of the payments reported under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act occurred during 1961. On the other hand corporation payments as reflected in the balance of payments are collected for the calendar year regardless of the corporation's fiscal year-end.

Exempt Corporations

Certain classes and sizes of corporations are exempt from the reporting provisions of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. Since there exists significant non-resident ownership in some of these corporations, payments to non-residents by these corporations are included in the balance-of-payments data but not in this report.

Foreign Business Corporations and Similar Corporations

Foreign business corporations and some other corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act earned their revenue essentially from non-resident sources. These revenues were generally remitted to non-resident parent corporations and consequently reported as payments to non-residents. It has been the practice to exclude such revenues and payments to be excluded from balance-of-payments statements and they were deemed to consist of transfer of payments between non-residents rather than the distribution of income earned in Canada. The same practice has been adopted for this report with the result that such payments were excluded from the data whenever this corporate relationship existed. More detailed study of reporting corporations may identify additional relationships of this type and may lead to further adjustments to the data collected under the Act.

Dividends

Balance-of-payments data conventionally include net profits earned by unincorporated branches in Canada of foreign corporations, with the exception of banks and insurance corporations. Such profits have not been included in this report as dividend payments have been restricted to those cases in which an actual declaration of dividends exists and have been reported by the corporation concerned. The total of such profits included with dividends in the balance-of-payments data for 1962 was almost \$50 million.

Interest

Interest payments in the balance-of-payments data include interest paid on the funded debt of corporations, governments and other organizations. In 1962 only \$115 million of the \$284 million total interest paid was attributed to corporations other than railways and governments. The category "other incorporations" in the balance of payments includes all corporations with the exception of railroads which are generally exempt from reporting requirements of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act.

Interest paid to non-residents on bank, mortgage and other loans, including obligations held by a non-resident parent corporation that were not part of the funded debt of the subsidiary are included in the balance-of-payments data with "miscellaneous incor payments" rather than with "interest on funded debt". It is not possible at this time to indicate the amount which would be applicable to corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act.

Bearer Securities

Many corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act noted that it was not possible to reflect interest payments to non-residents for certain types of securities as the residence of owners was not known to them. Such securities are generally bearer securities. For the purposes of balance-of-payments statistics techniques have been evolved for the estimation of interest paid to non-residents on bearer securities and the total includes these estimates.

Miscellaneous Income Payments

As already noted this item in the balance-of-payments data includes some amount which are also included in this report. A major identifiable item is interest paid on intercorporate loans, including bank loans, other than on funded debt obligations. The remaining items of this account would include payments made by corporations exempt from the Act and various types of payments which lie outside the reporting requirements of the Act as well as estimates of dividends and bond interest transferred to non-residents through nominees.

Other Service Payments - Chartered Payments to Foreign Vessel Owners

Corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act reported approximately \$21 million representing charter payments to foreign vessel owners. These payments were shown as rent on equipment used by Canadian corporations providing shipping service between Canada and other countries, and therefore are included in the totals in this report. In the balance-of-payments data such payments are included with freight and shipping expenditure most of which is excluded from the reporting requirements of the Act.

Balance of Payments Coverage

In addition to payments by corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, the balance-of-payments estimates of business services include international telephone and telegraph charges, expenditures abroad of Canadian airline expenditures of other non-operating corporations, transfer of trade union funds, and a wide variety of non-corporate payments including the earnings of international migrant labourers and commuters.

PART II

LABOUR UNIONS

1. INTRODUCTION

Part II of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act applies to every labour union carrying on activities as such in Canada and having a local or branch in Canada, except a union with fewer than one hundred members resident in the country on the last day of its reporting period. The definition of "labour union" includes international, national and regional unions and any other organization of employees formed for the purpose of regulating relations between employers and employees. Excluded from the reporting requirements of the Act are single unit unions, those that do not have locals, and local unaffiliated labour organizations. Most 'company' unions are exempt from the reporting requirements of the Act although some do have locals and therefore are included.

For the purpose of the Act, an organization of employees is deemed to have been formed for the purpose of regulating relations between employers and employees and to be carrying on activities as a labour union in Canada, if it meets any one of the following basic requirements:

- (i) is the certified bargaining representative of employees pursuant to procedures established under the provisions of federal or provincial labour legislation; or
- (ii) is a party to a collective agreement governing the terms and conditions of employment of employees in Canada; or
- (iii) although not certified or a party to a collective agreement, is recognized by an employer as acting as, or actively seeking to act as, the bargaining representative of such employees; or
- (iv) has chartered a local union or branch or other subsidiary body in Canada, which is certified or a party to a collective agreement or is representing or actively seeking to represent, employees within the meaning of the preceding paragraphs of this subsection.

Excluded from the coverage of the Act are auxiliary organizations designed to facilitate specific endeavours of parent organizations. Within individual unions, district councils are frequently formed to co-ordinate activities of their locals in particular geographic areas. Within congresses, delegate organizations are chartered on both the provincial and city levels in the interests of branches of member unions and of directly chartered locals within the province or city (provincial convention committees, local labour councils or other aggregations of unions). Within certain industries, trades federations are sometimes formed by various unions to co-ordinate the activities of their membership in that industry. Local unions or branches of parent labour organizations are not required to file returns, but returns filed by each reporting parent organization must include certain information relating to its local unions or branches in Canada.

An organization composed of government employees at the federal and provincial levels of government is regarded as coming within the scope of the Act, providing it satisfies the following conditions: (a) maintains in Canada a local or branch and a membership of not less than 100; and (b) has been granted collective bargaining rights under federal or provincial legislation; or (c) is a party to a collective agreement; or (d) although not as yet granted bargaining rights by law, or a party to a collective agreement, is recognized, or is in the process of being recognized, as the bargaining representative of employees.

Reporting Requirements

The Act requires that every labour union subject to the reporting provisions of the Act file with the Dominion Statistician a two part annual return not later than July 1, 1963, for the reporting period ending in 1962; and subsequently not later than six months after the end of each reporting period of the union. The particulars reported in the first part of the union return (Section A) are available for public inspection, but information contained in the second part of the return (Section B), comprising financial data, is classified as confidential and published only in summary form. Each statement of the

return must be certified by the president or a vice-president of the union and by the secretary or treasurer, or by one of these officers and by a member of the executive board of the union.

Section "A" of the union return must include the following information: the name of the union; the address of the headquarters of the union and, in the case of a union with headquarters outside Canada, the address of its principal office in Canada or place to which communications under the Act may be sent; the provisions of the union constitution; the name and address of each officer of the union and the position in the union held by each; the name, address and nationality of each officer and employee of the union resident in Canada (other than a person primarily engaged in clerical or stenographic duties), the position held by each and the manner of his election or appointment; the name and address of each local union or branch of the union in Canada; the name and address of each officer of any such local union, the number of male and female members in each local union; the name of each local union or branch of the union in Canada under trusteeship imposed by the union and the particulars of the trusteeship. All information must relate to the last day of the reporting period. In subsequent returns, information need not be filed in the absence of any change other than the name and address of the union and there is no requirement to send in amended information as changes occur in the information filed, until the end of the fiscal period in which such changes occur.

The Act also requires that each reporting union supply the name and address of each employer or association of employers, resident in Canada, with which the union has a collective agreement. In some cases a union can have more than one collective agreement with one employer or may be included with other unions in a joint agreement with an employer, therefore the number of employers reported does not represent the number of collective agreements. Furthermore reporting unions were required to report only those collective agreements signed or approved by the parent labour organization and to omit collective agreements concluded exclusively between the locals of the labour organizations and employers. The Act does not require unions to report the number of members covered by collective agreements or the terms of the agreements.

The particulars reported in Section A of the returns are available for inspection by the public upon payment of the prescribed fee, which may not exceed one dollar in respect of any one return. The returns may be inspected at the Public Viewing Room, Economics and Research Branch, Department of Labour, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada.

Section B of the union return comprises a financial statement consisting of a balance sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the union, as of the last day of the reporting period, and a statement of income and expenditure in such detail and containing such particulars relating to the financial condition and operations of the union as prescribed by the regulations.

In addition, international unions must furnish a statement showing total amounts paid or credited to the union in the reporting period by or on behalf of members resident in Canada on account of the following: initiation fees; membership dues; health, welfare and death benefit assessments; strike benefit assessments; fines; and work permits. To meet this requirement, the financial statement must include data solely within the control of the parent union organization. For example, if the issue of work permits¹ is purely a local union matter, no information need be filed by the parent union under this heading. Likewise, information on health and welfare and death benefits need only be filed by those unions which have established such provisions in their constitutions. The information would not have to be furnished in the case of local or regional welfare plans established through collective bargaining.

¹ Work permits are a device whereby a union which cannot provide all the labour needed on a job permits non-union employees to work, excludes them from membership in the union, but charges them for the privilege of working.

The financial statements comprising Section B of union returns (except the detailed statement of dues and assessments required of international unions) must be accompanied by a signed auditor's report. For the purpose of the Act, an auditor may be an internal auditor of the reporting organization.

The financial statements required by the Act apply to the entire union and therefore include in addition to operations in Canada, the operations of the international unions in the United States. The reporting provisions of the Act apply to parent labour organizations only and therefore the financial statements will reflect only the financial transactions within the authority of the parent organization. The assets income and expenditures of local unions do not come within the scope of the Act and are therefore excluded from this report.

Compliance and Enforcement

A union that fails to file the required return is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to the penalties provided. Penalties include fines (up to \$50.00 a day) and imprisonment (up to three months) or both. The Act states that, for its purposes, a union is a legal entity liable to prosecution for failure to comply with the reporting provisions. It further provides that any breach of the legislation committed by an officer or agent of the union acting within the scope of his authority will be considered an offence by the union. Liability is also imposed on union officials. Where a union is guilty of an offence, every officer, member of the executive board or agent of the union who directed, authorized, assented to, acquiesced in or participated in the offence is guilty of a violation of the legislation and liable to the fine provided, or to imprisonment for up to three months or both, whether or not the union has been prosecuted or convicted therefor.

Compliance with the requirements of the Act has been encouraged by providing unions with a better understanding of the reporting requirements, chiefly through correspondence, direct contact through a series of meetings with those responsible for complying with the provisions of the Act, and the distribution of informational material. For example, it became evident from the wide range of questions concerning the reporting requirements of the Act that some explanatory material was necessary. Accordingly, a short paper was prepared to answer the inquiries. In as non-technical a fashion as possible, this paper set forth the reporting requirements of the Act.

Many of the initial returns under the Act were deficient in one or more respects, since reporting organizations had little to guide them in the preparation of the returns other than the report forms and the statute itself, and among the labour organizations covered by the Act were many with meagre experience in answering questionnaires.

Deficiencies in the Section A of the return consisted chiefly of omission of information on local unions, particularly failure to show a breakdown of the membership of local unions into male and female categories, inadequate or improper signatures, and failure to report particulars of local union officers and employees resident in Canada. In some cases, this was because the reporting organizations did not fully understand what was to be reported; in others, it was because the required information was not available.

As in the case of the non-confidential part of the returns, an examination of the financial returns indicated some deficiencies. For a number of these, correspondence had to be initiated for clarification and correction. Deficiencies in financial reporting consisted of omission of data, material inconsistencies within a report, and failure to submit a signed auditor's report in support of the financial statements comprising a return.

A number of subordinate organizations submitted returns, but at the same time questioned if any return was actually required. Most of these cases required careful study and consideration, and a decision could seldom be rendered without obtaining additional

particulars. In instances where it was determined that the subordinate organization did not constitute a reporting organization, as defined in the Act, the initial report was returned to the respondent.

In most instances where it was determined that a reporting organization had failed to file a return, the default was called to the attention of the responsible parties and compliance was promptly obtained with the submission of the required return. In many cases the delinquencies were a result of a misunderstanding of either the requirements of the Act or the instructions implementing the requirements.

Although the report forms, regulations and informational material contributed significantly toward clarifying the reporting provisions, they did not satisfy completely the questions raised by reporting organizations. The following are some examples of clarification of the Act arising from inquiries as to the interpretation of various parts of the Act:

- (1) The Act required that initial returns should be filed for the 1962 reporting period, even though this involved submitting a return for a union's fiscal period which had terminated before the effective date of the Act.
- (2) An international union carrying on activities as such in Canada and having its headquarters in the United States, is subject to the jurisdiction of the Act and is required to submit returns relating to its locals in Canada. This does not necessarily involve extraterritorial problems, since the local unions or branches of the international and the officers in this country are subject to the laws of this country.
- (3) The decertification of a local union does not in itself constitute grounds for assuming that particulars of the local may be omitted from the return filed by the parent organization, but formal revocation of the charter of a local or dissolution of a local would normally warrant such an assumption.
- (4) For the purpose of the Act, a unit of employees should not be deemed a local or branch of a union, before it has been formally issued with a charter by the parent organization and has elected a slate of officers.
- (5) "Union" or "labour union" means a national or international union or other parent organization of employees formed for the purpose, in whole or in part, of regulating relations between employers and employees.
- (6) If a union has gone out of existence, the last president and treasurer, or the officials responsible for winding up the affairs of the union, should file a return for the period from the beginning of the reporting year to the date of termination.
- (7) "Local union" or "branch" means an organization of employees chartered by a national or international union or other parent organization of employees formed for the purpose, in whole or in part, of regulating employer-employee relations, or having the relationship of parent and subordinate to any of the aforementioned parent organizations.
- (8) "Regulating relations" with reference to a union means bargaining collectively with a view to the conclusion or revision of a collective agreement with an employer or an association of employers, or negotiating or dealing with an employer or an association of employers, concerning wages, rates of pay, hours of work or other terms or conditions of employment.
- (9) Respondents should exclude from membership figures all workers who are not union members although covered by collective bargaining agreements.
- (10) "Gross salaries, wages and other remuneration" means any income or other benefit with monetary value.

Parent-subordinate Relationships

In the implementation of the Act it has been necessary to determine whether the parent-subordinate relationship existed and, as a corollary of this, whether the parent and subordinate bodies were each carrying on activities as labour unions in Canada. In most cases control is exercised over locals by parent organizations and no question arises as

to their subordinate position. However, there have been instances where it was not certain that a particular entity was, in fact, a subordinate labour organization. For example, the International Brotherhood of Teamsters maintains entities that, in its organizational structure, are called Area Conferences with headquarters in the United States. These bodies are organized along geographical lines, (Eastern Conference, Central Conference, Western Conference) and function as the administrative arms of the International Union. Apparently, their prime function is to co-ordinate the bargaining activities of locals, with emphasis on the conclusion of area and industry-wide collective bargaining agreements. The operations of these Area Conferences are financially supported by a per capita tax of five cents levied on affiliated local branches, which is matched by an equivalent amount contributed by the International Union.

As already noted, auxiliary organizations such as joint boards or councils, associations or other aggregations of unions are regarded as falling outside the scope of the legislation. For one thing, they are often transitory in character and are usually formed for a specific purpose, such as regulating a collective bargaining agreement, or carrying out educational activities; but more especially because they are composed of aggregations of locals, rather than parent organizations having in affiliation subordinate locals which they themselves have chartered. Consequently they do not meet the definition of a reporting unit contained in Section 8 of the Act. It should also be mentioned that the jurisdiction of these organizations is usually confined to a locality where locals of the same union exist, or to local branch unions in a given trade within a stated area. Only rarely does it extend to a whole province or throughout the country. However, in the case of the Area Conferences maintained by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, the indications are that their jurisdiction is international in scope. An added factor of which cognizance must be taken is that they are supported by taxes and assessments levied on locals composed of members in Canada, as well as in the United States, for which there is no disclosure under the legislation. This has posed a unique problem inasmuch as the international union, the parent organization, constitutes the legal reporting entity under the Act, and has, in fact, complied fully with the reporting requirements by filing information and financial returns which include data relating to its locals in Canada.

The reporting status under the Act of certain other international unions also requires clarification. These internationals include the Seafarers' International Union of North America (AFL-CIO) and the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers (Ind.). These organizations claim to have divested themselves of all rights, title and interest of any kind possessed in Canada, and have designated their affiliates in Canada as the appropriate reporting organizations under the statute. Although these cases are still under investigation, cognizance has been taken of the fact that the Canadian affiliates of the internationals concerned possess well defined areas of autonomy by virtue of the constitutions of their parent organizations. Under well-established legal principles, the union's constitution and by-laws constitute a contract between it and its members, as well as between it and its affiliates, and will ordinarily specify, or at least outline generally, the boundaries of that organization's autonomy. If a subordinate body may properly be regarded as having full autonomy available to it in a particular situation, then it follows that the validity of the autonomy must of necessity be affected by a requirement explicitly providing that the autonomy be established in conformity with the provisions of the constitution and by-laws of the parent organization granting the autonomy. For the reporting year 1962, the Seafarers' International Union of Canada and the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers (Canada) have reported under the Act. Since the information submitted by these two organizations is similar to that reported by national unions, they are included with the national unions in this report. However the status of the Seafarers' International Union of North America (AFL-CIO) and the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers (Ind.) as labour unions in Canada and therefore reporting unions under the Act is still under investigation.

2. LABOUR UNIONS IN CANADA

A total of 169 labour organizations filed returns in fulfilment of the requirements of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act for the reporting year 1962. This represents practically every labour union active in Canada more extensive in scope than the single unit or local unaffiliated labour organization, and includes organizations composed of federal and provincial government employees.

The reporting labour organizations are shown in Table 1 and Table 2 according to type of union and union affiliation. Of the 169 labour organizations that filed returns, 95 or 56 per cent were international unions, 51 or 30 per cent were national or regional in scope, and 23 or 14 per cent were organizations composed of government employees at the federal and provincial levels of government. An international union is one having local unions or branches in the United States and Canada. Normally, the Canadian locals form a section of the international union and may have their own slate of officers. A national union is one whose membership is entirely in Canada, but which has local unions or branches in various regions of the country, and a regional union is confined to a particular part of Canada.

In terms of union affiliation, 79 of the international unions covered by the legislation were affiliated with the American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations (AFL-CIO) as well as the Canadian Labour Congress (CLC), five belonged to the American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations (AFL-CIO) only, and 3 to the Canadian Labour Congress (CLC) only. The remaining 8 international unions were without affiliation. Of the 51 unions classified in this report as national, 11 were affiliated with the Canadian Labour Congress (CLC), 11 with the Confederation of National Trade Unions (CNTU), 2 maintained affiliation with their respective parent organizations in the United States, and 25 had no affiliation. In addition, the two Canadian congresses, the Canadian Labour Congress (CLC) and the Confederation of National Trade Unions (CNTU), maintained 296 directly chartered local unions in 1962, 181 and 115 respectively, and, by virtue thereof, were designated reporting organizations under the Act.

Thirteen of the 23 reporting organizations composed of government employees were affiliated with the Civil Service Federation of Canada (CSF), 2 were affiliated with both the Civil Service Federation of Canada (CSF) and the Canadian Labour Congress (CLC), 2 belonged to the Canadian Labour Congress (CLC) only, and 5 were without affiliation. The Civil Service Federation of Canada itself was designated a reporting organization by virtue of exercising parental jurisdiction over 85 directly chartered locals.

In 1962, the 95 international unions filing returns under the Act claimed almost 15 million members in areas outside Canada, principally in the United States. In addition to members resident in the United States were some 52,000 members outside the United States in countries other than Canada, including 131 locals in Puerto Rico with 51,900 members, 15 locals in the Canal Zone with 800 members and 2 other locals with 200 members.

As illustrated in Table 3, headquarters for 48 of the 95 international unions coming within the purview of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, accounting for almost one half of total membership in Canada, were located in two cities—Washington and New York. The largest number of unions—29 were located in Washington, D.C., which is also headquarters site for the American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations. As will be seen in the table, headquarters of the reporting labour organizations were dispersed over 28 centres in the United States.

TABLE 1. Reporting Labour Organizations in Canada, 1962

Type and affiliation	Labour organizations	Locals in Canada		Membership in Canada	
	number	number	per cent	number	per cent
International unions:					
AFL-CIO/CLC	79	3,963	50.3	875,189	57.9
AFL-CIO only	5	52	0.7	15,670	1.0
CLC only	3	39	0.5	12,839	0.9
Unaffiliated	8	366	4.7	92,205	6.1
Sub-totals	95	4,420	56.2	995,903	65.9
National unions:					
CLC	12	940	11.9	145,150	9.6
CNTU	12	463	5.9	89,296	5.9
Other ¹	2	57	0.7	31,350	2.0
Unaffiliated	25	438	5.6	71,887	4.8
Sub-totals	51	1,898	24.1	337,683	22.3
Government employees' organizations:					
CSF	14	578	7.3	63,443	4.2
CSF/CLC	2	182	2.3	7,606	0.5
CLC	2	325	4.1	19,105	1.3
Unaffiliated	5	470	6.0	88,593	5.8
Sub-totals	23	1,555	19.7	178,747	11.8
Totals	169	7,873	100.0	1,512,333	100.0

¹ This group consists of the Seafarers' International Union of Canada and the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers (Canada) which have been classified in this report with national unions and are affiliated with the Seafarers' International Union of North America and the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers, respectively - See "Parent-subordinate relationships" in previous section.

Abbreviations:

AFL-CIO - American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organization
 CLC - Canadian Labour Congress
 CNTU - Canadian National Trade Unions
 CSF - Civil Service Federation.

TABLE 2. Membership of Reporting Labour Organizations, by Congress Affiliation, 1962

Congress affiliation	Labour organizations	Locals in Canada		Membership in Canada	
	number	number	per cent	number	per cent
Canadian Labour Congress:					
AFL-CIO/CLC	79	3,963	50.3	875,189	57.9
CSF/CLC	2	182	2.3	7,606	0.5
CLC only	17	1,304	16.6	177,094	11.8
Sub-totals	98	5,449	69.2	1,059,889	70.2
Confederation of National Trade Unions	12	463	5.9	89,296	5.9
Civil Service Federation of Canada	14	578	7.3	63,443	4.2
American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations	5	52	0.7	15,670	2.0
Other labour organizations	2	57	0.7	31,350	2.0
Unaffiliated international unions	8	366	5.4	92,205	7.1
Unaffiliated national unions	30	908	11.5	160,480	10.6
Totals	169	7,873	100.0	1,512,333	100.0

TABLE 3. International Headquarters of Reporting Labour Organizations Outside of Canada, 1962

Location	Unions		Location	Unions	
	Number	Canadian membership		Number	Canadian membership
Washington, D.C.	29	337,619	Minneapolis, Minn.	1	1,065
New York, N.Y.	19	138,444	Denver, Colo.	1	12,047
Chicago, Ill.	8	43,267	Lafayette, Ind.	1	6,806
Cincinnati, Ohio	4	45,172	Albany, N.Y.	1	9,886
Detroit, Mich.	3	76,958	East Liverpool, Ohio	1	306
Philadelphia, Pa.	3	5,570	Fort Edward, N.Y.	1	34,698
Cleveland, Ohio	3	37,333	Pressman's Home, Tenn.	1	8,168
Boston, Mass.	3	2,211	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	1	448
Kansas City, Kansas	2	25,255	Pittsburg, Pa.	1	82,000
Akron, Ohio	2	25,565	Indianapolis, Ind.	2	2,352
St. Louis, Mo.	2	17,356	Barre, Vt.	1	270
Union City, N.J.	1	4,041	Colorado Springs, Colo. ..	1	7,513
Tacoma, Wash.	1	1,160	Portland, Ore.	1	37,119
Columbus, Ohio	1	4,800			
San Francisco, Cal.	1	2,400	Totals	95	969,829

TABLE 4. Intervals at which Reporting Labour Organizations Held Conventions, 1962

Intervals between conventions	International unions		National unions		Government employees' organizations		Total	
	number	per cent	number	per cent	number	per cent	number	per cent
3 months	—		1	2.0	—		1	0.6
6 "	—		1	2.0	—		1	0.6
1 year	8	8.4	34	66.6	6	26.1	48	28.4
18 months	—		—		—		—	
2 years	26	27.4	9	17.6	3	13.0	38	22.5
3 "	12	12.6	1	2.0	12	52.2	25	14.8
4 "	32	33.7	—		—		32	18.9
5 "	13	13.7	—		—		13	7.7
Determined by referendum	—		—		—		—	
No convention	2	2.1	—		—		2	1.2
Other	2	2.1	—		—		2	1.2
Information not available	—		5	9.8	2	8.7	7	4.1
Totals	95	100.0	51	100.0	23	100.0	169	100.0

The frequency of conventions held by labour organizations reporting under the statute for 1962 is recorded in Table 4. Thirty-two international unions, or one third of the total covered, are scheduled to meet every four years, twenty-six or just over one quarter convene every two years, and the longest interval for those internationals which convene regularly is five years. Compliance with the provisions of the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act, 1959, of the United States Congress, requires labour organizations in the United States to conduct elections at not less than 5-year intervals, either by secret ballot of the membership or by convention delegates chosen by secret ballot. The practice followed by many unions which elect officers by referendum is to nominate candidates at conventions.

Two thirds of the national unions (34) covered by the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act are scheduled to meet annually, and the longest interval for most national unions which convene regularly is two years. The exception is the Canadian Brotherhood of Railway, Transport and General Workers (CLC), which holds conventions every three years. With only two exceptions recorded in the table, involving organizations for which no information is available, the frequency of conventions held by government employees' organizations ranges from one to three years.

Distribution of Membership and Locals

Table 1 shows the 1962 numerical strength of reporting labour organizations in Canada as 1,512,333. Of this total, 995,903 members, or 65.9 per cent of the total union membership, were in 95 international unions which had locals in both Canada and the United States. In 1962 as indicated in Table 2, the Canadian Labour Congress had in affiliation a total of 98 reporting labour organizations, representing 1,059,889 members in Canada, or 70.2 per cent of the total membership of the organizations covered by the legislation, which were organized into 5,449 locals, comprising 69.2 per cent of the total number of locals reported.

The 51 national unions reporting accounted for 337,983 members, or 22.3 per cent of the total union membership reported under the Act. Of these, 145,150 organized workers, or 9.6 per cent of the total membership, were represented by 11 national unions within the Canadian Labour Congress, and 89,296 or 5.9 per cent of the total membership, belonged to 11 federations within the Confederation of National Trade Unions. As already noted, the membership data cited included the addition of 18,594 members, in 181 locals, directly chartered by the Canadian Labour Congress and 13,320 members, in 115 locals, directly chartered by the Confederation of National Trade Unions. The constitution of the Canadian Labour Congress sets out as one of its objectives: "to form and charter organizing committees and directly chartered local unions and to secure their affiliation to appropriate national and international unions affiliated with the Congress; to establish, assist and promote provincial federations of labour and local labour councils composed of local unions and lodges of all affiliated organizations and directly chartered local unions."

Drawing its membership almost entirely from the province of Quebec, the Confederation of National Trade Unions, with a total membership of 89,296, was the largest single group outside the Canadian Labour Congress in 1962. Union members in federal and provincial service numbered 178,747, or 11.8 per cent of the total union membership, which included 4,399 members, in 85 locals, chartered directly by the Civil Service Federation of Canada.

Locals or branches are the basic units in labour organizations—national unions, international unions, federations and congresses. While there may exist considerable variation in the relations between a parent union and its locals, the basic principle is that locals pay a per capita tax to the parent organization and in return receive certain services. These services include the provision of organizers and research specialists; particular, assistance in bargaining and grievance procedures. Most unions publish

material for the benefit of locals and their members. Many promote educational programmes. In some unions, constitutions for locals are drafted by the parent body; in others, locals may draft their own constitutions and by-laws, providing they conform in general with the governing laws and philosophy of parent organizations. Locals may have complete autonomy in bargaining, or collective bargaining agreements may require ratification by the executive of the parent body. Likewise, strikes may or may not need the prior approval of the executive of parent labour organizations. By contributing leadership, consistent support and financial aid, parent labour organizations in the United States have helped to shape the growth and accelerate the development of the labour movement in Canada.

TABLE 5. Number of Chartered Locals and Membership of Reporting Labour Organizations, by Type of Union, 1962

Type of union	Locals		Membership	
	number	per cent	number	per cent
International unions	4,420	56.2	995,903	65.9
National unions	1,602	20.3	305,759	20.2
Government employees' organizations	1,470	18.7	174,348	11.5
Directly chartered locals	381	4.8	36,323	2.4
Canadian Labour Congress	181	2.3	18,594	1.2
Confederation of National Trade Unions	115	1.4	13,330	0.9
Civil Service Federation of Canada	85	1.1	4,399	0.3
Totals	7,873	100.0	1,512,333	100.0

TABLE 6. Reporting Labour Organizations, by Number of Locals in Canada, 1962

	International unions		National unions		Government employees' organizations		Total	
	Unions	Locals	Unions	Locals	Unions	Locals	Unions	Locals
	number							
Under 10 locals	23	94	18	84	2	8	43	186
10 to 24 locals	22	344	12	158	4	68	38	570
25 " 49 "	22	788	11	382	7	210	40	1,380
50 " 99 "	16	1,070	5	286	4	273	25	1,629
100 " 199 "	10	1,463	3	428	5	721	18	2,612
200 " 299 "	1	234	1	236	1	275	3	745
300 " 399 "			1	324			1	324
400 locals and over	1	427					1	427
Totals	95	4,420	51	1,898	23	1,553	169	7,873

The one and a half million members of reporting labour organizations belonged to 7,773 local unions or branches in Canada, varying in size from less than 5 members to as many as 12,900. Table 5 shows that 56.2 per cent of these locals were branches of international unions, a further 20.3 per cent were locals of national unions and 18.7 per cent were locals of government employees' organizations. The remaining 4.8 per cent of the locals were directly chartered by central Canadian labour bodies. Over one half of the locals reported less than 100 members and over one half of the total union membership in Canada was in locals of 700 members or less. The two largest locals had a combined membership of 22,139; one was a local of the United Steelworkers of America at Sudbury, with a membership of 9,235, and the other was a local of the United Automobile Workers at Oshawa, with a membership of 12,904. In terms of membership and the number of locals chartered, international unions were the predominant type in Canada in 1962. Approximately 7 out of every 10 organized workers were members of locals chartered by international unions, as compared with 3 out of every 10 who belonged to Canadian organizations. As already noted, although most local unions were chartered by parent unions, 296 locals were directly chartered by the two Canadian labour organizations, Canadian Labour Congress and the Confederation of National Trade Unions, and 85 by the Civil Service Federation of Canada. (Table 5)

Approximately 18 per cent of union members in Canada in 1962 belonged to unaffiliated parent organizations, eight of which were international. More than 40,000 of the union members in this independent group, representing almost half of the total membership of the 8 independent international unions, belonged to the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. Other independent unions included such long-established and well known organizations as the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, United Mine Workers of America, and District 50, United Mine Workers of America, with a combined membership of 27,360.

As will be seen from Table 6, a small number of unions accounted for the preponderant number of the locals, a concentration similar to that observed later in the case of union membership. Thus, more than half of all locals were affiliated with 23 unions, each having at least 100 locals, including one union with 324 locals which was national in scope and one with 427 locals which was international. On the other hand, 121 unions, each with less than 50 locals, had just over one quarter of all locals, and 81 unions, each with less than 25 locals, had less than 10 per cent of all locals.

In terms of Canadian membership, reporting labour organizations in 1962 ranged in size from 200 members to 93,750 members. The majority of unions had 10,000 or fewer members, although this group, as a whole, accounted for less than one-half of total union members, as indicated in Table 7. In contrast, the larger proportion of members was to be found in the 30 unions each having more than 15,000 members. The single group with the largest aggregate membership shown in the table was the five unions each having 40,000 or more members. The importance of the five largest unions is underscored by the fact that these organizations together accounted for about one fifth of the total Canadian membership. This concentration of membership in a few large unions has been a long-standing characteristic of the labour movement, both in Canada and the United States. The 12 largest unions in Canada in 1962, each with 30,000 or more members, represented 1,082,000 members or more than one third of all union members. On the other hand, 124 unions with less than 10,000 members each, represented 437,731 members or less than one third of the total union.

Four of the five largest unions in Canada in terms of membership, each in the 40,000 members and more category, were internationals. The combined Canadian membership of these four organizations amounted to 256,989, or approximately one sixth of the total union membership in Canada. Eleven of the sixteen unions in the 20,000 or more members class were internationals, and the Canadian membership of this group (468,449) represented 31 per cent of the total union membership in Canada, while the membership

of the remaining five (177,582), which were national or Canadian unions, represented less than 12 per cent of the total union membership. Two thirds of all 45 reporting labour organizations with a membership of 10,000 or more in Canada in 1962, were internationals.

Labour organizations now draw members from almost all regions and industries in Canada. The total of 1,512,333 Canadian members of reporting labour organizations in 1962 was the equivalent of about 30 per cent of the total non-agricultural paid workers in Canada. It should be emphasized, however, that the ratio of union membership to total employment in non-agricultural establishments, provides only a rough measure of the organizing achievements of labour organizations, inasmuch as the employment totals include a substantial number of managerial and professional workers, who are generally not union members.

In Table 10 are presented data on the number of locals and membership of reporting labour organizations in each province in 1962, reflecting the concentration of membership in the various industrial regions of Canada. As can be seen from the table, the membership was most highly concentrated in the central provinces of Ontario and Quebec, which taken together, contained two thirds of the total Canadian membership. Of the 1,512,333 members in reporting labour organizations in Canada in 1962, 645,504 members, or 42.6 per cent of the total, were in the province of Ontario. Quebec came second in the number of organized workers, with 350,384, or 23.2 per cent of the total membership, and British Columbia was in third place with 192,810, or 12.8 per cent. However, the two provinces of Ontario and Quebec were not the most highly organized areas of Canada, although they supported more than two thirds of the nation's paid workers. Measured in terms of the proportion of organized workers, the most highly unionized areas were the provinces of British Columbia and Newfoundland, where, in 1962, almost half the paid workers were members of labour organizations, and the proportion ranged from 25 to 30 per cent in the maritime, central and prairie provinces.

TABLE 7. Reporting Labour Organizations, by Number of Members in Canada, 1962

Membership range				Membership								
				International unions		National and regional unions		Government employees' organizations		Total		
										unions	number	per cent
				number		number		number				
100 to	199 members	....		5	660	1	140	—	—	6	800	0.1
200 "	499 "	....		6	2,223	3	980	—	—	9	3,203	0.2
500 "	999 "	....		6	4,323	9	7,144	2	1,398	17	12,865	0.8
1,000 "	2,499 "	....		14	23,295	12	18,114	5	7,944	31	49,353	3.3
2,500 "	4,999 "	....		10	32,903	9	33,103	3	10,302	22	76,308	5.1
5,000 "	9,999 "	....		24	182,987	7	53,976	8	58,239	39	295,202	19.5
10,000 "	14,999 "	....		11	137,061	2	27,955	2	20,731	15	185,747	12.3
15,000 "	19,999 "	....		8	144,002	5	81,159	1	17,663	14	242,824	16.1
20,000 "	29,999 "	....		3	66,757	1	29,192			4	95,959	6.3
30,000 "	39,999 "	....		4	144,703	1	34,411	2	62,470	7	241,584	16.0
40,000 members and over				4	256,989	1	51,509			5	308,498	20.2
Totals				95	995,903	51	337,683	23	178,747	169	1,512,333	100.0

**TABLE 8. Reporting Labour Organizations with 20,000 or More Members
Resident in Canada, 1962**

Type and name of union ¹	Locals in Canada	Membership in Canada	
		number	per cent
International unions:¹			
Steelworkers	427	93,750	6.2
Auto workers	62	61,284	4.1
Carpenters	234	59,794	4.0
Teamsters (Ind.)	42	42,161	2.8
Machinists	160	38,968	2.6
Pulp and paper mill workers	128	37,196	2.4
Woodworkers	43	35,408	2.3
Electrical workers (IBEW)	173	33,131	2.2
Maintenance of way employees	195	23,982	1.6
Packaginghouse workers	160	21,479	1.4
Food carriers	38	21,296	1.4
Sub-totals	1,662	468,449	31.0
National unions:¹			
Public employees (CLC)	324	51,509	3.4
Railway, transport (CBRT) (CLC)	236	34,411	2.3
Civil Service Association of Ontario (Ind.)	149	31,897	2.1
Civil Service Association of Canada (Ind.)	192	30,573	2.0
Public Service Employees (CLC)	132	29,192	1.9
Sub-totals	1,033	177,582	11.7
Other unions	5,178	866,302	57.3
Total of all reporting unions	7,873	1,512,333	100.0

¹ All unions not identified as independent (IND.) or affiliated with the Canadian Labour Congress (CLC) are affiliated with the AFL-CIO/CLC.

**TABLE 9. International Labour Organizations Reporting 20,000 or More Members
Resident in Canada, 1962**

Union ¹	Locals			
	In Canada	In U.S.A. ²	Total	Per cent (1) of (3)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	number			
Steelworkers	427	2,673	3,100	13.8
Auto workers	62	1,209	1,271	4.9
Carpenters	234	2,566 ³	2,800	8.3
Teamsters (Ind.)	42	829	871	4.8
Machinists	160	1,811 ³	1,971	8.1
Pulp and paper mill workers	128	577	705	18.2
Woodworkers	43	177	220	19.5
Electrical workers (IBEW)	173	1,562 ³	1,735	10.0
Maintenance of way employees	195	1,136	1,331	14.6
Packaginghouse workers	160	265 ³	425	37.6
Food carriers	38	892	930	4.1
Totals	1,662	13,697	15,359	10.8

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 9. International Labour Organizations Reporting 20,000 or More Members Resident in Canada, 1962 - Concluded

Union ¹	Membership			
	In Canada (5)	In U.S.A. ² (6)	Total (7)	Per cent (5) of (7) (8)
	number			
Steelworkers	93,750	784,766	878,516	10.7
Auto workers	61,284	1,012,263	1,073,547	5.7
Carpenters	59,794	679,413 ³	739,207	8.1
Teamsters (Ind.)	42,161	1,415,091 ³	1,457,252	2.9
Mechanics	38,968	828,791 ³	867,759	4.5
Pulp and paper mill workers	37,196	136,866	174,062	21.4
Woodworkers	35,408	50,852	86,260	41.0
Electrical workers (IBEW)	33,131	759,869 ³	793,000	4.2
Maintenance of way employees	23,982	128,709	152,691	15.7
Packinghouse workers	21,479	76,521	98,000	21.9
Hod carriers	21,296	407,983	429,279	5.0
Totals	468,449	6,281,124	6,749,573	6.9

¹ All unions not identified as independent (Ind.) are affiliated with the (AFL-CIO/CLC).

² Membership figures are based on average dues-paying membership for 1962, and were obtained from Bulletin No. 1395, May 1964 edition, United States Department of Labor.

³ Includes locals and members in Puerto Rico and/or the Canal Zone.

Canadian workers belonging to national unions were concentrated chiefly in the province of Quebec, where the number amounted to 138,385, or 41.0 per cent of the total membership of national labour organizations throughout the country. On the other hand, union members belonging to international unions in Quebec constituted less than 20 per cent of the total membership of international unions in Canada. As already noted, the Quebec-based Confederation of National Trade Unions accounted for 89,296 members, approximately one quarter of the total union members throughout the province.

In Ontario, the converse was the case, and the proportion of members of international unions exceeded the number belonging to national unions. The province accounted for 47.4 per cent of the total membership of international unions, as compared with 26.0 per cent of the total membership of national unions. Table 10 also shows the 48.0 per cent of the total membership of organizations composed of federal and provincial government employees was concentrated in the province of Ontario, as compared with 11.7 per cent in British Columbia, 11.3 per cent in Quebec, and 10.0 per cent in the province of Alberta.

Women Members

The passage of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act requiring every labour union subject to its provisions to report the membership of its locals in terms of male and female categories, has focused attention on a force in the labour movement that is of increasing importance in the Canadian economy that is growing in number and importance: women workers.

TABLE 10. Local Unions and Membership of Reporting Labour Organizations in Canada, by Geographic Area, 1962

Province	International unions			National unions		
	Locals	Membership		Locals	Membership	
	number		per cent	number		per cent
Newfoundland.....	78	17,115	1.7	21	2,140	0.6
Nova Scotia	186	30,323	3.0	94	8,261	2.5
Prince Edward Island.....	14	857	0.1	13	814	0.2
New Brunswick	171	20,662	2.1	75	5,531	1.6
Quebec	793	191,832	19.3	677	138,385	41.0
Ontario	1,968	471,784	47.4	483	88,066	26.0
Manitoba.....	244	53,293	5.4	58	12,020	3.6
Saskatchewan.....	217	27,084	2.7	100	10,473	3.1
Alberta.....	289	47,648	4.8	73	11,117	3.3
British Columbia.....	407	127,653	12.8	297	44,202	13.2
More than one province ¹	49	7,519	0.7	3	15,683	4.6
Yukon	4	133	¹	3	588	¹
Northwest Territories	—	—	—	1	403	¹
Other ³	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals	4,420	995,903	100.0	1,898	337,683	100.0
Government employees' organizations			Total			
	Locals	Membership		Locals	Membership	
	number		per cent	number		per cent
Newfoundland.....	40	2,473	1.4	139	21,728	1.4
Nova Scotia	118	8,734	4.9	398	47,318	3.1
Prince Edward Island.....	19	762	0.4	46	2,433	0.2
New Brunswick	86	4,907	2.7	332	31,100	2.0
Quebec	227	20,167	11.3	1,697	350,384	23.2
Ontario	588	85,654	48.0	3,039	645,504	42.6
Manitoba.....	54	5,472	3.1	356	70,785	4.7
Saskatchewan.....	89	10,388	5.8	406	47,945	3.2
Alberta	117	17,883	10.0	479	76,648	5.1
British Columbia.....	195	20,955	11.7	899	192,810	12.8
More than one province ²	2	55	0.0	54	23,257	1.5
Yukon	11	637	0.3	18	1,358	¹
Northwest Territories	8	498	0.3	9	901	¹
Other ³	1	162	0.1	1	162	¹
Totals	1,555	178,747	100.0	7,873	1,512,333	100.0

¹ Less than 0.05.

² Principally Seafarers, Railroad Telegraphers, Commercial Telegraphers and Actors' Equity.

³ London, England.

In Table 11 are presented data on the number of women members in all three types of reporting labour organizations in 1962. The table shows that 2,785 out of a total of 7,873 locals had women members numbering 233,249. This figure represents 15.4 per cent of all union members. Of the women members reported for 1962, 111,270 or 47.8 per cent were in 1,214 locals of international unions, 79,203 or 33.8 per cent were in 626 locals of national unions, and 42,776 or 18.4 per cent were in 945 locals of government employees' organizations.

Table 12 shows that men formed the majority in all but 24 unions. In more than half of all unions (88), women members ranged from none to 8.8 per cent. In the six unions in which women comprised 80 per cent or more of all members, their combined numerical strength amounted to 17,498 or 7.5 per cent of the total number of women members. In the 24 unions in which women members formed the majority, their combined numerical strength amounted to 75,322 or 32 per cent of all women members.

On a regional basis, there was considerable variation in the distribution of women members of reporting labour organizations (Tables 13 A, 13 B, 13 C and 13 D). As can be seen, female membership was most highly concentrated in the two provinces of Ontario and Quebec which together accounted for more than two thirds of the total number of women members. Of the 233,249 women members of labour unions in Canada in 1962, 95,140 or 40.8 per cent were in the province of Ontario, and 68,023 or 29.6 per cent were in the province of Quebec. British Columbia came third with 28,024 women members or 12 per cent. However, Saskatchewan was the province with the greatest concentration of women members in terms of the proportion of organized workers. Twenty-two per cent of all organized workers in the province of Saskatchewan was composed of women members.

Labour organizations reporting one thousand or more women members in any one urban centre in 1962 included the following: In Montreal, the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union (AFL-CIO/CLC)—8 locals, 8,561 members; the Tobacco Workers' International Union (AFL-CIO/CLC)—4 locals, 2,091 members; and the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America (AFL-CIO/CLC)—19 locals, 3,666 members; in Toronto, the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America (AFL-CIO/CLC)—9 locals, 1,072 members; and in Regina, The Saskatchewan Civil Service Association—2 locals, 1,287 members. Among other unions with large numbers of women members in Canada were those active in communications, electrical and transportation equipment manufacturing, retail trade, textiles, and various service industries, including the Communication Workers (1,394), Electrical Workers (IBEW) (3,987), Retail Clerks (4,328), and Hotel and Restaurant Employees (3,984).

TABLE 11. Male and Female Membership of Reporting Labour Organizations in Canada, by Type of Union and Locals, 1962

Type	Locals		Membership				
	Total locals	Locals reporting female membership	Male		Female		Total
	number		number	per cent	number	per cent	number
International unions.....	4,420	1,214	884,633	69.2	111,270	47.8	995,903
National unions	1,898	626	258,480	20.2	79,203	33.8	337,683
Government employees' organizations	1,555	945	135,971	10.6	42,776	18.4	178,747
Totals	7,873	2,785	1,279,084	100.0	233,249	100.0	1,512,333

TABLE 12. Reporting Labour Organizations, by Proportion of Women Members, 1962

Percentage of women members	Labour organizations		Women members	
	number	per cent	number	per cent
0 women members	50	29.6	—	—
under 10 per cent	38	22.5	20,667	8.8
10 to 19.9 per cent	18	10.6	27,851	12.0
) " 29.9 "	11	6.5	30,259	13.0
) " 39.9 "	14	8.3	46,678	20.0
) " 49.9 "	14	8.3	32,472	14.0
) " 59.9 "	9	5.3	10,618	4.5
) " 69.9 "	3	1.8	18,083	7.7
) " 79.9 "	6	3.5	29,123	12.5
) " 89.9 "	3	1.8	6,362	2.7
) " 100 "	3	1.8	11,136	4.8
Totals	169	100.0	233,249	100.0

TABLE 13 A. Women Members of International Unions in Canada, by Geographic Area, 1962

Geographic area	Locals			Membership		
	Total	Women members		Total	Women members	Per cent ²
		Number	Per cent ¹			
Newfoundland	78	14	17.9	17,115	526	3.1
Nova Scotia	186	27	14.5	30,323	1,514	5.0
Prince Edward Island	14	2	14.3	857	77	9.0
New Brunswick	171	14	8.2	20,662	1,189	5.7
Quebec	793	200	25.2	191,832	31,169	16.2
Ontario	1,968	705	35.8	471,784	51,889	11.0
Manitoba	244	55	22.5	53,293	5,626	10.6
Saskatchewan	217	46	21.2	27,084	4,286	15.8
Alberta	289	50	17.3	47,648	3,693	7.7
British Columbia	407	96	23.6	127,653	10,097	7.9
More than one province	49	5	10.2	7,519	1,204	16.0
Yukon	4	—	—	133	—	—
Northwest Territories	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals	4,420	1,214	27.5	995,903	111,270	11.2

¹ Per cent of locals reporting women members.

² Per cent women members of total union members.

**TABLE 13 B. Women Members of National Unions in Canada,
by Geographic Area, 1962**

Geographic area	Locals			Membership		
	Total	Women members		Total	Women members	Per cent ²
		Number	Per cent ¹			
Newfoundland	21	7	33.3	2,140	197	9.2
Nova Scotia	94	27	28.7	8,261	943	11.4
Prince Edward Island	13	5	38.5	814	91	11.2
New Brunswick	75	24	32.0	5,531	1,000	18.1
Quebec	677	72	10.6	138,385	33,452	24.2
Ontario	483	223	46.2	88,066	21,907	24.9
Manitoba	58	22	37.9	12,020	2,321	19.3
Saskatchewan	100	47	47.0	10,473	3,209	30.6
Alberta	73	31	42.5	11,117	2,826	25.4
British Columbia	297	167	56.2	44,202	12,639	28.6
More than one province	3	1	33.3	15,683	618	3.9
Yukon	3	—	—	588	—	—
Northwest Territories	1	—	—	403	—	—
Totals	1,898	626	33.0	337,683	79,203	23.5

¹ Per cent of locals reporting women members.

² Per cent women members of total union members.

**TABLE 13 C. Women Members of Government Employees' Organizations in Canada
by Geographic Area, 1962**

Geographic area	Locals			Membership		
	Total	Women members		Total	Women members	Per cent ²
		Number	Per cent ¹			
Newfoundland	40	23	57.5	2,473	261	10.6
Nova Scotia	118	54	45.8	8,734	1,393	15.9
Prince Edward Island	19	8	42.1	762	79	10.4
New Brunswick	86	14	16.3	4,907	904	18.4
Quebec	227	143	63.0	20,167	3,402	16.9
Ontario	588	373	63.4	85,654	21,344	24.9
Manitoba	54	43	79.6	5,472	1,095	20.0
Saskatchewan	89	45	50.6	10,388	3,085	29.7
Alberta	117	95	81.2	17,883	5,662	31.7
British Columbia	195	131	67.2	20,955	5,288	25.2
More than one province	2	2	100.0	55	8	14.5
Yukon	11	8	72.7	637	78	12.2
Northwest Territories	8	5	62.5	498	83	16.7
Other ³	1	1	100.0	162	94	58.0
Totals	1,555	945	60.8	178,747	42,776	23.9

¹ Per cent of locals reporting women members.

² Per cent women members of total union members.

³ London, England.

TABLE 13 D. Women Members of All Reporting Labour Organizations in Canada, by Geographic Area, 1962

Geographic area	Locals			Membership		
	Total	Women members		Total	Women members	Per cent ²
		Number	Per cent ¹			
Newfoundland	139	44	31.7	21,728	984	4.5
Nova Scotia	398	108	27.1	47,318	3,850	8.1
Prince Edward Island	46	15	33.0	2,433	247	10.1
New Brunswick	332	52	15.7	31,100	3,093	9.9
Quebec	1,697	415	24.5	350,384	68,023	19.4
Ontario	3,039	1,301	42.8	645,504	95,140	14.7
Manitoba	356	120	33.7	70,785	9,042	12.8
Saskatchewan	406	138	34.0	47,945	10,580	22.1
Alberta	479	176	36.7	76,648	12,181	15.9
British Columbia	899	394	43.8	192,810	28,024	14.5
More than one province	54	8	20.4	23,257	1,830	7.9
Yukon	18	8	44.4	1,358	78	5.7
Northwest Territories	9	5	55.6	9,901	83	9.2
Other ³	1	1	100.0	162	94	58.0
Totals	7,873	2,785	35.4	1,512,333	233,249	15.4

¹ Per cent of locals reporting women members.

² Per cent women members of total union members.

³ London, England.

Union Members in Federal and Provincial Service

Returns were filed for the 1962 report year by all four central organizations representing federal government employees: (1) the Civil Service Federation of Canada, which filed as the parent body of 85 directly chartered locals, and fifteen affiliated national associations, with a combined membership of 71,049; (2) the Civil Service Association of Canada, composed of 192 local councils and a total membership of 30,573, which was a party to collective bargaining agreements with a number of non-government employers; (3) the Professional Institute of the Civil Service of Canada, with 9,570 members; and (4) the Canadian Postal Employees' Association, with 275 branches and a membership of 10,537, which was affiliated with the Canadian Labour Congress. The Canadian Railway Mail Clerks' Federation, with 601 members, and the Federated Association of Letter Carriers, with a membership of 7,005, were also affiliated with the Canadian Labour Congress as well as the Civil Service Federation of Canada.

Returns were also filed by the following organizations comprised of government employees at the provincial level: (1) The British Columbia Government Employees' Association, with a membership of 8,568; (2) the Civil Service Association of Alberta, with 10,194 members; (3) the Saskatchewan Civil Service Association, with 6,359 members; and (4) the Civil Service Association of Ontario, with 31,897 members. The British Columbia Government Employees' Association was affiliated with the Canadian Labour Congress. The other associations of provincial government employees were not affiliated with any organization.

Trusteeships Reported Under the Act

A total of 7 trusteeships were reported as active in Canada on the last day of the 1962 reporting period for which information was filed, and the trusteeships were imposed by seven different parent labour organizations. Of these, 6 were international unions and the seventh was the Canadian Labour Congress involving in total, 2,829 members.

All of the reporting organizations stipulated, in various degrees of detail, the reasons for establishing and continuing the trusteeships, and these are summarized as follows:

Reasons reported for imposition of trusteeship	Local unions		Name of union imposing trusteeship
	Number	Membership	
The local union was guilty of violating the provisions of the Constitution of the parent organization.	1	1,797	Amalgamated Clothing Workers (AFL-CIO/CLC)
Carrying out the legitimate objects of the labour organization.	1	197	Laundry, Dry Cleaning and Dye House Workers' International Union (Ind.)
To protect and preserve the welfare and interest of the local union as an institution and in order to eliminate violence and disruption of meetings and affairs.	1	596	International Hod Carriers, Building and Common Labourers' Union of America (AFL-CIO/CLC).
To assure orderly processes and to fully protect the interests of the membership during an attempted raid by a competing union.	1	6	International Chemical Workers' Union.
Assuring the performance of collective-bargaining duties.	1	230	International Union of Operating Engineers (AFL-CIO).
Pursuing the legitimate objects of the labour organization.	1	1	United Steelworkers of America (AFL-CIO/CLC).
The reason for the trusteeship was that the affairs of the local were being administered by the Congress, as a protective measure in view of the size of the union.	1	2	Canadian Labour Congress

Trusteeship may be defined as any method of supervision or control whereby a parent labour organization suspends the autonomy otherwise available to a subordinate body under its constitution or by-laws. The use of the trusteeship device by labour organizations to discipline a local union or other subordinate body by appointing a trustee (or receiver, supervisor, administrator, or representative) to assume control over its affairs is a grant of power specifically authorized in many union constitutions; however, the public disclosure of information comparable to that required under Section 9(a) (vii) of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act was not required prior to the enactment of the statute, and, consequently, there is in existence no information on trusteeships for previous years.

Quite often, union constitutions define the reasons for establishing a trusteeship, listing, among other offences, failure to comply with union directives, violation of union rules, dishonesty or incompetency in the affairs of local unions, membership indifference, and the threat of secession movements. Under the provisions of a number of constitutions, a trusteeship cannot be imposed unless the local union's charter has first been suspended or the local's officers have been removed from office. In most constitutions, the final authority to appoint a trustee of the affairs of a local union is vested in the general executive board (or other governing agencies of the parent organizations). Although the formal language of many trustee clauses indicate that such action was adopted as an

emergency measure, few constitutions are specific as to when or under what conditions the emergency is to terminate and self-government is to be restored. The possibility of appeal of a trusteeship action is open to virtually all trustee local unions. Frequently, the final appeal board is the union convention. The three principal due-process safeguards to the local under trusteeship—hearing, appeal, and automatic termination—are present in a majority of constitutions in various combinations. In most constitutions, a local union is entitled to either a hearing and an appeal or to an appeal only.

Following the enactment in the United States of the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959, changes were introduced into the constitutions of several international unions, presumably designed to conform to the requirements of the legislation as interpreted by the unions, and a number of developments suggest that flowing from these reforms has been a realignment of the nature and degree of control exercised by international unions over their subordinate bodies in Canada.

The Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act requires every labour organization which assumes supervisory control over a subordinate body to file a report with the Secretary of Labor within 30 days after assuming such control, and semi-annually hereafter. Such report must include, among other things, the reasons for the trusteeship and a complete account of the financial conditions of the subordinate union. The Act provides that a union may assume trusteeship over a subordinate body only when the purpose is to correct corruption or financial malpractice, assume performance of a collective bargaining agreement or other duties of a bargaining representative, restore democratic procedures, or otherwise carry out legitimate objects. It prohibits a union assuming trusteeship from transferring funds of a trustee organization to itself except for normal per capita tax and assessments which are payable by organizations not in trusteeship. The Act prohibits the counting of votes of delegates of trustee locals in union elections, unless the delegates are elected by secret ballot of the members of the trustee locals. A further statutory requirement is that trusteeships must be established and administered only in accordance with the constitution and by-laws of the parent organization.

Within the context of this report, it is pertinent to note that the trusteeship is one of the most effective devices available to a parent labour organization for exercising control over its affiliated subordinate bodies. The inherent authority of a labour organization to invoke such action over its subordinate bodies has long been recognized and accepted as an effective means of maintaining the security and integrity of the union. Local unions are chartered by the parent organizations, and the principle is well established that the parent organization shall have the power to discipline, or even expel from membership, recalcitrant subordinate bodies. It is implicit that subordinate bodies should operate and function in conformity with the governing laws and philosophy of parent organizations, and that locals and branches should adopt by-laws consistent with the objectives, principles, and procedures of the parent organization.

Collective Bargaining Agreements

The Act requires that each reporting union supply the name and address of each employer or association of employers resident in Canada, with which the union had a collective agreement. In 1962, reporting labour organizations supplied the names of 5,697 employers with which collective agreements had been signed. However in some cases, an employer can have more than one collective agreement with a union and can have a joint agreement with more than one union. Therefore this number, 5,697, does not reflect precisely the number of collective agreements between reporting unions and employers, but for the most part, the information supplied by reporting labour organizations would reflect one agreement with each employer. A number of unions do not negotiate collective agreements directly, but such negotiations are carried out by the local union and in these cases the local union is the party to the collective agreement and therefore such agreements are not within the scope of this Act.

The labour organizations reporting the largest number of collective agreements were industrial unions, for the most part former CIO affiliates. Of the 68 unions not holding any collective agreements, 21 were made up of government employees. Members of government organizations are, with rare exceptions, not covered by collective bargaining agreements. As recorded in the table, only two organizations composed of federal and provincial government employees were reported as holding collective agreements in 1962. Almost two thirds of the agreements were held by 16 unions, 12 of which were international, each negotiating at least 100 agreements. Three quarters of the reporting labour organizations (123) either had no collective agreements (68) or had less than 25 agreements (55).

It must be emphasized that respondents were required only to report collective agreements, signed, co-signed, or approved and endorsed, by the parent labour organizations or their international, national or district representatives, and to omit collective agreements concluded exclusively between the locals or branches of labour organizations and employers. Respondents were not required to report the number of members covered by collective bargaining agreements, and the Act did not require copies of collective agreements to be filed with the Dominion Statistician.

The regional distribution of collective bargaining agreements between reporting labour organizations and employers, or associations of employers, resident in Canada in 1962 was highly concentrated in the two major provinces of Ontario and Quebec, which together accounted for almost two thirds of the total collective agreements reported. As already noted, the predominance of these two provinces in the labour movement appears to stem mostly from their large population for they are not the most highly unionized regions in Canada.

TABLE 14. Distribution of Reporting Labour Organizations, by Number of Collective Bargaining Agreements in Canada, 1962

Number of employers and associations of employers	International unions				National unions				All unions			
	No.	Per cent	Collective agreements		No.	Per cent	Collective agreements		No.	Per cent	Collective agreements	
			No.	Per cent			No.	Per cent			No.	Per cent
No collective bargaining agreements	32	33.7	—	—	15	29.4	—	—	68 ¹	40.2	—	—
Less than 25 agreements ..	30	31.6	313	7.3	23	45.1	194	13.6	55 ²	32.5	507	8.9
25 to 49 agreements	13	13.7	490	11.5	4	7.8	121	8.5	17	10.1	611	10.7
50 " 99 "	8	8.4	614	14.4	5	9.8	288	20.2	13	7.7	902	15.8
100 " 199 "	5	5.3	723	16.9	3	5.9	376	26.3	8	4.7	1,099	19.7
200 " 299 "	5	5.3	1,269	29.7	—	—	—	—	5	3.0	1,269	22.8
300 " 399 "	1	1.0	340	8.0	—	—	—	—	1	0.6	340	6.0
400 " 499 "	—	—	—	—	1	2.0	448	31.4	1	0.6	448	7.9
500 and over	1	1.0	521	12.2	—	—	—	—	1	0.6	521	9.7
Totals	95	100.0	4,270	100.0	51	100.0	1,427	100.0	169	100.0	5,697	100.0

¹ Includes 21 government employee associations.

² Includes 2 government employee associations with 8 agreements.

3. UNION FINANCIAL STATISTICS

The statistics in this part of the report have been compiled from union financial statements filed in compliance with the reporting requirements of the Act and Schedules A and B of the regulations. These statements include the assets and liabilities of the reporting unions, including certain specified assets in Canadian dollars and Canadian securities; income and expenditure for the reporting period, including income from members resident in Canada; and specified payments to residents in Canada for salaries and wages, strike benefits and welfare payments. In addition to these statements, unions having their headquarters outside Canada must provide a detailed statement of dues, initiation fees, per capita taxes and assessments paid by members in Canada.

The data presented in the tables do not provide complete information on labour union financial affairs. The reporting provisions of the Act apply to parent labour organizations only, and the financial statements required by the Act will reflect only the financial transactions within the authority of parent organizations. Local unions or branches of parent organizations are not required to report under the Act and as local union financial accounts are not consolidated with those of the headquarters, financial affairs of local unions are not reflected in the statistics in this report. In some cases, less than 20 per cent of an individual member's dues will go to the headquarters of the union, while the remaining 80 per cent will be received and ultimately disbursed by the local or branch of which he is a member. Consequently, the financial statements required by the Act and presented in this report do not reflect total financial transactions of labour unions.

As locals or branches constitute the foundation upon which labour organizations are constructed, the basic principle in their relationship is that locals receive certain services from their parent organizations in return for the payment of a per capita tax. These services include assistance of organizers and research specialists and, in particular, assistance in collective bargaining and grievance procedures; publications beneficial to the locals and their members; educational programmes sponsored and financed by the parent organizations; legal advice; drafting of constitutions; and exercising a discretion in the pursuit of collective bargaining goals and in the matter of strike action. The money, which is assignable to these services are immeasurable, inasmuch as, in many respects, they are not reducible to simple monetary terms. Therefore, in developing the financial reporting forms, cognizance was taken of the fact that financial reporting by international unions should be restricted to direct expenditure. Another factor that had to be taken into consideration was that international unions, for the most part, did not maintain separate financial records relating to their Canadian transactions.

The regulations to the Act prescribed a standard balance sheet and income and expenditure statement designed to elicit from international unions available financial data relating to the Canadian side of their operations and in addition union officials were invited to furnish, voluntarily, any supplementary information which they felt would provide a more balanced picture of the operations of international unions in Canada. Of the fifty-seven international unions took advantage of the invitation to furnish supplementary information, on a voluntary basis, concerning their operations in Canada and the estimated costs of the various services to their locals in Canada. However, because of the incompleteness of the information supplied and the indeterminate basis used for apportionment, this information is not included in this report.

In Table 15 are presented data on assets and liabilities of all three types of labour organizations covered by the legislation for fiscal years ending in 1962: namely international unions, national unions and organizations composed of government employees. For that year, assets of all reporting labour organizations totalled \$822,646,000, distributed as follows: international unions, \$814,010,000, national unions, \$6,925,000, and government employees' organizations, \$1,710,000. In fiscal years ending in 1962, total liabilities of reporting organizations stood at \$147,040,000, distributed as follows: inter-

TABLE 15. Assets and Liabilities of Reporting Labour Organizations, 1962

	International unions (total operations)		National unions		Government employees' organizations		Total	
	\$'000	per cent	\$'000	per cent	\$'000	per cent	\$'000	per cent
Assets								
1. Cash on hand and on deposit:								
(a) In Canadian currencies	8, 141	1.0	1, 987	28.7	429	25.1	10, 557	1.3
(b) In other currencies	130, 871	16.1	—	—	—	—	130, 871	15.9
2. Accounts receivable	6, 781	0.8	379	5.5	219	12.8	7, 379	0.9
3. Investments and advances:								
(a) Government of Canada	17, 346	2.1	1, 261	18.2	128	7.5	18, 735	2.3
(b) Canadian provinces and municipalities	14, 574	1.8	255	3.7	255	14.9	15, 084	1.8
(c) Corporations in Canada:								
(i) Bonds and debentures	2, 319	0.3	80	1.2	25	1.5	2, 425	0.3
(ii) Stocks	683	0.1	134	1.9	12	0.7	828	0.1
(d) Direct and guaranteed debt of governments outside Canada	335, 161	41.2	—	—	—	—	335, 161	40.7
(e) Mortgages	123, 254	15.2	119	1.7	1	—	123, 373	15.0
(f) All other investments and advances	77, 412	9.5	576	8.3	183	11.0	78, 176	9.5
4. Land, buildings and equipment (net of depreciation)	80, 911	9.9	1, 949	28.1	356	20.8	83, 217	10.1
5. Other assets	16, 557	2.0	185	2.7	97	5.7	16, 840	2.1
6. Total assets (Items 1 to 5)	814, 010	100.0	6, 925	100.0	1, 710	100.0	822, 646	100.0
Liabilities								
7. Accounts payable	5, 766	4.0	561	41.9	110	26.9	6, 437	4.4
8. Loans payable	16, 976	11.7	450	33.6	5	1.2	17, 431	11.8
9. Mortgages payable	4, 313	2.9	86	6.4	19	4.7	4, 419	3.0
10. Other liabilities	118, 235	81.4	242	18.1	275	67.2	118, 753	80.8
11. Total liabilities (Items 7 to 10)	145, 290	100.0	1, 339	100.0	409	100.0	147, 040	100.0
12. Net worth (Items 6 minus 11)	668, 720		5, 586		1, 301		675, 606	

	International unions (total operations)		National unions		Government employees' organizations		Total	
	\$'000	per cent	\$'000	per cent	\$'000	per cent	\$'000	per cent
Income								
1. Net dues and assessments:								
(a) From Canadian members	22,123	5.6	7,042	91.4	1,845	96.5	31,010	7.6
(b) From other members	324,156	81.8	—	—	—	—	324,156	79.9
2. Interest	19,831	5.0	90	1.1	26	1.4	19,946	4.9
3. Dividends	2,886	0.7	6	0.1	1	0.1	2,893	0.7
4. Rents	3,496	0.9	67	0.9	6	0.3	3,570	0.9
5. Other income	23,843	6.0	502	6.5	33	1.7	24,378	6.0
6. Total income (Items 1 to 5)	396,335	100.0	7,707	100.0	1,911	100.0	405,953	100.0
Expenditures								
7. Gross salaries, wages and other remuneration:								
(a) Of officers and employees in Canada	7,677	2.1	2,873	37.8	700	38.7	11,250	3.0
(b) Of other officers and employees	112,403	30.8	—	—	—	—	112,403	30.0
8. Office and administrative expenditure	44,162	12.1	2,031	26.7	584	32.2	46,777	12.5
9. Professional fees and expenses	7,297	2.0	268	3.5	23	1.3	7,588	2.0
10. Strike benefit expenditure:								
(a) To members and locals in Canada	2,575	0.7	305	4.0	—	—	2,880	0.8
(b) To others	26,792	7.3	—	—	—	—	26,792	7.2
11. Pension and welfare benefits paid by union:								
(a) To beneficiaries in Canada	2,360	0.7	38	0.5	6	0.3	2,404	0.6
(b) To other beneficiaries	51,004	14.0	—	—	—	—	51,004	13.6
12. Contributions to pension and welfare plans administered by entities separate from unions	15,980	4.4	376	4.9	22	1.2	16,378	4.4
13. Depreciation on fixed assets	2,169	0.6	51	0.7	22	1.2	2,242	0.6
14. Other expenditure	92,444	25.3	1,665	21.9	454	25.1	94,563	25.3
15. Total expenditures (Items 7 to 14)	364,863	100.0	7,607	100.0	1,811	100.0	374,281	100.0
16. Net income (Items 6 minus 15)	31,472 ¹		100 ²		100 ³		31,672	

¹ 38 international unions reported a net loss accumulating to \$11,238,959 for this period.

² 13 national unions reported a net loss accumulating to \$557,319 for this period.

³ 8 Government employees' organizations reported a net loss accumulating to \$86,790 for this period.

national unions, \$145,290,000; national unions, \$1,339,000 and government employees' organizations accounted for \$409,000. The overall net worth of all reporting labour organizations at the end of fiscal 1962 was \$675,606,000, distributed as follows: international unions, \$668,720,000; national unions, \$5,586,000; and government employees' organizations, \$1,301,000.

Investments, amounting to \$570,749,000, constituted 70.2 per cent of the total assets of reporting international unions in 1962. In that year, \$34,922,000 or 4.3 per cent of the total assets held by international unions in 1962, was composed of investments in Canada, as follows: Government of Canada securities, \$17,346,000 or 49.7 per cent of the total investments in Canada by international unions, Canadian provincial and municipal securities, \$14,574,000 or 41.7 per cent of the total investments in Canada by international unions, and bonds and stocks of resident corporations, \$3,002,000 or 8.6 per cent of the total investments in Canada by international unions. Cash assets in Canadian currency, amounting to \$8,141,000, represent 18.9 per cent of all the identifiable assets maintained in Canada by the international labour organizations reporting. Canadian government securities held by international unions in Canada are recorded at par or exchange; frequently the proceeds from the disposition of securities and the interest received are used to pay operating expenses in Canada or to acquire additional Canadian securities.

As will be seen from the table, accounts receivable, mainly comprised of amounts owing by affiliated locals and intermediate labour bodies and advances for travel and organizing expenses, amounted to \$6,781,000 or 0.8 per cent of the total assets of international unions, and fixed assets (land, building and equipment) valued at \$80,911,000 accounted for 9.9 per cent of total assets. The financial statements do not show a breakdown of these assets into United States and Canadian components, although the indications are that the value of such assets in Canada held in the name of international unions was almost negligible. Union property in Canada is usually owned and occupied by the locals of parent international unions. Such items as office equipment and furniture and automobiles used by officers and employees of international unions in Canada are not recorded as separate items in the financial statements of international unions.

Local unions or branches and other subordinate bodies of parent labour organizations do not qualify as reporting units within the meaning of the Corporations and Labour Union Returns Act. Therefore the financial data presented on assets in Canada refer solely to assets held in the name of a parent international or national union, as distinct from assets that may be held in the name of a local or branch, or other auxiliary organization, for or on behalf of a parent labour union. Implicit in this aspect of union financial relations is the principle that the union members, through their basic unit of organization—the local—are the real owners of the funds and property of unions and constitute the authority entitled to exercise control over transactions involving money and property.

As may be seen from Table 15, investments represented the major proportion of the assets of both national unions and government employees' organizations in 1962. Investments by national unions amounted to \$2,425,000, representing 35.0 per cent of total assets; while investments by government employees' organizations amounted to \$609,000, representing 35.6 per cent of total assets.

Amounts reported in the cash assets category constituted more than one quarter (28.7%) of the total assets of national unions and about one quarter (25.1%) of the total assets of government employees' organizations; and the cash and investments, taken together, accounted for nearly two thirds (63.7%) of the total assets of national unions and 60.7 per cent of the total assets of government employees' organizations.

As shown in Table 16, the total income reported by all 169 labour unions which filed returns under the Act for fiscal years ending in 1962, amounted to \$405,953,000 distributed as follows: international unions, \$396,335,000, national unions, \$7,707,000

and government employees' organizations, \$1,911,000. Total expenditures reported for 1962 amounted to \$374,281,000, distributed as follows: international unions, \$364,863,000; national unions, \$7,607,000 and government employees' organizations, \$1,811,000.

Total net income realized amounted to \$31,672,000, distributed as follows: international unions, \$31,472,000; national unions, \$100,000; and government employees' organizations, \$100,000. As indicated in the footnote to the table, 38 international unions of the 169 labour organizations reporting showed a net loss of \$11,238,959, representing 4.6 per cent of the total net loss sustained by all reporting unions; 13 national unions reported a net loss of \$557,319, or 4.7 per cent of the total net loss; and 8 government employees' organizations sustained a net loss of \$86,790, or 0.7 per cent of the total net loss of all 59 unions involved.

As shown in the table, dues and assessments totalling \$355,166,000 and representing 7.5 per cent of their total income, constituted the major source of revenue for all three types of reporting labour organizations in 1962. These were distributed as follows: international unions, \$346,279,000, representing 87.4 per cent of total income; national unions, \$42,000, representing 91.4 per cent of total income; and government employees' organizations, \$1,845,000, representing 96.5 per cent of total income.

Income of international unions included \$22,123,000 or 5.6 per cent of the total income of international unions, that was received as dues and assessments levied on Canadian members.

Other sources of income, aggregating \$50,787,000 or 12.5 per cent of the total income, were composed of interest, dividends, rents and other income. Other income included 6 per cent of the total income of international unions, 6.5 per cent of the total income of national unions and 1.7 per cent of the total income of government employees' organizations. Interest earnings by international unions in 1962, representing 5 per cent of their total income amounted to \$19,831,000. Expenditures incurred by reporting labour organizations in 1962 are also illustrated in Table 16. The largest expenditures incurred by internationals were for salaries of officers and employees outside Canada, which amounted to \$112,403,000; other expenditures, which accounted for \$92,444,000; office and administrative expenditures, \$44,162,000; pension and welfare benefits paid to beneficiaries outside Canada, \$51,004,000; and strike benefit expenditures outside Canada, \$3,792,000.

The tables present three selected expenditures incurred by internationals on behalf of their membership in Canada: (a) salaries, wages and other remunerations of officers and employees resident in Canada; (b) strike payments to employees and locals in Canada; and (c) pension and welfare payments to residents in Canada. As illustrated in the table, the total of these three selected items amounted to \$12,612,000, or 3.5 per cent of the total expenditure of internationals, distributed as follows: salaries, wages and other remunerations in Canada, \$7,677,000, representing 60.9 per cent of the total expenditure under these three selected items and 2.1 per cent of the total expenditure of internationals; strike benefit expenditure in Canada, \$2,575,000, representing 20.4 per cent of total selected expenditures in Canada and 0.7 per cent of the total expenditure of internationals, and pension and welfare benefit payments in Canada, \$2,360,061, representing 18.7 per cent of total selected expenditures in Canada and 0.7 per cent of the total expenditure incurred by internationals.

As illustrated in the table, salaries of officers and employees ranked as the highest component of expenditure of both national unions and government employees' organizations in 1962, amounting to \$2,873,000 or 37.8 per cent of the total expenditure of national unions and \$700,000 or 38.7 per cent of the total expenditure of government employees' organizations. Office and administrative expenditures, amounting to \$2,031,000 or 26.7 per cent in the case of nationals, and \$584,000 or 32.3 per cent in the case of government employees' organizations, came next. These were followed closely by the "other expend-

iture" category, recorded as \$1,665,000 or 21.9 per cent for national unions, and \$454,000 or 25.1 per cent of total expenditures for government employees' organizations. Other expenditures ranged from less than 1 per cent for pension and welfare benefit payments and depreciation on fixed assets to 4.9 per cent for contributions to pension and welfare plans, in the case of national unions, and from less than 1 per cent for pension welfare benefit payments to 1.3 per cent for professional fees and expenses, in the case of government employees' organizations. Strike benefit disbursements by national unions amounted to \$305,000 or 4 per cent of total expenditure incurred in 1962.

**TABLE 17. Net Dues and Assessments¹ Levied by Reporting
International Labour Organizations,
by Category, 1962**

	Number of unions	Total amount ¹ received from Canadian members	Percentage distribution
		\$'000	per cent
1. Initiation fees	78	484	2.3
2. Members dues per capita	95	18,061	81.6
3. Health and welfare benefits	5	1,463	6.6
4. Death benefit assessments	12	519	2.3
5. Strike benefit assessments	24	1,512	6.8
6. Fines	5	2	
7. Work permits	5	48	0.4
8. Other assessments ²	14	34	
Total union income from dues and assessments		22,123	100.0

¹ "Net dues and assessments" means amounts received or receivable from members of the union (including all persons paying dues or amounts in lieu thereof whether or not they are members of any local or branch of the union) directly or indirectly on account of initiation fees, dues per capita, assessments, fines and work permits, but does not include any amounts received or receivable for transmission to locals or branches of the union as per capita refunds, or to pension and welfare plans administered by entities separate from the union as members' contributions to such pension and welfare plans.

² This item was not requested on the reporting forms but was included by 14 unions.

In Table 17 have been tabulated the fees, taxes and assessments that are customarily levied by international unions: initiation fees, per capita taxes (members dues per capita), health, welfare and death benefit assessments, strike benefit assessments, fines, and work permit fees. In addition, other dues and assessments voluntarily furnished by respondents, such as transfer fees, are included. Transfer fees are single-time payments and are levied by some locals when a member transfers from one local to another in the same international.

The dues-paying arrangements between labour organizations and members may vary from one union to another. The preponderant practice is that dues are paid to locals which remit a per capita tax to the parent union; however, in some cases, dues are paid by members to their international unions which, in turn, remit a specified amount to the local unions. Almost general application of the latter practice is favoured by affiliated unions of the former Congress of Industrial Organizations.

Work permits are utilized when demands are made on unions for workers during periods of temporary shortage or abnormal demand. The union grants permits to non-members to work at jobs normally filled by union workers and, in this regard, it charges work permit fee. It is also customary in some instances to charge a permit fee to a member of another local of the same international pending conclusion of arrangements for membership transfer to the charging local, as well as to charge permit fees to members of other locals desiring to work temporarily in the jurisdiction of the charging local but who are unwilling to transfer their membership. Work permit fees, like per capita taxes, are customarily collected on a periodic basis. Initiation fees, like transfer fees, are single-time payments and are required from persons seeking admission to a union.

Table 17 shows that per capita taxes (members dues per capita) accounted for 81.6 per cent of total dues and assessments, strike benefit assessments, amounting to 6.8 per cent, came next, followed closely by health and welfare assessments, amounting to 6.6 per cent. Initiation fees and death benefit assessments each accounted for 2.3 per cent, while fines, work permits and "other assessments", taken together, amounted to 0.4 per cent of the total dues and assessments collected.

Table 19 presents assets of reporting labour organizations held in Canadian dollars in securities of Canadian governments or corporations resident in Canada. International unions own the predominant value of Canadian assets reported by unions, ranging from 1.1 per cent in the cash asset category to 92.1 per cent of assets composed of government securities.

In Table 20 are tabulated selected financial statistics by type of reporting labour organization and dollar-size groups that fall within the wide range of data that help to give perspective on the magnitude of the operations of both national and international unions in Canada.

TABLE 18. Selected Income and Expenditures of Reporting International Labour Organizations, 1962

	Received from Canada (1)	Received outside Canada (2)	Total (3)	Per cent (1) of (3) (4)
	\$'000			
A. Income				
Net dues and assessments	22,123	324,156	346,279	6.4
	Paid in Canada (5)	Paid outside Canada (6)	Total (7)	Per cent (5) of (7) (8)
	\$'000			
B. Selected expenditure¹				
Salaries, wages, and other remuneration	7,677	112,403	120,080	6.4
Strike benefits	2,575	26,792	29,367	8.8
Pension and welfare benefits	2,360	51,004	53,364	4.4
Totals	12,612	190,199	202,811	6.2

¹ As these expenditures are incomplete, they should not be compared with net dues and assessments.

TABLE 19. Selected Financial Data¹ or Reporting Labour Organizations, 1962

	International unions		National unions		Government employees' organizations		Total	
	\$'000	per cent	\$'000	per cent	\$'000	per cent	\$'000	per cent
1. Assets:								
(a) Cash on hand and on deposit in Canadian currency	8, 141	77. 1	1, 987	18. 8	429	4. 1	10, 557	100. 0
(b) Direct and guaranteed debt of the Government of Canada	17, 346	92. 6	1, 261	6. 7	128	0. 7	18, 735	100. 0
(c) Direct and guaranteed debt of Canadian provinces and municipalities	14, 574	96. 6	255	1. 7	255	1. 7	15, 084	100. 0
(d) Bonds and debentures issued by corporations resident in Canada	2, 319	95. 7	80	3. 3	25	1. 0	2, 425	100. 0
(e) Stocks issued by corporations resident in Canada	683	82. 4	134	16. 2	12	1. 4	828	100. 0
2. Income on account of net dues and assessments paid by or credited to residents in Canada	22, 123	71. 3	7, 042	22. 7	1, 845	6. 0	31, 010	100. 0
3. Expenditure:								
(a) Gross salaries, wages and other remuneration of officers and employees resident in Canada	7, 677	68. 3	2, 873	25. 5	700	6. 2	11, 250	100. 0
(b) Strike benefit expenditures to members resident in Canada and locals and branches in Canada	2, 575	89. 4	305	10. 6	—	—	2, 880	100. 0
(c) Pension and welfare benefits paid by the union to beneficiaries resident in Canada	2, 360	98. 2	38	1. 6	6	0. 2	2, 404	100. 0

Size of item	International unions (Canadian operations)		National unions		Government employees associations		Total	
	number	\$'000	number	\$'000	number	\$'000	number	\$'000
Cash on hand and on deposit in Canadian currency:								
Under \$25,000	39	284	34	324	17	103	90	711
\$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999	16	584	3	90	3	116	22	790
50,000 " 99,999	15	990	7	437	3	210	25	1,637
100,000 " 199,999	14	2,086	6	1,136	—	—	20	3,222
200,000 " 299,999	4	1,050	1	1	—	—	5	1,050
300,000 " 499,999	4	1,518	—	—	—	—	4	1,518
500,000 and over	3	1,629	—	—	—	—	3	1,629
Totals	95	8,141	51	1,987	23	429	169	10,537
Investments in Canada:								
Under \$25,000	49	62	43	69	18	47	110	178
\$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999	7	274	3	122	2	373	12	769
50,000 " 99,999	5	328	3	1,539	1	1	9	1,867
100,000 " 199,999	5	682	—	—	2	—	7	682
200,000 " 299,999	4	918	—	—	—	—	4	918
300,000 " 499,999	8	3,155	1	1	—	—	9	3,155
500,000 " 999,999	6	4,948	1	1	—	—	7	4,948
1,000,000 and over	11	24,555	—	—	—	—	11	24,555
Totals	95	34,922	51	1,730	23	420		37,072
Dues and assessments from residents in Canada:								
Under \$25,000	17	162	17	165	8	172	42	499
\$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999	13	487	13	447	2	(1)	28	934
50,000 " 99,999	14	925	6	435	6	461	26	1,821
100,000 " 199,999	17	2,489	6	903	5	1,212	28	4,604
200,000 " 299,999	13	3,179	4	978	2	—	19	4,157
300,000 " 499,999	11	3,850	2	845	—	—	13	4,695
500,000 " 999,999	6	4,594	1	889	—	—	7	5,483
1,000,000 and over	4	6,437	2	2,380	—	—	6	8,817
Totals	95	22,123	51	7,042	23	1,845	169	31,010

¹ Included in previous size group.

TABLE 20. Selected Financial Data of Reporting Labour Organizations, 1962 - Concluded

Size of item	International unions (Canadian operations)		National unions		Government employee associations		Total	
	number	\$'000	number	\$'000	number	\$'000	number	\$'000
Salaries and wages paid to residents in Canada:								
Under \$25,000	43	352	37	409	14	155	94	916
\$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999	17	650	4	158	4	138	25	946
50,000 " 99,999	15	1,060	3	218	4	407	22	1,685
100,000 " 199,999	12	1,773	3	737	1	1	16	2,510
200,000 " 299,999	5	1,309	1	1	-	-	6	1,309
300,000 and over	3	2,533	3	1,351	-	-	6	3,884
Totals	95	7,677	51	2,873	23	700	169	11,250
Strike benefits paid to members in Canada:								
Under \$25,000	83	112	50	305	-	-	133	417
\$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999	3	120	-	-	-	-	3	120
50,000 " 99,999	4	562	-	-	-	-	4	562
100,000 " 199,999	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
200,000 " 299,999	1	1	1	1	-	-	2	-
300,000 and over	3	1,781	-	-	-	-	3	1,781
Totals	95	2,575	51	305	-	-	146	2,880
Health and welfare benefits to residents in Canada:								
Under \$25,000	82	267	51	38	23	6	156	311
\$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999	2	(1)	-	-	-	-	2	-
50,000 " 99,999	4	283	-	-	-	-	4	283
100,000 " 199,999	5	1,810	-	-	-	-	5	1,810
200,000 and over	2	1	-	-	-	-	2	-
Totals	95	2,360	51	38	23	6	169	2,404

¹ Included in previous size group.

PART III

GENERAL

Section A of the
Annual Return of **CORPORATIONS**
required under Part I of the

CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

(Chap. 26 of the Statutes of Canada, 1962)

to the Dominion Statistician, Ottawa, Canada

for the fiscal year ending _____ 19 ____

1. Corporate name as shown in Act or instrument of incorporation 	2. Nature of business
3. (a) Postal address of head office of corporation Street & No. _____ City _____ Prov. or State _____ Country _____	3. (b) If address given in 3.(a) is outside Canada, see footnote¹. Street & No. _____ City _____ Prov. or State _____ Country _____
4. Manner of incorporation <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 60%;"> <p>A. In Canada</p> <p>By letters patent <input type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>By memorandum of association <input type="checkbox"/> or Public <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>By special Act <input type="checkbox"/> or Not classified as private or public <input type="checkbox"/></p> </div> <div style="width: 35%;"> <p>Date of incorporation _____</p> <p>Place of incorporation _____</p> </div> </div> <p>B. Outside Canada</p> <p>Please specify manner of incorporation _____</p>	

5. Directors of reporting corporation as of the last day of the fiscal year		Citizenship or Nationality of individual Directors
Name	Postal address of residence	

6. Officers ² of reporting corporation as of the last day of the fiscal year who were resident in Canada			Citizenship or Nationality
Name	Position held	Postal address of residence	

¹ If the reporting corporation is not resident in Canada, give the address of its principal place of business in Canada or place to which communications for the purposes of this Act may be directed.

² Officers of the corporation include: Chairman of the Board, President, Vice-Presidents, Secretary, Assistant Secretary, Comptroller, Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer, and any other person designated an officer in the by-laws of the reporting corporation.

179)

Classes of share capital

CAPITAL DEBT OF REPORTING CORPORATION

14. List all classes of debentures including bonds and other forms of capital debt indicating amount of each class issued and outstanding at end of fiscal year, and the amount of each class offered for public subscription in Canada during the five year period ending on the last day of the fiscal year covered by this return.

Check here if not applicable¹

¹ This part is not applicable in the case of a corporation incorporated by or under an Act or instrument by the terms of which any invitation to the public to subscribe for its debentures or bonds was prohibited.

CERTIFICATION

This return may be signed by either:

- (a) President or a Vice-President of this corporation and the Secretary or Treasurer,
or
(b) Any one of the above officers and a director.

We

certify that Sections A and B of this return and all accompanying schedules and lists (enclosed) have been examined by us and are true, correct and complete.

Date _____ Signature _____ Title _____

Date _____ Signature _____ Title _____

Section B of the
Annual Return of **CORPORATIONS**
required under Part I of the

CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

(Chap. 26 of the Statutes of Canada, 1962)

to the Dominion Statistician, Ottawa, Canada

for the fiscal year ending _____ 19__

Documents and Information Required

Please indicate below
with a check mark
that you have attached
the information specified

1. The financial statement for a reporting period of a corporation shall consist of:

- (a) A balance sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the corporation, made up as of the last day of the reporting period ☐
- (b) A statement of income and expenditure for the reporting period ☐
- (c) A statement of surplus, made up as of the last day of the reporting period ☐

This financial statement is to be set out in the same form and containing the same particulars and other information as the financial statements that are required to be attached to the T2 form required to be filed by the corporation for that period in accordance with the provisions of the *Income Tax Act*, or that would be so required to be attached if the corporation were required to file a T2 form for that period in accordance with the provisions of the *Income Tax Act*.

2. There shall be attached to the financial statement referred to in 1, above, for a reporting period of a corporation, schedules or lists showing in detail the following:

- (a) Reconciliation of net income per financial statements with taxable income ☐
- (b) Continuity of fixed assets and computations of capital cost allowance claimed ☐
- (c) Dividends received, indicating whether taxable or non-taxable ☐
- (d) Cost of sales ☐

These schedules or lists are to be set out in the same form and containing the same particulars and other information as the schedules or lists that are required to be attached to the T2 form required to be filed by the corporation for that period in accordance with the provisions of the *Income Tax Act*, or that would be so required to be attached if the corporation were required to file a T2 form for that period in accordance with the provisions of the *Income Tax Act*.

3. Every corporation must also report such statements, other than as described in 1 and 2, above, that relate to the financial position of the corporation for the reporting period as are required by the by-laws of the corporation, or by the terms of the Act or instrument by or under which the corporation was incorporated, to be laid or placed before any annual meeting of shareholders of the corporation held before the day on which the return required by Part I of the Act for that reporting period is filed by the corporation with the Dominion Statistician ☐

4. An auditor's report, signed by the auditor by whom the report was made, is required for all statements submitted under 1, 2 and 3, above ☐

5. A statement of payments to non-residents as described on the reverse side of this sheet ☐

(See other side)

STATEMENT OF PAYMENTS TO NON-RESIDENTS

Not applicable in the case of a corporation that was not at any time in the reporting period resident in Canada. Check if this was the case..... ☐

Gross amounts paid or credited to persons (including corporations) not resident in Canada on account of each of the following during the fiscal year covered by this return:	Gross amount including any tax withheld (If not in Canadian dollars, specify currency)
(a) Dividends	
(b) Interest, classify by type of obligation and by currency in which payable, such as:	
(i) Debentures and bonds	
(ii) Bank loans	
(iii) Other (specify)	
(c) Rent on real property in Canada	
(d) Rent on equipment used in connection with the business carried on by the corporation in Canada	
(e) Royalties and similar payments:	
(i) Copyrights	
(ii) Patents of invention	
(iii) Industrial designs	
(iv) Trade marks and trade names	
(v) All other	
(f) Payments for production, distribution and sales franchises and similar rights:	
(i) For the exercise of such rights or franchises in Canada	
(ii) For the exercise of such rights or franchises in the United States	
(iii) For the exercise of such rights or franchises in the United Kingdom	
(iv) For the exercise of such rights or franchises elsewhere (specify territorial area)	
(g) Payments for advertising and sales promotion, including institutional advertising and promotion of goodwill	
(h) Payments for or in respect of scientific research, including facilities and equipment for scientific research	
(i) Payments for or in respect of product and process development research not included in (h)	
(j) Premiums and other charges for or in respect of insurance	
(k) Management and administration fees and charges	
(l) Salaries, fees and other remuneration to officers and directors	
(m) Annuities, pensions and similar payments to or in respect of:	
(i) Officers and directors, including former officers and directors	
(ii) Persons holding more than five percent of the total number of issued shares of the corporation or of the total number of issued shares of any class other as reported under (i) above	
(n) Fees and charges for professional services:	
(i) Engineering services	
(ii) Architectural services	
(iii) Legal services	
(iv) Accounting services	
(v) Auditing services	
(o) Consulting fees and charges, not included in any other item in this statement	

Return of **LABOUR UNIONS**
required under Part II of the
CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT
(Chap. 26. of the Statutes of Canada, 1962)

to the Dominion Statistician, Ottawa, Canada

<p>1. Name of Union _____</p>	<p>2. (a) Postal address of headquarters of the union</p> <p>Street _____ & No. _____</p> <p>City & _____ Prov. or State _____</p> <p>Country _____</p> <p>(b) In the case of a union having its headquarters situated outside Canada, give the postal address of its principal office in Canada, or place to which communications for the purposes of the Act may be directed.</p> <p>Street _____ & No. _____</p> <p>City & _____ Prov. or State _____</p> <p>Country _____</p>
<p>3. Affiliation (if any) _____</p>	
<p>4. Reporting period covered by this return</p> <p style="text-align: center;">day month year day month year</p> <p>begins _____ ends _____</p>	
<p>5. As of the last day of the reporting period:</p> <p>(a) Number of local unions or branches of the union in Canada No</p> <p>(b) Total membership of the union in Canada No</p>	
<p>6. Constitution of the union (Attach a copy of the text of the constitution, as of the last day of the reporting period, to each copy of the return) check <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Note changes in the constitution since the previous reporting period page nos Text attached: <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>paragraph nos OR - There has been no change in the constitution since the previous return was filed. check <input type="checkbox"/></p>	
<p>7. Section A of this return includes the following additional forms (in duplicate):</p> <p>Form A-2 "Officers of the union" completed form comprises pages</p> <p>Form A-3 "Officers and Employees of the union resident in Canada" completed form comprises pages</p> <p>Form A-4 "Officers and membership of local unions or branches in Canada" completed form comprises pages</p> <p>Form A-5 "Collective Agreements in Canada" completed form comprises pages</p> <p>Form A-6 "Statement of Local Union under Trusteeship in Canada" completed form comprises pages</p>	

CERTIFICATION OF THIS RETURN

This return is to be certified either:

- (a) by the President or a Vice-President and the Secretary or Treasurer of the union,
or
(b) by any one of the foregoing officers and any member of the executive board of the union.

WE	{	(please print)	certify that all forms and other documents included in Sections A and B of this return have been ex- amined by us and are true, correct and complete.
		(please print)	
Date		Signature	Title
		Signature	Title

OFFICERS AND MEMBERSHIP OF LOCAL UNIONS OR BRANCHES IN CANADA

as of _____ 19 ____
(last day of reporting period)

"Officer" means any local or branch officer as set out in the union constitution, or any person authorized to perform the functions of president, vice-president, secretary or treasurer, or other executive functions, in the local union or branch.

Use a separate page for information on each local or branch of the union. Additional pages of this form are available on request. If using your own stationery, please use paper the same size as this form and identify each page "Section A, Form 4".

Name, number and address of local union or branch	Membership of local union or branch		
	Total	Male	Female
Name and position of each officer of local union or branch	Postal address of each officer		

COLLECTIVE AGREEMENTS IN CANADA

as of _____ 19 ____
(last day of reporting period)

List the name and address of each employer or association of employers resident in Canada with which the union had a collective agreement as of the last day of the reporting period. Include only collective agreements signed, co-signed, or approved and endorsed, by the parent union or its international, national or district representative(s). Do not include agreements made exclusively between the locals or branches of the union and employers.

If space insufficient, please use additional sheets of the same size as this form, and identify each page "Section A, Form 5".

STATEMENT OF LOCAL UNIONS UNDER TRUSTEESHIP IN CANADA

as of _____ 19 _____
(last day of reporting period)

1. This form is to be completed for each return.
2. If a local union or branch has been placed under trusteeship since the end of the previous fiscal period reported, state the following particulars:
 - (a) The name of local union or branch;
 - (b) the date trusteeship was imposed; and
 - (c) the reasons for imposing the trusteeship.
3. State the status of trusteeships reported at the end of the previous fiscal period:
 - (a) trusteeship abolished - name of local union or branch; and
- date removed from trusteeship.
 - (b) no change in trusteeship - name of local union or branch.
- (no change).
4. If there are no local unions or branches under trusteeship on the reporting date and no trusteeships were reported at the end of the previous fiscal period, fill in the date in the space provided and complete the return by stating "NO LOCALS UNDER TRUSTEESHIP".

Return of LABOUR UNIONS
required under Part II of the

Section Form
B - 1

CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

(Chap. 26 of the Statutes of Canada, 1962)
to the Dominion Statistician, Ottawa, Canada
BALANCE SHEET

OF _____
(name of union)

made up as of _____ 19 ____
(Date of last day of reporting period)

Include in item 3. (g) all investments (except land, buildings and equipment held for investment purposes) that are not covered by other items in question 3. In question 5, include all non-investment assets not provided for in other questions. If the amount recorded for either item 3. (g) or question 5. is large, please indicate the nature of the main components.
An auditor's report is required covering the information provided on this form and on form B-2.

Assets of the Union		\$
1. Cash on hand and on deposit:		
(a) In Canadian currency		
(b) In other currencies		
2. Accounts receivable.....		
3. Investments and advances		
(a) Direct and guaranteed debt of the Government of Canada		
(b) Direct and guaranteed debt of Canadian provinces and municipalities		
(c) Bonds and debentures issued by corporations resident in Canada.....		
(d) Stocks issued by corporations resident in Canada.....		
(e) Direct and guaranteed debt of governments, and bonds, debentures and stocks, other than those referred to in (a) to (d).....		
(f) Mortgages.....		
(g) All other investments and advances		
4. Land, buildings and equipment (net of depreciation)		
5. Other assets		
TOTAL ASSETS (sum of 1 to 5).....		
Liabilities of the Union		
6. Accounts payable.....		
7. Loans payable.....		
8. Mortgages payable		
9. Other liabilities		
TOTAL LIABILITIES (sum of 7 to 10).....		
Net worth of the union.....		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET WORTH (sum of 11 and 12).....		

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

Section Form

B - 2

OF _____
(name of union)

for the reporting period

commencing _____ 19 ____
(date of first day of reporting period)

and ending _____ 19 ____
(date of last day of reporting period)

An auditor's report is required covering information provided on this form and on form B-1.

Income of the Union

\$

1. Net dues and assessments¹:

(a) from persons resident in Canada

(b) from all other persons

2. Interest

3. Dividends

4. Rents

5. Other income

6. TOTAL INCOME (sum of 1 to 5)

Expenditure of the Union

7. Gross salaries, wages and other remuneration²:

(a) of officers and employees resident in Canada

(b) of all other officers and employees

8. Office and administrative expenditure

9. Professional fees and expenses

10. Strike benefit expenditure:

(a) to members resident in Canada and locals and branches in Canada

(b) to all others

11. Pension and welfare benefits paid by the union:

(a) to beneficiaries resident in Canada

(b) to all other beneficiaries

12. Union contributions to pension and welfare plans administered by entities separate from the union

13. Depreciation on fixed assets

14. Other expenditure

15. TOTAL EXPENDITURE (sum of 7 to 14)

16. NET INCOME OF THE UNION (6 minus 15)

¹ "Net dues and assessments" means amounts received or receivable from members of the union (including all persons paying dues or amounts in lieu thereof whether or not they are members of any local or branch of the union) directly or indirectly on account of initiation fees, dues per capita, assessments, fines and work permits, but does not include any amounts received or receivable for transmission to locals or branches of the union as per capita refunds, or to pension and welfare plans administered by entities separate from the union as members' contributions to such pension and welfare plans.

² "Gross salaries, wages and other remuneration" of officers and employees means all amounts (including gratuities) paid or payable by the union to such persons that are included in their income from office or employment under definitions used for income tax purposes, except amounts covered under questions 11 and 12 (pension and welfare benefit expenditure). Include all personal and living allowances, except reasonable allowances for travel on union business, whether paid in cash or in kind.

DUES AND ASSESSMENTS

Section Form
B - 3

name of union _____

from members resident in Canada¹

for the reporting period

commencing _____ 19____
(date of first day of reporting period)

and ending _____ 19____
(date of last day of reporting period)

This information is required only of unions with headquarters situated outside Canada. It need not be covered by the auditor's report.

Show separately total amounts paid or credited to the union in the reporting period by, on behalf of or in respect of members resident in Canada as or on account of each of the items listed.

1. Initiation fees.....	
2. Members dues per capita.....	
3. Health and welfare assessments.....	
4. Death benefit assessments.....	
5. Strike benefit assessments.....	
6. Fines.....	
7. Work permits.....	
8. TOTAL DUES AND ASSESSMENTS from members resident in Canada (sum of 1 to 7).....	

¹Including all persons paying dues or amounts in lieu thereof, whether, or not they are members of any local or branch of the union.

10-11 ELIZABETH II.

CHAP. 26

An Act to provide for the Reporting of Financial and other Statistics relating to the Affairs of Corporations and Labour Unions carrying on Activities in Canada.

[Assented to 18th April, 1962.]

HER Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the *Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act*. Short title

INTERPRETATION.

2. (1) In this Act,

Definitions.

(a) "Minister" means the Minister of Trade and Commerce; "Minister."

(b) "reporting period" in relation to a corporation, means a fiscal period of the corporation as defined in the *Income Tax Act* and, in relation to a union, means a fiscal period of the union, which fiscal period of the union shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to end not later than twelve months after its commencement unless extended with the concurrence of the Minister; and "Reporting period."

(c) "union" or "labour union" means any organization of employees formed for the purpose of regulating relations between employers and employees. "Union" or "labour union."

(2) A reference in this Act to a person resident in Canada includes a person who was at the relevant time ordinarily resident in Canada, and in determining the residence of a person for the purposes of this Act the provisions of the *Income Tax Act* applicable to any such determination for the purposes of that Act are applicable *mutatis mutandis*. Residence.

PART I. CORPORATIONS.

APPLICATION.

Application
of Part I.

3. This Part applies to every corporation authorized under a law of Canada or a province to carry on business within Canada, except

- (a) a corporation to which Part II applies, and
- (b) a corporation described in the Schedule.

RETURNS.

Return to be
filed with
Dominion
Statistician.

4. Every corporation to which this Part applies shall, for each reporting period of the corporation commencing with the reporting period, if any, coinciding with or ending in 1962, file with the Dominion Statistician, not later than six months after the coming into force of this Act or the end of that reporting period, whichever is later, a return in two sections, separately marked and identified as "Section A" and "Section B", respectively, and comprising the following:

Section A.

- (a) Section A, comprising a statement, in duplicate, specifying the following particulars:
 - (i) the corporate name of the corporation,
 - (ii) the address of the head office of the corporation and, in the case of a corporation not resident in Canada, the address of its principal place of business in Canada or place to which communications for purposes of this Part may be directed,
 - (iii) the manner in which the corporation was incorporated, and the date and place of its incorporation,
 - (iv) the amount of the authorized share capital of the corporation, the number of shares of each class into which it is divided and a description of the voting rights attaching to each such class,
 - (v) the number of issued shares of each class into which the authorized share capital of the corporation is divided, and, in relation to each such class,
 - (A) the number of shares of that class held by persons having addresses as shown in the relevant records that the corporation is required to keep under the law of the place of its incorporation (hereinafter referred to as "addresses of record") in Canada, by

persons having addresses of record elsewhere than in Canada and by persons not having addresses of record, respectively, and

- (B) the number of persons having addresses of record elsewhere than in Canada or not having addresses of record who, according to the records of the corporation referred to in clause (A), held more than five per cent each of the total number of issued shares of that class, and the number of shares of that class held by each such person,
 - (vi) particulars as described in subparagraphs (i) and (ii) in respect of each body corporate holding ten per cent or more of the total number of issued shares of the corporation or of the total number of issued shares thereof of any class, and the number of shares of each class held by any such body corporate,
 - (vii) particulars as described in subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) in respect of each body corporate authorized under a law of Canada or a province to carry on business within Canada, more than fifty per cent of the total number of whose issued shares of any class are held by the corporation,
 - (viii) the total amount of debentures of the corporation issued and outstanding and the total amount of each class of such debentures,
 - (ix) except in the case of a corporation incorporated by or under an Act or instrument by the terms of which any invitation to the public to subscribe for its shares and debentures was prohibited, the total number of shares of the corporation of each class and the total amount of debentures of the corporation of each class that have been offered in Canada for public subscription during a period of five years ending on the last day of the reporting period,
 - (x) the name and address of each director of the corporation, and the nationality or citizenship of each individual who is a director of the corporation, and
 - (xi) the name, address and nationality or citizenship of each officer of the corporation resident in Canada, and the position in the corporation held by each such officer; and
- (b) Section B, comprising:
- (i) a financial statement for the reporting period, consisting of

Section B.

- (A) a balance sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the corporation, made up as of the last day of the reporting period,
 - (B) a statement of income and expenditure for the reporting period, and
 - (C) a statement of surplus, made up as of the last day of the reporting period,
- in such form and containing such particulars and other information relating to the financial position of the corporation as may be prescribed by the regulations,
- (ii) such statements, other than as described in subparagraph (i), relating to the financial position of the corporation for the reporting period as are required by the by-laws of the corporation, or by the terms of the Act or instrument by or under which the corporation was incorporated, to be laid or placed before any annual meeting of shareholders of the corporation held before the day on which the return required by this Part for that reporting period is filed by the corporation with the Dominion Statistician, and
 - (iii) except in the case of a corporation that was not at any time in the reporting period resident in Canada, a statement showing separately total amounts paid or credited by the corporation in the reporting period to persons not resident in Canada, as or on account of each of the following, namely:
 - (A) dividends,
 - (B) interest, classified according to the kinds of obligations on which and currencies in which such interest was payable,
 - (C) rent on real property in Canada,
 - (D) rent on equipment used in connection with the business carried on by the corporation in Canada,
 - (E) royalties and similar payments, showing separately payments on or in respect of each of the following, namely:
 1. copyrights,
 2. patents of invention,
 3. industrial designs, and
 4. trade marks and trade names,
 - (F) payments for production, distribution and sales franchises and similar rights, classified according to the territorial areas within which such franchises or rights are or may be exercised,

- (G) payments for advertising and sales promotion, including institutional advertising and promotion of goodwill,
- (H) payments for or in respect of scientific research, including facilities and equipment for scientific research,
- (I) payments for or in respect of product and process development research, not included under clause (H),
- (J) premiums and other charges for or in respect of insurance,
- (K) management and administration fees and charges,
- (L) salaries, fees and other remuneration to officers and directors,
- (M) annuities, pensions and similar payments to or in respect of
 - 1. officers and directors including former officers and directors, and
 - 2. persons holding more than five per cent each of the total number of issued shares of the corporation or of the total number of issued shares thereof of any class,respectively,
- (N) fees and charges for professional services, showing separately fees and charges for each of the following services, namely:
 - 1. engineering,
 - 2. architectural,
 - 3. legal,
 - 4. accounting, and
 - 5. auditing, and
- (O) consulting fees and charges, not included under any other clause of this subparagraph.

5. (1) In the statement in duplicate comprised in Section A of a return required by this Part to be filed with the Dominion Statistician, the particulars described in subparagraphs (iv) to (xi) (other than subparagraph (ix)) of paragraph (a) of section 4 shall be specified therein as of the last day of the reporting period for which the return is filed, except that where a corporation has filed a return for a reporting period specifying the particulars described in any such subparagraph as of the last day of that reporting period, the corporation is not bound, in filing a return for

Relieving
provision.

a subsequent reporting period, to specify the same particulars in the absence of any change therein as of the last day of that subsequent period.

Signature and verification of statements.

(2) Each statement in duplicate and other statement comprised in a return required by this Part to be filed with the Dominion Statistician shall be certified by the president or a vice-president of the corporation and by the secretary or treasurer thereof, or by any of such officers and by a director of the corporation, as having been examined by them and as being true, correct and complete.

Auditor's report.

(3) Each statement comprised in Section B of a return required by this Part to be filed with the Dominion Statistician (other than the statement described in subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (b) of section 4) shall be accompanied by an auditor's report thereon signed by the auditor by whom the report was made.

ENFORCEMENT.

Offence.

6. (1) Every corporation that fails to file with the Dominion Statistician a return for a reporting period as and when required by this Part is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars for each day of such default.

Officers, etc. of corporation guilty of offence.

(2) Where a corporation is guilty of an offence under this section, every officer, director or agent of the corporation who directed, authorized, assented to, acquiesced in or participated in the offence is a party to and guilty of the offence and is liable on summary conviction to the fine provided by subsection (1) for the offence or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment, whether or not the corporation has been prosecuted or convicted therefor.

Demand by registered letter to officer, etc. of corporation in Canada.

7. Where a corporation has failed to file with the Dominion Statistician a return for a reporting period as and when required by this Part, the Minister may, by demand made by registered letter to any officer, director or agent of the corporation in Canada, require that person to file with the Dominion Statistician, within such reasonable time as is stipulated in the registered letter, the return required by this Part on behalf of the corporation, and any such person who fails to comply with any demand so made to him is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to the punishment provided by subsection (2) of section 6 for an offence under that section, whether or not the corporation or any other person has been prosecuted or convicted therefor.

PART II.

LABOUR UNIONS.

APPLICATION.

8. This Part applies to every labour union carrying on activities as such in Canada and having a local union or branch in Canada, except a labour union that, on the last day of the reporting period of the union in respect of which the description of such union is relevant, had fewer than one hundred members resident in Canada.

Application
of Part II.

RETURNS.

9. Every labour union to which this Part applies shall, for each reporting period of the union, commencing with the reporting period, if any, coinciding with or ending in 1962, file with the Dominion Statistician, not later than six months after the coming into force of this Act or the end of that reporting period, whichever is later, a return in two sections, separately marked and identified as "Section A" and "Section B", respectively, and comprising the following:

Return to
be filed with
Dominion
Statistician.

(a) Section A, comprising a statement, in duplicate, specifying the following particulars: Section A.

- (i) the name of the union,
- (ii) the address of the headquarters of the union and, in the case of a union having its headquarters situated outside Canada, the address of its principal office in Canada or place to which communications for the purposes of this Part may be directed,
- (iii) the provisions of the constitution of the union,
- (iv) the name and address of each officer of the union and the position in the union held by each such officer,
- (v) the name, address and nationality or citizenship of each officer and employee of the union resident in Canada (other than a person performing primarily clerical or stenographic duties), the position in the union held by each such officer and employee and the manner in which he was elected or appointed,
- (vi) the name and address of each local union or branch of the union in Canada, the name and address of each officer of any such local union or branch, and the number of male members and the number of female members of any such local union or branch,

- (vii) the name of each local union or branch of the union in Canada under a trusteeship imposed by the union, the date such trusteeship was imposed and the reasons therefor, and
- (viii) the name and address of each employer, or association of employers, resident in Canada with which the union has a collective agreement; and

Section B.

(b) Section B, comprising:

- (i) a financial statement for the reporting period, consisting of

- (A) a balance sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the union, made up as of the last day of the reporting period, and
- (B) a statement of income and expenditure for the reporting period.

in such form and containing such particulars and other information relating to the financial position of the union as may be prescribed by the regulations, and

- (ii) in the case of a union having its headquarters situated outside Canada, a statement showing separately total amounts paid or credited to the union in the reporting period by, on behalf of or in respect of members resident in Canada as or on account of each of the following, namely:

- (A) initiation fees,
- (B) members dues per capita,
- (C) health and welfare assessments,
- (D) death benefit assessments,
- (E) strike benefit assessments,
- (F) fines, and
- (G) work permits.

Relieving provision.

10. (1) In the statement in duplicate comprised in Section A of a return required by this Part to be filed with the Dominion Statistician, the particulars described in subparagraphs (iii) to (viii) of paragraph (a) of section 9 shall be specified therein as of the last day of the reporting period for which the return is filed, except that where a union has filed a return for a reporting period specifying the particulars described in any such subparagraph as of the last day of that reporting period, the union is not bound, in filing a return for a subsequent reporting period, to specify the same particulars in the absence of any change therein as of the last day of that subsequent period.

Signature and verification of statements.

(2) Each statement in duplicate and other statement comprised in a return required by this Part to be filed with the Dominion Statistician shall be certified by the president or a vice-president of the union and by the secretary

or treasurer thereof, or by any of such officers and by any member of the executive board of the union, as having been examined by them and as being true, correct and complete.

(3) Each statement comprised in Section B of a return required by this Part to be filed with the Dominion Statistician (other than the statement described in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of section 9) shall be accompanied by an auditor's report thereon signed by the auditor by whom the report was made.

Auditor's
report.

ENFORCEMENT.

11. (1) Every union that fails to file with the Dominion Statistician a return for a reporting period as and when required by this Part is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars for each day of such default.

Offence.

(2) A prosecution for an offence under this section may be brought against a union in the name of the union, and for the purposes of any such prosecution a union shall be deemed to be a person and any act or thing done or omitted to be done by an officer or agent of the union acting within the scope of his authority to act on behalf thereof shall be deemed to be an act or thing done or omitted to be done by the union.

Prosecution
of union.

(3) Where a union is guilty of an offence under this section, every officer, member of the executive board or agent of the union who directed, authorized, assented to, acquiesced in or participated in the offence is a party to and guilty of the offence and is liable on summary conviction to the fine provided by subsection (1) for the offence or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment, whether or not the union has been prosecuted or convicted therefor.

Officers, etc.
of union
guilty of
offence.

12. Where a union has failed to file with the Dominion Statistician a return for a reporting period as and when required by this Part, the Minister may, by demand made by registered letter to the senior executive officer or representative of the union in Canada or any officer or agent of a local union or branch of the union in Canada, require that person to file with the Dominion Statistician, within such reasonable time as is stipulated in the registered letter, the return required by this Part on behalf of the union, and any such person who fails to comply with any demand so made to him is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to the punishment provided by subsection (3) of section 11 for an offence under that section, whether or not the union or any other person has been prosecuted or convicted therefor.

Demand by
registered
letter to
officer, etc.
of union in
Canada.

PART III.

GENERAL.

Information
available for
inspection;
fee for
inspection.

13. One duplicate of the statement comprised in Section A of each return filed by a corporation as required by Part I shall be kept on record in an office of the Department of the Secretary of State designated by the Secretary of State for the purpose, and one duplicate of the statement comprised in Section A of each return filed by a union as required by Part II shall be kept on record in an office of the Department of Labour designated by the Minister of Labour for the purpose, and such duplicates shall be made available for inspection in those respective offices by any person, upon application at any reasonable time and upon payment of such fee, not exceeding one dollar in respect of any one corporation or union, as may be prescribed by the regulations.

Privileged
information;
prohibition
against com-
munication.

14. (1) Except as provided in this section, all information contained in any statement comprised in Section B of a return filed by a corporation or a union as required by this Act is privileged, and no official or authorized person shall, knowingly,

(a) communicate or allow to be communicated to any person any such information (hereinafter in this section referred to as "privileged information") obtained under this Act, or

(b) allow any person to inspect or have access to any statement or other writing containing any privileged information obtained under this Act.

Idem.

(2) Notwithstanding any other Act or law, no official or authorized person shall be required, in connection with any legal proceedings,

(a) to give evidence relating to any privileged information obtained under this Act, or

(b) to produce any statement or other writing containing any privileged information obtained under this Act.

Idem.

(3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply in respect of proceedings relating to the administration or enforcement of this Act.

Exception re
employees of
Dominion
Bureau of
Statistics.

(4) An official who is an officer or other person employed in the execution of any duty under the *Statistics Act* or any regulation thereunder may

(a) communicate or allow to be communicated to any other such official any privileged information obtained under this Act, and

(b) allow any other such official to inspect or have access to any statement or other writing containing any privileged information obtained under this Act.

(5) Any official or authorized person may, for any purpose relating to the determination of policy in connection with the formulation of any law of Canada or the ascertainment of any matter necessarily incidental thereto,

Exception re other persons for purpose stated.

(a) communicate or allow to be communicated to any other such person any privileged information obtained under this Act, and

(b) allow any other such person to inspect or have access to any statement or other writing containing any privileged information obtained under this Act.

(6) Notwithstanding anything in this section, in no case shall any privileged information obtained under this Act be communicated to any person for the purpose of facilitating the institution or furtherance of any proceedings brought or taken or that may be brought or taken under any law of Canada other than this Act.

Use of information.

(7) Every person who, being an official or authorized person, contravenes any provision of this section is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Offence.

(8) In this section

Definitions.

(a) "official" means any person employed in, or occupying a position of responsibility in, the service of Her Majesty, and includes any person formerly so employed or formerly occupying such a position, and

"Official."

(b) "authorized person" means any person engaged or employed, or formerly engaged or employed, by or on behalf of Her Majesty for any purpose relating to the administration or enforcement of this Act.

"Authorized person."

15. In any prosecution for an offence under Part I or II, a certificate purporting to be signed by the Dominion Statistician or any person authorized by him in writing in that behalf that a return was not filed with the Dominion Statistician by any corporation, union or person as and when required by that Part is admissible in evidence and in the absence of any evidence to the contrary is proof of the statements contained therein.

Certificate as evidence.

16. (1) The Minister shall, as soon as possible after the end of each year, cause to be prepared a report containing a statistical summary and analysis of information obtained under this Act, contained in returns filed by corporations and unions for reporting periods coinciding with or ending in that year, and shall cause such report to be laid before Parliament forthwith upon its completion,

Annual report.

if Parliament is then sitting, or if Parliament is not then sitting, on any of the first fifteen days next thereafter that Parliament is sitting.

How shown.

(2) In any report described in subsection (1) the statistical summary and analysis contained therein shall be so presented or shown as not to disclose particulars of, or identify or permit identification of the source of, information contained in any statement comprised in Section B of a return filed by a corporation or union as required by this Act.

Regulations.

17. The Governor in Council may make regulations for carrying into effect the purposes and provisions of this Act.

Coming into force.

18. This Act shall come into force on a day to be fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council.

SCHEDULE.

1. A bank to which the *Bank Act* or the *Quebec Savings Banks Act* applies.

2. An insurance company or a fraternal benefit society that is registered under the *Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act* or the *Foreign Insurance Companies Act*.

3. A trust company that is licensed under the *Trust Companies Act*.

4. A loan company that is licensed under the *Loan Companies Act*.

5. A corporation that is licensed under the *Small Loans Act*.

6. A co-operative credit society that has been granted a certificate under the *Co-operative Credit Associations Act*.

7. A corporation that is an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province or is named in Schedule D to the *Financial Administration Act*.

8. A municipality in Canada or a municipal or other public body performing a function of government in Canada.

9. A corporation not less than ninety per cent of the shares or capital of which are owned by Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province or by a municipality in Canada.

10. A corporation that is an agent of the government of a country other than Canada.

11. A corporation not less than ninety per cent of the shares or capital of which are owned by the government of a country other than Canada.

12. A corporation having as its object the furtherance of any religious or other charitable purpose, no part of the income of which is payable to or otherwise available for the personal gain or benefit of any proprietor, member or shareholder thereof.

13. A corporation that is licensed under the *Radio Act* to establish a broadcasting station.

14. A transcontinental air carrier that has been designated by the Air Transport Board for financial and other reporting purposes as a Group One air carrier.

15. A railway, telegraph, telephone or express company or a carrier by water in respect of which returns are made to the Board of Transport Commissioners for Canada in pursuance of any of the provisions of sections 384 to 389 of the *Railway Act*.

16. Any corporation, for any reporting period of the corporation in respect of which it can be established that

- (a) the gross revenue of the corporation for that reporting period from the business carried on by it in Canada, determined as prescribed by the regulations, did not exceed five hundred thousand dollars, and
- (b) the assets in Canada of the corporation as of the last day of that reporting period, determined as prescribed by the regulation, did not exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars,

except any such corporation that is one of two or more corporations that, by reason of inter-relationship of management, ownership or financial affairs, are designated by the Minister to be related corporations and that would not, if considered as a single corporation, qualify as a corporation described in this item.

17. Any other corporation of a class prescribed by the regulations to be a class of corporations the filing of returns in respect of which is not essential to the securing of effective compliance with Part I.

ROGER DUHAMEL, F.R.S.C.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1962

SOR/63-9

CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Regulations

P.C. 1962-1837

AT THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE AT OTTAWA

FRIDAY, the 21st day of DECEMBER, 1962.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

His Excellency the Governor General in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Trade and Commerce, pursuant to section 17 of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, is pleased hereby to make the annexed Regulations respecting the Reporting of Financial and other Statistics relating to the Affairs of Corporations and Labour Unions Carrying on Activities in Canada.

REGULATIONS RESPECTING THE REPORTING OF FINANCIAL AND
OTHER STATISTICS RELATING TO THE AFFAIRS OF CORPORATIONS
AND LABOUR UNIONS CARRYING ON ACTIVITIES IN CANADA*Short Title*

1. These Regulations may be cited as the *Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Regulations*.

Definition

2. In these Regulations, "Act" means the *Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act*.

Financial Statements of Corporations and Unions

3. (1) For the purpose of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of section 4 of the Act, the financial statement for a reporting period of a corporation shall consist of

- (a) a balance sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the corporation, made up as of the last day of the reporting period;
- (b) a statement of income and expenditure for the reporting period; and
- (c) a statement of surplus, made up as of the last day of the reporting period,

set out in the same form and containing the same particulars and other information as the financial statements that are required to be attached to the T2 form required to be filed by the corporation for that period in accordance with the provisions of the *Income Tax Act*, or that would be so required to be attached if the corporation were required to file a T2 form for that period in accordance with the provisions of the *Income Tax Act*.

(2) There shall be attached to the financial statement referred to in subsection (1) for a reporting period of a corporation statements or lists showing in detail the following:

- (a) reconciliation of net income per financial statements with taxable income;
- (b) continuity of fixed assets and computations of capital cost allowances claimed;
- (c) dividends received, indicating whether taxable or non-taxable; and
- (d) cost of sales,

set out in the same form and containing the same particulars and other information as schedules or lists that are required to be attached to the T2 form required to be filed by the corporation for that period in accordance with the provisions of the *Income Tax Act*, or that would be so required to be attached if the corporation were required to file a T2 form for that period in accordance with the provisions of the *Income Tax Act*.

4. For the purpose of subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of section 9 of the Act, the financial statement for a reporting period of a union shall consist of

- (a) a balance sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the union, made up as of the last day of the reporting period, set out in the form prescribed in Schedule A; and
- (b) a statement of income and expenditure for the reporting period, set out in the form prescribed in section 2 of Schedule B.

Fees

5. The fee payable for inspection by any person pursuant to section 13 of the Act of

- (a) the duplicates of the statements comprised in section A of all returns filed by a corporation as required by Part I of the Act; or
- (b) the duplicates of the statements comprised in section A of all returns filed by a union as required by Part II of the Act,

is as follows:

- (c) in respect of any number of such corporations or unions not exceeding ten, one dollar in respect of each one;
- (d) in respect of any number thereof exceeding ten but not exceeding twenty, ten dollars plus, in respect of each one thereof exceeding ten, fifty cents; and
- (e) in respect of any number thereof exceeding twenty, fifteen dollars plus, in respect of each one exceeding twenty, ten cents.

Gross Revenue and Assets

6. For the purpose of paragraph (a) of Item 16 of the Schedule to the Act, the gross revenue of a corporation for a reporting period from the business carried on by it in Canada means the aggregate of all amounts received in that period or receivable in that period (depending on the method regularly followed by the corporation in computing its profit) attributable to the business carried on by it in Canada, otherwise than as or on account of capital.

7. (1) For the purpose of paragraph (b) of Item 16 of the Schedule to the Act, the assets in Canada of a corporation as of the last day of a reporting period means,

- (a) in the case of a corporation resident in Canada at any time in the reporting period, the amount at which the assets of the corporation are included in a balance sheet of the corporation made up as of the last day of the reporting period in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (all relevant assets to be shown after deduction of applicable reserves for depreciation and doubtful accounts); and
- (b) in the case of any other corporation, the amount at which the assets of the corporation that
 - (i) were situated in Canada on the last day of the reporting period, and
 - (ii) were used in the reporting period primarily for the purpose of the business carried on by the corporation in Canadaare included in a balance sheet of the corporation made up as of the last day of the reporting period in accordance with generally

accepted accounting principles (all relevant assets to be shown after deduction of applicable reserves for depreciation and doubtful accounts).

(2) For the purposes of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subsection (1), where the business carried on by a corporation in a reporting period was carried on partly in Canada and partly outside of Canada, the business carried on by the corporation in Canada in the reporting period means that part of the business carried on by it that was carried on in Canada.

Exempt Corporations

8. Pursuant to item 17 of the Schedule to the Act, each of the following classes of corporations are hereby prescribed to be a class of corporation the filing of returns in respect of which is not essential for the securing of effective compliance with Part I of the Act:

- (a) a corporation, without share capital, having as its primary object the furthering of any national, patriotic, philanthropic, medical, educational, scientific, artistic, social, fraternal, sporting or athletic purpose, no part of the income of which is payable to or otherwise available for the personal gain or benefit of any proprietor, member or shareholder thereof; and
- (b) any corporation for a reporting period in respect of which it can be established that all the information required to be filed by the corporation under Part I of the Act has been submitted to a department or agency of the Government of Canada and may be used in the same manner and is available for the same purpose as if the information had been filed under the Act.

Schedule A

BALANCE SHEET OF THE UNION

made up as of
(date of last day of reporting period)

Assets of the Union

1. Cash on hand and on deposit:	\$
(a) In Canadian currency	.....
(b) In other currencies	.....
2. Accounts receivable	.....
3. Investments and advances	.....
(a) Direct and guaranteed debt of the Government of Canada	.....
(b) Direct and guaranteed debt of Canadian provinces and municipalities	.....
(c) Bonds and debentures issued by corporations resident in Canada	.....
(d) Stocks issued by corporations resident in Canada	.....
(e) Direct and guaranteed debt of governments, and bonds, debentures and stocks, other than those referred to in (a) to (d)	.....
(f) Mortgages	.....
(g) All other investments and advances	.....
4. Land, buildings and equipment (net of depreciation)	.....
5. Other assets	.....
6. TOTAL ASSETS (sum of items 1 to 5)	.....

Liabilities of the Union

7. Accounts payable	.....
8. Loans payable	.....
9. Mortgages payable	.....
10. Other liabilities	.....
11. TOTAL LIABILITIES (sum of items 7 to 10)	.....
12. Net worth of the union	.....
13. TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET WORTH (sum of items 11 and 12)	.....

Schedule B

1. In this Schedule "net dues and assessments" means amounts received or receivable from members of the union (including all persons paying dues or amounts in lieu thereof whether or not they are members of any local or branch of the union) directly or indirectly on account of the following:

- (a) initiation fees,
- (b) dues per capita, and
- (c) assessments, fines and work permits,

but does not include any amounts received or receivable for transmission

- (d) to locals or branches of the union as per capita refunds, or
- (e) to pension or welfare plans administered by entities separate from the union as members' contributions to such pension and welfare plans.

2. STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE OF THE UNION

for the reporting period commencing
(date of first day of reporting period)

and ending
(date of last day of reporting period)

Income of the Union

1. Net dues and assessments	\$
(a) from persons resident in Canada	.....
(b) from all other persons	.....
2. Interest	.....
3. Dividends	.....
4. Rents	.....
5. Other income	.....
6. TOTAL INCOME (sum of items 1 to 5)	.....

Expenditure of the Union

7. Gross salaries, wages and other remuneration	
(a) of officers and employees resident in Canada	.....
(b) of all other officers and employees	.....
8. Office and administrative expenditure	.....
9. Professional fees and expenses	.....
10. Strike benefit expenditure	
(a) to members resident in Canada and locals and branches in Canada	.....
(b) to all others	.....
11. Pension and welfare benefits paid by the union	
(a) to beneficiaries resident in Canada	.....
(b) to all other beneficiaries	.....
12. Union contributions to pension and welfare plans administered by entities separate from the union	.....
13. Depreciation on fixed assets	.....
14. Other expenditure	.....
15. TOTAL EXPENDITURE (sum of items 7 to 14)	.....
16. NET INCOME OF THE UNION (item 6 minus item 15)	.....

**Report
For 1963**

**Rapport
de 1963**

Statistique Canada

**Part I - Partie I
CORPORATIONS**



CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

SUR LES DÉCLARATIONS DES CORPORATIONS ET DES SYNDICATS OUVRIERS

Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
Part I - Corporations
Report for 1963

- -

Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers
Partie I - Corporations
Rapport de 1963

ERRATA

In tables 31 to 49 suffixed by
letter of the alphabet, \$'000,000
should read \$'000.

Dans les tableaux 31 à 49 marqués
d'une lettre de l'alphabet, on devrait
lire \$'000 plutôt que \$'000,000.



ANNUAL REPORT
of the
Minister of Trade and Commerce
under the
Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
(Part I. Corporations)

RAPPORT ANNUEL
du
ministre du Commerce
présenté sous l'empire de la
**Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers**
Partie I. (Corporations)

1963

Published by Authority of
The Honourable Robert H. Winters
Minister of Trade and Commerce

Dominion Bureau of Statistics
Walter E. Duffett
Dominion Statistician

Publication autorisée par
l'honorable Robert H. Winters
ministre du Commerce

Bureau fédéral de la statistique
Walter E. Duffett
Statisticien du Dominion

*To His Excellency General Georges P. Vanier, D.S.O., M.C., C.D., Governor
General and Commander-in-Chief of Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour of presenting to your Excellency the Second Annual Report under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary of information filed under Part I of the statute by corporations for their fiscal periods ending in 1963.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Robert D. Mitchell". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Robert" being more prominent and the last name "Mitchell" written in a more compact, cursive style.

Minister of Trade and Commerce

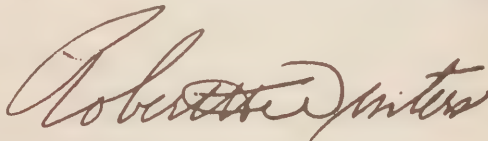
Ottawa, Canada
February 1967

*À Son Excellence le général le très honorable Georges-P. Vanier, D.S.O., M.C.,
C.D., Gouverneur général et Commandant en chef du Canada.*

Monsieur le Gouverneur général,

J'ai l'honneur de présenter à Votre Excellence le deuxième rapport annuel du Service d'application de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers comprenant un résumé statistique et une analyse des renseignements déposés, au titre des années financières closes en 1963, par les corporations visées par Partie I de ladite Loi.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le Gouverneur général, l'assurance de mon profond respect.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Robert D. Mitchell". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Robert" being more prominent and the last name "Mitchell" following in a similar style.

Le ministre du Commerce

Ottawa, Canada
Février 1967

*The Honourable Robert Winters,
Minister of Trade and Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour to submit the Second Annual Report (Part 1) under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary and analysis of information filed by corporations for the fiscal years ending in 1963.

Respectfully submitted,

Walter E. Duffett

Dominion Statistician

Ottawa, Canada
February 1967

*L'honorable Robert Winters,
Ministre du Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Monsieur le Ministre,

J'ai l'honneur de vous présenter le deuxième rapport annuel du Service d'application de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers comprenant un résumé statistique et une analyse des renseignements déposés par les corporations en vertu de la Partie I de la Loi, pour les années financières closes en 1963.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le Ministre, l'assurance de mes sentiments dévoués.

Harold G. Duffett

Le statisticien du Dominion

Ottawa, Canada
Février 1967

FOREWORD

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, Chapter 26, 10-11 Elizabeth II, was passed by Parliament in April, 1962. The Act is administered by the Dominion Statistician under the authority of the Minister of Trade and Commerce. The purpose of the Act is to collect financial and other information on the affairs of corporations and labour unions carrying on activities in Canada. Such information was considered necessary to determine on the one hand the extent and effects of non-resident ownership and control of corporations in Canada and on the other hand, the extent and effects of the association of Canadians with international labour unions.

The Act applies only to corporations whose gross revenues during a reporting period exceed \$500,000 or whose assets exceed \$250,000. Crown corporations and corporations operating under the authority of such Government of Canada statutes as the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Trust Companies Act, the Loan Companies Act, the Small Loans Act, the Radio Act and the Railway Act are exempted to avoid duplication of returns where substantially the same kind of information was felt to be available under other Federal legislation. In much the same way the legislation applies to every labour union in Canada having a local in Canada and 100 or more members resident in Canada.

The corporation returns are divided into confidential and non-confidential sections. The non-confidential section of the return includes information on the incorporation, officers and directors and ownership of the corporation's issued share capital. The confidential section of the return includes financial statements of the corporation similar to those required under the Income Tax Act and a schedule of selected payments to non-residents for dividends, interest and certain business services.

Labour unions affected by the legislation are required to provide similar kinds of information, also divided into the two parts. In the non-confidential section, the union furnishes a copy of its constitution, names of its officers, number of employees and certain information on locals, apprenticeships and collective agreements. The confidential section of the return includes the union's financial statements and information on the dues and assessments received by international unions from members of those unions resident in Canada.

AVANT-PROPOS

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers (Chapitre 26, 10-11 Elisabeth II) a été votée par le Parlement en avril 1962. Le Statisticien du Dominion, sous l'autorité du ministre du Commerce, est chargé de sa mise en application. Cette loi vise à recueillir des données financières et autres renseignements relatifs aux affaires des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers qui exercent une activité au Canada. De tels renseignements se révélaient nécessaires pour déterminer d'une part le degré et les conséquences de l'appartenance des corporations à des personnes ne résidant pas au Canada et de la direction qu'elles y exercent et, d'autre part, l'ampleur et les répercussions de l'affiliation de Canadiens à des syndicats ouvriers internationaux.

Cette loi ne vise que les corporations dont le revenu brut durant un exercice financier visé par le rapport s'établit à plus de \$500,000, ou dont l'actif dépasse \$250,000. Les sociétés de la Couronne et les corporations dont l'activité relève d'autres statuts du Gouvernement canadien, tels que la Loi sur les compagnies d'assurance canadiennes et britanniques, la Loi sur les compagnies fiduciaires, la Loi sur les compagnies de prêt, la Loi sur les petits prêts, la Loi sur la radio, la Loi sur les chemins de fer, en sont exemptées; autrement il y aurait double emploi des déclarations, puisque ces sociétés fournissent déjà des renseignements de même nature au gouvernement fédéral. De même, dans une large mesure, la loi s'applique à tout syndicat ouvrier exerçant à ce titre une activité au Canada et ayant un syndicat local et un effectif de 100 membres ou plus résidant au Canada.

Les rapports des corporations se présentent en deux sections: la section confidentielle et la section non confidentielle. Cette dernière fournit au sujet de la corporation des informations sur les modalités de sa constitution, sur ses dirigeants et ses administrateurs ainsi que sur les propriétaires du capital-actions émis. Quant à la section confidentielle de la déclaration, elle renferme des états financiers de la corporation semblables à ceux qu'elle est tenue de produire conformément à la Loi sur l'impôt sur le revenu, et un état de certains paiements faits à des non-résidents au titre des dividendes, des intérêts et de certains frais pour services professionnels et autres.

Les syndicats ouvriers auxquels la loi s'applique sont eux aussi tenus de fournir des renseignements similaires, également groupés en deux catégories. Dans la partie non confidentielle, le syndicat produit une copie de son acte constitutif, identifie ses dirigeants, révèle l'effectif de son personnel et donne certaines précisions sur ses sections locales, leur tutelle et les conventions collectives. La section confidentielle de la déclaration renferme les états financiers du syndicat et des renseignements sur les redevances et cotisations perçues par les syndicats internationaux de leurs membres résidant au Canada.

All returns are made in the first instance to the Dominion Statistician. The Act provides that the non-confidential part, Section A of the return filed by each corporation shall be kept on record in an office of the Department of the Secretary of State, to which one copy is forwarded by the Dominion Statistician. Similarly the non-confidential part, Section A of the return of each labour union shall be held by the Department of Labour, to which one copy is forwarded by the Dominion Statistician. Any person is permitted to inspect these copies upon payment of a nominal fee. Section B of any return filed by either a corporation or a union remains in the control and custody of the Dominion Statistician and is not available to any person other than an official or authorized person as described in the Act.

The Act requires that the Dominion Statistician prepare an annual report summarizing both the confidential and non-confidential information submitted by corporations and labour unions. The first report was released in July 1965 covering fiscal periods of corporations and labour unions ending in 1962. The second annual report under the Act covering fiscal periods ending in 1963 is being released in two parts, Part I relating to corporations and Part II to labour unions.

D. A. TRAQUAIR

*Administrator
Corporations and Labour Unions
Returns Act*

Tous les rapports doivent être acheminés directement au bureau du Statisticien du Dominion. La loi prévoit que la partie non confidentielle, Section A du rapport soumis par toute corporation, doit être gardée en dossier dans un bureau du Secrétariat d'État, auquel le Statisticien du Dominion envoie un exemplaire. De même, un exemplaire de la partie non confidentielle, Section A du rapport de tout syndicat ouvrier, doit être conservé au ministère du Travail auquel le Statisticien du Dominion envoie une copie. Il est permis à quiconque de consulter ces documents moyennant un honoraire minime. La Section B de toute déclaration soumise par une corporation ou un syndicat ouvrier reste entre les mains du Statisticien du Dominion et personne ne peut y avoir accès, sauf les fonctionnaires et autres personnes que la loi autorise.

La loi exige que le Statisticien du Dominion prépare un rapport annuel qui récapitule les renseignements confidentiels et non confidentiels soumis par les corporations et les syndicats ouvriers. Le premier rapport a été publié en juillet 1965; il couvrait les exercices financiers des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers qui s'étaient terminés en 1962. Le deuxième rapport annuel, aux termes de la loi, touchant les exercices financiers terminés en 1963 est maintenant publié en deux parties; la Partie I a trait aux corporations, et la Partie II aux syndicats ouvriers.

D. A. TRAQUAIR

*Administrateur
Loi sur les déclarations des Corporations
et des Syndicats ouvriers*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Page
A. Corporations in Canada (Tables I to IX)	11
B. Payments to Non-residents (Tables X to XII)	21
C. Corporations with Assets over 25 million (Tables 1 to 11)	29
D. Corporations by Asset Size Groups (Tables 12-20)	35
E. Corporations by country in which control is held (Tables 21-27)	41
F. Corporations by Industrial Classification (Tables 28-56B)	45
G. Index to Statistical Tables	83

TABLE DES MATIÈRES

Section	Page
A. Corporations au Canada (Tableaux I à IX)	11
B. Paiements à des non-résidents (Tableaux X à XII)	21
C. Corporations dont l'actif dépasse 25 millions (Tableaux 1 à 11)	29
D. Corporations groupées selon l'importance de l'actif (Tableaux 12-20)	35
E. Corporations par pays d'où s'exerce le contrôle (Tableaux 21-27)	41
F. Corporations réparties par catégorie industrielle (Tableaux 28-56B)	45
G. Index des tableaux statistiques	83

SECTION A

CORPORATIONS IN CANADA

(Tables I to IX)

SECTION A

CORPORATIONS AU CANADA

Tableaux (I à IX)

CORPORATIONS IN CANADA

During 1963 the second year of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, over 27,000 corporations submitted complete annual returns. As in 1962, a number of returns were completed by corporations which were exempt from the reporting requirements of the Act and such returns are not included in this report. Table 1 shows that 26,643 completed annual returns were tabulated for 1963. This compares with 24,508 annual returns tabulated for 1962. The net increase of 2,135 corporations tabulated is comprised of 894 credit unions and co-ops tabulated in 1963 which were not tabulated in 1962 and a net increase of 1,241 in the number of other corporations tabulated. As in 1962, the 26,643 corporations tabulated includes corporations operating in Canada whether incorporated in Canada, or incorporated outside Canada and operating in Canada as a branch. Also corporations which were incorporated outside of Canada for the purpose of carrying on business in Canada were included. Corporations, incorporated in Canada, but whose principal business activity was outside Canada, were excluded from the tabulations.

The same four basic financial items tabulated in 1962 were also tabulated in 1963, and were defined in the same way in the two years. These items are assets, equity, sales and profits. The assets of a corporation include cash, receivables, inventories, net fixed assets, investment in other corporations and other assets. The amounts tabulated were those shown on the financial statements of the corporations after deducting allowances for doubtful accounts and accumulated depreciation. The amount tabulated for shareholders equity was the total of all issued share capital, the earnings retained in the business (or minus any deficit), and amounts segregated from the retained earnings. The sales normally tabulated for trade and manufacturing corporations was the gross revenue derived from their principal source of operations. However, total income was used for corporations whose main source of income was from rents, dividends and interest. The same definition of profits was applied in 1963 as in 1962 and, therefore, profits include the corporation's operating profit, financial income, if any, capital gains, non-taxable dividend income, profits on the disposal of fixed assets and any other type of non-recurring, extraneous profits which may have been credited directly to the retained earnings account. Such amounts were tabulated after deducting allowances for depreciation, but before income tax provision and dividend declarations.

CORPORATIONS AU CANADA

En 1963, deuxième année d'application de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, plus de 27,000 corporations ont soumis des rapports annuels complets. Comme en 1962, un certain nombre de déclarations ont été remplies par des corporations exemptes de l'obligation de faire rapport qui est prévue dans la loi; ces déclarations ne figurent pas dans le présent rapport. Le tableau 1 montre que 26,643 rapports annuels complets ont été mis en tableaux pour 1963, au regard de 24,508 déclarations annuelles mises en tableaux pour 1962. L'augmentation nette de 2,135 corporations figurant dans ces tableaux comprend 894 syndicats de crédit et coopératives inscrits dans les tableaux de 1963 qui ne se trouvaient pas dans les tableaux de 1962 et une augmentation nette de 1,241 dans le nombre des autres corporations relevées dans les tableaux. Comme en 1962, les 26,643 corporations inscrites dans les tableaux comprennent des corporations exerçant leur activité au Canada, qu'elles aient été incorporées au Canada, ou incorporées en dehors du Canada et exerçant leur activité au Canada en tant que succursales. On a aussi inclus des corporations qui ont été constituées en corporations en dehors du Canada pour exercer leur activité au Canada. On a exclu des tableaux les corporations qui ont été incorporées au Canada mais dont la principale activité d'affaires s'exerce en dehors du Canada.

Les quatre mêmes postes financiers de base mis en tableaux en 1962 figurent également dans des tableaux en 1963, et ils ont été définis de la même façon lors de ces deux années. Ces postes sont les éléments d'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les ventes et les bénéfices. Les éléments d'actif d'une corporation comprennent l'argent comptant, les effets à recevoir, les stocks, l'actif fixe net, les investissements faits dans d'autres corporations et d'autres éléments d'actif. Les montants mis en tableaux étaient ceux qui apparaissaient dans les états financiers des corporations, une fois déduites les allocations pour les comptes douteux et la dépréciation accumulée. Le montant mis en tableau pour l'avoir des actionnaires comprenait le total de toutes les actions de capital émises, les gains retenus dans l'entreprise (ou moins tout déficit) et les montants séparés des gains retenus. Les ventes normalement mises en tableaux pour les corporations de commerce et de fabrication visaient les recettes brutes tirées de leur principale source d'opérations. Toutefois, le montant total a été utilisé pour les corporations dont la source principale de revenu venait de loyers, de dividendes et d'intérêts. La même définition de bénéfices a été appliquée en 1963 et, par conséquent, les bénéfices comprennent le bénéfice d'exploitation de la corporation, le revenu financier, s'il y en a, les plus-values de capitaux, le revenu des dividendes non taxables, les bénéfices réalisés à l'égard de l'écoulement des éléments d'actif fixe, et d'autres genres de bénéfices étrangers qui ne se présentent plus, mais qui peuvent avoir été crédités directement au compte des gains retenus. De tels montants ont été mis en tableaux après avoir déduit les allocations au titre de la dépréciation, mais avant les montants prévus pour l'impôt sur le revenu et les déclarations de dividendes.

The reporting requirements of corporations under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act were the same in 1963 as in 1962. Every corporation authorized under a law of Canada or a province to carry on business within Canada, except a corporation that was required to report as a labour union under Part II of the Act and certain other classes of corporations were required to report. The quality of reporting in 1963 was better than that in the first year of the Act, 1962, as corporations became generally more familiar with the reporting requirements.

With more information available there have been refinements in the industrial classifications applied to corporations. As a result some corporations classified to a particular industry in 1962, may have been re-classified to another industry for 1963.

Les rapports exigés des corporations aux termes de la loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers étaient les mêmes en 1963 qu'en 1962. Chaque corporation autorisée aux termes d'une loi du Canada ou d'une province pour exercer son activité au Canada, sauf une corporation qui était tenue de faire rapport en tant que syndicat ouvrier aux termes de la Partie II de la loi et certaines autres catégories de corporations, était tenue de faire rapport. La qualité des rapports en 1963 était meilleure que celle de la première année d'application de la loi, soit 1962, car les corporations, dans l'ensemble s'étaient familiarisées davantage avec les exigences des rapports.

Alors qu'on disposait de plus de renseignements, on a perfectionné les classifications industrielles appliquées aux corporations. Par suite, certaines corporations classées dans une industrie déterminée en 1962 ont pu être reclassées dans une autre industrie pour 1963.

TABLE I. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Industry Group, 1963

TABEAU I. Corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, par groupe industriel, 1963

Industry group - Groupe industriel	Corporations	Assets - Actif	Equity - Avoir	Sales - Ventes	Profits - Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Mining, quarries and oil wells - Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole:					
Metal mines - Mines métalliques	321	3,123.9	1,887.8	912.4	242.4
Mineral fuels - Minéraux combustibles.....	302	3,049.8	2,056.9	901.8	157.0
Other mining - Autres mines	380	893.6	610.3	425.9	65.4
Sub-total - Total partiel	1,003	7,067.3	4,555.0	2,240.1	464.8
Manufacturing - Fabrication:					
Food - Aliments	963	2,235.1	1,194.6	4,907.3	193.8
Beverages - Boissons	151	899.8	508.9	793.1	162.8
Tobacco - Tabacs	26	391.9	201.8	737.8	36.5
Rubber - Caoutchouc	46	325.7	187.8	469.1	27.0
Leather - Cuir	150	140.1	62.4	252.7	6.0
Textiles, knitting and clothing - Textiles, bonneterie et vêtements.....	862	1,221.1	673.6	1,817.0	118.0
Wood - Bois	589	881.9	415.7	1,030.4	72.0
Furniture - Meubles et articles d'ameublement.....	223	177.3	89.8	258.9	9.9
Paper - Papier	238	4,064.5	2,654.4	2,637.6	405.5
Printing - Imprimerie	334	545.6	312.4	684.4	62.2
Primary metal - Métaux primaires	129	3,537.5	2,078.6	2,331.3	364.2
Metal fabricating - Fabrication métallique	631	1,109.7	632.9	1,524.5	101.2
Machinery - Machines	266	1,088.6	618.6	1,308.3	118.9
Transportation equipment - Matériel de transport	217	1,684.9	979.1	2,833.3	276.6
Electrical products - Appareils et matériel électriques	266	1,195.6	644.2	1,740.8	94.6
Non-metallic mineral products - Produits des minéraux non métalliques	278	826.3	451.3	732.0	72.0
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon	35	3,317.1	2,178.8	2,327.6	94.6
Chemicals - Produits chimiques	372	1,689.4	1,088.6	1,848.2	222.9
Miscellaneous - Divers	341	473.4	236.0	603.1	41.2
Sub-total - Total partiel	6,117	25,799.5	15,210.0	28,847.4	2,479.9
Construction industry - Industrie de la construction	2,018	1,842.2	550.1	3,112.1	60.0
Transportation, storage and communication - Transports, entreposage et communications.....	793	3,355.9	1,095.4	1,543.5	191.2
Gas, water and electric utilities - Services de gaz, d'eau et d'électricité	91	1,698.6	755.8	448.1	77.0
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	4,382	4,741.6	1,792.7	11,561.7	269.6
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	2,769	3,308.0	1,535.1	8,090.1	230.0
Finance - Finances.....	7,522	22,268.5	10,401.3	2,343.6	1,003.2
Other industries - Autres industries	1,948	1,889.7	754.9	1,406.1	93.9
Total	26,643	71,971.3	36,650.3	59,592.7	4,869.6

TABLE II. Asset Size Group of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1963

TABLEAU II. Groupement, selon l'importance de l'actif des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1963

Asset size group Tranche de taille de l'actif	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Under \$250,000 — Moins de \$250,000	2,750	457.7	178.9	2,335.6	56.6
\$ 250,000 - \$ 499,999	10,106	3,575.1	1,538.2	5,183.4	203.3
500,000 - 999,999	6,321	4,408.9	1,880.4	5,651.0	234.6
1,000,000 - 4,999,999	5,715	11,711.2	5,502.8	12,731.5	678.1
5,000,000 - 9,999,999	792	5,406.3	2,291.0	5,311.4	343.1
10,000,000 - 24,999,999	545	8,487.8	4,414.8	6,526.1	576.8
25,000,000 - 49,999,999	194	6,785.8	3,706.8	4,632.4	513.7
50,000,000 - 99,999,999	119	8,261.4	4,230.8	5,630.8	627.9
100,000,000 and over — et plus	101	22,877.1	12,406.6	11,590.3	1,635.5
Total	26,643	71,971.3	36,650.3	59,592.5	4,869.6

TABLE III. Per Cent of Total Assets, Equity, Sales and Profits by Size Group of Reporting Corporations, 1963

TABLEAU III. Pourcentage de l'actif total, de l'avoir des actionnaires, des ventes et des bénéfices par tranche de taille des corporations, 1963

Asset size group Tranche de taille de l'actif	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	per cent — pourcentage			
Under \$250,000 — Moins de \$250,000	2,750	10.3	.6	.5	3.9
\$ 250,000 - \$ 499,999	10,106	38.0	5.0	4.2	8.7
500,000 - 999,999	6,321	23.7	6.1	5.1	9.5
1,000,000 - 4,999,999	5,715	21.5	16.3	15.0	21.4
5,000,000 - 9,999,999	792	3.0	7.5	7.6	8.9
10,000,000 - 24,999,999	545	2.0	11.8	12.0	11.0
25,000,000 - 49,999,999	194	.7	9.4	10.1	7.8
50,000,000 - 99,999,999	119	.4	11.5	11.5	9.3
100,000,000 and over — et plus	101	.4	31.8	34.0	19.5
Total	26,643	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE IV. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABLEAU IV. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1962 et 1963

Degree on non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
95% and over — et plus	3,083	3,162	15,844.4	17,530.4	8,519.3	9,850.4	14,202.4	15,623.8	1,173.3	1,522.4
75 - 94.9%	558	539	6,222.8	7,249.9	3,705.3	4,322.1	4,340.6	4,853.5	387.7	350.3
50 - 74.9%	715	757	5,172.3	5,879.4	3,040.7	3,396.5	3,875.7	4,179.8	353.4	405.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	4,356	4,458	27,239.5	30,659.7	15,265.3	17,569.0	22,418.7	24,657.1	1,914.4	2,278.1
25 - 49.9%	815	784	6,430.5	5,408.4	3,936.6	3,278.9	3,623.3	2,418.0	521.0	487.6
5 - 24.9%	1,099	1,263	9,240.4	11,073.2	4,739.0	5,378.7	5,026.7	6,748.5	630.8	876.1
Under 5.0% — Moins de 5.0%	18,238	20,138	20,834.4	24,830.0	8,622.9	10,423.8	22,934.4	25,768.9	1,063.7	1,227.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	20,152	22,185	36,505.3	41,311.6	17,298.5	19,081.4	31,584.4	34,935.4	2,215.5	2,591.5
Total	24,508	26,643	63,744.8	71,971.3	32,563.8	36,650.4	54,003.1	59,592.5	4,129.9	4,869.6

The assets, shareholders' equity, sales and profits of the 26,643 corporations covered by this report are shown in Table I. As indicated in this table, these corporations had assets having a book value of \$71,971.3 million; shareholders' equity of \$36,650.3 million; and their sales and profits were \$59,533.2 million and \$4,929.1 million, respectively. Over 32 per cent of the total assets of all reporting corporations are held by corporations in the finance industry. Many of the corporations in this industry are financial intermediaries or holding companies and as a result this industry's assets of \$22,268.5 million duplicate to a greater extent than in other industries the total value of assets held by all corporations. While the number of financial corporations required to report under the Act is large, chartered banks, most insurance companies, and trustee pension funds are exempt from the Act. Together they constitute a large part of the financial market in Canada. The reported assets of corporations in the financial industry has increased 28 per cent over those reported in 1962, this increase of \$4,862.3 million accounts for over 59 per cent of the total increase in assets of reporting corporations. As stated earlier, credit unions were tabulated in 1963, but were not tabulated in 1962 and this accounts for 7 per cent of the increase in total assets reported by all reporting corporations.

In the manufacturing industries there was a net increase of 169 corporations reporting in 1963 over the number reporting in 1962. The 6,117 corporations in these industries had, in 1963, assets of \$25,799.5 million, and increase of \$1,327.8 million over the amount tabulated in 1962.

The greatest increase in total assets occurred in the petroleum and coal products industry with a net increase of \$473.4 million. The greatest increase in sales was made by those corporations in the food industries, an increase of \$734.1 million; 17 per cent over the amount tabulated for corporations in these industries for 1962.

As in 1962, the ultimate degree of non-resident ownership was determined for each reporting corporation as well as the value of assets held by these corporations. Further refinements in the method of determining ownership were instituted in 1963. In 1962 common shares and preferred shares (when these held the majority of the voting rights) were used to determine the ultimate degree of non-resident ownership. In 1963 the votes attaching to any class of share were allocated to resident and non-resident categories and the degree of non-resident ownership was based on the ownership voting rights. As in 1962, the ownership of corporations was traced through inter-corporate holdings to determine as

Les éléments d'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les ventes et les bénéfices des 26,643 corporations visées par le présent rapport figurent au tableau I. Comme l'indique ce tableau, ces corporations avaient des éléments d'actif ayant une valeur comptable de 71,971.3 millions de dollars; une mise de fonds d'actionnaires de \$36,650.3 millions; leurs ventes et bénéfices étaient de 59,533.2 millions de dollars, et 4,929.1 millions de dollars, respectivement. Plus de 32 p. 100 de l'actif global de toutes les corporations qui ont fait rapport sont détenus par des corporations dans l'industrie du financement. Bien des corporations au sein de cette industrie sont des intermédiaires financiers ou des sociétés de portefeuille et, par suite, les éléments d'actif de cette industrie, qui sont de \$22,268.5 millions, doublent, plus que dans d'autres industries, la valeur globale des éléments d'actif détenus par toutes les corporations. Même si le nombre de corporations financières tenues de faire rapport aux termes de la loi est considérable, les banques à charte, la plupart des compagnies d'assurance et les fonds de pension en fiducie sont exemptés de la loi. Ensemble, ils constituent une large partie du marché financier au Canada. D'après les rapports, les éléments d'actif dans l'industrie de la finance ont augmenté de 28 p. 100 par rapport à ceux signalés en 1962; cette augmentation de \$4,862.3 millions explique plus de 59 p. 100 de l'accroissement total des éléments d'actif des corporations qui ont fait rapport. Comme on l'a déjà dit, les syndicats de crédit figuraient dans les tableaux en 1963, mais non en 1962; cela représente 7 p. 100 de l'augmentation de l'actif global signalé par toutes les corporations faisant rapport.

Dans les industries manufacturières, il y a eu une augmentation nette de 169 corporations faisant rapport en 1963 par rapport au nombre qui a fait rapport en 1962. Les 6,117 corporations dans ces industries avaient, en 1963, des éléments d'actif de \$25,799.5 millions, soit une augmentation de \$1,327.8 millions par rapport au montant inscrit dans les tableaux en 1962.

La plus grande augmentation du total des éléments d'actif est survenue dans l'industrie du pétrole et des produits du charbon, avec un accroissement net de \$473.4 millions. La plus grande augmentation de ventes a été réalisée par les corporations dans les industries alimentaires, soit un accroissement de \$734.1 millions, soit encore 17 p. 100 de plus que le montant inscrit dans les tableaux pour les corporations dans ces industries en 1962.

Comme en 1962, le degré ultime d'appartenance à des non-résidents a été déterminé pour chaque corporation faisant rapport. On a fait de même pour la valeur des éléments d'actifs détenus par ces corporations. On a réalisé en 1963 d'autres perfectionnements de la façon de déterminer l'appartenance. En 1962, les actions ordinaires et les actions privilégiées (quand celles-ci avaient la majorité des droits de vote) ont été utilisées pour déterminer le degré ultime d'appartenance à des non-résidents. En 1963, les votes s'attachant à toute catégorie d'actions ont été attribués à des catégories de résidents et de non-résidents, et le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents se fondait sur les droits de vote des propriétaires. Comme en 1962, l'appartenance des

far as possible whether the ultimate owners were resident or non-resident. In order to trace the ownership over 1,000 corporate ownership complexes were investigated and over 11,000 shareholdings between corporations were examined.

As shown in Table II there were 102 more corporations reporting under the Act in 1963 that were more than 50 per cent foreign owned than in the previous year. These 4,458 corporations in 1963 held assets of \$30,659.7 million an increase of \$3,420.2 million or 12.5 per cent from the previous year. On the other hand, excluding the 621 credit unions that were included in 1963 for the first time, the group of corporations more than 50 per cent Canadian owned increased by 1,382 corporations to 21,564 and the assets held by these corporations increased \$4,211.7 million or 11.5 per cent from the previous year. The sales of corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned increased by \$2,238.4 million or 10.0 per cent from 1962 to 1963 while the sales of corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned increased by \$3,351.0 million or 10.6 per cent between the two years. Profits of corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned increased by \$363.7 million or 19 per cent between 1962 and 1963 while profits earned by corporations more than 50 per cent resident owned increased by \$376.0 million or 17 per cent between the two years.

In the mining and manufacturing industries as shown in Table III the number of corporations more than 50 per cent non-resident owned decreased slightly from 1962 to 1963 from 1,968 to 1,961 however the value of assets held by the smaller number of corporations in 1963 increased by \$1,735.3 million or 9.7 per cent. The increase in the assets held by corporations more than 50 per cent Canadian owned between the two years was \$361.1 million or 2.8 per cent.

Corporations 50 per cent and more non-resident owned in the Construction, Utilities, Trade Finance and Service industries increased in assets by \$1,684.9 million or 18.4 per cent from 1962 to 1963 as shown by Table IV. Corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned in these industries increased in assets by \$4,445.2 million or 19.0 per cent from 1962 to 1963. Of the latter increase, \$428.1 million or 1.8 per cent was accounted for by Credit Unions which were included in 1963 but not in 1962.

corporations a été décelée par l'entremise de valeurs de portefeuilles entre les corporations pour déterminer dans la mesure du possible si les ultimes propriétaires étaient des résidents ou des non-résidents. Pour déceler l'appartenance, on a fait enquête sur plus de 1,000 ensembles de propriétés et examiné plus de 11,000 détentions d'action entre des corporations.

Comme l'indique le Tableau II, il y avait 102 corporations de plus faisant rapport aux termes de la loi en 1963 qui, dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100, appartenaient à des étrangers, que l'année précédente. Ces 4,458 corporations détenaient en 1963 des éléments d'actif de \$30,659.7 millions, soit une augmentation de \$3,420.2 millions, soit 12.5 p. 100 par rapport à l'année précédente. D'autre part, à l'exclusion des 621 syndicats de crédit qui avaient été inclus en 1963 pour la première fois, le groupe de corporations possédées par des Canadiens dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100 a augmenté de 1,382 pour atteindre 21,564, et les éléments d'actif détenus par ces corporations ont augmenté de \$4,211.7 millions, soit 11.5 p. 100 par rapport à l'année précédente. Les ventes des corporations qui appartiennent à des non-résidents dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100 ont augmenté de \$2,238.4 millions, soit 10 p. 100 de 1962 à 1963, tandis que les ventes des corporations qui appartiennent à des non-résidents dans une proportion de moins de 50 p. 100 ont augmenté de \$3,351.0 millions, soit 10.6 p. 100 entre les deux années. Les bénéfices des corporations qui appartiennent à des non-résidents dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100 ont augmenté de \$363.7 millions, soit 19 p. 100 entre 1962 et 1963, alors que les bénéfices gagnés par les corporations appartenant à des résidents dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100 ont augmenté de \$376.0 millions, soit 17 p. 100 entre les deux années.

Dans les industries de l'exploitation minière et de la fabrication, comme on le montre au Tableau III, le nombre de corporations appartenant à des non-résidents dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100 a diminué légèrement de 1962 à 1963, passant de 1,968 à 1,961; toutefois, la valeur des éléments d'actif détenus par le nombre moins considérable de corporations en 1963 a augmenté de \$1,735.3 millions, soit 9.7 p. 100. L'augmentation des éléments d'actif détenus par les corporations appartenant à des Canadiens dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100 entre les deux années a été de \$361.1 millions, soit 2.8 p. 100.

Les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 et plus, dans les industries de la Construction, des Services d'utilité publique, du Financement du commerce et de Services, ont augmenté leurs éléments d'actif de \$1,684.9 millions, soit de 18.4 p. 100 de 1962 à 1963, comme le montre le Tableau IV. Les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents dans une proportion de moins de 50 p. 100 dans ces industries ont augmenté leurs éléments d'actif de \$4,445.2 millions, soit 19.0 p. 100 de 1962 à 1963. Sur cette dernière augmentation, \$428.1 millions ou 1.8 p. 100 visaient les syndicats de crédit qui étaient inclus en 1963 mais non en 1962.

TABLE V. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MANUFACTURING and MINING Industries 1962 and 1963
TABLEAU V. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries MINIÈRES et MANUFACTURIÈRES 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
95% and over — et plus	1,414	1,414	9,542.4	9,826.9	5,377.2	5,622.2	9,074.5	9,963.0	895.3	1,037.7
75-94.9%	251	248	4,960.9	5,909.2	2,967.5	3,534.5	3,477.2	4,063.4	311.7	272.8
50-74.9%	303	299	3,447.3	3,949.8	2,278.3	2,499.8	2,581.3	2,957.9	272.3	321.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1,968	1,961	17,950.6	19,685.9	10,623.0	11,656.5	15,133.0	16,984.3	1,479.3	1,632.0
25-49.9%	299	268	2,966.9	2,601.6	2,092.1	1,922.3	1,970.0	1,416.0	318.0	313.2
5-24.9%	553	562	4,816.8	5,193.8	3,247.3	3,401.1	3,298.9	3,949.7	478.7	580.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	4,170	4,329	5,036.0	5,385.4	2,582.9	2,784.9	7,664.1	8,737.6	360.5	419.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	5,022	5,159	12,819.7	13,180.8	7,922.3	8,108.3	12,933.0	14,103.3	1,157.2	1,312.9
Total	6,990	7,120	30,770.3	32,866.7	18,545.3	19,764.8	28,066.0	31,087.6	2,636.5	2,944.9

TABLE VI. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CONSTRUCTION, UTILITIES, TRADE, FINANCE, SERVICE and Other Industries, 1962 and 1963
TABLEAU VI. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de la CONSTRUCTION SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, COMMERCE, SERVICES, FINANCES et autres 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
95% and over — et plus	1,669	1,748	6,302.0	7,703.4	3,142.1	4,228.3	5,127.9	5,660.8	278.0	484.7
75-94.9%	307	291	1,261.9	1,340.7	737.8	787.5	863.4	790.1	76.0	77.5
50-74.9%	412	458	1,725.0	1,929.7	762.4	896.7	1,294.4	1,221.9	81.1	83.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	2,388	2,497	9,288.9	10,973.8	4,642.3	5,912.5	7,285.7	7,672.8	435.1	646.1
25-49.9%	516	516	3,463.6	2,806.7	1,844.5	1,356.6	1,653.3	1,002.0	203.0	174.4
5-24.9%	546	701	4,423.6	5,879.3	1,491.7	1,977.6	1,727.8	2,798.8	152.1	295.6
Less than 5% — Moins de 5%	14,068	15,809	15,798.4	19,444.8	6,040.0	7,638.9	15,270.3	17,031.3	703.2	808.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	15,130	17,026	23,685.6	28,130.8	9,376.2	10,973.1	18,651.4	20,832.1	1,058.3	1,278.6
Total	17,518	19,523	32,974.5	39,104.6	14,018.5	16,885.6	25,937.1	28,504.9	1,439.4	1,924.7

TABLE VII. Assets of Reporting Corporations in the MINING and MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963
TABLEAU VII. Actif des corporations déclarantes, INDUSTRIES MINIÈRES et MANUFACTURIÈRES, 1963

Industry - Industrie	Reporting corporations 50 per cent and over non-resident owned - Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résident par 50 p. cent et plus			Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned - Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par moins de 50 p. cent			Total	
	Corporations	Assets - Actif		Corporations	Assets - Actif		Corporations	Total assets - Actif total
		No. - nomb.	\$'000,000		No. - nomb.	\$'000,000		
Mining and refining - Exploitation minière et affinage:								
Metal mines - Mines métalliques	72	1,517.5	48.6	249	1,606.4	51.4	321	3,123.9
Other mining - Autre mines	102	516.4	57.8	278	377.2	42.2	380	893.6
Primary metal industries - Métaux primaires	45	2,201.2	62.2	84	1,336.3	37.8	129	3,537.5
Mining and refining - Total - Exploitation minière et affinage	219	4,235.1	56.1	611	3,319.9	43.9	830	7,555.0
Mineral fuels extraction and processing - Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux:								
Mineral fuels - Minéraux combustibles	167	2,572.3	84.3	135	477.5	15.7	302	3,049.8
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon	23	3,299.4	99.5	12	17.6	.5	35	3,317.0
Mineral fuels extraction and processing - Total - Ex- traction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	190	5,871.7	92.2	147	495.1	7.8	337	6,366.8
Other primary manufacturing - Autres fabrications primaires:								
Food products - Aliments	132	768.1	34.4	831	1,466.9	65.6	963	2,235.0
Beverages - Boissons	13	123.2	13.7	138	776.6	86.3	151	899.8
Tobacco - Tabacs	19	333.7	85.1	7	58.2	14.9	26	391.9
Leather - Cuir	17	36.1	25.8	133	104.0	74.2	150	140.1
Wood - Bois	57	267.6	30.3	532	614.3	69.7	589	881.9
Paper - Papiers	83	1,690.6	41.6	155	2,373.9	58.4	238	4,064.5
Non-metallic mineral products - Produits des minéraux non-métalliques	67	417.8	50.6	211	408.5	49.4	278	826.3
Other primary manufacturing - Total - Autres fabri- cations primaires	388	3,637.1	38.5	2,007	5,802.4	61.5	2,395	9,439.5
Secondary manufacturing - Fabrication secondaire:								
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc	30	302.8	92.9	16	23.0	7.1	46	325.8
Textiles, knitting mills, clothing - Textiles, bonne- terie et vêtements	102	455.4	37.3	760	765.6	62.7	862	1,221.1
Furniture - Meubles et articles d'ameublement	23	33.5	18.9	200	143.8	81.1	223	177.3
Printing and publishing - Impression et édition	41	67.6	12.4	293	478.1	87.6	334	545.6
Metal fabricating - Fabrication métallique	203	564.6	50.9	428	545.1	49.1	631	1,109.7
Machinery - Machines	138	705.3	64.8	128	383.3	35.2	266	1,088.6
Transportation equipment - Matériel de transport	96	1,421.9	84.4	121	263.0	15.6	217	1,684.9
Electrical products - Appareils et matériel électriques	155	794.9	66.8	111	394.7	33.2	266	1,189.6
Chemical products - Produits chimiques	237	1,274.4	75.4	135	415.0	24.6	372	1,689.4
Miscellaneous - Divers	139	321.6	67.9	202	151.8	32.1	341	473.4
Secondary manufacturing - Total - Fabrication secon- daire	1,164	5,942.0	62.5	2,394	3,563.4	37.5	3,558	9,505.4
Mining and manufacturing - Total - Extraction et fabrication	1,961	19,685.9	59.9	5,159	13,180.8	40.1	7,120	32,866.7

TABLE VIII. Assets of Reporting Corporations in CONSTRUCTION, UTILITIES, TRADE, FINANCE, SERVICE and OTHER Industries, 1963

TABLEAU VIII. Actif des corporations déclarantes, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, COMMERCE, FINANCES, SERVICES et AUTRES, 1963

Industry — Industrie	Reporting corporations 50 per cent and over non-resident owned — Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par 50 p. cent et plus			Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned — Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par moins de 50 p. cent			Total	
	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Corporations	Assets — Actif		Corporations	Assets — Actif
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000		\$'000,000
Construction	141	287.5	15.6	1,877	1,554.7	84.4	2,018	1,842.2
Transportation — Transports	141	452.3	13.5	652	2,903.6	86.5	793	3,355.9
Gas and electric utilities — Services de gaz et élec- tricité	24	223.4	13.2	67	1,475.2	86.8	91	1,698.6
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	791	1,560.5	32.9	3,591	3,181.0	67.1	4,382	4,741.5
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	183	834.8	25.2	2,586	2,473.2	74.8	2,769	3,308.0
Finance — Finances	961	7,108.7	31.9	6,561	15,160.0	68.1	7,522	22,268.7
Other industries — Autres industries	256	506.7	26.8	1,692	1,383.0	73.2	1,948	1,889.7
Total	2,497	10,973.9	28.1	17,026	28,130.7	71.9	19,523	39,104.6

TABLE IX. Ownership by Asset Size Groups of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1963

TABLEAU IX. Appartenance, selon l'importance de l'actif, des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1963

Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif	Reporting corporations 50 per cent and over non-resident owned — Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par 50 p. cent et plus			Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned — Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par moins de 50 p. cent			Total	
	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Corporations	Assets — Actif		Corporations	Assets — Actif
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000		\$'000,000
Under \$250,000 — Moins de \$250,000	167	25.8	5.6	2,583	431.9	94.4	2,750	457.7
\$ 250,000 - \$ 499,999	1,020	371.8	10.4	9,086	3,203.3	89.6	10,106	3,575.1
500,000 - 999,999	987	709.6	16.1	5,334	3,699.3	83.9	6,321	4,408.9
1,000,000 - 4,999,999	1,497	3,371.0	28.8	4,218	8,340.2	71.2	5,715	11,711.2
5,000,000 - 9,999,999	327	2,242.9	41.5	465	3,163.4	58.5	792	5,406.3
10,000,000 - 24,999,999	257	4,013.9	47.3	288	4,473.9	52.7	545	8,487.8
25,000,000 - 49,999,999	93	3,259.7	48.0	101	3,526.1	52.0	194	6,785.8
50,000,000 - 99,999,999	63	4,247.8	51.4	56	4,013.6	48.6	119	8,261.4
100,000,000 and over — et plus	47	12,417.4	54.3	54	10,459.7	45.7	101	22,877.1
Total	4,438	30,659.9	42.6	22,185	41,311.4	57.4	26,643	71,971.3

SECTION B

PAYMENTS TO NON-RESIDENTS

(Tables X to XII)

SECTION B

PAIEMENTS À DES NON-RÉSIDENTS

(Tableaux X à XII)

Payments to Non-residents

Payment for the supply of capital and services to Canada by non-residents is one of the direct effects of non-resident investment in Canada. These payments are part of Canada's international balance of payments statistics which have been published for many years by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. However, detailed information concerning the precise nature of business service payments as well as the nature of corporations making these payments has been lacking. The reporting of this information is therefore an important aspect of the requirements of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. The Act provides for the reporting of more than twenty types of payments by corporations resident in Canada. Corporations considered to be non-resident under the Income Tax Act are not required to report payments to non-residents and therefore are excluded. These corporations are those that are incorporated outside of Canada and are operating in Canada as branches. There are several hundred of these companies, a large number of which are in the petroleum industry. In some cases companies in Canada receive income earned outside of Canada and where such income is significant and can be matched with payments to non-residents, the payments have been excluded from these statistics in order that only payments made out of income earned in Canada are included.

In 1963, a total of 4,569 corporations reported payments to non-residents for interest, dividends¹ and business services of \$995,184,000, an increase of \$20,143,000 from the previous year. While over 4,500 corporations in Canada made payments of some type to non-residents in 1963, 182 corporations made payments totalling \$699,900,000, slightly over 70 per cent of all payments made. Payments increased between 1962 and 1963 in a number of categories, notably for interest, royalties and scientific research while decreases occurred in dividend payments and management fees. In 1963, 1,046 corporations reported payments to non-residents for interest, other than bank and bond interest, a slight decrease from the 1,094 corporations that reported this item in the previous year, although total payments increased from \$65.9 million in 1962 to \$85.2 million in 1963. Approximately two-thirds of the increase in interest payments can be attributed to increased payments by credit institutions. Scientific research payments are made by relatively few corporations therefore significant year to year changes can occur resulting from large and possibly non-recurring amounts.

¹ The more comprehensive coverage of the Balance of Payments reports indicates an increase in total dividend payments to non-residents. The difference reflects payments to non-residents by corporations not reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, some coverage adjustments in the data submitted under the Act, variations between fiscal and calendar payments periods, and the incidence of withholding tax.

Paiements à des non-résidents

Les paiements effectués au titre des capitaux et services que des non-résidents fournissent au Canada constituent l'un des effets directs des investissements faits au Canada par des non-résidents. Ces paiements font partie des statistiques de la balance internationale des paiements du Canada qui sont publiées, depuis bien des années, par le Bureau fédéral de la statistique. Toutefois on manquait de renseignements détaillés sur la nature précise des paiements pour services d'affaires et sur la nature des corporations effectuant ces paiements. La publication de ces renseignements est donc un aspect important des prescriptions de la loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. La loi prévoit la publication de plus de 20 genres de paiements effectués par des corporations résidant au Canada. Les corporations considérées comme non résidentes aux termes de la loi de l'impôt sur le revenu ne sont pas tenues de déclarer les paiements aux non-résidents et sont donc exclues. Ces corporations sont celles qu'on a constituées en dehors du Canada et qui exercent leur activité au Canada en tant que succursales. Il y a plusieurs centaines de ces compagnies, dont un grand nombre sont dans l'industrie du pétrole. Dans certains cas, des compagnies du Canada reçoivent un revenu gagné en dehors du Canada et dans les cas où un tel revenu est significatif et peut équivaloir à des paiements à des non-résidents, les paiements ont été exclus des présentes statistiques de façon à inclure seulement les paiements faits sur le revenu gagné au Canada.

En 1963, 4,569 corporations au total ont déclaré des paiements à des non-résidents pour de l'intérêt, des dividendes¹ et des services d'affaires de l'ordre de \$995,184,000, soit une augmentation de \$20,143,000 au regard de l'année précédente. Alors que plus de 4,500 corporations du Canada ont fait des paiements d'un genre ou d'un autre à des non-résidents en 1963, 182 corporations ont fait des paiements dont le total était de \$699,900,000, soit un peu plus de 70 p.100 de tous les paiements effectués. Les paiements ont augmenté entre 1962 et 1963 dans diverses catégories, notamment pour l'intérêt, les redevances et la recherche scientifique, tandis que certaines diminutions se sont produites au chapitre des paiements de dividendes et des honoraires de gestion. En 1963, 1,046 corporations ont déclaré des paiements à des non-résidents pour de l'intérêt autre que l'intérêt bancaire et l'intérêt sur des obligations, soit une légère diminution par rapport aux 1,094 corporations qui ont déclaré ce poste l'année précédente, même si au total les paiements sont passés de 65.9 millions en 1962 à 85.2 millions en 1963. Environ les deux tiers de l'augmentation intervenue dans les paiements d'intérêt sont attribuables à l'accroissement des paiements faits par des institutions de crédit. Les paiements au titre de la recherche scientifique sont faits par relativement peu de corporations; par conséquent, les changements intervenus d'une année à l'autre peuvent se présenter par suite de l'ampleur de montants qui ne se représenteront peut-être plus.

¹ Le relevé le plus complet des rapports sur la balance des paiements signale une augmentation dans le total de dividendes payés à des non-résidents. L'écart représente des paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations non déclarantes aux termes de la loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, certaines adaptations de l'exposé rendues dans les données fournies aux termes de la loi, des variations entre les périodes de paiements faits durant l'année financière et durant l'année civile et l'ampleur de l'impôt de rétention.

The decrease in management and administrative fees in 1963 from the previous year was distributed throughout all industries. The payments are in many cases head office costs charged by the foreign parent to the Canadian subsidiary. In June 1963 this form of payment became generally subject to a 15 per cent with-holding tax in transactions at less than arms length between the foreign parent and its subsidiary corporation. An exemption was granted for charges representing a reimbursement of a specific expense incurred by the parent for the benefit of its Canadian subsidiary. It is possible that this change in the Income Tax Act as well as other forms of taxation can effect the magnitude of payments to non-residents although it is difficult to determine the effect in dollars.

Various significant changes also occurred within some of the industry groups specified in Table X. Dividend payments within the Finance, Insurance and Real Estate groups decreased from \$83.2 million in 1962 to \$68.2 million in 1963. Major differences between the two years were limited to a few corporations making relatively large payments. One factor complicating the comparison arises from new practices initiated within the United States affecting the payments of dividends by various non-resident owned mutual investment companies. Within the manufacturing group the chemical industry accounted for a significant proportion of the decrease in dividend payments to non-residents between 1962 and 1963. In this industry the changes were concentrated in a few companies with less than 10 companies accounting for \$13.9 million of the decrease in dividend payments. Similarly in Trade and Mining the net change in dividend payments is caused by a relatively few corporations.

Changes in payments to non-residents from one year to the next by groups of corporations with common ownership characteristics are affected by changes in ownership as well as changes in the level of payments made. In Table XII corporations making payments to non-residents are grouped by degree of non-resident ownership and therefore a corporation that is one group in 1962 may be in a different group in 1963. In examining payments in this table the grouping must be considered as a group of corporations with a common characteristic rather than as identical corporations in the two years. For example in interest payments made in the two years a corporation that was in the smallest size group in 1962 (less than 5 per cent non-resident ownership) moved to the next size group in 1963 thereby accounting in part for the decline between the two years in the first size group and the increase in the latter group.

La diminution observée au titre des honoraires de gestion et d'administration en 1963, par rapport à l'année précédente, se répartissait dans l'ensemble des industries. Dans bien des cas, les paiements sont des frais du siège social imputés par la société-mère étrangère à la filiale canadienne. En juin 1963, cette forme de paiements s'est généralisée, sous réserve d'une taxe de rétention de 15 p.100 dans des transactions faites moins qu'à distance entre la société-mère étrangère et sa filiale. Un dégrèvement a été accordé au titre des frais représentant un remboursement d'une dépense précise engagée par la société-mère à l'avantage de sa filiale canadienne. Il est possible que cette modification de la loi de l'impôt sur le revenu et d'autres formes d'imposition influe sur l'ampleur des paiements à des non-résidents, même s'il est difficile d'en déterminer les effets en dollars.

Divers changements significatifs se sont aussi produits dans certains des groupes d'industries désignés au tableau X. Les paiements de dividendes au sein des groupes de la Finance, de l'Assurance et de l'Immeuble sont descendus de 83.2 millions de dollars en 1962 à 68.2 millions en 1963. Les grandes différences entre les deux années se limitaient à quelques corporations effectuant des paiements relativement considérables. Un élément qui complique la comparaison provient de nouvelles méthodes adoptées aux Etats-Unis et touchant les paiements de dividendes que font diverses compagnies d'investissements de fonds mutuels appartenant à des non-résidents. Au sein du groupe manufacturier, l'industrie chimique a déterminé une proportion sensible de la diminution des paiements de dividendes à des non-résidents entre 1962 et 1963. Dans cette industrie, les changements se sont surtout produits dans un petit nombre de compagnies; moins de 10 compagnies ont déterminé dans une proportion de 13.9 millions de dollars la diminution des paiements de dividendes. De même, dans le secteur du Commerce et de l'Exploitation minière, le changement net intervenu dans les paiements de dividendes est causé par relativement peu de corporations.

Les changements dans les paiements faits à des non-résidents d'une année à l'autre par des groupes de corporations qui ont pour caractéristiques d'être possédées en commun sont influencés par des changements de propriétaires et par le changement du niveau des paiements effectués. Au tableau XII, les corporations faisant des paiements à des non-résidents sont groupées par degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents et, par suite, une corporation qui se trouve dans un groupe en 1962, peut se trouver dans un groupe différent en 1963. En examinant les paiements, à ce tableau, on doit considérer le groupement comme un ensemble de corporations qui ont une caractéristique commune plutôt que comme des corporations identiques ces deux années-là. Par exemple dans le cas des paiements d'intérêt effectués au cours des deux années, une corporation qui était dans le groupe des plus petites en 1962 (moins de 5 p.100 d'appartenance à des non-résidents) est passée dans le groupe suivant par importance en 1963, déterminant ainsi en partie le fléchissement entre les deux années dans le premier groupe selon l'importance et l'augmentation dans le dernier groupe mentionné.

**TABLE X. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, 1962 and 1963,
by Type of Payment by Major Industrial Groups**

**TABLEAU X. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, 1962 et 1963,
par catégorie de paiement selon les grands groupes industriels**

Type of payment — Catégorie de paiement	Corporations reporting each item — Corporations déclarant chaque poste		Mining, quarrying and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits d'huile		Manufacturing — Fabrication		Public utilities and transportation — Services d'utilité publique et transport		Wholesale and retail Trade — Commerce de gros et de détail		Finance and real estate — Finance et immeuble		All others ¹ — Autres ¹		All industries — Toutes industries	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000													
Dividends — Dividendes	1,566	1,517	34,113	42,764	339,545	321,499	13,733	10,296	12,132	20,642	83,223	68,208	6,856	11,281	489,602	474,690
Interest — Intérêts: Debentures and bonds — Débentures et obligations	354	319	10,344	9,305	29,073	35,888	27,233	29,466	932	583	11,308	8,629	1,210	1,148	80,100	85,019
Bank loans — Emprunts bancaires	275	195	9,056	8,977	4,828	3,553	2,633	2,594	1,832	2,014	3,841	6,074	507	278	22,697	23,490
Other — Autres	1,094	1,046	2,190	3,767	18,107	22,904	1,554	889	3,663	3,828	38,077	52,005	2,346	1,820	65,937	85,213
Rent — Loyer (ou location): Real property in Canada — D'immeubles situés au Canada	240	200	17	224	2,375	3,257	162	184	2,840	3,101	961	1,474	212	51	6,567	7,291
Equipment — De machinerie outillage	392	357	340	477	8,126	7,853	20,376	23,944	2,139	3,543	205	22	2,322	919	33,508	36,758
Patents and similar payments — Brevets et autres paiements similaires: Copyrights — Droits d'auteur	79	83	—	4	2,528	4,283	93	102	1,272	929	—	—	4,172	3,175	8,065	8,393
Patents of invention — Brevets d'invention	438	432	171	166	12,096	15,018	—	—	699	851	112	170	524	361	13,602	16,566
Industrial designs — Dessins industriels	158	153	143	—	11,110	14,412	—	—	111	266	—	24	152	155	11,516	14,857
Trade marks and trade names — Marques de commerce et noms commerciaux	187	184	—	—	3,833	4,625	9	6	492	393	—	242	62	40	4,396	5,306
Other — Autres	446	426	718	778	13,192	14,435	56	11	1,583	1,325	325	62	4,343	6,360	20,217	22,971
Payments for exercise of production, distribution and sales franchises and similar rights — Paiements pour droits d'exclusivité et d'autres droits semblables concernant la production, la distribution et vente: Canada — Au Canada	230	232	15	45	5,751	5,529	97	94	1,937	1,904	23	43	7,338	12,239	15,161	19,854
United States — Aux États-Unis	18	20	1	4	802	1,017	—	—	2	10	100	63	1	—	906	1,094
United Kingdom — Au Royaume-Uni	9	10	—	—	76	288	—	—	1	—	—	—	255	6	332	294
Elsewhere — Ailleurs	25	16	3	—	1,503	1,079	1	—	1	—	10	—	63	74	1,581	1,153
Advertising and sales promotion — Réclame et stimulation des ventes	797	649	243	251	15,907	15,223	192	95	3,144	3,039	488	320	3,947	3,124	23,921	22,052
Payments for or in respect of — Paiements concernant: Scientific research — Recherches scientifiques	129	138	322	4,992	5,190	5,076	22	34	248	837	6	23	730	716	6,518	11,678
Product and process development research — Recherches sur les produits et les procédés de production	171	163	296	215	27,390	30,963	92	—	344	171	4	—	171	171	28,297	31,520
Insurance premiums and related charges — Primes et autres frais relatifs à l'assurance	953	722	537	310	7,846	6,330	1,340	1,438	2,907	1,389	3,139	4,566	1,014	403	16,783	14,436
Management and administrative fees — Frais de gestion et d'administration	1,043	950	3,809	3,333	37,472	34,185	1,109	933	6,761	6,171	4,464	3,511	7,109	6,106	60,724	54,239
Fees, fees and other remuneration to officers and directors — Salaires, honoraires et autres rémunérations versées aux dirigeants et aux administrateurs	1,119	990	851	1,145	6,095	5,077	688	557	2,890	2,007	1,224	1,110	2,332	1,344	14,080	11,240

Footnotes at end of table.

Voir renvois à la fin du tableau.

TABLE X. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, 1962 and 1963, by Type of Payment by Major Industrial Groups - Concluded

TABLÉAU X. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, 1962 et 1963, par catégorie de paiement selon les grands groupes industriels - fin

Type of payment — Catégorie de paiement	Corporations reporting each item — Corporations déclarant chaque poste		Mining, quarrying and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits d'huile		Manufacturing — Fabrication		Public utilities and transportation — Services d'utilité publique et transport		Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail		Finance and real estate — Finance et immeuble		All others ¹ — Autres ¹		All industries — Toutes les industries	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000													
Annuities, pensions and similar payments — Annuités, pension et paiements similaires: To officers and directors — Aux dirigeants et administrateurs.... To shareholders holding more than 5 per cent of any class of issued shares — Aux actionnaires détenant plus de 5 per cent de l'une ou l'autre catégorie d'actions émises	116	109	48	82	279	345	23	22	110	56	40	65	49	103	549	673
Fees and charges for professional services — Frais et honoraires pour services professionnels: Engineering services — Services de génie	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Architectural services — Services d'architecture	15	9	—	—	44	42	—	—	4	27	1	—	—	—	49	69
Legal services — Services juridiques	440	390	1,013	1,191	11,219	13,489	715	568	722	472	568	252	10,726	6,980	24,963	22,952
Accounting services — Services de comptabilité	30	26	—	—	340	172	6	50	87	56	556	203	280	111	1,269	592
Auditing services — Services de vérification	492	424	455	456	1,202	1,003	312	750	112	225	426	611	224	119	2,731	3,164
Consulting fees and charges not included in any of the above payments — Honoraires d'experts conseils et frais non prévus dans les postes ci-dessus	198	179	37	34	837	839	80	23	153	173	41	116	149	120	1,297	1,305
Total	395	275	76	106	573	538	46	26	207	157	84	36	77	56	1,063	916
Total	504	479	575	632	13,067	11,148	1,536	1,824	356	707	1,481	1,580	1,595	1,508	18,610	17,399
Total	11,913 ²	10,693 ³	65,373	79,258	580,406	579,070	72,108	73,903	47,681	54,776	150,707	149,409	58,766	58,768	975,041	995,184

¹ "All Others" consists of service industries, construction industry and agriculture, forestry and fishing industries.

² 1963 — 4,569 corporations reported 10,693 types of payments.

1962 — 5,218 corporations reported 11,913 types of payments.

¹ Toutes les autres se composent d'industries, de service, de la construction et de l'agriculture, des forêts et de la pêche.

² 1963 — 4,569 corporations ont déclaré 10,693 genres (ou portes) de paiements.

1962 — 5,218 corporations ont déclaré 11,913 genres (ou sortes) de paiements.

TABLE XI. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, by Industry Group, 1963

TABLÉAU XI. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, suivant le groupe industriel, 1963

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations reporting in each group — Corporations déclarant des paiements de chaque catégorie	Type of payment — Catégorie de paiement										Total
		Dividends — Dividendes	Interest — Intérêts	Rent — Loyers	Royal ties — Redevances	Fran-chises — Droits d'exclu-sivité	Adver-tising — Réclame	Re-search — Re-cherche	Insurance and management fees — Assu-rance et hono-raires gestion	Annu-ities — Rentes	Profes-sional services and other payments — Frais pour services profes-sionnels et autres	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000									
Agriculture, forestry, fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	40	2,158	237	24	315	6	21	—	279	6	37	3,083
Metal mining — Mines métallifères	97	27,730	11,042	25	79	21	145	316	894	22	636	40,910
Mineral fuels — Combustibles minéraux	100	5,901	8,890	513	761	4	9	4,733	2,810	52	1,056	24,729
Other mining — Autres mines	87	9,133	2,117	163	108	24	97	158	1,084	8	727	13,619
Food industries — Industrie d'alimentation	218	20,413	2,253	1,107	2,018	312	846	878	5,884	8	1,290	35,009

TABLE XI. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada,
by Industry Group, 1963 - Concluded
TABLEAU XI. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada,
suivant le groupe industriel, 1963 -fin

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations reporting in each group Corporations déclarant des paiements de chaque catégorie	Type of payment Catégorie de paiement										Total
		Dividends Dividendes	Interest Intérêts	Rent Loyers	Royalties Redevances	Franchises Droits d'exclusivité	Advertising Réclame	Research Recherche	Insurance and management fees Assurance et honoraires gestion	Annuities Rentes	Professional services and other payments Frais pour services professionnels et autres	
No. - nomb.												
Beverage industries - Industrie des boissons.....	38	4,878	470	262	408	3	1,295	13	474	-	140	7,943
Tobacco products industries - Industrie du tabac	13	6,085	73	42	585	30	-	22	206	-	88	7,131
Rubber industries - Industrie du caoutchouc	25	4,461	68	132	745	74	133	4,744	768	24	237	11,386
Leather industries - Industrie du cuir	48	62	141	55	355	38	13	60	106	-	18	848
Textile, knitting and clothing industries - Textiles, bonneterie et vêtements	207	12,540	625	172	3,045	367	297	993	1,507	5	464	20,015
Wood industries - Industrie du bois	84	1,659	1,074	62	146	68	293	26	665	18	71	4,082
Furniture and fixture industries - Industrie du meuble des articles d'ameublement	41	42	6	2	127	74	194	163	209	9	7	833
Paper and allied industries - Industrie du papier et produits connexes	116	38,068	15,718	351	2,364	1,468	1,179	739	3,164	29	3,177	66,197
Printing and publishing - Imprimerie et édition	92	1,224	274	21	2,487	1,592	532	216	706	17	971	8,040
Primary metal industries - Industrie métallique primaire	63	54,067	20,827	36	1,734	354	269	9,049	3,095	57	1,481	90,969
Non-metallic mineral products - Industrie des produits minéraux non métalliques	215	6,802	3,308	178	2,030	384	1,330	294	5,973	14	1,038	21,351
Machinery industries - Industrie de la machinerie	153	22,624	1,810	163	9,385	488	656	692	2,947	70	3,009	42,444
Transportation equipment - Industrie du matériel de transport	110	50,604	685	494	5,221	449	797	10,190	5,165	21	3,334	76,960
Electrical products industries - Industrie des appareils et matériel électriques	161	5,783	2,291	277	7,171	1,249	183	1,906	3,427	30	5,687	28,004
Non-metallic mineral products - Industrie des produits minéraux non métalliques	79	12,695	1,378	52	1,186	78	129	572	1,167	1	471	17,729
Petroleum and coal products - Industrie du pétrole et du charbon	23	52,916	6,325	6,083	1,499	14	379	407	1,019	14	1,310	69,966
Chemical and chemical products - Industrie chimique des produits connexes	225	22,058	2,357	501	6,707	570	6,160	4,745	7,045	17	3,417	53,577
Miscellaneous manufacturing - Industries manufacturières diverses	155	4,518	2,662	120	5,560	301	538	330	2,065	53	439	16,586
Construction industry - Industrie de la construction	144	3,934	1,340	220	515	141	117	6	2,112	63	7,160	15,608
Transportation, storage and communications - Transports, communications et autres services d'utilité publique	158	7,315	28,990	24,124	13	94	64	22	2,595	20	2,721	65,958
Electric power, gas and water utilities - Services d'électricité de gaz et d'eau	35	2,981	3,959	4	106	-	31	12	333	2	517	7,945
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	605	15,665	5,399	4,158	3,469	1,874	2,274	1,007	6,753	63	1,380	42,042
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	140	4,977	1,026	2,486	195	40	765	1	2,814	20	410	12,734
Finance, insurance and real estate - Finance, assurance et immobilier	825	68,208	66,708	1,496	498	106	320	23	9,187	65	2,798	149,409
Service industries - Industries de services	282	5,189	1,669	726	9,261	12,172	2,986	881	5,462	34	1,697	40,077
Total	4,569	474,690	193,722	44,049	68,093	22,395	22,052	43,198	79,915	742	46,328	995,184

TABLE XII. Payments to Non-residents by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963
TABLEAU XII. Paiements à des non-résidents selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Type of payment Catégorie de paiements	Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents				Total
	Less than — Moins de 5.0%	5.0% - 49.9%	50.0% - 94.9%	95.0% - 100.0%	
	\$'000				
Dividends — Dividendes:					
1962	10,690	67,860	163,853	246,948	489,351
1963	3,851	69,353	177,956	223,530	474,690
Interest — Intérêts:					
1962	22,416	34,450	48,677	62,395	167,938
1963	15,525	48,909	58,637	70,651	193,722
Rent — Loyers:					
1962	5,136	19,330	7,002	8,073	39,541
1963	2,412	23,861	7,261	10,515	44,049
Royalties — Redevances:					
1962	7,807	6,790	7,392	35,486	57,475
1963	10,002	4,082	9,256	44,753	68,093
Franchises — Franchises:					
1962	1,918	1,567	2,118	11,986	17,589
1963	5,284	1,291	4,546	11,274	22,395
Advertising — Réclame:					
1962	5,207	1,873	2,538	14,228	23,846
1963	3,345	2,102	1,746	14,859	22,052
Research — Recherche:					
1962	1,622	1,766	21,412	10,009	34,809
1963	1,243	2,360	27,935	11,660	43,198
Insurance premiums, management fees, salaries — Primes d'assurance, honoraires de gestion, salaires:					
1962	7,501	5,192	14,475	63,472	90,640
1963	4,600	5,206	13,724	56,385	79,915
Annuities — Rentes:					
1962	93	175	133	196	597
1963	99	150	177	316	742
Professional services, other — Services professionnels, autres:					
1962	5,170	6,663	12,731	25,088	49,652
1963	3,399	10,721	8,461	23,747	46,328
Total payments — Total des paiements:					
1962	67,560	145,666	280,331	477,881	971,438
1963	49,760	168,035	309,699	467,690	995,184
Corporations reporting payments — Corporations déclaration de paiements:	number — nombre				
1962 .....	..	..	..	..	5,218
1963	1,397	675	633	1,864	4,569

.. Not tabulated.

.. Pas du tableau.

SECTION C

CORPORATIONS WITH ASSETS OVER \$25 MILLION

(Tables 1 - 11)

SECTION C

CORPORATIONS DONT L'ACTIF DÉPASSE \$25 MILLIONS

(Tableaux 1 - 11)

TABLE 1. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 414 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million, 1963

TABLEAU 1. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 414 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	129	10,008.7	5,886.8	7,350.9	952.9
75-94.9%	33	5,961.6	3,698.8	3,772.0	259.7
50-74.9%	41	3,954.3	2,402.2	2,506.9	289.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	203	19,924.6	11,987.8	13,629.8	1,502.2
25-49.9%	37	3,871.0	2,394.1	1,272.7	388.8
5-24.9%	88	7,980.9	3,655.4	4,188.9	642.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	86	6,147.8	2,306.9	2,762.2	247.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	211	17,999.7	8,356.4	8,223.8	1,278.7
Total	414	37,924.3	20,344.2	21,853.6	2,780.9

TABLE 2. Intercompany Ownership of 414 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million, 1963

TABLEAU 2. Degré d'appartenance en chaîne des 414 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Type of shareholding — Genre de participation						Total
	Corporations with shares more than 95% owned by other corporations — Corporations dont plus de 95% des actions appartiennent à d'autres corporations	Corporations with shares owned 50 to 95% by other corporations — Corporations dont 50 à 95% des actions appartiennent à d'autres corporations	Corporations with shares owned 10 to 49% by other corporations — Corporations dont 10 à 49.9% des actions appartiennent à d'autres corporations	Corporations in which no other corporations owns 10% of the shares — Corporations dont aucune autre corporation ne détient 10% des actions	Corporations with 10% or more of the shares held by nominees — Corporations dont 10% ou plus des actions sont détenues par des actionnaires désignés		
	number — nombre						
95% and over — et plus	120	4	1	4	—		129
75-94.9%	7	20	2	4	—		33
50-74.9%	13	16	8	4	—		41
Sub-total — Total partiel	140	40	11	12	—		203
25-49.9%	8	9	10	9	1		37
5-24.9%	26	6	27	26	3		88
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	16	7	9	44	10		86
Sub-total — Total partiel	50	22	46	79	14		211
Total	190	62	57	91	14		414

TABLE 3. Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1963

TABLEAU 3. Corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars par degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif			
	\$25,000,000 - 49,999,999	\$50,000,000 - 99,999,999	Over — Plus de \$100,000,000	Total
	number — nombre			
95% and over — et plus	64	44	21	129
75-94.9%	11	7	15	33
50-74.9%	18	12	11	41
Sub-total — Total partiel	93	63	47	203
25-49.9%	11	11	15	37
5-24.9%	44	20	24	88
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	46	25	15	86
Sub-total — Total partiel	101	56	54	211
Total	194	119	101	414

TABLE 4. Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million by Industry Group, 1963

TABLEAU 4. Corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, suivant le groupe industriel, 1963

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	44	5,637.2	3,296.3	2,680.1	536.2
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	40	5,307.5	3,533.6	2,950.8	213.9
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	85	5,684.2	3,539.9	4,868.1	616.1
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	51	4,070.4	2,461.7	6,055.8	558.3
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail ...	27	1,852.4	845.6	3,500.4	130.4
Finance — Finances	120	11,728.5	5,385.4	917.0	565.3
Other industries — Autres industries	47	3,644.2	1,281.9	883.4	160.6
Total	414	37,924.4	20,344.4	21,855.6	2,780.8

TABLE 5. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of the 44 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the MINING and REFINING Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 5. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 44 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars dans les industries de l'EXPLOITATION MINIÈRE ET AFFINAGE, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	12	991.0	317.6	333.7	48.2
75-94.9%	4	1,430.9	556.9	505.4	46.5
50-74.9%	6	1,075.4	803.2	650.3	130.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	22	3,497.3	1,677.7	1,489.4	225.5
25-49.9%	6	720.0	588.1	308.8	91.4
5-24.9%	15	1,419.9	1,030.5	881.9	219.3
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1	1	1	1	1
Sub-total — Total partiel	22	2,139.9	1,618.6	1,190.7	310.7
Total	44	5,637.2	3,296.3	2,680.1	536.2

¹ Included with 5 to 24.9% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 5 à 24.9%.

TABLE 6. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of the 40 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the MINERAL FUELS EXTRACTION AND PROCESSING Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 6. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 40 corporations dont les éléments d'actif dépassent 25 millions de dollars dans les industries D'EXTRACTION ET TRAITEMENT DES COMBUSTIBLES MINÉRAUX, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	16	1,231.5	802.3	445.1	68.2
75-94.9%	11	2,776.6	1,967.4	1,763.3	85.7
50-74.9%	8	1,073.2	626.1	695.0	52.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	35	5,081.3	3,395.8	2,903.4	205.9
25-49.9%	1	1	1	1	1
5-24.9%	3	226.2	137.8	47.4	8.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1	1	1	1	1
Sub-total — Total partiel	5	226.2	137.8	47.4	8.0
Total	40	5,307.5	3,533.6	2,950.8	213.9

¹ Included with the 5 to 24.9% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 5 à 24.9%.

TABLE 7. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 85 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the PRIMARY MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 7. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 85 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, industries de FABRICATIONS PRIMAIRES, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	30	1,621.0	1,050.3	1,403.7	173.6
75-94.9%	4	254.5	115.3	93.4	12.2
50-74.9%	8	525.0	280.6	503.3	44.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	42	2,400.5	1,446.2	2,000.4	230.3
25-49.9%	8	1,015.0	683.0	526.0	122.4
5-24.9%	20	1,613.0	997.0	1,221.4	191.2
Less than 5% — Moins de 5%	15	655.7	413.7	1,120.3	72.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	43	3,283.7	2,093.7	2,867.7	385.8
Total	85	5,684.2	3,539.9	4,868.1	616.1

TABLE 8. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 50 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the SECONDARY MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 8. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 50 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, FABRICATIONS SECONDAIRES, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	29	1,982.4	1,068.4	3,779.9	368.6
75-94.9%	7	756.8	503.4	1,104.0	72.2
50-74.9%	5	422.9	265.2	248.7	19.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	41	3,162.1	1,837.0	5,132.6	459.8
25-49.9%	1	1	1	1	1
5-24.9%	5	754.7	515.2	754.9	81.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	4	153.6	109.5	168.3	17.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	10	908.3	624.7	923.2	98.5
Total	51	4,070.4	2,461.7	6,055.8	558.3

¹ Included with 5 to 24.9% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 5 à 24.9%.

TABLE 9. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 27 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 9. Degré d'appartenance par des non-résidents des 27 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, industries du COMMERCE DE GROS ET DE DÉTAIL, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	9	482.2	254.1	1,098.4	50.3
75 - 94.9%	1	¹	¹	¹	¹
50 - 74.9%	3	293.8	209.1	597.9	24.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	13	776.0	463.2	1,696.3	74.8
25 - 49.9%	1	²	²	²	²
5 - 24.9%	3	420.8	185.2	898.0	30.9
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	10	655.6	197.2	906.1	24.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	14	1,076.4	382.4	1,804.1	55.6
Total	27	1,852.4	845.6	3,500.4	130.4

¹ Included in the 50 to 74.9% group.

² Included in the 5 to 24.9% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 50 à 74.9%.

² Compris dans le groupe 5 à 24.9%.

TABLE 10. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 120 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the FINANCE Industries, 1963.

TABLEAU 10. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 120 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, industries de FINANCE, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	30	3,583.9	2,312.2	281.5	240.1
75 - 94.9%	5	604.7	445.1	46.0	32.7
50 - 74.9%	7	524.9	240.8	29.1	17.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	42	4,713.5	2,998.1	356.6	289.9
25 - 49.9%	12	1,025.3	533.8	102.0	86.1
5 - 24.9%	23	2,147.4	555.8	196.6	90.2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	43	3,842.3	1,297.7	261.8	99.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	78	7,015.0	2,387.3	560.4	275.4
Total	120	11,728.5	5,385.4	917.0	565.3

TABLE 11. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 47 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in OTHER Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 11. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 47 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, AUTRES industries, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	3	143.0	94.8	17.5	5.4
75 - 94.9%	1	¹	¹	¹	¹
50 - 74.9%	4	151.0	75.1	35.6	10.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	8	294.0	169.9	53.1	15.8
25 - 49.9%	8	858.5	388.7	170.2	47.2
5 - 24.9%	19	1,542.1	472.0	475.7	68.3
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	12	949.6	251.3	184.4	29.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	39	3,350.2	1,112.0	830.3	144.8
Total	47	3,644.2	1,281.9	883.4	160.6

¹ Included in the 95% and over group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 95% et plus.

SECTION D

CORPORATIONS BY ASSET SIZE GROUPS

(Tables 12 - 20)

SECTION D

CORPORATIONS GROUPEES SELON L'IMPORTANCE DE L'ACTIF

Tableaux (12 - 20)

TABLE 12. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets Under \$250,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABLEAU 12. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de moins de \$250,000 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
90% and over — et plus	125	123	20.5	18.2	8.2	5.8	106.5	158.7	.9	4.2
80-89.9%	15	8	2.7	1.5	1.0	(-.1)	15.6	5.1	(-.2)	.4
70-79.9%	8	8	1.2	1.1	.3	.8	10.9	15.3	.1	.2
60-69.9%	8	11	1.1	1.6	(-.2)	.3	8.4	13.0	(-.1)	.3
50-59.9%	23	17	4.3	3.3	1.2	1.2	18.1	12.1	.3	.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	179	167	29.8	25.7	10.5	8.0	159.5	204.2	1.0	5.4
40-49.9%	16	12	2.6	2.0	.8	.9	13.7	8.9	.5	.2
30-39.9%	14	8	2.3	1.6	1.2	.7	9.8	5.9	.3	.2
20-29.9%	12	14	1.6	2.2	(-.1)	—	10.4	13.1	(-.3)	.3
10-19.9%	19	28	2.6	4.1	1.2	2.4	37.1	24.2	.2	.7
Less than 10% — Moins de 10% ..	2,543	2,521	427.6	422.1	169.4	166.9	2,021.0	2,079.3	34.9	49.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	2,604	2,583	436.7	432.0	172.5	170.9	2,092.0	2,131.4	35.6	51.2
Total	2,783	2,750	466.5	457.7	183.0	178.9	2,251.5	2,335.6	36.6	56.6

TABLE 13. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$250,000 to \$499,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABLEAU 13. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$250,000 à \$499,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
90% and over — et plus	733	768	266.4	279.9	112.1	118.7	377.7	414.1	20.3	19.7
80-89.9%	55	51	19.3	17.9	8.0	6.1	29.2	25.1	1.6	1.2
70-79.9%	36	48	12.7	17.7	6.0	7.7	16.9	26.9	.7	.7
60-69.9%	61	54	21.2	18.4	8.3	6.9	27.3	22.4	.8	.9
50-59.9%	101	99	35.0	37.8	14.1	14.9	43.0	44.8	1.7	18.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	986	1,020	354.6	371.7	148.5	154.3	494.1	533.3	25.1	40.5
40-49.9%	80	75	28.9	26.8	11.6	13.4	30.1	28.5	1.5	2.3
30-39.9%	73	77	26.7	27.5	13.0	12.5	22.6	25.7	1.1	1.0
20-29.9%	97	101	33.9	36.2	16.6	21.5	25.8	25.3	1.1	.9
10-19.9%	126	126	47.6	45.7	27.7	25.8	44.3	55.5	1.4	5.0
Under 10% — Moins de 10%	7,974	8,707	2,783.3	3,067.2	1,142.8	1,310.7	4,128.7	4,515.1	131.0	153.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	8,350	9,086	2,920.4	3,203.4	1,211.7	1,383.9	4,251.5	4,650.1	136.1	162.8
Total	9,336	10,106	3,275.0	3,575.1	1,360.2	1,538.2	4,745.6	5,183.4	161.2	203.3

TABLE 14. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$500,000 to \$999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABLEAU 14. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$500,000 à \$999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
90% and over — et plus	734	740	525.6	536.3	224.2	226.5	699.5	780.0	30.7	41.3
80-89.9%	56	58	40.4	42.4	14.2	16.8	54.4	45.1	2.1	3.1
70-79.9%	54	55	35.8	37.0	17.6	19.8	31.5	40.4	2.5	3.2
60-69.9%	53	43	36.3	29.8	16.6	13.7	36.4	29.0	2.0	.6
50-59.9%	89	91	60.4	64.1	26.5	25.4	88.7	76.9	2.4	3.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	986	987	698.5	709.6	299.1	302.2	910.5	971.4	39.7	51.6
40-49.9%	76	56	53.4	40.5	21.0	15.4	53.3	40.3	2.3	.7
30-39.9%	73	59	53.9	42.5	28.7	20.8	52.9	36.4	2.7	3.7
20-29.9%	96	109	65.0	75.2	33.4	44.4	55.6	66.6	2.1	6.5
10-19.9%	104	131	73.0	92.1	45.4	52.1	53.5	74.6	3.9	3.6
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%....	4,368	4,979	3,028.6	3,449.0	1,220.3	1,445.5	4,276.1	4,461.7	146.5	168.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	4,717	5,334	3,273.9	3,699.3	1,348.8	1,578.2	4,491.4	4,679.6	157.5	183.0
Total	5,703	6,321	3,972.4	4,408.9	1,647.9	1,880.4	5,401.9	5,651.0	197.2	234.6

TABLE 15. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABLEAU 15. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$1,000,000 à \$4,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
90% and over — et plus.....	1,130	1,150	2,560.2	2,590.0	1,304.9	1,302.8	3,007.9	2,993.5	179.4	195.3
80-89.9%	84	73	204.1	172.3	105.8	93.2	207.6	166.6	10.0	11.3
70-79.9%	85	83	202.5	185.8	119.2	101.7	193.3	188.5	11.4	8.1
60-69.9%	75	88	167.9	196.1	70.3	94.8	172.3	220.0	6.8	12.9
50-59.9%	87	104	186.2	227.9	107.6	106.7	161.5	174.8	13.4	11.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	1,461	1,498	3,320.9	3,372.1	1,707.8	1,699.2	3,742.6	3,743.4	221.0	239.4
40-49.9%	75	90	173.1	207.8	85.8	106.9	93.1	135.1	3.9	6.7
30-39.9%	109	84	245.3	176.2	155.7	107.1	215.0	130.4	11.9	11.4
20-29.9%	134	175	306.8	380.2	181.9	215.3	247.7	396.9	19.2	22.0
10-19.9%	188	209	395.5	456.5	270.7	287.4	287.2	265.5	16.4	27.0
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%....	3,130	3,659	6,078.4	7,118.4	2,624.6	3,086.9	6,741.4	8,060.2	303.1	371.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	3,636	4,217	7,199.1	8,339.1	3,318.7	3,803.6	7,584.4	8,988.1	354.5	438.7
Total	5,097	5,715	10,520.0	11,711.2	5,026.5	5,502.8	11,327.0	12,731.5	575.5	678.1

TABLE 16. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$5,000,000 to \$9,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABLEAU 16. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$5,000,000 à \$9,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
90% and over — et plus	230	244	1,615.6	1,671.7	910.1	897.7	1,580.7	1,915.3	124.6	141.7
80-89.9%	22	19	142.7	137.2	63.8	63.1	88.5	55.8	7.0	11.3
70-79.9%	21	18	163.2	130.9	73.8	70.3	196.3	109.0	12.2	16.4
60-69.9%	24	24	164.0	150.3	102.0	83.4	117.0	184.1	5.9	3.7
50-59.9%	18	22	120.8	152.8	58.5	72.2	47.5	57.9	8.1	9.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	315	327	2,206.3	2,242.9	1,208.2	1,186.7	2,030.0	2,322.1	157.8	182.5
40-49.9%	17	19	119.1	127.0	68.8	78.9	64.6	59.6	6.2	5.8
30-39.9%	21	18	146.6	121.4	92.2	62.0	259.8	82.2	13.9	3.8
20-29.9%	19	28	128.4	195.6	84.0	116.4	47.1	251.0	5.0	13.3
10-19.9%	44	46	303.0	316.8	182.3	193.2	296.1	279.6	22.7	22.5
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%...	310	354	2,147.7	2,402.6	989.3	1,153.8	1,873.8	2,316.9	103.1	115.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	411	465	2,844.8	3,163.4	1,416.6	1,604.3	2,541.4	2,989.3	150.9	160.6
Total	726	792	5,051.1	5,406.3	2,624.8	2,791.0	4,571.4	5,311.4	308.7	343.1

TABLE 17. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$10,000,000 to \$24,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABLEAU 17. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$10,000,000 à \$24,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
90% and over — et plus	165	179	2,530.2	2,777.8	1,427.8	1,581.0	2,362.1	2,336.8	153.1	195.2
80-89.9%	18	16	268.3	254.7	146.7	140.6	176.7	209.8	15.5	20.6
70-79.9%	11	18	156.5	261.1	78.0	149.1	433.0	154.3	8.6	14.5
60-69.9%	17	19	286.6	304.8	159.7	168.0	67.5	463.8	11.2	21.3
50-59.9%	25	25	380.5	415.5	221.0	192.8	289.8	88.0	25.2	9.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	236	257	3,622.1	4,013.9	2,033.2	2,231.5	3,329.1	3,252.7	213.6	260.8
40-49.9%	9	9	136.5	143.0	68.9	75.5	26.9	122.3	7.3	14.1
30-39.9%	17	15	274.0	230.0	177.2	152.4	213.8	121.2	34.6	26.5
20-29.9%	19	20	317.0	327.0	149.0	174.2	313.8	190.0	21.6	40.1
10-19.9%	38	40	576.7	645.8	322.8	311.5	336.2	489.1	50.5	51.2
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%...	166	204	2,540.9	3,128.1	1,147.4	1,469.7	1,937.6	2,350.8	145.4	184.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	249	288	3,845.1	4,473.9	1,865.3	2,183.3	2,828.3	3,273.4	259.4	316.0
Total	485	545	7,467.2	8,487.8	3,898.5	4,414.8	6,157.4	6,526.1	473.0	576.8

TABLE 18. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$25,000,000 to \$49,999,999 by degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABEAU 18. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$25,000,000 à \$49,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
90% and over — et plus	65	66	2,262.0	2,315.6	1,235.8	1,256.2	1,979.3	2,278.1	180.2	212.5
80-89.9%	3	9	88.0	319.5	55.3	210.2	55.5	105.3	2.2	12.2
70-79.9%	8	4	285.5	159.9	173.4	102.2	106.5	98.9	13.9	12.4
60-69.9%	8	8	316.5	280.6	196.1	122.5	146.6	181.4	13.8	3.6
50-59.9%	5	6	146.2	184.1	89.8	136.0	96.5	144.2	6.6	18.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	89	93	3,098.2	3,259.7	1,750.4	1,827.1	2,384.4	2,807.9	216.7	259.2
40-49.9%	1	2	¹	70.2	¹	18.2	¹	5.0	¹	.8
30-39.9%	7	5	299.9	180.5	203.0	119.8	80.3	23.1	28.2	17.3
20-29.9%	9	14	332.5	495.7	155.9	294.5	173.6	223.0	23.8	43.7
10-19.9%	15	21	571.4	801.2	305.6	476.8	323.1	462.7	41.1	79.0
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	55	59	1,810.7	1,978.5	952.9	970.4	997.3	1,110.7	108.2	113.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	87	101	3,014.5	3,526.1	1,617.4	1,879.7	1,574.3	1,824.5	201.3	254.5
Total	176	194	6,112.7	6,785.8	3,367.8	3,706.8	3,958.7	4,632.4	418.0	513.7

¹ Included in the 30 to 39.9% group.

¹ Inclus dans le groupe 30 à 39.9%.

TABLE 19. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$50,000,000 to \$99,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABEAU 19. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$50,000,000 à \$99,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
90% and over — et plus	49	46	3,026.5	3,094.6	1,787.2	1,837.4	2,175.2	2,040.3	265.9	275.6
80-89.9%	8	4	554.9	281.1	357.2	189.0	429.4	287.6	37.0	8.8
70-79.9%	2	2	¹	135.8	¹	49.5	¹	23.3	¹	12.7
60-69.9%	2	4	225.6	250.3	62.9	88.4	68.3	84.7	13.2	9.8
50-59.9%	5	7	370.8	486.0	143.2	153.6	163.0	166.1	14.4	11.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	63	63	4,177.8	4,247.8	2,350.5	2,317.9	2,835.9	2,602.0	330.5	318.0
40-49.9%	7	6	495.6	447.3	333.7	298.0	174.8	116.7	24.6	18.3
30-39.9%	7	3	503.3	187.7	326.1	91.2	457.4	111.6	31.5	27.8
20-29.9%	9	6	659.0	429.3	399.9	351.5	221.1	143.5	69.1	114.9
10-19.9%	7	11	479.5	822.6	274.0	321.8	369.4	783.7	37.4	43.0
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	29	30	2,056.1	2,126.7	857.4	850.4	1,651.6	1,873.4	140.8	105.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	59	56	4,193.5	4,013.6	2,191.1	1,912.9	2,874.3	3,028.9	303.4	309.9
Total	122	119	8,371.3	8,261.4	4,541.6	4,230.8	5,710.2	5,630.9	633.9	627.9

¹ Included in the 60 to 69.9% group.

¹ Inclus dans le groupe 60 à 69.9%.

TABLE 20. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets over \$100,000,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963

TABLEAU 20. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de plus de \$100,000,000 avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000							
90% and over — et plus	22	25	4,175.3	6,065.1	2,290.1	3,802.2	2,677.7	3,589.3	255.9	503.3
80-89.9%	5	7	1,098.3	1,478.8	709.0	871.8	927.8	1,193.6	64.1	95.6
70-79.9%	7	8	3,095.9	3,970.1	1,937.2	2,527.6	1,938.7	2,570.4	336.3	258.3
60-69.9%	4	3	1,361.8	424.4	820.8	279.2	988.4	375.3	52.7	34.3
50-59.9%	2	4	1	478.9	1	362.0	1	491.4	1	29.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	40	47	9,731.3	12,417.3	5,757.1	7,842.8	6,532.6	8,220.0	709.0	920.7
40-49.9%	4	4	750.8	697.7	462.0	234.4	106.8	134.0	43.4	28.7
30-39.9%	8	7	1,707.5	1,186.9	1,025.1	810.9	853.0	436.4	199.2	160.4
20-29.9%	10	7	2,030.8	1,283.0	913.4	893.2	1,005.1	654.8	133.3	141.1
10-19.9%	9	14	1,683.9	3,097.0	886.5	1,101.8	570.4	1,037.1	113.3	181.4
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	13	22	2,604.3	4,195.2	869.4	1,523.5	811.5	1,108.0	127.6	203.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	44	54	8,777.3	10,459.8	4,156.4	4,563.8	3,346.8	3,370.3	616.8	714.8
Total	84	101	18,508.6	22,877.1	9,913.5	12,406.6	9,879.4	11,590.3	1,325.8	1,635.5

¹ Included with the 60 to 69.9% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 60 à 69.9%.

SECTION E

CORPORATIONS BY COUNTRY IN WHICH CONTROL IS HELD

(Tables 21 - 27)

SECTION E

CORPORATIONS PAR PAYS D'OÙ S'EXERCE LE CONTROLE

(Tableaux 21 - 24)

TABLE 21. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Non-residents and by Corporations
Incorporated Outside Canada, 1963

TABLEAU 21. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des non-résidents et par des corporations
constituées en dehors du Canada, 1963

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	221	4,243.9	2,118.8	1,876.5	288.6
Mineral fuel extraction and processing — Extraction et traite- ment des combustibles minéraux	191	5,872.3	3,922.4	3,108.2	236.2
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire.....	375	3,612.8	2,101.5	3,860.5	340.1
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	1,144	6,145.2	3,685.7	8,220.1	810.4
Retail and wholesale trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	953	2,383.6	1,039.5	5,746.8	181.8
Finance — Finances.....	920	7,058.9	4,209.0	688.2	361.7
Other industries — Autres industries	544	1,538.7	690.0	1,213.9	103.9
Total	4,348	30,855.4	17,766.9	24,714.2	2,322.7

TABLE 22. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of the United States and by Corporations
Incorporated in the United States, 1963

TABLEAU 22. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents des États-Unis et par des corporations
constituées aux États-Unis, 1963

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	106	1,602.2	608.0	626.6	85.5
Mineral fuel extraction and processing — Extraction et traite- ment des combustibles minéraux	113	3,858.6	2,628.5	2,417.1	179.0
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire.....	261	2,444.6	1,512.9	2,598.9	263.1
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	875	4,784.6	2,927.6	6,950.7	711.0
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	599	1,545.2	710.6	4,120.1	141.3
Finance — Finances	273	1,928.7	540.4	268.4	54.5
Other industries — Autres industries.....	326	927.9	435.0	766.9	69.2
Total	2,553	17,091.8	9,363.0	17,748.7	1,503.6

TABLE 23. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of the United Kingdom and by Corporations
Incorporated in the United Kingdom, 1963

TABLEAU 23. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents du Royaume-Uni et des corporations
constituées du Royaume-Uni, 1963

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	30	564.6	329.2	333.4	26.2
Mineral fuel extraction and processing — Extraction et traite- ment des combustibles minéraux	11	182.1	74.7	44.9	1.8
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	55	445.1	265.4	417.6	33.3
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	136	895.3	449.7	886.1	43.9
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	178	540.9	234.3	839.3	25.2
Finance — Finances	188	1,386.7	859.0	104.9	61.8
Other industries — Autres industries.....	64	203.1	68.9	190.4	5.6
Total	662	4,217.8	2,281.2	2,816.6	197.8

TABLE 24. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of Other OECD Countries and by Corporations Incorporated in Other OECD Countries, 1963

TABLEAU 24. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents des autres pays appartenant à l'O.C.D.E. et par des corporations constituées dans ces autres pays appartenant à l'O.C.D.E., 1963

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	13	68.2	32.0	38.1	(2.1)
Mineral fuel extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	6	1,095.0	699.3	486.2	30.1
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	20	227.8	83.4	102.3	3.3
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	32	111.4	49.8	87.2	2.6
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	60	88.5	31.3	194.9	1.5
Finance — Finances	137	1,994.3	1,653.2	204.1	155.3
Other industries — Autres industries	35	52.8	17.2	30.3	(.1)
Total	303	3,638.0	2,566.2	1,143.1	190.6

TABLE 25. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of Countries, Not Elsewhere Stated (Except Canada) and by Corporations Incorporated in these Countries, 1963

TABLEAU 25. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents de pays, non mentionnées ailleurs (exception faite du Canada), et par des corporations constituées dans ces pays, 1963

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	8	47.9	22.4	40.6	1.5
Mineral fuels extraction — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	5	17.0	7.5	4.1	.3
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	8	26.3	9.8	25.9	—
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	15	18.4	7.1	26.4	.4
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	26	91.8	18.8	136.3	1.6
Finance — Finances	63	139.2	45.4	13.3	2.3
Other industries — Autres industries	11	17.0	6.2	4.8	—
Total	136	357.6	117.2	251.4	6.1

TABLE 26. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of Unidentified Countries and by Corporations Incorporated in Unidentified Countries, 1963

TABLEAU 26. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents de pays non déterminés et par des corporations constituées dans des pays non déterminés, 1963

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	64	1,961.0	1,127.2	837.8	177.5
Mineral fuel extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	56	719.6	512.4	155.9	25.0
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	31	469.0	230.0	715.8	40.4
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	86	335.5	251.5	269.7	52.5
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	90	117.2	44.5	456.2	12.2
Finance — Finances	259	1,610.0	1,111.0	97.5	87.8
Other industries — Autres industries	108	337.9	162.7	221.5	29.2
Total	694	5,550.2	3,439.3	2,754.4	424.6

TABLE 27. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of the United States and by Corporations Incorporated in the United States, 1963

TABLEAU 27. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents des États-Unis et par des corporations constituées aux États-Unis, 1963

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Metal mining — Mines métalliques	28	1,084.1	272.5	269.7	27.4
Other mining — Autres mines	57	331.2	220.2	187.4	48.5
Primary metal industries — Industries métalliques primaires	21	186.9	115.3	169.5	9.6
Mining and refining — Total — Exploitation minière et affinage	106	1,602.2	608.0	626.6	85.5
Mineral fuels — Combustibles minéraux	96	1,793.2	1,284.0	624.9	94.4
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	17	2,065.4	1,344.5	1,792.2	84.6
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Total — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	113	3,858.6	2,628.5	2,417.1	179.0
Food — Aliments	89	609.2	376.5	1,187.0	69.1
Beverage — Boissons	9	112.8	74.3	96.3	25.4
Tobacco — Tabacs	6	57.5	35.2	66.4	2.7
Leather — Cuir	15	35.4	13.6	56.0	1.0
Wood — Bois	42	140.2	75.6	141.5	16.6
Paper — Papier	58	1,326.1	819.1	840.4	122.5
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits des minéraux non métalliques	42	163.4	118.6	211.3	25.8
Primary manufacturing — Total — Fabrication primaire	261	2,444.6	1,512.9	2,598.9	263.1
Rubber — Caoutchouc	26	272.8	170.0	392.1	24.9
Textiles, knitting and clothing — Textiles, bonneterie et vêtements	63	370.6	234.7	403.3	56.6
Furniture — Meubles et articles d'ameublement	10	25.3	19.1	32.3	2.6
Printing and publishing — Imprimerie et édition	26	46.4	26.5	56.1	7.2
Metal fabricating — Fabrication métallique	143	482.0	296.0	658.0	60.8
Machinery — Machines	114	620.6	379.9	846.6	98.8
Transportation equipment — Matériel de transport	77	1,096.4	640.5	2,203.7	239.3
Electrical products — Appareils et matériels électriques	122	679.6	418.6	961.7	58.1
Chemical — Produits chimiques	175	890.4	585.7	1,045.0	133.2
Miscellaneous — Divers	119	300.5	156.6	351.9	29.5
Secondary manufacturing — Total — Fabrication secondaire	875	4,784.6	2,927.6	6,950.7	711.0
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	467	946.2	327.3	2,653.0	74.8
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	132	599.0	383.3	1,467.1	66.5
Finance — Finances	273	1,928.7	540.4	268.4	54.5
Other industries — Autres industries	326	927.9	435.0	766.9	69.2
Total	2,553	17,091.8	9,363.0	17,748.7	1,503.6

SECTION F

CORPORATIONS BY INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION

(Tables 28 - 56B)

SECTION F

CORPORATIONS RÉPARTIES PAR CATÉGORIE INDUSTRIELLE

Tableaux (28 - 56B)

TABLE 28. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL MINING Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 28. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, EXTRACTION des MINÉRAUX METALLIQUES, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	22	695.9	98.5	165.8	11.4
75-94.9%	15	451.4	215.1	141.9	28.1
50-74.9%	35	370.2	234.7	138.1	29.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	72	1,517.5	548.3	445.8	69.4
25-49.9%	68	678.8	609.5	202.7	57.0
5-24.9%	138	888.8	696.5	259.4	115.2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	43	38.8	33.5	4.5	.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	249	1,606.4	1,339.5	466.6	173.0
Total	321	3,123.9	1,887.8	912.4	242.4

TABLE 29. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 29. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des COMBUSTIBLES MINÉRAUX, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	86	1,216.3	863.5	350.0	71.5
75-94.9%	45	1,071.3	734.3	387.1	54.9
50-74.9%	36	284.7	154.9	61.6	16.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	167	2,572.3	1,752.7	798.7	142.8
25-49.9%	28	93.0	76.4	12.2	3.7
5-24.9%	47	292.6	177.5	50.6	7.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	60	91.9	50.3	40.3	3.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	135	477.5	304.2	103.1	14.2
Total	302	3,049.8	2,056.9	901.8	157.0

TABLE 30. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the OTHER MINING Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 30. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, AUTRES industries MINIÈRES, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	60	412.5	267.2	172.0	47.3
75-94.9%	14	48.6	31.1	31.2	4.3
50-74.9%	28	55.2	43.1	14.1	2.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	102	516.3	341.4	217.3	54.2
25-49.9%	32	78.9	52.3	24.3	3.8
5-24.9%	68	127.5	117.5	45.2	(2.9)
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	178	170.9	99.1	139.1	10.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	278	377.3	268.9	208.6	11.2
Total	380	893.6	610.3	425.9	65.4

TABLE 31. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963
TABLERAU 31. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATION DES ALIMENTS, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95 and over — et plus.....	106	630.3	378.3	1,226.5	70.9
75-94.9%	8	21.2	8.9	52.8	2.4
50-74.9%	18	116.6	65.1	141.2	4.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	132	768.1	452.3	1,420.5	78.2
25-49.9%	9	11.1	5.4	21.8	— .2
5-24.9%	47	387.6	171.2	530.7	42.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	775	1,068.3	565.7	2,934.3	73.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	831	1,467.0	742.3	3,486.8	115.6
Total	963	2,235.1	1,194.6	4,907.3	193.8

TABLE 31 A. Meat Products Industries
TABLERAU 31 A. Industries de la viande

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50 and over — et plus	7	43,104	29,804	218,408	1,398
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	160	248,694	130,878	1,252,416	21,006
Total	167	291,798	160,682	1,470,824	22,404

TABLE 31 B. Dairy Products Industries
TABLERAU 31 B. Industrie laitière

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50 and over — et plus.....	11	98,982	68,247	220,490	12,865
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	213	206,971	109,587	585,142	14,231
Total	224	305,953	177,834	805,632	27,096

TABLE 31 C. Fish Products Industry
TABLEAU 31 C. Industrie du poisson

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	13	37,505	13,046	50,125	947
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	56	116,908	48,905	165,988	6,398
Total	69	154,413	61,951	216,113	7,345

TABLE 31 D. Fruit and Vegetable Canners and Preservers
TABLEAU 31 D. Conserves et préparations de fruits et de légumes

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	5	37,594	27,115	57,824	6,257
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	93	228,299	114,636	318,303	24,070
Total	98	265,893	141,751	376,127	30,327

TABLE 31 E. Grain Mills
TABLEAU 31 E. Industrie des grains

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	24	155,930	94,313	209,838	10,077
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	80	83,510	26,990	135,277	3,672
Total	104	239,440	121,303	345,115	13,749

TABLE 31 F. Bakery Products Industries
TABLEAU 31 F. Boulangerie et pâtisserie

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	5	37,594	27,115	57,824	6,257
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	93	228,299	114,636	318,303	24,070
Total	98	265,893	141,751	376,127	30,327

TABLE 31 G. Other Food Processors
TABLEAU 31 G. Autres fabrications d'aliments

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	62	294,648	161,582	457,378	32,497
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	98	353,580	200,283	561,498	36,232
Total	160	648,228	361,865	1,018,876	68,729

TABLE 32. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 32. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des BOISSONS, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	11	123.2	80.7	104.7	26.7
75-94.9%	2	2	1	1	1
50-74.9%	—	—	—	—	—
Sub-total — Total partiel	13	123.2	80.7	104.7	26.7
25-49.9%	3	66.3	13.6	74.3	29.3
5-24.9%	39	399.9	219.7	388.3	72.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	96	310.4	195.0	225.9	34.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	138	776.6	428.3	688.5	136.1
Total	151	899.8	509.0	793.2	162.8

¹ Included in 95% and over group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 95% et plus.

TABLE 32 A. Distilleries
TABLEAU 32 A. Distilleries

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	4	53,062	26,789	21,442	14,411
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	16	254,284	100,572	255,661	65,957
Total	20	307,346	127,361	277,103	80,368

TABLE 32 B. Breweries
TABLEAU 32 B. Brasseries

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	46	452,100	283,026	349,745	61,817
Total	46	452,100	283,026	349,745	61,817

TABLE 32 C. Wineries
TABLEAU 32 C. Industrie du vin

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	13	25,913	15,981	20,992	4,648
Total	13	25,913	15,981	20,992	4,648

TABLE 32 D. Soft Drink Manufacturers
TABLEAU 32 D. Manufacturiers des boissons gazeuses

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	9	70,139	53,873	83,189	12,344
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	63	44,338	28,685	62,066	3,641
Total	72	114,477	82,558	145,255	15,985

TABLE 33. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TOBACCO Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 33. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du TABAC, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Assets Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95 and over — et plus	9	73.2	40.4	54.9	2.1
75-94.9%	2	¹	¹	¹	¹
50-74.9%	8	260.5	124.4	601.7	25.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	19	333.7	164.8	656.6	27.3
25-49.9%	1	²	²	²	²
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	6	58.2	37.0	81.2	9.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	7	58.2	37.0	81.2	9.2
Total	26	391.9	201.8	737.8	36.5

¹ Included in 50 to 74.9% group.

² Included in under 5% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 50 à 74.9%.

² Compris dans le groupe moins de 5%.

TABLE 34. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RUBBER Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 34. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du CAOUTCHOUC, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	26	246.1	132.5	340.8	20.7
75-94.9%	2	56.7	46.8	86.9	3.6
50-74.9%	2	1	1	1	1
Sub-total — Total partiel	30	302.8	179.3	427.7	24.3
25-49.9%	2	2	2	2	2
5-24.9%	1	2	2	2	2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	13	22.9	8.5	41.4	2.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	16	22.9	8.5	41.4	2.7
Total	46	325.7	187.8	469.1	27.0

¹ Included in 50 to 74.9% group.

² Included in under 5% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 50 à 74.9%.

² Compris dans le groupe moins de 5%.

TABLE 34 A. Rubber Footwear and Tire and Tube Manufacturers
TABLEAU 34 A. Manufacturiers de chaussures en caoutchouc et de chambres à air et pneus

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	8	196,107	107,548	254,379	5,329
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	4	9,947	3,458	22,950	363
Total	12	206,054	111,006	277,329	5,692

TABLE 34 B. Other Rubber Industries
TABLEAU 34 B. Autres industries du caoutchouc

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	22	106,665	71,788	173,357	19,058
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	12	13,013	5,039	18,442	2,239
Total	34	119,678	76,827	191,799	21,297

TABLE 35. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the LEATHER Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 35. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du CUIR, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	13	33.8	13.4	52.3	.9
75-94.9%	2	2.3	.6	5.7	.1
50-74.9%	2	1	1	1	1
Sub-total — Total partiel	17	36.1	14.0	58.0	1.0
25-49.9%	5	6.3	3.0	9.4	.4
5-24.9%	1	1	2	2	2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	127	97.7	45.4	185.3	4.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	133	104.0	48.4	194.7	5.0
Total	150	140.1	62.4	252.7	6.0

¹ Included in 75 to 94.9% group.
² Included in 25 to 49.9% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 75 à 94.9%.
² Compris dans le groupe 25 à 49.9%.

TABLE 36. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 36. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des TEXTILES, BONNETERIE ET VÊTEMENTS, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	72	170.5	100.9	240.7	17.6
75-94.9%	11	130.3	88.0	176.1	30.8
50-74.9%	19	154.7	90.1	93.1	14.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	102	455.5	279.0	509.9	62.5
25-49.9%	9	30.2	26.2	28.1	3.8
5-24.9%	17	42.8	20.2	70.9	3.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	734	692.6	348.2	1,208.1	48.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	760	765.6	394.6	1,307.1	55.5
Total	862	1,221.1	673.6	1,817.0	118.0

TABLE 36 A. Wool and Cotton Yarn and Cloth Mills
TABLEAU 36 A. Fabriques de filé de laine et de coton

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	10	29,494	17,908	38,273	2,832
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	48	203,209	118,440	296,308	16,197
Total	58	232,703	136,348	334,581	19,029

TABLE 36 B. Synthetic Textile Mills
TABLEAU 36 B. Industrie des textiles synthétiques

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	13	294,334	182,886	287,700	46,178
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	17	40,941	19,913	77,102	5,210
Total	30	335,275	202,799	364,802	51,388

TABLE 36 C. Other Primary Textile Mills
TABLEAU 36 C. Autres industries textiles primaires

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	20	33,268	19,412	43,564	2,945
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	61	104,678	68,379	128,103	10,769
Total	81	137,946	87,791	171,667	13,714

TABLE 36 D. Other Textile Industries
TABLEAU 36 D. Autres industries textiles

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	12	27,347	20,904	40,302	3,864
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	58	42,915	19,997	84,056	3,209
Total	70	70,262	40,901	124,358	7,073

TABLE 36 E. Hosiery Mills
TABLEAU 36 E. Industrie des bas et chaussettes

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profit Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	6	16,727	7,116	17,682	51
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	32	16,101	6,138	29,294	654
Total	38	32,828	13,254	46,976	705

TABLE 36 F. Other Knitting Mills

TABLEAU 36 F. Industries des tricotés (autres que bas et chaussettes)

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profit — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	13	15,182	8,034	23,068	1,553
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	75	82,153	43,957	133,470	5,453
Total	88	97,335	51,991	156,538	7,006

TABLE 36 G. Men's Clothing Industry

TABLEAU 36 G. Industrie des vêtements d'hommes

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profit — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	7	17,976	10,826	31,067	3,538
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	152	126,224	51,678	233,278	5,178
Total	159	144,200	62,504	264,345	8,716

TABLE 36 H. Women's Clothing Industry

TABLEAU 36 H. Industrie des vêtements de femmes

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profit — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	7	3,089	1,786	4,985	53
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	194	82,598	35,694	200,358	4,899
Total	201	85,687	37,480	205,343	4,952

TABLE 36 J. Fur Goods Industry

TABLEAU 36 J. Industrie des articles en fourrure

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profit — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	30	16,220	5,377	25,991	293
Total	30	16,220	5,377	25,991	293

TABLE 36 K. Foundation Garment Industry
TABLEAU 36 K. Industrie des corsets et soutiens-gorge

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profit Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	8	12,808	7,035	15,951	1,313
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	14	13,756	8,417	23,991	1,337
Total	22	26,564	15,452	39,942	2,650

TABLE 36 L. Other Clothing Industries
TABLEAU 36 L. Autres industries du vêtement

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profit Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	6	5,210	3,065	7,226	200
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	79	36,850	16,602	75,214	2,291
Total	85	42,060	19,667	82,440	2,491

TABLE 37. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WOOD Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 37. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du BOIS, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	37	146.3	79.8	144.6	18.0
75-94.9%	7	6.3	1.5	9.9	.7
50-74.9%	13	115.0	73.9	78.2	12.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	57	267.6	155.2	232.7	30.8
25-49.9%	14	51.2	33.1	51.5	5.1
5-24.9%	24	36.8	13.3	33.2	.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	494	526.3	214.1	713.0	36.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	532	614.3	260.5	797.7	42.2
Total	589	881.9	415.7	1,030.4	75.0

TABLE 37 A. Sawmills
TABEAU 37 A. Scieries

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profit Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	27	205,666	128,413	169,458	25,252
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	304	322,943	144,037	391,964	20,854
Total	331	528,609	272,450	561,422	46,106

TABLE 37 B. Veneer and Plywood Mills
TABEAU 37 B. Fabriques de placages et contreplaqués

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profit Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	11	47,400	21,507	44,566	4,507
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	31	113,177	37,812	144,160	11,502
Total	42	160,577	59,319	188,726	16,009

TABLE 37 C. Sash and Door and Planing Mills
TABEAU 37 C. Industrie des portes et châssis et du rabotage

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profit Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	10	7,796	2,470	12,349	559
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	143	133,264	54,433	204,419	5,945
Total	153	141,060	56,903	216,768	6,504

TABLE 37 D. Wooden Box Factories
TABEAU 37 D. Fabriques de boîtes en bois

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profit Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	14	6,622	3,769	13,500	610
Total	14	6,622	3,769	13,500	610

TABLE 37 E. Coffin and Casket Industry

TABLEAU 37 E. Industrie des cercueils

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	9	9,088	7,284	9,160	488
Total	9	9,088	7,284	9,160	488

TABLE 37 F. Miscellaneous Wood Industry

TABLEAU 37 F. Industries diverses du bois

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporation	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	9	6,702	2,811	6,350	458
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	31	29,194	13,181	34,520	1,810
Total	40	35,896	15,992	40,870	2,268

TABLE 38. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations
in the FURNITURE and FIXTURES Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 38. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes,
industries du MEUBLE et d'AMEUBLEMENT, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	15	27.7	19.4	37.2	2.6
75-94.9%	4	2.6	1.7	4.3	.2
50-74.9%	4	3.2	1.7	5.0	.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	23	33.5	22.8	46.5	3.0
25-49.9%	1	¹	¹	¹	¹
5-24.9%	8	11.0	8.0	11.8	.7
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	191	132.8	59.0	200.6	6.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	200	143.8	67.0	212.4	6.9
Total	223	177.3	89.8	258.9	9.9

¹ Included in 5 to 24.9% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe de 5 à 24.9%.

TABLE 38 A. Household Furniture Electric Lamp and Shade

TABLEAU 38 A. Industrie des meubles de maison et des lampes électriques et des abat-jour

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	11	10,124	6,983	17,533	829
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	136	80,917	35,696	125,961	4,204
Total	147	91,041	42,679	143,494	5,033

TABLE 38 B. Office Furniture Industry

TABLEAU 38 B. Industrie des meubles de bureau

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	4	6,079	1,676	7,834	455
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	10	12,572	6,929	18,796	887
Total	14	18,651	8,605	26,630	1,342

TABLE 38 C. Other Furniture Industry

TABLEAU 38 C. Autres industries du meuble

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	8	17,271	14,169	21,159	1,741
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	54	50,345	24,346	67,597	1,769
Total	62	67,616	38,515	88,756	3,510

TABLE 39. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PAPER Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 39. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du PAPIER, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	62	1,306.8	826.2	880.6	123.1
75-94.9%	11	240.7	101.6	91.1	10.3
50-74.9%	10	143.1	92.8	84.4	9.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	83	1,690.6	1,020.6	1,056.1	142.5
25-49.9%	16	960.2	664.8	484.3	94.2
5-24.9%	29	1,159.2	798.9	821.9	135.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	110	254.5	170.1	275.3	33.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	155	2,373.9	1,633.8	1,581.5	263.0
Total	238	4,064.5	2,654.4	2,637.6	405.5

TABLE 39 A. Pulp and Paper Mills
TABLEAU 39 A. Industrie des pâtes et papiers

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	34	1,522,067	900,044	843,968	121,468
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	40	2,173,881	1,507,056	1,299,706	243,358
Total	74	3,695,948	2,407,100	2,143,674	364,826

TABLE 39 B. Asphalt Roofing Manufacturers and Other Paper Converters
TABLEAU 39 B. Manufacturiers de papier-toiture asphalté et autres transformations du papier

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	34	104,058	75,490	127,647	13,531
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	45	95,348	68,360	106,216	9,929
Total	79	199,406	143,850	233,863	23,460

TABLE 39 C. Paper Box and Bag Manufacturers
TABLEAU 39 C. Manufacturiers de boîtes et sacs en papier

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	15	64,508	45,075	84,496	7,488
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	70	104,641	58,364	175,544	9,703
Total	85	169,149	103,439	260,040	17,191

TABLE 40. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations
in the PRINTING and PUBLISHING Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 40. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes,
industries de l'IMPRESSION et de l'ÉDITION, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	28	50.1	28.9	60.1	6.9
75-94.9%	5	4.6	2.6	5.5	.8
50-74.9%	8	12.8	5.2	12.0	.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	41	67.5	36.7	77.6	8.2
25-49.9%	14	26.6	18.2	44.8	5.0
5-24.9%	15	20.2	13.7	29.3	6.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	264	431.3	243.8	532.7	42.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	293	478.1	275.7	606.8	54.0
Total	334	545.6	312.4	684.4	62.2

TABLE 40 A. Publishing Only
TABLEAU 40 A. Édition seulement

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	13	25,725	10,220	36,247	3,347
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	19	11,029	6,195	15,666	849
Total	32	36,754	16,415	51,913	4,196

TABLE 40 B. Printing and Publishing
TABLEAU 40 B. Imprimerie et édition

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	8	9,387	3,401	8,077	732
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	84	270,984	154,925	302,175	30,541
Total	92	280,371	158,326	310,252	31,273

TABLE 40 C. Commercial Printing
TABLEAU 40 C. Imprimerie commerciale

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	20	32,441	23,064	33,346	4,091
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	166	179,811	103,910	262,570	20,839
Total	186	212,252	126,974	295,916	24,930

TABLE 40 D. Engraving, Stereotyping and Allied Industries
TABLEAU 40 D. Gravure, stéréotypie et industries connexes

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	24	16,265	10,669	26,361	1,766
Total	24	16,265	10,669	26,361	1,766

TABLE 41. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRIMARY METAL Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 41. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus.....	26	256.2	152.7	218.9	8.3
75-94.9%	10	1,070.0	376.6	416.0	23.6
50-74.9%	9	875.0	694.6	574.6	132.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	45	2,201.2	1,223.9	1,209.5	164.8
25-49.9%	8	291.0	187.9	234.4	59.1
5-24.9%	20	906.3	604.0	684.7	131.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%.....	56	139.0	62.8	202.7	9.3
Sub-Total — Total partiel	84	1,336.3	854.7	1,121.8	199.4
Sub-total	129	3,537.5	2,078.6	2,331.3	364.2

TABLE 41 A. Iron and Steel Mills

TABLEAU 41 A. Industrie du fer et de l'acier

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	11	180,531	123,286	211,246	26,935
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	18	997,283	647,591	788,837	166,657
Total	29	1,177,814	770,877	1,000,083	193,592

TABLE 41 B. Steel Pipe and Tube Mills

TABLEAU 41 B. Fabriques de tubes et tuyaux

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	5	60,778	31,104	42,727	(1,650)
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	9	95,575	66,962	75,226	7,310
Total	14	156,353	98,066	117,953	5,660

TABLE 41 C. Iron Foundries
TABLEAU 41 C. Fonderie de fer

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	7	15,564	12,226	17,062	768
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	28	85,052	40,012	137,547	4,404
Total	35	100,616	52,238	154,609	5,172

TABLE 41 D. Non-ferrous Metals; Smelting, Refining, Rolling, Casting and Extruding
TABLEAU 41 D. Métaux non-ferreux; Fusion, Affinage, Laminage, Moulage et Refoulage

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	22	1,944,365	1,057,322	938,451	138,722
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	29	158,376	100,133	120,159	21,069
Total	51	2,102,741	1,157,455	1,058,610	159,791

TABLE 42. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 42. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATION MÉTALLIQUE, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	161	480.3	288.9	650.4	58.0
75-94.9%	18	26.9	14.1	40.8	3.0
50-74.9%	24	57.4	40.4	59.9	5.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	203	564.6	343.4	751.1	66.2
25-49.9%	25	23.8	12.2	30.3	2.6
5-24.9%	31	155.9	100.6	181.5	9.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	372	365.3	176.7	561.6	22.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	428	545.0	289.5	773.4	35.0
Total	631	1,109.6	632.9	1,524.5	101.2

TABLE 42 A. Boiler and Plate Works
TABLEAU 42 A. Industrie des chaudières et des plaques

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	5	29,122	13,259	39,025	1,388
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	25	21,832	10,700	31,683	1,401
Total	30	50,954	23,959	70,708	2,789

TABLE 42 B. Fabricated Structural Metal Industry
TABLEAU 42 B. Industrie de la fabrication des éléments de charpentes métalliques

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	35	157,501	90,084	198,247	5,457
Total	35	157,501	90,084	198,247	5,457

TABLE 42 C. Ornamental and Architectural Metal Industry
TABLEAU 42 C. Industrie des produits métalliques d'architecture et d'ornement

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	17	21,685	10,383	26,866	1,139
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	59	51,916	23,112	78,702	2,370
Total	76	73,601	33,495	105,568	3,509

TABLE 42 D. Wire and Wire Products Manufacturers
TABLEAU 42 D. Industrie du fil métallique et ses produits

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	28	60,085	43,226	77,264	10,196
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	38	56,463	32,142	77,231	6,540
Total	66	116,548	75,368	154,495	16,736

TABLE 42 E. Hardware, Tool and Cutlery Manufacturers
TABLEAU 42 E. Manufacturiers de quincaillerie, d'outils et de coutellerie

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	34	62,009	43,641	79,310	12,226
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	48	36,988	21,177	54,782	3,908
Total	82	98,997	64,818	134,092	16,134

TABLE 42 F. Heating Equipment Manufacturers
TABLEAU 42 F. Manufacturiers d'appareils de chauffage

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	15	28,423	17,515	40,854	2,722
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	28	43,418	20,682	57,688	3,707
Total	43	71,841	38,197	98,542	6,429

TABLE 42 G. Machine Shops
TABLEAU 42 G. Ateliers d'usinage

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	4	3,639	1,979	6,004	190
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	42	24,121	10,537	38,607	1,906
Total	46	27,760	12,516	44,611	2,096

TABLE 42 H. Miscellaneous Metal Fabricating Industries
TABLEAU 42 H. Industrie des produits métalliques divers

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	67	165,271	80,402	225,107	11,959
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	53	48,562	27,777	60,232	2,945
Total	120	213,833	108,179	285,339	14,904

TABLE 42 J. Metal Stamping, Pressing and Coating Industry
TABLEAU 42 J. Industrie de l'estampage, du matriçage et du revêtement des métaux

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	33	194,377	133,041	256,692	26,368
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	100	104,266	53,264	176,165	6,802
Total	133	298,643	186,305	432,857	33,170

TABLE 43. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MACHINERY Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 43. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de la MACHINERIE, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	122	653.0	391.6	875.3	98.9
75-94.9%.....	8	12.7	5.0	21.0	1.5
50-74.9%.....	8	39.6	10.9	54.6	- 2.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	138	705.3	407.5	950.9	98.0
25-49.9%.....	7	14.9	7.7	13.1	.1
5-24.9%.....	10	231.2	142.6	151.0	11.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%.....	111	137.2	60.8	193.3	9.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	128	383.3	211.1	357.4	20.9
Total	266	1,088.6	618.6	1,308.3	118.9

TABLE 43 A. Commercial Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment, Office and Store Machinery Manufacturers
TABLEAU 43 A. Manufacturiers de matériel frigorifique et de conditionnement de l'air, de machines de bureau et de magasin

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	21	194,189	123,897	235,576	37,141
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	8	14,570	4,198	14,462	547
Total	29	208,759	128,095	250,038	37,688

TABLE 43 B. Agricultural Implement Industry
TABLEAU 43 B. Manufacturiers de matériel agricole

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	5	126,969	75,661	220,803	21,696
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	20	233,592	149,180	156,261	11,588
Total	25	360,561	224,841	377,064	33,284

TABLE 43 C. Miscellaneous Machinery and Equipment Manufacturers
TABLEAU 43 C. Manufacturiers de machines et matériel divers

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	112	384,127	207,923	494,492	39,191
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	100	135,139	57,749	186,704	8,693
Total	212	519,266	265,672	681,196	47,884

TABLE 44. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 44. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du
MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	74	786.8	419.9	1,710.8	216.9
75-94.9%.....	9	374.1	254.6	585.2	29.1
50-74.9%.....	13	261.0	154.9	162.3	7.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	96	1,421.9	829.4	2,458.3	253.0
25-49.9%.....	3	7.9	5.8	12.0	.8
5-24.9%.....	12	76.3	56.5	124.8	6.8
Under 5% — Moins de 5%.....	106	178.8	87.3	238.2	16.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	121	263.0	149.6	375.0	23.7
Total	217	1,684.9	979.0	2,833.3	276.7

TABLE 44 A. Motor Vehicle, Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories Manufacturers
TABLEAU 44 A. Manufacturiers de véhicules automobiles, de pièces et accessoires d'automobiles

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	55	922,570	551,929	1,965,067	223,658
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	38	58,692	27,811	109,738	7,833
Total	93	981,262	579,740	2,074,805	231,491

TABLE 44 B. Truck Body and Trailer Manufacturers
TABLEAU 44 B. Manufacturiers de carrosseries de camions et remorques

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	7	28,033	15,108	25,279	1,941
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	27	23,100	10,947	44,230	878
Total	34	51,133	26,055	69,509	2,819

TABLE 44 C. Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers
TABLEAU 44 C. Manufacturiers d'avions et d'éléments

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	21	382,806	211,426	373,710	19,898
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	16	29,732	15,652	30,657	1,340
Total	37	412,538	227,078	404,367	21,238

TABLE 44 D. Railroad Rolling Stock Industry, Shipbuilding and Repair, Boatbuilding and Repair, Miscellaneous Vehicle Manufacturers
TABLEAU 44 D. Manufacturiers de matériel roulant de chemin de fer, construction et réparation de navires, construction et réparation d'embarcations, manufacturiers de véhicules divers

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	13	88,457	50,972	94,271	7,474
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	40	151,507	95,216	190,342	13,651
Total	53	239,964	146,188	284,613	21,125

TABLE 45. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 45. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS ÉLECTRIQUES, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	119	634.3	362.4	799.5	52.1
75-94.9%	20	121.8	68.0	217.9	5.8
50-74.9%	16	38.8	21.2	58.9	1.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	155	794.9	451.6	1,076.3	59.7
25-49.9%	1	1	1	1	1
5-24.9%	10	214.6	114.0	381.9	19.2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	100	180.1	78.6	282.6	15.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	111	394.7	192.6	664.5	34.9
Total	266	1,189.6	644.2	1,740.8	94.6

¹ Included in 5 to 24.9% group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 5 à 24.9%.

TABLE 45 A. Manufacturers of Small Electrical Appliances
TABLEAU 45 A. Manufacturiers de petits appareils électriques

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	20	40,282	23,741	43,411	4,432
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	15	11,443	6,971	22,832	1,594
Total	35	51,725	30,712	66,243	6,026

TABLE 45 B. Manufacturers of Major Appliances (Electrical and Non-electrical)
TABLEAU 45 B. Manufacturiers de gros appareils (électriques ou non)

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	9	80,745	47,971	104,769	980
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	18	56,737	27,165	98,734	1,536
Total	27	137,482	75,136	203,503	2,516

TABLE 45 C. Manufacturers of Household Radio and Television Receivers
TABLEAU 45 C. Manufacturiers d'appareils électro-ménagers de radio et de télévision

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	5	56,621	17,036	44,410	1,455
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	9	36,085	13,067	53,008	4,015
Total	14	92,706	30,103	97,418	5,470

TABLE 45 D. Communications Equipment Manufacturers
TABLEAU 45 D. Manufacturiers de matériel de télécommunication

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	32	102,307	50,379	166,183	12,086
Under 50%.....	25	192,454	101,275	348,714	20,679
Total	57	294,761	151,654	514,897	32,765

TABLE 45 E. Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment
TABLEAU 45 E. Manufacturiers de matériel électrique industriel

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	41	381,949	252,140	540,941	35,010
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	15	30,816	10,087	26,491	2,633
Total	56	412,765	262,227	567,432	37,643

TABLE 45 F. Battery Manufacturers
TABLEAU 45 F. Manufacturiers de batteries

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	11	26,030	15,110	32,481	1,409
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	—	—	—	—	—
Total	11	26,030	15,110	32,481	1,409

TABLE 45 G. Electric Wire and Cable, Miscellaneous Electrical Products Manufacturers
TABLEAU 45 G. Manufacturiers de fils et câbles électriques et d'appareils électriques divers

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	37	106,922	45,137	144,078	4,278
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	29	67,204	34,077	114,742	4,478
Total	66	174,126	79,214	258,820	8,756

**TABLE 46. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963**
**TABLEAU 46. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des
PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON METALLIQUES, 1963**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	46	262.0	152.6	266.5	25.2
75%-94.9%	8	60.2	31.4	29.9	2.9
50%-74.9%	13	95.6	45.4	56.4	6.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	67	417.8	229.4	352.8	35.0
25%-49.9%	8	11.2	4.1	9.0	—
5%-24.9%	21	170.9	97.1	112.4	18.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	182	226.4	121.2	267.8	18.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	211	408.5	222.4	389.2	37.0
Total	278	826.3	451.8	742.0	72.0

TABLE 46 A. Refractories Manufacturers
TABLEAU 46 A. Manufacturiers de produits réfractaires

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	6	18,326	13,921	22,655	3,372
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	—	—	—	—	—
Total	6	18,326	13,921	22,655	3,372

TABLE 46 B. Glass and Glass Products Manufacturers
TABLEAU 46 B. Manufacturiers de verre et d'articles en verre

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	8	63,911	44,366	60,250	4,979
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	17	59,504	37,707	75,699	5,999
Total	25	123,415	82,073	135,949	10,978

TABLE 46 C. Cement, Concrete Products and Ready-Mix Concrete Manufacturers
TABLEAU 46 C. Manufacturiers de ciment, produits en béton et industrie du béton préparé

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	11	183,855	85,540	83,272	8,405
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	140	292,526	152,985	272,008	20,850
Total	151	476,381	238,525	355,280	29,255

TABLE 46 D. Clay Products Manufacturers
TABLEAU 46 D. Manufacturiers de produits de l'argile

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	11	19,769	9,067	18,931	1,423
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	28	33,673	21,757	24,705	1,009
Total	39	53,442	30,824	43,636	2,432

TABLE 46 E. Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products Manufacturers
TABLEAU 46 E. Manufacturiers d'autres produits minéraux non métalliques

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	31	131,965	76,521	167,747	18,844
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	26	22,740	9,915	16,774	772
Total	57	154,705	86,436	184,521	19,616

**TABLE 47. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations
in the PETROLEUM and COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963**

**TABLEAU 47. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries
des PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1963**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	15	453.3	228.8	220.1	5.7
75 - 94.9%	3	1,895.0	1,378.0	1,428.5	44.1
50 - 74.9%	5	951.1	562.4	660.7	43.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	23	3,299.4	2,169.2	2,309.3	93.4
25 - 49.9%	3	4.2	3.2	7.3	.5
5 - 24.9%	—	—	—	—	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	9	13.5	6.4	11.0	.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	12	17.7	9.6	18.3	1.2
Total	35	3,317.1	2,178.8	2,327.6	94.6

**TABLE 47 A. Petroleum Refineries
TABLEAU 47 A. Raffineries de pétrole**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	18	3,278,452	2,157,430	2,292,472	91,084
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	7	12,943	8,842	16,062	1,089
Total	25	3,291,395	2,166,272	2,308,534	92,173

**TABLE 47 B. Other Petroleum and Coal Products Industries
TABLEAU 47 B. Manufacturiers d'autres dérivés du pétrole et du charbon**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	5	20,993	11,784	16,867	2,276
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	5	4,695	715	2,228	145
Total	10	25,688	12,499	19,095	2,421

**TABLE 48. Degree of Non-Resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations
in the CHEMICAL Industries, 1963**

**TABLEAU 48. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes,
industries des PRODUITS CHIMIQUES, 1963**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	187	889.6	550.4	1,074.6	127.0
75 - 94.9%	30	288.0	159.2	293.4	24.4
50 - 74.9%	20	96.8	79.2	74.5	7.7
Sub-total — Total partiel.....	237	1,274.4	788.8	1,442.5	159.1
25 - 49.9%	6	225.1	192.0	135.1	46.2
5 - 24.9%	12	59.7	43.4	47.4	6.8
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	117	130.2	64.4	223.2	10.8
Sub-total — Total partiel.....	135	415.0	299.8	405.7	63.8
Total	372	1,689.4	1,088.6	1,848.2	222.9

**TABLE 48 A. Manufacturers of Mixed Fertilizers
TABLEAU 48 A. Manufacturiers d'engrais mélangés**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	6	12,067	4,816	11,832	333
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	8	24,000	6,909	55,787	831
Total	14	36,067	11,725	67,619	1,164

**TABLE 48 B. Manufacturers of Pharmaceuticals and Medicines
TABLEAU 48 B. Manufacturiers de produits médicaux et pharmaceutiques**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus.....	54	137,352	96,585	179,815	22,969
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	22	29,743	17,946	33,341	2,339
Total	76	167,095	114,531	213,156	25,308

TABLE 48 C. Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations
TABLEAU 48 C. Manufacturiers de produits de toilette

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	28	42,179	28,836	64,423	8,148
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	6	7,910	4,334	17,546	635
Total	34	50,089	33,170	81,969	8,783

TABLE 48 D. Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals
TABLEAU 48 D. Manufacturiers de produits chimiques industriels

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	37	432,436	242,875	366,407	46,795
Under 50% — Mions de 50%	9	270,872	225,161	170,584	52,053
Total	46	703,308	468,036	536,991	98,848

TABLE 48 E. Paint and Varnish Manufacturers
TABLEAU 48 E. Manufacturiers de peintures et vernis

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	26	107,484	73,004	150,245	10,218
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	32	28,518	18,393	47,387	3,062
Total	58	136,002	91,397	197,632	13,280

TABLE 48 F. Manufacturers of Soap and Cleaning Compounds
TABLEAU 48 F. Manufacturiers de savons et de composés de nettoyage

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	14	98,013	63,933	174,446	15,615
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	15	8,332	4,549	20,230	1,099
Total	29	106,345	68,482	194,676	16,714

TABLE 48 G. Plastics, Synthetic Resins, Explosives and Ammunition Manufacturers

TABEAU 48 G. Manufacturiers d'explosifs et de munitions et de matières plastiques et de résines synthétiques

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	11	332,417	206,037	349,819	38,867
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	4	10,240	6,039	4,956	422
Total	15	342,657	212,076	354,775	39,289

TABLE 48 H. Other Chemical Industries

TABEAU 48 H. Autres industries chimiques

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	61	112,522	72,698	145,554	16,126
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	39	35,357	16,460	55,881	3,333
Total	100	147,879	89,158	201,435	19,459

**TABLE 49. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963**

**TABEAU 49. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes,
FABRICATIONS DIVERSES, 1963**

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	117	280.0	145.9	318.4	25.5
75-94.9%	14	16.5	7.2	20.9	1.0
50-74.9%	8	25.2	12.6	42.1	5.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	139	321.7	165.7	381.4	31.8
25-49.9%	5	3.2	2.2	4.7	.4
5-24.9%	12	13.4	7.5	24.8	.9
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	185	135.1	60.6	192.2	9.9
Sub-totals — Total partiel	202	151.7	70.3	221.7	9.4
Total	341	473.4	236.0	603.1	41.2

TABLE 49 A. Scientific and Professional Equipment Manufacturers
TABLEAU 49 A. Manufacturiers d'instruments scientifiques et professionnels

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	48	135,110	84,379	198,927	21,398
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	16	10,217	5,309	11,389	1,196
Total	64	145,327	89,688	210,316	22,594

TABLE 49 B. Jewellery and Silverware Manufacturers
TABLEAU 49 B. Manufacturiers de bijouterie et d'orfèvrerie

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	10	17,902	11,990	26,786	350
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	29	17,361	6,792	25,135	984
Total	39	35,263	18,782	51,921	1,334

TABLE 49 C. Broom, Brush and Mop Industries
TABLEAU 49 C. Industries des balais, brosses et vadrouilles

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	7	11,719	7,075	18,513	1,644
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	9	6,364	3,927	10,821	351
Total	16	18,083	11,002	29,334	1,995

TABLE 49 D. Other Plastic Fabricators
TABLEAU 49 D. Manufacturiers d'articles en matières plastiques

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	17	15,008	3,875	20,751	153
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	51	31,419	14,145	60,019	1,505
Total	68	46,427	18,020	80,770	1,658

TABLE 49 E. Sporting Goods and Toy Industry
TABLEAU 49 E. Industrie des articles de sport et des jouets

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	15	76,094	15,366	37,976	(1,540)
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	28	30,813	12,792	48,966	1,816
Total	43	106,907	28,158	86,942	276

TABLE 49 F. Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries
TABLEAU 49 F. Industries manufacturières diverses

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
50% and over — et plus	42	65,806	43,027	78,431	9,759
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	69	55,569	27,314	65,420	3,582
Total	111	121,375	70,341	143,851	13,341

**TABLE 50 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1963**

**TABLEAU 50 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations
et des syndicats ouvriers, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, 1963**

Industry — Industries	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Building construction — Bâtiments	1,009	975.6	220.9	1,559.4	20.1
Highway and bridge construction — Routes et ponts	270	277.8	108.3	404.0	13.5
Other general contractors — Autres constructions	192	242.9	94.7	413.6	7.2
Trade contractors — Entrepreneurs spécialisés	547	345.9	126.2	735.0	19.2
Total	2,018	1,842.2	550.1	3,112.0	60.0

**TABLE 50 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations
in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1963**

**TABLEAU 50 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, Corporations déclarantes,
industries de la CONSTRUCTION, 1963**

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	102	223.0	88.0	393.8	11.5
75-94.9%	15	33.2	4.5	43.7	-1.2
50-74.9%	24	31.3	11.1	31.1	2.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	141	287.5	103.6	468.6	12.6
25-49.9%	25	63.0	15.8	76.6	.6
5-24.9%	20	88.0	27.7	175.8	2.2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1,832	1,403.7	403.0	2,391.0	44.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	1,877	1,554.7	446.5	2,643.4	47.4
Total	2,018	1,842.2	550.1	3,112.0	60.0

TABLE 51A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE and COMMUNICATION Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 51A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE et COMMUNICATIONS, 1963

Industry — Industries	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$' 000,000			
Transportation — Transports:					
Air transport — Transports aériens	36	40.3	16.5	41.9	1.4
Water transport — Transports par eau	126	386.3	170.0	254.1	19.5
Services incidental to water — Auxiliaires des transports par eau	49	57.2	29.1	106.6	6.9
Truck transport — Transports par camions	268	242.8	111.4	398.4	18.7
Bus transport — Transports par autobus	28	50.0	21.0	47.0	6.7
Pipeline transport — Transports par pipeline	42	1,494.7	350.8	324.6	94.2
Other transportation and services incidental to transportation — Autres services de transports et services auxiliaires	98	104.4	49.0	92.2	4.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	647	2,375.7	747.8	1,264.8	151.8
Storage — Entreposages:					
Grain elevators — Élévateurs à grains	32	588.8	161.9	144.2	13.0
Warehousing — Entrepôts	60	64.3	32.9	49.5	3.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	92	653.1	194.8	193.7	16.7
Communication — Communications:					
Telephone systems — Services téléphoniques	34	295.8	137.2	74.2	19.9
Other communications — Autres services de communications	20	31.3	15.6	10.8	2.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	54	327.1	152.8	85.0	22.7
Total	793	3,355.9	1,095.4	1,543.5	191.2

TABLE 51B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE and COMMUNICATION Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 51B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE et COMMUNICATIONS, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporation	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$' 000,000			
95% and over — et plus	63	165.5	80.4	126.5	11.2
75-94.9%	31	121.6	53.5	112.5	17.8
50-74%	47	165.2	66.9	80.1	8.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	141	452.3	200.8	319.1	37.5
25-49.9%	32	516.6	158.4	169.5	39.6
5-24.9%	72	1,127.2	262.5	339.0	54.2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	548	1,259.8	473.7	715.9	59.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	652	2,903.6	894.6	1,224.4	153.7
Total	793	3,355.9	1,095.4	1,543.5	191.2

TABLE 52 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the GAS, WATER and ELECTRIC UTILITIES Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 52 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, services de GAZ, d'EAU et d'ÉLECTRICITÉ, 1963

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$' 000,000			
Electric — Électricité	51	714.9	309.8	169.8	40.5
Gas distribution — Distribution du gaz	29	971.7	443.3	269.1	35.7
Water systems and other utilities — Services d'eau et autres services d'utilité publique	11	12.0	2.7	9.2	.8
Total	91	1,698.6	755.8	448.1	77.0

TABLE 52 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the GAS, WATER and ELECTRIC Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 52 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, services de GAZ, d'EAU et d'ÉLECTRICITÉ, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$' 000,000			
95% and over — et plus	12	93.9	48.0	26.2	7.5
75-94.9%	3	9.1	1.9	3.6	.1
50-74.9%	9	120.4	44.7	37.4	7.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	24	223.4	94.6	67.2	15.3
25-49.9%	12	332.8	228.4	61.0	13.8
5-24.9%	30	958.6	357.8	264.0	37.2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	25	183.8	75.0	55.9	10.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	67	1,475.2	661.2	380.9	61.7
Total	91	1,698.6	755.8	448.1	77.0

TABLE 53 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 53 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1963

Industry — Industries	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$' 000,000			
Livestock — Bétail	39	21.4	5.6	68.0	-.3
Grain — Céréales	55	256.6	54.6	406.0	4.8
Coal and coke — Charbon et coke	15	94.2	36.7	155.5	5.7
Petroleum products — Produits du pétrole	127	432.7	115.3	566.6	17.3
Paper and paper products — Papiers et produits connexes	96	164.6	49.0	516.2	8.7
General merchandise — Marchandises diverses	22	17.2	7.4	42.5	.7
Food — Aliments	593	514.8	207.2	2,278.7	30.0
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	138	83.5	26.0	556.7	3.2
Drugs and toilet preparations — Préparations pharmaceutiques et préparations de toilette	74	86.5	38.8	220.5	5.6
Apparel and dry goods — Habillement et tissus	258	176.5	72.9	341.3	12.2
Furniture and house furnishing — Meubles et articles d'ameublement	94	63.6	27.0	135.1	3.6
Motor vehicles and accessories — Automobiles et accessoires	220	361.8	111.1	1,274.6	22.1
Electrical machinery — Matériel électrique	218	176.7	67.1	358.1	9.2
Farm machinery and equipment — Machines et instruments agricoles	106	121.4	49.8	234.6	12.8
Machinery and equipment — Machines et équipement	577	651.2	261.4	1,081.5	44.2
Hardware, plumbing and heating — Quincailleries, plomberie et appareils de chauffage	263	309.5	165.3	605.0	12.9
Metal and metal products — Métaux et produits métalliques	122	188.4	60.4	380.4	14.7
Lumber and building materials — Bois d'œuvre et matériaux de construction	615	466.0	221.7	1,073.0	28.5
Scrap and waste materials — Déchets récupérables	68	40.1	16.1	120.2	3.2
Other wholesale — Autres commerces de gros	682	514.8	199.4	1,147.2	30.5
Total	4,382	4,741.5	1,792.8	11,561.7	269.

TABLE 53 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 53 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$' 000,000			
95% and over — et plus	634	1,335.0	423.9	3,194.9	88.2
75-94.9%	51	53.5	14.8	162.3	4.9
50-74.9%	106	172.0	57.8	518.4	8.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	791	1,560.5	496.5	3,875.6	101.5
25-49.9%	89	211.4	56.7	378.9	5.3
5-24.9%	120	222.7	78.5	618.0	16.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	3,382	2,746.9	1,161.1	6,689.2	146.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	3,591	3,181.0	1,296.3	7,686.1	168.1
Total	4,382	4,741.5	1,792.8	11,561.7	269.6

TABLE 54 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 54 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux Termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1963

Industry — Industries	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$' 000,000			
Food stores — Magasins d'alimentation	308	582.0	302.5	2,094.9	62.9
Department stores — Magasins à rayons	110	905.0	416.5	1,691.1	52.8
Variety stores — Magasins de variétés	20	204.9	148.6	321.4	21.4
Other general stores — Autres magasins généraux	129	94.3	54.0	170.2	9.8
Accessory, parts, tire and battery shops — Commerce de pneus, accumulateurs et accessoires	99	91.2	38.6	174.1	4.5
Gasoline service stations — Stations-services	80	43.7	16.1	85.0	1.0
Motor vehicle dealers — Marchands d'automobiles	1,133	630.5	210.3	2,348.8	35.0
Motor vehicle repair shops — Ateliers de réparation d'automobiles	30	11.0	5.8	27.5	.6
Shoe stores — Magasins de chaussures	41	40.8	22.0	81.1	2.5
Men's clothing stores — Magasins de vêtements pour hommes	48	24.3	13.0	49.6	1.7
Women's ready-to-wear stores — Magasins de vêtements prêts à porter pour femmes	81	61.6	32.4	123.4	6.4
Clothing and dry goods stores — Magasins de vêtements et de tissus	87	53.9	29.3	116.3	3.5
Hardware stores — Quincailleries	59	51.9	25.3	87.1	3.1
Household furniture and appliances, radio, TV store — Magasins de meubles, appareils ménagers de radio et de télévision	211	200.0	90.8	261.0	9.4
Drug stores — Pharmacies	52	34.1	16.9	71.2	2.3
Book and stationery stores — Librairies et papeteries	31	36.4	13.3	43.3	.3
Fuel dealers — Marchands de combustible	80	96.0	42.6	137.1	5.0
Jewellery stores — Bijouteries	35	54.4	28.4	51.1	4.8
Other retail trade — Autres commerces de détail	135	92.0	28.7	155.9	3.0
Total	2,769	3,308.0	1,535.1	8,090.1	230.0

TABLE 54 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1963
TABLEAU 54 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	136	478.3	307.7	1,129.2	50.2
75-94.9%	19	147.7	118.4	361.7	10.7
50-74.9%	28	208.8	121.0	410.6	20.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	183	834.8	547.1	1,901.5	81.5
25-49.9%	36	65.1	20.1	96.0	.9
5-24.9%	33	413.2	206.6	1,006.9	36.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	2,517	1,994.9	761.3	5,085.7	111.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	2,586	2,473.2	988.0	6,188.6	148.5
Total	2,769	3,308	1,535.1	8,090.1	230.0

TABLE 55 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 55 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, FINANCES, ASSURANCES et IMMEUBLES, 1963

Industry — Industries	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Investment companies — Sociétés de placements et d'établissements de crédit	3,126	11,819.2	8,220.4	1,023.4	799.3
Savings and credit institutions — Établissements de crédit et d'épargne	470	5,490.3	745.6	411.9	95.2
Credit unions — Caisses populaires	621	594.6	489.1	46.2	23.5
Insurance carriers — Assureurs	89	507.6	127.1	257.0	17.3
Insurance and real estate agencies — Agents d'assurance et d'immeuble	181	245.7	69.8	91.0	10.0
Real estate operators — Exploitants immobiliers	3,035	3,611.3	749.4	513.9	58.0
Total	7,522	22,268.7	10,401.4	2,343.4	1,003.3

TABLE 55 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 55 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FINANCES, ASSURANCES et IMMEUBLE, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	628	5,095.1	3,126.5	529.3	292.4
75-94.9%	138	886.7	565.1	70.1	42.1
50-74.9%	194	1,125.8	529.1	94.1	29.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	960	7,107.6	4,220.7	693.5	364.2
25-49.9%	254	1,511.6	820.5	170.5	111.1
5-24.9%	353	2,933.2	994.8	319.9	142.3
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	5,955	10,716.3	4,365.4	1,159.5	385.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	6,562	15,161.1	6,180.7	1,649.9	639.1
Total	7,522	22,268.7	10,401.4	2,343.4	1,003.3

TABLE 56 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS and PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 56 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, SERVICES SOCIAUX, COMMERCIAUX et PERSONNELS, 1963

Industry — Industries	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Education and related services — Enseignement et services connexes	13	9.8	2.7	6.5	.3
Health and welfare services — Services de santé et du bien-être	23	13.1	3.4	10.5	.6
Theatres, film exchanges — Cinématographie et échanges de films	72	129.7	81.3	73.8	7.6
Bowling alleys — Salle de quilles	66	53.0	4.0	13.3	-1.8
Other recreational — Autres services récréatifs	121	159.7	70.8	74.3	10.9
Services to business — Services commerciaux	327	344.0	143.3	354.6	25.1
Laundries and cleaners — Blanchissage et nettoyage	75	51.7	31.9	69.5	4.3
Hotels, restaurants — Hôtels et restaurants	553	414.6	126.4	350.5	13.1
Other personal services — Autres services personnels	68	43.4	13.0	26.9	2.6
Miscellaneous services — Services divers	291	309.0	88.0	192.1	16.7
Total	1,609	1,528.0	564.8	1,172.0	79.4

TABLE 56 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS and PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1963

TABLEAU 56 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, SERVICES SOCIAUX, COMMERCIAUX et PERSONNELS, 1963

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
95% and over — et plus	134	201.0	78.2	205.1	17.2
75-94.9%	31	87.6	28.5	35.3	3.0
50-74.9%	44	79.8	46.6	44.3	6.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	209	368.4	153.3	284.7	26.3
25-49.9%	53	67.2	38.5	41.5	3.2
5-24.9%	66	131.9	48.5	67.9	6.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1,281	960.5	324.5	777.9	43.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	1,400	1,159.6	411.5	887.3	53.1
Total	1,609	1,528.0	564.8	1,172.0	79.4

SECTION G

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

SECTION G

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES

SECTION A

SECTION A

Table	Page
I. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Industry Group, 1963	14
II. Asset Size Group of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1963.....	15
III. Per Cent of Total Assets, Equity, Sales and Profits by Size Group of Reporting Corporations, 1963	15
IV. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	15
V. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in MANUFACTURING and MINING Industries, 1962 and 1963	18
VI. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CONSTRUCTION, UTILITIES, TRADE, FINANCE, SERVICE and OTHER Industries, 1962 and 1963	18
VII. Assets of Reporting Corporations in the MINING and MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963	19
VIII. Assets of Reporting Corporations in CONSTRUCTION, UTILITIES, TRADE, FINANCE, SERVICE and OTHER Industries, 1963	20
IX. Ownership by Asset Size Groups of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1963	20

Tableau	Page
I. Corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, par groupe industriel, 1963	14
II. Groupement, selon l'importance de l'actif des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et syndicats ouvriers, 1963	15
III. Pourcentage de l'actif total, de l'avoir des actionnaires, des ventes et des bénéfices par tranche de taille des corporations, 1963	15
IV. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1962 et 1963	15
V. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries MINIÈRES et MANUFACTURIÈRES, 1962 et 1963	18
VI. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, COMMERCE, SERVICES, FINANCE et AUTRES, 1962 et 1963	18
VII. Actif des corporations déclarantes, INDUSTRIES MINIÈRES et MANUFACTURIÈRES, 1963	19
VIII. Actif des corporations déclarantes, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, COMMERCE, FINANCES, SERVICES et AUTRES, 1963	20
IX. Appartenance, selon l'importance de l'actif, des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1963	20

SECTION B

SECTION B

X. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, 1962 and 1963, by Type of Payment by Major Industrial Groups	25
XI. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, by Industry Group, 1963	26
XII. Payments to Non-residents by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	28

X. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, 1962 et 1963, par catégorie de paiement selon les grands groupes industriels	25
XI. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, suivant le groupe industriel, 1963	26
XII. Paiements à des non-résidents selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	28

SECTION C

SECTION C

1. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 414 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million, 1963.....	30
2. Intercompany Ownership of 414 Corporations with Assets over \$25 Million, 1963	30
3. Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1963	31
4. Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million by Industry Group, 1963	31
5. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of the 44 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the MINING and REFINING Industries, 1963	31

1. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 414 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, 1963	30
2. Degré d'appartenance en chaîne des 414 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, 1963	30
3. Corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars par degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1963	31
4. Corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, suivant le group industriel, 1963	31
5. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 44 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars dans les industries de l'EXPLOITATION MINIÈRE et AFFINAGE, 1963	31

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES — Continued

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — suite

SECTION C — Concluded

SECTION C — fin

Table	Page	Tableau	Page
6. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of the 40 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Millions in the MINERAL FUELS EXTRACTION AND PROCESSING INDUSTRIES, 1963	32	6. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 40 corporations dont les éléments d'actif dépassent 25 millions de dollars dans les industries d'EXTRACTION ET TRAITEMENT DES COMBUSTIBLES MINÉRAUX, 1963	32
7. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 85 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the PRIMARY MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963	32	7. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 85 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, industries de FABRICATIONS PRIMAIRES, 1963	32
8. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 50 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the SECONDARY MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963	32	8. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 50 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, industries de FABRICATIONS SECONDAIRES, 1963	32
9. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 27 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the WHOLESALE and RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1963	33	9. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 27 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, industries du COMMERCE DE GROS ET DE DÉTAIL, 1963	33
10. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 120 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in the FINANCE Industries, 1963	33	10. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 120 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, industries de FINANCE, 1963	33
11. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of 47 Corporations with Assets Over \$25 Million in OTHER Industries, 1963	33	11. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents des 47 corporations ayant un actif supérieur à 25 millions de dollars, AUTRES Industries, 1963	33

SECTION D

SECTION D

12. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets Under \$250,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	36	12. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de moins de \$250,000 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	36
13. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$250,000 to \$499,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	36	13. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$250,000 à \$499,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	36
14. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$500,000 to \$999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	37	14. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$500,000 à \$999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	37
15. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	37	15. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$1,000,000 à \$4,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	37
16. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$5,000,000 to \$9,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	38	16. Corporations faisant rapport avec termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$5,000,000 à \$9,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	38
17. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$10,000,000 to \$24,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	38	17. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$10,000,000 à \$24,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	38
18. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$25,000,000 to \$49,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	39	18. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$25,000,000 à \$49,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	39
19. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$50,000,000 to \$99,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	39	19. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$50,000,000 à \$99,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	39

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES - Continued

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES - suite

SECTION D - Concluded

SECTION D - fin

Table	Page
20. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets Over \$100,000,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 and 1963	40

Tableau	Page
20. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de plus de \$100,000,000 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 et 1963	40

SECTION E

SECTION E

21. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Non-residents and by Corporations Incorporated Outside Canada, 1963	42
22. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of the United States and by Corporations Incorporated in the United States, 1963	42
23. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of the United Kingdom and by Corporations Incorporated in the United Kingdom, 1963	42
24. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of Other OECD and by Corporations Incorporated in Other OECD Countries, 1963	43
25. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of Countries, Not Elsewhere Stated (Except Canada) and by Corporations Incorporated in these Countries, 1963	43
26. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of Unidentified Countries and by Corporations Incorporated in Unidentified Countries, 1963	43
27. Reporting Corporations Controlled by Residents of the United States and by Corporations Incorporated in the United States, 1963	44

21. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des non-résidents et par des corporations constituées en dehors du Canada, 1963	42
22. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents des Etats-Unis et par des corporations constituées aux Etats-Unis, 1963	42
23. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents du Royaume-Uni et des corporations constituées du Royaume-Uni, 1963	42
24. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents des autres pays appartenant à l'O.C.D.E. et par des corporations constituées dans ces autres pays appartenant à l'O.C.D.E., 1963	43
25. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents de pays, non mentionnées ailleurs (exception faite du Canada), et par des corporations constituées dans ces pays, 1963	43
26. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents de pays non déterminés et par des corporations constituées dans des pays non déterminés, 1963	43
27. Corporations déclarantes dirigées par des résidents des Etats-Unis et par des corporations constituées aux Etats-Unis, 1963	44

SECTION F

SECTION F

28. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL MINING Industries, 1963	46
29. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1963	46
30. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the OTHER MINING Industries, 1963	46
31. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963	47
31 A. Meat Products Industries	47
31 B. Dairy Products Industries	47
31 C. Fish Products Industry	48
31 D. Fruit and Vegetable Canners and Preservers	48
31 E. Grain Mills	48
31 F. Bakery Products Industries	48
31 G. Other Food Processors	49
32. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1963	49
32 A. Distilleries	49
32 B. Breweries	50
32 C. Wineries	50
32 D. Soft Drink Manufactures	50

28. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, EXTRACTION des MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1963	46
29. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des COMBUSTIBLES MINÉRAUX, 1963	46
30. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, AUTRES industries MINIÈRES, 1963	46
31. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATION DES ALIMENTS, 1963	47
31 A. Industries de la viande	47
31 B. Industrie laitière	47
31 C. Industrie du poisson	47
31 D. Conserves et préparations de fruits et de légumes	48
31 E. Industrie des grains	48
31 F. Boulangerie et pâtisserie	48
31 G. Autres fabrications d'aliments	49
32. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des BOISSONS, 1963	49
32 A. Distilleries	49
32 B. Brasseries	50
32 C. Industrie du vin	50
32 D. Manufacturiers des boissons gazeuses	50

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES - Continued

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES - suite

SECTION F - Continued

SECTION F - suite

Table	Page
33. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TOBACCO Industries, 1963 ..	50
34. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RUBBER Industries, 1963 ..	51
34 A. Rubber Footwear and Tire and Tube Manufacturers	51
34 B. Other Rubber Industries	51
35. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the LEATHER Industries, 1963 ..	52
36. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TEXTILE, KNITTING and CLOTHING Industries, 1963	52
36 A. Wool and Cotton Yarn and Cloth Mills	52
36 B. Synthetic Textile Mills	53
36 C. Other Primary Textile Mills	53
36 D. Other Textile Industries	53
36 E. Hosiery Mills	53
36 F. Other Knitting Mills	54
36 G. Men's Clothing Industry	54
36 H. Women's Clothing Industry	54
36 J. Fur Goods Industry	54
36 K. Foundation Garment Industry	55
36 L. Other Clothing Industries	55
37. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WOOD Industries, 1963	55
37 A. Sawmills	56
37 B. Veneer and Plywood Mills	56
37 C. Sash, Door and Planing Mills	56
37 D. Wooden Box Factories	56
37 E. Coffin and Casket Industry	57
37 F. Miscellaneous Wood Industry	57
38. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FURNITURE and FIXTURES Industries, 1963	57
38 A. Household Furniture Electric Lamp and Shade ..	58
38 B. Office Furniture Industry	58
38 C. Other Furniture Industry	58
39. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PAPER Industries, 1963 ..	58
39 A. Pulp and Paper Mills	59
39 B. Asphalt Roofing Manufacturers and Other Paper Converters	59
39 C. Paper Box and Bag Manufacturers	59
40. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Industries, 1963	59
40 A. Publishing Only	60
40 B. Printing and Publishing	60
40 C. Commercial Printing	60
40 D. Engraving, Stereotyping and Allied Industries ..	60
41. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRIMARY METAL Industries, 1963 ..	61
41 A. Iron and Steel Mills ..	61

Tableau	Page
33. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du TABAC, 1963	50
34. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du CAOUTCHOUC, 1963 ..	51
34 A. Manufacturiers de chaussures en caoutchouc et de chambres à air et pneus	51
34 B. Autres industries du caoutchouc	51
35. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du CUIR, 1963	52
36. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des TEXTILES, BONNETERIE et VÊTEMENTS, 1963	52
36 A. Fabriques de filé, de laine et de coton	52
36 B. Industrie des textiles synthétiques	53
36 C. Autres industries textiles primaires	53
36 D. Autres industries textiles	53
36 E. Industries des bas et chaussettes	53
36 F. Industries des tricots (autres que bas et chaussettes)	54
36 G. Industries des vêtements d'hommes	54
36 H. Industrie des vêtements de femmes	54
36 J. Industrie des articles en fourrure	54
36 K. Industrie des corsets et soutiens-gorge	55
36 L. Autres Industries du vêtement	55
37. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporation déclarantes, industries du BOIS, 1963	55
37 A. Scieries	56
37 B. Fabriques de placages et contreplaqués	56
37 C. Industrie des portes et châssis et du rabotage	56
37 D. Fabriques de boîtes en bois	56
37 E. Industrie des cercueils	57
37 F. Industries diverses du bois	57
38. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de MEUBLES et D'AMEUBLEMENT, 1963	57
38 A. Industrie des meubles de maison et des lampes électriques et des abat-jour	58
38 B. Industrie des meubles de bureau	58
38 C. Autres industries du meuble	58
39. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du PAPIER, 1963	58
39 A. Industrie des pâtes et papiers	59
39 B. Manufacturiers de papier-toiture asphalté et autres transformations du papier	59
39 C. Manufacturiers de boîtes et sacs en papier	59
40. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de L'IMPRESSION et de L'ÉDITION, 1963	59
40 A. Edition seulement	60
40 B. Imprimerie et édition	60
40 C. Imprimerie commerciale	60
40 D. Gravure, stéréotypie et industries connexes	60
41. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1963	61
41 A. Industrie du fer et de l'acier	61

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES - Continued

SECTION F - Continued

Table	Page
41 B. Steel Pipe and Tube Mills	61
41 C. Iron Foundries	62
41 D. Non-ferrous Metals; Smelting, Refining, Rolling, Casting and Extruding	62
42. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1963	62
42 A. Boiler and Plate Works	63
42 B. Fabricated Structural Metal Industry	63
42 C. Ornamental and Architectural Metal Industry	63
42 D. Wire and Wire Products Manufacturers	63
42 E. Hardware, Tool and Cutlery Manufacturers	64
42 F. Heating Equipment Manufacturers	64
42 G. Machine Shops	64
42 H. Miscellaneous Metal Fabricating Industries	64
42 J. Metal Stamping, Pressing and Coating Industry	65
43. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MACHINERY INDUSTRIES, 1963	65
43 A. Commercial Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment, Office and Store Machinery Manufacturers	65
43 B. Agricultural Implement Industry	66
43 C. Miscellaneous Machinery and Equipment Manufacturers	66
44. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1963	66
44 A. Motor Vehicle, Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories Manufacturers	67
44 B. Truck Body and Trailer Manufacturers	67
44 C. Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers	67
44 D. Railroad Rolling Stock Industry, Shipbuilding and Repair, Boatbuilding and Repair, Miscellaneous Vehicle Manufacturers	67
45. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963	68
45 A. Manufacturers of Small Electrical Appliances	68
45 B. Manufacturers of Major Appliances (Electrical and Non-electrical)	68
45 C. Manufacturers of Household Radio and Television Receivers	69
45 D. Communications Equipment Manufacturers	69
45 E. Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment	69
45 F. Battery Manufacturers	69
45 G. Electric Wire and Cable, Miscellaneous Electrical Products Manufacturers	70
46. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the NON METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCT Industries, 1963	70

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES - suite

SECTION F - suite

Tableau	Page
41 B. Fabriques de tubes et tuyaux	61
41 C. Fonderies de fer	62
41 D. Métaux non-ferreux; Fusion, Affinage, Laminage, Moulage et Refoulage	62
42. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATION MÉTALLIQUE, 1963	62
42 A. Industrie des chaudières et des plaques	63
42 B. Industrie de la fabrication des éléments de charpentes métalliques	63
42 C. Industrie des produits métalliques d'architecture et d'ornement	63
42 D. Industrie du fil métallique et ses produits	63
42 E. Manufacturiers de quincaillerie, d'outils et de coutellerie	64
42 F. Manufacturiers d'appareils de chauffage	64
42 G. Ateliers d'usinage	64
42 H. Industrie des produits métalliques divers	64
42 J. Industrie de l'estampage, du matriçage et du revêtement des métaux	65
43. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de la MACHINERIE, 1963	65
43 A. Manufacturiers de matériel frigorifique et de conditionnement de l'air, de machines de bureau et de magasin	65
43 B. Manufacturiers de matériel agricole	66
43 C. Manufacturiers de machines et matériel divers	66
44. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1963	66
44 A. Manufacturiers de véhicules automobiles, de pièces et accessoires d'automobiles	67
44 B. Manufacturiers de carrosseries de camions et remorques	67
44 C. Manufacturiers d'avions et d'éléments	67
44 D. Manufacturiers du matériel roulant de chemin de fer, construction et réparation de navires, construction et réparation d'embarcations, manufacturiers de véhicules divers	67
45. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS ÉLECTRIQUES, 1963	68
45 A. Manufacturiers de petits appareils électriques	68
45 B. Manufacturiers de gros appareils (électriques ou non)	68
45 C. Manufacturiers d'appareils électro-ménagers de radio et de télévision	69
45 D. Manufacturiers de matériel de télécommunication	69
45 E. Manufacturiers de matériel électrique industriel	69
45 F. Manufacturiers de batteries	69
45 G. Manufacturiers de fils et câbles électriques et d'appareils électriques divers	70
46. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON-MÉTALLIQUES, 1963	70

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES - Continued

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES - suite

SECTION F - Continued

SECTION F - suite

Table	Page	Tableau	Page
46 A. Refractories Manufacturers	70	46 A. Manufacturiers de produits réfractaires	70
46 B. Glass and Glass Products Manufacturers	71	46 B. Manufacturiers de verre et d'articles en verre	71
46 C. Cement, Concrete Products and Ready-Mix Concrete Manufacturers	71	46 C. Manufacturiers de ciment, produits en béton et industrie du béton préparé	71
46 D. Clay Products Manufacturers	71	46 D. Manufacturiers de produits de l'argile	71
46 E. Other Non-metallic Mineral Products Manufacturers	71	46 E. Manufacturiers d'autres produits minéraux non-métalliques	71
47. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963	72	47. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1963	72
47 A. Petroleum Refineries	72	47 A. Raffineries de pétrole	72
47 B. Other Petroleum and Coal Products Industries	72	47 B. Manufacturiers d'autres dérivés du pétrole et du charbon	72
48. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CHEMICAL Industries, 1963	73	48. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS CHIMIQUES, 1963	73
48 A. Manufacturers of Mixed Fertilizers	73	48 A. Manufacturiers d'engrais mélangés	73
48 B. Manufacturers of Pharmaceuticals and Medicines	73	48 B. Manufacturiers de produits médicaux et pharmaceutiques	73
48 C. Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations	74	48 C. Manufacturiers de produits de toilette	74
48 D. Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals	74	48 D. Manufacturiers de produits chimiques industriels	74
48 E. Paint and Varnish Manufacturers	74	48 E. Manufacturiers de peintures et vernis	74
48 F. Manufacturers of Soap and Cleaning Compounds	74	48 F. Manufacturiers de savons et de composés de nettoyage	74
48 G. Plastics, Synthetic Resins, Explosives and Ammunition Manufacturers	75	48 G. Manufacturiers d'explosifs et de minutions et de matières plastiques et de résines synthétiques	75
48 H. Other Chemical Industries	75	48 H. Autres industries chimiques	75
49. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963	75	49. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATIONS DIVERSES, 1963	75
49 A. Scientific and Professional Equipment Manufacturers	76	49 A. Manufacturiers d'instruments scientifiques et professionnels	76
49 B. Jewellery and Silverware Manufacturers	76	49 B. Manufacturiers de bijouterie et d'orfèvrerie	76
49 C. Broom, Brush and Mop Industries	76	49 C. Industries des balais, brosses et vadrouilles	76
49 D. Other Plastic Fabricators	76	49 D. Manufacturiers d'articles en matière plastique	76
49 E. Sporting Goods and Toy Industry	77	49 E. Industrie des articles de sport et des jouets	77
49 F. Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	77	49 F. Industries manufacturières diverses	77
50 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1963	77	50 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, 1963	77
50 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1963	77	50 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, 1963	77
51 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION Industries, 1963	78	51 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE ET COMMUNICATIONS, 1963	78
51 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION Industries, 1963	78	51 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE ET COMMUNICATIONS, 1963	78
52 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC UTILITIES Industries, 1963	79	52 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, SERVICE DE GAZ, D'EAU ET D'ÉLECTRICITÉ, 1963	79
52 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC Industries, 1963	79	52 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, SERVICES DE GAZ, D'EAU ET D'ÉLECTRICITÉ, 1963	79

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES — Concluded

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — fin

SECTION F — Concluded

SECTION F — fin

Table	Page	Tableau	Page
53 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1963	79	53 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1963	79
53 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1963	80	53 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1963	80
54 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1963	80	54 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1963	80
54 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1963	81	54 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1963	81
55 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE Industries, 1963	81	55 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, FINANCES, ASSURANCES et IMMEUBLES, 1963	81
55 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FINANCE, INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE Industries, 1963	81	55 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FINANCES, ASSURANCES et IMMEUBLES, 1963	81
56 A. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS and PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1963	82	56 A. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, SERVICES SOCIAUX, COMMERCIAUX et PERSONNELS, 1963	82
56 B. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS and PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1963 ..	82	56 B. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, SERVICES SOCIAUX, COMMERCIAUX et PERSONNELS, 1963	82

**Report
For 1964**

**Rapport
de 1964**

**Part I - Partie I
CORPORATIONS**



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CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

SUR LES DÉCLARATIONS DES CORPORATIONS ET DES SYNDICATS OUVRIERS

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ANNUAL REPORT
of the
Minister of Trade and Commerce
under the
Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
(Part I. Corporations)

RAPPORT ANNUEL
du
ministre du Commerce
présenté sous l'empire de la
**Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers**
Partie I. (Corporations)

1964

Published by Authority of
The Honourable Jean-Luc Pépin
Minister of Trade and Commerce

Dominion Bureau of Statistics
Walter E. Duffett
Dominion Statistician

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l'honorable Jean-Luc Pépin
ministre du Commerce

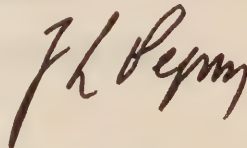
Bureau fédéral de la statistique
Walter E. Duffett
Statisticien du Dominion

*To His Excellency, The Right Honourable Roland Michener, C.C., Governor General
of Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour of presenting to your Excellency the Third Annual Report under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary of information filed under Part I of the statute by corporations for their fiscal periods ending in 1964.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'J. H. P. Pym', written in a cursive style.

Minister of Trade and Commerce

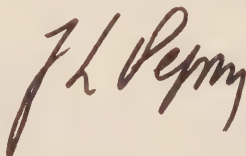
Ottawa, Canada
November 1968

*A Son Excellence, le très honorable Roland Michener, C.C., Gouverneur général
du Canada.*

Monsieur le Gouverneur général,

J'ai l'honneur de présenter à Votre Excellence le troisième rapport annuel du Service d'application de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers comprenant un résumé statistique et une analyse des renseignements déposés, au titre des années financières closes en 1964, par les corporations visées par Partie I de ladite Loi.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le Gouverneur général, l'assurance de mon profond respect.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'J. L. Pepin'. The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

Le ministre du Commerce

Ottawa, Canada
Novembre 1968

*The Honourable Jean-Luc Pépin,
Minister of Trade and Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour to submit the Third Annual Report (Part 1) under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary and analysis of information filed by corporations for the fiscal years ending in 1964.

Respectfully submitted,

Walter G. Duffett

Dominion Statistician

Ottawa, Canada
November 1968

*L'honorable Jean-Luc Pépin,
Ministre du Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Monsieur le Ministre,

J'ai l'honneur de vous présenter le troisième rapport annuel du Service d'application de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers comprenant un résumé statistique et une analyse des renseignements déposés par les corporations en vertu de la Partie I de la Loi, pour les années financières closes en 1964.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le Ministre, l'assurance de mes sentiments dévoués.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Hector E. Duffett". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized 'H' and 'D'.

Le statisticien du Dominion

Ottawa, Canada
Novembre 1968

FOREWORD

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, Chapter 26, 10-11 Elizabeth II, was passed by Parliament in April, 1962. The Act is administered by the Dominion Statistician under the authority of the Minister of Trade and Commerce. The purpose of the Act is to collect financial and other information on the affairs of corporations and labour unions carrying on activities in Canada. Such information was considered necessary to determine on the one hand the extent and effects of non-resident ownership and control of corporations in Canada and on the other hand, the extent and effects of the association of Canadians with international labour unions.

The Act applies only to corporations whose gross revenues during a reporting period exceed \$500,000 or whose assets exceed \$250,000. Crown corporations and corporations operating under the authority of such Government of Canada statutes as the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Trust Companies Act, the Loan Companies Act, the Small Loans Act, the Radio Act and the Railway Act are exempted to avoid duplication of returns where substantially the same kind of information was felt to be available under other federal legislation. In much the same way the legislation applies to every labour union in Canada having a local in Canada and 100 or more members resident in Canada.

The corporation returns are divided into confidential and non-confidential sections. The non-confidential section of the return includes information on the incorporation, officers and directors and ownership of the corporation's issued share capital. The confidential section of the return includes financial statements of the corporation similar to those required under the Income Tax Act and a schedule of selected payments to non-residents for dividends, interest and certain business services.

Labour unions affected by the legislation are required to provide similar kinds of information, also divided into the two parts. In the non-confidential section, the union furnishes a copy of its constitution, names of its officers, number of employees and certain information on locals, trusteeships and collective agreements. The confidential section of the return includes the union's financial statements and information on the dues and assessments received by international unions from members of those unions resident in Canada.

AVANT-PROPOS

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers (Chapitre 26, 10-11 Elisabeth II) a été votée par le Parlement en avril 1962. Le statisticien fédéral, sous l'autorité du ministre du Commerce, est chargé de sa mise en application. Cette loi vise à recueillir des données financières et autres renseignements relatifs aux affaires des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers qui exercent une activité au Canada. De tels renseignements se révélaient nécessaires pour déterminer d'une part le degré et les conséquences de l'appartenance des corporations à des personnes ne résidant pas au Canada et de la direction qu'elles y exercent et, d'autre part, l'ampleur et les répercussions de l'affiliation de Canadiens à des syndicats ouvriers internationaux.

Cette loi ne vise que les corporations dont le revenu brut durant un exercice financier visé par le rapport s'établit à plus de \$500,000, ou dont l'actif dépasse \$250,000. Les sociétés de la Couronne et les corporations dont l'activité relève d'autres statuts du Gouvernement canadien, tels que la Loi sur les compagnies d'assurance canadiennes et britanniques, la Loi sur les compagnies fiduciaires, la Loi sur les compagnies de prêt, la Loi sur les petits prêts, la Loi sur la radio, la Loi sur les chemins de fer, en sont exemptées; autrement il y aurait double emploi des déclarations, puisque ces sociétés fournissent déjà des renseignements de même nature au gouvernement fédéral. De même, dans une large mesure, la loi s'applique à tout syndicat ouvrier exerçant à ce titre une activité au Canada et ayant un syndicat local et un effectif de 100 membres ou plus résidant au Canada.

Les rapports des corporations se présentent en deux sections: la section confidentielle et la section non confidentielle. Cette dernière fournit au sujet de la corporation des informations sur les modalités de sa constitution, sur ses dirigeants et ses administrateurs ainsi que sur les propriétaires du capital-actions émis. Quant à la section confidentielle de la déclaration, elle renferme des états financiers de la corporation semblables à ceux qu'elle est tenue de produire conformément à la Loi sur l'impôt sur le revenu, et un état de certains paiements faits à des non-résidents au titre des dividendes, des intérêts et de certains frais pour services professionnels et autres.

Les syndicats ouvriers auxquels la loi s'applique sont eux aussi tenus de fournir des renseignements similaires, également groupés en deux catégories. Dans la partie non confidentielle, le syndicat produit une copie de son acte constitutif, identifie ses dirigeants, révèle l'effectif de son personnel et donne certaines précisions sur ses sections locales, leur tutelle et les conventions collectives. La section confidentielle de la déclaration renferme les états financiers du syndicat et des renseignements sur les redevances et cotisations perçues par les syndicats internationaux de leurs membres résidant au Canada.

All returns are made in the first instance to the Dominion Statistician. The Act provides that the non-confidential part, Section A of the return filed by each corporation, shall be kept on record in an office of the Department of the Secretary of State, to which one copy is forwarded by the Dominion Statistician. Similarly the non-confidential part, Section A of the return of each labour union, shall be held by the Department of Labour, to which one copy is forwarded by the Dominion Statistician. Any person is permitted to inspect these copies upon payment of a nominal fee. Section B of any return filed by either a corporation or a union remains in the control and custody of the Dominion Statistician and is not available to any person other than an official or authorized person as described in the Act.

The Act requires that the Dominion Statistician prepare an annual report summarizing both the confidential and non-confidential information submitted by corporations and labour unions. The first report was released in July 1965 covering fiscal periods of corporations and labour unions ending in 1962. Subsequent annual reports under the Act are released in two parts, Part I relating to corporations and Part II relating to labour unions.

D. A. TRAQUAIR

*Director,
Corporations and Labour Unions
Returns Act Administration.*

Tous les rapports doivent être acheminés directement au bureau du statisticien fédéral. La loi prévoit que la partie non confidentielle, — Section A du rapport soumis par toute corporation, — doit être gardée en dossier dans un bureau du Secrétariat d'État, auquel le statisticien fédéral en envoie un exemplaire. De même, un exemplaire de la partie non confidentielle, — Section A du rapport de tout syndicat ouvrier, — doit être conservé au ministère du Travail auquel le statisticien fédéral en envoie une copie. Il est permis à quiconque de consulter ces documents moyennant un honoraire minime. La Section B de toute déclaration soumise par une corporation ou un syndicat ouvrier reste entre les mains du statisticien fédéral et personne ne peut y avoir accès, sauf les fonctionnaires et autres personnes que la loi autorise.

La Loi exige que le statisticien fédéral prépare un rapport annuel qui récapitule les renseignements confidentiels et non confidentiels soumis par les corporations et les syndicats ouvriers. Le premier rapport a été publié en juillet 1965; il couvrait les exercices financiers des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers qui s'étaient terminés en 1962. Aux termes de la loi, les rapports annuels subséquents seront publiés en deux parties. La Partie I portera sur les corporations et la Partie II, sur les syndicats ouvriers.

D.A. TRAQUAIR,

*Directeur,
Service d'application de la Loi
sur les déclarations des corporations
et des syndicats ouvriers.*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Page
A. Corporations in Canada, 1964 (Tables 1 to 3)	11
B. Payments to Non-residents (Tables 4 to 8 J)	17
C. Financial Detail of Corporations in Mining and Manufacturing Industries with Assets over \$25 Millions, by Ownership, 1964 (Tables 9 to 13)	25
D. Corporations by Asset Size Group, 1964 (Tables 14 to 22)	41
E. Corporations by Industrial Classification, 1962-1964 (Tables 23 to 79)....	47
F. Index to Statistical Tables	87

TABLE DES MATIÈRES

Section	Page
A. Corporations au Canada, 1964 (Tableaux 1 à 3)	11
B. Paiements à des non-résidents (Tableaux 4 à 8 J)	17
C. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries minières et manufacturières, par appartenance, 1964 (Tableaux 9 à 13)	25
D. Corporations groupées selon l'importance de l'actif, 1964 (Tableaux 14 à 22)	41
E. Corporations réparties par catégorie industrielle, 1962-1964 (Tableaux 23 à 79)....	47
F. Index des tableaux statistiques	87

SECTION A

CORPORATIONS IN CANADA

TABLES 1 to 3

CORPORATIONS AU CANADA

TABLEAUX 1 à 3

CORPORATIONS IN CANADA

During 1964 the third year of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act over 27,000 corporations submitted complete annual returns. As in previous years a number of returns were completed by corporations which were exempt from the reporting requirements of the Act and such returns are not included in this report. Table 1 shows that 26,763 completed annual returns were tabulated in 1964. This compares with 24,515 returns for 1962 and 26,646 returns for 1963. As in previous years, the 26,763 corporations tabulated includes corporations operating in Canada whether incorporated in Canada, or incorporated outside Canada and operating in Canada as a branch. Also corporations which were incorporated outside of Canada for the purposes of carrying on business in Canada were included. Corporations, incorporated in Canada, but whose principal business activities were outside Canada, were excluded from the tabulations.

As in 1962 and 1963, four basic financial items were tabulated, namely assets, equity, sales and profits. The assets of a corporation are those items which the corporation as a legal entity owns and includes its cash, receivables, inventories, net fixed assets, investment in other corporations and other assets. The amounts tabulated were those shown on the corporations' balance sheets after deducting allowances for doubtful debts and accumulated depreciation. The shareholders of a corporation are, with rare exception, the owners of the corporation. The amount tabulated for shareholders' equity was the shareholders' ownership investment in the corporation as represented by the total of all issued share capital, the earnings retained in the business (or minus any deficit), and amounts segregated from the retained earnings. Normally the sales figure tabulated for trade and manufacturing corporations was the gross revenue derived from their principal source of operations. However in the case of corporations deriving their main income from rents, dividends or interest the total income of the corporation was tabulated as sales. As in previous years profits include the corporation's operating profit, financial income, if any, capital gains, dividend income, profits on the disposal of fixed assets and any other type of non-recurring, extraneous profits which may have been credited directly to the retained earnings account. Such amounts were tabulated after deducting allowances for depreciation but before income tax provision or dividend declarations.

The reporting requirements of corporations under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act were basically the same in 1962, 1963 and 1964. All corporations authorized under a law of

CORPORATIONS DU CANADA

En 1964, troisième année d'application de la loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, plus de 27,000 corporations ont soumis des rapports annuels complets. Comme les années précédentes, un certain nombre de déclarations ont été remplies par des corporations exemptes de l'obligation de faire rapport qui est prévue dans la loi; de telles déclarations ne figurent pas dans le présent rapport. Le tableau 1 montre que 26,763 déclarations annuelles dûment remplies ont été tabulées en 1964, au regard de 24,515 déclarations pour 1962 et de 26,646 déclarations pour 1963. Comme les années précédentes, les 26,763 corporations tabulées comprennent des compagnies exerçant leur activité au Canada, qu'elles soient constituées au Canada ou constituées en dehors du Canada et qu'elles exercent en notre pays une activité de succursale. De même on a inclus les corporations qui ont été constituées en dehors du Canada pour exercer leur activité au Canada. Les corporations constituées au Canada, mais dont les principales opérations d'affaires se sont déroulées à l'extérieur de notre pays, ont été soustraites aux tabulations.

Comme en 1962 et en 1963, on a tabulé quatre postes financiers de base, savoir: l'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les ventes et les profits. L'actif d'une corporation désigne les éléments que la corporation à titre d'entité légale possède; il comprend l'argent comptant, les effets à recevoir, les stocks, l'actif fixe net, les investissements dans les autres corporations et d'autres éléments d'actif. Les montants tabulés sont ceux qu'on a inscrits sur les bilans des corporations après avoir déduit les montants alloués pour les dettes douteuses et la dépréciation accumulée. Les actionnaires d'une corporation en sont, à de rares exceptions près, les propriétaires. Le montant tabulé au titre de l'avoir des actionnaires était l'investissement de propriétaire par les actionnaires au sein de la corporation en tant qu'il est représenté par le total de tout le capital-actions émis, les gains retenus dans l'entreprise (ou moins tout déficit) et les montants séparés des gains retenus. Normalement, le chiffre des ventes tabulé dans le cas des sociétés de commerce et de fabrication visait le revenu brut tiré de leur principale source d'opérations. Toutefois, dans le cas des compagnies tirant leur principal revenu de loyers, de dividendes ou d'intérêts, le revenu global de chaque société a été tabulé au titre des ventes. Comme les années précédentes, les profits comprennent le bénéfice d'exploitation de la compagnie, le revenu financier, s'il y en a, les plus-values de capitaux, le revenu des dividendes non imposables, le bénéfice réalisé sur l'écoulement de l'actif fixe, et tout autre genre de bénéfices étrangers qui ne se présentent plus, mais qui peuvent avoir été crédités directement au compte des gains retenus. On a tabulé de tels montants après avoir déduit les montants alloués au titre de la dépréciation, mais avant de pourvoir à l'impôt sur le revenu ou avant les déclarations de dividendes.

Les rapports exigés des corporations aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers étaient foncièrement les mêmes en 1962, 1963 et 1964. Toutes les corpora-

Canada or a province to carry on business within Canada, except a corporation that was required to report as a labour union under Part II of the Act, and certain other classes of corporations, were required to report.

A review was made of the data tabulated for corporations in 1962, 1963, and 1964, together with a review of the consistency of industrial classifications applied to corporations. As a result some changes have been made in the 1962 and 1963 data in this publication to make it compatible and comparable with that of 1964.

The owners of a corporation as a going concern are its shareholders. The shareholders who control the corporation are those who own the share-capital having voting rights and therefore have the ability to elect the Board of Directors of the corporation. In this report, as in previous reports made under the Act, the ownership of corporations is based on the ultimate ownership of voting rights. As in 1962 and 1963 the ultimate degree of non-resident ownership was determined for each reporting corporation. The ownership of corporations was traced through intercorporate holdings to determine as far as possible whether the ultimate owners were resident or non-resident. The ultimate degree of non-resident ownership of a corporation was then related to its assets, equity, sales and profits. However, it would be fallacious to assume that because a corporation has a certain degree of non-resident ownership based on the ownership of its voting rights that a similar proportion of its assets are owned by non-residents. The assets of a corporation are owned by the corporation and not by its shareholders.

The assets, shareholders' equity, sales and profits of the 26,763 corporations covered by this report are shown in Table 1 together with comparable data for 1962 and 1963.

As in previous reports, the classification of corporations has been based on the ownership of the voting rights in the corporation. Therefore, when it is indicated that the degree of non-resident ownership is 95 per cent and over, this indicates that the voting rights of the corporation are 95 per cent or over owned by non-residents. Table 1 indicates that the total assets of reporting corporations in 1964 was \$77,444.3 millions. Of this amount, \$31,540.6 millions (or 40.7 per cent) was owned by corporations whose voting rights were 50 per cent and over owned by non-residents. The proportion of the total assets held by these corporations, henceforth referred to in this report as non-resident owned corporations, decreased slightly from 1962 to 1964.

Table 3 illustrates the importance of the very large corporations on the Canadian economy. Although there are only 109 reporting corporations

tions autorisées aux termes d'une loi du Canada ou d'une province pour exercer leur activité au Canada, sauf une société tenue de faire rapport en tant que syndicat ouvrier aux termes de la Partie II de la loi, et certaines autres catégories de sociétés, étaient tenues de faire rapport.

On a revu les données tabulées dans le cas des sociétés en 1962, 1963 et 1964, et revu la logique des classifications industrielles appliquées aux corporations. Par suite, on a apporté certains changements aux données de 1962 et de 1963, dans la présente publication, pour qu'elle soit compatible avec celle de 1964 et puisse s'y comparer.

Les propriétaires d'une corporation en tant qu'entreprise qui marche sont ses actionnaires. Les actionnaires qui dominent la corporation sont ceux qui possèdent le capital-actions comportant des droits de vote et qui ont donc qualité pour élire le bureau d'administration de la société. Dans le présent rapport, comme dans le précédents rapports faits aux termes de la loi, la propriété des corporations se fonde sur la propriété ultime des droits de vote. Comme en 1962 et 1963, le degré ultime de la propriété par des non-résidents a été déterminé pour chaque corporation qui faisait rapport. La propriété des corporations a été relevée par l'examen des avoirs détenus entre les sociétés pour déterminer le plus possible si les propriétaires ultimes étaient des résidents ou des non-résidents. Le degré ultime de propriété d'une corporation par des non-résidents a alors été rattaché à son actif, à l'avoir des actionnaires, à des ventes, à ses profits. Toutefois, il serait fallacieux de supposer que parce qu'une corporation est possédée dans une certaine mesure par des non-résidents en fonction de la propriété de ses droits de vote, une proportion semblable de son actif appartient à des non-résidents. L'actif d'une corporation est possédé par la corporation et non par ses actionnaires.

L'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les ventes et les profits des 26,763 corporations visées par le présent rapport figurent au tableau 1 avec les données comparables pour 1962 et 1963.

Comme dans les rapports antérieurs, les corporations ont été classées en fonction de la propriété des droits de vote au sein de chaque société. Par conséquent, quand il est indiqué que la propriété par des non-résidents atteint 95 p. 100 et plus, cela montre que les droits de vote de la corporation appartiennent dans une proportion de 95 p. 100 et plus à des non-résidents. Le tableau 1 fait voir que l'actif global des corporations ayant fait rapport en 1964 s'établissait à \$77,444.3 millions. Sur ce montant, \$31,540.6 millions (soit 40.7 p. 100) appartenaient à des corporations dont les droits de vote étaient, dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 et plus, possédés par des non-résidents. La proportion de tout l'actif détenu par ces corporations, dorénavant appelées dans le présent rapport "corporations appartenant à des non-résidents", a diminué légèrement de 1962 à 1964.

Le tableau 3 dégage l'importance des très grandes sociétés commerciales, pour l'économie canadienne. Même si seulement 109 compagnies dont

in 1964 with \$100 million and over in assets they held over 32 per cent of the total assets of reporting corporations and accounted for over 20 per cent of the sales. These large corporations were fairly well divided between resident and non-resident owned. However, non-resident owned corporations had a considerably larger proportion (65.2 per cent) of the total sales of these corporations than did resident owned corporations. This is accounted for in part by the existence of very large resident owned investment companies which, although having large amounts in assets, do not have correspondingly large amounts in sales.

Non-resident ownership of the Canadian economy is concentrated in larger corporations. Over 77 per cent of the assets of non-resident owned corporations are concentrated in corporations with over \$10 million in assets. These 450 non-resident owned corporations with over \$10 million in assets also account for over 66 per cent of the total sales made by non-resident owned corporations. Generally speaking as corporations decrease in size, the degree of non-resident ownership also decreases. Thus by owning relatively few corporations, non-residents owned a relatively large degree of the Canadian corporate economy. A further analysis of the financial data of large corporations is included elsewhere in this report.

l'actif dépasse \$100 millions ont fait rapport en 1964, elles détenaient plus de 32 p. 100 de tout l'actif des sociétés faisant rapport et elles représentaient plus de 20 p. 100 des ventes. Ces grands organismes étaient assez bien répartis entre les sociétés appartenant à des résidents et les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents. Toutefois, les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents avaient une proportion beaucoup plus considérable (65.2 p. 100) de toutes les ventes de ces organismes que les compagnies appartenant à des résidents. Cela tient, en partie, à l'existence de très grandes sociétés de placements appartenant à des résidents, sociétés qui, même si leurs éléments d'actif représentent de gros montants, ne font pas des ventes dont le montant soit aussi élevé proportionnellement.

La part de l'économie canadienne qui appartient à des non-résidents se concentre dans les grandes compagnies. Plus de 77 p. 100 des éléments d'actif des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents se concentrent dans les compagnies dont l'actif dépasse \$10 millions. Ces 450 sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents et ayant des éléments d'actif de plus de 10 millions de dollars représentent aussi plus de 66 p. 100 de toutes les ventes effectuées par les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents. De façon générale, à mesure que diminue l'importance des sociétés commerciales, le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents s'abaisse aussi. Ainsi, en possédant relativement peu de compagnies, les non-résidents possédaient un secteur relativement étendu de l'économie canadienne qui relève des sociétés. Une analyse plus fouillée des données financières des grandes sociétés figure ailleurs dans le présent rapport.

TABLE 1. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 1. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi
sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
		Actif		Avoir		Ventes		Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962 3,085	15,836.0	24.8	8,552.0	26.2	14,282.3	26.3	1,177.0	28.4
	1963 3,163	17,593.2	24.4	9,896.2	26.8	15,690.5	26.4	1,532.0	31.2
	1964 3,083	16,148.2	20.8	8,359.1	21.8	15,196.6	23.9	1,376.3	25.0
75-94.9%	1962 558	6,211.7	9.7	3,697.6	11.3	4,322.5	8.0	386.4	9.3
	1963 539	7,240.6	10.0	4,313.0	11.7	4,835.2	8.1	349.0	7.1
	1964 545	6,496.7	8.4	4,087.2	10.7	5,431.2	8.6	473.2	8.6
50-74.9%	1962 715	5,179.3	8.1	3,041.4	9.3	3,746.7	6.9	357.6	8.6
	1963 755	5,815.9	8.0	3,351.3	9.1	3,981.8	6.7	429.2	8.8
	1964 855	8,895.7	11.5	5,091.7	13.3	5,508.6	8.7	784.6	14.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 4,358	27,227.0	42.6	15,291.0	46.8	22,351.5	41.2	1,921.0	46.3
	1963 4,457	30,649.7	42.4	17,560.5	47.6	24,507.5	41.2	2,310.2	47.1
	1964 4,483	31,540.6	40.7	17,538.0	45.8	26,136.4	41.2	2,634.1	47.9
25-49.9%	1962 817	6,442.5	10.1	3,953.6	12.1	3,623.2	6.7	530.6	12.8
	1963 786	5,410.4	7.5	3,281.1	8.9	2,411.3	4.1	486.0	9.9
	1964 800	5,562.7	7.2	3,333.7	8.7	2,875.3	4.5	613.1	11.2
5-24.9%	1962 1,099	9,254.4	14.5	4,751.7	14.5	5,158.2	9.5	630.0	15.2
	1963 1,264	11,374.5	15.7	5,600.0	15.2	6,751.3	11.3	877.5	17.9
	1964 1,263	11,691.4	15.1	5,721.9	15.0	6,956.7	11.0	849.9	15.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962 18,241	20,926.3	32.8	8,673.4	26.6	23,080.2	42.6	1,069.0	25.7
	1963 20,139	24,859.2	34.4	10,435.5	28.3	25,808.6	43.4	1,230.6	25.1
	1964 20,217	28,646.6	37.0	11,652.2	30.5	27,421.2	43.3	1,400.0	25.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 20,156	36,623.2	57.4	17,378.7	53.2	31,861.6	58.8	2,229.6	53.7
	1963 22,189	41,644.1	57.6	19,316.6	52.4	34,971.2	58.8	2,594.1	52.9
	1964 22,280	45,900.7	59.3	20,707.8	54.2	37,253.2	58.8	2,863.0	52.1
Total	1962 24,515	63,850.2	100.0	32,669.7	100.0	54,213.1	100.0	4,150.6	100.0
	1963 26,646	72,293.8	100.0	36,877.1	100.0	59,478.7	100.0	4,904.3	100.0
	1964 26,763	77,441.3	100.0	38,245.8	100.0	63,389.6	100.0	5,497.1	100.0

TABLE 2. Asset Size Group of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1964

TABLEAU 2. Groupement, selon l'importance de l'actif des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1964

Asset size group Tranche de taille de l'actif	Corporations	Assets = Actif	Equity = Avoir	Sales = Ventes	Profits = Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Under \$250,000 — Moins de \$250,000	2,507	418.8	163.1	2,171.8	42.2
\$ 250,000-\$ 499,999	9,700	3,469.8	1,479.2	4,990.8	183.2
500,000- 999,999	6,542	4,571.1	1,942.7	6,091.9	252.2
1,000,000- 4,999,999	6,142	12,658.6	5,797.5	13,497.0	767.7
5,000,000- 9,999,999	871	6,018.8	2,946.0	5,769.4	436.2
10,000,000- 24,999,999	546	8,590.9	4,358.7	6,732.5	581.8
25,000,000- 49,999,999	221	7,689.1	3,935.3	5,244.1	563.2
50,000,000- 99,999,999	126	8,847.8	4,857.8	5,295.6	663.3
100,000,000 and over — et plus	109	25,179.2	12,770.0	13,589.4	2,012.5
Total	26,764	77,444.1	38,250.3	63,382.5	5,502.3

TABLE 3. Per Cent of Total Assets, Equity, Sales and Profits by Size Group of Reporting Corporations, 1964

TABLEAU 3. Pourcentage de l'actif total, de l'avoir des actionnaires, des ventes et des bénéfices par tranche de taille des corporations, 1964

Asset size group Tranche de taille de l'actif	Corporations	Assets = Actif	Equity = Avoir	Sales = Ventes	Profits = Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	per cent — pourcentage			
Under \$250,000 — Moins de \$250,000	2,507	.5	.4	3.4	.8
\$ 250,000-\$ 499,999	9,700	4.5	3.9	7.9	3.3
500,000- 999,999	6,542	5.9	5.1	9.6	4.6
1,000,000- 4,999,999	6,142	16.3	15.2	21.3	13.9
5,000,000- 9,999,999	871	7.8	7.7	9.1	7.9
10,000,000- 24,999,999	546	11.1	11.4	10.6	10.6
25,000,000- 49,999,999	221	9.9	10.3	8.3	10.2
50,000,000- 99,999,999	126	11.4	12.7	8.4	12.1
100,000,000 and over — et plus	109	32.6	33.3	21.4	36.6
Total	26,764	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

SECTION B

PAYMENTS TO NON-RESIDENTS

TABLES 4 to 8J

PAIEMENTS À DES NON-RÉSIDENTS

TABLEAUX 4 à 8J

TABLE 4. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, 1964,
by Type of Payment by Major Industrial Groups

TABLEAU 4. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, 1964,
par catégorie de paiement selon les grands groupes industriels

Type of payment — Catégorie de paiement	Corporations	Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	Mineral fuels — Combustible minéraux	Manufacturing — Fabrication		Trade — Commerce	Finance — Finances	Other industries — Autres industries	Total
				Primary — Primaire	Secondary — Secondaire				
	No. — nomb.								
						\$'000			
Dividends — Dividendes	1,342	122,650	64,604	69,660	195,318	20,640	84,247	30,468	587,587
Interest — Intérêts:									
Debtentures and bonds — Débentures et obligations	254	17,817	8,451	13,443	1,710	241	11,696	35,205	88,563
Bank loans — Emprunts bancaires	128	9,548	1,965	520	529	500	5,259	3,342	21,663
Other — Autres	962	5,632	7,434	7,275	13,914	3,809	56,695	2,876	97,635
Rent — Loyer (ou location):									
On real property in Canada — D'immeubles situés au Canada	152	8	2,095	345	997	1,098	1,508	366	6,417
On equipment — De machinerie outillage	276	226	9,349	1,673	937	5,904	103	24,501	42,693
Royalties and similar payments — Redevances et autres paiements similaires:									
Copyrights — Droits d'auteur	73	1	9	67	4,548	1,379	—	2,022	8,026
Patents of invention — Brevets d'invention	383	930	46	2,537	14,997	845	233	836	20,424
Industrial designs — Dessins industriels	144	43	277	107	13,451	162	10	100	14,150
Trade marks and trade names — Marques de commerce et noms commerciaux	169	20	—	1,753	3,080	476	—	92	5,421
Other — Autres	395	659	822	3,883	11,781	1,879	97	2,264	21,385
Payments for exercise of production, distribution and sales franchises and similar rights — Paiements pour droits d'exclusivité et d'autres droits semblables concernant la production, la distribution et la vente:									
In Canada — Au Canada	213	721	1,919	548	5,511	2,148	41	16,901	27,789
In the United States — Aux États-Unis	18	12	126	821	287	9	—	—	1,255
In the United Kingdom — Au Royaume-Uni	7	148	—	—	123	31	—	—	302
Elsewhere — Ailleurs	15	—	—	37	487	15	—	65	604
Advertising and sales promotion — Réclame et stimulation des ventes	510	1,482	392	2,693	12,325	2,785	334	3,090	23,101
Payments for or in respect of — Paiements concernant:									
Scientific research — Recherches scientifiques	132	314	397	733	4,177	1,088	38	672	7,419
Product and process development research — Recherches sur les produits et les procédés de production	161	2,795	564	1,458	21,365	199	21	145	26,547
Insurance premiums and related charges — Primes et autres frais relatifs à l'assurance	481	919	781	2,421	2,388	1,344	3,994	1,437	13,284
Management and administrative fees — Frais de gestion et d'administration	846	3,296	2,689	8,705	28,798	6,216	3,185	6,374	59,263
Salaries, fees and other remuneration to officers and directors — Traitements, honoraires et autres formes de rémunération versés aux dirigeants et aux administrateurs	798	1,870	788	1,601	2,534	1,508	1,522	1,677	11,490
Annuities, pensions and similar payments — Annuités, pension et paiements similaires:									
To officers and directors — Aux dirigeants et administrateurs	89	60	105	129	276	70	52	128	820
To shareholders holding more than 5 per cent of any class of issued shares — Aux actionnaires détenant plus de 5 pour cent de l'une ou l'autre catégorie d'actions émises	5	—	—	—	43	6	—	9	58
Fees and charges for professional services — Frais et honoraires pour services professionnels:									
Engineering services — Services de génie	345	1,848	654	1,319	10,545	366	92	10,727	25,551
Architectural services — Services d'architecture	27	2	—	46	227	108	243	68	694
Legal services — Services juridiques	292	366	339	381	526	110	701	510	2,933
Accounting services — Services de comptabilité	123	299	63	177	612	189	55	332	1,727
Auditing services — Services de vérification	194	105	135	123	277	60	36	71	807
Consulting fees and charges not included in any of the above payments — Honoraires d'experts conseils et frais non prévus dans les postes ci-dessus	409	817	5,345	1,535	7,425	630	1,659	1,885	19,296
Total	4,471¹	172,588	109,349	123,990	359,188	53,815	171,821	146,153	1,136,904

¹ 4,471 corporations reported 8,944 types of payments.

¹ 4,471 corporations ont déclaré 8,944 genres (ou portes) de paiements.

TABLE 5. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada,
in the MINING and MANUFACTURING Industries, 1964

TABLEAU 5. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada,
industries MINIÈRES et MANUFACTURIÈRES, 1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Divi- dends	Interest Intérêts	Rent Loyer	Royal- ties Rede- vances	Franch- ises Droits d'exclu- sivité	Adver- tising Ré- clame	Re- search Re- cherche	Insur- ance Assu- rance	Manage- ment fees, annu- ities Hono- raires gestion rentes	Profes- sional fees, other payments Services profes- sionnels et autres	Total
	No. nomb.											
							\$'000					
Mining and refining - Exploitation minière et affinage:												
Metal mines - Mines métalliques	92	22,127	9,378	48	133	46	229	125	46	850	737	33,716
Other mining - Autres mines	76	28,171	4,013	105	172	—	408	108	51	1,342	365	34,735
Primary metal industries - Métaux primaires	70	72,352	19,606	81	1,348	835	845	2,876	822	3,034	2,335	104,134
Total	238	122,650	32,997	234	1,653	881	1,482	3,109	919	5,226	3,437	172,588
Mineral fuels extraction and processing - Extraction et traitements des combustibles minéraux:												
Mineral fuels - Minéraux combustibles	80	6,770	10,988	572	509	133	12	616	10	2,714	1,070	23,394
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon	23	57,834	6,862	10,872	645	1,912	380	345	771	868	5,466	85,955
Total	103	64,604	17,850	11,444	1,154	2,045	392	961	781	3,582	6,536	109,349
Other primary manufacturing - Autres fabrications pri- maires:												
Food products - Aliments	196	16,233	2,351	1,073	2,201	259	1,158	711	1,319	5,584	1,334	32,223
Beverages - Boissons	41	6,089	415	263	319	4	958	13	112	174	88	8,435
Tobacco - Tabacs	11	5,580	43	38	500	45	—	11	—	192	48	6,457
Leather - Cuirs	38	14	194	31	479	41	—	29	3	164	18	993
Wood - Bois	71	2,492	737	30	178	77	183	13	31	506	102	4,349
Paper - Papiers	120	32,494	15,877	529	3,426	934	214	710	943	2,891	1,557	59,575
Non-metallic mineral products - Produits des minéraux non-métalliques	76	6,758	1,621	34	1,244	46	180	704	13	924	434	11,958
Total	553	69,660	21,238	2,018	8,347	1,406	2,693	2,191	2,421	10,435	3,581	123,990
Secondary manufacturing - Fabrication secondaire:												
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc	28	1,448	67	121	852	87	123	5,877	385	615	813	10,388
Textiles, knitting, mills, clothing - Textiles, bonne- terie et vêtements	216	14,910	1,035	267	3,760	252	816	790	235	1,573	791	24,429
Furniture - Meubles et articles d'ameublement	33	303	44	8	159	3	99	99	8	200	82	965
Printing and publishing - Impression et édition	85	1,091	328	7	2,479	1,715	647	219	156	432	1,006	7,080
Metal fabricating - Fabrications métalliques	221	21,084	3,718	110	2,863	416	1,391	461	112	6,309	766	37,230
Machinery - Machines	163	23,096	1,606	148	10,800	336	604	616	200	3,442	3,259	44,107
Transportation equipment - Matériel de transport	103	22,523	628	470	3,381	450	879	12,544	313	5,234	4,481	50,903
Electrical products - Appareils et matériel électriques	155	8,674	2,339	227	8,195	2,079	225	1,769	114	4,027	5,669	33,318
Chemical products - Produits chimiques	216	97,526	3,401	501	10,800	644	7,209	2,811	761	7,906	2,185	133,744
Miscellaneous - Divers	157	4,663	3,027	75	4,568	426	332	356	104	1,913	560	16,024
Total	1,377	195,318	16,153	1,934	47,857	6,408	12,325	25,542	2,388	31,651	19,612	359,188
Mining and manufacturing - Total - Extraction et fabrication	2,271	452,232	88,238	15,630	59,011	10,740	16,892	31,803	6,509	50,894	33,166	765,115

TABLE 6. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, CONSTRUCTION,
UTILITIES, TRADE, FINANCE, SERVICE and AGRICULTURE Industries, 1964

TABLEAU 6. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, industries de la CONSTRUCTION,
SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, COMMERCE, FINANCES, SERVICES et AGRICULTURE, 1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Divi- dends	Interest Intérêts	Rent Loyer	Royal- ties Rede- vances	Franch- ises Droits d'exclu- sivité	Adver- tising Ré- clame	Re- search Re- cherche	Insur- ance Assu- rance	Manage- ment fees, annu- ities Hono- raires gestion rentes	Profes- sional fees, other payments Services profes- sionnels et autres	Total
	No. nomb.											
							\$'000					
Construction	130	2,110	1,154	182	934	13	58	10	157	2,135	10,178	16,931
Transportation - Transports	150	12,258	32,689	24,024	71	21	75	32	1,075	1,268	1,365	72,878
Gas and electric utilities - Services de gaz et élec- tricité	38	4,159	5,029	3	101	—	22	10	23	158	491	9,996
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	611	17,014	3,446	6,400	4,405	2,176	2,496	1,287	766	6,014	1,026	45,030
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	119	3,626	1,104	602	336	27	289	—	578	1,786	437	8,785
Finances	850	84,247	73,650	1,611	340	41	334	59	3,994	4,759	2,786	171,821
Services	273	11,857	2,398	629	4,090	16,932	2,922	717	173	4,463	1,517	45,696
Agriculture	29	84	153	29	118	—	13	48	9	154	42	650
Total	2,200	135,355	119,623	33,480	10,395	19,210	6,209	2,163	6,775	20,737	17,842	371,789
Mining and manufacturing - Total - Extraction et fa- briation	2,271	452,232	88,238	15,630	59,011	10,740	16,892	31,803	6,509	50,894	33,166	765,115
All industries - Total - Tous les industries	4,471	587,587	207,861	49,110	69,406	29,950	23,101	33,966	13,284	71,631	51,008	1,136,904

TABLE 7. Payments to Non-residents by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962 - 1964

TABEAU 7. Paiements à des non-résidents selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962 - 1964

Type of payment — Catégorie de paiements		Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à non-résidents				Total
		Less than 5% — Moins de 5%	5.0% - 49.9%	50.0% - 94.9%	95.0% - 100.0%	
\$'000						
Dividends — Dividendes	1962	4,682	67,860	163,853	240,040	476,435
	1963	3,851	69,353	183,322	222,391	478,917
	1964	5,935	73,319	305,671	202,662	587,587
Interest — Intérêts	1962	22,416	34,450	48,677	59,654	165,197
	1963	15,525	48,909	58,637	68,499	191,570
	1964	24,792	51,910	59,524	71,635	207,861
Rent — Loyers	1962	5,136	19,330	7,002	8,073	39,541
	1963	2,412	23,861	7,261	10,483	44,017
	1964	4,109	21,614	12,126	11,261	49,110
Royalties — Redevances	1962	7,807	6,790	7,392	30,519	52,508
	1963	10,002	4,082	9,256	38,008	61,348
	1964	10,675	5,905	12,102	40,724	69,406
Franchises	1962	4,348	1,567	2,118	16,451	24,484
	1963	5,284	1,291	4,546	16,536	27,657
	1964	6,061	1,291	7,479	15,119	29,950
Advertising — Réclame	1962	5,207	1,873	2,538	13,918	23,536
	1963	3,345	2,102	1,746	14,560	21,753
	1964	3,697	1,870	2,595	14,939	23,101
Research — Recherche	1962	1,622	1,766	21,412	9,379	34,179
	1963	1,243	2,360	27,935	11,191	42,729
	1964	1,348	2,804	20,178	9,636	33,966
Insurance premiums — Primes d'assurance	1962	..	..	..	..	16,649
	1963	..	..	..	..	14,346
	1964	2,310	673	2,383	7,918	13,284
Management fees, salaries, annuities — Honoraires de gestion, salaires, rentes.	1962	..	..	..	..	71,996
	1963	..	..	..	..	65,009
	1964	1,767	5,106	16,161	48,597	71,631
Professional services, other — Services professionnels, autres.	1962	5,170	6,663	12,731	24,712	49,276
	1963	3,399	10,721	8,461	23,351	45,932
	1964	4,244	8,429	16,486	21,849	51,008
Total payments — Total des paiements	1962 ¹	63,982	145,666	280,331	463,822	953,801
	1963	49,760	168,035	315,065	460,418	993,278
	1964	64,938	172,921	454,705	444,340	1,136,904
number — nombre						
Corporations reporting payments — Corporations déclara- nts des paiements.	1962	..	..	..	..	5,195
	1963	1,397	675	633	1,847	4,552
	1964	1,302	686	669	1,814	4,471

¹ 1962 ownership data incomplete (total payments short by \$3,603,000)

¹ Les données d'appartenance pour l'année 1962 sont incomplètes (on trouve une différence de \$3,603,000 en moins dans les paiements).

.. Not available.

.. Non disponible.

TABLE 8. Total Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group, 1962 - 1964

TABEAU 8. L'ensemble des paiements à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel, 1962 - 1964

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. — nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	238	138,264	150,759	172,588
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traite- ment des combustibles minéraux	103	77,045	93,690	109,349
Primary manufacturing — Fabrications primaires	553	132,783	138,939	123,990
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrications secondaires	1,377	292,037	278,268	359,188
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	730	45,685	52,168	53,815
Finances	850	139,711	149,409	171,821
Other industries — Autres industries	620	131,879	130,045	146,153
Total	4,471	957,404	993,278	1,136,904

TABLE 8 A. Dividends Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group
TABLEAU 8 A. Dividendes payés à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. — nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	87	85,710	96,296	122,650
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	31	48,236	58,817	64,604
Primary manufacturing — Fabrications primaires	171	82,142	83,860	69,660
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrications secondaires	334	156,364	130,544	195,318
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	188	12,132	20,642	20,640
Finances	389	72,227	68,208	84,247
Other industries — Autres industries	142	19,875	20,550	30,468
Total	1,342	476,686	478,917	587,587

TABLE 8 B. Interest Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group
TABLEAU 8 B. Intérêts payés à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. — nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	51	30,555	33,986	32,997
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	27	12,436	15,204	17,850
Primary manufacturing — Fabrications primaires	147	17,714	21,107	21,238
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrications secondaires	305	11,667	14,086	16,153
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	191	5,497	4,440	4,550
Finances	351	53,227	66,708	73,650
Other industries — Autres industries	173	34,898	36,039	41,423
Total	1,245	165,994	191,570	207,861

TABLE 8 C. Rent Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group
TABLEAU 8 C. Loyers payés à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. — nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	22	260	224	234
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	21	5,700	6,572	11,444
Primary manufacturing — Fabrications primaires	113	1,840	1,931	2,018
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrications secondaires	120	3,058	2,060	1,934
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	67	4,979	6,636	7,002
Finances	20	1,166	1,496	1,611
Other industries — Autres industries	56	23,072	25,098	24,867
Total	419	40,075	44,017	49,110

TABLE 8 D. Royalties Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group
TABLEAU 8 D. Redevances à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. — nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining — exploitation minière et affinage	52	1,817	1,921	1,653
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	40	1,538	2,159	1,154
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaires	157	5,906	7,062	8,347
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrications secondaires	639	34,337	42,229	47,857
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	111	3,881	3,664	4,741
Finances	10	438	498	340
Other industries — Autres industries	68	4,912	3,815	5,314
Total	1,077	52,829	61,348	69,406

TABLE 8 E. Franchise Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group

TABLEAU 8 E. Franchise à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. - nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining - Exploitation minière et affinage	12	153	399	881
Mineral fuels extraction and processing - Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	4	15	18	2,045
Primary manufacturing - Fabrications primaires	42	1,777	1,997	1,406
Secondary manufacturing - Fabrications secondaires	111	6,173	5,548	6,408
Wholesale and retail trade - Commerce de détail et de gros	41	1,941	1,814	2,203
Finances	3	133	106	41
Other industries - Autres industries	27	14,682	17,675	16,966
Total	240	24,874	27,657	29,950

TABLE 8 F. Advertising Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group

TABLEAU 8 F. Versements de publicité à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. - nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining - Exploitation minière et affinage	29	390	511	1,482
Mineral fuels extraction and processing - Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	11	732	388	392
Primary manufacturing - Fabrications primaires	66	4,017	3,755	2,693
Secondary manufacturing - Fabrications secondaires	207	10,814	10,608	12,325
Wholesale and retail trade - Commerce de détail et de gros	98	3,032	2,952	2,785
Finances	23	488	320	334
Other industries - Autres industries	76	4,138	3,219	3,090
Total	510	23,611	21,753	23,101

TABLE 8 G. Research Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group

TABLEAU 8 G. Versements de recherches à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. - nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining - Exploitation minière et affinage	23	9,740	9,523	3,109
Mineral fuels extraction and processing - Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	10	569	4,703	961
Primary manufacturing - Fabrications primaires	58	2,249	2,310	2,191
Secondary manufacturing - Fabrications secondaires	135	20,011	24,257	25,542
Wholesale and retail trade - Commerce de détail et de gros	22	592	992	1,287
Finances	4	9	23	59
Other industries - Autres industries	18	1,015	921	817
Total	270	34,185	42,729	33,966

TABLE 8 H. Insurance Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group

TABLEAU 8 H. Primes d'assurance à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. - nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining - Exploitation minière et affinage	30	1,243	1,109	919
Mineral fuels extraction and processing - Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	12	601	556	781
Primary manufacturing - Fabrications primaires	57	2,893	2,461	2,421
Secondary manufacturing - Fabrications secondaires	191	3,589	2,503	2,388
Wholesale and retail trade - Commerce de détail et de gros	84	2,830	1,310	1,344
Finances	43	3,139	4,566	3,994
Other industries - Autres industries	64	2,354	1,841	1,437
Total	481	16,649	14,346	13,284

TABLE 8 I. Management Fees, Salaries and Annuities Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group
TABLEAU 8 I. Honoraires de gestion, salaires et rentes à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. — nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	106	3,980	3,961	5,226
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	51	2,333	2,942	3,582
Primary manufacturing — Fabrications primaires	183	9,666	9,261	10,435
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrications secondaires	511	30,600	27,233	31,651
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	254	9,336	7,872	7,800
Finances	220	5,728	4,686	4,759
Other industries — Autres industries	227	11,301	9,054	8,178
Total	1,552	72,944	65,009	71,631

TABLE 8 J. Professional Services and Other Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group
TABLEAU 8 J. Honoraires professionnels et autres à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel

Industry group Groupe industriel	Corporations 1964	1962	1963	1964
	No. — nomb.	\$'000		
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	78	4,416	2,829	3,437
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	53	4,885	2,331	6,536
Primary manufacturing — Fabrications primaires	137	4,579	5,195	3,581
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrications secondaires	330	15,424	19,200	19,612
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	133	1,465	1,746	1,463
Finances	121	3,156	2,798	2,786
Other industries — Autres industries	191	15,632	11,833	13,593
Total	1,043	49,557	45,932	51,008

SECTION C

FINANCIAL DETAIL OF CORPORATIONS IN MINING AND MANUFACTURING
INDUSTRIES WITH ASSETS OVER \$25 MILLIONS, BY OWNERSHIP, 1964

TABLES 9 to 13

DONNÉES FINANCIÈRES DE COMPAGNIES AYANT UN ACTIF DÉPASSANT \$25
MILLIONS DANS LES INDUSTRIES MINIÈRES ET MANUFACTURIÈRES,
PAR APPARTENANCE, 1964

TABLEAUX 9 à 13

Corporations in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries with Assets over \$25 Millions

Tabulations were made of the financial statements of all reporting corporations with assets over \$25 million in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries. These tabulations of larger corporations were aggregated into four industrial groupings namely, Mineral Fuels Extraction and Processing, Metal Mining and Refining, Primary Manufacturing and Secondary Manufacturing. The assets of corporations in this group totalled \$22,928.8 millions, representing some 65 per cent of the total assets of all reporting corporations in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries. The sales of this group of corporations totalled \$17,705.8 millions which represented over 52 per cent of the total sales of reporting corporations in these industries. The 239 corporations with assets of over \$25 million own a relatively large portion of the total assets in mining and manufacturing and their sales constitute a large portion of the market in these industries.

Those corporations in this group which were 50 per cent and over non-resident owned held \$15,266.8 millions in assets representing over 66 per cent of the total assets of the group. Their sales totalled \$11,930.6 millions and represented over 67 per cent of the total sales of the group. The domination of foreign owned corporations prevailed in all industrial groupings except primary manufacturing. In mineral fuels extraction and processing industries foreign owned corporations held over 94 per cent of the assets of the industries and had sales representing over 98 per cent of the total sales of the industry. All large integrated oil companies operating in Canada are non-resident owned.

In the Metal Mining and Refining Industries non-resident owned corporations held over 58 per cent of the assets and accounted for over 53 per cent of the sales of corporations with assets over \$25 million in this industry group. In the primary manufacturing industry grouping, the only industry grouping in which resident owned firms dominated, non-resident owned corporations held slightly less than 41 per cent of the total assets and accounted for slightly less than 39 per cent of the sales. Canadian domination in the primary manufacturing industries results from the relatively high degree of Canadian ownership in the Pulp and Paper Industry.

Corporations des industries minières et manufacturières dont l'actif dépasse \$25 millions

On a dressé les tabulations des états financiers de toutes les corporations qui font rapport et qui ont un actif de plus de \$25 millions dans les industries minières et manufacturières. Ces tabulations des grandes sociétés commerciales ont été réunies dans quatre groupes industriels: Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux, Travail et raffinage des métaux, Fabrication primaire et Fabrication secondaire. L'actif des compagnies de ce groupe atteignait au total \$22,928.8 millions ce qui représente quelque 65 p. 100 de tout l'actif de l'ensemble des sociétés faisant rapport dans les industries minières et manufacturières. Les ventes de ce groupe de compagnies ont atteint un total de \$17,705.8 millions ce qui représente plus de 52 p. 100 de toutes les ventes des sociétés faisant rapport dans ces industries. Les 239 compagnies dont l'actif dépasse \$25 millions possèdent une tranche relativement considérable de tout l'actif dans le secteur minier et manufacturier, et leurs ventes constituent une grande partie du marché dans ces industries.

Les compagnies de ce groupe possédées dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100 par des non-résidents détenaient \$15,266.8 millions en actif, ce qui représente plus de 66 p. 100 de tout l'actif de ce groupe. Leurs ventes atteignaient au total \$11,930.6 millions et représentaient plus de 67 p. 100 de toutes les ventes du groupe. La domination des sociétés appartenant à des étrangers s'exerçait dans tous les groupements industriels, sauf le secteur de la fabrication primaire. Dans les industries d'extraction et de traitement des combustibles minéraux, les sociétés appartenant à des étrangers détenaient plus de 94 p. 100 de l'actif des industries et avaient des ventes représentant plus de 98 p. 100 de toutes les ventes de l'industrie. Toutes les grandes sociétés pétrolières intégrées exerçant leur activité au Canada appartiennent à des non-résidents.

Dans les industries du travail et du raffinage des métaux, les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents détenaient plus de 58 p. 100 de l'actif et représentaient plus de 53 p. 100 des ventes des compagnies dont l'actif dépasse 25 millions de dollars dans ce groupe d'industries. Dans le groupe des industries de fabrication primaire, le seul groupe d'industries où dominaient les sociétés appartenant à des résidents, les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents détenaient un peu moins de 41 p. 100 de tout l'actif et représentaient un peu moins de 39 p. 100 des ventes. La domination canadienne dans les industries de fabrication primaire s'explique par le degré relativement élevé de la propriété canadienne dans l'industrie de la pâte et du papier.

Non-resident owned corporations with assets of over \$25 million in secondary manufacturing held over 82 per cent of the total assets and accounted for over 84 per cent of the total sales of this industrial grouping. Within this industrial grouping non-resident owned firms dominated in all industries except Publishing and Printing, and Metal Fabricating.

As can be seen from the foregoing, non-resident owned corporations dominate in almost all industrial groupings within the Mining and Manufacturing Industries. The domination of foreign owned corporations is greatest in the industries of mineral fuels extraction and processing and secondary manufacturing. The domination of foreign owned corporations in these industries is principally historic in that large amounts of capital and/or technical know-how are required in all of them. An analysis of the aggregated financial statements of these corporations reveals that resident owned corporations obtain a profit to sales ratio of 10.4 per cent whereas non-resident owned corporations received a profit to sales ratio of 8.3 per cent. Similarly the profit to equity ratio for resident owned corporations was 11.9 per cent as compared with 10.8 per cent for non-resident owned corporations. Non-resident owned corporations paid out slightly less than 49 per cent of their net profits in the form of dividends whereas resident owned corporations paid out slightly more than 59 per cent of their profits in dividends. With the exception of those corporations in the Metal Mining and Refining Industries, resident owned corporations consistently had a higher profit sales ratio than non-resident owned corporations. However non-resident owned corporations had a higher profits to equity ratio in all industrial groupings except primary manufacturing. It should be recognized that in many instances non-resident owned corporations had substantial advances from parents in place of equity capital and therefore in many instances the profits to equity ratio is deceiving. As shown on Table 9 there are significant differences in the financial structure of resident and non-resident owned corporations. Non-resident owned corporations had 13.5 per cent of their assets in investments in affiliates whereas resident owned corporations had 23.3 per cent of their assets in investments in affiliates. Therefore many of the resident owned corporations were to some degree holding companies having better than 20 per cent of their assets in investments. This tendency predominated in all industrial groupings and was of most significance in those resident owned corporations in the mineral fuels extraction and processing industries and in the secondary manufacturing industries. In all industrial groupings the net fixed assets of resident owned corporations represented a smaller portion of the total assets of the corporations than was the case with non-resident owned corporations. Therefore it would appear that in many instances the resident

Les sociétés possédées par des non-résidents dont l'actif dépasse \$25 millions dans le secteur de la fabrication secondaire détenaient plus de 82 p. 100 de tout l'actif et représentaient plus de 84 p. 100 de toutes les ventes de ce groupe industriel. Dans ce groupe industriel, les sociétés possédées par des non-résidents dominaient dans toutes les industries sauf les entreprises d'édition et d'impression, ainsi que la fabrication des métaux.

Comme on peut le voir par les constatations précédentes, les sociétés possédées par des non-résidents dominent dans presque tous les groupes industriels dans les industries minières et manufacturières. La domination des sociétés possédées par des étrangers atteint un sommet dans les industries d'extraction et de traitement des combustibles minéraux ainsi que dans le secteur de fabrication secondaire. La domination des sociétés possédées par des étrangers dans ces industries est surtout une affaire de tradition, parce qu'il y faut dans chacune d'elles beaucoup de capitaux et de connaissances techniques. Une analyse de l'ensemble des états financiers de ces compagnies révèle que pour les sociétés appartenant à des résidents le rapport entre le profit et les ventes est de 10.4 p. 100 tandis que dans le cas des sociétés possédées par des non-résidents, la proportion entre le profit et les ventes est de 8.3 p. 100. De même la proportion entre le profit et les actions dans le cas des compagnies appartenant à des résidents était de 11.9 p. 100 comparativement à 10.8 p. 100 pour les compagnies possédées par des non-résidents. Les compagnies possédées par des non-résidents ont versé un peu moins de 49 p. 100 de leurs bénéfices nets sous forme de dividendes tandis que les sociétés appartenant à des résidents ont versé un peu plus de 59 p. 100 de leurs bénéfices en dividendes. A l'exception des compagnies dans les industries de travail et de raffinage des métaux, les sociétés appartenant à des résidents ont toujours obtenu une proportion plus forte entre leurs bénéfices et leurs ventes que n'en obtenaient les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents. Toutefois, les compagnies possédées par des non-résidents avaient enregistré une proportion plus forte entre leurs bénéfices et leurs actions que dans tous les groupes industriels sauf la fabrication primaire. Il faut reconnaître que dans bien des cas les sociétés possédées par des non-résidents recevaient des avances considérables de leur société-mère au lieu d'actions et donc dans une foule de cas la proportion entre les bénéfices et les actions est trompeuse. Comme on le voit au tableau 9 il y a des différences significatives dans la structure financière des sociétés appartenant à des résidents et des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents. Les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents détenaient 13.5 p. 100 de leur actif dans des investissements au sein de leurs filiales, tandis que les sociétés appartenant à des résidents détenaient 23.3 p. 100 de leur actif dans des investissements au sein des filiales. Par suite, bon nombre des sociétés possédées par des résidents étaient en un sens des holdings ayant plus de 20 p. 100 de leur actif dans des

owned corporations are to some extent investment or holding companies. This is further reflected in the fact that dividend income for resident owned corporations represents 2.5 per cent of sales whereas for non-resident owned corporations it represents 1.5 per cent of sales.

investissements. Cette tendance s'affichait dans tous les groupes industriels et revêtait la plus grande signification dans les sociétés appartenant à des résidents dans les industries d'extraction et de traitement des combustibles minéraux ainsi que dans les industries de fabrication secondaire. Dans tous les groupes industriels, l'actif fixe net des sociétés appartenant à des résidents représentaient une plus faible partie de tout l'actif des sociétés que dans le cas des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents. Il semble donc que dans bien des cas les sociétés appartenant à des résidents soient, dans une certaine mesure, des sociétés d'investissements ou des holdings. On en trouve d'autres échos dans le fait que le revenu de dividendes des sociétés appartenant à des résidents représente 2.5 p. 100 des ventes tandis que pour les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents il représente 1.5 p. 100 des ventes.

Notes and Definitions

The amounts shown on the following tables were tabulated from the financial statements of the corporations. In many instances certain of the detail listed in these tables was missing from the corporations' financial statements and therefore could not be transcribed. Such items as "Salaries and wages", "Repairs and maintenance" and "Rent and royalties" are, as a result, incomplete.

In some instances the net profits shown in the income statement table does not agree with that shown in the retained earnings table. The cause of this, particularly in the 50 per cent and over non-resident owned corporations, is that branches often do not have a "Retained earnings account", profits being transferred directly to a "Head office control account" on the balance sheet. Such control accounts have been tabulated as part of the "Retained earnings" in the equity section of the tables. As a result the closing balances of the "Retained earnings" do not agree with the "Retained earnings" shown in the equity section of the tables.

Cash

Cash includes all cash on hand, and all bank deposits with the exception of those deposits designated for specific corporate purposes and not available to meet current working capital needs. Bank overdrafts and outstanding cheques when specified as such in the financial statements are tabulated as Bank Loans instead of being deducted from the cash balance.

Notes et définitions

Les montants consignés dans les tableaux suivants ont été tabulés à partir des états financiers des sociétés. Dans bien des cas, certains des détails inscrits dans ces tableaux ne se trouvaient pas dans les états financiers des sociétés. On ne pouvait donc les transcrire. Par suite, des postes comme "salaires et gages", "réparations et entretiens", "loyer et redevances", sont incomplets.

Dans quelques cas, les profits nets consignés dans le tableau des états de revenus ne concordent pas avec les profits nets indiqués dans le tableau des gains retenus. La raison en est, surtout dans le cas des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100, que souvent les succursales n'ont pas un "compte de gains retenus", les bénéfices étant transférés directement à un "compte de contrôle du siège social" dans le bilan. Ces comptes de contrôle ont été tabulés comme faisant partie des "gains retenus" dans la section de l'avoir des actionnaires des tableaux. Par suite, les soldes de fermeture des "gains retenus" ne concordent pas avec les "gains retenus" que, dans les tableaux, l'on consigne à la section de l'avoir des actionnaires.

Espèces

Les valeurs en espèces comprennent toutes les espèces en caisse, tous les dépôts bancaires sauf ceux qui sont destinés à des fins précises poursuivies par la compagnie, mais qui ne sont pas disponibles pour répondre aux besoins courants en fonds de roulement. Les comptes bancaires à découvert et les chèques en circulation quand ils sont mentionnés en tant que tels dans les états financiers figurent dans les tableaux à titre d'emprunts bancaires au lieu d'être déduits du solde en espèces.

Securities, Advances, Non-bank Deposits

This item includes all investments in stocks, bonds, mortgages (excluding chattel mortgages), debentures and other negotiable securities, which are termed "current", as well as all short-term loans or advances, non-bank deposits and guarantee certificates.

Receivables

Receivables cover all amounts due from customers or affiliated companies after deduction of any allowances for doubtful accounts. Interest or dividends receivable are tabulated here also, as well as chattel mortgages.

Inventories

This term refers to inventories of raw materials, work in process, finished goods, manufacturing supplies and other assets acquired for the purpose of resale, before deduction of inventory reserves which are included as part of surplus. Securities held for resale by investment dealers or brokers are not included here but with Securities, Advances and Non-bank Deposits.

Due from Shareholders

This category indicates amounts receivable from individual shareholders, and directors, whether current or deferred, but it excludes mortgages, agreements for sale and advances, e.g. travelling allowances, that are considered part of normal business operations.

Other Current Assets

All prepaid expenses and any other current assets that have not been included elsewhere, such as employee accounts, subsidies receivable, income tax recoverable, etc. are tabulated here.

Land

This item refers to the cost of land only, exclusive of any natural resources, which are considered depletable assets, or of any land improvements. Land does not include property held for resale by contractors or real estate developers. This is included with inventory.

Buildings and Equipment Net

The total acquisition cost of all depreciable fixed assets (including leasehold and land improvement costs) less accumulated depreciation is entered in this item.

Titres, avances, dépôts non bancaires

Ce poste englobe tous les investissements dans des actions, des obligations, des hypothèques (à l'exclusion des hypothèques sur biens meubles), les débetures et autres valeurs négociables, qui sont qualifiés de "courants", ainsi que tous les prêts ou avances à court terme, les dépôts non bancaires et les certificats de garantie.

Effets à recevoir

Les effets à recevoir englobent tous les montants exigibles des clients ou des sociétés affiliées après déduction de toute allocation pour les comptes douteux. L'intérêt ou les dividendes à recevoir figurent également dans les tableaux ici, ainsi que les hypothèques sur biens meubles.

Stocks

Ce terme désigne les stocks de matières premières, les travaux en cours d'exécution, les articles achevés, les accessoires de fabrication et autres éléments d'actif acquis pour la revente, avant déduction des réserves de stocks qui sont incluses comme partie de l'excédent. Les titres détenus aux fins de la revente par les négociants en placements ou les courtiers ne sont pas inclus sous la présente rubrique, mais ils se trouvent avec les titres, les avances et les dépôts non bancaires.

Exigible des actionnaires

Cette catégorie désigne les montants à recevoir des divers actionnaires, ou des administrateurs, qu'il s'agisse de montants courants ou échelonnés, mais à l'exclusion des hypothèques, des accords de vente et des avances, par exemple les allocations de déplacement, qu'on tient pour partie intégrante des opérations normales d'affaires.

Autres éléments d'actif courant

Toutes les dépenses acquittées à l'avance qu'on n'a pas incluses ailleurs, comme les comptes des employés, les subventions à recevoir, l'impôt sur le revenu recouvrable, etc., figurent ici dans les tableaux.

Terrains

Ce poste se réfère seulement au coût des terrains, à l'exclusion de toute ressource naturelle, qu'on tient pour des éléments d'actif épuisable, ou de toute amélioration aux terrains. Les terrains ne comprennent pas les biens détenus aux fins de la revente par des entrepreneurs ou des lotisseurs. On les inclut avec les stocks.

Édifices et équipement

Le coût global d'acquisition de tous les éléments d'actif amortissables et fixes (y compris le coût de la tenure à bail et de l'amélioration des terrains), moins l'amortissement accumulé, figure à ce poste.

Depletable Assets Net

Depletable assets include the net unamortized cost of all wasting assets such as leases, franchises, timber limits, mineral and oil rights, mine exploration and development costs.

Mortgages, Deposits, Investments

Non-current mortgages other than those due from affiliates, loans and notes receivable from other than affiliates or individual shareholders, and other long-term investments held by the corporation are in this category. This also includes investments in partnerships.

Investments in Affiliates

This item represents the total amount invested in shares and advances to affiliated companies, other than short term advances.

Other Assets

Included here are sinking funds and restricted deposits, deferred charges, goodwill and any assets not included in another category.

Bank Loans

This amount represents all current bank loans due to Canadian chartered banks. Outstanding cheques, when shown on the financial statements and chattel mortgages due to banks are tabulated in this category.

Loans, Deposits, Advances

This category includes advances and prepayments, non-trade amounts due to affiliates, funds on deposit, guarantee certificates, current loans, non-trade notes, and bills payable.

Accounts Payable

Only amounts designated as "trade" accounts payable, and "trade" notes payable are included here.

Taxes Payable

Taxes payable consist of all Canadian corporation taxes payable whether federal or provincial.

Other Current Liabilities

That portion of long-term debt currently due, dividends payable, expense accruals, and other current liabilities that are not included in any other category are combined as "other current liabilities".

Éléments d'actif épuisable net

Les éléments d'actif épuisable comprennent le coût net non amorti de tous les éléments d'actif dont la valeur se dissipe, comme les baux, les privilèges d'exploitation, les concessions forestières, les droits miniers ou pétroliers, la prospection minière ou les frais de mise en valeur.

Hypothèques, dépôts, investissements

Les hypothèques non courantes autres que celles qui sont exigibles des sociétés affiliées, les prêts et les billets à recevoir d'autres que les sociétés affiliées ou des divers actionnaires, ainsi que tous les titres et autres investissements détenus par la compagnie, figurent dans cette catégorie. Cela comprend aussi les investissements détenus à titre conjoint.

Investissements dans les sociétés affiliées

Ce poste représente le montant global investi dans les actions et avances aux compagnies affiliées, autres que les avances à court terme.

Autres éléments d'actif

On inclut sous cette rubrique les caisses d'amortissement et les dépôts restreints, les frais échelonnés, la clientèle et tout élément d'action non inscrit dans une autre catégorie.

Emprunts bancaires

Ce montant représente tous les emprunts bancaires courants dus seulement aux banques canadiennes à charte. Les chèques en circulation, quand ils figurent dans les états financiers et au nombre des hypothèques sur biens meubles, sont mis en tableaux dans cette catégorie.

Prêts, dépôts et avances

Cette catégorie englobe les avances et les paiements anticipés, les montants non commerciaux dus aux sociétés affiliées, les fonds en dépôt, les certificats de garantie, les prêts courants, les billets non commerciaux, les effets à payer.

Effets à payer

Seuls les montants désignés comme comptes "commerciaux" à payer et les effets "commerciaux" à payer figurent ici.

Impôts à payer

Les impôts à payer comprennent tous les impôts des sociétés commerciales qu'il faut verser soit au gouvernement fédéral soit à un gouvernement provincial.

Autre passif courant

Cette tranche de la dette à long terme couramment exigible, les dividendes à payer, les dépenses qui s'accumulent, et les autres éléments de passif courant qui ne figurent dans aucune autre catégorie, se groupent sous la rubrique "autres éléments courants de passif".

Deferred Income

Deferred income refers to all revenue or income received before it is earned, excluding advances and prepayments of a current nature.

Due to Shareholders and Affiliates

All non-current debt, remuneration or dividends, due to shareholders or affiliated corporations is recorded in this item.

Net Long-term Debt

Long-term debt refers to all mortgage, funded and other long-term debt other than that due to affiliates less that portion of such debt which is payable within one year.

Other Liabilities

Reserves for future income taxes, liability reserves, and other liabilities not tabulated elsewhere are recorded here.

Common Shares

"Common shares" refer to those classes of shares so designated on the balance sheet. If no designation was made, those shares carrying voting rights were tabulated here.

Preferred Shares

The preferred or non-voting shares shown on the balance sheet are entered here.

Retained Earnings

Retained earnings represent the unappropriated net earnings of the corporation. In the case of a branch of a foreign company in Canada which issues no capital stock, the head office account is included in this category.

Other Surplus

All shareholders' equity other than earned or branch surplus and capital stock is recorded here.

Sales

Sales include only those amounts of revenue resulting from the corporation's principal line of business after deducting sales and excise taxes, discounts, rebates, refunds, subcontracts and losses on foreign exchange. Sales resulting from sideline operations are classed as "other income".

Cost of Sales

This item represents the cost of the goods sold included in the above category.

Revenu échelonné

Le revenu échelonné désigne toutes les recettes ou tout le revenu touchés avant d'être gagnés, à l'exclusion des avances et paiements anticipés d'ordre courant.

Montants dus aux actionnaires et aux sociétés affiliées

Toute la dette non courante, rémunération ou dividendes, qui est due aux actionnaires ou aux sociétés affiliées, figure à ce poste.

Dettes nettes à longue échéance

La dette à longue échéance désigne toutes les dettes hypothécaires, relevant d'une caisse ou échéant à long terme, autres que les dettes dues aux sociétés affiliées moins la tranche de pareille dette qui devient exigible en moins d'un an.

Autres éléments de passif

Les réserves au titre des futurs impôts sur le revenu, les réserves de passif, ainsi que les autres éléments de passif non inscrits ailleurs dans des tableaux figurent ici.

Actions ordinaires

Les "actions ordinaires" désignent les catégories d'actions ainsi désignées dans le bilan. Si l'on ne fournissait aucune précision, les actions comportant des droits de vote seraient mises ici dans des tableaux.

Actions privilégiées

Les actions privilégiées ou qui ne comportent pas un droit de vote, apparaissant au bilan, sont consignées sous cette rubrique.

Gains retenus

Les gains retenus représentent les gains nets non affectés de la société commerciale. Dans le cas d'une filiale d'une société étrangère au Canada qui n'émet pas de capital-actions, le compte du bureau central figure dans cette catégorie.

Autre excédent

Tout avoir des actionnaires autre que l'excédent gagné ou le surplus des succursales et le capital-actions figure ici.

Ventes

Les ventes comprennent seulement les montants de revenus provenant de la principale activité financière de la compagnie après déduction des taxes de vente et d'accise, des excomptes, des remises, des remboursements, des sous-contrats et des pertes au titre du change étranger. Les ventes découlant d'opérations supplémentaires se classent sous la rubrique "autre revenu".

Coût des ventes

Ce poste représente le coût des biens vendus inclus dans la catégorie mentionnée ci-dessus.

Gross Profit

Gross profit is the excess of sales over the cost of sales.

Rent and Royalties

The gross revenue resulting from the rental of machinery, equipment and real estate, and net royalties received for natural resources or intangibles are included in this item.

Interest

This refers to the gross revenue received from bonds, debentures, mortgages and other sources of interest. Carrying charges on trade paper and acceptances are included here.

Dividends

Included here are gross dividends received from Canadian companies, net dividends (after deducting the withholding taxes) received from corporations outside Canada or from foreign business corporations in Canada as well as interest on income debentures. Patronage dividends are tabulated as "other revenue".

Gain on Sale of Assets

This refers to the amounts shown on the corporations' income statements representing the excess of the proceeds from the disposal of assets over their net book value.

Other Income

Other income includes insurance premiums received, commissions, bad debts recovered, inter-company charges and all sundry or sideline income.

Salaries and Wages

All remuneration, i.e. wages, fees, commissions, salaries and bonuses paid to directors, officers or employees, is tabulated here.

Repairs and Maintenance

The costs of the ordinary repair and maintenance are recorded in this category.

Rent and Royalties

This includes rent paid for land or buildings and payments made for the use of natural resources based on the amounts mined, removed or produced and for such items as copyrights, franchises, process, patents, trademarks and natural resources under lease.

Interest

Interest includes interest incurred on bonds, debentures, mortgages, loans, guarantee trust or investment certificates or any other debt.

Bénéfice brut

Le bénéfice brut représente l'excédent des ventes sur le coût des ventes.

Loyer et redevances

Le revenu brut provenant de la location des machines, de l'outillage ou des biens-fonds, et les redevances nettes provenant des ressources naturelles ou d'éléments intangibles sont inclus dans ce poste.

Intérêt

Il s'agit du revenu brut tiré des obligations, des débentures, des hypothèques et d'autres sources d'intérêt. Les frais généraux à l'égard des effets et réceptions de commerce rentrent dans ce chapitre.

Dividendes

On inclut ici les dividendes bruts reçus des sociétés canadiennes, les dividendes nets (après déduction des impôts de retenue) provenant de compagnies hors du Canada ou de sociétés étrangères d'affaires au Canada ainsi que l'intérêt sur les débentures à revenu. Les ristournes figurent dans les tableaux sous le titre "autres revenus".

Gain réalisé sur la vente d'éléments d'actif

Il s'agit des montants indiqués sur les états de revenus des sociétés où l'on représente l'excédent du produit de l'écoulement des éléments d'actif par rapport à leur valeur comptable nette.

Autre revenu

L'autre revenu inclut les primes d'assurance touchées, les commissions, les mauvaises créances recouvrées, les frais exigés entre les compagnies, et tous les revenus divers ou accessoires.

Salaires et gages

Toute la rémunération, c'est-à-dire les gages, honoraires, commissions, salaires et gratifications versés aux administrateurs, dirigeants ou employés, figure ici dans les tableaux.

Réparation et entretien

Le coût des travaux ordinaires de réparation et d'entretien se consigne sous cette rubrique.

Loyer et redevances

Cela comprend le loyer payé au titre des terrains ou des édifices et les versements effectués pour utiliser les ressources naturelles, d'après le montant des produits extraits, enlevés ou fabriqués, et à des postes comme les droits d'auteur, les privilèges d'exploitation, les procédés, les brevets, les marques de commerce, les ressources naturelles louées à bail.

Intérêt

Il s'agit de l'intérêt assumé à l'égard des obligations, des débentures, des hypothèques, des prêts, de la fiducie en garantie ou des certificats d'investissement ou de toute autre dette.

Losses on Sale of Assets

This item includes those losses resulting from the disposal of an asset for less than its net book value.

Depreciation

This includes the current amounts charged as depreciation on the income statement.

Depletion and Amortization

This represents the current write-off or amortization of the cost of wasting assets.

Income Taxes

Income taxes refer to the provisions for Canadian federal and provincial income taxes or for provincial mining or logging taxes.

Other Taxes

This category covers all taxes levied on a corporation other than income, provincial mining and logging.

Other Deductions

This includes all amounts deducted in arriving at net profit other than those specifically tabulated elsewhere.

Opening Balance

This amount represents the opening balance of the retained earnings.

Net Profit

Net profit is the amount of income remaining after all expenses and provisions including income taxes, have been deducted. It does not include subsidiary profits or losses or the interest expense of income debentures.

Dividends Paid

Cash dividends, stock dividends paid from earned surplus, liquidating dividends or remittances to head office in the case of a branch of a foreign corporation, are included in this category.

Other Debits and Credits

This item includes prior year's adjustments for either profits or taxes, cash or stock dividends received and recorded directly in retained earnings and other miscellaneous charges or credits to retained earnings.

This includes items which were charged or credited directly to retained earnings such as, gains or losses on sale of assets, prior years' adjustments for profits or taxes, cash or stock dividends received, and other miscellaneous charges or credits.

Pertes sur la vente d'actif

Ce poste englobe les pertes imputables à l'aliénation d'un élément d'actif au dessous de sa valeur comptable nette.

Amortissement

Cela comprend les sommes courantes exigées au titre de l'amortissement sur l'état de revenu.

Épuisement

Cela représente la défalcation courante ou l'amortissement du coût des éléments d'actif dont la valeur vient à disparaître.

Impôts sur le revenu

Les impôts sur le revenu désignent les sommes prévues pour acquitter l'impôt sur le revenu à verser au gouvernement fédéral ou à un gouvernement provincial du Canada, ou encore les impôts provinciaux d'exploitation soit minière soit forestière.

Autres impôts

Cette catégorie couvre tous les impôts perçus d'une compagnie et autres que les impôts sur le revenu, ou les impôts provinciaux d'exploitation minière et forestière.

Autres déductions

Cela comprend tous les montants déduits pour établir le bénéfice net et autres que les sommes nommément inscrites ailleurs dans les tableaux.

Solde d'ouverture

Ce montant représente le solde d'ouverture des gains retenus.

Bénéfice net

Il s'agit du montant de revenu qui reste après déduction de toutes les dépenses et sommes prévues, y compris l'impôt sur le revenu. Cela n'englobe pas les bénéfices des filiales ni les pertes ou les dépenses d'intérêt à l'égard des débetures à revenu.

Dividendes versés

Les dividendes en espèces, les dividendes en actions pays sur l'excédent gagné, les dividendes de liquidation ou les remises au siège social dans le cas d'une filiale de société étrangère, figurent dans cette catégorie.

Autres frais et crédit

Cette rubrique comprend les rectifications de l'année précédente au titre des bénéfices ou des impôts, les dividendes en espèces ou en actions reçus et consignés directement au chapitre des gains retenus ainsi que d'autres frais ou crédits divers au chapitre des gains retenus.

Cela comprend toutes les pertes ou tous les gains de capital consignés directement au chapitre des gains retenus, les rectifications de l'année précédente au titre des bénéfices ou des impôts, les dividendes en espèces ou en actions reçus ainsi que d'autres frais ou crédits divers.

TABLE 9. Financial Data of Corporations with Assets of Over \$25 Millions in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries, by Ownership, 1964

TABLÉAU 9. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries minière et manufacturières, par appartenance, 1964

	Reporting corporations 50 per cent and over non-resident owned Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par 50 p. 100 et plus		Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par moins de 50 p. 100	
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Number of corporations - Nombre de sociétés No. - nomb.	149		90	
Assets - Actif:				
Cash - En caisse	274.3	1.8	167.6	2.2
Securities, advances, deposits - Titre, avances, dépôts	590.3	3.9	516.1	6.7
Receivables - Effets à recevoir	2,100.1	13.8	882.3	11.5
Inventories - Stocks	2,157.2	14.1	1,048.2	13.7
Due from shareholders - Dû par les actionnaires	7.6	-	-	-
Other current assets - Autre actif courant	73.0	.5	39.9	.5
Total current assets - Total de l'actif courant	5,202.5	34.1	2,654.1	34.6
Land - Terrains	245.3	1.6	81.7	1.1
Buildings and equipment - Bâtiments et outillage	11,121.7	72.8	5,015.2	65.4
Less accumulated depreciation - Moins amortissement accumulé	5,236.4	34.3	2,684.5	35.0
Buildings and equipment, net - Bâtiments et outillage, net	5,885.3	38.5	2,330.7	30.4
Depletable assets, net - Actif épuisable, net	1,456.0	9.5	520.4	6.8
Mortgages, deposits, investments - Hypothèques, dépôts, investissements	236.2	1.5	188.1	2.5
Investment in affiliates - Placements dans les sociétés affiliées	2,065.3	13.5	1,789.8	23.3
Other assets - Autre éléments d'actif	176.2	1.2	97.2	1.3
Total other assets - Total du reste de l'actif	10,064.3	65.9	5,007.9	65.4
Total assets - Total de l'actif	15,266.8	100.0	7,662.0	100.0
Liabilities - Passif:				
Bank loans - Emprunts bancaires	218.3	1.4	150.8	2.0
Loans, deposits, advances - Prêts, dépôts, avances	507.8	3.3	145.5	1.9
Accounts payable - Comptes à payer	1,029.4	6.8	502.5	6.5
Taxes payable - Taxes à payer	305.0	2.0	142.0	1.9
Other current liabilities - Autre passif courant	315.2	2.1	97.7	1.3
Total current liabilities - Total du passif courant	2,375.7	15.6	1,038.5	13.6
Deferred income - Revenu différé	15.9	.1	.8	-
Due to shareholders and affiliates - Dû aux actionnaires et aux filiales	1,101.9	7.2	319.6	4.1
Net long-term debt - Dettes nettes à long-terme	2,080.2	13.6	987.7	12.9
Other liabilities - Autre passif	461.6	3.0	305.6	4.0
Total liabilities - Total du passif	6,035.3	39.5	2,652.2	34.6
Equity - Avoir:				
Common shares - Actions ordinaires	2,584.5	16.9	1,522.1	19.9
Preferred shares - Actions privilégiées	480.2	3.1	262.0	3.4
Retained earnings - Gains retenus	4,984.0	32.7	2,961.5	38.7
Other surplus - Autre surplus	1,182.8	7.8	264.2	3.4
Total equity - Avoir total	9,231.5	60.5	5,009.8	65.4
Total liabilities and equity - Passif total et avoir	15,266.8	100.0	7,662.0	100.0
Income - Revenu:				
Sales - Ventes	11,930.6	100.0	5,775.2	100.0
Less cost of sales - Moins coût des ventes	8,188.1	73.7	4,337.1	75.1
Gross profit - Profit brut	3,142.5	26.3	1,438.1	24.9
Rent and royalties - Loyers et redevances	15.3	.1	18.4	.3
Interest - Intérêt	46.7	.4	24.5	.4
Dividends - Dividendes	175.6	1.5	141.9	2.5
Gain on sale of assets - Gain sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	23.1	.2	15.7	.3
Other income - Autres revenus	141.9	1.2	36.2	.6
Total income - Total des revenus	12,333.2	103.4	6,011.9	104.1
Expenses - Dépenses:				
Salaries and wages - Traitements et salaires	1,236.8	10.4	547.3	9.5
Repairs and maintenance - Réparation et entretien	167.2	1.4	52.3	.9
Rent and royalties - Loyers et redevances	79.3	.7	10.7	.2
Interest - Intérêt	120.4	1.0	62.0	1.1
Loss on sale of assets - Perte sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	9.2	.1	.1	-
Depreciation - Dépréciation	521.4	4.4	225.5	3.9
Depletion and amortization - Épuisement et amortissement	93.3	.8	22.2	.4
Income taxes - Taxes fiscales	497.0	4.2	336.1	5.8
Other taxes - Autres taxes	84.4	.7	22.2	.4
Other expenses - Autres frais	8,529.3	71.4	4,135.3	71.5
Total expenses - Total des frais	11,338.3	95.1	5,413.7	93.6
Net profit - Profit net	994.9	8.3	598.2	10.4
Retain earnings - Gains retenus:				
Opening balance - Solde d'ouverture	3,693.8		2,679.9	
Net profit - Profit net	964.0		598.2	
Gain on sale of assets - Gains sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	51.6		15.7	
Dividends paid - Dividendes payés	- 470.7		- 353.9	
Other credits and debits - Autres crédits et frais	- 70.4		16.7	
Closing balance - Solde de fermeture	4,168.3		2,956.6	

TABLE 10. Financial Data of Corporation with Assets of Over \$25 Millions in the Mineral Fuels Extraction and Processing Industries, by Ownership, 1964

TABLEAU 10. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries d'extraction et de traitement des combustibles minéraux, par appartenance, 1964

	Reporting corporations 50 per cent and over non-resident owned		Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned	
	Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par 50 p. 100 et plus		Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par moins de 50 p. 100	
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Number of corporations -- Nombre de sociétés No. -- nomb.	36		6	
Assets -- Actif:				
Cash -- En caisse	73.0	1.4	8.9	2.9
Securities, advances, deposits -- Titre, avances, dépôts	88.5	1.7	5.8	1.9
Receivables -- Effets à recevoir	539.7	10.7	8.3	2.7
Inventories -- Stocks	397.6	7.8	.9	.3
Due from shareholders -- Dû par les actionnaires .....	.2	—	—	—
Other current assets -- Autre actif courant	24.9	.5	.1	—
Total current assets -- Total de l'actif courant	1,123.9	22.1	24.0	7.8
Land -- Terrains	141.2	2.8	.3	.1
Buildings and equipment -- Bâtiments et outillage	2,928.2	57.5	31.3	10.1
Less accumulated depreciation -- Moins amortissement accumulé	1,297.2	25.5	16.4	5.3
Buildings and equipment, net -- Bâtiments et outillage, net	1,631.0	32.0	14.9	4.8
Depletable assets, net -- Actif épuisable, net	1,190.0	23.4	159.0	51.6
Mortgages, deposits, investments -- Hypothèques, dépôts, investissements	158.4	3.1	.7	.2
Investment in affiliates -- Placements dans les sociétés affiliées	768.5	15.1	106.9	34.7
Other assets -- Autre éléments d'actif	76.9	1.5	2.5	.8
Total other assets -- Total du reste de l'actif	3,966.0	77.9	284.3	92.2
Total assets -- Total de l'actif	5,089.9	100.0	308.3	100.0
Liabilities -- Passif:				
Bank loans -- Emprunts bancaires	37.2	.7	12.3	4.0
Loans, deposits, advances -- Prêts, dépôts, avances	87.0	1.7	—	—
Accounts payable -- Comptes à payer	293.9	5.8	7.0	2.3
Taxes payable -- Taxes à payer	51.3	1.0	.1	—
Other current liabilities -- Autre passif courant	72.2	1.4	3.6	1.2
Total current liabilities -- Total du passif courant	541.6	10.6	23.0	7.5
Deferred income -- Revenu différé	2.1	—	—	—
Due to shareholders and affiliates -- Dû aux actionnaires et aux filiales	416.0	8.3	1.3	.4
Net long-term debt -- Dettes nettes à long-terme	554.9	10.9	72.5	23.5
Other liabilities -- Autre passif	73.6	1.4	13.3	4.3
Total liabilities -- Total du passif	1,588.2	31.2	110.1	35.7
Equity -- Avoir:				
Common shares -- Actions ordinaires	1,195.4	23.5	92.6	30.0
Preferred shares -- Actions privilégiées	170.2	3.3	41.0	13.3
Retained earnings -- Gains retenus	1,350.4	26.6	23.1	7.5
Other surplus -- Autre surplus	785.7	15.4	41.5	13.5
Total equity -- Avoir total	3,501.7	68.8	198.2	64.3
Total liabilities and equity -- Passif total et avoir	5,089.9	100.0	308.3	100.0
Income -- Revenu:				
Sales -- Ventes	3,068.6	100.0	34.7	100.0
Less cost of sales -- Moins coût des ventes	1,952.6	63.6	7.9	22.8
Gross profit -- Profit brut	1,116.0	36.4	26.8	77.2
Rent and royalties -- Loyers et redevances	11.9	.4	.2	.6
Interest -- Intérêt	11.1	.4	.5	1.4
Dividends -- Dividendes	32.7	1.1	2.6	7.5
Gain on sale of assets -- Gain sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	10.9	.3	.6	1.7
Other income -- Autres revenus	27.0	.9	.9	2.6
Total income -- Total des revenus	3,162.2	103.1	39.5	113.8
Expenses -- Dépenses:				
Salaries and wages -- Traitements et salaires	105.1	3.4	1.4	4.0
Repairs and maintenance -- Réparation et entretien	28.6	.9	—	—
Rent and royalties -- Loyers et redevances	18.8	.6	1.7	4.9
Interest -- Intérêt	32.6	1.1	4.6	13.3
Loss on sale of assets -- Perte sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	3.0	.1	—	—
Depreciation -- Dépréciation	147.1	4.8	2.4	6.9
Depletion and amortization -- Epuisement et amortissement	55.7	1.8	5.9	17.0
Income taxes -- Taxes fiscales	50.0	1.6	2.0	5.8
Other taxes -- Autres taxes	67.0	2.2	—	—
Other expenses -- Autres frais	2,399.7	78.3	10.6	30.4
Total expenses -- Total des frais	2,907.6	94.8	28.6	82.4
Net profit -- Profit net	254.6	8.3	10.9	31.4
Retain earnings -- Gains retenus:				
Opening balance -- Solde d'ouverture	775.2		11.5	
Net profit -- Profit net	229.6		10.9	
Gain on sale of assets -- Gains sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	12.6		—	
Dividends paid -- Dividendes payés	100.6		5.4	
Other credits and debits -- Autres crédits et frais	41.2		6.1	
Closing balance -- Solde de fermeture	875.6		29.1	

TABLE 11. Financial Data of Corporation with Assets of Over \$25 Millions in the Metal Mining and Refining Industries, by Ownership, 1964

TABLEAU 11. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries métallurgiques et d'affinage, par appartenance, 1964

	Reporting corporations 50 per cent and over non-resident owned — Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par 50 p. 100 et plus		Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned — Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par moins de 50 p. 100	
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Number of corporations — Nombre de sociétés No. — nomb.	24		24	
Assets — Actif:				
Cash — En caisse	62.3	1.6	30.6	1.1
Securities, advances, deposits — Titre, avances, dépôts	157.4	4.1	307.7	11.3
Receivables — Effets à recevoir	426.4	11.1	251.2	9.2
Inventories — Stocks	346.7	9.0	312.3	11.6
Due from shareholders — Dû par les actionnaires	5.3	.1	—	—
Other current assets — Autre actif courant	6.1	.2	18.4	.6
Total current assets — Total de l'actif courant	1,004.2	26.1	920.2	33.8
Land — Terrains	39.9	1.0	37.9	1.4
Buildings and equipment — Bâtiments et outillage	3,520.7	91.7	1,916.9	70.3
Less accumulated depreciation — Moins amortissement accumulé	1,499.0	39.0	989.3	36.3
Buildings and equipment, net — Bâtiments et outillage, net	2,021.7	52.6	927.6	34.0
Depletable assets, net — Actif épuisable, net	154.2	4.0	213.8	7.8
Mortgages, deposits, investments — Hypothèques, dépôts, investissements	23.0	.6	118.0	4.3
Investment in affiliates — Placements dans les sociétés affiliées	557.4	14.5	491.7	18.0
Other assets — Autre éléments d'actif	40.7	1.1	16.1	.6
Total other assets — Total du reste de l'actif	2,836.9	73.9	1,805.1	66.2
Total assets — Total de l'actif	3,841.1	100.0	2,725.3	100.0
Liabilities — Passif:				
Bank loans — Emprunts bancaires	14.5	.4	32.7	1.2
Loans, deposits, advances — Prêts, dépôts, avances	46.5	1.2	10.3	.4
Accounts payable — Comptes à payer	141.6	3.7	181.1	6.6
Taxes payable — Taxes à payer	71.3	1.9	44.2	1.6
Other current liabilities — Autre passif courant	58.6	1.5	42.1	1.6
Total current liabilities — Total du passif courant	332.5	8.7	310.4	11.4
Deferred income — Revenu différé	—	—	—	—
Due to shareholders and affiliates — Dû aux actionnaires et aux filiales	337.3	8.8	9.5	.3
Net long-term debt — Dettes nettes à long-terme	884.6	23.0	222.0	8.1
Other liabilities — Autre passif	229.9	6.0	181.6	6.7
Total liabilities — Total du passif	1,784.3	46.5	723.5	26.5
Equity — Avoir:				
Common shares — Actions ordinaires	432.0	11.2	544.8	20.0
Preferred shares — Actions privilégiées	78.9	2.1	14.9	.5
Retained earnings — Gains retenus	1,299.5	33.8	1,353.3	49.7
Other surplus — Autre surplus	246.4	6.4	88.8	3.3
Total equity — Avoir total	2,056.8	53.5	2,001.8	73.5
Total liabilities and equity — Passif total et avoir	3,841.1	100.0	2,725.3	100.0
Income — Revenu:				
Sales — Ventes	1,816.0	100.0	1,573.6	100.0
Less cost of sales — Moins coût des ventes	1,229.6	67.7	1,057.7	67.2
Gross profit — Profit brut	586.4	32.3	515.9	32.8
Rent and royalties — Loyers et redevances .....	.8	—	13.0	.8
Interest — Intérêt	9.6	.5	12.5	.8
Dividends — Dividendes	91.9	5.1	42.4	2.7
Gain on sale of assets — Gain sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	3.2	.2	5.8	.4
Other income — Autres revenus	5.6	.3	7.0	.4
Total income — Total des revenus	1,927.1	106.1	1,654.3	105.1
Expenses — Dépenses:				
Salaries and wages — Traitements et salaires	196.7	10.8	226.7	14.4
Repairs and maintenance — Réparation et entretien	52.6	2.9	20.1	1.3
Rent and royalties — Loyers et redevances	8.3	.5	3.4	.2
Interest — Intérêt	55.0	3.0	10.2	.6
Loss on sale of assets — Perte sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	2.3	.1	—	—
Depreciation — Dépréciation	133.1	7.3	82.3	5.2
Depletion and amortization — Epuisement et amortissement	14.9	.8	8.0	.5
Income taxes — Taxes fiscales	105.4	5.8	133.4	8.5
Other taxes — Autres taxes	3.4	.2	6.1	.4
Other expenses — Autres frais	1,012.8	55.8	892.5	56.7
Total expenses — Total des frais	1,584.5	87.2	1,382.7	87.8
Net profit — Profit net	342.6	18.9	271.6	17.3
Retain earnings — Gains retenus:				
Opening balance — Solde d'ouverture	871.4		1,216.7	
Net profit — Profit net	340.7		271.6	
Gain on sale of assets — Gains sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	—		6.6	
Dividends paid — Dividendes payés	- 165.6		- 121.1	
Other credits and debits — Autres crédits et frais	- 21.3		- 21.6	
Closing balance — Solde de fermeture	1,025.2		1,352.2	

TABLE 12. Financial Data of Corporations with Assets of Over \$25 Millions in the Primary Manufacturing Industries, by Ownership, 1964

TABLEAU 12. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries manufacturières primaires, par appartenance, 1964

	Reporting corporations 50 per cent and over non-resident owned		Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned	
	Corporation déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par 50 p. 100 et plus		Corporation déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents par moins de 50 p. 100	
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Number of corporations - Nombre de sociétés No. - nomb.	47		49	
Assets - Actif:				
Cash - En caisse	67.9	2.5	122.4	3.2
Securities, advances, deposits - Titre, avances, dépôts	133.9	5.0	184.6	4.8
Receivables - Effets à recevoir	374.1	13.9	490.0	12.7
Inventories - Stocks	494.4	18.4	564.3	14.5
Due from shareholders - Dû par les actionnaires	2.1	.1	-	-
Other current assets - Autre actif courant	19.4	.7	19.0	.5
Total current assets - Total de l'actif courant	1,091.8	40.6	1,380.3	35.7
Land - Terrains	18.6	.7	36.8	1.0
Buildings and equipment - Bâtiments et outillage	1,989.2	74.0	2,685.9	69.4
Less accumulated depreciation - Moins amortissement accumulé	965.6	35.9	1,440.3	37.2
Buildings and equipment, net - Bâtiments et outillage, net	1,023.6	38.1	1,245.6	32.2
Depletable assets, net - Actif épuisable, net	95.2	3.5	147.6	3.8
Mortgages, deposits, investments - Hypothèques, dépôts, investissements	22.3	.8	53.8	1.4
Investment in affiliates - Placements dans les sociétés affiliées	415.2	15.5	936.1	24.1
Other assets - Autre éléments d'actif	22.1	.8	68.8	1.8
Total other assets - Total du reste de l'actif	1,597.0	59.4	2,488.7	64.3
Total assets - Total de l'actif	2,688.8	100.0	3,869.0	100.0
Liabilities - Passif:				
Bank loans - Emprunts bancaires	33.1	1.2	97.5	2.5
Loans, deposits, advances - Prêts, dépôts, avances	124.4	4.6	84.4	2.2
Accounts payable - Comptes à payer	156.3	5.8	258.7	6.6
Taxes payable - Taxes à payer	71.3	2.7	81.0	2.1
Other current liabilities - Autre passif courant	56.3	2.1	44.8	1.2
Total current liabilities - Total du passif courant	441.4	16.4	566.4	14.6
Deferred income - Revnu différé .....	.6	-	-	-
Due to shareholders and affiliates - Dû aux actionnaires et aux filiales	150.9	5.6	301.3	7.8
Net long-term debt - Dettes nettes à long-terme	429.2	16.0	583.7	15.1
Other liabilities - Autre passif	65.4	2.4	93.7	2.4
Total liabilities - Total du passif	1,087.5	40.4	1,545.1	39.9
Equity - Avoir:				
Common shares - Actions ordinaires	412.1	15.4	697.7	18.0
Preferred shares - Actions privilégiées	140.8	5.2	166.2	4.3
Retained earnings - Gains retenus	950.4	35.4	1,341.1	34.7
Other surplus - Autre surplus	98.0	3.6	118.9	3.1
Total equity - Avoir total	1,601.3	59.6	2,323.9	60.1
Total liabilities and equity - Passif total et avoir	2,688.8	100.0	3,869.0	100.0
Income - Revenu:				
Sales - Ventes	2,086.5	100.0	3,276.6	100.0
Less cost of sales - Moins coût des ventes	1,553.3	74.4	2,503.6	76.4
Gross profit - Profit brut	533.2	25.6	773.0	23.6
Rent and royalties - Loyers et redevances .....	.2	-	3.4	.1
Interest - Intérêt	11.0	.5	9.2	.3
Dividends - Dividendes	23.5	1.1	73.0	2.2
Gain on sale of assets - Gain sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	3.3	.2	8.4	.3
Other income - Autres revenus	13.8	.7	25.0	.7
Total income - Total des revenus	2,138.3	102.5	3,395.6	103.6
Expenses - Dépenses:				
Salaries and wages - Traitements et salaires	190.0	9.1	264.2	8.1
Repairs and maintenance - Réparation et entretien	32.4	1.6	27.0	.8
Rent and royalties - Loyers et redevances	29.5	1.4	5.0	.2
Interest - Intérêt	10.3	.5	39.3	1.2
Loss on sale of assets - Perte sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	3.0	.1	-	-
Depreciation - Dépréciation	87.0	4.2	115.7	3.5
Depletion and amortization - Epuisement et amortissement	5.0	.2	8.3	.3
Income taxes - Taxes fiscales	123.7	5.9	178.6	5.4
Other taxes - Autres taxes .....	.4	-	15.0	.5
Other expenses - Autres frais	1,496.4	71.8	2,477.5	75.5
Total expenses - Total des frais	1,977.7	94.8	3,130.6	95.5
Net profit - Profit net	160.6	7.7	265.0	8.1
Retain earnings - Gains retenus:				
Opening balance - Solde d'ouverture	796.1		1,218.6	
Net profit - Profit net	160.6		265.0	
Gain on sale of assets - Gains sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	7.8		16.4	
Dividends paid - Dividendes payés	- 64.3		- 182.8	
Other credits and debits - Autres crédits et frais	5.7		30.1	
Closing balance - Solde de fermeture	905.9		1,337.3	

TABLE 13. Financial Data of Corporations with Assets of Over \$25 Million in the Secondary Manufacturing Industries, by Ownership, 1964

TABLEAU 13. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries manufacturières secondaires, par appartenance, 1964

	Reporting corporations 50 per cent and over non-resident owned — Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résident par 50 p. 100 et plus		Reporting corporations less than 50 per cent non-resident owned — Corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résident par moins de 50 p. 100	
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Number of corporations — Nombre de sociétés No. — nomb.	42		11	
Assets — Actif:				
Cash — En caisse	71.1	1.9	5.7	.8
Securities, advances, deposits — Titre, avances, dépôts	210.5	5.8	18.0	2.4
Receivables — Effets à recevoir	759.9	20.8	132.8	17.4
Inventories — Stocks	918.5	25.2	170.7	22.5
Due from shareholders — Dû par les actionnaires	—	—	—	—
Other current assets — Autre actif courant	22.6	.6	2.4	.3
Total current assets — Total de l'actif courant	1,982.6	54.3	329.6	43.4
Land — Terrains	45.6	1.2	6.7	.9
Buildings and equipment — Bâtiments et outillage	2,683.6	73.4	381.1	50.2
Less accumulated depreciation — Moins amortissement accumulé	1,474.6	40.3	238.5	31.4
Buildings and equipment, net — Bâtiments et outillage, net	1,209.0	33.2	142.6	18.8
Depletable assets, net — Actif épuisable, net	16.6	.5	—	—
Mortgages, deposits, investments — Hypothèques, dépôts, investissements	32.5	.9	15.6	2.1
Investment in affiliates — Placements dans les sociétés affiliées	324.2	8.9	255.1	33.6
Other assets — Autre éléments d'actif	36.5	1.0	9.8	1.3
Total other assets — Total du reste de l'actif	1,664.4	45.7	429.8	56.6
Total assets — Total de l'actif	3,647.0	100.0	759.4	100.0
Liabilities — Passif:				
Bank loans — Emprunts bancaires	133.5	3.7	8.3	1.1
Loans, deposits, advances — Prêts, dépôts, avances	249.9	6.8	50.8	6.7
Accounts payable — Comptes à payer	437.6	12.0	55.7	7.4
Taxes payable — Taxes à payer	111.1	3.0	16.7	2.2
Other current liabilities — Autre passif courant	128.1	3.5	7.2	.9
Total current liabilities — Total du passif courant	1,060.2	29.0	138.7	18.3
Deferred income — Revenu différé	13.2	.4	.8	.1
Due to shareholders and affiliates — Dû aux actionnaires et aux filiales	197.7	5.4	7.5	1.0
Net long-term debt — Dettes nettes à long-terme	211.5	5.8	109.5	14.4
Other liabilities — Autre passif	92.7	2.5	17.0	2.2
Total liabilities — Total du passif	1,575.3	43.1	273.5	36.0
Equity — Avoir:				
Common shares — Actions ordinaires	545.0	15.0	187.0	24.6
Preferred shares — Actions privilégiées	90.3	2.5	39.9	5.3
Retained earnings — Gains retenus	1,383.7	37.7	244.0	32.1
Other surplus — Autre surplus	52.7	1.4	15.0	2.0
Total equity — Avoir total	2,071.7	56.9	485.9	64.0
Total liabilities and equity — Passif total et avoir	3,647.0	100.0	759.4	100.0
Income — Revenu:				
Sales — Ventes	4,959.5	100.0	890.3	100.0
Less cost of sales — Moins coût des ventes	4,052.6	81.7	767.9	86.3
Gross profit — Profit brut	906.9	18.3	122.4	13.7
Rent and royalties — Loyers et redevances	2.4	.1	1.8	.2
Interest — Intérêt	15.0	.3	2.3	.3
Dividends — Dividendes	27.5	.6	23.9	2.7
Gain on sale of assets — Gain sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	5.7	.1	.9	.1
Other income — Autres revenus	95.5	1.9	3.3	.3
Total income — Total des revenus	5,105.6	103.0	922.5	103.6
Expenses — Dépenses:				
Salaries and wages — Traitements et salaires	745.0	14.9	55.0	6.2
Repairs and maintenance — Réparation et entretien	53.6	1.1	5.2	.6
Rent and royalties — Loyers et redevances	22.7	.5	.6	.1
Interest — Intérêt	22.7	.5	7.9	.9
Loss on sale of assets — Perte sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	9	—	.1	—
Depreciation — Dépréciation	154.2	3.1	25.1	2.8
Depletion and amortization — Epuisement et amortissement	17.7	.4	—	—
Income taxes — Taxes fiscales	217.9	4.4	22.1	2.5
Other taxes — Autres taxes	13.6	.3	1.1	.1
Other expenses — Autres frais	3,620.4	73.0	754.7	84.7
Total expenses — Total des frais	4,868.5	98.2	871.8	97.9
Net profit — Profit net	237.1	4.8	50.7	5.7
Retain earnings — Gains retenus:				
Opening balance — Solde d'ouverture	1,251.1		233.1	
Net profit — Profit net	233.1		50.7	
Gain on sale of assets — Gains sur ventes d'éléments d'actif	31.2		2.7	
Dividends paid — Dividendes payés	- 140.2		- 44.6	
Other credits and debits — Autres crédits et frais	- 13.6		2.1	
Closing balance — Solde de fermeture	1,361.6		244.0	

SECTION D

CORPORATIONS BY ASSET SIZE GROUP, 1964

TABLES 14 to 22

CORPORATIONS GROUPEES SELON L'IMPORTANCE DE L'ACTIF, 1964

TABLEAUX 14 à 22

TABLE 14. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets Under \$250,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964

TABEAU 14. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de moins de \$250,000, avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90% and over — et plus	120	17.1	4.1	6.5	4.0	155.8	7.1	4.8	11.5
80-89.9%	9	1.4	.3	— .2	— .1	9.9	.5	.1	.2
70-79.9%	11	2.1	.5	.9	.6	22.0	1.0	1.4	3.3
60-69.9%	14	1.7	.4	.5	.3	21.8	1.0	.4	.9
50-59.9%	15	2.6	.6	.8	.5	10.6	.5	.4	.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	169	24.9	5.9	8.5	5.2	220.1	10.1	7.1	16.8
40-49.9%	7	1.1	.3	.3	.2	5.4	.2	—	—
30-39.9%	12	2.1	.5	.5	.3	13.8	.6	.3	.7
20-29.9%	11	1.9	.5	.4	.2	9.9	.5	.4	.9
10-19.9%	28	4.3	1.0	2.0	1.2	23.8	1.1	.3	.7
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	2,280	384.5	91.8	151.4	92.8	1,898.8	87.5	34.1	80.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	2,338	393.9	94.1	154.6	94.8	1,951.7	89.9	35.1	83.2
Total	2,507	418.8	100.0	163.1	100.0	2,171.8	100.0	42.2	100.0

TABLE 15. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$250,000 to \$499,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964

TABEAU 15. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$250,000 à \$499,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90% and over — et plus	684	251.9	7.2	106.5	7.3	366.3	7.3	19.1	10.3
80-89.9%	56	19.4	.6	8.6	.6	28.6	.6	1.5	.8
70-79.9%	42	15.1	.4	6.5	.4	28.4	.6	1.2	.7
60-69.9%	56	19.7	.6	7.9	.5	23.2	.5	.9	.5
50-59.9%	92	33.7	1.0	13.6	.9	42.3	.8	.1	.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	930	339.8	9.8	143.1	9.7	488.8	9.8	22.8	12.4
40-49.9%	68	25.1	.7	9.0	.6	21.6	.4	1.2	.7
30-39.9%	78	28.6	.8	10.9	.7	23.7	.5	5.2	2.8
20-29.9%	118	42.0	1.2	21.5	1.5	34.0	.7	3.4	1.9
10-19.9%	120	44.6	1.3	23.4	1.6	39.0	.8	1.9	1.0
Under 10% — Moins de 10%	8,386	2,989.7	86.2	1,271.3	85.9	4,383.7	87.8	148.7	81.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	8,770	3,130.0	90.2	1,336.1	90.3	4,502.0	90.2	160.4	87.6
Total	9,700	3,469.8	100.0	1,479.2	100.0	4,990.8	100.0	183.2	100.0

TABLE 16. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$500,000 to \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964

TABLEAU 16. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$500,000 à \$999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%
90% and over — et plus	709	510.4	11.2	225.3	11.6	770.2	12.7	44.9	17.8
80-89.9%	60	42.0	.9	18.1	.9	80.2	1.3	3.5	1.4
70-79.9%	78	55.8	1.2	27.6	1.4	65.2	1.1	6.3	2.5
60-69.9%	54	37.8	.8	16.8	.9	48.3	.8	3.3	1.3
50-59.9%	88	62.4	1.4	23.4	1.2	63.4	1.0	4.3	1.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	989	708.4	15.5	311.2	16.0	1,027.3	16.9	62.3	24.7
40-49.9%	52	36.4	.8	15.7	.8	32.5	.5	2.0	.8
30-39.9%	63	44.8	1.0	24.0	1.2	35.1	.6	4.5	1.8
20-29.9%	94	68.0	1.5	38.8	2.0	64.4	1.1	4.6	1.8
10-19.9%	121	85.8	1.9	43.6	2.2	84.9	1.4	2.9	1.1
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	5,223	3,627.7	79.3	1,509.4	77.8	4,847.7	79.5	175.9	69.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	5,553	3,862.7	84.5	1,631.5	84.0	5,064.6	83.1	189.9	75.3
Total	6,542	4,571.1	100.0	1,942.7	100.0	6,091.9	100.0	252.2	100.0

TABLE 17. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964

TABLEAU 17. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$1,000,000 à \$4,999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90% and over — et plus	1,180	2,639.1	20.8	1,295.7	22.4	3,067.9	22.8	217.5	28.3
80-89.9%	84	200.3	1.6	111.8	1.9	219.8	1.6	17.4	2.3
70-79.9%	98	235.7	1.9	120.9	2.1	276.1	2.0	25.6	3.3
60-69.9%	105	225.9	1.8	110.3	1.9	211.4	1.6	12.9	1.7
50-59.9%	105	223.4	1.8	105.6	1.8	165.3	1.2	13.2	1.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	1,572	3,524.4	27.9	1,744.3	30.1	3,940.5	29.2	286.6	37.3
40-49.9%	78	179.2	1.4	86.3	1.5	107.2	.8	5.9	.8
30-39.9%	99	201.1	1.6	109.0	1.9	154.6	1.1	9.6	1.3
20-29.9%	164	374.9	3.0	209.9	3.6	455.2	3.4	31.3	4.1
10-19.9%	216	482.5	3.8	259.2	4.5	346.9	2.6	20.3	2.6
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	4,013	7,896.5	62.3	3,388.8	58.4	8,492.6	62.9	414.0	53.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	4,570	9,134.2	72.1	4,053.2	69.9	9,556.5	70.8	481.1	62.7
Total	6,142	12,658.6	100.0	5,797.5	100.0	13,497.0	100.0	767.7	100.0

TABLE 18. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$5,000,000 to \$9,999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964

TABLÉAU 18. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$5,000,000 à \$9,999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%
90% and over — et plus	269	1,879.4	31.2	983.7	33.4	2,127.7	36.9	164.6	37.8
80-89.9%	18	130.4	2.2	50.7	1.7	105.4	1.8	5.7	1.3
70-79.9%	31	219.9	3.7	128.5	4.4	217.9	3.8	33.3	7.6
60-69.9%	36	246.2	4.1	141.6	4.8	219.9	3.8	13.9	3.2
50-59.9%	23	153.0	2.5	71.1	2.4	59.0	1.0	9.8	2.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	377	2,628.9	43.7	1,375.6	46.7	2,729.9	47.3	227.3	52.1
40-49.9%	28	188.1	3.1	74.6	2.5	84.0	1.5	6.2	1.4
30-39.9%	18	126.6	2.1	79.5	2.7	63.6	1.1	9.9	2.3
20-29.9%	23	153.9	2.6	82.5	2.8	157.6	2.7	17.4	4.0
10-19.9%	46	310.9	5.2	153.4	5.2	318.7	5.5	19.0	4.4
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	379	2,610.4	43.3	1,180.4	40.1	2,415.6	41.9	156.4	35.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	494	3,389.9	56.3	1,570.4	53.3	3,039.5	52.7	208.9	47.9
Total	871	6,018.8	100.0	2,946.0	100.0	5,769.4	100.0	436.2	100.0

TABLE 19. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$10,000,000 to \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964

TABLÉAU 19. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$10,000,000 à \$24,999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90% and over — et plus	156	2,447.3	28.5	1,357.7	31.1	2,141.3	31.7	191.9	33.0
80-89.9%	16	256.7	3.0	151.7	3.5	214.6	3.2	20.8	3.6
70-79.9%	19	312.2	3.6	179.7	4.1	299.6	4.5	30.9	5.3
60-69.9%	23	352.6	4.1	177.9	4.1	389.1	5.8	6.0	1.0
50-59.9%	17	288.4	3.4	138.0	3.2	95.3	1.4	11.7	2.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	231	3,657.2	42.6	2,005.0	46.0	3,139.9	46.6	261.3	44.9
40-49.9%	7	120.2	1.4	64.7	1.5	46.1	.7	14.2	2.4
30-39.9%	15	232.6	2.7	131.0	3.0	103.0	1.5	20.1	3.5
20-29.9%	19	311.3	3.6	224.5	5.2	285.7	4.2	34.1	5.9
10-19.9%	40	663.1	7.7	315.9	7.2	512.8	7.6	42.2	7.3
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	234	3,606.5	42.0	1,617.6	37.1	2,645.0	39.4	209.9	36.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	315	4,933.7	57.4	2,353.7	54.0	3,592.6	53.4	320.5	55.1
Total	546	8,590.9	100.0	4,358.7	100.0	6,732.5	100.0	581.8	100.0

TABLE 20. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$25,000,000 to \$49,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964

TABLEAU 20. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$25,000,000 à \$49,999,999 avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90% and over — et plus	67	2,379.7	30.9	1,260.3	32.0	2,246.8	42.8	209.9	37.3
80-89.9%	5	149.0	1.9	67.0	1.7	42.0	.8	8.4	1.5
70-79.9%	15	573.0	7.5	359.4	9.1	260.5	5.0	34.8	6.2
60-69.9%	8	273.5	3.6	141.9	3.6	259.3	4.9	14.3	2.5
50-59.9%	12	386.5	5.0	206.8	5.3	232.9	4.4	10.9	1.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	107	3,761.7	48.9	2,035.4	51.7	3,041.5	58.0	278.3	49.4
40-49.9%	3	84.8	1.1	32.9	.8	12.6	.2	1.4	.2
30-39.9%	9	322.0	4.2	198.4	5.0	50.6	1.0	40.8	7.2
20-29.9%	9	285.8	3.7	200.7	5.1	176.8	3.4	33.6	6.0
10-19.9%	17	638.6	8.3	379.9	9.7	294.8	5.6	56.0	9.9
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	76	2,596.2	33.8	1,088.0	27.7	1,667.8	31.8	153.1	27.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	114	3,927.4	51.1	1,899.9	48.3	2,202.6	42.0	284.9	50.6
Total	221	7,689.1	100.0	3,935.3	100.0	5,244.1	100.0	563.2	100.0

TABLE 21. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$50,000,000 to \$99,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964

TABLEAU 21. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$50,000,000 à \$99,999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90% and over — et plus	40	2,795.6	31.5	1,724.6	35.5	1,923.0	36.3	241.6	36.4
80-89.9%	8	547.4	6.2	383.7	7.9	403.7	7.6	39.6	6.0
70-79.9%	5	341.7	3.9	213.1	4.4	167.4	3.2	24.8	3.7
60-69.9%	4	265.2	3.0	83.4	1.7	51.0	1.0	12.4	1.9
50-59.9%	6	424.2	4.8	170.1	3.5	134.2	2.5	14.8	2.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	63	4,374.1	49.4	2,574.9	53.0	2,679.3	50.6	333.2	50.2
40-49.9%	7	508.7	5.7	241.9	5.0	149.3	2.8	26.1	3.9
30-39.9%	3	210.9	2.4	159.7	3.3	90.1	1.7	23.8	3.6
20-29.9%	6	429.6	4.9	246.6	5.1	205.2	3.9	75.8	11.4
10-19.9%	10	745.2	8.4	421.4	8.7	916.4	17.3	64.0	9.6
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	37	2,579.3	29.2	1,213.3	24.9	1,255.3	23.7	140.4	21.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	63	4,473.7	50.6	2,282.9	47.0	2,616.3	49.4	330.1	49.8
Total	126	8,847.8	100.0	4,857.8	100.0	5,295.6	100.0	663.3	100.0

TABLE 22. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Act with Assets over \$100,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964

TABLEAU 22. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de plus de \$100,000,000, avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership * — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
90% and over — et plus	22	4,808.4	19.1	2,540.8	19.9	3,542.6	26.1	383.0	19.0
80-89.9%	6	1,401.7	5.6	884.7	6.9	1,359.2	10.0	98.9	4.9
70-79.9%	11	4,611.8	18.3	2,832.1	22.2	2,952.6	21.7	559.3	27.9
60-69.9%	5	827.9	3.3	498.2	3.9	418.9	3.1	56.1	2.8
50-59.9%	5	841.8	3.3	554.1	4.3	590.5	4.3	55.2	2.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	49	12,491.6	49.6	7,309.9	57.2	8,863.8	65.2	1,152.5	57.3
40-49.9%	3	528.1	2.1	242.0	1.9	141.3	1.0	37.8	1.9
30-39.9%	4	910.5	3.6	601.8	4.7	585.7	4.3	159.2	7.9
20-29.9%	8	1,918.8	7.6	1,125.1	8.8	685.3	5.0	201.4	10.0
10-19.9%	12	2,601.5	10.3	1,163.1	9.1	970.6	7.2	199.1	9.9
Less than 10% — Moins de 10%	33	6,728.7	26.8	2,328.1	18.3	2,342.7	17.3	262.5	13.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	60	12,687.6	50.4	5,460.1	42.8	4,725.6	34.8	860.0	42.7
Total	109	25,179.2	100.0	12,770.0	100.0	13,589.4	100.0	2,012.5	100.0

SECTION E

CORPORATIONS BY INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION, 1962-1964

TABLES 23 to 79

CORPORATIONS RÉPARTIES PAR CATÉGORIE INDUSTRIELLE, 1962-1964

TABLEAUX 23 à 79

Corporations by Industrial Classification

In some industries the changes in the assets held by non-resident owned corporations from 1962 to 1963 to 1964 were significant. However, in some cases the changes in ownership are superficial. Government legislation was introduced in 1963 offering tax advantages to corporations having a 25 per cent and over degree of Canadian ownership. Such tax advantages were based on the number of voting shares held by residents. In many instances, corporations which were more than 75 per cent non-resident owned issued to Canadians, shares which although having votes had little participation in the profits of the company. This legislation was later amended in 1964 to require complete participation in the equity of the corporations in order for corporations to qualify.

In the Agriculture, Fishing and Trapping Industries in 1962, 1963 and 1964 there was relatively little change in the assets held by non-resident owned corporations. The large increase in non-resident owned corporations' portion of the profits is accountable for by capital gains rather than regular operating profits.

In the Metal Mining Industries there was a relative decrease in the assets held by non-resident owned corporations from 1962 to 1964. In 1962, non-resident owned corporations held 49.3 per cent of the assets of corporations in these industries, however in 1964, non-resident owned corporations held 46.9 per cent of the assets, a decrease of 2.4 percentage points. There was a significant change in the number of corporations which were 75 to 94.9 per cent non-resident owned between 1962 and 1963. In 1962, 19.7 per cent of the assets of the industry were owned by corporations which were 75 to 94.9 per cent non-resident owned, whereas in 1963, 14.7 per cent of the assets were owned by corporations in this classification. This reduction of 5.0 percentage points in the assets held by corporations in this ownership classification was not reflected in their share of the profits where the reduction was only 0.5 percentage points. Similarly, although there was a relative reduction in the degree of the assets held by non-resident owned corporations in this industry there was a substantial increase in the relative portion of profits earned by non-resident owned corporations. Such increase in the share of profits by non-resident owned corporations cannot be attributed to capital gains as non-resident owned corporations also had a relatively larger participation in the sales of corporations in this industry.

Corporations réparties par catégorie industrielle

Dans quelques industries, les changements intervenus dans les éléments d'actif de sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents de 1962 à 1963 et 1964, ont été significatifs. Toutefois, dans certains cas, les changements de propriété sont superficiels. Le gouvernement a adopté en 1963 une loi qui offrait des avantages fiscaux aux sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens dans une proportion d'au moins 25 p. 100. De tels avantages fiscaux se fondaient sur le nombre d'actions comportant un droit de vote et détenues par des résidents. Dans bien des cas, les sociétés qui appartenaient dans une proportion de plus de 75 p. 100 à des non-résidents ont émis deux actions canadiennes qui, même si elles comportaient un droit de vote, ne permettaient guère de participer aux profits de la société. On a modifié cette loi en 1964 en exigeant une participation complète à l'avoir des actionnaires des sociétés pour que les sociétés remplissent les conditions posées.

Dans les industries de l'agriculture, de la pêche et du piégeage, en 1962, 1963 et 1964, il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans les éléments d'actif détenus par les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents. La tranche de bénéfices des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents s'est largement accrue; l'augmentation est attribuable aux plus-values de capitaux plutôt qu'aux profits réguliers d'exploitation.

Dans les industries d'extraction des métaux, les éléments d'actif des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents ont subi une baisse relative de 1962 à 1964. En 1962, les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents détenaient 49.3 p. 100 des éléments d'actif des sociétés de ces industries. En 1964, toutefois, les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents détenaient 46.9 p. 100 des éléments d'actif, soit une baisse de 2.4 points de pourcentage. Il y a eu un changement significatif dans le nombre de sociétés qui, dans une proportion de 75 à 94.9 p. 100, appartenaient à des non-résidents, entre 1962 et 1963. En 1962, 19.7 p. 100 des éléments d'actif de l'industrie appartenaient à des sociétés qui, dans une proportion de 75 à 94.9 p. 100 étaient la propriété de non-résidents, tandis qu'en 1963 14.7 p. 100 des éléments d'actif étaient la propriété de sociétés rentrant dans cette catégorie. Pareille réduction de 5.0 points de pourcentage dans les éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés dans cette catégorie de propriété ne se reflétait pas dans leur part des bénéfices dans les cas où la réduction était de seulement 0.5 points de pourcentage. De même, bien que l'ampleur de l'actif détenu par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents dans cette industrie ait relativement diminué, la tranche proportionnelle de bénéfices gagnés par des sociétés qui étaient la propriété de non-résidents accusait une augmentation considérable. Un tel accroissement de la tranche de bénéfice des sociétés qui appartiennent à des non-résidents ne saurait être attribué à des plus-values de capitaux, car les sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents ont participé davantage, relativement, aux ventes des sociétés dans cette industrie.

In the Mineral Fuels Industries, there was relatively little change in the proportion of the total assets of the industry held by non-resident owned corporations from 1962 to 1964

In the Other Mining Industries, the assets of non-resident owned corporations increased by \$144.5 millions from 1962 to 1964 and the portion of the total assets of the industry owned by non-resident owned corporations increased by 6.8 percentage points, from 52.5 per cent in 1962 to 59.3 per cent in 1964.

The portion of the assets in the Food Manufacturing Industries held by non-resident owned corporations decreased slightly from 1962 to 1964, while their participation in the sales and profits of the industry remained relatively constant.

In the Beverage Industries, an industry which is predominantly resident owned, non-resident owned corporations increased their relative holdings in assets and their participation in sales and profits of the industry from 1962 to 1964. Non-resident ownership in the beverage industries is concentrated in the soft drink manufacturers, with distilleries, breweries and wineries being wholly resident owned.

There was relatively little change in the participation by resident and non-resident owned corporations in the Tobacco Industries from 1962 to 1964.

That proportion of the assets of the Rubber Industry held by non-resident owned corporations has increased slightly from 1962 to 1964, as has the participation by non-resident owned corporations in the sales and profits of the industry.

There has been a slight decrease in the participation by non-resident owned corporations in the assets and sales of the Leather Industries from 1962 to 1964.

The proportion of the assets held by non-resident owned corporations in the Textile, Knitting and Clothing Industries increased significantly from 1962 to 1964. In 1962, non-resident owned corporations held some 30.7 per cent of the assets of reporting corporations in these industries, and in 1964 these non-resident owned corporations held 39.8 per cent of the assets, an increase of 9.1 percentage points in their participation in the assets of the industry. However, the participation by non-resident owned corporations in the sales and profits of the industry was less significant.

Dans les industries des combustibles minéraux, il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans la proportion de tout l'actif de l'industrie détenu par des sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents de 1962 à 1964.

Dans les autres industries minières, les éléments d'actif des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents ont augmenté de \$144.5 millions de 1962 à 1964, et la tranche de l'actif global de l'industrie possédée par des sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents a augmenté de 6.8 points de pourcentage quand elle a passé de 52.5 p. 100 en 1962 à 59.3 p. 100 en 1964.

La tranche de l'actif dans les industries de fabrication d'aliments qui était détenue par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents a diminué légèrement de 1962 à 1964, mais leur participation aux ventes et bénéfices de l'industrie est demeurée relativement constante.

Dans les industries de breuvages, industrie qui appartient surtout à des résidents, les sociétés possédées par des non-résidents ont augmenté leur part relative d'actif et leur participation aux ventes et bénéfices de l'industrie de 1962 à 1964. Les biens appartenant à des non-résidents dans les industries des breuvages se trouvent principalement parmi les fabricants de boissons gazeuses et dans les distilleries, les brasseries et les établissements vinicoles appartenant entièrement à des résidents.

Il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans la participation par les sociétés qui sont la propriété de résidents et de non-résidents aux industries du tabac, de 1962 à 1964.

La proportion de l'actif de l'industrie du caoutchouc qui était détenue par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents a augmenté un peu de 1962 à 1964, tout comme la participation par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents aux ventes et bénéfices de l'industrie.

Les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents ont un peu moins participé à l'actif et aux ventes des industries du cuir de 1962 à 1964.

La proportion des éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents, dans les industries du textile, du tricot et du vêtement, a augmenté sensiblement de 1962 à 1964. En 1962, les sociétés possédées par des non-résidents détenaient environ 30.7 p. 100 de l'actif des sociétés qui faisaient rapport dans ces industries; en 1964, ces sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents détenaient 39.8 p. 100 de l'actif, soit une augmentation de 9.1 points de pourcentage dans leur participation à l'actif de l'industrie. Toutefois, la participation par les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents aux ventes et bénéfices de l'industrie était moins significative.

The ownership of corporations in the Wood Industries remained relatively constant from 1962 to 1964, with resident owned corporations controlling most of the assets of the industry in all three years.

The proportion of the assets held by non-resident owned corporations in the Furniture and Fixtures Industries decreased slightly from 1962 to 1964 as did the participation of these corporations in the equity and sales of the industry.

In the Paper Industries, there was relatively little change in the proportion of the assets held by non-resident owned corporations from 1962 to 1964. However, there were significant changes in the proportion of assets held by corporations which were 75 per cent and over non-resident owned and by those corporations which were 50 to 74.9 per cent non-resident owned from 1963 to 1964. In 1963, corporations which were 50 to 74.9 per cent non-resident owned held 1.5 per cent of the assets of the paper industries; however, in 1964, corporations in this ownership classification held 8.8 per cent of the total assets of corporations in these industries. This increase of 7.3 percentage points was accompanied by a decline of 1.1 percentage points in the assets of corporations which were more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. Therefore the proportion of assets held by corporations over 75 per cent non-resident owned dropped by 8.4 percentage points from 1963 and 1964.

In the Printing and Publishing Industries the proportion of assets held by corporations which were 50 per cent or over non-resident owned rose slightly from 1962 to 1964. Nevertheless, the participation in these industries by corporations which were 50 per cent and over non-resident owned was still relatively insignificant.

The proportion of the assets held by corporations which were 50 per cent and over non-resident owned in the Primary Metal Industries decreased slightly from 1962 to 1964. There was a significant change in the assets held by corporations which were 75 to 94.9 per cent non-resident owned between 1963 and 1964. The principal reason for this change was that one corporation changed its degree of non-resident ownership from over 75 per cent non-resident owned in 1963 to under 75 per cent non-resident owned in 1964.

In the Metal Fabricating Industries there was relatively little change in the proportion of assets held by corporations which were 50 per cent and over non-resident owned between 1962 and 1964,

La propriété des sociétés dans les industries du bois est demeurée relativement constante de 1962 à 1964; chacune de ces trois années, les sociétés appartenant à des résidents détenaient une tranche prépondérante de l'actif de l'industrie.

La tranche de l'actif détenu par des sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents, dans les industries des meubles et des accessoires, a diminué légèrement de 1962 à 1964, tout comme la participation de ces sociétés à l'avoir des actionnaires et aux ventes de l'industrie.

Dans les industries du papier, il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans la proportion d'éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents, de 1962 à 1964. Toutefois, il y a eu des changements significatifs dans la proportion d'éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents dans une proportion d'au moins 75 p. 100 et par des sociétés qui dans une proportion de 50 à 74.9 p. 100 appartenaient à des non-résidents, de 1963 à 1964. En 1963, les sociétés qui dans une proportion de 50 à 74.9 p. 100 appartenaient à des non-résidents détenaient 1.5 p. 100 des éléments d'actif des industries du papier; toutefois, en 1964, les sociétés rentrant dans cette catégorie de propriété détenaient 8.8 p. 100 de tout l'actif des sociétés au sein de ces industries. Cette augmentation de 7.3 points de pourcentage s'accompagnait d'une baisse de 1.1 points de pourcentage dans l'actif des sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100. Par conséquent, la proportion d'éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui dans une proportion de plus de 75 p. 100 appartenaient à des non-résidents a baissé de 8.4 points de pourcentage de 1963 et 1964.

Dans les industries des impressions et des publications, la proportion d'éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100 appartenaient à des non-résidents a augmenté légèrement de 1962 à 1964. Néanmoins, la participation à ces industries de la part des sociétés qui dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100 appartenaient à des non-résidents était encore relativement insignifiante.

La proportion des éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100 appartenaient à des non-résidents dans les industries des métaux primaires a diminué légèrement de 1962 à 1964. Un changement significatif s'est produit dans les éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui dans une proportion de 75 à 94.9 p. 100 appartenaient à des non-résidents entre 1963 et 1964. Ce changement était surtout imputable au fait qu'une société a modifié l'ampleur de son appartenance à des non-résidents en la faisant passer d'au delà de 75 p. 100 en 1963 à moins de 75 p. 100 en 1964.

Dans les industries de fabrication des métaux, il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans la proportion des éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100

with non-resident owned corporations owning 2.4 percentage points less of the assets of these industries in 1964 than they did in 1962.

Non-resident owned corporations in the Machinery Industries held 4.2 percentage points more of the assets of these industries in 1964 than they did in 1962. However, the share of the profits by non-resident owned corporations decreased from 1962 to 1964 as did the share of the sales.

There was relatively little change in the percentage of the assets held between resident and non-resident corporations in the Transportation Equipment Industries between 1962 and 1964.

Similarly in the Electrical Products Industries, there was relatively little change in the proportion of assets held between resident and non-resident owned corporations between 1962 and 1964, with non-resident owned corporations showing a slight increase over the three-year period.

Likewise in the Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries there was relatively little change in the proportion of assets held by non-resident owned corporations from 1962 to 1964. The large increase in proportion profits of non-resident owned corporations is largely attributable to non-recurring profits on the sale of fixed assets.

In the Petroleum and Coal Products Industries there was relatively little change in the proportion of assets held by resident and non-resident owned corporations between 1962 and 1964. These industries are principally non-resident owned, no large integrated oil company being owned by residents.

Between 1962 and 1964 there was a slight increase in the proportion of the assets held by non-residents in the Chemical Industries, although there was a slight increase in the proportion of sales and profits of the industry accounted for by non-resident owned corporations.

In the Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries the proportion of assets held by non-resident owned corporations remained relatively constant from 1962 to 1964.

In the Construction Industries, there was a slight decrease in the proportion of the assets of these industries held by non-resident owned cor-

appartenaient à des non-résidents entre 1962 et 1964, alors que les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents possédaient 2.4 points de pourcentage de moins des éléments d'actif de ces industries en 1964 qu'en 1962.

Dans les industries des machines, les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents détenaient 4.2 points de pourcentage de plus des éléments d'actif de ces industries en 1964 qu'elles n'en avaient en 1962. Toutefois la part des bénéfices réalisés par les sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents a diminué de 1962 à 1964 tout comme la part des ventes a diminué.

Il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans le pourcentage des éléments d'actif détenus entre les sociétés qui appartenaient à des résidents et les sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents dans l'industrie de l'équipement de transport entre 1962 et 1964.

De même, dans les industries des produits électriques, il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans la proportion d'éléments d'actif détenus entre les sociétés appartenant à des résidents et des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents entre 1962 et 1964, alors que les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents accusaient une légère augmentation au cours de la période de trois ans.

Pareillement, dans les industries des produits miniers non-métalliques il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans la proportion des éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents de 1962 à 1964. La forte augmentation des bénéfices proportionnels des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents est largement attribuable à des bénéfices qui portent sur la vente d'éléments d'actif fixe et qui ne reviennent pas.

Dans les industries des produits pétroliers et charbonniers, il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans la proportion des éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés appartenant à des résidents ou à des non-résidents entre 1962 et 1964. Ces industries appartiennent principalement à des non-résidents, car nulle grande compagnie intégrée de pétrole n'appartient à des résidents.

Entre 1962 et 1964, la proportion d'éléments d'actif détenus par des non-résidents dans les industries chimiques a légèrement augmenté, même s'il y a eu une légère augmentation dans la proportion des ventes et des bénéfices de l'industrie qui étaient le fait des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents.

Dans les industries diverses de fabrication, la proportion des éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents est demeurée relativement constante de 1962 à 1964.

Dans les industries de la construction, la proportion des éléments d'actif de ces industries qui étaient détenus par des sociétés appartenant à des

porations between 1962 and 1964. Similarly there was a slight decrease in the proportion of the profits by non-resident owned corporations from 1962 to 1964.

In the Transportation, Storage and Communication Industries there was a significant decrease in the proportion of the assets of these industries held by non-resident owned corporations from 1962 to 1963. One of the principal causes of this relatively large decrease was the inclusion in 1963 of co-operatively owned grain elevators, which had not been included in 1962. These grain elevators are largely Canadian owned. The relatively large decrease from 1962 to 1963 in the assets held by non-resident owned corporations is not reflected in the percentage of the profits of the industry attributable to these corporations. The large co-operatively owned grain elevator companies, though having large amounts in assets, do not have correspondingly large amounts in profits.

There was relatively little change in the degree of non-resident ownership of those corporations in the Gas, Water and Electric Industries from 1962 to 1964. The large decrease in the assets of corporations in these industries from 1962 to 1963 is accounted for by the acquisition by public authorities of corporations in the electrical generation industries.

The proportion of the assets held by non-resident owned corporations in the Retail Trade Industries decreased slightly from 1962 to 1964. The proportion of the sales of the industry made by these corporations decreased more than the decrease in the assets and likewise the profits decreased even more. These industries are predominantly resident owned and principally by smaller corporations, the average size of non-resident owned corporations being in excess of \$4 million in assets whereas the average size of resident owned corporations being less than \$1 million in assets. It should be noted, however, that in all three years the percentage profit on sales of non-resident owned corporations is consistently higher than that of resident owned corporations.

There was a slight decrease in the proportion of the assets held by non-resident owned corporations in the Wholesale Trade Industries from 1962 to 1964. This is principally due to more resident owned corporations reporting in 1964 than did in 1962 and not to a decrease in the number of non-resident owned corporations reporting in these industries. The average non-resident owned corporation in this industry in 1964 had over \$2 million in assets whereas the average resident owned corporation in this industry had less than \$1 million in assets. Most of the non-resident owned corporations in these industries are subsidiaries

non-résidents a diminué légèrement entre 1962 et 1964. De même, la proportion des bénéfices qui ont été réalisés par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents a baissé légèrement de 1962 à 1964.

Dans les industries du transport, de l'entreposage et des communications, la proportion d'éléments d'actif de ces industries qui étaient détenus par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents a baissé légèrement de 1962 à 1963. Une des principales raisons de cette diminution relativement considérable était l'inclusion en 1963 d'élévateurs à grains possédés en coopérative, qui n'avaient pas été inclus en 1962. Ces élévateurs à grains appartiennent largement à des Canadiens. La diminution relativement considérable intervenue de 1962 à 1963 dans les éléments d'actif qui étaient détenus par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents ne se reflète pas dans le pourcentage des bénéfices de l'industrie attribuable à ces sociétés. Les grandes sociétés coopératives d'élévateurs à grains, dont les éléments d'actif sont considérables, ne réalisent pas de bénéfices en conséquence.

Il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans l'ampleur de l'appartenance de ces sociétés à des non-résidents dans les industries du gaz, de l'eau et de l'électricité de 1962 à 1964. La forte diminution de l'actif des sociétés dans ces industries de 1962 à 1963 est attribuable à l'acquisition de sociétés par les autorités publiques dans les industries de production d'électricité.

La proportion d'éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui appartaient à des non-résidents dans les industries du commerce au détail, a diminué légèrement de 1962 à 1964. La proportion des ventes de l'industrie qui ont été faites par ces compagnies a baissé plus que les éléments d'actif, et les bénéfices ont fléchi encore davantage. Ces industries appartiennent largement à des résidents et surtout à des petites compagnies; l'importance moyenne des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents dépasse 4 millions de dollars en éléments d'actif, tandis que l'importance moyenne des sociétés appartenant à des résidents est au dessous d'un million de dollars en éléments d'actif. A noter toutefois que, chacune de ces trois années, le pourcentage de bénéfices réalisés sur les ventes de sociétés qui appartiennent à des non-résidents est toujours supérieur à celui des compagnies appartenant à des résidents.

Il y a eu une légère diminution dans la proportion des éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui appartiennent à des non-résidents dans les industries du commerce de gros de 1962 à 1964. C'est principalement attribuable au fait que plus de sociétés appartenant à des résidents ont fait rapport en 1964 que ce ne fut le cas en 1962; ce n'est pas attribuable à une diminution du nombre de sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents qui font rapport dans ces industries. En 1964, dans cette industrie, la société moyenne qui appartenait à des non-résidents avait plus de 2 millions de dollars en éléments d'actif, tandis que, dans cette industrie, la société

of large non-resident owned manufacturing corporations located either inside or outside of Canada. Their principal operation is the wholesaling of the products of the parent or associated corporations.

In the Finance, Insurance and Real Estate Industries, there was relatively little change in the proportion of the assets held by non-resident owned corporations from 1962 to 1964. As in other industries, non-resident owned corporations in these industries tend to be larger than resident owned corporations, non-resident corporations averaging over \$6 million in assets whereas resident owned corporations averaging less than \$3 million in assets. The sales and profits of corporations in these industries tend to fluctuate more than in other industries due to the role played by capital gains in the sales and profits of corporations in these industries.

There was relatively little change in the proportion of the assets held by non-resident owned corporations in the Community, Business and Personal Services Industries from 1962 to 1964. There has been a steady increase in the amount of assets employed by corporations in these industries together with the steady increase in the sales of corporations in these industries. The relatively large increase in profits by non-resident owned corporations from 1963 to 1964 is principally attributable to capital gains.

moyenne qui appartenait à des résidents avait plus d'un million de dollars en éléments d'actif. Encore dans ces industries, la plupart des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents sont des filiales de grandes compagnies de fabrication qui sont possédées par des non-résidents et qui se trouvent soit à l'intérieur soit à l'extérieur du Canada. Leurs opérations principales résident dans la vente en gros des produits des sociétés mères ou des compagnies associées.

Dans les industries de la finance, de l'assurance et de l'immeuble, il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans la proportion des éléments d'actif détenus par des sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents, de 1962 à 1964. Comme dans le cas d'autres industries, les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents dans ces industries ont tendance à être plus grandes que les compagnies appartenant à des résidents; les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents ont pour 6 millions de dollars en éléments d'actif, en moyenne, tandis que les sociétés appartenant à des résidents ont moins de 3 millions d'éléments d'actif, en moyenne. Les ventes et les bénéfices des sociétés dans ces industries ont tendance à fluctuer plus que dans d'autres industries à cause du rôle joué par les plus-values de capitaux dans les ventes et bénéfices des sociétés dans ces industries.

Il y a eu relativement peu de changement dans la proportion d'éléments d'actif détenus par les sociétés qui appartenaient à des non-résidents, dans les industries de services généraux, commerciaux et personnels, de 1962 à 1964. Les éléments d'actif employés par les sociétés au sein de ces industries ainsi que les ventes de ces compagnies ont augmenté constamment. Les bénéfices des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents ont enregistré une augmentation relativement considérable qui était attribuable surtout aux plus-values de capitaux, de 1963 à 1964.

TABLE 23. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the AGRICULTURE, FISHING AND TRAPPING Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 23. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries de l'AGRICULTURE, EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, PÊCHE ET PIÉGEAGE, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir net	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Livestock — Élevage spécialisé et mixte	1962 71	46.2	14.4	22.8	.9
	1963 79	51.7	16.0	25.2	1.2
	1964 77	53.2	16.6	25.4	1.5
Field crop — Grande culture spécialisée et mixte	1962 25	16.1	10.4	6.3	.5
	1963 25	17.9	10.6	7.3	.4
	1964 25	18.7	11.6	6.0	.4
Fruit and vegetable — Fruits et légumes (sauf les pommes de terre)	1962 6	2.8	1.1	.8	—
	1963 8	4.5	2.5	2.7	.9
	1964 9	4.8	2.6	2.9	—
Other crop and livestock — Autres culture et élevage mixtes	1962 22	13.3	7.0	5.7	.5
	1963 27	15.7	7.6	6.6	.4
	1964 30	16.9	7.7	9.2	.6
Miscellaneous — Spécialités diverses	1962 14	6.7	1.8	3.7	— .1
	1963 15	7.2	1.6	5.5	.1
	1964 16	7.7	2.1	6.4	.2
Services incidental to agriculture ¹ — Services annexes de l'agricul- ture ¹	1962 22	36.9	22.8	18.5	2.6
	1963 22	38.2	23.1	19.3	1.0
	1964 22	42.0	26.9	20.1	1.9
Logging — Abattage	1962 159	213.3	123.3	147.9	7.6
	1963 161	232.8	135.3	167.6	10.7
	1964 148	242.0	149.6	170.8	26.9
Fishing — Pêche	1962 1	2 .9	2 .4	2 1.7	2 .2
	1963 3	.9	.4	1.7	.2
	1964 6	1.8	.7	2.2	.2
Total	1962 320	335.3	180.8	205.7	12.0
	1963 340	368.9	197.1	235.9	14.9
	1964 333	387.1	217.8	243.0	31.7

¹ Includes experimental and university farms.

² Included with logging.

¹ Comprend les fermes expérimentales et universitaires.

² Compris dans l'industrie de l'abattage.

TABLE 24. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND TRAPPING Industries 1962-1964

TABLEAU 24. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de l'AGRICULTURE, EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, PÊCHE ET PIÉGEAGE, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000
95% and over — et plus	1962	42	122.6	36.6	83.4	46.1	62.9	30.6	5.0
	1963	40	120.2	32.6	83.1	42.2	58.6	24.9	7.0
	1964	37	61.9	16.0	36.8	16.9	60.6	25.0	15.7
75-94.9%	1962	4	1	—	1	—	1	—	1
	1963	3	1	—	1	—	1	—	1
	1964	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	1
50-74.9%	1962	4	6.2	1.8	4.3	2.4	2.5	1.2	.2
	1963	5	25.2	6.8	18.9	9.6	6.0	2.5	.7
	1964	5	86.2	22.2	76.2	35.0	15.4	6.3	4.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	50	128.8	38.4	87.7	48.5	65.4	31.8	5.2
	1963	48	145.4	39.4	102.0	51.8	64.6	27.4	7.7
	1964	44	148.1	38.2	113.0	51.9	76.0	31.3	19.7
25-49.9%	1962	11	10.6	3.2	2.9	1.6	3.1	1.5	.1
	1963	16	40.2	10.9	18.7	9.5	8.0	3.4	—
	1964	11	36.7	9.5	23.6	10.8	12.2	5.0	3.4
5-24.9%	1962	8	5.2	1.6	1.7	.9	5.3	2.6	.2
	1963	7	4.5	1.2	1.4	.7	7.3	3.1	.1
	1964	8	5.3	1.4	1.3	.6	3.5	1.4	.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	251	190.7	56.8	88.5	49.0	131.9	64.1	6.5
	1963	269	178.8	48.5	75.0	38.0	156.0	66.1	7.1
	1964	270	197.0	50.9	79.9	36.7	151.3	62.3	8.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	270	206.5	61.6	93.1	51.5	140.3	68.2	6.8
	1963	292	223.5	60.6	95.1	48.2	171.3	72.6	7.2
	1964	289	239.0	61.8	104.8	48.1	167.0	68.7	12.0
Total	1962	320	335.3	100.0	180.8	100.0	205.7	100.0	12.0
	1963	340	368.9	100.0	197.1	100.0	235.9	100.0	14.9
	1964	333	387.1	100.0	217.8	100.0	243.0	100.0	31.7

¹ Included in 95 per cent and over group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 95 p. 100 et plus.

TABLE 25. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the METAL MINING Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 25. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, EXTRACTION DES MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1962-1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir net	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Gold mines - Mines d'or	1962 93	463.8	424.9	152.4	53.8
	1963 90	521.7	486.8	134.2	49.8
	1964 83	545.6	490.1	120.7	50.0
Copper-gold-silver mines - Mines de cuivre-or-argent	1962 94	569.0	438.9	220.5	71.8
	1963 97	626.6	484.5	217.9	93.1
	1964 95	677.1	519.6	245.3	94.9
Nickel-copper mines - Mines de nickel-cuivre	1962 15	183.7	161.2	85.8	27.9
	1963 12	180.8	165.7	70.2	19.9
	1964 12	194.4	181.2	90.7	36.0
Silver-lead-zinc mines - Mines d'argent-plomb-zinc	1962 45	144.6	67.6	34.4	3.7
	1963 36	183.2	74.9	37.0	6.6
	1964 37	245.8	112.5	110.2	34.0
Uranium mines - Mines d'uranium	1962 10	282.5	210.3	142.4	29.7
	1963 8	313.3	204.1	146.2	22.4
	1964 9	318.2	201.0	127.9	16.8
Iron mines - Mines de fer	1962 44	1,152.5	355.9	233.1	25.8
	1963 43	1,192.5	383.2	298.0	44.5
	1964 43	1,163.7	405.3	407.0	80.5
Other metal mines - Autres mines métallifères	1962 51	122.5	107.7	14.7	3.6
	1963 33	56.5	42.5	12.5	.6
	1964 31	65.5	47.0	13.7	.6
Total	1962 352	2,918.6	1,766.5	883.3	216.3
	1963 319	3,074.6	1,841.7	916.0	236.9
	1964 310	3,210.3	1,956.7	1,115.5	312.8

TABLE 26. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL MINING Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 26. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, EXTRACTION DES MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962 29	659.1	22.5	78.6	4.4	109.5	12.4	8.7	4.0
	1963 21	679.7	22.1	83.8	4.6	165.8	18.1	13.5	5.7
	1964 22	698.2	21.8	114.2	5.8	247.3	22.2	41.3	13.2
75-94.9%	1962 21	574.2	19.7	284.7	16.2	207.5	23.5	26.8	12.4
	1963 15	451.4	14.7	215.1	11.7	141.9	15.5	28.1	11.9
	1964 16	431.5	13.4	234.5	12.0	173.5	15.6	45.3	14.5
50-74.9%	1962 32	206.8	7.1	177.5	10.0	64.1	7.2	19.3	8.9
	1963 35	370.2	12.0	234.7	12.7	138.1	15.1	29.9	12.6
	1964 34	375.8	11.7	217.3	11.1	149.8	13.4	23.5	7.5
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 82	1,440.1	49.3	540.8	30.6	381.1	43.1	54.8	25.3
	1963 71	1,501.3	48.8	533.6	29.0	445.8	48.7	71.5	30.2
	1964 72	1,505.5	46.9	566.0	28.9	570.6	51.2	110.1	35.2
25-49.9%	1962 67	612.7	21.0	530.0	30.0	241.5	27.4	76.9	35.6
	1963 67	645.7	21.0	578.1	31.4	206.3	22.5	49.4	20.8
	1964 63	693.1	21.6	604.8	30.9	227.6	20.4	88.2	28.2
5-24.9%	1962 159	821.2	28.2	655.9	37.1	250.2	28.3	82.4	38.1
	1963 138	888.8	28.9	696.5	37.8	259.4	28.3	115.2	48.7
	1964 121	937.8	29.2	726.2	37.1	309.1	27.7	113.0	36.1
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962 44	44.6	1.5	39.8	2.3	10.5	1.2	2.2	1.0
	1963 43	38.8	1.3	33.5	1.8	4.5	.5	.8	.3
	1964 54	73.9	2.3	59.7	3.1	8.2	.7	1.5	.5
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 270	1,478.5	50.7	1,225.7	69.4	502.2	56.9	161.5	74.7
	1963 248	1,573.3	51.2	1,308.1	71.0	470.2	51.3	165.4	69.8
	1964 238	1,704.8	53.1	1,390.7	71.1	544.9	48.8	202.7	64.8
Total	1962 352	2,918.6	100.0	1,766.5	100.0	883.3	100.0	216.3	100.0
	1963 319	3,074.6	100.0	1,841.7	100.0	916.0	100.0	236.9	100.0
	1964 310	3,210.3	100.0	1,956.7	100.0	1,115.5	100.0	312.8	100.0

TABLE 27. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 27. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des COMBUSTIBLES MINÉRAUX, 1962-1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		\$'000,000		\$'000,000		\$'000,000		\$'000,000	
	No. — nomb.								
Coal mines — Mines de charbon	1962	33	118.0	54.9	70.5	7.9			
	1963	29	75.7	47.9	36.5	6.1			
	1964	28	64.1	35.0	32.6	2.7			
Petroleum and natural gas wells ¹ — Puits de pétroles et de gaz naturel ¹ .	1962	263	2,592.1	1,731.0	587.7	97.6			
	1963	274	2,984.0	2,018.3	868.0	152.4			
	1964	246	3,257.8	2,219.8	929.3	165.6			
Total	1962	296	2,710.1	1,785.9	658.2	105.5			
	1963	303	3,059.7	2,066.2	904.5	158.5			
	1964	274	3,321.9	2,254.8	961.9	168.3			

¹ Includes oil shale and bituminous pits.

¹ Comprend les huiles de schiste et les gisements de charbon bitumineux.

TABLE 28. Degree of Non-resident ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 28. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des COMBUSTIBLES MINÉRAUX, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		\$'000,000		\$'000,000		\$'000,000		\$'000,000	
	No. — nomb.		%		%		%		%
95% and over — et plus	1962	86	1,401.0	51.7	902.3	50.6	385.3	58.5	73.6
	1963	86	1,216.3	39.8	863.5	41.8	350.0	38.7	71.5
	1964	69	1,194.0	35.9	840.9	37.3	348.8	36.3	56.0
75-94.9%	1962	33	531.4	19.6	403.9	22.6	79.8	12.1	8.0
	1963	45	1,071.3	35.0	734.3	35.5	387.1	42.8	54.9
	1964	45	1,241.0	37.4	869.5	38.5	439.4	45.7	66.4
50-74.9%	1962	43	321.0	11.8	193.3	10.8	93.2	14.2	11.1
	1963	36	284.7	9.3	154.9	7.5	61.6	6.8	16.4
	1964	30	346.1	10.4	189.1	8.4	65.7	6.8	19.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	162	2,253.4	83.1	1,499.5	84.0	558.3	84.8	92.7
	1963	167	2,572.3	84.1	1,752.7	84.8	798.7	88.3	142.8
	1964	144	2,781.1	83.7	1,899.5	84.2	853.9	88.8	141.9
25-49.9%	1962	33	182.7	6.7	95.4	5.3	24.6	3.7	1.7
	1963	28	93.0	3.0	76.4	3.7	12.2	1.3	3.7
	1964	34	113.6	3.4	85.3	3.8	19.7	2.0	1.9
5-24.9%	1962	42	128.9	4.8	96.0	5.4	26.0	4.0	5.5
	1963	48	302.5	9.9	186.8	9.1	53.3	5.9	8.6
	1964	40	350.9	10.7	225.2	10.0	43.8	4.6	20.4
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	59	145.1	5.4	95.0	5.3	49.3	7.5	5.6
	1963	60	91.9	3.0	50.3	2.4	40.3	4.5	3.4
	1964	56	76.3	2.2	44.8	2.0	44.5	4.6	4.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	134	456.7	16.9	286.4	16.0	99.9	15.2	12.8
	1963	136	487.4	15.9	313.5	15.2	105.8	11.7	15.7
	1964	130	540.8	16.3	355.3	15.8	108.0	11.2	26.4
Total	1962	296	2,710.1	100.0	1,785.9	100.0	658.2	100.0	105.5
	1963	303	3,059.7	100.0	2,066.2	100.0	904.5	100.0	158.5
	1964	274	3,321.9	100.0	2,254.8	100.0	961.9	100.0	168.3

**TABLE 29. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the
OTHER MINING Industries, 1962 - 1964**

**TABLEAU 29. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats
ouvriers, AUTRES INDUSTRIES MINIÈRES, 1962 - 1964**

Industry — Industrie	Corporations		Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir net	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000			
Non-metal mines — Autres mines non métalliques:						
Asbestos mines — Mines d'amiante	1962	15	239.2	201.6	144.4	38.9
	1963	17	267.8	232.7	160.5	43.3
	1964	15	283.8	230.3	181.4	50.3
Gypsum, salt and other non-metal mines — Mines de gypse, mines de sel et autres minéraux.	1962	39	176.1	113.1	61.5	11.3
	1963	40	196.8	115.4	76.1	7.9
	1964	43	262.1	145.1	102.0	20.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	54	415.3	314.7	205.9	50.2
	1963	57	464.6	348.1	236.6	51.2
	1964	58	545.9	375.4	283.4	70.7
Quarries and sand pits — Carrières et sablières	1962	103	91.9	49.6	55.9	5.1
	1963	116	87.6	36.6	65.2	3.3
	1964	102	83.1	35.5	65.9	5.7
Services incidental to mining — Services miniers auxiliaires	1962	236	345.1	235.0	95.2	4.9
	1963	207	341.4	225.6	124.1	10.8
	1964	202	369.9	232.5	166.1	8.1
Total	1962	393	852.3	599.3	357.0	60.2
	1963	380	893.6	610.3	425.9	65.3
	1964	362	998.9	643.4	515.4	84.5

**TABLE 30. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
OTHER MINING Industries, 1962 - 1964**

**TABLEAU 30. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents corporations déclarantes
AUTRES INDUSTRIES MINIÈRES, 1962 - 1964**

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962	59	341.9	40.1	231.7	38.6	143.5	40.2	35.9	59.6
	1963	60	412.5	46.2	267.2	43.7	172.0	40.4	47.2	72.2
	1964	64	454.0	45.4	264.0	41.0	228.1	44.2	49.9	59.1
75 - 94.9%	1962	21	57.4	6.7	36.9	6.2	31.8	8.9	4.4	7.3
	1963	14	48.6	5.4	31.1	5.1	31.2	7.3	4.3	6.6
	1964	13	55.5	5.6	36.6	5.7	40.2	7.8	7.3	8.6
50 - 74.9%	1962	28	48.5	5.7	39.4	6.6	8.4	2.4	1.2	2.0
	1963	28	55.2	6.2	43.1	7.1	14.1	3.3	2.6	4.0
	1964	26	82.8	8.3	63.2	9.8	21.6	4.2	3.8	4.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	108	447.8	52.5	308.0	51.4	183.7	51.5	41.5	68.9
	1963	102	516.3	57.8	341.4	55.9	217.3	51.0	54.1	82.8
	1964	103	592.3	59.3	363.8	56.5	289.9	56.2	61.0	72.2
25 - 49.9%	1962	37	99.0	11.6	75.8	12.6	20.1	5.6	3.0	5.0
	1963	32	78.9	8.8	52.3	8.6	24.3	5.7	3.8	5.8
	1964	29	79.1	7.9	60.3	9.4	28.8	5.6	5.7	6.7
5 - 24.9%	1962	73	155.2	18.3	126.8	21.2	46.3	13.0	9.2	15.3
	1963	68	127.5	14.3	117.5	19.2	45.2	10.6	—	4.5
	1964	71	181.5	18.2	135.7	21.1	69.7	13.5	6.6	7.8
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	175	150.3	17.6	88.7	14.8	106.9	29.9	6.5	10.8
	1963	178	170.9	19.1	99.1	16.3	139.1	32.7	10.3	15.9
	1964	159	146.0	14.6	83.6	13.0	127.0	24.7	11.2	13.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	285	404.5	47.5	291.3	48.6	173.3	48.5	18.7	31.1
	1963	278	377.3	42.2	268.9	44.1	208.6	49.0	11.2	17.2
	1964	259	406.6	40.7	279.6	43.5	225.5	43.8	23.5	27.8
Total	1962	393	852.3	100.0	599.3	100.0	357.0	100.0	60.2	100.0
	1963	380	893.6	100.0	610.3	100.0	425.9	100.0	65.3	100.0
	1964	362	998.9	100.0	643.4	100.0	515.4	100.0	84.5	100.0

**TABLE 31. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Union Returns Act in the
FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 31. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats
ouvriers, FABRICATION DES ALIMENTS, 1962-1964**

Industry — Industrie		Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
			— Actif	— Avoir	— Ventes	— Bénéfices
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Meat products — Produits de la viande	1962	153	269.7	148.5	1394.6	21.7
	1963	167	291.8	160.7	1470.8	22.4
	1964	165	323.9	181.4	1496.8	30.8
Dairy products — Produits laitiers	1962	183	222.5	135.5	556.2	21.8
	1963	224	306.0	177.8	805.6	27.1
	1964	217	316.2	179.0	845.8	38.7
Fish processing — Traitement du poisson	1962	65	121.9	56.2	184.8	7.8
	1963	69	154.4	62.0	216.1	7.3
	1964	70	161.2	65.6	239.2	4.4
Fruit and vegetable canners — Conserves de fruit et légumes	1962	99	219.9	115.3	295.4	13.8
	1963	104	239.4	121.3	364.3	13.7
	1964	99	243.2	125.9	339.3	17.1
Grain mills — Meuneries	1962	120	310.8	158.4	656.0	19.3
	1963	141	329.4	169.2	674.6	24.2
	1964	141	341.2	175.3	836.3	32.8
Bakery products — Produits de boulangerie	1962	99	228.2	131.9	360.8	18.7
	1963	98	265.9	141.8	376.2	30.3
	1964	96	266.7	139.1	397.5	27.0
Other food products — Autres produits alimentaires	1962	160	575.3	352.3	787.7	67.2
	1963	159	620.0	350.1	913.8	67.4
	1964	151	614.7	370.0	946.2	75.5
Total	1962	877	1,948.3	1,098.1	4,235.5	170.3
	1963	962	2,206.9	1,182.9	4,821.4	192.4
	1964	939	2,267.1	1,236.3	5,101.1	226.3

**TABLE 32. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 32. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes,
FABRICATION DES ALIMENTS, 1962-1964**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
			— Actif		— Avoir		— Ventes		— Bénéfices	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962	102	584.8	30.0	361.9	32.9	1,145.6	27.0	64.9	38.1
	1963	106	630.3	28.6	378.3	31.9	1,245.7	25.9	70.9	36.9
	1964	98	601.1	26.5	360.2	29.2	1,212.9	23.8	76.8	33.9
75-94.9%	1962	5	15.4	.8	6.4	.6	41.7	1.0	1.1	.6
	1963	8	21.2	.9	8.9	.8	52.8	1.1	2.4	1.2
	1964	8	50.9	2.2	31.2	2.5	103.6	2.0	7.2	3.2
50-74.9%	1962	14	106.5	5.5	71.4	6.5	119.3	2.8	9.3	5.5
	1963	18	116.6	5.3	65.1	5.5	141.2	2.9	4.9	2.5
	1964	22	131.0	5.8	78.5	6.3	198.1	3.9	16.7	7.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	121	706.7	36.3	439.7	40.0	1,306.6	30.8	75.3	44.2
	1963	132	768.1	34.8	452.3	38.2	1,439.7	29.9	78.2	40.6
	1964	128	783.0	34.5	469.9	38.0	1,514.6	29.7	100.7	44.5
25-49.9%	1962	20	116.6	6.0	69.5	6.3	109.4	2.6	8.2	4.8
	1963	9	11.1	.5	5.4	.5	21.8	.5	— .2	.1
	1964	13	20.5	.9	9.4	.8	42.6	.8	— .9	.4
5-24.9%	1962	36	217.3	11.2	103.4	9.4	366.8	8.7	16.4	9.6
	1963	47	387.6	17.6	171.2	14.5	530.7	11.0	42.0	21.8
	1964	43	374.3	16.5	168.6	13.6	608.7	11.9	40.1	17.7
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	700	907.7	46.5	485.5	44.3	2,452.7	57.9	70.4	41.4
	1963	774	1,040.1	47.1	554.0	46.8	2,829.2	58.6	72.4	37.7
	1964	755	1,089.3	48.1	588.4	47.6	2,935.2	57.6	84.6	37.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	756	1,241.6	63.7	658.4	60.0	2,928.9	69.2	95.0	55.8
	1963	830	1,438.8	65.2	730.6	61.8	3,381.7	70.1	114.2	59.4
	1964	811	1,484.1	65.5	766.4	62.0	3,586.5	70.3	125.6	55.5
Total	1962	877	1,948.3	100.0	1,098.1	100.0	4,235.5	100.0	170.3	100.0
	1963	962	2,206.9	100.0	1,182.9	100.0	4,821.4	100.0	192.4	100.0
	1964	939	2,267.1	100.0	1,236.3	100.0	5,101.1	100.0	226.3	100.0

TABLE 33. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1962 - 1964

TABLEAU 33. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des BOISSONS, 1962 - 1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Soft drink manufacturers — Manufacturiers des boissons gazeuses	1962 73	107.8	77.1	133.2	18.7
	1963 72	114.5	82.6	145.3	16.0
	1964 73	123.1	87.8	167.5	21.6
Distilleries	1962 19	307.6	122.4	249.5	58.7
	1963 20	307.3	127.4	277.1	80.4
	1964 20	362.5	166.0	293.9	80.0
Breweries — Brasseries	1962 46	394.8	249.6	358.0	60.7
	1963 44	404.1	237.1	332.8	45.2
	1964 44	415.8	229.3	376.6	53.4
Wineries — Industries du vin	1962 12	23.3	16.0	16.7	3.4
	1963 13	25.9	16.0	21.0	4.6
	1964 12	28.4	17.2	21.8	4.4
Total	1962 150	833.5	465.1	757.4	141.5
	1963 149	851.8	463.1	776.2	146.2
	1964 149	929.8	500.3	859.8	159.4

TABLE 34. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1962 - 1964

TABLEAU 34. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des BOISSONS, 1962 - 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
		Actif		Avoir		Ventes		Bénéfices	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962 10	114.9	13.8	65.1	14.0	89.9	11.9	16.2	11.4
	1963 11	123.2	14.5	80.7	17.4	104.7	13.5	26.7	18.3
	1964 13	166.1	17.9	107.8	21.5	133.5	15.5	23.7	14.9
75 - 94.9%	1962 2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1963 2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1964 3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
50 - 74.9%	1962 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1963 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 12	114.9	13.8	65.1	14.0	89.9	11.9	16.2	11.4
	1963 13	123.2	14.5	80.7	17.4	104.7	13.5	26.7	18.3
	1964 16	166.1	17.9	107.8	21.5	133.5	15.5	23.7	14.9
25 - 49.9%	1962 4	63.7	7.6	13.3	2.9	77.4	10.2	27.0	19.1
	1963 3	66.3	7.8	13.6	2.9	74.3	9.6	29.3	20.0
	1964 10	150.9	16.2	70.3	14.1	141.6	16.5	40.8	25.6
5 - 24.9%	1962 36	392.0	47.1	211.6	45.5	358.9	47.4	51.6	36.5
	1963 38	371.7	43.6	193.4	41.8	372.3	47.9	56.9	38.9
	1964 34	401.6	43.2	188.4	37.7	383.9	44.6	61.0	38.2
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962 98	262.9	31.5	175.1	37.6	231.2	30.5	46.7	33.0
	1963 95	290.6	34.1	175.4	37.9	224.9	29.0	33.3	22.8
	1964 89	211.2	22.7	133.8	26.7	200.8	23.4	33.9	21.3
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 138	718.6	86.2	400.0	86.0	667.5	88.1	125.3	88.6
	1963 136	728.6	85.5	382.4	82.6	671.5	86.5	119.5	81.7
	1964 133	763.7	82.1	392.5	78.5	726.3	84.5	135.7	85.1
Total	1962 150	833.5	100.0	465.1	100.0	757.4	100.0	141.5	100.0
	1963 149	851.8	100.0	463.1	100.0	776.2	100.0	146.2	100.0
	1964 149	929.8	100.0	500.3	100.0	859.8	100.0	159.4	100.0

¹ Included in 95 per cent and over groups.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 95 p. 100 et plus.

TABLE 35. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TOBACCO Industries, 1962-1964
TABLEAU 35. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du TABAC, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962	8	65.6	18.1	34.1	17.9	45.1	7.7	1.5	4.1
	1963	8	58.4	15.5	33.9	17.4	54.9	9.8	2.1	5.8
	1964	7	59.0	14.5	34.5	16.5	69.3	16.8	2.5	6.6
75-94.9%	1962	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1963	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1964	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
50-74.9%	1962	7	243.3	66.9	123.2	64.8	411.8	70.3	27.9	75.4
	1963	8	260.5	69.1	124.4	63.7	424.1	75.7	25.2	69.0
	1964	7	290.4	71.3	133.7	63.9	264.8	64.4	26.0	68.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	17	308.9	85.0	157.3	82.7	456.9	78.0	29.4	79.5
	1963	18	318.9	84.6	158.3	81.1	479.0	85.5	27.3	74.8
	1964	16	349.4	85.8	168.2	80.4	334.1	81.2	28.5	75.2
25-49.9%	1962	1	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
	1963	1	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
	1964	1	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
5-24.9%	1962	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	8	54.4	15.0	32.9	17.3	129.2	22.0	7.6	20.5
	1963	6	58.2	15.4	37.0	18.9	81.2	14.5	9.2	25.2
	1964	4	57.6	14.2	41.1	19.6	77.6	18.8	9.4	24.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	9	54.4	15.0	32.9	17.3	129.2	22.0	7.6	20.5
	1963	7	58.2	15.4	37.0	18.9	81.2	14.5	9.2	25.2
	1964	5	57.6	14.2	41.1	19.6	77.6	18.8	9.4	24.8
Total	1962	26	363.3	100.0	190.2	100.0	586.1	100.0	37.0	100.0
	1963	25	377.1	100.0	195.3	100.0	560.2	100.0	36.5	100.0
	1964	21	407.0	100.0	209.3	100.0	411.7	100.0	37.9	100.0

¹ Included in 50 to 74.9 per cent group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 50 à 74.9 p.100.

² Included in under 5 per cent group.

² Compris dans le groupe moins de 5 p. 100.

TABLE 36. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RUBBER Industries, 1962-1964
TABLEAU 36. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du CAOUTCHOUC, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations No. — nomb.	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
			\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962	25	228.2	74.8	117.9	68.2	318.7	72.3	12.2	71.8
	1963	26	246.1	75.6	132.5	70.6	340.8	72.7	20.7	76.7
	1964	24	257.5	71.1	139.0	67.7	368.1	68.9	18.4	77.9
75-94.9%	1962	3	52.4	17.2	45.2	26.1	78.7	17.9	3.3	19.4
	1963	2	56.7	17.4	46.8	24.9	86.9	18.5	3.6	13.3
	1964	4	83.1	22.9	57.8	28.2	121.0	22.7	3.2	13.6
50-74.9%	1962	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1963	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1964	3	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	30	280.6	92.0	163.1	94.3	397.4	90.2	15.5	91.2
	1963	30	302.8	93.0	179.3	95.5	427.7	91.2	24.3	90.0
	1964	31	340.6	94.0	196.8	95.9	489.1	91.6	21.6	91.5
25-49.9%	1962	1	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
	1963	2	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
	1964	1	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
5-24.9%	1962	—	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
	1963	1	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	13	24.5	8.0	9.9	5.7	43.3	9.8	1.5	8.8
	1963	13	22.9	7.0	8.5	4.5	41.4	8.8	2.7	10.0
	1964	12	21.7	6.0	8.5	4.1	44.7	8.4	2.0	8.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	14	24.5	8.0	9.9	5.7	43.3	9.8	1.5	8.8
	1963	16	22.9	7.0	8.5	4.5	41.4	8.8	2.7	10.0
	1964	13	21.7	6.0	8.5	4.1	44.7	8.4	2.0	8.5
Total	1962	44	305.1	100.0	173.0	100.0	440.7	100.0	17.0	100.0
	1963	46	325.7	100.0	187.8	100.0	469.1	100.0	27.0	100.0
	1964	44	362.3	100.0	205.3	100.0	533.8	100.0	23.6	100.0

¹ Included in 75 to 94.9 per cent group

¹ Compris dans le groupe 75 à 94.9 p. 100.

² Included in under 5 per cent group.

² Compris dans le groupe moins de 5 p. 100.

TABLE 37. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the LEATHER Industries, 1962-1964
TABLEAU 37. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résident corporations déclarantes, industries du CUIR, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus.....	1962 11	31.1	23.5	11.7	19.5	46.5	18.9	.5	8.7
	1963 13	33.8	24.2	13.4	21.4	52.3	20.7	.9	15.0
	1964 9	25.4	17.1	9.3	15.0	38.2	14.2	1.6	18.3
75-94.9%	1962 3	1.6	1.2	.7	1.2	3.8	1.6	.1	1.8
	1963 2	2.3	1.6	.6	1.0	5.7	2.3	.1	1.7
	1964 5	8.7	5.8	4.6	7.4	13.3	4.9	.1	1.2
50-74.9%	1962 5	3.2	2.4	1.8	3.0	7.5	3.1	.3	5.3
	1963 2	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1964 4	2.7	1.8	1.1	1.8	5.3	2.0	.3	3.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 19	35.9	27.1	14.2	23.7	57.8	23.6	.9	15.8
	1963 17	36.1	25.8	14.0	22.4	58.0	23.0	1.0	16.7
	1964 18	36.8	24.7	15.0	24.2	56.8	21.1	2.0	23.0
25-49.9%	1962 5	5.9	4.4	2.8	4.7	8.8	3.6	.4	7.0
	1963 5	6.3	4.5	3.0	4.8	9.4	3.7	.4	6.7
	1964 3	5.3	3.6	2.4	3.9	7.4	2.8	.2	2.3
5-24.9%	1962 1	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
	1963 1	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—
	1964 1	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962 119	90.8	68.5	43.0	71.6	178.4	72.8	4.4	77.2
	1963 127	97.7	69.7	45.4	72.8	185.3	73.3	4.6	76.6
	1964 124	107.0	71.7	44.5	71.9	204.7	76.1	6.5	74.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 125	96.7	72.9	45.8	76.3	187.2	76.4	4.8	84.2
	1963 133	104.0	74.2	48.4	77.6	194.7	77.0	5.0	83.3
	1964 128	112.3	75.3	46.9	75.8	212.1	78.9	6.7	77.0
Total	1962 144	132.6	100.0	60.0	100.0	245.0	100.0	5.7	100.0
	1963 150	140.1	100.0	62.4	100.0	252.7	100.0	6.0	100.0
	1964 146	149.1	100.0	61.9	100.0	268.9	100.0	8.7	100.0

¹ Included in 75 to 94.9 per cent group.

² Included in 25 to 49.9 per cent group.

³ Included in 25 to 49.9 per cent group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 75 à 94.9 p. 100.

² Compris dans le groupe 25 à 49.9 p. 100.

³ Compris dans le groupe 25 à 49.9 p. 100.

TABLE 38. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the
TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 38. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats
ouvriers, industries des TEXTILES, BONNETERIE ET VÊTEMENTS, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie		Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Textile industries — Industries textiles:						
Cotton yarn and cloth mills — Fabrique de fils et de tissus en cotton.	1962	23	164.5	97.8	241.6	20.1
	1963	17	151.5	99.9	227.8	13.0
	1964	17	161.0	106.1	260.8	20.5
Woollen mills — Fabrique de lainage.....	1962	40	72.2	36.1	87.7	4.2
	1963	41	81.2	36.5	106.8	6.1
	1964	40	85.0	34.6	119.0	5.9
Synthetic textile mills — Fabrique de tissus synthétiques	1962	31	193.6	111.5	280.7	32.4
	1963	30	335.3	202.8	364.9	51.4
	1964	30	433.7	228.0	452.7	49.2
Other primary textile — Fabrique d'autres tissus primaires	1962	84	136.2	84.2	171.7	9.4
	1963	81	137.9	87.8	171.7	13.7
	1964	82	156.8	90.6	191.3	15.9
Other textile industries — Autres industries textiles	1962	64	61.6	39.1	105.6	6.5
	1963	70	70.3	40.9	124.4	7.1
	1964	68	69.9	40.7	128.7	7.3
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	242	628.1	368.7	887.3	72.6
	1963	239	776.2	467.9	995.6	91.3
	1964	237	906.4	500.0	1,152.5	98.8
Knitting mills — Bonneterie:						
Hosiery and other knitting — Bas et autres tricotés	1962	125	124.9	63.5	195.7	6.4
	1963	126	130.2	65.2	203.5	7.7
	1964	132	137.8	67.8	217.0	8.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	125	124.9	63.5	195.7	6.4
	1963	126	130.2	65.2	203.5	7.7
	1964	132	137.8	67.8	217.0	8.1

TABLE 38. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1962-1964 - Concluded

TABLEAU 38. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des TEXTILES, BONNETERIE ET VÊTEMENTS, 1962-1964 - fin

Industry - Industrie		Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
			No. - nomb.		\$'000,000					
Clothing industries - Industries du vêtement:										
Custom tailoring and men's clothing industry - Vêtements sur mesure et vêtements pour hommes.	1962	153		136.5		62.9		237.9		6.0
	1963	159		144.2		62.5		264.3		8.7
	1964	170		162.5		70.0		296.0		10.0
Women's clothing - Vêtements pour femmes	1962	183		75.5		34.9		181.2		3.3
	1963	201		85.7		37.5		205.3		5.0
	1964	202		92.7		40.2		221.5		5.5
Children's clothing - Vêtements pour enfants	1962	42		19.2		8.9		44.1		1.2
	1963	47		21.8		10.0		49.3		1.3
	1964	46		23.7		10.9		53.1		1.3
Fur goods - Articles en fourrure	1962	30		14.3		4.9		23.9		.4
	1963	30		16.2		5.4		26.0		.3
	1964	24		13.3		4.3		23.2		.3
Hat and cap - Chapeaux et casquettes	1962	21		11.7		6.6		19.7		.9
	1963	20		10.9		5.5		18.4		.5
	1964	18		10.3		5.9		16.7		.8
Foundation garment - Vêtements de base	1962	22		21.1		13.6		32.4		2.4
	1963	22		26.6		15.4		39.9		2.5
	1964	23		28.3		16.6		45.5		3.0
Other clothing - Autres vêtements	1962	17		9.6		6.4		15.8		.6
	1963	18		9.4		4.2		14.7		.7
	1964	18		9.8		5.0		16.7		.8
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962	468		287.9		138.2		555.0		14.8
	1963	497		314.8		140.5		617.9		19.0
	1964	501		340.6		152.9		672.7		21.7
Total	1962	835		1,040.9		570.4		1,638.0		93.8
	1963	862		1,221.1		673.6		1,817.0		118.0
	1964	870		1,384.8		720.7		2,042.2		128.6

TABLE 39. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 39. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des TEXTILES, BONNETERIE ET VÊTEMENTS, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
			No. - nomb.		\$'000,000					
95% and over - et plus	1962	82	177.1	17.1	107.4	18.8	259.7	15.8	16.6	17.7
	1963	72	170.5	13.9	100.9	14.9	240.7	13.3	17.6	14.9
	1964	75	177.8	12.8	100.6	14.0	248.3	12.1	19.1	14.8
75-94.9%	1962	15	129.4	12.4	84.9	14.9	189.9	11.6	28.8	30.7
	1963	11	130.3	10.7	88.0	13.1	176.1	9.7	30.8	26.1
	1964	10	176.5	12.8	95.4	13.2	208.4	10.2	18.9	14.7
50-74.9%	1962	14	12.6	1.2	7.5	1.3	21.0	1.3	1.0	1.1
	1963	19	154.7	12.7	90.1	13.4	93.1	5.1	14.1	12.0
	1964	22	196.6	14.2	110.4	15.3	146.7	7.2	25.2	19.6
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962	111	319.1	30.7	199.8	35.0	470.6	28.7	46.4	49.5
	1963	102	455.5	37.3	279.0	41.4	508.9	28.1	62.5	53.0
	1964	107	550.9	39.8	306.4	42.5	603.4	29.5	63.2	49.1
25-49.9%	1962	8	28.1	2.7	25.4	4.5	27.1	1.7	2.7	2.9
	1963	9	30.2	2.5	26.2	3.9	28.1	1.5	3.5	3.2
	1964	10	32.7	2.4	25.6	3.6	32.4	1.6	5.1	4.0
5-24.9%	1962	17	37.4	3.6	19.3	3.4	62.4	3.8	1.6	1.7
	1963	17	42.8	3.5	20.2	3.0	70.9	3.9	3.1	2.6
	1964	14	20.5	1.5	10.7	1.5	31.0	1.5	.6	.5
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962	699	656.3	63.0	325.9	57.1	1,077.9	65.8	43.1	45.9
	1963	734	692.6	56.7	348.2	51.7	1,208.1	66.5	48.6	41.2
	1964	739	780.7	56.3	378.0	52.4	1,375.4	67.4	59.7	46.4
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962	724	721.8	69.3	370.6	65.0	1,167.4	71.3	47.4	50.5
	1963	760	765.6	62.7	394.6	58.6	1,307.1	71.9	55.5	47.0
	1964	763	833.9	60.2	414.3	57.5	1,438.8	70.5	65.4	50.9
Total	1962	835	1,040.9	100.0	570.4	100.0	1,638.0	100.0	93.8	100.0
	1963	862	1,221.1	100.0	673.6	100.0	1,817.0	100.0	118.0	100.0
	1964	870	1,384.8	100.0	720.7	100.0	2,042.2	100.0	128.6	100.0

TABLE 40. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the WOOD Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 40. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries du BOIS, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Sawmills — Scieries	1962 297	465.0	240.0	432.8	30.2
	1963 331	528.6	272.4	561.4	46.1
	1964 337	596.9	297.5	660.7	55.0
Veneer and plywood mills — Fabriques de placages et contre-plaqué	1962 45	140.9	44.1	146.9	5.5
	1963 42	160.6	59.3	188.7	16.0
	1964 35	174.1	72.8	162.1	13.0
Sash, door and planing mills — Portes, châssis et rabotages	1962 185	148.2	62.6	242.0	6.5
	1963 153	141.1	56.9	216.8	6.5
	1964 138	153.4	57.4	231.1	8.2
Wooden box factories — Fabriques de boîtes en bois	1962 14	7.0	3.4	11.7	.3
	1963 14	6.6	3.8	13.5	.6
	1964 14	7.0	3.9	13.4	.6
Miscellaneous wood products — Produits divers en bois	1962 45	42.0	23.6	40.6	1.2
	1963 49	45.0	23.3	50.0	2.8
	1964 54	51.1	27.2	57.2	3.2
Total	1962 586	803.1	373.7	874.0	43.7
	1963 589	881.9	415.7	1,030.4	72.0
	1964 578	982.5	458.8	1,124.5	80.0

TABLE 41. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WOOD Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 41. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du BOIS, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962 36	127.8	15.9	66.6	17.8	105.7	12.1	12.3	28.1
	1963 37	146.3	16.6	79.8	19.1	144.6	14.0	18.0	25.0
	1964 33	158.2	16.1	93.9	20.5	170.1	15.1	20.2	25.3
75-94.9%	1962 6	5.5	.7	1.4	.4	9.6	1.1	0.2	.5
	1963 7	6.3	.7	1.5	.4	9.9	1.0	.7	1.0
	1964 9	11.5	1.2	6.8	1.5	14.5	1.3	4.5	5.6
50-74.9%	1962 15	104.3	13.0	68.1	18.2	71.8	8.2	9.6	22.0
	1963 13	115.0	13.0	73.9	17.8	78.2	7.6	12.1	16.8
	1964 12	135.7	13.8	82.2	17.9	93.4	8.3	13.9	17.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 57	237.6	29.6	136.1	36.4	187.1	21.4	22.1	50.6
	1963 57	267.6	30.3	155.2	37.3	232.7	22.6	30.8	42.8
	1964 54	305.4	31.1	182.9	39.9	278.0	24.7	38.6	48.3
25-49.9%	1962 11	42.0	5.2	28.6	7.7	38.0	4.3	2.7	6.2
	1963 14	51.2	5.8	33.1	8.0	51.5	5.0	5.1	7.1
	1964 10	19.7	2.0	10.5	2.3	23.2	2.1	2.0	2.5
5-24.9%	1962 19	27.6	3.4	12.5	3.3	29.8	3.4	- 0.3	.7
	1963 24	36.8	4.2	13.3	3.2	33.2	3.2	- .5	.7
	1964 24	78.7	8.0	39.6	8.6	74.0	6.6	3.8	4.7
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962 499	495.9	61.8	196.5	52.6	619.1	70.9	19.2	43.9
	1963 494	526.3	59.7	214.1	51.5	713.0	69.2	36.6	50.8
	1964 490	578.7	58.9	225.8	49.2	749.3	66.6	35.6	44.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 529	565.5	70.4	237.6	63.6	686.9	78.6	21.6	49.4
	1963 532	614.3	69.7	260.5	62.7	797.7	77.4	41.2	57.2
	1964 524	677.1	68.9	275.9	60.1	846.5	75.3	41.4	51.7
Total	1962 586	803.1	100.0	373.7	100.0	874.0	100.0	43.7	100.0
	1963 589	881.9	100.0	415.7	100.0	1,030.4	100.0	72.0	100.0
	1964 578	982.5	100.0	458.8	100.0	1,124.5	100.0	80.0	100.0

TABLE 42. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Industries, 1962-1964

TABLERAU 42. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industrie du MEUBLE ET D'AMEUBLEMENT, 1962-1964

Industry - Industrie		Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir net	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Household furniture — Meubles de maison	1962	126	72.9	35.8	116.7	3.2
	1963	136	86.9	40.9	135.0	5.0
	1964	131	97.1	44.6	147.0	7.7
Office furniture — Meubles de bureau	1962	15	17.9	7.9	28.1	.9
	1963	14	18.7	8.6	26.6	1.3
	1964	11	18.0	8.0	22.7	1.5
Other furniture — Autres meubles	1962	74	67.1	38.8	94.6	4.6
	1963	73	71.7	40.3	97.3	3.6
	1964	73	76.9	42.7	102.1	5.4
Total	1962	215	157.9	82.5	239.4	8.7
	1963	223	177.3	89.8	258.9	9.9
	1964	215	192.0	95.3	271.8	14.6

TABLE 43. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Industries, 1962-1964

TABLERAU 43. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du MEUBLE ET D'AMEUBLEMENT, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962	17	29.0	18.4	20.3	24.6	33.5	14.0	2.7	31.0
	1963	15	27.7	15.6	19.4	21.6	37.2	14.4	2.6	26.3
	1964	20	33.0	17.1	21.7	22.9	42.8	15.8	2.8	19.1
75-94.9%	1962	4	2.3	1.5	1.6	1.9	3.5	1.5	.2	2.3
	1963	4	2.6	1.5	1.7	1.9	4.3	1.7	.2	2.0
	1964	1	.9	.5	.7	.7	1.2	.4	.1	.7
50-74.9%	1962	4	2.6	1.6	1.4	1.7	4.1	1.7	.2	2.3
	1963	4	3.2	1.8	1.7	1.9	5.0	1.9	.2	2.0
	1964	3	1.3	.7	.9	.9	1.9	.7	.1	.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	25	33.9	21.5	23.3	28.2	41.1	17.2	3.1	35.6
	1963	23	33.5	18.9	22.8	25.4	46.5	18.0	3.0	30.3
	1964	24	35.2	18.3	23.3	24.5	45.9	16.9	3.0	20.5
25-49.9%	1962	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1963	1	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1964	1	1.9	1.0	1.7	1.8	1.5	.6	.2	1.4
5-24.9%	1962	5	7.4	4.7	5.1	6.2	11.3	4.7	.2	2.3
	1963	8	11.0	6.2	8.0	8.9	11.8	4.6	.7	7.1
	1964	5	4.0	2.1	3.0	3.1	6.0	2.2	.1	.7
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	183	116.6	73.8	54.1	65.6	187.0	78.1	5.4	62.1
	1963	191	132.8	74.9	59.0	65.7	200.6	77.4	6.2	62.6
	1964	185	150.9	78.6	67.3	70.6	218.4	80.3	11.3	77.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	190	124.0	78.5	59.2	71.8	198.3	82.8	5.6	64.4
	1963	200	143.8	81.1	67.0	74.6	212.4	82.0	6.9	69.7
	1964	191	156.8	81.7	72.0	75.5	225.9	83.1	11.6	79.5
Total	1962	215	157.9	100.0	82.5	100.0	239.4	100.0	8.7	100.0
	1963	223	177.3	100.0	89.8	100.0	258.9	100.0	9.9	100.0
	1964	215	192.0	100.0	95.3	100.0	271.8	100.0	14.6	100.0

¹ Included in 5-24.9 per cent group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 5-24.9 p. 100.

TABLE 44. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the
PAPER Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 44. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats
ouvriers, industries du PAPIER, 1962-1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations		Assets - Actif	Equity - Avoir net	Sales - Ventes	Profits - Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.		\$'000,000			
Pulp and paper mills - Industries des pâtes et papiers.....	1962	73	3,498.2	2,274.5	2,119.5	367.0
	1963	73	3,656.6	2,356.5	2,140.8	361.4
	1964	73	4,228.0	2,559.2	2,340.8	450.5
Asphalt roofing - Papier-toiture asphalté	1962	6	43.2	27.8	59.7	4.3
	1963	5	46.4	30.0	63.3	6.4
	1964	6	53.2	31.4	67.5	9.0
Paper box and bags products - Boîtes et sacs en papier	1962	85	172.7	99.4	289.0	18.4
	1963	85	160.3	96.5	264.5	18.4
	1964	82	174.1	107.0	296.7	21.5
Other paper converters - Autres transformations du papier.....	1962	77	200.2	156.9	210.6	18.2
	1963	74	153.0	113.9	170.6	17.0
	1964	75	166.9	124.6	180.9	19.6
Total.....	1962	241	3,914.3	2,558.6	2,678.8	407.9
	1963	237	4,016.3	2,596.9	2,639.2	403.2
	1964	236	4,622.2	2,822.2	2,885.9	500.6

TABLE 45. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
PAPER Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 45. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du
PAPIER, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1962	64	1,303.5	33.3	831.1	32.5	878.1	32.8	149.5	36.6
	1963	63	1,376.0	34.3	878.5	33.9	916.6	34.7	130.5	32.3
	1964	54	1,177.6	25.5	737.3	26.2	824.2	28.6	149.1	29.8
75-94.9%	1962	7	171.8	4.4	98.6	3.8	59.2	2.2	5.3	1.3
	1963	10	194.7	4.8	55.6	2.1	89.1	3.4	8.4	2.1
	1964	15	240.7	5.2	125.6	4.4	168.1	5.8	18.7	3.7
50-74.9%	1962	15	95.9	2.4	23.1	.9	62.3	2.3	.7	.2
	1963	8	58.6	1.5	28.4	1.1	44.9	1.7	1.1	.3
	1964	16	407.7	8.8	224.2	7.9	184.0	6.4	24.4	4.9
Sub-total — Total partiel.....	1962	86	1,571.2	40.1	952.8	37.2	999.6	37.3	155.5	38.1
	1963	81	1,629.3	40.6	962.5	37.1	1,050.6	39.8	140.0	34.7
	1964	85	1,826.0	39.5	1,087.1	38.5	1,176.3	40.8	192.2	38.4
25-49.9%	1962	21	992.0	25.4	692.3	27.1	647.2	24.2	98.6	24.2
	1963	16	960.2	23.9	664.8	25.6	484.3	18.4	94.2	23.4
	1964	22	1,193.9	25.8	729.1	25.8	549.2	19.0	133.1	26.6
5-24.9%	1962	28	1,105.1	28.2	755.0	29.5	799.1	29.8	132.6	32.5
	1963	29	1,159.2	28.8	798.9	30.7	821.9	31.1	135.0	33.5
	1964	29	1,333.9	28.9	843.1	29.9	902.4	31.3	143.1	28.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	106	246.0	6.3	158.5	6.2	232.9	8.7	21.2	5.2
	1963	111	267.6	6.7	170.7	6.6	282.4	10.7	34.0	8.4
	1964	100	268.4	5.8	162.9	5.8	258.0	8.9	32.2	6.4
Sub-total — Total partiel.....	1962	153	2,343.1	59.9	1,605.8	62.8	1,679.2	62.7	252.4	61.9
	1963	156	2,387.0	59.4	1,634.4	62.9	1,588.6	60.2	263.2	65.3
	1964	151	2,796.2	60.5	1,735.1	61.5	1,709.6	59.2	308.4	61.6
Total	1962	241	3,914.3	100.0	2,558.6	100.0	2,678.8	100.0	407.9	100.0
	1963	237	4,016.3	100.0	2,596.9	100.0	2,639.2	100.0	403.2	100.0
	1964	236	4,622.2	100.0	2,822.2	100.0	2,885.9	100.0	500.6	100.0

TABLE 46. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Industries, 1962 - 1964

TABLEAU 46. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries de L'IMPRESSION ET DE L'ÉDITION, 1962 - 1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
		Actif	Avoir net	Ventes	Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Commercial printing — Impression commerciale	1962 178	188.2	107.7	258.0	17.1
	1963 186	200.1	118.0	266.4	17.9
	1964 173	205.6	120.0	279.3	20.5
Engraving and allied industries — Stéréotype et industries con- nexes.	1962 21	18.8	13.9	28.1	2.5
	1963 24	16.3	10.7	26.4	1.8
	1964 26	18.7	11.7	30.3	2.3
Publishing only — Édition seulement	1962 39	36.9	15.1	52.1	2.5
	1963 32	36.8	16.4	51.9	4.2
	1964 29	37.1	16.1	55.6	5.7
Printing and publishing — Imprimerie et édition	1962 89	297.7	179.3	320.4	37.7
	1963 93	322.9	192.8	344.8	42.3
	1964 88	319.7	191.2	353.4	47.2
Total	1962 327	541.6	316.0	658.6	59.8
	1963 335	576.1	337.9	689.5	66.2
	1964 316	581.1	339.0	718.6	75.7

TABLE 47. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Industries, 1962 - 1964

TABLEAU 47. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de L'IMPRESSION ET DE L'ÉDITION, 1962 - 1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
		Actif		Avoir		Ventes		Bénéfices	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962 30	47.2	8.7	26.1	8.2	59.9	9.1	5.0	8.4
	1963 28	50.1	8.7	28.9	8.5	60.1	8.7	6.9	10.4
	1964 26	50.6	8.7	27.4	8.0	62.8	8.7	7.7	10.1
75-94.9%	1962 6	5.3	1.0	2.8	.9	7.1	1.1	.6	1.0
	1963 5	4.6	.8	2.6	.8	5.5	.8	.8	1.2
	1964 6	6.4	1.1	3.0	.9	7.0	1.0	.6	.8
50-74.9%	1962 4	4.0	.7	1.5	.5	4.8	.7	.2	.3
	1963 9	28.1	4.9	17.3	5.1	15.5	2.3	1.1	1.7
	1964 7	21.7	3.7	15.8	4.7	13.3	1.9	1.5	2.0
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 40	56.5	10.4	30.4	9.6	71.8	10.9	5.8	9.7
	1963 42	82.8	14.4	48.8	14.4	81.1	11.8	8.8	13.3
	1964 39	78.7	13.5	46.2	13.6	83.1	11.6	9.8	12.9
25-49.9%	1962 15	37.7	7.0	27.1	8.6	40.9	6.2	6.3	10.5
	1963 14	26.6	4.6	18.2	5.4	44.8	6.5	5.0	7.6
	1964 11	27.4	4.7	16.4	4.8	44.0	6.1	4.9	6.5
5-24.9%	1962 11	37.2	6.9	31.5	10.0	22.9	3.5	3.5	5.9
	1963 16	47.5	8.2	39.2	11.6	31.6	4.6	10.5	15.9
	1964 20	55.2	9.5	46.2	13.6	43.2	6.0	10.0	13.2
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962 261	410.2	75.7	227.0	71.8	523.0	79.4	44.2	73.9
	1963 263	419.2	72.8	231.7	68.6	532.0	77.1	41.9	63.2
	1964 246	419.8	72.3	230.2	68.0	548.3	76.3	51.0	67.4
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 287	485.1	89.6	285.6	90.4	586.8	89.1	54.0	90.3
	1963 293	493.3	85.6	289.1	85.6	608.4	88.2	57.4	86.7
	1964 277	502.4	86.5	292.8	86.4	635.5	88.4	65.9	87.1
Total	1962 327	541.6	100.0	316.0	100.0	658.6	100.0	59.8	100.0
	1963 335	576.1	100.0	337.9	100.0	689.5	100.0	66.2	100.0
	1964 316	581.1	100.0	339.0	100.0	718.6	100.0	75.7	100.0

**TABLE 48. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the
PRIMARY METAL Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 48. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats
ouvriers, industries des MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1962-1964**

Industry — Industries		Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Iron and steel mills — Industries du fer et de l'acier	1962	30	1,136.0	737.0	941.0	135.5
	1963	28	1,172.7	765.8	1,000.1	193.5
	1964	31	1,385.6	866.8	1,156.1	179.9
Steel pipe and tube mills — Fabriques de tubes et tuyaux d'acier	1962	15	156.9	100.8	102.4	8.6
	1963	14	156.4	98.1	118.0	5.7
	1964	13	176.7	102.3	161.1	3.5
Iron foundries — Fonderies de fer	1962	33	101.8	49.4	155.3	5.1
	1963	35	100.6	52.2	154.6	5.2
	1964	34	111.4	53.6	172.4	10.6
Smelting and refining — Fonte et affinage	1962	10	2,161.6	1,237.9	945.1	230.7
	1963	10	2,178.8	1,276.1	998.8	228.2
	1964	12	2,342.1	1,412.6	1,171.8	384.3
Aluminum rolling mills ¹ — Laminage de l'aluminium ¹	1962	7	33.8	17.4	30.7	2.3
	1963	5	34.0	17.2	38.0	1.8
	1964	10	37.7	18.0	47.0	1.7
Copper and alloy rolling mills ¹ — Laminages du cuivre ¹	1962	14	66.3	43.4	86.3	2.4
	1963	12	68.8	30.2	70.3	.9
	1964	12	74.0	32.6	118.8	3.6
Other metal rolling mills ¹ — Laminages des métaux ¹	1962	23	34.2	19.0	62.5	3.0
	1963	25	42.6	23.9	83.3	4.4
	1964	26	51.0	28.0	103.9	4.9
Total	1962	132	3,690.6	2,204.9	2,323.3	387.6
	1963	129	3,753.9	2,263.5	2,463.1	439.7
	1964	138	4,178.5	2,513.9	2,931.1	588.5

¹ Includes casting and extruding.

¹ Comprend le moulage et le refoulage.

**TABLE 49. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
PRIMARY METALS Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 49. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des
MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1962-1964**

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962	28	250.1	6.8	140.9	6.4	189.1	8.1	10.4	2.7
	1963	26	256.2	6.8	152.7	6.7	218.9	8.9	8.3	1.9
	1964	26	271.6	6.5	160.0	6.4	275.0	9.4	19.6	3.3
75-94.9%	1962	6	1,087.5	29.4	368.7	16.7	362.3	15.6	52.6	13.6
	1963	10	1,070.0	28.5	376.6	16.6	416.0	16.9	23.6	5.4
	1964	9	1,09.9	2.6	49.3	2.0	77.5	2.6	7.0	1.2
50-74.9%	1962	11	847.5	23.0	675.8	30.7	551.0	23.7	129.2	33.3
	1963	9	875.0	23.3	694.6	30.8	574.6	23.3	162.5	36.9
	1964	12	1,995.3	47.8	1,138.4	45.2	1,077.8	36.8	300.3	51.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	45	2,185.1	59.2	1,185.4	53.8	1,102.4	47.4	192.2	49.6
	1963	45	2,201.2	58.6	1,223.9	54.1	1,209.5	49.1	194.4	44.2
	1964	47	2,376.8	56.9	1,347.7	53.6	1,430.3	48.8	326.9	55.5
25-49.9%	1962	9	455.5	12.3	336.2	15.2	331.2	14.3	73.7	19.0
	1963	9	512.5	13.7	377.9	16.7	366.2	14.9	105.0	23.9
	1964	12	672.1	16.1	503.1	20.0	485.8	16.6	130.1	22.1
5-24.9%	1962	23	897.2	24.4	615.6	27.9	692.0	29.8	114.4	29.5
	1963	19	901.2	24.0	598.9	26.4	634.7	27.8	131.0	29.8
	1964	17	946.7	22.6	587.0	23.4	780.3	26.6	114.7	19.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	55	152.8	4.1	67.7	3.1	197.7	8.5	7.3	1.9
	1963	56	139.0	3.7	62.8	2.8	202.7	8.2	9.3	2.1
	1964	62	182.9	4.4	76.1	3.0	234.7	8.0	16.8	2.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	87	1,505.5	40.8	1,019.5	46.2	1,220.9	52.6	195.4	50.4
	1963	84	1,532.7	41.4	1,039.6	45.9	1,253.6	50.9	245.3	55.8
	1964	91	1,801.7	43.1	1,166.2	46.4	1,500.8	51.2	261.6	44.5
Total	1962	132	3,690.6	100.0	2,204.9	100.0	2,323.3	100.0	387.6	100.0
	1963	129	3,753.9	100.0	2,263.5	100.0	2,463.1	100.0	439.7	100.0
	1964	138	4,178.5	100.0	2,513.9	100.0	2,931.1	100.0	588.5	100.0

TABLE 50. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1962-1964

TABEAU 50. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, FABRICATION MÉTALLIQUE, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
		Actif	Avoir	Ventes	Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Boiler and plate works — Chaudière et plaques	1962 35	64.1	36.4	75.6	3.8
	1963 30	51.0	24.0	70.7	2.8
	1964 28	60.0	25.6	73.7	4.7
Fabricated structural metal — Éléments de charpente métalliques	1962 38	181.5	106.1	314.3	3.6
	1963 36	166.4	97.7	210.6	6.2
	1964 37	211.3	106.9	250.3	14.2
Ornamental and architectural metal — Produits métalliques d'architecture et d'ornement	1962 69	57.6	26.8	80.5	2.0
	1963 76	73.6	33.5	105.6	3.5
	1964 72	77.3	35.9	107.8	4.1
Metal stamping, processing and coating — Estampage, matricage et revêtement des métaux	1962 134	271.2	171.3	406.2	29.1
	1963 133	298.6	186.2	433.0	33.2
	1964 144	335.9	192.8	482.3	39.0
Wire and wire products — Fils métalliques et produits	1962 65	113.8	76.9	149.7	15.4
	1963 66	116.5	75.4	154.5	16.7
	1964 64	134.4	78.0	178.8	20.0
Hardware, tool and cutlery — Quincaillerie, outils et coutellerie	1962 78	91.5	61.9	116.0	13.8
	1963 82	99.0	64.8	134.1	16.1
	1964 86	111.5	71.3	151.5	15.3
Heating equipment — Appareils de chauffage	1962 46	65.9	37.0	95.1	6.3
	1963 43	71.8	38.2	98.5	6.4
	1964 39	94.2	51.1	113.4	6.2
Machine shops — Ateliers d'usinage	1962 44	25.6 ¹	11.8	45.9	2.1
	1963 46	27.8	12.5	44.6	2.1
	1964 55	29.6	12.7	44.6	2.5
Miscellaneous metal products — Produits métalliques divers	1962 115	215.5	108.9	277.4	11.0
	1963 121	229.1	118.7	307.7	17.6
	1964 116	229.7	119.1	327.9	16.0
Total	1962 624	1,086.7	637.1	1,560.7	87.1
	1963 633	1,133.8	651.0	1,559.3	104.6
	1964 641	1,283.9	693.4	1,730.3	121.9

¹ Does not include machinery and transportation equipment.

¹ Ne comprend pas les machines ni le matériel de transport.

TABLE 51. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1962-1964

TABEAU 51. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATION MÉTALLIQUE, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
		Actif		Avoir		Ventes		Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962 159	464.9	42.8	290.1	45.6	622.5	40.0	49.1	56.4
	1963 162	489.2	43.1	296.5	45.5	662.8	42.6	58.7	56.1
	1964 154	473.7	36.8	286.9	41.4	646.7	37.4	53.6	44.0
75-94.9%	1962 20	31.3	2.9	16.7	2.6	44.4	2.8	1.5	1.7
	1963 18	26.9	2.4	14.1	2.2	40.8	2.6	3.0	2.9
	1964 20	33.0	2.6	21.2	3.1	50.2	2.9	3.7	3.0
50-74.9%	1962 20	45.1	4.1	34.7	5.4	53.6	3.4	3.7	4.2
	1963 24	57.4	5.1	40.4	6.2	59.9	3.8	5.2	5.0
	1964 27	102.3	8.0	52.9	7.6	138.0	8.0	12.8	10.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 199	541.3	49.8	341.5	53.6	720.5	46.2	54.3	62.3
	1963 204	573.5	50.6	351.0	53.9	763.5	49.0	66.9	64.0
	1964 201	609.0	47.4	361.0	52.1	834.9	48.3	70.1	57.5
25-49.9%	1962 24	33.0	3.0	19.8	3.1	44.0	2.8	2.4	2.6
	1963 26	39.1	3.4	22.7	3.5	52.7	3.4	5.3	5.1
	1964 25	38.4	3.0	21.7	3.1	52.1	3.0	4.6	3.8
5-24.9%	1962 34	167.1	15.4	105.8	16.6	287.0	18.4	11.1	12.8
	1963 31	155.9	13.7	100.6	15.5	181.5	11.6	9.6	9.2
	1964 32	179.6	14.0	104.2	15.0	218.7	12.6	12.9	10.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962 367	345.3	31.8	170.0	26.7	509.2	32.6	19.3	22.1
	1963 372	365.3	32.3	176.7	27.1	561.6	36.0	22.8	21.7
	1964 383	456.9	35.6	206.5	29.8	624.6	36.1	34.3	28.1
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 425	545.4	50.2	295.6	46.4	840.2	53.8	32.8	37.7
	1963 429	560.3	49.4	300.0	46.1	795.8	51.0	37.7	36.0
	1964 440	674.9	52.6	332.4	47.9	895.4	51.7	51.8	42.5
Total	1962 624	1,086.7	100.0	637.1	100.0	1,560.7	100.0	87.1	100.0
	1963 633	1,133.8	100.0	651.0	100.0	1,559.3	100.0	104.6	100.0
	1964 641	1,283.9	100.0	693.4	100.0	1,730.3	100.0	121.9	100.0

TABLE 52. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MACHINERY Industries,¹ 1962-1964

TABLEAU 52. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries¹ de la MACHINERIE, 1962-1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
		Actif	Avoir net	Ventes	Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Agricultural implements - Industries de l'outillage agricole.....	1962 21	335.6	201.6	309.9	29.2
	1963 25	360.6	224.9	377.1	33.3
	1964 26	337.4	243.8	443.1	49.8
Miscellaneous machinery and equipment - Machines et équipement divers.	1962 214	486.1	246.0	599.0	31.3
	1963 214	529.0	272.2	698.4	48.8
	1964 221	590.6	287.7	790.2	57.8
Commercial refrigeration and air conditioning equipment - Équipement de réfrigération et de climatisation commerciales.	1962 16	22.7	11.1	31.3	2.5
	1963 16	25.2	11.3	37.7	3.1
	1964 15	22.5	10.2	43.9	3.9
Office and store machinery - Machines de bureau et de magasin	1962 15	166.2	101.6	201.6	34.6
	1963 13	183.5	116.7	212.3	34.6
	1964 12	193.5	119.5	232.4	37.6
Total	1962 266	1,010.6	560.3	1,141.8	97.6
	1963 268	1,098.3	625.1	1,325.5	119.8
	1964 274	1,144.0	661.2	1,509.6	149.1

¹ Does not include electrical machinery.

¹ Ne comprend pas les appareils et matériel électriques.

TABLE 53. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MACHINERY Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 53. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, Industries de la MACHINERIE, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
		Actif		Avoir		Ventes		Bénéfices	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962 122	604.7	59.9	352.1	62.8	777.0	68.0	79.7	81.7
	1963 123	656.6	59.7	394.3	63.0	881.2	66.5	99.7	83.2
	1964 128	694.2	60.6	390.2	59.0	975.3	64.6	108.3	72.7
75-94.9%	1962 7	8.4	.8	4.0	.7	13.4	1.2	.4	.4
	1963 8	12.7	1.2	5.0	.8	21.0	1.6	1.5	1.3
	1964 10	39.8	3.5	26.5	4.0	50.9	3.4	4.1	2.7
50-74.9%	1962 8	40.5	4.0	14.3	2.6	47.5	4.2	-.2	.2
	1963 9	45.7	4.2	14.7	2.4	58.5	4.4	- 2.3	1.9
	1964 12	54.4	4.8	18.5	2.8	63.8	4.2	-.1	.1
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 137	653.6	64.7	370.4	66.1	837.9	73.4	79.9	81.9
	1963 140	715.0	65.1	414.0	66.2	960.7	72.5	98.9	82.6
	1964 150	788.4	68.9	435.2	65.8	1,090.0	72.2	112.3	75.3
25-49.9%	1962 6	8.9	.9	2.9	.5	5.2	.5	.3	.3
	1963 7	14.9	1.4	7.7	1.2	13.1	1.0	.1	.1
	1964 4	191.1	16.7	153.3	23.2	175.6	11.6	23.4	15.7
5-24.9%	1962 9	217.2	21.4	131.7	23.5	122.2	10.7	13.0	13.3
	1963 10	231.2	21.0	142.6	22.9	151.0	11.4	11.0	9.1
	1964 9	14.5	1.3	5.4	.8	19.8	1.3	.2	.1
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962 114	130.9	13.0	55.3	9.9	176.5	15.4	4.4	4.5
	1963 111	137.2	12.5	60.8	9.7	200.7	15.1	9.8	8.2
	1964 111	150.0	13.1	67.3	10.2	224.2	14.9	13.2	8.9
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 129	357.0	35.3	189.9	33.9	303.9	26.6	17.7	18.1
	1963 128	383.3	34.9	211.1	33.8	364.8	27.5	20.9	17.4
	1964 124	355.6	31.1	226.0	34.2	419.6	27.8	36.8	24.7
Total	1962 266	1,010.6	100.0	560.3	100.0	1,141.8	100.0	97.6	100.0
	1963 268	1,098.3	100.0	625.1	100.0	1,325.5	100.0	119.8	100.0
	1964 274	1,144.0	100.0	661.2	100.0	1,509.6	100.0	149.1	100.0

TABLE 54. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 54. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries du MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1962-1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets - Actif	Equity - Avoir	Sales - Ventes	Profits - Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Aircraft and parts - Avions et pièces	1962 38	394.8	222.0	441.8	19.2
	1963 37	412.5	227.1	404.4	21.2
	1964 36	458.3	239.4	476.0	19.3
Motor vehicles - Véhicules automobiles	1962 14	598.4	380.5	1,328.7	135.2
	1963 15	734.7	433.2	1,651.7	179.8
	1964 16	826.5	502.8	1,847.6	155.0
Truck body and trailers - Carrosseries de camions et remorques	1962 30	50.5	23.6	61.2	2.1
	1963 34	51.1	26.1	69.5	2.8
	1964 33	57.4	27.0	86.6	3.6
Motor vehicle parts and accessories - Pièces et accessoires d'automobiles.	1962 77	192.7	123.6	324.1	33.1
	1963 78	246.7	146.4	423.0	51.7
	1964 85	302.7	159.1	519.4	36.1
Railroad rolling-stock - Matériel roulant de chemin de fer	1962 7	72.3	54.5	76.2	4.9
	1963 7	80.2	57.3	91.6	5.8
	1964 7	89.6	60.8	124.3	12.7
Shipbuilding and repair - Construction et réparation de navires	1962 32	144.4	71.8	147.9	7.0
	1963 35	138.8	72.5	174.2	12.5
	1964 32	162.2	72.9	176.7	6.9
Boat building, repair and miscellaneous vehicles - Construction et réparation d'embarquations et véhicules divers.	1962 8	18.4	15.3	14.7	2.1
	1963 11	20.9	16.4	18.9	2.9
	1964 12	24.5	18.7	20.4	4.8
Total	1962 206	1,471.5	891.3	2,394.6	203.6
	1963 217	1,684.9	979.0	2,833.3	276.7
	1964 221	1,921.2	1,080.7	3,251.0	238.4

TABLE 55. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 55. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents corporations déclarantes industries du MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962 72	619.1	42.1	344.0	38.6	1,434.0	59.9	145.5	71.4
	1963 74	786.8	46.7	419.9	42.9	1,710.8	60.4	216.9	78.4
	1964 78	936.5	48.7	497.7	46.0	1,956.0	60.1	179.1	75.2
75-94.9%	1962 12	343.2	23.3	247.2	27.7	490.6	20.5	38.4	18.9
	1963 9	374.1	22.2	254.6	26.0	585.2	20.7	29.1	10.5
	1964 10	377.7	19.7	256.1	23.7	646.3	19.9	23.7	9.9
50-74.9%	1962 14	260.4	17.7	158.3	17.8	168.6	7.0	4.1	2.0
	1963 13	261.0	15.5	154.9	15.8	162.3	5.7	7.0	2.5
	1964 15	330.9	17.2	178.2	16.5	263.3	8.1	12.5	5.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 98	1,222.7	83.1	749.5	84.1	2,093.2	87.4	188.0	92.3
	1963 96	1,421.9	84.4	829.4	84.7	2,458.3	86.8	253.0	91.4
	1964 103	1,645.1	85.6	932.0	86.2	2,865.6	88.1	215.3	90.3
25-49.9%	1962 3	6.8	.5	5.5	.6	10.2	.4	0.2	.1
	1963 3	7.9	.5	5.8	.6	12.0	.4	.8	.3
	1964 2	8.8	.5	5.5	.5	12.4	.4	.6	.3
5-24.9%	1962 13	84.6	5.7	60.8	6.8	101.9	4.3	5.4	2.7
	1963 12	76.3	4.5	56.5	5.8	124.8	4.4	6.8	2.5
	1964 15	90.2	4.7	63.2	5.9	150.4	4.6	11.8	4.9
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962 92	157.4	10.7	75.5	8.5	189.3	7.9	10.0	4.9
	1963 106	178.8	10.6	87.3	8.9	238.2	8.4	16.1	5.8
	1964 101	177.1	9.2	80.0	7.4	222.6	6.9	10.7	4.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 108	248.8	16.9	141.8	15.9	301.4	12.6	15.6	7.7
	1963 121	263.0	15.6	149.6	15.3	375.0	13.2	23.7	8.6
	1964 118	276.1	14.4	148.7	13.8	385.4	11.9	23.1	9.7
Total	1962 206	1,471.5	100.0	891.3	100.0	2,394.6	100.0	203.6	100.0
	1963 217	1,684.9	100.0	979.0	100.0	2,833.3	100.0	276.7	100.0
	1964 221	1,921.2	100.0	1,080.7	100.0	3,251.0	100.0	238.4	100.0

TABLE 56. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 56. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des PRODUITS ÉLECTRIQUES, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
		— Actif	— Avoir	— Ventes	— Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Small electrical appliances — Petits appareils électriques	1962 34	44.5	28.9	63.0	5.5
	1963 35	51.7	30.7	73.2	6.0
	1964 31	54.3	31.2	80.1	7.0
Major appliances — Gros appareils	1962 32	156.2	91.0	204.0	1.6
	1963 27	137.5	75.1	203.5	2.5
	1964 24	135.0	51.1	208.1	8.2
Household radio and television receivers — Appareils électro-ména- gers de radio et de télévision	1962 13	78.7	29.6	102.1	5.2
	1963 14	92.7	30.1	97.4	5.6
	1964 13	89.4	38.7	103.6	4.9
Communications equipment — Matériel de télécommunication	1962 59	289.2	144.0	465.6	29.1
	1963 57	294.8	151.7	514.9	32.8
	1964 61	323.1	168.2	555.4	38.5
Electrical industrial equipment — Matériel électriques industriel	1962 55	382.1	245.0	504.1	24.8
	1963 55	404.5	261.7	564.7	37.5
	1964 55	451.4	287.7	614.4	45.8
Battery manufacturers — Batteries	1962 11	28.5	18.0	35.6	1.5
	1963 11	26.0	15.1	32.5	1.4
	1964 11	26.5	16.2	36.6	2.4
Wire and cable — Fils et câbles électriques	1962 13	85.5	42.6	132.5	2.0
	1963 14	91.8	43.4	142.9	3.2
	1964 14	99.1	46.8	161.4	8.5
Miscellaneous electrical products — Appareils électriques divers	1962 57	79.0	34.6	109.5	4.5
	1963 52	82.3	35.9	115.9	5.6
	1964 59	87.1	39.5	127.5	7.2
Total	1962 274	1,143.7	633.7	1,616.4	74.2
	1963 265	1,181.3	643.7	1,745.2	94.7
	1964	1,265.9	679.4	1,887.1	122.5

TABLE 57. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 57. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS ÉLECTRIQUES, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
		— Actif		— Avoir		— Ventes		— Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962 117	581.1	50.8	354.7	56.0	717.9	44.4	41.4	55.8
	1963 118	626.0	53.0	361.9	56.2	803.9	46.0	52.2	55.1
	1964 106	408.5	32.3	197.3	29.0	552.1	29.3	37.3	30.4
75-94.9%	1962 21	125.8	11.0	68.1	10.7	208.1	12.9	2.4	3.2
	1963 20	121.8	10.3	68.0	10.6	217.9	12.5	5.8	6.1
	1964 21	388.6	30.7	248.6	36.6	551.7	29.2	42.7	34.9
50-74.9%	1962 17	35.5	3.1	19.0	3.0	48.4	3.0	1.6	2.2
	1963 16	38.8	3.3	21.2	3.3	58.9	3.4	1.8	1.9
	1964 20	52.4	4.1	30.3	4.5	72.3	3.8	4.2	3.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 155	742.4	64.9	441.8	69.7	974.4	60.3	45.4	61.2
	1963 154	786.6	66.6	451.1	70.1	1,080.7	61.9	59.8	63.1
	1964 147	849.5	67.1	476.2	70.1	1,176.1	62.3	84.2	68.7
25-49.9%	1962 4	166.4	14.6	89.9	14.2	288.8	17.8	16.5	22.2
	1963 1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964 4	3.7	.3	1.3	.2	3.3	.2	.1	.1
5-24.9%	1962 9	43.7	3.8	24.1	3.8	73.7	4.6	2.6	3.5
	1963 10	214.6	18.2	114.0	17.7	381.9	21.9	19.2	20.3
	1964 12	239.4	18.9	127.2	18.7	433.0	22.9	24.5	20.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962 106	191.2	16.7	77.9	12.3	279.5	17.3	9.7	13.1
	1963 100	180.1	15.2	78.6	12.2	282.6	16.2	15.7	16.6
	1964 105	173.3	13.7	74.7	11.0	274.7	14.6	13.9	11.4
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 119	401.3	35.1	191.9	30.3	642.0	39.7	28.8	38.8
	1963 111	394.7	33.4	192.6	29.9	664.5	38.1	34.9	36.9
	1964 121	416.4	32.9	203.2	29.9	711.0	37.7	38.3	31.3
Total	1962 274	1,143.7	100.0	633.7	100.0	1,616.4	100.0	74.2	100.0
	1963 265	1,181.3	100.0	643.7	100.0	1,745.2	100.0	94.7	100.0
	1964 268	1,265.9	100.0	679.4	100.0	1,887.1	100.0	122.5	100.0

¹ Included in 5 to 24.9 per cent group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 5 à 24.9 p. 100.

**TABLE 58. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the
NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 58. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats
ouvriers, industries des PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1962-1964**

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets - Actif	Equity - Avoir	Sales - Ventes	Profits - Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Refractories - Manufacturiers de produits réfractaires	1962 7	17.3	13.7	21.9	3.5
	1963 7	18.6	14.1	23.0	3.4
	1964 8	20.8	15.7	26.1	2.9
Glass and glass products - Manufacturiers de verre et d'articles en verre.	1962 28	121.6	80.3	139.9	13.8
	1963 25	123.4	82.1	135.9	11.0
	1964 26	128.9	86.2	148.0	12.5
Cement, concrete products and ready-mix concrete - Manufacturiers de ciment, produits en béton et industrie du béton préparé.	1962 147	464.4	229.2	324.6	30.6
	1963 152	495.1	245.0	355.6	35.3
	1964 157	521.1	260.9	371.5	42.1
Clay products - Manufacturiers de produits de l'argile	1962 39	53.5	32.4	42.9	4.5
	1963 39	53.4	30.8	43.6	2.4
	1964 36	53.5	32.0	48.9	3.9
Other non-metallic mineral products - Manufacturiers d'autres produits minéraux, non métalliques.	1962 53	146.6	79.9	149.6	18.1
	1963 56	154.4	86.2	184.3	19.6
	1964 48	174.9	111.7	195.5	34.8
Total	1962 274	803.4	435.5	678.9	70.5
	1963 279	844.9	458.2	742.4	71.7
	1964 275	899.2	506.5	790.0	96.2

**TABLE 59. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 59. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des
PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1962-1964**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962 51	250.1	31.1	156.0	35.8	228.7	33.6	27.7	39.4
	1963 46	262.0	31.0	152.6	33.3	266.5	35.9	25.2	35.2
	1964 45	226.3	25.1	154.5	30.4	259.8	33.0	33.5	34.9
75-94.0%	1962 7	23.8	3.0	6.0	1.4	15.3	2.3	.1	.1
	1963 8	60.2	7.1	31.4	6.9	29.9	4.0	2.9	4.0
	1964 8	82.5	9.2	32.8	6.5	49.2	6.2	3.8	3.9
50-74.9%	1962 14	116.3	14.5	60.9	14.0	59.6	8.8	5.8	8.2
	1963 13	95.6	11.3	45.4	9.9	56.4	7.6	6.9	9.6
	1964 16	150.2	16.7	80.3	15.9	71.4	9.0	17.0	17.7
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 72	390.2	48.6	222.9	51.2	303.6	44.7	33.6	47.7
	1963 67	417.8	49.4	229.4	50.1	352.8	47.5	35.0	48.8
	1964 69	459.0	51.0	267.6	52.8	380.4	48.2	54.3	56.5
25-49.9%	1962 8	24.8	3.1	7.3	1.7	11.2	1.6	.7	1.0
	1963 9	29.8	3.5	10.5	2.3	9.4	1.3	- .3	- .4
	1964 12	37.5	4.2	12.7	2.5	21.2	2.7	1.1	1.1
5-24.9%	1962 14	174.5	21.7	112.8	25.9	127.8	18.8	23.5	33.3
	1963 21	170.9	20.2	97.1	21.2	112.4	15.1	18.5	25.8
	1964 23	178.4	19.8	108.4	21.4	125.7	15.9	22.3	23.2
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962 180	213.9	26.6	92.5	21.2	236.3	34.9	12.7	18.0
	1963 182	226.4	26.9	121.2	26.4	267.8	36.1	18.5	25.8
	1964 171	224.3	25.0	117.8	23.3	262.7	33.2	18.5	19.2
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 202	413.2	51.4	212.6	48.8	375.3	55.3	36.9	52.3
	1963 212	427.1	50.6	228.8	49.9	389.6	52.5	36.7	51.2
	1964 206	440.2	49.0	238.9	47.2	409.6	51.8	41.9	43.5
Total	1962 274	803.4	100.0	435.5	100.0	678.9	100.0	70.5	100.0
	1963 279	844.9	100.0	458.2	100.0	742.4	100.0	71.7	100.0
	1964 275	899.2	100.0	506.5	100.0	790.0	100.0	96.2	100.0

TABLE 60. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 60. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1962-1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Petroleum Refineries - Raffineries de pétrole	1962 28	2,824.0	1,896.1	2,161.0	163.1
	1963 25	3,291.4	2,166.3	2,308.5	92.2
	1964 23	3,059.0	2,095.9	2,435.9	172.5
Other petroleum and coal products - Autres dérivés du pétrole et du charbon,	1962 8	19.7	11.5	16.7	2.4
	1963 10	25.7	12.5	19.1	2.4
	1964 12	27.6	13.8	23.9	2.4
Total	1962 36	2,843.7	1,907.6	2,177.7	165.5
	1963 35	3,317.1	2,178.8	2,327.6	94.6
	1964 35	3,086.6	2,109.7	2,459.8	174.9

TABLE 61. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 61. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962 15	557.6	19.6	281.7	14.8	295.0	13.5	11.0	6.6
	1963 15	453.3	13.7	228.8	10.5	220.1	9.5	5.7	6.0
	1964 13	309.6	10.0	141.7	6.7	155.4	6.3	5.9	3.4
75-94.9%	1962 3	1,387.0	48.7	1,064.3	55.8	1,290.5	59.3	111.9	67.7
	1963 3	1,895.0	57.1	1,378.0	63.3	1,428.5	61.3	44.1	46.6
	1964 3	1,607.0	52.1	1,259.6	59.7	1,516.1	61.6	114.6	65.5
50-74.9%	1962 7	880.6	31.0	552.2	28.9	572.6	26.3	41.9	25.3
	1963 5	951.1	28.7	562.4	25.8	660.7	28.4	43.6	46.1
	1964 6	1,149.7	37.2	697.4	33.1	764.0	31.1	52.2	29.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 25	2,825.2	99.3	1,898.2	99.5	2,158.1	99.1	164.8	99.6
	1963 23	3,299.4	99.5	2,169.2	99.6	2,309.3	99.2	93.4	98.7
	1964 22	3,066.3	99.3	2,098.7	99.5	2,435.5	99.0	172.7	98.7
25-49.9%	1962 2	7.1	.3	3.3	.2	7.6	.3	—	—
	1963 3	4.2	.1	3.2	.1	7.3	.3	.5	.5
	1964 3	4.5	.2	3.4	.2	8.0	.3	.9	.5
5-24.9%.....	1962 1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1963 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962 8	11.4	.4	6.1	.3	12.0	.6	.7	.4
	1963 9	13.5	.4	6.4	.3	11.0	.5	.7	.8
	1964 10	15.8	.5	7.6	.3	16.3	.7	1.3	.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 11	18.5	.7	9.4	.5	19.6	.9	.7	.4
	1963 12	17.7	.5	9.6	.4	18.3	.8	1.2	1.3
	1964 13	20.3	.7	11.0	.5	24.3	1.0	2.2	1.3
Total	1962 36	2,843.7	100.0	1,907.6	100.0	2,177.7	100.0	165.5	100.0
	1963 35	3,317.1	100.0	2,178.8	100.0	2,327.6	100.0	94.6	100.0
	1964 35	3,086.6	100.0	2,109.7	100.0	2,459.8	100.0	174.9	100.0

¹ Included in 25 to 49.9 per cent group.

¹ Compris dans le groupe 25 à 49.9 p. 100.

**TABLE 62. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the
CHEMICAL Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 62. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats
ouvriers, industries des PRODUITS CHIMIQUES, 1962-1964**

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
		Actif	Avoir	Ventes	Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Plastics, synthetic resins, explosives and ammunition - Manufacturiers d'explosifs et de munitions et de matières plastiques et de résines synthétiques.	1962 17 1963 15 1964 18	326.7 342.7 390.9	194.8 212.1 216.7	334.3 354.8 389.9	32.8 39.2 48.5
Mixed fertilizers - Manufacturiers d'engrais mélangés	1962 13 1963 14 1964 20	34.6 36.1 42.1	11.6 11.7 12.1	60.8 67.6 78.6	1.0 1.2 .6
Pharmaceuticals and medicines - Produits médicaux et pharmaceutiques.	1962 75 1963 76 1964 74	148.1 167.1 175.2	96.7 114.5 112.5	183.2 213.2 230.0	21.2 25.3 27.4
Paint and varnish - Peintures et vernis	1962 54 1963 58 1964 52	120.5 136.0 135.0	77.5 91.4 97.4	181.0 197.6 208.6	10.6 13.3 22.2
Soap and cleaning compounds - Savons et composés de nettoyage	1962 29 1963 29 1964 27	103.6 106.3 109.1	66.5 68.5 70.3	194.1 194.8 192.3	16.8 16.7 16.9
Toilet preparations - Produits de toilette	1962 32 1963 34 1964 32	43.1 50.1 53.5	28.5 33.2 35.8	68.3 82.0 93.1	8.4 8.8 10.4
Industrial chemical industries - Produits chimiques industries	1962 46 1963 44 1964 49	540.4 475.7 577.8	284.8 277.6 345.0	369.4 404.2 504.7	39.7 52.7 54.7
Other chemical industries - Autres industries chimiques	1962 96 1963 101 1964 101	132.1 147.8 161.0	81.3 89.2 95.4	199.4 201.3 237.9	15.3 19.5 22.1
Total	1962 362 1963 371 1964 373	1,449.1 1,461.8 1,644.6	841.7 898.2 985.2	1,590.5 1,715.5 1,935.1	145.8 176.7 202.8

**TABLE 63. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
CHEMICAL Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 63. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents corporations déclarantes, industries des
PRODUITS CHIMIQUES, 1962-1964**

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
		Actif		Avoir		Ventes		Bénéfices	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962 179 1963 187 1964 189	865.5 889.6 921.5	59.8 60.9 56.0	512.4 550.4 569.1	60.9 61.3 57.7	1,014.2 1,074.6 1,150.2	63.8 62.7 59.4	107.1 127.0 122.0	73.5 71.9 60.2
75-94.9%	1962 29 1963 29 1964 20	358.5 281.9 461.8	24.7 19.3 28.1	193.9 158.8 274.6	23.0 17.7 27.9	295.1 292.5 410.6	18.5 17.0 21.2	22.2 24.1 51.8	15.2 13.6 25.5
50-74.9%	1962 18 1963 20 1964 31	32.4 96.8 72.6	2.2 6.6 4.4	22.1 79.2 46.4	2.6 8.8 4.7	35.0 74.5 99.8	2.2 4.3 5.2	3.9 7.7 13.0	2.7 4.4 6.4
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 226 1963 236 1964 240	1,256.4 1,268.3 1,455.9	86.7 86.8 88.5	728.4 788.4 890.1	86.5 87.8 90.3	1,344.3 1,441.6 1,660.6	84.5 84.0 85.8	133.2 158.8 186.8	91.4 89.9 92.1
25-49.9%	1962 10 1963 6 1964 12	62.9 3.6 35.9	4.3 .2 2.2	53.9 2.0 18.5	6.5 .2 1.9	43.4 3.3 18.0	2.7 .2 .9	.9 .3 .9	.6 .2 .4
5-24.9%	1962 12 1963 12 1964 8	24.4 59.7 13.4	1.7 4.1 .8	9.5 43.4 9.1	1.1 4.8 .9	21.3 47.4 15.0	1.3 2.8 .8	1.4 6.8 1.2	1.0 3.8 .6
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962 114 1963 117 1964 113	105.4 130.2 139.4	7.3 8.9 8.5	49.9 64.4 67.5	5.9 7.2 6.9	181.5 223.2 241.5	11.5 13.0 12.5	10.3 10.8 13.9	7.0 6.1 6.9
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 136 1963 134 1964 133	192.7 193.5 188.7	13.3 13.2 11.5	113.3 109.8 95.1	13.5 12.2 9.7	246.2 273.9 274.5	15.5 16.0 14.2	12.6 17.9 16.0	8.6 10.1 7.9
Total	1962 362 1963 370 1964 373	1,449.1 1,461.8 1,644.6	100.0 100.0 100.0	841.7 898.2 985.2	100.0 100.0 100.0	1,590.5 1,715.5 1,935.1	100.0 100.0 100.0	145.8 176.7 202.8	100.0 100.0 100.0

TABLE 64. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962-1964

TABEAU 64. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, FABRICATIONS DIVERSES, 1962-1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
		Actif	Avoir	Ventes	Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Scientific and professional equipment - Instruments scientifiques et professionnels.	1962 61	140.2	86.7	212.6	21.5
	1963 65	157.4	97.6	226.2	23.9
	1964 65	161.9	101.0	235.5	25.5
Jewellery and silverware - Bijouterie et orfèvrerie	1962 34	33.7	17.9	47.0	2.4
	1963 39	35.3	18.8	51.9	1.3
	1964 37	34.9	18.9	56.4	2.3
Broom, brush and mops - Balais, brosses et vadrouilles	1962 16	16.6	10.0	26.0	1.5
	1963 16	18.1	11.0	29.3	2.0
	1964 18	20.7	12.1	33.7	2.3
Plastic fabricators - Articles en plastique	1962 65	52.7	15.9	74.7	3.1
	1963 68	46.4	18.0	80.8	1.7
	1964 72	52.2	22.1	80.4	3.6
Sporting goods and toys - Articles de sport et jouets	1962 43	121.8	29.4	95.5	6.1
	1963 43	106.9	28.2	86.9	.3
	1964 45	114.7	28.3	90.7	1.9
Signs and display industry - Enseignes et étalages	1962 27	30.6	14.6	25.2	2.9
	1963 26	30.5	14.6	26.7	1.7
	1964 26	29.6	11.3	27.1	2.2
Other manufacturing - Autres fabrications diverses	1962 86	78.6	48.4	108.6	8.9
	1963 85	91.0	55.8	117.1	11.6
	1964 84	94.8	54.4	118.0	11.7
Total	1962 332	474.2	222.9	589.6	46.4
	1963 342	485.6	244.0	618.9	42.5
	1964 347	508.8	248.1	641.8	49.5

TABLE 65. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962-1964

TABEAU 65. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATIONS DIVERSES, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
		Actif		Avoir		Ventes		Bénéfices	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962 115	257.9	54.4	133.4	59.8	296.2	50.2	28.7	61.8
	1963 117	280.0	57.6	145.9	59.7	318.4	51.4	25.5	59.9
	1964 116	284.3	55.9	142.9	57.6	326.5	50.9	32.1	64.8
75-94.9%	1962 16	20.2	4.3	9.8	4.4	27.5	4.7	1.9	4.1
	1963 14	16.5	3.4	7.2	3.0	20.9	3.4	1.0	2.4
	1964 18	17.5	3.4	6.4	2.6	25.3	3.9	1.0	2.0
50-74.9%	1962 10	24.4	5.1	10.7	4.8	47.6	8.1	5.6	12.1
	1963 8	25.2	5.2	12.6	5.2	42.1	6.8	5.3	12.5
	1964 12	29.3	5.8	16.2	6.5	43.7	6.8	4.0	8.1
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 141	302.5	63.8	153.9	69.0	371.3	63.0	36.2	78.0
	1963 139	321.7	66.2	165.7	67.9	381.4	61.6	31.8	74.8
	1964 146	331.1	65.1	165.5	66.7	395.5	61.6	37.1	74.9
25-49.9%	1962 9	4.4	.9	2.5	1.1	5.9	1.0	0.1	.2
	1963 5	3.2	.7	2.2	.9	4.7	.8	.4	.9
	1964 7	4.7	.9	2.8	1.1	7.3	1.1	.5	1.0
5-24.9%	1962 9	20.9	4.4	7.7	3.5	27.2	4.6	2.9	6.3
	1963 12	13.4	2.8	7.5	3.1	24.8	4.0	.9	2.1
	1964 11	13.8	2.7	7.8	3.1	15.4	2.4	.5	.1
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962 173	146.4	30.9	58.8	26.4	185.2	31.4	7.2	15.5
	1963 186	147.3	30.3	68.6	28.1	208.0	33.6	11.2	26.4
	1964 183	159.2	31.3	72.0	29.1	223.6	34.9	11.4	23.1
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 191	171.7	36.2	69.0	31.0	218.3	37.0	10.2	22.0
	1963 203	163.9	33.8	78.3	32.1	237.5	38.4	10.7	25.2
	1964 201	177.7	34.9	82.6	33.3	246.3	38.4	12.4	25.1
Total	1962 332	474.2	100.0	222.9	100.0	589.6	100.0	46.4	100.0
	1963 342	485.6	100.0	244.0	100.0	618.9	100.0	42.5	100.0
	1964 347	508.8	100.0	248.1	100.0	641.8	100.0	49.5	100.0

TABLE 66. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 66. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations		Assets	Equity	Sales	Profits
	No. — nomb.		Actif	Avoir	Ventes	Bénéfices
\$'000,000						
Building construction — Bâtiments	1962	1,012	944.4	235.0	1,411.9	24.8
	1963	1,009	975.5	221.0	1,559.4	20.1
	1964	923	1,037.5	208.9	1,457.0	26.0
Highway and bridge construction — Routes et ponts	1962	265	262.9	94.3	373.1	15.3
	1963	270	277.9	108.3	404.0	13.5
	1964	265	337.1	114.0	500.1	15.3
Other general contractors — Autres constructions	1962	179	235.9	99.9	406.6	10.5
	1963	192	242.9	94.6	413.6	7.2
	1964	170	241.0	80.9	439.2	4.3
Trade contractors — Entrepreneurs spécialisés	1962	529	315.2	105.1	677.2	19.6
	1963	546	337.0	118.6	722.6	18.5
	1964	558	373.0	122.8	751.5	22.5
Total	1962	1,985	1,758.4	534.3	2,868.8	70.2
	1963	2,017	1,833.3	542.5	3,099.6	59.3
	1964	1,916	1,988.6	526.6	3,147.8	68.1

TABLE 67. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 67. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits	
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	- %	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962	95	237.1	13.5	81.6	15.3	380.9	13.2	14.2	20.2
	1963	101	214.1	11.7	80.4	14.9	381.4	12.3	10.8	18.2
	1964	87	218.5	11.0	82.1	15.6	339.3	10.8	9.4	13.8
75-94.9%	1962	25	46.3	2.6	11.3	2.1	68.6	2.4	1.6	2.3
	1963	15	33.2	1.8	4.5	.8	43.7	1.4	—	2.0
	1964	13	25.5	1.3	6.0	1.1	41.9	1.3	.1	.1
50-74.9%	1962	19	21.4	1.2	6.3	1.2	22.2	.8	1.2	1.7
	1963	24	31.3	1.7	11.1	2.0	31.1	1.0	2.3	3.9
	1964	26	48.7	2.4	16.3	3.1	68.5	2.2	4.2	6.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	139	304.8	17.3	99.2	18.6	471.7	16.4	17.0	24.2
	1963	140	278.6	15.2	96.0	17.7	456.2	14.7	11.9	20.1
	1964	126	292.7	14.7	104.4	19.8	449.7	14.3	13.7	20.1
25-49.9%	1962	27	50.3	2.9	9.5	1.8	72.4	2.5	2.4	3.4
	1963	25	63.0	3.4	15.8	2.9	76.6	2.5	.6	1.0
	1964	17	40.5	2.0	3.8	.7	43.9	1.4	1.9	2.8
5-24.9%	1962	16	53.5	3.0	25.0	4.7	38.5	1.3	—	—
	1963	20	88.0	4.8	27.7	5.1	175.8	5.7	2.2	3.7
	1964	38	130.9	6.6	29.8	5.7	239.6	7.6	2.3	3.4
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	1,803	1,349.8	76.8	400.6	74.9	2,286.2	79.8	50.8	72.4
	1963	1,832	1,403.7	76.6	403.0	74.3	2,391.0	77.1	44.6	75.2
	1964	1,735	1,524.5	76.7	388.6	73.8	2,414.6	76.7	54.8	80.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	1,846	1,453.6	82.7	435.1	81.4	2,397.1	83.6	53.2	75.8
	1963	1,877	1,554.7	84.8	446.5	82.3	2,643.4	85.3	47.4	79.9
	1964	1,790	1,695.9	85.3	422.2	80.2	2,698.1	85.7	54.4	79.9
Total	1962	1,985	1,758.4	100.0	534.3	100.0	2,868.8	100.0	70.2	100.0
	1963	2,017	1,833.3	100.0	542.5	100.0	3,099.6	100.0	59.3	100.0
	1964	1,916	1,988.6	100.0	526.6	100.0	3,147.8	100.0	68.1	100.0

TABLE 68. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 68. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE ET COMMUNICATIONS, 1962-1964

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets - Actif	Equity - Avoir	Sales - Ventes	Profits - Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Transportation - Transports:					
Air transport - Transports aériens.....	1962 36	45.2	16.2	44.4	- .3
	1963 36	40.3	16.5	41.9	1.4
	1964 35	52.2	23.8	48.9	2.6
Water transport - Transport par eau	1962 145	374.8	156.3	236.5	12.6
	1963 126	386.3	170.0	254.1	19.5
	1964 124	409.1	184.1	298.3	25.9
Services incidental to water - Auxiliaires des transports par eau	1962 40	50.2	25.5	76.6	7.7
	1963 49	57.2	29.1	106.6	6.9
	1964 54	69.5	34.9	96.5	9.7
Truck transport - Transports par camions	1962 268	224.4	89.7	358.6	11.5
	1963 268	242.8	111.4	398.4	18.7
	1964 265	274.1	118.7	433.0	24.4
Bus transport - Transport par autobus	1962 28	57.5	26.9	32.0	5.7
	1963 28	50.0	21.0	47.0	6.7
	1964 29	37.8	18.5	47.1	6.4
Pipeline transport - Transports par pipeline	1962 42	1,328.4	331.9	286.1	81.4
	1963 42	1,494.7	350.8	324.6	94.2
	1964 44	1,563.3	400.8	363.3	108.2
Other transportation and services incidental to transportation - Autres services de transports et services auxiliaires.	1962 100	104.4	49.9	109.9	4.4
	1963 98	104.4	49.0	92.2	4.4
	1964 86	83.5	43.0	82.3	6.0
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 659	2,184.9	696.4	1,144.1	123.0
	1963 647	2,375.7	747.8	1,264.8	151.8
	1964 637	2,489.5	823.8	1,369.4	183.2
Storage - Entreposages:					
Grain elevators - Élévateurs à grains	1962 24	200.1	81.6	42.1	7.7
	1963 32	588.8	161.9	144.2	13.0
	1964 30	573.8	177.1	218.8	21.2
Warehousing - Entrepôts	1962 58	63.9	34.0	43.6	4.3
	1963 60	64.3	32.9	49.5	3.7
	1964 55	64.5	30.3	43.7	3.4
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 82	264.0	115.6	85.7	12.0
	1963 92	653.1	194.8	193.7	16.7
	1964 85	638.3	207.4	262.5	24.6
Communication - Communications:					
Telephone systems - Services téléphoniques	1962 30	267.5	125.3	70.5	20.0
	1963 34	295.8	137.2	74.2	19.9
	1964 28	326.1	149.7	78.7	17.5
Other communications - Autres services de communications	1962 21	28.8	15.6	12.0	1.7
	1963 20	31.3	15.6	10.8	2.8
	1964 21	37.6	11.1	9.3	3.7
Sub-total - Total partiel	1962 51	296.3	140.9	82.5	21.7
	1963 54	327.1	152.8	85.0	22.7
	1964 49	363.7	160.8	88.0	21.2
Total	1962 792	2,745.2	952.9	1,312.3	156.7
	1963 793	3,355.9	1,095.4	1,543.5	191.2
	1964 771	3,491.5	1,192.0	1,719.9	229.0

TABLE 69. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, AND COMMUNICATION Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 69. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE ET COMMUNICATIONS, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962 69	166.0	6.1	80.8	8.5	119.9	9.2	9.4	6.0
	1963 63	165.5	5.0	80.4	7.3	126.5	8.2	11.2	5.9
	1964 59	207.2	5.9	84.2	7.1	199.5	11.5	14.2	6.2
75 - 94.9%	1962 37	127.4	4.6	61.8	6.5	128.6	9.8	13.3	8.5
	1963 31	121.6	3.6	53.5	4.9	112.5	7.3	17.8	9.3
	1964 27	97.0	2.8	52.3	4.4	61.6	3.6	13.1	5.7
50 - 74.9%	1962 44	370.5	13.5	106.9	11.2	100.0	7.6	8.9	5.7
	1963 47	165.2	4.9	66.9	6.1	80.1	5.2	8.5	4.4
	1964 46	185.3	5.3	84.9	7.1	159.3	9.3	17.3	7.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 150	663.9	24.2	249.5	26.2	348.5	26.6	31.6	20.2
	1963 141	452.3	13.5	200.8	18.3	319.1	20.7	37.5	19.6
	1964 132	489.5	14.0	221.4	18.6	420.4	24.4	44.6	19.5
25 - 49.9%	1962 42	307.9	11.2	103.5	10.9	109.7	8.4	32.5	20.7
	1963 32	516.6	15.4	158.4	14.5	169.5	11.0	39.6	20.7
	1964 39	542.0	15.5	172.9	14.5	201.0	11.7	48.1	21.0
5 - 24.9%	1962 53	684.3	24.9	162.4	17.0	227.4	17.3	30.9	19.7
	1963 72	1,127.2	33.6	262.5	24.0	339.0	21.9	54.2	28.4
	1964 55	972.5	27.9	243.6	20.4	286.7	16.7	56.2	24.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962 547	1,089.1	39.7	437.5	45.9	626.7	47.7	61.7	39.4
	1963 548	1,259.8	37.5	473.7	43.2	715.9	46.4	59.9	31.3
	1964 545	1,487.5	42.6	554.1	46.5	811.8	47.2	80.1	35.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 642	2,081.3	75.8	703.4	73.8	963.8	73.4	125.1	79.8
	1963 652	2,903.6	86.5	894.6	81.7	1,224.4	79.3	153.7	80.4
	1964 639	3,002.0	86.0	970.6	81.4	1,299.5	75.6	184.4	80.5
Total	1962 792	2,745.2	100.0	952.9	100.0	1,312.3	100.0	156.7	100.0
	1963 793	3,355.9	100.0	1,095.4	100.0	1,543.5	100.0	191.2	100.0
	1964 771	3,491.5	100.0	1,192.0	100.0	1,719.9	100.0	229.0	100.0

TABLE 70. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC UTILITIES Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 70. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, services de GAZ, D'EAU ET D'ÉLECTRICITÉ, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Electric power — Électricité	1962 61	1,175.6	558.9	296.3	74.0
	1963 51	714.9	309.8	169.8	40.5
	1964 51	771.4	313.1	174.1	49.9
Gas distribution — Distribution du gaz	1962 32	862.4	403.8	239.2	28.2
	1963 29	971.7	443.3	269.1	35.7
	1964 28	897.4	346.6	284.8	41.9
Water systems and other utilities — Services d'eau et autres ser- vices d'utilité publique.	1962 10	7.9	2.4	7.2	.4
	1963 11	12.0	2.7	9.2	.8
	1964 13	12.3	2.9	10.3	.4
Total	1962 103	2,045.9	965.1	543.0	102.6
	1963 91	1,698.6	755.8	448.1	77.0
	1964 92	1,681.1	662.6	469.2	92.2

**TABLE 71. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 71. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, services de
GAZ, D'EAU ET D'ÉLECTRICITÉ, 1962-1964**

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations No. — nomb.	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1962 12	101.4	4.9	47.7	4.9	27.1	5.0	7.7	7.5
	1963 12	93.9	5.6	48.0	6.3	26.2	5.9	7.5	9.8
	1964 8	53.1	3.2	25.9	3.9	14.7	3.1	5.4	5.8
75-94.9%	1962 3	36.6	1.8	8.3	.9	3.4	.6	.5	.5
	1963 3	9.1	.5	1.9	.3	3.6	.8	.1	.1
	1964 4	40.4	2.4	15.3	2.3	9.8	2.1	2.1	2.3
50-74.9%	1962 11	89.4	4.4	46.5	4.8	38.1	7.0	5.9	5.7
	1963 9	120.4	7.1	44.7	5.9	37.4	8.3	7.7	10.0
	1964 10	115.3	6.8	44.2	6.7	28.0	6.0	4.2	4.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 26	227.4	11.1	102.5	10.6	68.6	12.6	14.1	13.7
	1963 24	223.4	13.2	94.6	12.5	67.2	15.0	15.3	19.9
	1964 22	208.8	12.4	85.4	12.9	52.5	11.2	11.7	12.7
25-49.9%	1962 21	831.5	40.6	471.9	48.9	207.0	38.1	48.6	47.4
	1963 12	332.8	19.6	228.4	30.2	61.0	13.6	13.8	17.9
	1964 13	177.9	10.6	93.5	14.1	47.0	10.0	14.6	15.8
5-24.9%	1962 27	793.2	38.8	311.3	32.3	206.4	38.0	25.8	25.2
	1963 30	958.6	56.4	357.8	47.4	264.0	58.9	37.2	48.3
	1964 28	795.4	47.3	267.3	40.3	224.6	47.9	42.0	45.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962 29	193.8	9.5	79.4	8.2	61.0	11.3	14.1	13.7
	1963 25	183.8	10.8	75.0	9.9	55.9	12.5	10.7	13.9
	1964 29	499.0	29.7	216.4	32.7	145.1	30.9	23.9	25.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962 77	1,818.5	88.9	862.6	89.4	474.4	87.4	88.5	86.3
	1963 67	1,475.2	86.8	661.2	87.5	380.9	85.0	61.7	80.1
	1964 70	1,472.3	87.6	577.2	87.1	416.7	88.8	80.5	87.3
Total	1962 103	2,045.9	100.0	965.1	100.0	543.0	100.0	102.6	100.0
	1963 91	1,698.6	100.0	755.8	100.0	448.1	100.0	77.0	100.0
	1964 92	1,681.1	100.0	662.6	100.0	469.2	100.0	92.2	100.0

**TABLE 72. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the
RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1962-1964**

**TABLEAU 72. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats
ouvriers, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1962-1964**

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.		\$'000,000		
Food stores — Magasins d'alimentation	1962 303	524.1	290.6	1,957.4	53.8
	1963 308	582.0	302.5	2,094.9	62.9
	1964 294	546.4	282.6	1,816.9	53.3
Department stores — Magasins à rayons	1962 112	898.5	437.9	1,736.7	52.2
	1963 110	905.0	416.5	1,691.1	52.8
	1964 109	899.8	456.1	1,891.7	65.0
Variety stores — Magasins de variétés	1962 22	196.6	145.6	305.7	21.7
	1963 20	204.9	148.6	321.4	21.4
	1964 22	221.9	159.6	363.7	24.8
Other general stores — Autres magasins généraux	1962 58	28.2	13.6	57.0	1.2
	1963 129	94.3	54.0	170.2	9.8
	1964 117	65.9	33.1	130.1	4.1
Accessory, parts, tire and battery shops — Commerce de pneus accumulateurs et accessoires	1962 94	77.4	37.2	148.5	4.3
	1963 99	91.2	38.6	174.1	4.5
	1964 82	85.0	39.1	155.1	6.2
Gasoline service stations — Stations-services	1962 79	44.2	18.1	84.9	1.6
	1963 80	43.7	16.1	85.0	1.0
	1964 68	62.7	13.7	94.2	.8
Motor vehicle dealers — Marchands d'automobiles	1962 1,069	567.3	202.1	2,057.9	30.6
	1963 1,133	630.5	210.3	2,348.8	35.0
	1964 1,082	569.9	190.5	2,445.4	28.2
Motor vehicle repair shops — Ateliers de réparation d'automobile	1962 26	9.3	4.9	21.7	.5
	1963 30	11.0	5.8	27.5	.6
	1964 28	10.2	5.5	23.4	.6
Shoe stores — Magasins de chaussures	1962 40	41.0	21.3	76.1	2.2
	1963 41	40.8	22.0	81.1	2.5
	1964 43	42.6	23.8	83.5	3.4
Men's clothing stores — Magasins de vêtements pour hommes	1962 40	21.8	11.9	43.6	1.2
	1963 48	24.3	13.0	49.6	1.7
	1964 47	24.8	12.9	48.1	1.6

TABLE 72. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1962-1964 - Concluded

TABLEAU 72. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1962-1964 - fin

Industry - Industrie	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000			
Women's ready-to-wear stores - Magasins de vêtements prêts à porter pour femmes.	1962 75	54.1	26.3	104.6	4.2
	1963 81	61.6	32.4	123.4	6.4
	1964 71	56.7	31.6	123.1	4.7
Clothing and dry goods stores - Magasins de vêtements et de tissus.	1962 86	53.1	27.4	114.2	3.1
	1963 87	53.9	29.3	116.3	3.5
	1964 88	56.4	30.4	131.2	4.2
Hardware stores - Quincailleries	1962 51	38.4	18.4	54.3	1.3
	1963 59	51.9	25.3	87.1	3.1
	1964 47	37.4	19.3	53.6	2.8
Household furniture and appliances, radio, TV stores - Magasins de meubles, appareils ménagers de radio et de télévision.	1962 203	181.0	77.9	255.8	7.9
	1963 211	200.0	90.8	261.0	9.4
	1964 211	190.6	93.2	254.5	11.1
Drug stores - Pharmacies	1962 47	31.5	15.9	63.5	1.5
	1963 52	34.1	16.9	71.2	2.3
	1964 54	35.8	17.9	77.6	2.7
Book and stationery stores - Librairies et papeteries	1962 28	38.1	10.4	38.7	.7
	1963 31	36.4	13.3	43.3	.3
	1964 27	35.2	10.4	41.8	.3
Fuel dealers - Marchands de combustible	1962 75	87.9	38.9	123.6	5.3
	1963 80	96.0	42.6	137.1	5.0
	1964 67	80.5	43.8	103.3	3.5
Jewellery stores - Bijouteries	1962 35	54.3	27.2	49.9	4.4
	1963 35	54.4	28.4	51.1	4.8
	1964 31	36.1	16.3	49.3	3.5
Other retail trade - Autres commerces de détail	1962 111	79.1	25.6	136.2	4.5
	1963 135	92.0	28.7	155.9	3.0
	1964 130	97.0	29.3	155.8	3.1
Total	1962 2,554	3,026.0	1,451.2	7,430.3	202.2
	1963 2,769	3,308.0	1,535.1	8,090.1	230.0
	1964 2,618	3,154.9	1,509.1	8,042.3	223.8

TABLE 73. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 73. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus.....	1962	109	427.5	14.2	272.9	18.8	949.8	12.7	42.8	21.2
	1963	136	478.3	14.4	307.7	20.0	1,129.2	13.9	50.2	21.9
	1964	118	379.8	12.0	244.9	16.3	794.2	9.9	35.7	15.9
75-94.9%	1962	21	149.4	4.9	120.3	8.3	333.6	4.5	11.1	5.5
	1963	19	147.7	4.5	118.4	7.7	361.7	4.5	10.7	4.6
	1964	33	162.5	5.2	121.3	8.0	427.2	5.3	11.4	5.1
50-74.9%	1962	27	188.8	6.2	113.0	7.8	399.4	5.4	20.3	10.0
	1963	28	208.8	6.3	121.0	7.9	410.6	5.1	20.6	8.9
	1964	30	220.0	7.0	129.0	8.5	426.7	5.3	21.2	9.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	157	765.7	25.3	506.2	34.9	1,682.8	22.6	74.2	36.7
	1963	183	834.8	25.2	547.1	35.6	1,901.5	23.5	81.5	35.4
	1964	181	762.3	24.2	495.2	32.8	1,648.1	20.5	68.3	30.5
25-49.9%	1962	28	134.6	4.4	68.7	4.7	499.4	6.7	16.3	8.1
	1963	36	65.1	2.0	20.1	1.3	96.0	1.2	.9	.4
	1964	29	40.1	1.3	9.1	.6	92.2	1.1	1.0	.4
5-24.9%	1962	33	300.2	9.9	149.1	10.3	535.6	7.2	17.4	8.6
	1963	33	413.2	12.5	206.6	13.5	1,006.9	12.4	36.6	15.9
	1964	39	431.8	13.7	223.3	14.8	1,064.5	13.2	36.4	16.3
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	2,336	1,825.5	60.4	727.2	50.1	4,712.5	63.5	94.3	46.6
	1963	2,517	1,994.9	60.3	761.3	49.6	5,085.7	62.9	111.0	48.3
	1964	2,369	1,920.7	60.8	781.5	51.8	5,237.5	65.2	118.1	52.8
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	2,397	2,260.3	74.7	945.0	65.1	5,747.5	77.4	128.0	63.3
	1963	2,586	2,473.2	74.8	988.0	64.4	6,188.6	76.5	148.5	64.6
	1964	2,437	2,392.6	75.8	1,013.9	67.2	6,394.2	79.5	155.5	69.5
Total	1962	2,554	3,026.0	100.0	1,451.2	100.0	7,430.3	100.0	202.2	100.0
	1963	2,769	3,308.0	100.0	1,535.1	100.0	8,090.1	100.0	230.0	100.0
	1964	2,618	3,154.9	100.0	1,509.1	100.0	8,042.3	100.0	223.8	100.0

TABLE 74. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 74. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Livestock — Bétail	1962 32	16.5	5.5	63.1	.7
	1963 39	21.4	5.6	68.0	-.3
	1964 43	20.9	7.0	54.0	.3
Grain — Céréales	1962 50	243.5	54.1	564.8	5.0
	1963 55	256.6	54.6	406.0	4.8
	1964 49	236.1	59.0	454.8	13.3
Coal and coke — Charbon et coke	1962 14	61.3	23.1	88.0	5.1
	1963 15	94.2	36.7	155.5	5.7
	1964 17	94.3	39.6	153.8	2.2
Petroleum products — Produits du pétrole	1962 110	414.7	111.7	541.1	13.6
	1963 127	432.7	115.3	566.6	17.3
	1964 135	496.0	128.3	605.0	18.6
Paper and paper products — Papier et produits connexes	1962 97	154.7	42.4	586.4	8.1
	1963 95	151.5	48.4	509.1	8.5
	1964 93	170.3	49.8	627.5	9.5
General merchandise — Marchandises diverses	1962 14	15.6	7.6	27.6	.7
	1963 22	17.2	7.4	42.5	.7
	1964 27	19.8	8.2	53.8	.8
Food — Aliments	1962 542	435.6	191.1	1,954.6	26.1
	1963 594	542.9	218.8	2,383.8	31.3
	1964 586	498.5	206.9	2,219.6	31.5
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	1962 133	79.9	20.8	616.4	.9
	1963 138	83.5	26.0	556.7	3.2
	1964 144	91.4	28.4	617.5	5.6
Drugs and toilet preparations — Préparations pharmaceutiques et préparations de toilette.	1962 69	79.0	33.8	209.4	4.5
	1963 74	86.5	38.8	220.5	5.6
	1964 74	83.4	36.7	232.1	5.7
Apparel and dry goods — Habillement et tissus	1962 244	155.2	66.6	319.5	9.6
	1963 258	176.5	72.9	341.3	12.2
	1964 261	185.9	75.4	350.4	9.4
Furniture and house furnishings — Meubles et articles d'ameublement.	1962 84	54.9	21.2	112.9	3.1
	1963 94	63.6	27.0	135.1	3.6
	1964 105	81.9	32.0	163.1	5.2
Motor vehicles and accessories — Automobiles et accessoires	1962 208	326.3	106.2	1,165.8	21.7
	1963 220	361.8	111.1	1,274.6	22.1
	1964 256	404.0	136.2	1,365.0	27.3
Electrical machinery — Matériel électrique	1962 222	175.7	68.3	357.6	8.0
	1963 219	185.0	67.6	360.7	9.3
	1964 213	201.4	67.2	404.1	10.7
Farm machinery and equipment — Machines et instruments agricoles	1962 97	94.4	38.2	164.6	5.6
	1963 106	121.4	49.8	234.6	12.8
	1964 113	138.2	52.0	251.4	15.0
Machinery and equipment — Machines et équipement	1962 546	606.6	251.2	999.6	54.2
	1963 575	641.6	254.9	1,071.7	43.3
	1964 624	752.5	284.2	1,245.9	58.4
Hardware, plumbing and heating — Quincailleries, plomberie et appareils de chauffage.	1962 253	297.3	165.7	572.3	11.1
	1963 263	309.5	165.3	605.0	12.9
	1964 274	342.9	179.3	660.5	20.4
Metal and metal products — Métaux et produits métalliques	1962 111	149.0	52.2	325.0	10.0
	1963 122	188.4	60.4	380.4	14.7
	1964 128	230.6	70.7	421.4	16.7
Lumber and building materials — Bois d'oeuvre et matériaux de construction.	1962 581	405.2	193.5	939.7	22.5
	1963 615	466.0	221.7	1,073.0	28.5
	1964 620	497.5	221.3	1,162.1	31.6
Scrap and waste materials — Déchets récupérables	1962 63	35.4	13.8	109.6	1.8
	1963 68	40.1	16.1	120.2	3.2
	1964 69	47.7	19.1	149.3	3.7
Other wholesale — Autres commerce de gros	1962 616	495.9	182.5	995.0	30.1
	1963 683	520.9	199.8	1,148.0	30.8
	1964 667	540.8	189.1	1,066.8	34.4
Total	1962 4,086	4,296.7	1,649.5	10,713.0	222.4
	1963 4,382	4,761.3	1,798.2	11,653.3	270.2
	1964 4,498	5,134.0	1,890.4	12,258.1	320.3

TABLE 75. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1962-1964

TABLÉAU 75. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1962	607	1,283.1	29.9	413.4	25.1	3,062.6	28.6	65.2	29.3
	1963	634	1,339.7	28.1	421.6	23.5	3,191.6	27.4	87.4	32.3
	1964	609	1,256.5	24.5	349.8	18.5	2,976.4	24.4	91.4	28.6
75-94.9%	1962	65	91.1	2.1	29.6	1.8	214.0	2.0	6.6	3.0
	1963	52	59.6	1.3	15.2	.8	163.1	1.4	5.2	1.9
	1964	62	99.6	1.9	39.1	2.1	163.8	1.3	6.2	1.9
50-74.9%	1962	86	124.7	2.9	34.6	2.1	623.7	5.8	6.1	2.7
	1963	105	166.0	3.5	54.0	3.0	514.5	4.4	8.3	3.1
	1964	115	259.5	5.1	101.9	5.4	740.5	6.0	15.0	4.7
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	758	1,498.9	34.9	477.6	29.0	3,900.3	36.4	77.9	35.0
	1963	791	1,565.3	32.9	490.8	27.3	3,869.2	33.2	100.9	37.3
	1964	786	1,615.6	31.5	490.8	26.0	3,880.7	31.7	112.6	35.2
25-49.9%	1962	103	241.5	5.6	72.6	4.4	536.4	5.0	7.9	3.6
	1963	89	211.4	4.4	56.7	3.1	378.9	3.3	5.3	2.0
	1964	95	223.2	4.3	53.2	2.8	397.4	3.2	7.0	2.2
5-24.9%	1962	97	192.6	4.5	62.1	3.7	492.0	4.6	6.7	3.0
	1963	120	222.7	4.7	78.5	4.4	618.0	5.3	16.5	6.1
	1964	132	255.6	5.0	94.2	5.0	588.0	4.8	14.8	4.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	3,128	2,363.7	55.0	1,037.2	62.9	5,784.3	54.0	129.9	58.4
	1963	3,382	2,761.9	58.0	1,172.2	65.2	6,787.2	58.2	147.5	54.6
	1964	3,485	3,039.6	59.2	1,252.2	66.2	7,392.0	60.3	185.9	58.0
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	3,328	2,797.8	65.1	1,171.9	71.0	6,812.7	63.6	144.5	65.0
	1963	3,591	3,196.0	67.1	1,307.4	72.7	7,784.1	66.8	169.3	62.7
	1964	3,712	3,518.4	68.5	1,399.6	74.0	8,377.4	68.3	207.7	64.8
Total	1962	4,086	4,296.7	100.0	1,649.5	100.0	10,713.0	100.0	222.4	100.0
	1963	4,382	4,761.3	100.0	1,798.2	100.0	11,653.3	100.0	270.2	100.0
	1964	4,498	5,134.0	100.0	1,890.4	100.0	12,258.1	100.0	320.3	100.0

TABLE 76. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE Industries, 1962-1964

TABLÉAU 76. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET IMMEUBLES, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000			
Investment companies — Sociétés de placement et établissements de crédit.	1962 2,776	9,768.5	6,653.8	735.4	497.5
	1963 3,131	12,226.5	8,542.1	1,024.4	819.2
	1964 3,279	12,581.0	8,233.9	899.5	643.1
Savings and credit institutions — Établissements de crédit et d'épargne.	1962 369	4,308.6	548.1	356.2	85.7
	1963 470	5,490.3	745.6	411.9	95.2
	1964 517	6,657.7	853.2	491.7	119.0
Credit unions — Caisses populaires	1962 —	—	—	—	—
	1963 621	594.6	489.1	46.2	23.5
	1964 615	688.4	545.7	53.4	26.5
Insurances carriers — Assureurs	1962 76	334.1	61.5	132.8	8.0
	1963 89	507.6	127.1	257.0	17.3
	1964 79	460.7	111.1	175.4	7.3
Insurance and real estate agencies — Agents d'assurances et d'immeuble.	1962 153	192.7	55.1	80.6	7.0
	1963 181	245.7	69.8	91.0	10.0
	1964 203	285.2	94.0	108.9	13.0
Real estate operators — Exploitants immobiliers	1962 2,823	3,182.1	689.7	456.5	67.9
	1963 3,035	3,611.3	749.5	513.9	58.0
	1964 3,123	3,887.2	810.1	597.3	58.2
Total	1962 6,197	17,786.0	8,008.2	1,761.5	666.1
	1963 7,527	22,676.0	10,723.2	2,344.4	1,623.2
	1964 7,816	24,560.2	10,648.0	2,326.2	867.1

TABLE 77. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 77. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes,
FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET IMMEUBLES, 1962-1964

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1962	609	3,754.4	21.1	2,082.7	26.0	275.6	15.6	116.3	17.5
	1963	629	5,109.9	22.5	3,133.0	29.2	529.3	22.6	292.4	28.6
	1964	662	4,189.7	17.0	2,074.4	19.5	300.7	12.9	121.7	14.0
75-94.9%	1962	118	703.8	4.0	453.7	5.7	75.6	4.3	39.5	5.9
	1963	139	932.7	4.1	611.1	5.7	72.1	3.1	44.0	4.3
	1964	124	562.1	2.3	192.0	1.8	35.5	1.5	11.0	1.3
50-74.9%	1962	182	880.9	4.9	429.8	5.4	75.8	4.3	32.0	4.8
	1963	194	1,125.8	5.0	529.1	4.9	94.1	4.0	29.7	2.9
	1964	226	1,907.4	7.8	1,171.6	11.0	241.9	10.4	132.0	15.2
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	909	5,339.1	30.0	2,966.2	37.1	427.0	24.2	187.8	28.2
	1963	962	7,168.4	31.6	4,273.2	39.8	695.5	29.7	366.1	35.8
	1964	1,012	6,659.2	27.1	3,438.0	32.3	578.1	24.8	264.7	30.5
25-49.9%	1962	239	1,865.6	10.5	1,122.5	14.0	172.1	9.8	97.3	14.6
	1963	254	1,529.4	6.7	841.4	7.9	154.1	6.6	116.0	11.3
	1964	255	1,103.6	4.5	613.0	5.8	132.6	5.7	88.5	10.2
5-24.9%	1962	265	2,595.3	14.6	925.6	11.5	193.9	11.0	68.0	10.2
	1963	354	3,229.8	14.3	1,211.4	11.3	333.6	14.2	153.5	15.0
	1964	363	3,522.6	14.3	1,408.6	13.2	243.5	10.5	110.9	12.8
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	4,784	7,986.0	44.9	2,993.9	37.4	968.5	55.0	313.0	47.0
	1963	5,957	10,748.4	47.4	4,397.2	41.0	1,161.2	49.5	387.6	37.9
	1964	6,186	13,274.8	54.1	5,188.4	48.7	1,372.0	59.0	403.0	46.5
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	5,288	12,446.9	70.0	5,042.0	62.9	1,334.5	75.8	478.3	71.8
	1963	6,565	15,507.6	68.4	6,450.0	60.2	1,648.9	70.3	657.1	64.2
	1964	6,804	17,901.0	72.9	7,210.0	67.7	1,748.1	75.2	602.4	69.5
Total	1962	6,197	17,786.0	100.0	8,008.2	100.0	1,761.5	100.0	666.1	100.0
	1963	7,527	22,676.0	100.0	10,723.2	100.0	2,344.4	100.0	1,023.2	100.0
	1964	7,816	24,560.2	100.0	10,648.0	100.0	2,326.2	100.0	867.1	100.0

TABLE 78. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the
COMMUNITY, BUSINESS AND PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1962-1964

TABLEAU 78. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats
ouvriers, SERVICES SOCIAUX, COMMERCIAUX ET PERSONNELS, 1962-1964

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000						
Education and related services — Enseignement et service con-	1962	22	19.5	4.1	9.4	.6			
nexes.	1963	13	9.8	2.7	6.5	.3			
	1964	15	11.1	2.2	6.0	.3			
Health and welfare services — Services de santé et du bien-être	1962	18	10.2	3.4	6.6	.5			
	1963	23	13.1	3.4	10.5	.6			
	1964	31	17.3	4.3	13.1	.4			
Theatres, film exchanges — Cinématographie et échanges de films	1962	74	128.2	76.3	60.0	8.3			
	1963	72	129.7	81.3	73.8	7.6			
	1964	60	118.7	73.6	68.4	8.0			
Bowling alleys — Salle de quilles	1962	59	44.0	5.1	10.0	.4			
	1963	66	53.0	4.0	13.3	1.8			
	1964	61	52.7	3.3	12.8	1.9			
Other recreational — Autres services récréatifs	1962	110	142.1	60.4	72.6	5.7			
	1963	121	159.7	70.8	74.3	10.9			
	1964	115	156.3	68.3	75.9	8.6			
Services to business — Services commerciaux	1962	310	310.6	166.8	340.0	25.9			
	1963	327	344.0	143.3	354.6	25.1			
	1964	352	395.1	172.9	333.9	36.3			
Laundries and cleaners — Blanchissage et nettoyage	1962	75	46.7	29.3	67.2	2.7			
	1963	75	51.7	31.9	69.5	4.3			
	1964	76	56.5	33.2	72.2	4.1			
Hotels, restaurants — Hôtels et restaurants	1962	516	362.6	122.4	312.9	14.7			
	1963	553	414.6	126.4	350.5	13.1			
	1964	582	437.8	133.8	386.4	20.0			
Other personal services — Autres services personnels	1962	65	35.7	12.3	24.3	1.8			
	1963	68	43.4	13.0	26.9	2.6			
	1964	70	46.4	16.0	25.6	3.1			
Miscellaneous services — Services divers	1962	237	262.0	73.3	150.0	12.9			
	1963	291	309.0	88.0	192.1	16.7			
	1964	325	410.3	109.6	241.9	21.2			
Total	1962	1,486	1,361.6	533.4	1,053.0	72.7			
	1963	1,609	1,528.0	564.8	1,172.0	79.4			
	1964	1,687	1,702.2	617.2	1,236.2	100.1			

**TABLE 79. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the
COMMUNITY, BUSINESS AND PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1962-1964**
**TABLÉAU 79. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes,
SERVICES SOCIAUX, COMMERCIAUX ET PERSONNELS, 1962-1964**

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1962	125	181.6	13.3	69.4	12.5	207.9	19.8	16.2	22.3
	1963	134	201.0	13.2	78.2	13.8	205.1	17.5	17.2	21.6
	1964	134	202.8	11.9	69.9	11.3	219.8	17.8	22.3	22.3
75-94.9%	1962	36	124.8	9.2	66.8	12.1	38.9	3.7	3.6	4.9
	1963	31	87.6	5.7	28.5	5.0	35.3	3.0	3.0	3.8
	1964	24	85.1	5.0	20.4	3.3	23.4	1.9	4.6	4.6
50-74.9%	1962	40	66.0	4.9	43.8	7.9	32.8	3.1	6.6	9.1
	1963	44	79.8	5.2	46.6	8.3	44.3	3.8	6.1	7.7
	1964	60	144.4	8.5	92.6	15.0	89.6	7.2	15.9	15.9
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	201	372.4	27.4	180.0	32.5	279.6	26.6	26.4	36.3
	1963	209	368.4	24.1	153.3	27.1	284.7	24.3	26.3	33.1
	1964	218	432.3	25.4	182.9	29.6	332.8	26.9	42.8	42.8
25-49.9%	1962	46	50.3	3.7	20.4	3.7	40.6	3.8	3.2	4.4
	1963	53	67.2	4.4	38.5	6.8	41.5	3.5	3.2	4.1
	1964	52	63.9	3.7	26.5	4.3	47.3	3.8	3.6	3.6
5-24.9%	1962	49	71.2	5.2	29.4	5.3	32.3	3.1	4.0	5.5
	1963	66	131.9	8.6	48.5	8.6	67.9	5.8	6.6	8.3
	1964	71	162.9	9.6	54.8	8.9	76.2	6.2	5.0	5.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1962	1190	867.7	63.7	323.6	58.5	700.5	66.5	39.1	53.8
	1963	1281	960.5	62.9	324.5	57.5	777.9	66.4	43.3	54.5
	1964	1346	1,043.1	61.3	353.0	57.2	779.9	63.1	48.7	48.6
Sub-total — Total partiel	1962	1285	989.2	72.6	373.4	67.5	773.4	73.4	46.3	63.7
	1963	1400	1,159.6	75.9	411.5	72.9	887.3	75.7	53.1	66.9
	1964	1469	1,269.9	74.6	434.3	70.4	903.4	73.1	57.3	57.2
Total	1962	1486	1,361.6	100.0	553.4	100.0	1,053.0	100.0	72.7	100.0
	1963	1609	1,528.0	100.0	564.8	100.0	1,172.0	100.0	79.4	100.0
	1964	1687	1,702.2	100.0	617.2	100.0	1,236.2	100.0	100.1	100.0

SECTION F

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

SECTION A

Table	Page
1. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962-1964	15
2. Asset Size Group of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1964	16
3. Per Cent of Total Assets, Equity, Sales and Profits by Size Group of Reporting Corporations, 1964	16

SECTION B

4. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, 1964, by Type of Payment by Major Industrial Groups	19
5. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, in Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1964	20
6. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, in Construction, Utilities, Trade, Finance, Service and Agriculture Industries, 1964	20
7. Payments to Non-residents, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962-1964	21
8. Total Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	21
8A. Dividends Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	22
8B. Interest Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	22
8C. Rent Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	22
8D. Royalties Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	22
8E. Franchise Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	23
8F. Advertising Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	23
8G. Research Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	23
8H. Insurance Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	23
8I. Management Fees, Salaries and Annuities Paid to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	24
8J. Professional Services and Other Payments to Non-residents, by Year and Industrial Group	24

SECTION C

9. Financial Data of Corporations with Assets of Over \$25 Millions in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries, by Ownership, 1964	35
10. Financial Data of Corporations with Assets of Over \$25 Millions in the Mineral Fuels Extraction and Processing Industries, by Ownership, 1964	36
11. Financial Data of Corporations with Assets of Over \$25 Millions in the Metal Mining and Refining Industries, by Ownership, 1964	37

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES

SECTION A

Tableau	Page
1. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1962-1964	15
2. Groupement, selon l'importance de l'actif des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1964	16
3. Pourcentage de l'actif total, de l'avoir des actionnaires, des ventes et des bénéfices par tranche de taille des corporations, 1964	16

SECTION B

4. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, 1964, par catégorie de paiement selon les grands groupes industriels	19
5. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, industries minières et manufacturières, 1964	20
6. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, industries de la construction, service d'utilité publique, commerce, finances, service et agriculture, 1964	20
7. Paiements à des non-résidents selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962-1964	21
8. L'ensemble des paiements à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	21
8A. Dividendes à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	22
8B. Intérêts payés à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	22
8C. Loyers payés à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	22
8D. Redevances à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	22
8E. Franchise à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	23
8F. Versements de publicité à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	23
8G. Versements de recherches à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	23
8H. Primes d'assurance à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	23
8I. Honoraires de gestion, salaires et rentes à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	24
8J. Honoraires professionnels et autres à des non-résidents, par année et groupe industriel	24

SECTION C

9. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries minières et manufacturières, par appartenance, 1964	35
10. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries d'extraction et de traitement des combustibles minéraux, par appartenance, 1964	36
11. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries métallurgiques et d'affinage, par appartenance, 1964	37

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES—Continued

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES—suite

SECTION C—Concluded

Table	Page
12. Financial Data of Corporations with Assets of Over \$25 Millions in the Primary Manufacturing Industries, by Ownership, 1964	38
13. Financial Data of Corporations with Assets of Over \$25 Millions in the Secondary Manufacturing Industries, by Ownership, 1964	39

SECTION D

14. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets Under \$250,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964	42
15. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$250,000 to \$499,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964	42
16. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$500,000 to \$999,999 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964	43
17. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964	43
18. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$5,000,000 to \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964	44
19. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$10,000,000 to \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964	44
20. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$25,000,000 to \$49,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964	45
21. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets from \$50,000,000 to \$99,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964	45
22. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets over \$100,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1964	46

SECTION E

23. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the AGRICULTURE, FISHING AND TRAPPING Industries, 1962-1964	55
24. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND TRAPPING Industries, 1962-1964	55

SECTION C—fin

Tableau	Page
12. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries manufacturières primaires, par appartenance, 1964.....	38
13. Données financières de compagnies ayant un actif dépassant \$25 millions dans les industries manufacturières secondaires, par appartenance, 1964....	39

SECTION D

14. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de moins de \$250,000, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964	42
15. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$250,000 à \$499,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964	42
16. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$500,000 à \$999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964	43
17. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$1,000,000 à \$4,999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964	43
18. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$5,000,000 à \$9,999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964	44
19. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$10,000,000 à \$24,999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964	44
20. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$25,000,000 à \$49,999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964	45
21. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de \$50,000,000 à \$99,999,999, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964	45
22. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, actif de plus de \$100,000,000, avec mention du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1964	46

SECTION E

23. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries de l'AGRICULTURE, EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, PÊCHE ET PIÈGEAGE, 1962-1964	55
24. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de l'AGRICULTURE, EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, PÊCHE ET PIÈGEAGE, 1962-1964	55

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES — Continued

SECTION E — Continued

Table	Page
25. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the METAL MINING Industries, 1962-1964	56
26. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL MINING Industries, 1962-1964	56
27. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1962-1964	57
28. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1962-1964	57
29. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the OTHER MINING Industries, 1962-1964	58
30. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the OTHER MINING Industries, 1962-1964	58
31. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962-1964	59
32. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FOOD MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962-1964	59
33. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1962-1964	60
34. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the BEVERAGE Industries, 1962-1964	60
35. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TOBACCO Industries, 1962-1964	61
36. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RUBBER Industries, 1962-1964	61
37. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the LEATHER Industries, 1962-1964	62
38. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1962-1964	62
39. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TEXTILE, KNITTING AND CLOTHING Industries, 1962-1964	63
40. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the WOOD Industries, 1962-1964	64
41. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WOOD Industries, 1962-1964	64
42. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Industries, 1962-1964	65
43. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the FURNITURE AND FIXTURES Industries, 1962-1964	65

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — suite

SECTION E — suite

Tableau	Page
25. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, EXTRACTION DES MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1962-1964	56
26. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, EXTRACTION DES MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1962-1964	56
27. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des COMBUSTIBLES MINÉRAUX, 1962-1964	57
28. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des COMBUSTIBLES MINÉRAUX, 1962-1964	57
29. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, AUTRES INDUSTRIES MINIÈRES, 1962-1964	58
30. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, AUTRES INDUSTRIES MINIÈRES, 1962-1964	58
31. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, FABRICATION DES ALIMENTS, 1962-1964	59
32. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATION DES ALIMENTS, 1962-1964	59
33. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des BOISSONS, 1962-1964	60
34. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des BOISSONS, 1962-1964	60
35. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du TABAC, 1962-1964	61
36. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du CAOUTCHOUC, 1962-1964	61
37. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du CUIR, 1962-1964	62
38. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des TEXTILES, BONNETERIE ET VÊTEMENTS, 1962-1964	62
39. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des TEXTILES, BONNETERIE ET VÊTEMENTS, 1962-1964	63
40. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries du BOIS, 1962-1964	64
41. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du BOIS, 1962-1964	64
42. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries du MEUBLE ET D'AMEUBLEMENT, 1962-1964	65
43. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du MEUBLE ET D'AMEUBLEMENT, 1962-1964	65

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES — Continued

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — suite

SECTION E — Continued

Table	Page
44. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PAPER Industries, 1962-1964	66
45. Degree of Non-Resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PAPER Industries, 1962-1964	66
46. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Industries, 1962-1964	67
47. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRINTING AND PUBLISHING Industries, 1962-1964	67
48. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PRIMARY METAL Industries, 1962-1964	68
49. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PRIMARY METALS Industries, 1962-1964	68
50. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1962-1964	69
51. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1962-1964	69
52. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MACHINERY Industries, 1962-1964	70
53. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MACHINERY Industries, 1962-1964	70
54. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1962-1964	71
55. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT Industries, 1962-1964	71
56. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964	72
57. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964	72
58. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964	73
59. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964	73
60. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964	74
61. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1962-1964	74

SECTION E — suite

Tableau	Page
44. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries du PAPIER, 1962-1964	66
45. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries du PAPIER, 1962-1964	66
46. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries de l'IMPRESSION ET DE L'ÉDITION, 1962-1964	67
47. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de l'IMPRESSION ET DE L'ÉDITION, 1962-1964	67
48. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1962-1964	68
49. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1962-1964	68
50. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, FABRICATION MÉTALLIQUE, 1962-1964	69
51. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATION MÉTALLIQUE, 1962-1964	69
52. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries de la MACHINERIE, 1962-1964	70
53. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de la MACHINERIE, 1962-1964	70
54. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries DU MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1962-1964	71
55. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries DU MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1962-1964	71
56. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des PRODUITS ÉLECTRIQUES, 1962-1964	72
57. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS ÉLECTRIQUES, 1962-1964	72
58. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1962-1964	73
59. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1962-1964	73
60. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1962-1964	74
61. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1962-1964	74

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES -- Concluded

SECTION E -- Concluded

Table	Page
62. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the CHEMICAL Industries, 1962-1964	75
63. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CHEMICAL Industries, 1962-1964	75
64. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962-1964	76
65. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1962-1964	76
66. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1962-1964	77
67. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the CONSTRUCTION Industries, 1962-1964	77
68. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION Industries, 1962-1964	78
69. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION Industries, 1962-1964	79
70. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC UTILITIES Industries, 1962-1964	79
71. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the GAS, WATER AND ELECTRIC UTILITIES Industries, 1962-1964	80
72. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1962-1964	80
73. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the RETAIL TRADE Industries, 1962-1964	81
74. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1962-1964	82
75. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industries, 1962-1964	83
76. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE Industries, 1962-1964	83
77. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporation in the FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE Industries, 1962-1964	84
78. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS AND PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1962-1964	84
79. Degree of Non-resident Ownership of Reporting Corporations in the COMMUNITY, BUSINESS AND PERSONAL SERVICES Industries, 1962-1964	85

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES -- fin

SECTION E -- fin

Tableau	Page
62. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries des PRODUITS CHIMIQUES, 1962-1964	75
63. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries des PRODUITS CHIMIQUES, 1962-1964	75
64. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, FABRICATIONS DIVERSES, 1962-1964	76
65. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FABRICATIONS DIVERSES, 1962-1964	76
66. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, 1962-1964	77
67. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, industries de la CONSTRUCTION, 1962-1964	77
68. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE ET COMMUNICATIONS, 1962-1964	78
69. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE ET COMMUNICATIONS, 1962-1964	79
70. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, services de GAZ, D'EAU ET D'ÉLECTRICITÉ, 1962-1964	79
71. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, services de GAZ, D'EAU ET D'ÉLECTRICITÉ, 1962-1964	80
72. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1962-1964	80
73. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1962-1964	81
74. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1962-1964	82
75. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1962-1964	83
76. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET IMMEUBLES, 1962-1964	83
77. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET IMMEUBLES, 1962-1964	84
78. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, SERVICES SOCIAUX, COMMERCIAUX ET PERSONNELS, 1962-1964	84
79. Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, SERVICES SOCIAUX, COMMERCIAUX ET PERSONNELS, 1962-1964	85

Report
For 1965

Rapport
de 1965

File copy

Part 1 — Partie 1
CORPORATIONS



CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT
SUR LES DÉCLARATIONS DES CORPORATIONS ET DES SYNDICATS OUVRIERS

Canada. Dept. of Industry,
Trade and Commerce.
Annual report.



ANNUAL REPORT
of the
Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce
under the
Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
Part I. (Corporations)

RAPPORT ANNUEL
du
ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce
présenté conformément à la
**Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers**
Partie I. (Corporations)

1965

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Walter E. Duffett
Dominion Statistician

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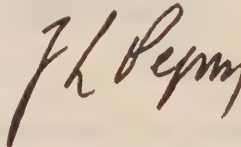
Bureau fédéral de la statistique
Walter E. Duffett
Statisticien du Dominion

*To His Excellency, The Right Honourable Roland Michener, C. C., Governor General
of Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour of presenting to your Excellency the Fourth Annual Report under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary of information filed under Part I of the statute by corporations for their fiscal periods ending in 1965.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "J. H. Bepko". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce

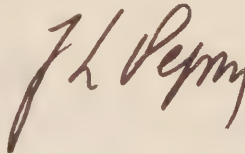
Ottawa, Canada
October, 1969

*A Son Excellence, le très honorable Roland Michener, C.C. Gouverneur général
du Canada.*

Monsieur le Gouverneur général,

J'ai l'honneur de présenter à Votre Excellence le rapport prévu par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Ce rapport, le quatrième de la série, comprend le résumé statistique des déclarations que les corporations visées par la partie I de ladite loi ont produites à l'égard de leur année financière close en 1965.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le Gouverneur général, l'assurance de mon profond respect.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "J. L. Pepin". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

Le ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce

Ottawa, Canada
Octobre 1969

*The Honourable Jean-Luc Pépin,
Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour to submit the Fourth Annual Report (Part 1) under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary and analysis of information filed by corporations for the fiscal years ending in 1965.

Respectfully submitted,

Walter G. Duffett

Dominion Statistician

Ottawa, Canada
October, 1969

*A l'honorable Jean-Luc Pépin
Ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce
Ottawa, Canada.*

Monsieur le ministre,

J'ai l'honneur de vous présenter, conformément à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, le quatrième rapport annuel (Partie I) qui constitue le résumé statistique et l'analyse des renseignements déposés par les corporations à l'égard de leur exercice financier qui s'est terminé en 1965.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le ministre, l'expression de mes sentiments dévoués.

Robert G. Duffett

Le statisticien fédéral

Ottawa, Canada
Octobre 1969

FOREWORD

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, Chapter 26, 10-11 Elizabeth II, was passed by Parliament in April, 1962 and is administered by the Dominion Statistician under the authority of the Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce. The purpose of the Act is to collect financial and other information on the affairs of certain corporations and labour unions carrying on activities in Canada. Such information was considered necessary to evaluate the extent and effects of non-resident ownership and control of corporations in Canada and the extent and effects of the association of Canadians with international labour unions.

The Act applies only to corporations with gross revenues during a reporting period in excess of \$500,000 or assets in excess of \$250,000. Crown corporations and corporations operating under the authority of such Government of Canada statutes as the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Bank Act, the Loan Companies Act, the Small Loans Act, the Radio Act and the Railway Act are exempted to avoid duplication of returns where substantially the same kind of information was considered to be available under other federal legislation. Similarly, the legislation applies to every labour union in Canada having a local in Canada and 100 or more members resident in Canada.

The corporation returns are divided into confidential and non-confidential sections. The non-confidential section of the return includes information on the incorporation, officers and directors, and ownership of the corporation's issued share capital. The confidential section of the return includes financial statements of the corporation and a schedule of selected payments to non-residents for dividends, interest and certain business services.

Labour unions affected by the legislation are required to provide similar kinds of information, also divided into the two parts. In the non-confidential section, the union furnishes a copy of its constitution, names of its officers, number of members and certain information on locals, trusteeships and collective agreements. The confidential section of the return includes the union's financial statements and information on the dues and assessments received by international unions from members of those unions resident in Canada.

The non-confidential part of the return required for both corporations and labour unions is available to the public. The labour union returns are retained by the Department of Labour and the corporation returns by the Department of Consumer and Corporate Affairs. Some of the information contained in this part of the labour union return has been

AVANT-PROPOS

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, Chap. 26, 10-11 Elisabeth II, a été adoptée en 1962. La mise en application en est confiée au Statisticien fédéral qui relève du Ministère de l'Industrie et du Commerce. Cette loi a pour but de recueillir des renseignements d'ordre financier et autre sur les affaires de certaines sociétés et certains syndicats ouvriers exerçant leur activité au Canada, renseignements considérés comme nécessaires pour juger dans quelle mesure des sociétés canadiennes appartiennent à des non-résidents ou sont sous leur dépendance et quelles en sont les incidences et pour constater combien de Canadiens appartiennent à des syndicats ouvriers internationaux et quels en sont les effets.

La loi ne s'applique qu'aux sociétés dont le revenu brut perçu au cours de l'exercice financier était supérieur à \$500,000 ou dont l'actif dépassait \$250,000. La loi dispense les sociétés de la Couronne et les compagnies exerçant leur activité en vertu d'une loi fédérale canadienne telle que la Loi sur les compagnies d'assurance canadiennes et britanniques, la Loi sur les banques, la Loi sur les compagnies de prêt, la Loi sur les petits prêts, la Loi sur la radio ou la Loi sur les chemins de fer de l'obligation de produire ces déclarations si elles doivent fournir sensiblement les mêmes renseignements aux termes d'autres lois fédérales. La loi s'applique d'autre part à tous les syndicats établis au Canada qui y possèdent une section et qui comptent 100 adhérents ou plus ayant leur résidence au Canada.

La déclaration des sociétés comporte une partie confidentielle et une partie non confidentielle. La partie non confidentielle comprend des renseignements sur la constitution, sur la composition du conseil d'administration et les dirigeants ainsi que sur les détenteurs des actions émises par la société. La partie confidentielle de la déclaration a trait aux états financiers de la société et contient une liste de certains versements effectués à des non-résidents à titre de dividendes, d'intérêts et en contrepartie de certains services.

Les syndicats ouvriers auxquels s'applique la loi sont tenus de fournir des renseignements analogues en deux parties. Dans la partie non confidentielle, à laquelle le syndicat joint une copie de son acte constitutif, il produit les noms des membres du bureau, le nombre d'adhérents et certains renseignements concernant les sections locales, la tutelle administrative et les conventions collectives. La section confidentielle de la déclaration concerne les états financiers des syndicats et des renseignements sur les cotisations perçues par les syndicats internationaux de leurs membres résidant au Canada.

La partie non confidentielle de la déclaration exigée des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers est accessible au public. Les déclarations des syndicats ouvriers sont gardées dans les archives du ministère du Travail, celles des sociétés vont au ministère de la Consommation et des Corporations. Certains renseignements que renferme la section non confidentielle

published in annual reports under the Act, Part II Labour Unions. The inter-corporate ownership aspect of the corporation information has been released in a publication *Inter-Corporation Ownership—1965* (Catalogue No. 61-507). This publication indicates the holding of more than 10 per cent of the voting shares of a corporation by another corporation, the percentage of shares so held and the country of incorporation of the holding corporation.

The financial statements required of corporations under the Act consist of a balance sheet, a statement of income and expense, and a statement of surplus. Supporting schedules are also required to be attached to the financial statements including a reconciliation of net income as per financial statements with taxable income, continuity of fixed assets and computations of capital cost allowances claimed, dividends received indicating whether taxable or non-taxable, and cost of sales. The financial statements required of corporations under the Act are virtually identical with those submitted to the Department of National Revenue for corporation income tax purposes.

In order that unnecessary reporting of financial information by corporations might be prevented and that duplication in the tabulation and publication of corporation financial statistics might be avoided, the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act was amended in 1965. The amendment relieved corporations from filing a financial statement under this Act if the corporation had filed a financial statement under the Income Tax Act. At the same time, access to corporation income tax returns was made available to the Dominion Statistician. A joint program of corporation financial statistics was then developed that would provide the Department of National Revenue with statistical information on the taxation of corporate income and at the same time provide data for statistical purposes.

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act requires that the Dominion Statistician prepare an annual report summarizing both the confidential and non-confidential information submitted by corporations and labour unions. The first report was released in July 1965 covering fiscal periods of corporations and labour unions ending in 1962. Subsequent annual reports under the Act are released in two parts, Part I relating to corporations and Part II relating to labour unions.

D. A. TRAQUAIR

*Director,
Corporations and Labour Unions
Returns Act Administration.*

de la déclaration des syndicats ouvriers ont été publiés sous forme de bulletins annuels en vertu de la partie II de la Loi sur les syndicats ouvriers. Un ouvrage intitulé: "*Inter-Corporation Ownership*" publié en 1965 (numéro de catalogue 61-507) traite de l'aspect inter-corporatif des renseignements fournis par les corporations. Figurent dans cette publication toutes les sociétés dont plus de 10 p. 100 des actions donnant droit au vote sont détenues par une autre, avec indication de la proportion des actions ainsi détenues et du pays dans lequel la société détentrice est légalement constituée.

Les états financiers exigés des sociétés en vertu de la loi sont le bilan, l'état des revenus et des dépenses et l'état de l'excédent auxquels s'ajoutent des documents à l'appui, soit le rapprochement du revenu net des états financiers avec le revenu imposable, le relevé des immobilisations et le calcul des déductions pour amortissement, l'état des dividendes reçus avec indication si imposables ou non, et le prix de revient. Les états financiers exigés des sociétés en vertu de la loi sont pratiquement identiques à ceux que celles-ci déposent au ministère du Revenu national pour fins d'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés.

Afin d'éviter que les sociétés ne produisent sans nécessité des déclarations sur leur situation financière et pour empêcher le double emploi dans les tableaux et publications relatifs à la statistique financière des sociétés, la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers a été modifiée en 1965. La modification dégageait les sociétés de l'obligation de faire la déclaration financière prévue par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers si elles avaient fait la déclaration d'impôt prévue par la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Par la même occasion, on autorisait le Statisticien fédéral à prendre connaissance des déclarations d'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés. On mit ensuite au point un programme de statistique financière des sociétés permettant de fournir au ministère du Revenu national des statistiques sur l'imposition du revenu des sociétés et d'obtenir en même temps d'autres renseignements statistiques.

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers prévoit la rédaction, par le Statisticien fédéral, d'un rapport annuel qui résume les renseignements, tant confidentiels que non confidentiels, fournis par les sociétés et les syndicats ouvriers. Le premier rapport, publié en juillet 1965, couvrait l'exercice comptable des sociétés et des syndicats ouvriers qui s'est terminé en 1962. Les rapports annuels suivants seront publiés en deux parties: la première ayant trait aux sociétés et la deuxième, aux syndicats ouvriers.

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*Le Directeur de la division
des déclarations des
corporations et des
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction.....	11
Corporations in Canada	16
Basic Financial Information	17
Corporation Assets	18
Financial Analysis	22
Size of Corporations in Canada	24
Ownership of Corporations in Canada	26
Control of Corporations by Geographic Areas and Industrial Sectors	34
Provincial Allocation of Taxable Income by Ownership Groups	37
Payments to Non-residents	42
Chart	
1. Distribution of Assets held by Type of Assets by Industry 1965	20
2. Per Cent of Asset held by Corporations More Than 50 Per cent Non-resident Owned by Industry Group and by Asset Size Group, 1965	28
3. Per Cent of Industry Group Assets held by Ownership Class, 1965	29
Table	
I. Number of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Asset Size, 1964 and 1965	13
II. Number of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Industry, 1964 and 1965	14
III. Number of Corporations More Than 50 Per Cent Non-resident Owned Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1964 and 1965	15
IV. Number of Corporations Less Than 50 Per Cent Non-resident Owned Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1964 and 1965	16
V. Corporations in Canada, 1965	17
VI. Distribution of Assets Held by Type of Asset by Industry Group, 1965	19
VII. Financial Ratios of Manufacturing Corporations in Canada by Asset Size Group, 1965	23
VIII. Number of Corporations in Canada by Asset Group and Industry Group, 1965	24
IX. Corporations in Canada by Asset Size Group, 1965	25
X. Number of Corporations in Canada by Sales Size Group and Industry Group, 1965	25
XI. Corporations in Canada by Sales Size Group, 1965	26
XII. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Industry Group, 1965	31
XIII. Corporations Not Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Industry Group, 1965	31

TABLE DES MATIÈRES

	Page
Introduction.....	11
Sociétés établies au Canada	16
Renseignements financiers élémentaires	17
L'actif des sociétés	18
Analyse des finances	22
Importance des sociétés au Canada	24
Appartenance des sociétés constituées au Canada	26
Contrôle des sociétés selon les pays d'origine des capitaux et les groupes d'activité	34
Répartition du revenu imposable par province et selon la proportion de capitaux appartenant à des non-résidents	37
Versements à des non-résidents	42
Graphique	
1. Répartition des actifs par catégorie d'actif et par groupe d'activités, 1965	20
2. Proportion de l'actif des sociétés à capitaux étrangers dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100, par groupe d'activités et par tranche de taille de l'actif, 1965	28
3. Proportion de l'actif par groupe d'activités et par catégorie de société, 1965	29
Tableau	
I. Le nombre de sociétés qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, selon la taille de l'actif, 1964 et 1965	13
II. Le nombre de sociétés qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, par branche d'activité, 1964 et 1965	14
III. Le nombre de sociétés à capital étranger dans une proportion supérieure à 50 p. 100 qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1964 et 1965	15
IV. Le nombre de sociétés à capital étranger dans une proportion inférieure à 50 p. 100 qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1964 et 1965	16
V. Les sociétés faisant affaires au Canada, 1965	17
VI. Répartition de l'actif des sociétés, par catégorie d'actif et par branche d'activité, 1965	19
VII. Rapports financiers des sociétés manufacturières au Canada par taille de l'actif, 1965	23
VIII. Nombre de sociétés au Canada, par taille de l'actif et par branche d'activité, 1965	24
IX. Les sociétés au Canada, par taille de l'actif, 1965	25
X. Nombre de sociétés au Canada réparties selon l'importance des ventes, et les branches d'activité, 1965	25
XI. Les sociétés au Canada, par importance des ventes, 1965	26
XII. Les sociétés qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, par branche d'activité, 1965	31
XIII. Les sociétés exemptées, de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, par branche d'activité, 1965	31

TABLE OF CONTENTS — Concluded

Table

XIV. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965	32
XV. Non-financial Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 ..	34
XVI. Assets and Sales of Reporting Corporations by Geographic Area of Control, 1965 ..	36
XVII. Control by Geographic Area of the Assets and Sales of Reporting Corporations, 1965	37
XVIII. Distribution of Taxable Income by Province, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 ..	38
XIX. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Distributed by Province and by Degree of Non-resident Ownership for Industrial Sectors, 1965 ..	39
XX. Interest Paid to Non-residents, 1962-1965 ..	43
XXI. Business Service Payments Made to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations, 1964 and 1965	44
XXII. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations, 1965 ..	45
XXIII. Total Payments to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965 ..	46
XXIV. Dividends Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Groups, 1964 and 1965	46
XXV. Interest Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965 ..	47
XXVI. Rent Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Groups, 1964 and 1965	47
XXVII. Royalties Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Groups, 1964 and 1965	48
XXVIII. Franchises Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Groups, 1964 and 1965 ..	48
XXIX. Advertising Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Groups, 1964 and 1965 ..	49
XXX. Research Payments to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Groups, 1964 and 1965 ..	49
XXXI. Insurance Payments to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965 ..	50
XXXII. Management Fees Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965 ..	50
XXXIII. Professional Fees Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965	51
XXXIV. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1965 ..	51
XXXV. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations, by Type of Payment by Major Industrial Groups, 1965 ..	52

TABLE DES MATIERES — fin

Tableau

XIV. Les sociétés qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers réparties selon leur proportion de capital étranger, 1965	32
XV. Les sociétés non-financières qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers réparties selon leur proportion de capital étranger, 1965	34
XVI. Actifs et ventes des sociétés déclarantes suivant l'origine des capitaux, 1965	36
XVII. Contrôle de l'actif et des ventes des sociétés déclarantes (répartition géographique), 1965	37
XVIII. Répartition du revenu imposable des sociétés par province selon la proportion de capitaux appartenant à des non-résidents, 1965	38
XIX. Revenu imposable des sociétés déclarantes réparti par province et par secteur d'activité selon la proportion de capitaux appartenant à des non-résidents, 1965	39
XX. Intérêts versés à des non-résidents, 1962-1965	43
XXI. Versements des sociétés déclarantes à des non-résidents pour services commerciaux, 1964 et 1965 ..	44
XXII. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les sociétés déclarantes, 1965 ..	45
XXIII. L'ensemble des paiements à des non-résidents par groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965 ..	46
XXIV. Dividendes versés à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965	46
XXV. Intérêts versés à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965	47
XXVI. Loyers payés à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965	47
XXVII. Redevances versées à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965	48
XXVIII. Contrepartie de droits d'exclusivité versée à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965	48
XXIX. Versements pour publicité à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965	49
XXX. Versements pour la recherche à des non-résidents par grand groupe industriel, 1964 et 1965	49
XXXI. Primes d'assurances versées à des non-résidents par grand groupe industriel, 1964 et 1965 ..	50
XXXII. Honoraires d'administration versés à des non-résidents par grand groupe industriel, 1964 et 1965 ..	50
XXXIII. Versements pour services professionnels à des non-résidents par grand groupe industriel, 1964 et 1965 ..	51
XXXIV. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les sociétés déclarantes, industries minières et manufacturières, 1965 ..	51
XXXV. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les sociétés déclarantes par catégorie de paiement selon les grands secteurs d'activité, 1965	52

INTRODUCTION

This report is the fourth annual summary of information required under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act and is the first to reflect the results of the amendments to the Act passed by Parliament in 1965.

The passage of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in 1962 created an additional requirement for the reporting of financial data by a substantial number of corporations in Canada and the necessity to duplicate to a considerable extent tabulations of corporation financial data being carried out by the Department of National Revenue. In order that this duplication might be avoided, legislation was passed by Parliament which eliminated the filing of one set of corporation financial statements and enabled a joint statistical operation to be undertaken in this area.

The amendment to the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act passed in 1965 accomplished these objectives by relieving a corporation from the obligation of filing financial statements under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act if the corporation had filed financial statements under the Income Tax Act. At the same time access to corporation income tax returns was made available to the Dominion Statistician. A joint program of corporation financial statistics was developed that provides the Department of National Revenue with statistical information on the taxation of corporate income and at the same time provides data for the purposes of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act and for other statistical purposes.

The publication "Corporation Financial Statistics" (Catalogue No. 61-207) is one of the outputs of this program and is based on information contained in the accounting records of the corporation and provides information on the operations of corporations, including income, expenditures and profits, and on the financial position of the corporation including details of the assets, liabilities and equity and the statement of returned earnings indicating the disposition of current earnings. A second publication "Corporation Taxation Statistics" (Catalogue No. 61-208) deals with the taxation of corporation income indicating the industries earning the income on which the income tax is based, the province in which the income was earned and the size of the firms paying the income taxes. In addition a detailed reconciliation of company book profit with taxable income is provided that indicates the magnitude of the main provisions of the Income Tax Act as well as the magnitudes of the main items of income and expenditure which are treated differently in the Income Tax Act than in company books.

The amendment to the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act has affected the statistics contained in this report in two important ways. The access to financial statements of all corporations, and the integrated statistical program that

Le présent rapport est le quatrième résumé des renseignements prévu par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. C'est également le premier où paraissent les résultats des modifications de cette loi, adoptées en 1965.

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, adoptée en 1962, obligeait un grand nombre de sociétés canadiennes à fournir des précisions supplémentaires d'ordre financier et le B.F.S., à dresser des tableaux qui faisaient souvent double emploi avec ceux que produisait déjà le ministère du Revenu national. Afin d'éviter ce double emploi, le Parlement a, par une loi, supprimé l'obligation pour les sociétés de produire une des séries d'états financiers et permis la mise en oeuvre, dans ce domaine, d'un programme statistique conjoint.

La modification de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, adoptée en 1965, a réalisé ces objectifs en dégageant de l'obligation de faire la déclaration prévue par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers les sociétés qui avaient déjà fait la déclaration prévue par la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. La même modification donnait au Statisticien fédéral accès aux déclarations d'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés. Le programme conjoint de statistique financière sur les sociétés donne au ministère du Revenu national des renseignements statistiques sur l'imposition du revenu des sociétés tout en fournissant des données aux fins de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers ainsi qu'à d'autres fins statistiques.

La publication "Statistique financière des sociétés" (numéro de catalogue 61-207) est un des résultats de ce programme. Elle puise ses renseignements dans les rapports comptables des sociétés, fournit des renseignements sur leur activité (recettes, dépenses et bénéfices) et sur leur situation financière (actif, passif, avoir des actionnaires), ainsi que l'état des bénéfices cumulés avec indication de la répartition des bénéfices de l'exercice courant. Une autre publication, "Statistique fiscale des sociétés" (numéro de catalogue 61-208) traite de l'imposition du revenu des sociétés et énumère les entreprises et leur revenu imposable, la province où ces revenus ont été réalisés et l'importance des entreprises assujetties à cet impôt. Elle donne, en outre, la comparaison des bénéfices comptables de la société et du revenu imposable qui fait ressortir l'incidence des principales clauses de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu ainsi que l'importance des principaux postes de recettes et de dépenses que la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu envisage autrement que ne le font les sociétés dans leurs livres comptables.

Les modifications à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers ont eu deux répercussions importantes sur les données statistiques qui figurent dans le présent rapport. L'accès aux états financiers de toutes les sociétés et le

was undertaken, have permitted a compilation of statistics for corporations exempt from the reporting provisions of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act but subject to the provisions of the Income Tax Act. This additional information has provided more complete measures of the magnitude of business in Canada and has permitted a better assessment of the importance of foreign-owned corporations in the industries in which they operate. A number of classes of corporations are exempt from the reporting provisions of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act and it was therefore more difficult in earlier reports in this series to assess the magnitude of the operations of these firms. The largest exemption in numbers applies to every corporation having sales less than \$500,000 and assets less than \$250,000 in the reporting year. Another group of corporations that report under regulatory legislation such as the Bank Act, the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Radio Act and several others similar Acts, is also exempt. This group is much smaller in number but very much larger in assets held and in several other areas of business activity. It has now been possible to determine the magnitude of exempt firms and such information has been included in this publication under the heading "Other corporations". Also included in these totals are figures for the proprietary Crown corporations. The inclusion of these figures provides an improved assessment of the relative magnitude of foreign-owned firms. In some industries the additional firms added very little, while in other cases the addition was substantial.

In relating the operations of foreign-owned firms to total business activity in Canada, it should be noted that two important types of businesses have not been included in this report and in the areas that these businesses are important, appropriate cognizance of this fact must be made. One type of business not included in this report is the unincorporated business. This type of organization is important in agriculture, forestry, fishing, construction, retail trade and services and therefore the proportion of foreign-investment in these industries as shown in this report will be overstated to some extent since unincorporated businesses are owned largely by residents of Canada. In other industries including mining, manufacturing, utilities, wholesale trade and finance this form of organization is less popular and therefore the same problem does not exist to the same extent.

The other major area of business activity not included in this publication involves provincial and municipal government enterprises. These are concentrated largely in the utility area and particularly in the generation of electric power by provincial enterprises and in the distribution of electric power and urban transportation by municipal

programme intégré de statistique ont permis d'obtenir des renseignements sur des sociétés exemptées de la déclaration prévue par la loi susmentionnée, mais soumises aux dispositions de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Ce supplément d'information permet de mieux mesurer l'ampleur de l'activité économique exercée au Canada et de mieux saisir la place qu'occupent dans leur branche d'activité les sociétés à capitaux étrangers. Certaines catégories de sociétés sont dispensées de la déclaration prévue par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers et il était donc plus difficile, dans les bulletins antérieurs de la série, d'évaluer l'ampleur de de leurs opérations. C'est dans la catégorie des sociétés dont le chiffre d'affaires est égal ou inférieur à \$500,000 et dont l'actif, pendant l'année visée par le rapport, n'a pas dépassé \$250,000 que l'on trouve le plus grand nombre de bénéficiaires de cette exemption. Un autre groupe de sociétés tenu à la déclaration en vertu de lois telles que la Loi sur les banques, la Loi sur les compagnies d'assurance canadiennes et britanniques, la Loi sur la radio et d'autres lois similaires, est également exempté. Ce groupe est bien moins important du point de vue numérique, mais, par contre, beaucoup plus important par l'ampleur de son actif et par divers autres aspects de son activité. Il est maintenant possible de déterminer l'importance des sociétés exemptées et ces renseignements figurent dans la présente publication sous le titre "Autres". Y sont compris les résultats des sociétés de la Couronne dites de propriétaire. L'inclusion de tous ces chiffres permet une bien meilleure évaluation de l'importance des sociétés à capitaux étrangers. Dans certains secteurs industriels, cette inclusion n'a pas ajouté grand-chose tandis qu'ailleurs la modification a été sensible.

En ce qui concerne les opérations des sociétés à capitaux étrangers par rapport à l'ensemble de l'activité exercée au Canada, il faut noter que deux catégories importantes d'entreprises ne figurent pas dans ce rapport et qu'il est nécessaire d'en tenir compte dans les domaines où ces entreprises occupent une place importante. Une des catégories non comprises dans le présent rapport est celle des entreprises non légalement constituées. Ce genre se retrouve souvent dans l'agriculture, l'exploitation forestière, la pêche, la construction, le commerce de détail et les services; la proportion d'investissements étrangers dans ces industries, telle que la montre le présent bulletin, s'en trouve donc quelque peu exagérée puisque les entreprises non constituées appartiennent pour la plupart à des résidents canadiens. Dans d'autres secteurs tels que les industries minières et manufacturières; les services d'utilité publique, le commerce de gros et la finance, ce genre d'organisme est moins répandu et le problème est donc moindre.

Dans les autres secteurs d'activité dont il n'est pas fait état dans la présente publication se trouvent les entreprises des administrations provinciales et municipales. Ces entreprises exercent leur activité le plus souvent dans le domaine des services d'utilité publique et notamment de la production d'électricité, pour ce qui est des provinces, et de la distribution

enterprises. Another major area of provincial enterprise activity is in retail trade through the distribution of alcoholic beverages.

The second important aspect of the 1965 amendment is that the additional information available from the corporation income tax statement has provided assistance in the determination of the reporting status of Corporations in Canada under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. The resulting review of corporations' reporting liability has indicated a misunderstanding of the reporting requirements of the Act, particularly among small and medium sized firms. Large companies almost without exception, have permanent legal advisors whose function is to advise the corporation management of changes in legislation that affect their operations. Small and medium-size firms, on the other hand, tend to seek legal advice when the need arises, and when there is no apparent need, no advice is sought. In the initial stages of the implementation of the legislation 25,000 corporations submitted complete returns while more than 100,000 established their exempt status under the Act. In the absence of a complete list of corporations in Canada, it was not possible to identify and contact each corporation until after the 1965 amendment, which made available for the first time financial information for all corporations doing business in Canada.

The extended program that was undertaken in 1966 to acquaint corporations with their reporting responsibilities under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act for the year 1965 resulted in additional corporations filing returns under the Act. In 1965 an additional 11,017 corporations filed returns. Some of these corporations would have

de l'électricité et de transport urbain dans le cas des municipalités. Une autre activité importante à laquelle se livrent les provinces est le commerce au détail lorsqu'elles font le débit des boissons alcooliques.

La modification de 1965 comporte un deuxième aspect important: les renseignements supplémentaires obtenus grâce au dépeillement des déclarations de l'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés a permis de déterminer quelles étaient les obligations des sociétés autorisées à exercer leur activité au Canada en ce qui concerne la déclaration prévue par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. L'examen, entrepris par la suite, des obligations qu'avaient les sociétés sous ce rapport a permis de constater que surtout les petites et moyennes entreprises se trompaient sur les obligations que leur imposait la loi. Presque sans exception, les grandes firmes ont des conseillers juridiques permanents qui tiennent la direction au courant des changements législatifs qui les concernent. Les petites et moyennes sociétés, par contre, ne demandent d'habitude conseil à un avocat qu'en cas de besoin et ne le consultent pas si la nécessité n'est pas apparente. Dans les premières phases de la mise en application de la loi, 25,000 sociétés ont soumis des rapports complets tandis que plus de 100,000 ont fait valoir leur droit d'exemption en vertu de la loi. Faute d'une liste complète des sociétés du Canada, il n'a été possible de les connaître et de prendre contact avec chacune d'elles qu'après la modification de 1965, qui a, pour la première fois, ouvert l'accès aux renseignements financiers sur toutes les sociétés exerçant une activité au Canada.

Le programme élargi mis en oeuvre en 1966 pour porter à la connaissance des sociétés les obligations auxquelles les astreint la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, a eu pour résultat qu'un nombre supplémentaire de sociétés se sont conformées à la Loi pour faire des déclarations à l'égard de l'année 1965. Cette année-là, 11,017

TABLE I. Number of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Asset Size, 1964 and 1965

TABLÉAU I. Le nombre de sociétés qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, selon la taille de l'actif, 1964 et 1965

Asset size — Taille de l'actif	1964	1965	Increase — Augmentation	Proportion of increase — Augmentation relative
	No. — nomb.			%
Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	12, 207	19, 638	7, 431	67. 4
\$ 500,000 - \$ 999,999	6, 542	8, 636	2, 094	19. 0
1,000,000 - 4,999,999	6, 142	7, 395	1, 253	11. 4
5,000,000 - 24,999,999	1, 417	1, 588	171	1. 6
25,000,000 and over — et plus	456	523	67	. 6
Total	26, 764	37, 780	11, 016	100. 0

TABLE II. Number of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Industry, 1964 and 1965

TABLÉAU II. Le nombre des sociétés qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, par branche d'activité, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Branche d'activité	1964	1965	Increase — Augmentation	Proportion of increase — Augmentation relative
	No. — nomb.			%
Agriculture, fishing and forestry — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche.....	333	617	284	2.6
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.....	946	1,407	461	4.2
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières.....	6,087	7,437	1,350	12.2
Construction.....	1,916	3,062	1,146	10.4
Utilities — Services publiques.....	863	1,154	291	2.6
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros.....	4,498	6,197	1,699	15.4
Retail trade — Commerce de détail.....	2,618	3,924	1,306	11.9
Finances.....	7,816	11,452	3,636	33.0
Services.....	1,687	2,530	843	7.7
Total.....	26,764	37,780	11,016	100.0

been new in 1965 as the number of corporations incorporated in Canada is growing every year. An additional number of corporations which had been in business in earlier years would have become reporting corporations because of increases in either assets or sales. The balance, the largest group, would have been in business in previous years and have become aware of their reporting responsibility under the Act for the first time. The application of legislation of this type is virtually always subject to limitations in the initial period. Improvements result from increasing familiarity of the public at large with the legislation, and from an increase in the amount of available information. Two thirds of the additional group amounting to 7,431 had assets less than \$500,000 and another 19.0 per cent had assets between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000. Nearly 90 per cent of the corporations added in 1965 belong in this size category.

The additional firms that submitted returns under the Act in 1965 were distributed among the industrial groups approximately in proportion to the number of firms in each industry group. A large number of corporations in Canada are classified in the Finance industry, many of which are financial holding companies whose sole activity is to hold shares and investments in other companies. One third of the companies added in 1965 are classified in this industry. Such companies do not carry on trade or industrial activity and only in rare cases do they have any employees. These companies function largely as financial intermediaries between the investor and the industrial company and while facilitating the routing of investment funds do not add to industrial production.

Other companies were distributed among the industry groups in proportions ranging from 2.6 per cent of the additions in the Agriculture, Forestry

sociétés de plus ont déposé des déclarations. Il doit s'agir, dans certains cas, de sociétés nouvellement établies en 1965, car le nombre de sociétés légalement constituées au Canada s'accroît chaque année. D'autres sociétés existantes ont dû tomber sous le coup de la loi par suite de l'augmentation de leur actif ou de leur chiffre d'affaires. Le reste (la partie la plus nombreuse) a sans doute existé depuis des années, mais venait seulement d'apprendre que la loi l'obligeait à faire une déclaration. L'application d'une loi de ce genre laisse presque toujours désirer au début. Elle s'améliore à mesure que le public se familiarise avec la loi et qu'on multiplie les renseignements diffusés. Les deux tiers du groupe qui était venu s'ajouter en 1965, soit 7,431, avaient un actif inférieur à \$500,000, alors que l'actif de 19 p. 100 se situait entre \$500,000 et 1 million de dollars. Presque 90 p. 100 des sociétés qui sont venues s'ajouter en 1965, appartiennent à ce groupe.

Les sociétés qui venaient de soumettre en 1965 la déclaration exigée par la Loi se répartissent entre les groupes d'activités sensiblement en proportion du nombre de firmes comprises dans chaque groupe. Un nombre important de sociétés au Canada font partie du groupe finances et bon nombre en sont des sociétés de portefeuille dont l'unique activité consiste à détenir des actions et valeurs d'autres sociétés. Le tiers des sociétés qui sont venues s'ajouter en 1965 se classe dans cette branche d'activité. Ces sociétés n'exercent aucune activité commerciale ou industrielle et ce n'est que rarement qu'elles ont des employés. Ces sociétés sont en grande partie des intermédiaires financiers entre l'investisseur et la société industrielle, et si elles facilitent le placement de fonds, elles n'ajoutent rien à la production industrielle.

Les autres sociétés se répartissent entre les groupes d'activités dans les proportions allant de 2.6 p. 100 pour les sociétés qui sont venues s'ajouter

and Fishing group and in the Utilities group to 11.9 per cent and 12.2 per cent in the Retail Trade and Manufacturing industries, respectively. The latter group Manufacturing was notably lower than the nearly 20 per cent that Manufacturing companies are of all reporting corporations.

Another important characteristic of the 11,017 corporations added in 1965 is the degree of non-resident ownership. The ultimate ownership of 886 additional corporations was determined to be more than 50 per cent held outside of Canada increasing the number of these corporations from 4,483 in 1964 to 5,369 in 1965, an increase of 19.8 per cent. Some of this increase would have resulted from shifts in ownership between 1964 and 1965, while the balance would have been corporations reporting in 1965 for the first time. The largest increase in number of firms was again in the Finance industry which accounted for 301 of the additional companies while the Manufacturing and Wholesale Trade industries increased by 218 and 211 corporations, respectively.

The largest proportion of the additional corporations reporting in 1965 over 1964 was more than 50 per cent resident owned. An additional 10,131 corporations, 92 per cent of the additional group reporting in 1965 were owned in Canada. This number represents an increase of 45.5 per cent in the number of Canadian owned companies reporting under the Act. Nearly a third of the companies, 32.9 per cent, are classified in the Finance industry. Another 30.0 per cent are in the goods-producing industries while 37.9 per cent are in the service producing industries.

au groupe de l'agriculture, de l'exploitation forestière et de la pêche et à celui des services publics, jusqu'à 11.9 p. 100 et 12.2 p. 100 respectivement pour celles qui se sont ajoutées au commerce de détail et aux industries manufacturières. Cette dernière proportion (industries manufacturières) était donc loin d'atteindre les 20 p. 100 que représentent les sociétés manufacturières au sein de l'ensemble des entreprises assujetties à la déclaration.

Une autre caractéristique importante des 11,017 sociétés supplémentaires de 1965 est le nombre d'actions appartenant à des non-résidents. On a pu déterminer que l'origine première de la majorité des capitaux de 886 des sociétés en question était étrangère, ce qui faisait passer le nombre de ces sociétés de 4,483 en 1964 à 5,369 en 1965, soit une hausse de 19.8 p. 100. Une partie de cette augmentation provient, sans doute, de changements de propriétaire intervenus entre 1964 et 1965. Le reste représente des sociétés ayant fait leur première déclaration en 1965. Si l'on examine la répartition des 886 sociétés sur les diverses branches d'activité on trouve que 301 appartiennent à la finance, augmentation la plus marquée, 218 aux industries manufacturières et 211 au commerce de gros.

L'origine des capitaux de la plus grande partie des sociétés supplémentaires qui ont fait une déclaration en 1965 était canadienne dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100. Parmi celles-ci 10,131 sociétés, soit 92 p. 100, appartenaient à des personnes résidant au Canada. Ce nombre représente une augmentation de 45.5 p. 100 du nombre de sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens et qui font la déclaration exigée par la Loi. Presque un tiers des sociétés, soit 32.9 p. 100, se classe dans la finance, 30 p. 100 relèvent des industries manufacturières et 37.9 p. 100 des industries productrices de services.

TABLE III. Number of Corporations More than 50 Per Cent Non-resident Owned Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1964 and 1965

TABEAU III. Le nombre de sociétés à capital étranger dans une proportion supérieure à 50 p. 100 qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Branche d'activité	1964	1965	Increase — Augmentation	Proportion of increase — Augmentation relative
	No. — nomb.			%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	44	54	10	1.1
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	319	369	50	5.6
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	1,643	1,861	218	24.6
Construction	126	142	16	1.8
Utilities — Services publique	154	181	27	3.1
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	786	997	211	23.8
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	181	206	25	2.8
Finances	1,012	1,313	301	34.0
Services	218	246	28	3.2
Total	4,483	5,369	886	100.0

TABLE IV. Number of Corporations Less Than 50 Per Cent Non-resident Owned Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU IV. Le nombre de sociétés à capital étranger dans une proportion inférieure à 50 p. 100 qui ont fait déclarations aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1964 et 1965

Industry group Branche d'activité	1964	1965	Increase — Augmentation	Proportion of increase — Augmentation relative
	No. — nomb.			%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	289	563	274	2.7
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	627	1,038	411	4.1
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	4,443	5,576	1,133	11.2
Construction	1,790	2,920	1,130	11.2
Utilities — Services publiques	709	973	264	2.6
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	3,712	5,200	1,488	14.7
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	2,437	3,718	1,281	12.6
Finances	6,804	10,139	3,335	32.9
Services	1,469	2,284	815	8.0
Total	22,280	32,411	10,131	100.0

CORPORATIONS IN CANADA

The amendments passed by Parliament in 1965 to the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act have permitted a more detailed examination of the financial operations of corporations in Canada and the publication of more complete data on the magnitude and structure of Canadian industry. This program will be developed over a number of years and the statistics presented in this report should be considered as only a very small beginning in this area.

The statistical program for fiscal periods of corporations ending in 1965 involved the examination of the financial statements of more than 170,000 corporations doing business in Canada. These corporations in 1965 had revenues of more than \$95 billion and held assets valued at more than \$158 billion. The asset value used is that shown in the financial statement of the individual corporation without any adjustment being made for inter-corporate shareholdings or financial claims, thereby overstating the aggregate assets to some extent. The investment of the owners of these corporations represented by the corporations' equity, amounted to more than \$59 billion and earned profits (before taxes) of more than \$7 billion. These figures establish the broad framework of corporate business activity in Canada within which studies relating to these corporations may be carried out.

SOCIÉTÉS ÉTABLIES AU CANADA

Les modifications apportées en 1965 à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers permettent un examen plus détaillé des opérations financières des sociétés canadiennes et de publier des renseignements plus complets sur l'ampleur et la structure de l'économie canadienne. Cet examen sera approfondi au cours des années à venir. On voudra donc considérer les données statistiques présentées dans le présent bulletin comme un modeste début.

Le programme statistique relatif aux exercices financiers se terminant en 1965 comportait l'étude des états financiers de plus de 170,000 sociétés qui exercent leur activité au Canada. En 1965, ces sociétés avaient des revenus dépassant 95 milliards de dollars et disposaient d'un actif de plus de 158 milliards de dollars. La valeur de cet actif a été reprise des états financiers des sociétés, sans correction pour la détention d'actions par d'autres sociétés ou pour créances entre sociétés. L'actif globaux s'en trouve donc quelque peu exagéré. L'avoir des actionnaires de ces sociétés dépassait 59 milliards de dollars et a produit des bénéfices (avant impôt) de plus de 7 milliards de dollars. Ces chiffres fixent, dans ces grandes lignes, le cadre théorique dans lequel peuvent s'effectuer les études portant sur l'activité des sociétés au Canada.

TABLE V. Corporations in Canada, 1965
TABLEAU V. Les sociétés faisant affaires au Canada, 1965

Industry group — Branche d'activité	Number — Nombre	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
\$000'000						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	4, 747	842. 0	362. 1	656. 3	32. 0.	15. 6
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	3, 857	9, 091. 4	5, 896. 8	3, 235. 2	655. 1	111. 5
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	21, 501	32, 100. 9	17, 428. 1	37, 132. 6	3, 103. 9	2, 023. 5
Construction	15, 331	3, 591. 0	887. 8	5, 899. 8	157. 9	84. 8
Utilities — Services publiques ¹	7, 111	15, 784. 2	7, 066. 2	5, 737. 2	602. 2	418. 6
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	20, 691	7, 297. 9	2, 559. 2	17, 017. 1	459. 8	378. 4
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	24, 035	5, 242. 7	2, 238. 8	12, 846. 5	333. 3	295. 1
Services	21, 294	3, 346. 1	1, 133. 9	2, 864. 1	160. 5	115. 0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	118, 567	77, 296. 2	37, 572. 8	85, 388. 8	5, 504. 7	3, 442. 5
Finances	50, 601	81, 659. 8	21, 789. 7	9, 784. 9	1, 957. 5	501. 1
Total	169, 168	158, 956. 0	59, 362. 5	95, 173. 7	7, 462. 2	3, 943. 6

¹ Includes transportation, storage, communication and public utilities'. — Comprend les transports, l'entreposage, les communications, et les services publiques.

Basic Financial Information

The basic financial items that have been tabulated are assets, equity, sales and profits for the period since 1962 and taxable income was added in 1965. The assets of a corporation are those items of value which are owned by the corporation as a legal entity. Included in these assets are such items as cash, marketable securities, accounts receivable, inventories, fixed assets and investments in affiliated corporations. The amounts tabulated in this report are those shown on the balance sheet of the corporations after deducting allowances for doubtful accounts and accumulated depreciation. The assets of a corporation are equal to the liabilities or debts of the corporation plus the investment of the owners in the corporation, the shareholders' equity. The liabilities of a corporation are amounts that the corporation has an obligation to pay immediately or at some time in the future. After these obligations are discharged any residual represents the interest of the shareholders. Therefore the assets of a corporation less the liabilities are equal to the equity. Ownership involves certain inherent risks but also carries with it the rewards of participation in the profits of the corporation. As tabulated, equity consists of the total of all issued share capital, the earnings retained in the business (or minus any deficit) and any amount segregated from the retained earnings.

The amount normally tabulated as sales by trade, manufacturing and similar companies is the gross revenue derived from their principal source of operations. However total income was used for

Renseignements financiers élémentaires

Les éléments financiers fondamentaux qu'on a présenté sous forme de tableaux sont l'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les chiffres d'affaires et les bénéfices depuis 1962, données auxquelles s'ajoute, depuis 1965, le revenu imposable. L'actif d'une société se compose des avoirs qu'elle possède à titre de personne morale, dont l'encaisse, les valeurs négociables, les comptes à recevoir, les stocks, les immobilisations et les investissements dans les sociétés affiliées. Les sommes figurant aux tableaux du présent bulletin sont celles qui figurent au bilan des sociétés, déduction faite de certaines prévisions pour créances douteuses et dépréciation. L'actif d'une société est égal à son passif ou à ses dettes plus l'investissement des propriétaires dans l'entreprise, soit l'avoir des actionnaires. Le passif d'une société est constitué des sommes qu'elle doit payer à courte ou à longue échéance. Ce qui reste après le règlement de ces obligations représente l'avoir des actionnaires, c'est-à-dire les éléments d'actif d'une société moins les éléments de passif. Le fait d'être propriétaire comporte certains risques mais aussi l'avantage de participer aux bénéfices de la société. Comme l'indiquent les tableaux, l'avoir des actionnaires représente l'ensemble des actions émises, plus les bénéfices cumulés (moins le déficit éventuel), et toute somme mise à part sur les bénéfices cumulés.

Le montant habituellement indiqué comme chiffre d'affaires par les sociétés commerciales, manufacturières et autres semblables représente le revenu brut provenant de leur principale activité. Cependant,

corporations whose main source of income was from rents, dividends and interest. The measure of profits that has been tabulated includes the corporation's operating profit, financial and other income and any non-taxable income such as dividends received and capital gains, after deducting allowances for depreciation but before income tax provisions and dividend declarations. Taxable income is the amount on which the corporation's income tax rate is applied. The reconciliation of book profit with taxable income is carried out according to the provisions of the Income Tax Act. This reconciliation has been tabulated and indicates the magnitude of the main adjustments that are made and is contained in the publication "Corporation Taxation Statistics", (Catalogue No. 61-208), published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Corporation Assets

The measure of total assets indicates the magnitude of the resources used by the corporation for business purposes. The composition of the assets of a corporation may be considered in several different ways. The most important consideration to the corporation is a separation into current assets, fixed assets and other assets. Current assets are items that are highly liquid in nature such as cash and items that can be turned into cash and that are used to meet current liabilities or current expenses should income lag behind financial needs in a particular period, or to meet long-term debt commitments and to make long-term investments as appropriate to the business. The proportion of current assets to total assets varies substantially between industry groups ranging from a low of 12.2 per cent for utilities to a high of 72.4 per cent for wholesale trade. These proportions indicate the different nature of the two industries. In the case of utilities the main income earning asset consists of plant and equipment such as pipelines, railways and communication systems while the main income earning asset of wholesale trade consists of goods-in-trade (inventories) and amounts advanced to purchasers of these goods (accounts receivable).

The second group of assets are fixed assets consisting of land, plant and equipment, engineering structures and costs incurred in the development of depletable assets. These assets have a length of life greater than one year and are expected to produce value to the business over an extended period.

Several measures of the value of fixed assets are used for various purposes and it is useful to note the differences. The **original cost** of an asset is the cost of the asset when it was originally acquired and is the value that is usually used to record the acquisition in the books of the corporation. The asset is going to deteriorate over time due to normal usage, and to reduce the value gradually, a depreciation charge is made against the asset and the reduced value is called depreciated value or **book value**. Another measure of

dans le cas de certaines sociétés dont la source principale de revenus était les loyers, les dividendes et l'intérêt, c'est le revenu total qui fut retenu. Les bénéfices figurant aux tableaux comprennent les bénéfices d'exploitation des sociétés, les revenus de placements et autres et tout autre revenu non imposable tel que les dividendes reçus et les gains en capital, après déduction des provisions pour dépréciation mais avant provisions pour l'impôt sur le revenu et déclaration de dividendes. Le revenu imposable est le montant sur lequel est calculé l'impôt sur le revenu de la société. Le rapprochement des bénéfices comptables au revenu imposable se fait selon les prévisions de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Ce rapprochement, qui fait ressortir l'importance des principaux ajustements, figure au tableau paru dans la publication intitulée "Statistique fiscale des sociétés" et publiée par le Bureau fédéral de la statistique (numéro de catalogue 61-208).

L'actif des sociétés

A l'importance de l'actif total se mesure l'ampleur des ressources que la société consacre à ses activités. On peut envisager la composition de l'actif d'une société sous plusieurs angles. La société, elle, met l'accent sur une répartition en actif disponible, actif immobilisé et autre actif. L'actif disponible se compose d'avoirs essentiellement liquides tels qu'espèces et avoirs réalisables et dont on se sert pour couvrir les exigibilités ou les frais courants dès que les recettes du moment ne suffisent pas aux besoins financiers ou pour faire face aux dettes à long terme ou effectuer les investissements à long terme que réclame la situation. La proportion entre l'actif disponible et l'actif global varie beaucoup d'un groupe d'activités à l'autre et va d'un minimum de 12.2 p. 100 pour les services d'utilité publique à un maximum de 72.4 p. 100 pour le commerce de gros. Ces proportions montrent la nature différente des deux branches d'activité. Dans le cas des services d'utilité publique, le principal avoir productif de revenu est constitué par l'usine et le matériel (pipe-lines, chemins de fer et réseaux de communication) tandis que le principal avoir productif de revenu du commerce de gros consiste en stocks de marchandises et en avances faites aux acheteurs de ces marchandises (comptes à recevoir).

La deuxième catégorie d'actif est celle des actifs immobilisés, soit terrains, usines et matériel, constructions et dépenses faites en vue de la mise en valeur des actifs épuisables. Ces actifs ont une vie de plus d'un an et sont censés de produire des revenus pendant de nombreuses années.

Selon la fin, on évalue les immobilisations de plusieurs façons. Le **coût original** d'un élément d'actif en est le prix à sa première acquisition. C'est la valeur ordinairement consignée dans les livres de la société. L'élément perdra de sa valeur au cours des années par suite de l'usure normale. Pour tenir compte de cette dépréciation on charge le compte de l'élément déprécié d'un certain montant. La valeur réduite s'appelle **valeur comptable**. La valeur d'un élément d'actif peut aussi s'exprimer par la **valeur de remplacement**, c'est-à-dire ce qu'il coûterait pour le remplacer.

TABLE VI. Distribution of Assets Held by Type of Asset by Industry Group, 1965
TABLEAU VI. Répartition de l'actif des sociétés, par catégorie d'actif et par branche d'activité, 1965

Type of asset Actifs	Industry group — Branche d'activité										
	Agri- culture, forestry and fishing Agri- culture, exploit- ation forestière et pêche	Mining Mines	Manu- factur- ing Indus- tries manu- facturi- ères	Con- struc- tion	Utili- ties — Ser- vices publi- ques	Whole- sale trade — Com- merce de gros	Retail trade — Com- merce de détail	Serv- ices	Total non- financial indus- tries — Total, sociétés non financi- ères	Finances	Total all indus- tries — En- semble
per cent — pour cent											
Current assets — Disponibilités:											
Cash — Encaisse	3.8	2.2	2.5	4.3	1.5	3.6	5.8	5.3	2.8	6.0	4.4
Marketable securities — Va- leurs réalisables	3.0	4.6	3.4	3.7	1.3	3.4	2.9	3.7	3.1	35.5	19.0
Accounts receivable — Comptes à recevoir	8.0	5.6	18.3	32.2	5.7	33.4	17.0	12.8	15.9	7.7	11.9
Inventories — Stocks de mar- chandises	12.5	4.1	21.5	25.4	2.0	30.8	35.2	3.2	16.5	.6	8.7
Other current assets — Autres actifs à court terme	1.9	.7	.8	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.1	.2	.7
Current assets — Total — Disponibilités	29.2	17.2	46.5	67.4	12.2	72.4	62.4	26.6	39.4	50.1	44.7
Fixed assets — Immobilisations:											
Land — Terrains	14.1	.4	1.5	2.9	1.3	2.3	3.2	5.6	1.9	1.9	1.9
Net buildings and equipment — Bâtimens et outillage, net	31.7	26.0	33.8	18.7	74.8	11.7	17.5	46.6	38.0	6.6	22.6
Depletable assets — Actifs amortissables	8.3	33.1	2.5	.2	.4	.5	—	.2	5.2	.2	2.8
Fixed assets — Total — Im- mobilisations	54.1	59.5	37.8	21.8	76.5	14.5	20.7	52.4	45.1	8.7	27.3
Other assets — Autres actifs:											
Long-term investments — Placements à long terme	5.8	6.4	2.0	3.5	1.1	4.1	3.0	5.8	2.9	29.3	15.8
Investments in affiliates — Placements dans des soci- étés affiliées	7.7	14.0	12.0	5.2	8.1	7.0	10.8	9.8	10.4	11.3	10.8
Other assets — Autres actifs	3.2	2.9	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.9	3.1	5.4	2.2	.6	1.4
Other assets — Total — Autres actifs	16.7	23.3	15.7	10.8	11.2	13.0	16.9	21.0	15.5	41.2	28.0
Assets — Total — Actifs	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

the value of an asset is the cost to replace the asset or the **replacement value**. This value reflects current construction conditions and will usually be based upon reproducing the original asset. In some cases however it is not possible to reproduce the same asset and in these cases the cost of the reproduction of an asset of similar utility is used. Over a period of years an asset loses value through use as well as through changes in general economic conditions or changes in the particular industry. These economic or industry changes may however result in an appreciation in value, since the value of an asset is based upon its future life and earning capacity. The present value of the future earning capacity is a measure of a potential buyer's expectations and is called the **market value**. The method of recording fixed assets that is usually used by a corporation, is to record the asset at original cost, deduct accumulated depreciation, resulting in the book value.

Cette valeur reflète les conditions courantes de construction et se fonde ordinairement sur la reproduction du bien tel qu'il était à l'origine. Toutefois, il est parfois impossible de le reproduire exactement. On se sert alors du coût de reproduction d'un bien servant à des fins semblables. Au cours des années l'élément d'actif perd de sa valeur tant par suite de l'usure qu'en raison des changements survenus dans l'économie générale ou dans l'industrie particulière. Ces changements économiques ou industriels peuvent se traduire par une augmentation de la valeur, puisque la valeur d'un élément d'actif se fonde sur la durée de sa vie utile et sa puissance productive. La valeur actuelle des bénéfices futurs éventuels est une indication de ce que l'acheteur espère en retirer. Elle se nomme **valeur marchande**. Généralement, les sociétés inscrivent les immobilisations à leur coût original et en déduisent la dépréciation accumulée pour arriver à la valeur comptable.

DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS HELD BY TYPE OF ASSET BY INDUSTRY GROUP, 1965
RÉPARTITION DES ACTIFS PAR CATÉGORIE D'ACTIF ET PAR GROUPE D'ACTIVITÉS, 1965



In addition to current assets and fixed assets, corporations have a third group of assets. These include long-term investments, investments in and advances to affiliated companies, costs of patents and copyrights and similar costs. Generally this class of assets includes items that will produce value to the corporation over a long period of time and cannot be conveniently converted into cash while the business is operating. This class of asset typically is intangible in nature, rather than tangible as are fixed assets.

The total assets of a corporation is a measure of the size of the corporation and indicates the magnitude of the resources used by the corporation for business purposes. In an examination of the financial position or financial operations of a corporation, total assets is determined as a measure of size and as a frequent starting point in the analysis. Similarly, as total assets is used to determine the magnitude of the resources available to a single corporation, total assets may also be used for a group of corporations to determine the resources available to that group. These groups of corporations may be industry groups, ownership groups or any other group of corporations with common characteristics.

The funds used by the corporation to acquire assets come from two main sources, advanced as a debt by customers or investors, or by the owners of the corporation as capital investment or current earnings retained in business. The borrowing of funds from investors involves the payment of interest, and the businessman borrows these funds in the expectation that his return on the investment in his business will be greater than the cost of the borrowing. A corporation acquires some funds through the deferring of payment of current liabilities such as accounts payable and the businessman attempts to minimize the cost of funds so acquired. Similarly one of the costs of doing business is the advancement of credit to customers and other necessary short-term investments. The businessman attempts to minimize non-revenue producing investments and by balancing funds so acquired against funds so used he will maximize the financial return to his business in this area. These factors as well as the corporation management's ability, the technical competence of the labour force, labour productivity technology available to the corporation, market conditions, capital stock and many others all influence the success of the business venture.

The allocation of funds available to a corporation among the asset classes is largely determined by the management of the corporation. This distribution of funds reflects the most advantageous situation in the opinion of the management of the corporation. In general the objective in the allocation of assets by the corporation is to maximize the return to the corporation. The rate of return of

En plus de l'actif à court terme et de l'actif immobilisé, les sociétés possèdent un troisième groupe d'éléments d'actif. Ceux-ci comprennent les investissements à long terme, les investissements dans des filiales et le crédit qu'on leur avance, la valeur des brevets et des droits de reproduction et d'autres éléments d'actif du même genre. D'ordinaire, cette catégorie d'actif groupe des éléments dont la société bénéficierait pendant une période de temps assez étendue et qui ne peuvent pas être facilement convertis en espèces tant que l'entreprise fonctionne. D'ordinaire, ils s'opposent à l'actif immobilisé qui est de nature matérielle.

L'actif total d'une société est l'indice de son importance. Il révèle l'ampleur des ressources dont elle dispose pour assurer la marche de ses affaires. Dans une analyse de la situation ou des opérations financières d'une société, l'actif total est défini comme indice d'importance et sert souvent de point de départ à l'analyse. De même qu'on se sert de l'actif total pour constater l'ampleur des moyens d'une société, on peut employer celui d'un groupe de sociétés pour en évaluer les ressources. A cette fin les sociétés peuvent être groupées suivant leur activité, suivant la proportion des actions détenues par des non-résidents ou suivant toute autre caractéristique qui leur est commune.

Les fonds que consacre la société à l'acquisition d'éléments d'actif proviennent de deux sources principales: prêts consentis par les clients ou investisseurs ou investissement de fonds ou réinvestissement de bénéfices par les actionnaires de la société. L'emprunt de fonds comporte le versement d'intérêts. L'emprunteur de fonds espère que le revenu des sommes qu'il investit dans son affaire sera plus élevé que le coût de l'emprunt. Une société acquiert également des fonds en différant le règlement de dettes exigibles à court terme telles que les comptes à payer. L'homme d'affaires s'efforce de réduire au minimum le coût des fonds ainsi acquis. D'autre part, une partie des frais d'exploitation est causée par l'avancement de sommes aux clients ainsi que par d'autres investissements nécessaires à court terme. L'homme d'affaires essaie de minimiser les investissements non productifs de revenu et en équilibrant les fonds ainsi acquis et les fonds ainsi employés il portera au maximum le revenu de son entreprise sous ce rapport. Ces facteurs, ainsi que plusieurs autres, dont la compétence administrative des dirigeants de la société, la compétence technique de la main-d'oeuvre, la productivité de la main-d'oeuvre, des techniques dont dispose la société, la conjoncture, l'approvisionnement en biens de capital et bon nombre d'autres facteurs influent sur la marche d'une entreprise commerciale.

C'est surtout la direction de la société qui décide de l'affectation des fonds disponibles aux diverses catégories d'actif. Cette répartition des fonds correspond à l'utilisation que la direction considère comme la plus avantageuse. En général, le but que vise l'affectation des fonds est d'obtenir le meilleur rendement possible. Le taux de rendement de l'actif total est un indice de la rentabilité des investisse-

profits on total assets is a measure of the effectiveness of the corporation's investment. The ratio of profits on assets is a relative measure of investment effectiveness because it does not take into account the relationship of equity to debt in the financing of the corporation's assets. The absolute measure of investment effectiveness would combine interest paid by the corporation on borrowed funds with profits.

Financial Analysis

The **profitability** of a corporation, the proportion of profits earned in relation to the equity, is the most important measure to the owners of a corporation. Equity represents the investment of the owners in the corporation, and profits earned during a year, as a percentage of the equity (profits over equity times 100) is a measure of the profitability of the corporation in that year. The comparison of the ratio between industries indicates the relative profitability of the industries to their owners and the comparison of this ratio over time indicates the ability of the industry to maintain or increase both its relative and absolute profitability.

The **profit margin** is the percentage that profit is of sales (profits over sales times 100) and represents the funds which remain after paying all expenses including interest. This margin represents the owner's share of the sales or revenue dollar. This ratio is related to turnover as some companies develop a high turnover with a very small margin while other companies depend upon a much larger margin because of a smaller turnover. High turnover and low margin rates are usually associated with such activities as merchandising and short-run manufacturing processes while low turnover and relatively higher margin rates are associated with activities requiring high initial capital investment and longer processing periods such as mining and primary manufacturing. These differences cannot be quantified at the present time.

The **asset turnover** (sales divided by assets) is a measure of operating efficiency. The assets of a corporation are the funds available to the business and sales or gross revenue represents the volume of business done by the corporation. The relationship of assets to sales is a measure of the degree to which management is utilizing the assets of the corporation.

The long-term solvency of a corporation while being determined by the corporation's performance may be affected by the **equity leverage**, the relationship of equity capital to debt capital. The corporation that has a greater proportion of debt to equity is using the equity to increase the financial leverage in the acquisition of funds. In such a situation the risks to the shareholder are increased,

ments de la société mais la proportion des bénéfices par rapport à l'actif n'est qu'un indice relatif de la rentabilité de l'investissement parce qu'elle ne tient pas compte du rapport entre l'avoir des actionnaires et les dettes contractées pour financer l'acquisition d'éléments d'actif. L'indice absolu de la rentabilité de l'investissement doit tenir compte tant des bénéfices que des intérêts versés par la société sur les fonds empruntés.

Analyse des finances

Les propriétaires considèrent la **rentabilité** d'une société, soit la proportion des bénéfices gagnés par rapport à l'avoir des actionnaires, comme la mesure la plus importante. L'avoir des actionnaires représente la participation des propriétaires dans la société et les bénéfices réalisés au cours de l'année, exprimés sous forme de pourcentage de l'avoir propre (bénéfices divisés par l'avoir et multipliés par 100), sont l'indice de la rentabilité de la société pour l'année. La comparaison du taux des diverses industries en indique la rentabilité relative et l'évolution du taux dans le temps montre la capacité de l'industrie de maintenir ou d'augmenter sa rentabilité tant relative qu'absolue.

La **marge bénéficiaire** est la proportion des bénéfices par rapport au chiffre d'affaires (bénéfices divisés par le chiffre d'affaires et multipliés par 100) et représente les fonds qui restent après le paiement de tous les frais, y compris les intérêts. Cette marge représente la part du produit des ventes qui revient au propriétaire. Ce rapport se fonde sur le chiffre d'affaires parce que certaines sociétés obtiennent un chiffre d'affaires élevé avec une très petite marge de bénéfice, alors qu'il faut à d'autres une marge beaucoup plus importante à cause d'un chiffre d'affaires plus faible. On retrouve un chiffre d'affaires élevé et une marge bénéficiaire réduite dans les ventes et dans la fabrication de petites séries et un chiffre d'affaires peu élevé et une marge bénéficiaire relativement forte dans les entreprises exigeant une mise de fonds initiale assez élevée et des temps de traitement plus longs (on pense naturellement à l'exploitation minière et aux industries manufacturières primaires). A l'heure actuelle, cette différence ne peut s'exprimer en chiffres.

La **rotation de l'actif** (ventes divisées par l'actif) donne la mesure de l'efficacité de l'exploitation. L'actif d'une société, ce sont les fonds dont elle dispose. Le chiffre d'affaires ou le revenu brut traduisent le volume d'affaires d'une société. Le rapport entre l'actif et le chiffre d'affaires indique dans quelle mesure la direction utilise l'actif de la société.

Bien que la solvabilité à longue échéance d'une société soit fonction de son rendement, elle peut être influencée par le risque de rendement, soit le **rapport entre l'avoir des actionnaires** et le capital emprunté. Si la proportion des dettes d'une société par rapport à l'avoir des actionnaires est élevée, la société se sert de ce dernier pour acquérir des fonds. Les risques des actionnaires en sont accrus, mais en

but an opportunity for greater profits is provided. In a period of inflation a larger proportion of debt to equity is usually advantageous to the corporation. However in times of adversity, the fixed charges associated with the debt may become too large. The ratio Assets over Equity provides a measure of this leverage.

The profitability of a corporation is the product of the other three ratios and therefore an increase in any one of the three ratios will increase the profitability and a maximization of the three ratios will maximize profitability.

Therefore — Profitability equals Profit Margin times Asset Turnover times Equity leverage,

or

$$\frac{\text{Profits}}{\text{Equity}} = \frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{Sales}} \times \frac{\text{Sales}}{\text{Assets}} \times \frac{\text{Assets}}{\text{Equity}}$$

The financial ratios provided in Table VII for total Manufacturing in Canada in 1965 indicate that the smaller corporations have higher asset turnover and equity leverage ratios and that these ratios decline as the firms become larger. However the third ratio, the profit margin increases as the firm becomes larger and the increase is sufficiently large to offset the less advantageous position of the first two ratios and provides a higher profitability ratio for the larger firms. In general the profits and profitability of a corporation would tend to be more stable than the component ratios.

même temps ceux-ci ont la possibilité d'augmenter leur profit. En période d'inflation une proportion plus grande entre les dettes et l'avoir des actionnaires est habituellement à l'avantage de la société. Par contre, en des temps difficiles, les frais fixes qui se rattachent à la dette peuvent devenir trop élevés. Le rapport actif-avoir des actionnaires nous donne la mesure du risque de rendement.

La rentabilité d'une société est le produit des trois autres rapports. Il s'ensuit donc que, si l'un d'entre eux augmente, la rentabilité en sera pour autant accrue et la valeur maximisée des trois rapports portera la rentabilité au maximum.

Par conséquent, la rentabilité est égale à la marge bénéficiaire multipliée par la rotation de l'actif et le risque de rendement, soit

$$\frac{\text{Bénéfices}}{\text{Avoir}} = \frac{\text{Bénéfices}}{\text{Ventes}} \times \frac{\text{Ventes}}{\text{Actif}} \times \frac{\text{Actif}}{\text{Avoir}}$$

Les rapports financiers que donne le Tableau VII pour l'ensemble des industries manufacturières au Canada en 1965 montre bien que les sociétés de moindre importance ont des rapports ventes-actif et actif-avoir plus élevés et que ces rapports diminuent en fonction de l'importance croissante des sociétés. Dans le cas du troisième rapport, par contre, la marge bénéficiaire augmente à mesure que croît l'importance de la société, l'augmentation étant suffisamment grande pour compenser l'effet défavorable des deux autres rapports ce qui assure aux grandes sociétés une rentabilité plus élevée. En général, les bénéfices et la rentabilité d'une société tendent à être plus stables que les rapports dont ils sont le produit.

TABLE VII. Financial Ratios of Manufacturing Corporations in Canada by Asset Size Group, 1965

TABLEAU VII. Rapports financiers des sociétés manufacturières au Canada par taille de l'actif, 1965

Asset size — Taille de l'actif	Profitability — Rentabilité	Profit margin — Marge bénéficiaire	Asset turnover — Rotation de l'actif	Equity leverage — Endettement
	$\frac{\text{Profits} - \text{Bénéfices}}{\text{Equity} - \text{Avoir}} \times 100$	$\frac{\text{Profits} - \text{Bénéfices}}{\text{Sales} - \text{Ventes}} \times 100$	$\frac{\text{Sales} - \text{Ventes}}{\text{Assets} - \text{Actif}}$	$\frac{\text{Assets} - \text{Actif}}{\text{Equity} - \text{Avoir}}$
	%	%	times — fois	times — fois
Under \$100,000 — Moins de \$100,000	9.70	1.51	x 2.14	x 3.01
\$ 100,000- \$ 249,999	15.84	3.48	x 1.88	x 2.42
250,000- 999,999	15.40	3.58	x 1.83	x 2.35
1,000,000- 4,999,999	18.40	5.62	x 1.55	x 2.12
5,000,000- 24,999,999	19.91	7.88	x 1.31	x 1.93
25,000,000 and over — et plus	17.56	11.25	x .91	x 1.71
Total	17.81	8.36	x 1.16	x 1.84

Size of Corporations in Canada

The comprehensive program of corporation financial statistics that is being developed by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has produced additional data on the structure of industry in Canada. The 1965 program has examined nearly 170,000 corporations which have been grouped into both asset and sales size groups. These data indicate that 58.1 per cent of corporations in Canada over 98,000 have assets valued at less than \$100,000, although the assets of this group in total account for only 2.2 per cent of assets of all corporations. This size corporation accounts for less than 1 per cent of the assets in the Mining industries to 12.9 and 13.8 per cent in Retail Trade and Service industries respectively. These smaller corporations account for a similar proportion of equity, sales and profits.

As the corporation size-group increases, the number of corporations become smaller but their importance increases. At the upper end of the size scale, there are 2,361 corporations each having assets exceeding \$5 million. This group of corporations constitutes only 1.3 per cent of all corporations in Canada but hold 76.5 per cent of assets held by corporations. This group of corporations had a lower proportion of total sales in 1965, 52.2 per cent but earned 76.5 per cent of all corporation profits.

The medium size firm, having sales between \$1 million and \$5 million, is relatively more important in the Construction industry and Wholesale Trade than in other industries. In Retail Trade the small, medium and large firm share equal proportions of business activity while the small and medium size firm share the Service industries. In a number of industry groups, Mining, Manufacturing, Utilities and Finance, the large firm dominates although in some of these industries particularly Manufacturing and Finance there are many medium and small size firms.

Importance des sociétés au Canada

Le programme d'ensemble de la statistique financière sur les sociétés, que le Bureau fédéral de la statistique est en train d'élaborer, a aussi produit des renseignements sur la structure de l'activité économique du Canada. Dans le cadre du programme on a examiné, en 1965, 170,000 sociétés qu'on a réparties suivant l'importance de l'actif et celle du chiffre d'affaires. Il en ressort que 58.1 p. 100 des sociétés au Canada, c'est-à-dire plus de 98,000 sociétés, ont un actif évalué à moins de \$100,000, mais que l'actif de ce groupe ne représente dans son ensemble que 2.2 p. 100 de l'actif de toutes les sociétés. L'actif des sociétés de cet ordre d'importance représente une proportion qui va de moins de 1 p. 100 dans l'industrie minière à 12.9 p. 100 dans le commerce de détail et à 13.8 p. 100 dans les services. L'actif, les ventes et les profits des plus petites sociétés présentent des proportions similaires.

A mesure que s'accroît l'importance des sociétés, le nombre de sociétés comprises dans le groupe diminue. La partie supérieure de l'échelle est occupée par 2,361 sociétés ayant chacune un actif dépassant 5 millions de dollars. Ce dernier groupe représente seulement 1.3 p. 100 de toutes les sociétés du Canada mais réunit 76.5 p. 100 de l'actif global des sociétés. Par contre, ce même groupe réunissait, en 1965, une proportion moindre des ventes totales, soit 52.2 p. 100, mais avait réalisé 76.5 p. 100 de tous les bénéfices des sociétés.

La société de grandeur moyenne, dont les ventes vont de 1 million à 5 millions de dollars, occupe une place relativement plus importante dans la construction et dans le commerce de gros que dans les autres branches d'activité. Dans le commerce de détail, l'activité commerciale se répartit de façon égale entre les petites, moyennes et grandes firmes tandis que les petites et moyennes sociétés assurent les services. Dans certains groupes d'activités, soit les mines, la fabrication, les services d'utilité publique et la finance, les grandes sociétés prédominent bien que l'industrie manufacturière et la finance comptent aussi bon nombre de moyennes et petites entreprises.

TABLE VIII. Number of Corporations in Canada by Asset Size Group and Industry Group, 1965

TABLEAU VIII. Nombre de sociétés au Canada, par taille de l'actif et par branche d'activité, 1965

Industry group — Branche d'activité	Asset size group — Taille de l'actif						Total
	Under \$100,000 Moins de \$100,000	\$100,000- 249,999	\$250,000- 999,999	\$1,000,000- 4,999,999	\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999	\$25,000,000 and over — et plus	
	number — nombre						
Primary — Secteur primaire sauf les mines	2,760	1,324	568	86	9	—	4,747
Mining — Mines	1,721	731	740	451	145	69	3,857
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	9,687	4,867	4,380	1,861	510	194	21,489
Construction	9,652	3,155	2,003	442	73	6	15,331
Utilities — Services publiques	4,568	1,326	767	296	97	57	7,111
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	11,325	4,587	3,659	946	156	18	20,691
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	16,261	5,100	2,170	437	49	13	24,035
Finances	27,243	10,527	8,873	3,048	668	242	50,601
Services	15,002	3,841	2,012	389	45	5	21,294
Total	98,219	35,458	25,172	7,956	1,750	611	169,166

TABLE IX. Corporations in Canada by Asset Size Group, 1965

TABLEAU IX. Les sociétés au Canada, par taille de l'actif, 1965

Asset size group — Taille de l'actif	Number — Nombre	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices
\$'000,000					
Less than \$100,000 — Moins de \$100,000	98, 219	3, 548. 4	1, 169. 6	6, 868. 0	181. 6
\$ 100,000- \$ 249,999	35, 458	5, 630. 2	2, 244. 9	7, 722. 4	296. 4
250,000- 999,999	25, 172	11, 972. 7	4, 684. 5	14, 568. 5	538. 6
1,000,000- 4,999,999	7, 956	16, 266. 6	6, 709. 3	16, 341. 0	807. 2
5,000,000- 24,999,999	1, 750	17, 958. 4	8, 474. 6	14, 410. 5	1, 227. 3
25,000,000 and over — et plus	611	103, 579. 7	36, 079. 7	35, 263. 2	4, 411. 3
Total	169, 166	158, 936. 0	59, 362. 6	95, 173. 6	7, 462. 4
Per cent — Pour-cent					
Less than \$100,000 — Moins de \$100,000	58. 1	2. 2	2. 0	7. 2	2. 4
\$ 100,000- \$ 249,999	21. 0	3. 6	3. 8	8. 1	4. 0
250,000- 999,999	14. 9	7. 5	7. 9	15. 3	7. 2
1,000,000- 4,999,999	4. 7	10. 2	11. 3	17. 2	10. 8
5,000,000- 24,999,999	1. 0	11. 3	14. 3	15. 1	16. 4
25,000,000 and over — et plus	0. 3	65. 2	60. 7	37. 1	59. 2
Total	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0

TABLE X. Number of Corporations in Canada by Sales Size Group and Industry Group, 1965

TABLEAU X. Nombre de sociétés au Canada réparties selon l'importance des ventes, et les branches d'activité, 1965

Industry group Branche d'activité	Sales size group — Importance des ventes					
	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	\$500,000- 999,999	\$1,000,000- 9,999,999	\$10,000,000- 49,999,999	\$50,000,000 and over — et plus	Total
	number — nombre					
Primary — Secteur primaire sauf les mines...	4, 543	124	80	—	—	4, 747
Mining — Mines	3, 421	133	251	40	12	3, 857
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	15, 209	2, 405	3, 394	397	96	21, 501
Construction	13, 113	1, 157	1, 007	50	4	15, 331
Utilities — Service publiques	6, 345	340	364	51	11	7, 111
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	15, 390	2, 540	2, 568	167	26	20, 691
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	20, 469	1, 835	1, 633	82	16	24, 035
Finances	49, 400	506	583	93	19	50, 601
Services	20, 368	538	379	9	—	21, 294
Total	148, 256	9, 578	10, 258	890	184	169, 166

TABLE XI. Corporations in Canada by Sales Size Groups, 1965
TABLEAU XI. Les sociétés au Canada, par importance des ventes, 1965

Sales size group Importance des ventes	Number Nombre	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices
\$'000,000					
Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	148,256	37,603.6	11,807.3	12,849.0	780.2
\$ 500,000 - \$ 999,999	9,578	6,658.1	2,719.4	6,712.4	294.9
1,000,000 - 9,999,999	10,258	29,227.3	12,524.8	27,073.7	1,545.1
10,000,000 - 49,999,999	890	27,428.3	11,403.3	17,741.1	1,825.1
50,000,000 and over — et plus	184	58,038.7	20,907.8	30,797.4	3,017.1
Total	169,166	158,956.0	59,362.6	95,173.6	7,462.4
Per cent — Pour-cent					
Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	87.6	23.7	19.9	13.5	10.5
\$ 500,000 - \$ 999,999	5.7	4.2	4.6	7.1	4.0
1,000,000 - 9,999,999	6.1	18.4	21.1	28.4	20.7
10,000,000 - 49,999,999 .....	.5	17.3	19.2	18.6	24.4
50,000,000 and over — et plus .....	.1	36.4	35.2	32.4	40.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

OWNERSHIP OF CORPORATIONS IN CANADA

This report contains information that permits a more complete profile of the ownership of Canadian industry than has been possible in earlier reports under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. The ownership of 37,780 corporations reporting under the Act has been examined for fiscal periods ending in 1965. It has been determined that the ultimate ownership of 5,369 of these corporations is more than 50 per cent non-resident, while 32,411 are more than 50 per cent Canadian owned.

In addition to these corporations reporting under the Act, in 1965 a tabulation of corporations not required to report under the Act was prepared and is presented in Table XIII. This tabulation indicates that 131,388 corporations in Canada were in this category. These corporations held assets valued at \$65.6 billion and had sales amounting to \$19.8 billion, compared with assets and sales of \$93.4 billion and \$75.4 billion respectively for reporting corporations.

This group of corporations not reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act includes corporations authorized to do business in Canada and subject to the Income Tax Act. This tabulation therefore excludes provincial and municipal government enterprises and non-profit organizations. The 131,388 corporations can be divided into two groups. The largest group, approxi-

APPARTENANCE DES SOCIÉTÉS CONSTITUÉES AU CANADA

Le présent bulletin, à l'encontre de ceux qui ont été établis précédemment en conformité de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, donne des renseignements qui permettent de mieux juger de la participation étrangère à l'économie canadienne. On a examiné la possession des actions de 37,780 sociétés produisant des déclarations à l'égard des exercices financiers qui se sont terminés en 1965. On a constaté que dans le cas de 5,369 de ces sociétés l'origine première de plus de 50 p. 100 des capitaux était étrangère tandis que des Canadiens détenaient plus de 50 p. 100 des actions dans 32,411 sociétés.

En plus des tableaux relatifs aux sociétés déclarantes on a dressé un tableau des sociétés qui ne sont pas tenues de produire des déclarations: le Tableau XIII montre que 131,388 sociétés au Canada appartenaient à cette catégorie, qu'elles avaient des actifs évalués à 65.6 milliards de dollars, et que leur chiffre d'affaires était de 19.8 milliards. (Les sociétés déclarantes avaient des actifs de 93.4 milliards et un chiffre d'affaires de 75.4 milliards de dollars.)

La catégorie des corporations ne produisant pas la déclaration prévue par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers comprend les sociétés autorisées à exercer leur activité au Canada et assujetties à la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Ne figurent donc pas au tableau les entreprises relevant des administrations publiques provinciales et municipales et les associations à but non lucratif.

mately 130,400 corporations are the small corporations in Canada having assets less than \$250,000 and sales less than \$500,000. These corporations held assets of approximately \$9,675 billion in 1965, an average of \$74,000 per corporation. The second group of corporations, approximately 1,000 in number, held assets of \$55,903 million, an average of \$56 million each. This later group includes some of the major financial institutions in Canada including the chartered banks and federally incorporated trust and loan companies, that provide financial and other information under Government of Canada statutes other than the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act.

The ownership of both of these groups of corporations is largely Canadian. The small corporation is typically operated by the owner and therefore is resident in Canada. The proportion of assets held by non-resident owned corporations reporting under the CALURA declines from a high of 30 to 60 per cent for the size group having assets over \$5,000,000, to a low of 2 to 15 per cent for small firms, having assets between \$250,000 and \$500,000. As illustrated in Chart 2, this proportion declines gradually and could be projected for firms not reporting under the Act to produce proportions of assets held by foreign-owned corporations in this smaller size group.

The proportion of assets held in each sector by four separate groups of corporations is presented in Chart 3. These groups consist of corporations that are, more than 50 per cent non-resident owned, more than 50 per cent Canadian owned, large exempt corporations and small exempt corporations. If the maximum proportion of non-resident ownership of the small exempt corporation is not more than 5 per cent of that size group, then the non-resident ownership of this group in relation to the whole sector is not more than one per cent. This proportion for all non-financial industries in total, as well as for all industries, would be not more than one quarter of one per cent, a relatively small amount. Therefore for most purposes relating to the ownership of industry in Canada, the assumption may be made, that small firms in Canada are Canadian owned.

The large exempt corporations, which are concentrated in the utilities and finance industries consist largely of corporations that make their financial affairs and ownership known to the public. These corporations to a very large extent are more than 50 per cent Canadian owned. There are exceptions to this situation but such exceptions constitute a relatively small proportion of assets held by this group of exempt corporations.

Les 131,388 sociétés ont été divisées en deux catégories. La catégorie la plus nombreuse, qui compte environ 130,400 sociétés, comprend les petites sociétés dont l'actif est inférieur à \$250,000 et le chiffre d'affaires, inférieur à \$500,000. En 1965, ces sociétés avaient des actifs de 9,675 milliards de dollars environ, soit en moyenne 74,000 dollars par société. La deuxième catégorie, qui compte environ 1,000 sociétés, avait des actifs de 55,903 millions de dollars, soit à peu près 56 millions par société. Ce dernier groupe réunit quelques-unes des principales entreprises financières du Canada (y compris les banques à charte et les compagnies fiduciaires et sociétés de prêt à charte fédérale) qui font des déclarations d'ordre financier et autre en vertu de lois fédérales autres que la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers.

Des Canadiens détiennent la majorité des actions dans la plupart des sociétés des deux catégories. La petite entreprise est normalement dirigée par le propriétaire, résident du Canada. La proportion de l'actif des sociétés déclarantes à capitaux étrangers par rapport à l'actif total va d'un maximum de 30 à 60 p. 100 pour la tranche ayant des actifs de plus de 5 millions de dollars à un minimum de 2 à 15 p. 100 pour les petites sociétés possédant des actifs de 25,000 à 500,000 dollars. Comme le montre le Graphique 2, cette proportion diminue progressivement et l'on pourrait prolonger les courbes pour connaître, pour les sociétés que la loi n'assujettit pas à la déclaration, la proportion de l'actif des sociétés à capitaux étrangers comprises dans cette tranche de taille encore plus petite.

Le Graphique 3 montre la proportion de l'actif de quatre groupes de sociétés par secteur d'activité. Ces groupes se composent de sociétés dont plus de 50 p. 100 des actions sont détenues par des non-résidents, de sociétés dont plus de 50 p. 100 des actions appartiennent à des résidents, de grandes sociétés dispensées de la déclaration et de petites sociétés ayant le même privilège. Si l'actif des petites sociétés non déclarantes à capitaux étrangers ne dépasse pas 5 p. 100 de l'actif de ce groupe dans tel secteur d'activité, alors la proportion de l'actif de ce groupe par rapport à l'actif global du secteur ne dépasse pas 1 p. 100 de l'actif global du secteur d'activité. Pour l'ensemble des entreprises non financières, aussi bien que, pour l'économie entière cette proportion ne dépasserait pas ¼ p. 100, pourcentage relativement faible. C'est pourquoi il est permis, dans la plupart des cas où il s'agit de la propriété des entreprises établies au Canada, d'assumer que les petites entreprises appartiennent à des Canadiens.

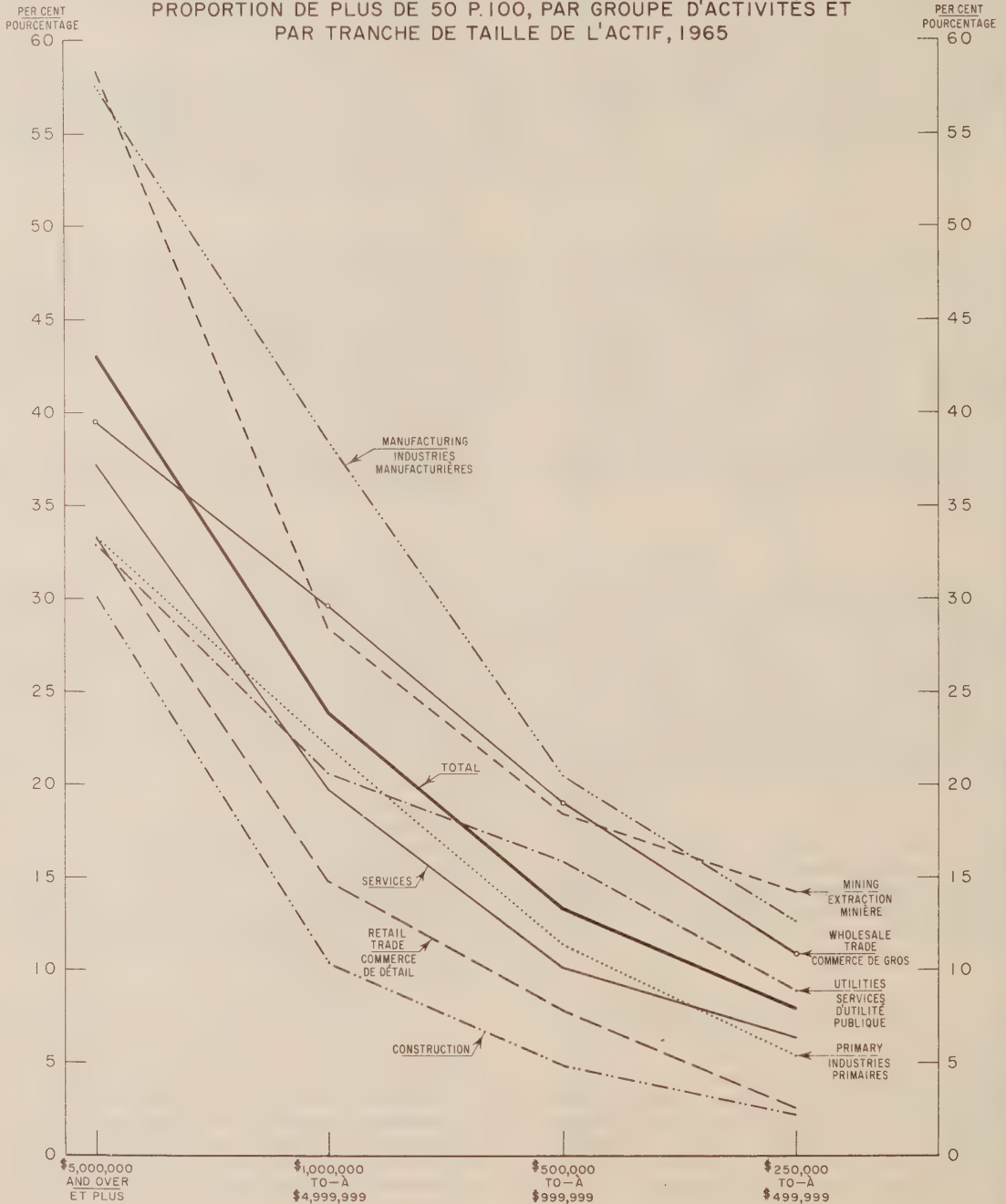
Les grandes sociétés qui ne font pas de déclaration et qui se trouvent surtout dans le secteur de la finance et des services d'utilité publique se composent en grande partie de sociétés qui publient les noms des détenteurs d'actions et des renseignements sur leur situation financière. Des Canadiens détiennent la majorité des actions d'une très grande partie de ces sociétés. Il y a des exceptions, mais elles représentent une part relativement modeste de l'actif de ce groupe de sociétés non déclarantes.

CHART -2

GRAPHIQUE -2

PER CENT OF ASSETS HELD BY CORPORATIONS MORE THAN 50 PER CENT
NON-RESIDENT OWNED BY INDUSTRY GROUP BY ASSET SIZE GROUP, 1965

PROPORTION DE L'ACTIF DES SOCIÉTÉS À CAPITAUX ÉTRANGERS DANS UNE
PROPORTION DE PLUS DE 50 P.100, PAR GROUPE D'ACTIVITÉS ET
PAR TRANCHE DE TAILLE DE L'ACTIF, 1965



PER CENT OF INDUSTRY GROUP ASSETS HELD BY OWNERSHIP CLASSES, 1965
PROPORTION DE L'ACTIF PAR GROUPE D'ACTIVITÉS ET PAR CATÉGORIE DE SOCIÉTÉ, 1965



In assessing the magnitude of non-resident owned corporations in Canada, a more realistic measure is possible when these exempt corporations, both large and small are considered to be Canadian owned, rather than depending solely on the proportions of reporting corporations divided between resident and non-resident owned groups. In 1965, non-resident corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act held 38.0 per cent of the assets of all reporting corporations but only 23.1 per cent of the assets of all corporations as defined in this report. These proportions for non-financial corporations decrease from 45.4 per cent to 35.8 per cent. These changes are significant and indicate the overstatement of the degree of non-resident ownership of corporations in Canada that existed in earlier reports in this series.

The magnitude of corporations doing business in Canada is illustrated in Tables XII and XIII and a comparison of the data in these two tables will reveal the relative importance of corporations under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in comparison with all corporations. The sum of these two tables represents corporate activity in Canada, with the few exceptions already noted. This comparison is presented in these tables in summary form and is presented by sector in Tables 1 to 10 of the statistical appendix. In addition, detailed industry tables are presented in Tables 31 to 166.

The relationship between reporting corporations and non-reporting corporations as well as the degree of non-resident ownership is better illustrated in Table XIV. For fiscal periods ending in 1965, a detailed examination of 169,168 corporations was carried out, resulting in 22.3 per cent being identified as reporting corporations and the remainder, 77.7 per cent, as non-reporting corporations. In contrast with the number of corporations, is the proportion of business activity attributed to each group. The reporting corporations held 58.7 per cent of total assets, although they accounted for 79.2 per cent of sales and 79.4 per cent of profits.

In this report a new dimension has been added to financial statistics of corporations in Canada. The item "taxable income" has been added which is the corporate income upon which the corporation income tax is based. This amount taxable income, differs from company profits according to the provisions of the Income Tax Act. A reconciliation of company profits with taxable income is contained in the publication "Corporation Taxation Statistics" (Catalogue No. 61-208) which sets out the magnitudes of the main provisions of the Income Tax Act and the main differences between company accounting and taxation accounting. The difference between these two measures, profits and taxable income, is illustrated in the various tables in this report. The 169,168 corporations reporting in 1965 recorded profits of \$7,462.2 million of which

Il est possible de mieux juger l'importance des sociétés à capitaux étrangers établies au Canada si l'on considère les sociétés, grandes et petites, dispensées de la déclaration, comme étant à capitaux canadiens au lieu de les partager selon le rapport entre sociétés déclarantes à capitaux étrangers et sociétés déclarantes à capitaux canadiens. En 1965, l'actif des sociétés déclarantes à capitaux étrangers représentait 38.0 p. 100 de l'actif de toutes les sociétés tenues de faire la déclaration prévue par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, mais seulement 23.1 p. 100 de l'actif de toutes les sociétés qui font l'objet de la présente étude. Dans le cas des sociétés non financières cette proportion décroît de 45.4 à 35.8 p. 100. Ces différences sont importantes: elles font voir que la proportion des sociétés à capitaux étrangers au Canada apparaissant dans les bulletins antérieurs de cette série était exagérée.

Les Tableaux XII et XIII font voir l'importance des sociétés qui exercent leur activité au Canada. En comparant les données des deux tableaux on constatera l'importance relative des sociétés déclarantes par rapport à l'ensemble des sociétés. Dans leur ensemble, les deux tableaux résument l'activité économique qu'exercent les sociétés au Canada, abstraction faite des quelques exceptions mentionnées plus haut. Dans les Tableaux de 1 à 10 de l'annexe statistique l'analyse se fait par secteur d'activité. D'autres détails figurent aux Tableaux de 31 à 166.

Le rapport entre sociétés déclarantes et sociétés non déclarantes et l'importance de la participation étrangère ressort mieux du Tableau XIV. Pour les années financières qui se sont terminées en 1965, nous avons étudié 169,168 sociétés: 22.3 p. 100 en font la déclaration et 77.7 p. 100 ne la font pas. Le chiffre d'affaires et les bénéfices réalisés par les divers groupes sont en contraste avec le nombre des sociétés que ceux-ci comportent: l'actif des sociétés produisant des déclarations représente 58.7 p. 100 de l'actif total, leur chiffre d'affaires, 79.2 p. 100 du chiffre global et leurs bénéfices, 79.4 p. 100 des bénéfices totaux.

Dans le présent bulletin figure une nouvelle dimension statistique: le poste "revenu imposable", soit le revenu des sociétés sur lequel est calculé l'impôt. Selon la Loi de l'impôt sur le Revenu, le revenu imposable diffère des bénéfices de la société. On trouve dans l'ouvrage "Statistique fiscale des sociétés" (numéro de catalogue 61-208) le rapprochement du bénéfice comptable et du revenu imposable qui fait ressortir l'incidence des clauses principales de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu et les différences les plus importantes entre la comptabilité commerciale ou industrielle et la comptabilité fiscale. Les divers tableaux de ce rapport illustrent la différence entre les bénéfices et le revenu imposable. En 1965, les 169,168 sociétés ont déclaré des bénéfices de 7,462.2 millions de dollars dont 3,943.6 millions de dollars, soit 53 p. 100, étaient du revenu imposable, base de

**TABLE XII. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act,
by Industry Group, 1965**

**TABLEAU XII. Les sociétés qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations
des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, par branche d'activité, 1965**

Industry group Branche d'activité	Number Nombre	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
\$'000,000						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	617	466.5	222.4	323.3	19.1	13.1
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	1,407	8,793.0	5,721.2	3,106.2	661.6	120.6
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	7,437	30,733.4	16,848.7	34,826.3	3,040.6	1,984.1
Construction	3,062	2,823.0	653.2	4,452.1	116.4	52.7
Utilities ¹ — Services publiques ¹	1,154	5,641.8	2,006.0	2,657.6	357.3	211.5
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	6,197	6,353.1	2,197.2	15,222.5	406.0	334.0
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	3,924	3,885.0	1,689.4	9,950.6	257.6	233.4
Services	2,530	2,166.6	690.0	1,621.6	102.7	71.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	26,328	60,862.5	30,028.0	72,160.0	4,961.4	3,020.4
Finances	11,452	32,515.8	14,469.3	3,219.4	964.9	214.9
Total	37,780	93,378.3	44,497.3	75,379.4	5,926.3	3,235.3

¹ Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities, included. — Comprend les transports, l'entreposage, les communications et les services d'utilité publique.

**TABLE XIII. Corporations not Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act,
by Industry Group, 1965**

**TABLEAU XIII. Les sociétés exemptées de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations
et des syndicats ouvriers, par branche d'activité, 1965**

Industry group Branche d'activité	Number Nombre	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
\$'000,000						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	4,130	375.5	139.7	333.0	12.9	2.5
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	2,450	298.4	175.6	129.0	- 6.5	- 9.1
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	14,064	1,367.5	579.4	2,306.3	63.3	39.4
Construction	12,269	768.0	234.6	1,447.7	41.5	32.1
Utilities ¹ — Services publiques ¹	5,957	10,142.4	5,060.2	3,079.6	244.9	207.1
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	14,494	944.8	362.0	1,794.6	53.8	44.4
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	20,111	1,357.7	549.4	2,895.9	75.7	61.7
Services	18,764	1,179.5	443.9	1,242.5	57.8	44.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	92,239	16,433.7	7,544.8	13,228.8	543.3	422.1
Finances	39,149	49,144.0	7,320.4	6,565.5	992.6	286.2
Total	131,388	65,577.7	14,865.2	19,794.3	1,535.9	708.3

¹ Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities, included. — Comprend les transports, l'entreposage, les communications et les services d'utilité publique.

\$3,943.6 million or 53 per cent was taxable income upon which the corporate income tax was based. One of the items that contributes to this difference is the movement of profits as dividends from one corporation to another. In Canada, dividends received by a corporation are not taxed as income, if they are received from a taxable Canadian corporation. Therefore, since the tabulations in this report are based upon individual corporation financial statements, without allowances for inter-corporate transfers such as dividends, the profits as shown will be overstated to the extent of such transfers.

The Finance industry in Canada to a large extent, performs the function of a financial intermediary and for this reason the assets cannot be appropriately aggregated with those of non-financial corporations without some risk of creating inappropriate comparisons. As part of this financial role, dividends are received by these corporations as a source of income but, as mentioned previously, are usually not taxable, therefore the difference between profits and taxable income is greater for financial corporations than for non-financial corporations.

calcul de l'impôt des sociétés. Le transfert des bénéfices d'une société à une autre sous forme de dividendes ajoute à cette différence. Au Canada, les dividendes perçus par une société ne sont pas imposables s'ils proviennent d'une société Canadienne imposable. Étant donné que les tableaux figurant dans le présent bulletin reposent sur les états financiers individuels des sociétés sans déduction des transferts entre sociétés, c'est-à-dire des dividendes, les bénéfices indiqués se trouvent grossis du montant des transferts.

La finance remplit au Canada le poste d'intermédiaire financier; on ne peut donc ajouter son actif à celui des entreprises non financières sans courir le risque de fausser toute comparaison éventuelle. En conséquence de ce rôle financier, ces sociétés perçoivent un revenu sous forme de dividendes qui ne sont en général pas imposables comme nous venons de le dire. C'est pourquoi l'écart entre les bénéfices et le revenu imposable est plus grand pour les sociétés financières que pour les sociétés non financières.

TABLE XIV. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965

TABLEAU XIV. Les sociétés qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers réparties selon leur proportion de capital étranger, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Proportion de capital étranger	Number — Nombre	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
		\$'000,000				
95% and over — et plus	3,731	20,184.0	10,559.1	17,666.0	1,457.5	1,134.0
75-94.9%	635	7,632.2	4,644.4	6,320.9	536.2	267.1
50-74.9%	1,003	8,907.6	4,774.9	5,624.7	822.3	355.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	5,369	36,723.8	19,978.4	29,611.6	2,816.0	1,756.2
25-49.9%	935	6,108.9	3,906.1	2,694.3	580.9	188.9
5-24.9%	1,640	14,419.2	7,165.7	8,493.2	1,070.5	409.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	29,836	36,126.4	13,447.1	34,580.3	1,458.9	880.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	32,411	56,654.5	24,518.9	45,767.8	3,110.3	1,479.1
Total reporting corporations — Total des sociétés ayant fait déclaration	37,780	93,378.3	44,497.3	75,379.4	5,926.3	3,235.3
Other corporations — Autres sociétés	131,388	65,577.7	14,865.2	19,794.3	1,535.9	708.3
Total	169,168	158,956.0	59,362.5	95,173.7	7,462.2	3,943.6
		Per cent — Pour-cent				
95% and over — et plus	2.2	12.7	17.9	18.6	19.5	28.7
75-94.9% .....	.4	4.8	7.8	6.6	7.2	6.8
50-74.9% .....	.6	5.6	8.0	5.9	11.0	9.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	3.2	23.1	33.7	31.1	37.7	44.5
25-49.9% .....	.6	3.8	6.6	2.8	7.8	4.8
5-24.9%	1.0	9.1	12.1	8.9	14.3	10.4
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	17.5	22.7	22.6	36.4	19.6	22.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	19.1	35.6	41.3	48.1	41.7	37.5
Total reporting corporations — Total des sociétés ayant fait déclaration	22.3	58.7	75.0	79.2	79.4	82.0
Other corporations — Autres sociétés	77.7	41.3	25.0	20.8	20.6	18.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

For these reasons aggregate data are provided in Table XV for all non-financial corporations in Canada. These comparisons provide an improved assessment of reporting and non-reporting corporations, as well as the degree of non-resident ownership of corporations in Canada.

The 26,328 non-financial corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act held 78.7 per cent of the total assets in these industries and accounted for 84.5 per cent of sales and 90.1 per cent of profits. The non-reporting corporation accounted for the residual. The relationship between company profit and taxable income is notably different for the various groups. The non-resident owned corporations account for 45.6 per cent of the profits of all non-financial corporations but account for 48.8 per cent of the taxable income. At the same time the Canadian owned corporations accounted for 44.5 per cent of the profits but only 38.9 per cent of the taxable income. This comparison indicates to some extent the impact of the Income Tax Act on different groups of firms. In this case the Act appears to affect corporations differently because of their ownership. This may be the case, however it is also possible that Canadian-owned corporations are concentrated in certain industries that have tax provisions different from other industries that have attracted foreign-owned corporations. This subject requires further analysis and research to clarify the impact of taxation on corporate activity in Canada.

Non-resident Dominance of a sector of industry may be defined as more than 50 per cent of the sales and assets held by corporations which are more than 50 per cent non-resident owned. By this definition, the two sectors Mining and Manufacturing were dominated by non-residents while the other eight were dominated by Canadian-owned corporations. In the Mining sector 59.2 per cent of sales were accounted for by corporations with non-resident ownership of 50 per cent or more, while in the Manufacturing sector the proportions were 54.6 per cent for assets and 50.7 per cent for sales. Tables 1 to 10 in the Statistical Appendix provide similar data for the economy divided into nine sectors.

A comparison of data provided by corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act for the years 1962 to 1965 inclusive is provided in Tables 11 to 20 of the Statistical Appendix. The difference in the reporting under the Act in 1965 in relation to earlier years has already been noted at some length. But with these qualifications the data compiled under the Act suggests that the non-resident owned sector of the Canadian corporate community is not increasing in relative significance. The assets of non-resident dominated corporations required to report

Nous avons donc présenté les agrégats pour l'ensemble des sociétés non financières du Canada au Tableau XV qui donne une meilleure idée de la nature des sociétés déclarantes et non déclarantes et de l'importance de la participation étrangère aux sociétés établies au Canada.

L'actif des 26,328 sociétés non financières astreintes à la déclaration par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers représente 78.7 p. 100 de l'actif de toutes les sociétés comprises dans ce secteur d'activité. Leur chiffre d'affaires atteint 84.5 p. 100 du chiffre global, leurs bénéfices, 90.1 p. 100 de l'ensemble des bénéfices. Les sociétés non déclarantes se partageaient le reste. Le rapport entre le bénéfice comptable et le revenu imposable diffère sensiblement d'un groupe à l'autre. Les sociétés à capitaux étrangers ont réalisé 45.6 p. 100 des bénéfices de toutes les sociétés non financières et en ont perçu 48.8 p. 100 du revenu imposable tandis que les sociétés à capitaux canadiens ont réuni 44.5 p. 100 des bénéfices, mais seulement 38.9 p. 100 du revenu imposable. Jusqu'à un certain point, cette comparaison indique l'incidence sur les divers groupes d'entreprises de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. La loi semble avoir des effets différents sur ces sociétés selon leur appartenance. Peut-être, mais il est aussi possible que les sociétés à capitaux canadiens se concentrent dans certaines branches d'activité pour lesquelles les dispositions fiscales diffèrent de celles qui s'appliquent aux secteurs qui attirent les sociétés à capitaux étrangers. Il faudrait qu'on effectue des analyses et des recherches supplémentaires sur ce point pour mettre au clair les incidences de l'impôt sur l'activité des sociétés au Canada.

On peut dire qu'il y a domination d'un secteur d'activité par des capitaux étrangers dès que des sociétés dont plus de 50 p. 100 des actions sont détenues par des non-résidents réalisent plus de 50 p. 100 du chiffre d'affaires du secteur et en possèdent plus de 50 p. 100 de l'actif. Selon cette définition, les sociétés à capitaux étrangers dominent les groupes des activités minières et manufacturières tandis que les sociétés à capitaux canadiens dominent les autres huit groupes. Dans le groupe minier, les sociétés à participation étrangère de 50 p. 100 ou plus ont réalisé 59.2 p. 100 des ventes contre 50.7 p. 100 dans le groupe manufacturier où les sociétés à capitaux étrangers réunissaient 54.6 p. 100 de l'actif total. Les Tableaux 1 à 10 de l'Annexe statistique donnent des données similaires pour l'économie répartie en neuf secteurs.

Une comparaison de données fournies par les sociétés astreintes à la déclaration par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers à l'égard des années de 1962 à 1965 inclusivement figure aux Tableaux 11 à 20 de l'Annexe statistique. La différence entre les déclarations faites en 1965 et les déclarations des années antérieures a déjà fait l'objet d'observations assez longues dans le présent bulletin. Mais, sous réserve de cette différence, les données recueillies selon la loi indiquent que l'importance relative du secteur des sociétés canadiennes à capitaux étrangers ne s'accroît pas. Les actifs

TABLE XV. Non-financial Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965

TABLEAU XV. Les sociétés non-financières qui ont fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers réparties selon leur proportion de capital étranger, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Proportion de capital étranger	Number Nombre	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
\$'000,000						
95% and over - et plus	2,849	13,260.9	6,662.5	17,148.8	1,302.8	1,076.7
75-94.9%	486	7,166.1	4,393.6	6,272.5	518.6	257.2
50-74.9%	721	7,216.0	3,859.9	5,388.8	688.3	346.3
Sub-totals - Total partiel	4,056	27,643.0	14,916.0	28,810.1	2,509.7	1,680.2
25-49.9%	604	3,953.6	2,382.0	2,456.7	433.2	176.3
5-24.9%	1,151	10,184.3	5,358.8	8,106.8	919.4	381.3
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	20,517	19,081.6	7,371.2	32,786.4	1,099.1	782.6
Sub-totals - Total partiel	22,272	33,219.5	15,112.0	43,349.9	2,451.7	1,340.2
Total reporting corporations - Total des sociétés ayant fait déclaration	26,328	60,862.5	30,028.0	72,160.0	4,961.4	3,020.4
Other corporations - Autres sociétés	92,239	16,433.7	7,544.8	13,228.8	543.3	422.1
Total	118,567	77,296.2	37,572.8	85,388.8	5,504.7	3,442.5
Per cent - Pour-cent						
95% and over - et plus	2.4	17.2	17.7	20.1	23.7	31.2
75-94.9% .....	.4	9.3	11.7	7.3	9.4	7.5
50-74.9% .....	.6	9.3	10.3	6.3	12.5	10.1
Sub-totals - Total partiel	3.4	35.8	39.7	33.7	45.6	48.8
25-49.9% .....	.5	5.1	6.3	2.9	7.9	5.1
5-24.9%	1.0	13.2	14.3	9.5	16.7	11.1
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	17.3	24.7	19.6	38.4	20.0	22.7
Sub-totals - Total partiel	18.8	43.0	40.2	50.8	44.5	38.9
Total reporting corporations - Total des sociétés ayant fait déclaration	22.2	78.7	79.9	84.5	90.1	87.7
Other corporations - Autres sociétés	77.8	21.3	20.1	15.5	9.9	12.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

under the Act have fallen from 42.6 per cent of the overall total in 1962 to 39.3 per cent in 1965. There was only one sector in which the non-resident proportion increased over the four years. In the Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities industries predominantly non-resident corporations reported 18.6 per cent of assets in 1962 and by 1965 this proportion had increased to 18.8 per cent. In all other sectors, the non-resident shares of assets were lower.

Control of Corporations by Geographic Areas and Industrial Sectors

Tables XVI and XVII show control by geographic area of residence of dominant shareholders. Dominant shareholders are those holding the majority of votes in a corporation in which they have a direct interest. It is possible to maintain control with a minority of votes in the corporation if the balance of the votes are sufficiently widespread. Due to difficulties in defining and determining sufficiently widespread distribution, this

des sociétés à capitaux étrangers assujetties à la déclaration sont tombés de 42.6 p. 100 de l'actif total en 1962 à 39.3 p. 100 en 1965. Il n'y a qu'un seul groupe où la proportion des sociétés à capitaux étrangers ait augmenté au cours de ces quatre années, c'est celui des communications et d'autres services d'utilité publique où l'actif des sociétés à capitaux étrangers représentait, selon les déclarations, 18.6 p. 100 de l'actif en 1962 contre 18.8 p. 100 en 1965. Dans tous les autres groupes, l'actif des sociétés à capitaux étrangers a diminué.

Contrôle des sociétés selon les pays d'origine des capitaux et les groupes d'activité

Les Tableaux XVI et XVII donnent le pays (ou la région économique) où résident les actionnaires exerçant une influence prépondérante sur les sociétés, c'est-à-dire les actionnaires réunissant la majorité des actions donnant droit au vote dans une société à laquelle ils sont directement intéressés. Il est possible d'exercer une influence décisive sur les affaires d'une société tout en ne disposant que d'une minorité de voix si le reste des voix est suffisamment dispersé. A

type of control has not been taken into account in these tabulations. It is also possible to achieve control with a minority of votes through inter-corporate linkages. This type of control was investigated and the net distinction between majority ownership and control was found to be sufficiently small as to be negligible.

The Act requires that corporations report the number of both authorized and outstanding shares for each class of authorized share capital. The outstanding shares are divided into three classes according to the addresses of shareholders as entered in the share register of the corporation. The classes are the number of shares held by persons having residences in Canada, the number of shares held by persons having addresses outside Canada, and the number of persons not recording an address in the share registers. (The term "persons" refers to both individuals and corporations.) From time to time controlling shares may be held by non-residents with no address of record. Where this occurs, the "unknown" classification is employed. If there is no explicit statement of non-resident ownership in returns with no address of record, the shares are presumed to be held by residents. In addition to these shareholders, the "unknown" category in Tables XVI and XVII also includes corporations held by shareholders in more than one country. In these cases it was not possible to assign control to a single country.

A number of features of Canadian industry are illustrated in the tables of this part subject to the additional qualification that reporting corporations only are included. First, it is clear that overall, Canadian business is dominated by Canadian owners. Of the total \$93.4 billion in assets reported \$56.7 billion or about 60 per cent were owned by residents. (Corporations not included are also predominantly Canadian owned.) However, two sectors, Mining, Quarries and Oil Wells and Manufacturing, are clearly non-resident dominated. The non-resident sector of these industries is in turn dominated by U.S. residents. In the Mining industry the U.S. controlled part is slightly larger than the Canadian, while in Manufacturing the U.S. part is slightly smaller.

The relative sizes of reporting corporations may be derived from these tables. The 3,000 odd corporations controlled by U.S. residents had assets totalling about \$21 billion, an average \$7 million each. The corporations in the classes "United Kingdom" and "Unknown" are of similar average size. The Canadian controlled corporations

cause de la difficulté de définir et de déterminer ce qu'est une dispersion suffisante nous ne parlerons pas de ce genre d'influence dans la présente étude. Il est aussi possible d'exercer une influence prépondérante sur une entreprise en dépit d'une minorité de voix grâce aux liens qui existent entre les sociétés. Nous avons examiné ce genre de domination et trouvé que la différence entre la possession d'une majorité d'actions et l'influence prépondérante était suffisamment faible pour être négligeable.

La loi exige que les corporations signalent le montant du capital autorisé et le nombre d'actions de chaque classe émises. Les actions émises sont divisées en trois catégories, d'après l'adresse des actionnaires telle qu'elle apparaît au registre des actionnaires de la société, soit les actions détenues par des personnes résidant au Canada, les actions détenues par des personnes résidant ailleurs qu'au Canada, et les actions détenues par des personnes dont l'adresse ne figure pas au registre des actionnaires. (Le terme "personne" désigne soit une personne physique, soit une personne morale.) Parfois les actions qui permettent d'exercer une influence prépondérante sont les actions détenues par des non-résidents dont l'adresse ne figure pas au registre. Dans ce cas, on recourt à la désignation "non déterminé". Si l'on indique dans la déclaration que l'adresse des actionnaires ne figure pas au registre, sans dire explicitement qu'il y a domination étrangère, nous présumons que les actions sont détenues par des résidents. En plus de ces actionnaires, la colonne "non déterminé" des Tableaux XVI et XVII comprend les sociétés dont les actionnaires se répartissent sur plus d'un pays. Dans ce cas, il n'a pas été possible d'attribuer l'influence prépondérante à un seul pays.

Les tableaux de cette partie du bulletin font voir certaines caractéristiques de l'économie canadienne avec cette réserve qu'elles ont trait aux seules sociétés déclarantes. En premier lieu, il en ressort que dans l'économie canadienne, prise dans son ensemble, ce sont les intérêts canadiens qui prédominent. Sur un actif total de \$93.4 milliards, \$56.7 milliards ou environs 60 p. 100 appartiennent à des résidents. (Les sociétés qui ne figurent pas au tableau appartiennent en majeure partie à des résidents canadiens.) Cependant deux groupes, celui des mines, de l'exploitation forestière et des puits de pétrole et celui des industries manufacturières, sont, de toute évidence, dominés par des non-résidents parmi lesquels prédominent les résidents des États-Unis. Dans l'industrie minière, la partie sur lequel les États-Unis ont la haute-main est légèrement plus importante que la partie sous l'influence prépondérante des Canadiens; par contre, dans les industries manufacturières la proportion américaine est légèrement inférieure.

Les tableaux permettent de juger de l'importance relative des sociétés déclarantes. L'actif des quelque 3,000 sociétés sous l'influence prépondérante des résidents américains est d'environ 21 milliards de dollars, c'est-à-dire qu'en moyenne chacune a un actif de 7 millions de dollars. Le nombre de sociétés des rubriques "Royaume-Uni" et "non déterminé"

averaged less than \$2 million in assets. The proportionately larger size of the non-resident controlled corporation is evident in all sectors.

It is also clear that despite the difference in average sizes, foreign controlled and Canadian controlled corporations show roughly equivalent rates of assets turnover. In both cases a rate of approximately .8 per year. In both the resident and non-resident controlled sectors, the rates vary widely between industries but remain relatively close for both foreign and domestically controlled corporations in any one industry.

est d'importance à peu près égale. L'actif des sociétés sous l'influence prépondérante des Canadiens n'atteint pas, en moyenne, 2 millions de dollars. Les tableaux font clairement ressortir l'importance relativement plus grande des sociétés à capitaux étrangers dans tous les secteurs.

Il est aussi évident qu'en dépit de la différence de l'importance moyenne le taux de rotation de l'actif des sociétés à capitaux étrangers ou canadiens est à peu près le même. Dans les deux cas, il s'agit d'un taux annuel d'environ 0.8. Le taux varie fortement d'une branche d'activité à l'autre tant dans les secteurs sous domination canadienne que dans les secteurs sous domination étrangère, mais varie peu d'une société à l'autre d'une même branche d'activité, que la société soit sous l'influence prépondérante d'étrangers ou de Canadiens.

TABLE XVI. Assets and Sales of Reporting Corporations by Geographic Area of Control, 1965

TABLEAU XVI. Actifs et ventes des sociétés déclarantes suivant l'origine des capitaux, 1965

	United States États-Unis	United Kingdom Royaume-Uni	European OECD Autres pays de l'O.C.D.E.	Other Autres	Unknown Non déterminé	Sub-total Total partiel	Canada	Total
Agriculture, forestry and fishing - Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche:								
Number - Nombre	36	1	5	3	10	54	563	617
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 62.8	1	1.9	1.6	7.8	74.1	392.4	466.5
Sales - Ventes	" 41.2	1	.2	.3	7.1	48.8	274.5	323.3
Mining, quarries and oil wells - Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole:								
Number - Nombre	193	28	21	13	114	369	1,038	1,407
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 3,543.7	518.0	167.1	42.8	1,106.8	5,378.4	3,414.6	8,793.0
Sales - Ventes	" 1,528.8	149.5	30.0	13.6	188.8	1,910.7	1,195.5	3,106.2
Manufacturing - Industries manufacturières:								
Number - Nombre	1,351	213	58	27	212	1,861	5,576	7,437
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 11,715.5	1,901.6	1,291.7	52.2	2,550.7	17,511.7	13,221.8	30,733.5
Sales - Ventes	" 14,694.5	1,593.7	879.4	71.7	1,599.4	18,838.7	15,987.6	34,826.3
Construction:								
Number - Nombre	96	21	6	5	14	142	2,920	3,062
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 250.4	63.7	9.5	19.2	12.5	355.3	2,467.7	2,823.0
Sales - Ventes	" 458.7	90.3	17.9	37.1	12.6	616.6	3,835.5	4,452.1
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities - Transports, entrepôts, communications et utilités publiques:								
Number - Nombre	82	29	10	13	47	181	973	1,154
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 396.4	100.1	7.1	17.9	538.6	1,060.1	4,581.7	5,641.8
Sales - Ventes	" 176.8	93.9	6.9	15.6	203.5	496.7	2,160.9	2,657.6
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros:								
Number - Nombre	593	193	69	28	114	997	5,200	6,197
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 1,109.5	470.8	155.2	109.9	115.6	1,961.0	4,392.1	6,353.1
Sales - Ventes	" 3,155.2	698.0	212.2	174.2	422.1	4,661.7	10,560.8	15,222.5
Retail trade - Commerce de détail:								
Number - Nombre	158	21	10	1	17	206	3,718	3,924
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 640.8	216.9	10.1	1	16.1	883.9	3,001.1	3,885.0
Sales - Ventes	" 1,399.5	423.6	18.3	1	41.1	1,882.5	8,068.1	9,950.6
Finances:								
Number - Nombre	352	247	186	105	423	1,313	10,139	11,452
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 3,019.0	1,488.4	2,593.1	264.6	1,715.7	9,080.8	23,435.0	32,515.8
Sales - Ventes	" 252.4	83.3	229.8	14.5	221.5	801.5	2,417.9	3,219.4
Services:								
Number - Nombre	165	16	15	10	40	246	2,284	2,530
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 235.5	55.5	24.3	6.7	96.4	418.4	1,748.1	2,166.5
Sales - Ventes	" 272.0	27.9	11.1	3.8	39.7	354.5	1,267.1	1,621.6
Total:								
Number - Nombre	3,026	768	380	204	991	5,369	32,411	37,780
Assets - Actifs	\$'000,000 20,973.6	4,815.0	4,260.0	514.9	6,160.2	36,723.7	56,654.5	93,378.2
Sales - Ventes	" 21,979.1	3,160.2	1,405.8	330.8	2,735.8	29,611.7	45,767.9	75,379.6

¹ Included with "Services". - Compris dans les services.

TABLE XVII. Control by Geographic Area of the Assets and Sales of Reporting Corporations, 1965
TABLEAU XVII. Contrôle de l'actif et des ventes des sociétés déclarantes (répartition géographique), 1965

	United States — États-Unis	United Kingdom — Royaume-Uni	European OFCD — Autres pays de l'O.C.D.E.	Other — Autres	Unknown — Non déterminé	Sub-total — Total partiel	Canada	Total
	per cent — pour-cent							
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche:								
Assets — Actif	13.5	—	.4	.3	1.7	15.9	84.1	100.0
Sales — Ventes	12.7	—	.1	.1	2.2	15.1	84.9	100.0
Number — Nombre	5.9	—	.8	.5	1.6	8.8	91.2	100.0
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole:								
Assets — Actif	40.3	5.9	1.9	.5	12.6	61.2	38.8	100.0
Sales — Ventes	49.2	4.8	1.0	.4	6.1	61.5	38.5	100.0
Number — Nombre	13.7	2.0	1.5	.9	6.1	26.2	73.8	100.0
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières:								
Assets — Actif	38.1	6.2	4.2	.2	8.3	57.0	43.0	100.0
Sales — Ventes	42.2	4.6	2.5	.2	4.6	54.1	45.9	100.0
Number — Nombre	18.0	2.9	.8	.4	2.9	25.0	75.0	100.0
Construction:								
Assets — Actif	8.9	2.3	.3	.7	.4	12.6	87.4	100.0
Sales — Ventes	10.4	2.0	.4	.8	.3	13.9	86.1	100.0
Number — Nombre	3.0	.7	.2	.2	.5	4.6	95.4	100.0
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communications et utilités publiques:								
Assets — Actif	7.0	1.8	.1	.3	9.6	18.8	81.2	100.0
Sales — Ventes	6.7	3.5	.3	.6	7.6	18.7	81.3	100.0
Number — Nombre	7.1	2.5	.9	1.1	4.1	15.7	84.3	100.0
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros:								
Assets — Actif	17.6	7.4	2.4	1.7	1.8	30.9	69.1	100.0
Sales — Ventes	20.7	4.6	1.4	1.1	2.8	30.6	69.4	100.0
Number — Nombre	9.6	3.1	1.1	.5	1.8	16.1	83.9	100.0
Retail trade — Commerce de détail:								
Assets — Actif	16.5	5.6	.3	.0	.4	22.8	77.2	100.0
Sales — Ventes	14.0	4.3	.2	.0	.4	18.9	81.1	100.0
Number — Nombre	4.0	.5	.3	.0	.4	5.2	94.8	100.0
Finances:								
Assets — Actif	9.2	4.6	8.0	.8	5.3	27.9	72.1	100.0
Sales — Ventes	7.8	2.6	7.1	.5	6.9	24.9	75.1	100.0
Number — Nombre	3.1	2.2	1.6	.9	3.7	11.5	88.5	100.0
Services:								
Assets — Actif	10.9	2.6	1.1	.3	4.4	19.3	80.7	100.0
Sales — Ventes	16.9	1.7	.7	.2	2.4	21.9	78.1	100.0
Number — Nombre	6.5	.6	.6	.4	1.6	9.7	90.3	100.0
Total:								
Assets — Actif	22.3	5.2	4.6	.6	6.6	39.3	60.7	100.0
Sales — Ventes	29.2	4.2	1.9	.4	3.6	39.3	60.7	100.0
Number — Nombre	8.1	2.0	1.0	.5	2.6	14.2	85.8	100.0

Provincial Allocation of Taxable Income by Ownership Groups

Taxable income of a corporation is the income on which a corporation is required to pay income tax to either or both federal and provincial governments. It is therefore one corporate financial statistic for which a regional distribution can be compiled. Particularly during the last decade, taxation legislation through special provisions, has been used to an increasing extent as an instrument of government policy to encourage or discourage economic activity in industries, geographic locations, etc. With this application of government policy, taxable income has tended to diverge from corporation profits and the two should not be considered synonymous. Where the definition of corporate profits may remain consistent over time, the definition of taxable income changes with the varying fiscal objectives of federal and provincial legislatures.

Répartition du revenu imposable par province et selon la proportion de capitaux appartenant à des non-résidents

On appelle revenu imposable d'une société la part des bénéfices sur laquelle elle doit payer des impôts à l'État, à la province ou aux deux. C'est donc une statistique sur les finances des sociétés qui se prête à la répartition par régions. Au cours surtout des dix dernières années, l'Administration s'est servi de la législation fiscale pour encourager ou décourager par des dispositions spéciales l'activité économique dans certaines branches ou régions. A la suite de l'application des mesures officielles une distinction est en train de naître entre le revenu imposable et le bénéfice des sociétés, termes qu'il ne faut pas considérer comme synonymes. Si la définition du bénéfice d'une société peut demeurer constante, celle du revenu imposable varie en fonction des objectifs fiscaux des assemblées législatives fédérales et provinciales.

The distribution of taxable income is subject to further qualification on the basis that the allocation formula is an approximation device. Corporations are not required to apportion their income to provinces on the basis of the location in which it is earned and indeed, such an allocation could not be accomplished by many corporations with diverse activities in many provinces. Instead, the distribution of taxable income with respect to provinces is computed by a formula. The formula provides that taxable income be apportioned on the basis of an average of proportions of revenues, and salaries and wages paid.

Other limitations include differing treatments of corporation activities by provinces and again, reporting corporations only are tabulated. The data may not be representative of the distribution of total taxable income because of the allocations of corporations exempt from reporting under the Act. Significant among these are chartered banks and railroads and various other financial and utility concerns.

Subject to these qualifications the highlights from the tables are shown in Table XVIII. The relative significance of predominantly non-resident owned corporations appears to vary widely amongst provinces. As noted in the table, the proportion of taxable income contributed by predominantly non-resident owned corporations ranges from 60.4 per cent for Ontario to 16.4 per cent for Prince Edward Island. Significant concentration occurs in Ontario where over half of the taxable income of all predominantly non-resident owned corporations is earned.

D'autres réserves s'imposent quant à la répartition du revenu imposable, car la formule suivant laquelle se fait la répartition n'est qu'approximative. Les sociétés ne sont pas tenues de répartir leur revenu suivant la province dans laquelle il a été perçu. En fait, une telle répartition serait impossible à bon nombre de sociétés exerçant des activités diverses dans plusieurs provinces. On préfère calculer le revenu imposable par province selon une formule officielle qui en impose la répartition selon la proportion moyenne des recettes et de la rémunération versée.

Les différentes façons dont les diverses provinces envisagent l'activité des sociétés et, encore une fois, le fait que la présente étude ne tient compte que des sociétés déclarantes diminuent également la précision des tableaux. Les renseignements ne traduisent peut-être pas la répartition exacte de l'ensemble du revenu imposable, à cause de la façon dont répartissent celui-ci les sociétés que la loi n'astreint pas à la déclaration. Les plus importantes en sont les banques à charte, les sociétés de chemin de fer et d'autres établissements financiers ou de service.

Compte tenu de ces réserves, les points importants des autres tableaux sont résumés au Tableau XVIII. L'importance relative des sociétés à capitaux étrangers diffère fortement d'une province à l'autre. Comme le fait ressortir le tableau, la proportion du revenu imposable des sociétés à capitaux étrangers va de 16.4 p. 100 dans l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard à 64 p. 100 en Ontario, province où se gagne plus de la moitié du revenu imposable de toutes les sociétés à capitaux étrangers.

TABLE XVIII. Distribution of Taxable Income by Province, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965

TABLEAU XVIII. Répartition du revenu imposable des sociétés par province selon la proportion de capitaux appartenant à des non-résidents, 1965

Province	More than 50 per cent non-resident owned		Less than 50 per cent non-resident owned		Total	
	Plus de 50 p. 100 appartenant à des non-résidents		Moins de 50 p. 100 appartenant à des non-résidents			
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Ontario	995.2	60.4	654.6	39.6	1,649.8	100.0
Alberta	112.8	48.3	121.2	51.7	234.0	100.0
Quebec	429.4	47.6	473.3	52.4	902.7	100.0
Newfoundland - Terre-Neuve	21.4	45.3	25.4	54.7	46.8	100.0
Manitoba	68.0	43.7	88.9	56.3	156.9	100.0
Nova Scotia - Nouvelle-Écosse	25.3	41.9	35.2	58.1	60.5	100.0
Saskatchewan	34.7	39.4	53.3	60.6	88.0	100.0
New Brunswick - Nouveau-Brunswick	19.2	36.6	33.3	63.4	52.5	100.0
British Columbia - Colombie-Britannique	126.2	35.0	234.7	65.0	360.9	100.0
Prince Edward Island - Île-du-Prince-Édouard .....	.9	16.4	4.6	83.6	5.5	100.0
Other - Autres	31.4	77.2	9.3	22.8	40.7	100.0
Total	1,864.5	51.8	1,733.8	48.2	3,598.3	100.0

TABLE XIX. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Distributed by Province and by Degree of Non-resident Ownership for Industrial Sectors, 1965

TABLEAU XIX. Revenu imposable des sociétés déclarantes réparti par province et par secteur d'activité selon la proportion de capitaux appartenant à des non-résidents, 1965

Industrial sectors Secteurs d'activité		Newfoundland Terre-Neuve			Prince Edward Island Île-du-Prince-Édouard		
		50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	\$'000 No. — nomb.	6, 137.8 7	1, 128.1 6	7, 265.9 13	— —	— —	— —
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	\$'000 No. — nomb.	9, 621.2 87	6, 189.4 78	15, 810.6 165	581.0 37	1, 091.8 33	1, 672.8 70
Construction	\$'000 No. — nomb.	88.8 4	3, 687.4 40	3, 776.2 44	1 1	651.4 13	651.4 13
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, com- munications et entreprises d'utilité publique	\$'000 No. — nomb.	3, 215.0 9	3, 026.3 16	6, 241.3 25	1 1	1, 127.9 5	1, 127.9 5
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000 No. — nomb.	545.8 24	5, 372.8 91	5, 918.6 115	33.9 5	856.1 33	890.0 38
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000 No. — nomb.	881.5 13	3, 588.4 59	4, 469.9 72	192.6 7	614.0 23	806.6 30
Finances	\$'000 No. — nomb.	266.2 5	1, 997.2 39	2, 263.4 44	77.2 7	242.4 21	319.6 28
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	\$'000 No. — nomb.	644.4 5	357.5 23	1, 001.9 28	29.5 ² 5	61.3 5	90.8 10
Total	\$'000 No. — nomb.	21, 400.7 154	25, 347.1 352	46, 747.8 506	914.2 61	4, 644.9 133	5, 559.1 194
		Nova Scotia Nouvelle-Écosse			New Brunswick Nouveau-Brunswick		
		50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	\$'000 No. — nomb.	2, 943.0 8	184.8 7	3, 127.8 15	245.7 4	617.7 10	863.4 14
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	\$'000 No. — nomb.	14, 760.8 157	8, 353.9 162	23, 114.7 319	13, 098.6 145	10, 029.2 152	23, 127.8 297
Construction	\$'000 No. — nomb.	284.3 10	1, 874.0 50	2, 158.3 60	149.5 7	2, 788.8 56	2, 938.3 63
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, com- munications et entreprises d'utilité publique	\$'000 No. — nomb.	2, 149.8 9	10, 254.3 25	12, 404.1 34	564.6 8	5, 884.7 19	6, 449.6 27
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000 No. — nomb.	1, 202.5 57	4, 367.5 149	5, 570.0 206	1, 712.6 47	4, 358.8 135	6, 071.4 182
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000 No. — nomb.	2, 792.4 15	6, 439.0 141	9, 231.4 156	2, 325.3 19	6, 629.6 98	8, 954.9 117
Finances	\$'000 No. — nomb.	823.2 12	2, 898.4 98	3, 721.6 110	664.8 16	2, 272.7 66	2, 937.5 82
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	\$'000 No. — nomb.	381.8 11	824.4 42	1, 206.2 53	473.9 18	696.4 34	1, 170.3 52
Total	\$'000 No. — nomb.	25, 337.8 279	35, 196.3 674	60, 534.1 953	19, 235.3 264	33, 277.9 570	52, 513.2 834

¹ Included with "Other Industries". — Compris dans le groupe "Autres secteurs d'activité".

² Adjusted for inclusion of "Construction" and "Transportation, Storage, Communication and Public Utilities". — Y compris: Construction, transport, entreposage, communications et service d'utilité publique.

TABLE XIX. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Distributed by Province and by Degree of Non-resident Ownership for Industrial Sectors, 1965 - Continued

TABLEAU XIX. Revenu imposable des sociétés déclarantes réparti par province et secteur d'activité selon la proportion de capitaux appartenant à des non-résidents, 1965 - suite

Industrial sectors — Secteurs d'activité		Québec			Ontario		
		50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	\$'000 No. — nomb.	23,387.7 17	31,929.8 44	55,317.5 61	14,014.9 18	12,592.7 81	26,607.6 99
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	\$'000 No. — nomb.	326,638.0 682	202,910.9 1,749	529,548.9 2,431	824,194.8 1,049	314,018.0 1,828	1,138,212.8 2,877
Construction	\$'000 No. — nomb.	1,625.3 35	22,487.7 593	24,113.0 628	6,423.4 47	30,032.6 804	36,456.0 851
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communi- cations et entreprises d'utilité publique	\$'000 No. — nomb.	14,733.9 35	19,371.8 195	34,105.6 230	12,809.2 56	36,396.4 239	49,205.6 295
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000 No. — nomb.	28,809.5 342	68,240.2 1,506	97,049.7 1,848	64,209.5 458	88,267.0 1,578	152,476.5 2,036
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000 No. — nomb.	12,899.2 52	46,356.8 788	59,256.0 840	31,078.8 85	65,472.2 1,124	96,551.0 1,209
Finances	\$'000 No. — nomb.	11,596.1 157	63,788.0 1,188	75,384.1 1,345	31,723.5 233	81,213.9 1,773	112,937.4 2,006
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	\$'000 No. — nomb.	9,671.2 68	18,246.9 344	27,918.1 412	10,715.4 95	26,656.6 638	37,372.0 733
Total	\$'000 No. — nomb.	429,360.9 1,388	473,332.1 6,407	902,693.0 7,795	995,169.5 2,041	654,649.4 8,065	1,649,818.9 10,106
		Manitoba			Saskatchewan		
		50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	\$'000 No. — nomb.	1,317.6 10	653.7 13	1,971.3 23	2,203.7 20	2,742.2 30	4,945.9 50
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	\$'000 No. — nomb.	45,146.4 338	39,596.1 358	84,742.5 696	15,658.1 157	10,554.7 124	26,212.8 281
Construction	\$'000 No. — nomb.	842.3 13	2,173.1 83	3,015.4 96	491.3 8	2,781.4 101	3,272.7 109
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communi- cations et entreprises d'utilité publique	\$'000 No. — nomb.	1,860.2 14	10,293.7 65	12,153.9 79	5,123.6 11	14,691.5 37	19,815.1 48
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000 No. — nomb.	5,996.5 103	10,295.5 308	16,292.0 411	5,324.9 63	11,701.2 218	17,026.1 281
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000 No. — nomb.	7,285.9 22	5,888.3 119	13,174.2 141	2,961.6 24	6,043.5 184	9,005.1 208
Finances	\$'000 No. — nomb.	4,321.0 43	17,114.9 293	21,435.9 336	1,867.0 22	3,310.6 106	5,177.6 128
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	\$'000 No. — nomb.	1,164.6 27	2,901.7 104	4,066.3 131	1,087.3 23	1,461.5 60	2,548.8 83
Total	\$'000 No. — nomb.	67,934.5 570	88,917.0 1,343	156,851.5 1,913	34,717.5 328	52,286.6 860	88,004.1 1,188

TABLE XIX. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Distributed by Province and by Degree of Non-resident Ownership for Industrial Sectors, 1965 - Concluded

TABLEAU XIX. Revenu imposable des sociétés déclarantes réparti par province et par secteur d'activité selon la proportion de capitaux appartenant à des non-résidents, 1965 - fin

Industrial sectors — Secteurs d'activité		Alberta			British Columbia Colombie-Britannique		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	\$'000 No. — nomb.	23, 165. 5 35	5, 634. 9 54	28, 800. 4 89	2, 660. 3 20	23, 972. 6 22	26, 632. 9 42
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	\$'000 No. — nomb.	56, 130. 3 299	23, 820. 3 261	79, 950. 6 560	87, 679. 8 404	97, 468. 1 543	185, 147. 9 947
Construction	\$'000 No. — nomb.	3, 796. 9 20	7, 190. 1 193	10, 987. 0 213	1, 312. 3 25	5, 923. 5 213	7, 235. 8 238
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communica- tions et entreprises d'utilité publique	\$'000 No. — nomb.	7, 486. 1 24	43, 727. 0 76	51, 213. 1 100	3, 612. 1 30	24, 961. 5 114	28, 573. 6 144
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000 No. — nomb.	8, 910. 6 131	15, 949. 1 393	24, 859. 7 524	11, 184. 8 176	24, 549. 1 594	35, 733. 9 770
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000 No. — nomb.	6, 904. 3 29	9, 389. 6 223	16, 293. 9 252	7, 472. 4 33	19, 768. 5 305	27, 240. 9 338
Finances	\$'000 No. — nomb.	3, 542. 3 46	10, 861. 8 328	14, 404. 1 374	4, 338. 5 72	18, 015. 3 485	22, 353. 8 557
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	\$'000 No. — nomb.	2, 912. 1 39	4, 624. 5 183	7, 536. 6 222	7, 870. 7 55	20, 060. 9 292	27, 931. 6 347
Total	\$'000 No. — nomb.	112, 848. 1 623	121, 197. 3 1, 711	234, 045. 4 2, 334	126, 130. 9 815	234, 719. 5 2, 568	360, 850. 4 3, 383
		Other — Autres			Total		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	\$'000 No. — nomb.	1, 395. 2 13	997. 8 14	2, 393. 0 27	77, 471. 4	80, 454. 3	157, 925. 7
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	\$'000 No. — nomb.	1, 011. 3 32	4, 951. 9 26	5, 963. 2 58	1, 394, 520. 3	718, 984. 3	2, 113, 504. 6
Construction	\$'000 No. — nomb.	75. 8 4	458. 4 11	534. 2 15	15, 089. 9	80, 048. 4	95, 138. 3
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communica- tions et entreprises d'utilité publique	\$'000 No. — nomb.	183. 1 8	1, 237. 5 33	1, 420. 6 41	51, 737. 9	170, 972. 6	222, 710. 5
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000 No. — nomb.	1, 465. 6 10	127. 7 7	1, 593. 3 17	129, 396. 2	234, 085. 0	363, 481. 2
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000 No. — nomb.	518. 8 7	118. 6 5	637. 4 12	75, 312. 8	170, 308. 5	245, 621. 3
Finances	\$'000 No. — nomb.	24, 961. 0 177	1, 151. 9 30	26, 112. 9 207	84, 180. 8	202, 867. 1	287, 047. 9
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	\$'000 No. — nomb.	1, 741. 9 11	244. 0 14	1, 985. 9 25	36, 692. 8	76, 135. 7	112, 828. 5
Total	\$'000 No. — nomb.	31, 352. 7 262	9, 287. 8 140	40, 640. 5 402	1, 864, 402. 1	1, 733, 855. 9	3, 598, 258. 0

PAYMENTS TO NON-RESIDENTS

In 1965, there were 1,391 corporations making payments to non-residents of over \$100,000. These payments accounted for close to 95 per cent of the total payments made to non-residents in 1965. As stated in other portions of this report, many more corporations were included in the 1965 report than were included in the previous year. The number of corporations reporting payments to non-residents increased from 4,471 in 1964 to 5,272 in 1965. However, of those corporations paying over \$100,000 to non-residents during 1965, only 65 were not included in 1964. Twenty-nine of these corporations were incorporated in either 1964 or in 1965. The remainder of 36, paid \$8,678,000 to non-residents during 1965. Other added adjustments were carried out in 1965 of which only a few sizeable corrections could be carried back to the preceding year. The effect of these 1965 adjustments is small and does not prevent comparison of the 1964 and 1965 data. While more than 5,000 corporations made payments to non-residents in 1965, approximately one quarter of this number, 1,391 corporations made payments exceeding \$100,000, accounting for 95 per cent of all such payments made.

More corporations reported dividend payments than any other form of payments to non-residents. During 1965, 1,526 corporations reported slightly over \$697 million in dividend payments to non-residents. Of this amount 98.2 per cent was paid by 655 corporations.

Although dividend payments increased by \$109.8 millions in 1965 from the previous year only 76 corporations varied their dividend payments more than \$1 million. Between 1964 and 1965, 51 of the 76 corporations increased their dividend payments by \$223.8 millions while 25 corporations decreased their dividend payments by \$138.4 millions. The majority of the latter decrease was accounted for by one corporation. Thirty-two of the 51 corporations reporting increases and 17 of those reporting decreases were identified as subsidiaries of the American corporations. Six other corporations were subsidiary to parent companies resident in the United Kingdom or other foreign countries. As an indication of the irregular nature of these transactions, 36 of the 76 corporations did not make dividend payments to non-residents in either 1964 or 1965.

On an industry basis, a few corporations influenced both the amount of dividends paid by an industry group as well as the changes in such payments through the years. In 1965, only 196 corporations reported dividends in excess of \$500,000.

Interest payments to non-residents by corporations resident in Canada increased slightly during the period 1962 to 1964. However, in 1965 there was an increase of \$46.2 millions. As shown in the

VERSEMENTS À DES NON-RÉSIDENTS

En 1965, le nombre de sociétés qui versaient à des non-résidents des montants de plus de 100,000 dollars était de 1,391. Ces sommes représentent environ 95 p. 100 des versements globaux faits à des non-résidents en 1965. Comme nous l'avons déjà dit, plus de sociétés figurent dans le rapport de 1965 que dans celui de 1964. Le nombre des sociétés qui ont déclaré des versements à des non-résidents est passé de 4,471 en 1964 à 5,272 en 1965. Cependant, sur les sociétés qui ont versé plus de 100,000 dollars à des résidents étrangers en 1965, seulement 65 ne figuraient pas dans le rapport de 1964. Sur ces 65 corporations, 29 ont été légalement constituées en 1964 ou en 1965. Les 36 autres avaient versé 8,678 millions de dollars à des non-résidents en 1965. D'autres modifications ont été faites en 1965, mais peu en ont appelé une rectification importante des résultats de l'année précédente. L'effet de ces rectifications est insignifiant et n'empêche pas la comparaison des données statistiques de 1964 avec celles de 1965. En 1965, parmi plus de 5,000 sociétés qui ont fait des paiements à des non-résidents, environ un quart, soit 1,391 ont versé des sommes dépassant 100,000 dollars dont le montant total représente 95 p. 100 de tous les paiements faits.

Le versement de dividendes était la forme de paiement à des non-résidents la plus répandue parmi les sociétés déclarantes. En 1965, 1,526 sociétés ont déclaré avoir versé à des non-résidents des dividendes d'une valeur globale d'un peu plus de 697 millions de dollars dont 98.2 p. 100 ont été versés par 655 sociétés.

Les versements de dividendes ont augmenté de 109.8 millions de dollars en 1965, mais seulement 76 sociétés ont augmenté leurs versements de plus d'un million. De 1964 à 1965, les paiements de dividendes de 51 de ces 76 sociétés se sont accrus de 223.8 millions tandis que les paiements de 25 sociétés ont connu une baisse de \$138.4 millions. La plus grande partie de cette baisse est attribuable à une seule société. Trente-deux des sociétés qui ont marqué une augmentation et 17 de celles qui ont enregistré une baisse étaient des filiales de sociétés américaines. Six autres sociétés étaient des filiales de sociétés établies au Royaume-Uni ou ailleurs à l'étranger. Pour souligner la nature sporadique de ces transactions, notons que 36 des 76 sociétés n'ont pas versé de dividendes à des non-résidents ni en 1964 ni en 1965.

Pour ce qui est des secteurs d'activité, les paiements de quelques sociétés ont eu pour effet de modifier le montant des dividendes versés par un secteur d'activité et de faire varier des paiements au cours des années. En 1965, seulement 196 sociétés ont versé des dividendes dépassant \$500,000.

Le montant des intérêts servis aux non-résidents par des sociétés établies au Canada a légèrement augmenté durant la période comprise entre 1962 et 1964. En 1965, toutefois, il y a eu accroissement de

following table the current increases occur principally in the "All other" category. Interest payments on notes payable, advances from parent corporations, as well as other terms of short-term borrowing by credit institutions are included in the "All other" classification.

In 1965, the 111 corporations reporting \$174.0 millions in interest payments accounted for 68.6 per cent of the total amount. Corporations included in this group each paid in excess of one-half a million dollars in interest.

By extending the range to include all corporations paying over \$100,000 in total payments to non-residents, in 1965, 161 corporations paid \$92.5 millions interest on bonds and debentures or 97.5 per cent of the total for this category. Similarly for bank loans 69 corporations accounted for \$27.4 millions or 96 per cent of the total and 402 corporations accounted for \$120.1 millions or 91.8 per cent of the "All other" interest category.

With relatively few corporations accounting for a significant portion of the total interest paid, industry totals are noticeably affected by changes in the method of financing by a corporation.

The cost of business services supplied by non-residents to Canadian industry comprise an increasing percentage of the total amount of payments to non-residents. Such payments vary from rent to management fees, from payments for the use of franchises to advertising. Some of them are subject to a federal withholding tax amounting to 15 per cent of the amount paid. However, such items as advertising, royalty payments in respect of a copyright and professional fees are generally exempt from this tax.

As shown in Table XXI, business service payments have experienced a significant increase in the total amounts paid, and to some extent in their percentage of total payments to non-residents.

46.2 millions de dollars. Le tableau suivant montre que les hausses actuelles se produisent en grande partie dans la catégorie des "Autres" branches d'activité où on a réuni les intérêts versés sur les effets à payer, les avances accordées par les sociétés mères et les autres emprunts à court terme consentis par des établissements de crédit.

En 1965, les intérêts de 174.0 millions de dollars qu'avaient versés 111 corporations déclarantes représentaient 68.6 p. 100 du montant total. Les sociétés faisant partie de ce groupe ont payé chacune plus d'un demi-million de dollars en intérêts.

Si on élargit le groupe de façon à y inclure toutes les sociétés qui ont versé chacune plus de \$100,000 à des non-résidents, on trouve que 161 sociétés ont payé 92 millions et demi de dollars sous forme d'intérêts sur obligations, soit 97,5 p. 100 du total. En ce qui concerne les emprunts bancaires, 69 sociétés ont versé 27.4 millions de dollars, soit 96 p. 100 du total. Quant aux autres catégories d'intérêts, 402 sociétés ont versé 120.1 millions, soit 91.8 p. 100 de l'ensemble.

Comme un nombre relativement peu élevé de sociétés interviennent pour une part importante de la totalité des intérêts payés, les changements de méthode de financement d'une société peuvent influencer sensiblement sur les résultats du groupe.

Les frais de services commerciaux fournis par des non-résidents à l'économie canadienne ne cessent de croître par rapport à la totalité des paiements faits à des non-résidents. Ces frais vont des loyers aux frais d'organisation du prix des concessions aux frais de publicité. Certains versements sont assujettis à un impôt fédéral de retenu de 15 p. 100 du montant payé. Toutefois, les frais de publicité, les redevances sur les droits de reproduction et les honoraires professionnels sont habituellement exempts d'impôt.

Le Tableau XXI montre que dans l'ensemble, les paiements pour services commerciaux ont subi une augmentation considérable comme l'a, dans une certaine mesure, leur proportion par rapport à l'ensemble des paiements faits à des non-résidents.

TABLE XX. Interest Paid to Non-residents 1962-1965

TABLEAU XX. Intérêts versés à des non-résidents, 1962-1965

Interest classification — Catégorie	1962	1963	1964	1965
	\$'000			
Bonds and debentures — Obligations.....	79,932	84,905	88,563	94,908
Bank loans — Prêts bancaires	21,934	22,178	21,663	28,499
All other — Autres intérêts	64,128	84,487	97,635	130,692
Total.....	165,994	191,570	207,861	254,099

TABLE XXI. Business Service Payments Made to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations

TABLEAU XXI. Versements des sociétés déclarantes à des non-résidents
pour services commerciaux

Major industrial group — Grand groupe d'activités	Total payments — Total des versements		Business service payments — Versements pour services commerciaux		Per cent business service payments of total payments — Proportion des versements pour services commerciaux par rapport au total des versements	
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965
	\$'000,000				%	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	172.6	177.5	16.9	20.0	9.8	11.3
Mineral fuels — Combustibles d'origine minérale	109.3	131.6	26.9	26.9	24.6	20.4
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	124.0	191.7	33.1	40.4	26.7	21.1
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	359.2	405.4	147.7	183.7	41.1	45.3
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	53.8	81.1	28.6	42.0	53.2	51.8
Finances	171.8	224.1	13.9	15.4	3.1	6.9
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	191.3	216.5	119.4	148.0	62.4	68.4
Total	1,182.1	1,428.0	386.6	476.5	32.7	33.4

Within secondary manufacturing, where such payments are particularly large, the major components are royalties, research and management fees. Although payments were also significantly high in the Other Industries major group, the principal component was charter hire payments made to foreign ship owners.

The increase in rental payments from 1964 to 1965 was attributable to payments made by five corporations. These corporations increased their rental payments to non-residents by \$15.5 millions. Three of the five are engaged in providing shipping services to and from Canadian ports. Although royalty payments increased by \$14.1 millions, there were few significant changes exceeding half a million dollars. The larger franchise payments reflecting an increase of \$9.1 millions was almost completely accounted for by increased payments for the use of films in Canada.

Insurance premium payments remained relatively minor with almost all payments reported amounting to less than \$100,000. Management fees, salaries and annuities payments increased by \$18.1 millions from 1964 to 1965, with \$6.2 millions of the change accounted for by six corporations. Management fees, in particular, are reported by more corporations than any other form of business service payment. The balance of the increase was accounted for by higher payments by more corporations, 1,046 corporations reporting this payment in 1965 as compared with 846 in the preceding year.

Dans l'industrie manufacturière secondaire, où ces versements sont particulièrement élevés, les éléments principaux sont les redevances et les frais de recherche et de gestion. Les paiements étaient également considérables dans le secteur des "Autres activités économiques", les frais d'affrètement versés aux propriétaires de bateaux étrangers étant le poste le plus important.

L'accroissement de l'élément "loyers" entre 1964 et 1965 a été causé par le paiement de 15.5 millions de dollars que cinq grandes sociétés ont fait à ce titre à des non-résidents. Trois d'entre elles assurent le transport maritime à destination et en provenance de ports canadiens. Si les redevances versées ont marqué un accroissement de 14.1 millions de dollars, il y a eu peu de variations dépassant un demi-million de dollars. L'augmentation de 9.1 millions de dollars des paiements faits au titre des concessions s'explique presque entièrement par l'usage accru qu'on fait de films au Canada.

Les primes d'assurance versées sont restées à un niveau relativement bas, presque tous les paiements déclarés étant inférieurs à \$100,000. De 1964 à 1965, les montants versés au titre des frais d'organisation, de traitements et de rentes ont augmenté de 18.1 millions de dollars. Sur ce montant, 6.2 millions sont attribuables à six sociétés. Les frais d'organisation reviennent plus souvent que n'importe quel autre paiement pour services commerciaux. Le reste de l'accroissement résulte des paiements plus élevés fait par un nombre accru de sociétés. En effet, 1,046 sociétés ont déclaré avoir fait des paiements pour ce genre de services contre 846 l'année précédente.

The increase in professional fees of \$18.4 millions was primarily restricted to the engineering fee component. However, in 1965, 12 corporations accounted for \$11.1 millions of the total increase of \$15.5 millions. Three of the 12 corporations were exempt from reporting to CALURA for 1964, as they were in their initial stages of development.

L'augmentation de 18.4 millions de dollars d'honoraires pour services professionnels est attribuable surtout aux honoraires d'ingénieur. Cependant, en 1965, sur l'accroissement global de 15.5 millions, 12 sociétés sont intervenues pour 11.1 millions. Trois des 12 sociétés étaient dispensées de la déclaration à l'égard de 1964 vu qu'elles étaient alors à leurs débuts.

TABLE XXII. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations, 1965

TABLEAU XXII. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les sociétés déclarantes, 1965

Industry group Secteur d'activité	Corporations — Sociétés	Dividends — Dividendes	Interest — Intérêts	Rent — Loyer	Royalties — Redevances	Franchises — Droits d'exclusivité
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
Agriculture	54	1,073	251	43	168	10
Mining — Mines	283	48,052	27,909	352	1,431	80
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	2,248	479,845	79,353	17,221	70,429	11,989
Construction	153	3,352	766	179	1,798	14
Transportation — Transports	188	12,440	31,882	82,231	80	—
Gas and electric utilities — Services de gaz et d'électricité	33	4,024	5,421	92	5	—
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	768	27,087	4,149	9,653	6,118	2,919
Retail trade — Commerce de détail ...	129	6,247	1,636	2,187	324	31
Finances	1,092	107,885	100,856	1,939	148	38
Services	324	7,440	1,876	1,713	2,984	23,954
Total	5,272	697,445	254,099	115,610	83,485	39,035
	Advertising — Réclame	Research — Recherche	Insurance — Assurance	Management fees, annuities — Honoraires des directeurs, rentes	Professional fees, other payments — Honoraires pour services professionnels et autres	Total
	\$'000					
Agriculture	64	—	20	234	46	1,909
Mining — Mines	618	1,021	203	5,086	2,654	87,406
Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières	19,417	39,702	6,403	55,955	38,503	818,817
Construction	94	19	193	2,827	15,254	24,496
Transportation — Transports	113	—	1,259	1,412	3,296	132,713
Gas and electric utilities — Services de gaz et d'électricité	17	12	5	192	230	9,998
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	3,361	291	867	9,369	2,018	65,832
Retail trade — Commerce de détail ...	562	117	794	2,544	831	15,273
Finances	284	307	969	6,760	4,958	224,144
Services	1,493	836	113	5,381	1,617	47,407
Total	26,023	42,305	10,826	89,760	69,407	1,427,995

**TABLE XXIII. Total Payments to Non-residents by Industrial Group,
1964 and 1965**

**TABLEAU XXIII. L'ensemble des paiements à des non-résidents par groupe d'activités,
1964 et 1965**

Industry group — Groupe d'activités	Corporations — Sociétés		1964	1965
	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	238	256	172, 588	177, 548
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	103	119	109, 349	131, 630
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	553	576	123, 990	191, 651
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	1, 377	1, 580	359, 188	405, 394
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	730	897	53, 815	81, 105
Finances	850	1, 092	171, 821	224, 144
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	620	752	191, 300	216, 523
Total	4, 471	5, 272	1, 182, 051	1, 427, 995

**TABLE XXIV. Dividends Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group,
1964 and 1965**

**TABLEAU XXIV. Dividendes versés à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités,
1964 et 1965**

Industry group — Groupe d'activités	Corporations ¹ — Sociétés ¹		1964	1965
	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	87	87	122, 650	121, 762
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	31	30	64, 604	82, 537
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	171	173	69, 660	122, 762
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	334	360	195, 318	200, 836
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	187	224	20, 640	33, 334
Finances	390	482	84, 247	107, 885
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	143	170	30, 468	28, 329
Total	1, 343	1, 526	587, 587	697, 445

¹ Total corporations equal total number of payments. — Le nombre de sociétés égale le nombre de paiements.

TABLE XXV. Interest Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU XXV. Intérêts versés à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965

Industry group Groupe d'activités	Corporations — Sociétés	Payments ¹ — Paielements ¹		1964	1965
	1964	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.			\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	51	57	69	32,997	35,740
Mineral fuels extraction and processing— Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	27	31	39	17,850	22,192
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	147	157	184	21,238	28,485
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	305	317	425	16,153	20,845
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	191	198	269	4,550	5,785
Finances	351	391	526	73,650	100,856
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	173	193	246	41,423	40,196
Total	1,245	1,344	1,758	207,861	254,099

¹ Number of payments within three interest classifications. — Les paiements se répartissent entre trois sources d'intérêts.

TABLE XXVI. Rent Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU XXVI. Loyers payés à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Groupe d'activités	Corporations — Sociétés	Payments ¹ — Paielements ¹		1964	1965
	1964	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.					$'000
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	22	22	14	234	144
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	21	23	32	11,444	11,702
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	113	113	125	2,018	2,347
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	120	123	129	1,934	3,380
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	67	69	86	7,002	11,840
Finances	20	20	23	1,611	1,939
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	59	61	94	70,014	84,258
Total	422	431	503	94,257	115,610

¹ Number of payments within two rental payment classifications. — Les paiements se répartissent entre deux catégories de loyer.

TABLE XXVII. Royalties Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU XXVII. Redevances versées à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Groupe d'activités	Corporations — Sociétés	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1964	1965
	1964	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.			\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	52	55	53	1,653	1,751
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux.....	40	48	52	1,154	1,532
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	157	173	181	8,347	11,021
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	639	691	794	47,857	57,556
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail.....	111	112	154	4,741	6,442
Finances.....	10	11	13	340	148
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	70	76	79	5,314	5,035
Total	1,079	1,166	1,326	69,406	83,485

¹ Number of payments within five royalty payment classifications. — Les paiements sont répartis entre cinq catégories de redevances.

TABLE XXVIII. Franchise Payments to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU XXVIII. Contrepartie de droits d'exclusivité versée à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Groupe d'activités	Corporations — Sociétés	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1964	1965
	1964	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.			\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage....	12	13	16	881	1, 295
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux.....	4	4	4	2, 045	2, 093
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	42	43	50	1, 406	1, 603
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	111	122	123	6, 408	7, 078
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	41	41	45	2, 203	2, 950
Finances	3	3	2	41	38
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	25	25	37	16, 966	23, 978
Total	238	251	277	29, 950	39, 035

¹ Number of payments within four franchise payment classifications. — Les paiements sont répartis entre quatre catégories de droits de concession.

TABLE XXIX. Advertising Payments to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU XXIX. Versements pour publicité à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Groupe d'activités	Corporations ¹ — Sociétés ¹		1964	1965
	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage....	29	29	1,482	1,825
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	11	13	392	493
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	66	64	2,693	1,941
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	207	214	12,325	15,776
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	98	120	2,785	3,923
Finances.....	23	25	334	284
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	76	95	3,090	1,781
Total	510	560	23,101	26,023

¹ Total corporations equals total number of payments. — Le nombre de sociétés égale le nombre de paiements.

TABLE XXX. Research Payments to Non residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU XXX. Versements pour la recherche à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Groupes d'activités	Corporations — Sociétés	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1964	1965
	1964	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.			\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage....	23	28	35	3, 109	3, 817
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	10	12	10	961	1, 866
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	58	63	52	2, 191	2, 536
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	135	146	152	25, 542	32, 504
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	22	22	22	1, 287	408
Finances	4	4	7	59	307
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	18	18	16	817	867
Total	270	293	294	33, 966	42, 305

¹ Number of payments within two research payment classifications. — Les paiements se répartissent entre deux catégories de recherche.

TABLE XXXI. Insurance Payments to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU XXXI. Primes d'assurance versées à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Groupe d'activités	Corporations ¹ — Sociétés ¹		1964	1965
	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage...	30	34	919	742
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	12	12	781	573
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	57	60	2,421	2,570
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	191	184	2,388	2,721
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	84	98	1,344	1,661
Finances	43	37	3,994	969
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	64	76	1,437	1,590
Total	481	501	13,284	10,826

¹ Total corporations equals total number of payments. — Le nombre de sociétés égale le nombre de paiements.

TABLE XXXII. Management Fees Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU XXXII. Honoraires d'administration versés à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Groupe d'activités	Corporations	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1964	1965
	Sociétés				
	1964	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.			\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	106	125	135	5, 226	5, 509
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	51	66	79	3, 582	3, 427
Primary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	183	206	219	10, 435	11, 259
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	511	575	669	31, 651	40, 846
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	254	270	370	7, 800	11, 913
Finances	220	234	292	4, 759	6, 760
Other industries — Autres secteurs d'activité	227	262	290	8, 178	10, 046
Total	1, 552	1, 738	2, 054	71, 631	89, 760

¹ Number of payments within four payment classifications including management fees, salaries and annuities. — Les paiements sont répartis entre quatre catégories de rémunération: honoraires, salaires, pensions, annuités.

TABLE XXXIII. Professional Fees Paid to Non-residents by Broad Industrial Group, 1964 and 1965

TABLEAU XXXIII. Versements pour services professionnels à des non-résidents par grand groupe d'activités, 1964 et 1965

Industry group — Groupe d'activités	Corporations	Payments ¹		1964	1965
	Sociétés	Paiements ¹			
	1964	1964	1965		
	No. — nomb.			\$'000	
mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	78	126	146	3,437	4,963
neral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	53	89	99	6,536	5,215
imary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières primaires	147	191	191	3,581	7,127
ondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires	331	416	469	19,612	23,852
olesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	133	157	211	1,463	2,849
ances	121	163	214	2,786	4,958
her industries — Autres secteurs d'activités	191	249	285	13,593	20,443
Total	1,054	1,391	1,615	51,008	69,407

¹ Number of payments within six professional fee payment classifications. — Les paiements se répartissent entre six catégories de services professionnels.

TABLE XXXIV. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations, in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1965

TABLEAU XXXIV. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les sociétés déclarantes, industries minières et manufacturières, 1965

Industry — Industrie	Corporations — Sociétés	Dividends — Dividendes	Interest — Intérêts	Rent — Loyer	Royalties — Redevances	Franchises — Droits d'exclusivité	Advertising — Réclame	Research — Recherche	Insurance — Assurance	Management fees, annuities — Honoraires de gestion, rentes	Professional fees, other payments — Honoraires pour services professionnels et autres	Total
	\$'000											
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage:	No. — nomb.											
Metal mines — Mines métalliques	106	23,966	10,383	40	417	7	148	506	109	915	620	37,111
Other mining — Autres mines	86	17,008	5,532	65	107	54	451	227	87	1,619	848	25,998
Primary metal industries — Métaux primaires	70	80,788	19,825	39	1,227	1,234	1,226	3,084	546	2,975	3,495	114,439
Total	256	121,762	35,740	144	1,751	1,295	1,825	3,817	742	5,509	4,963	177,548
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux:												
Mineral fuels — Combustibles minéraux	97	7,078	11,994	247	907	19	19	288	7	2,552	1,186	24,297
Petroleum and coal products — Produits pétroliers et charbonniers	22	75,459	10,198	11,455	625	2,074	474	1,578	566	875	4,029	107,333
Total	119	82,537	22,192	11,702	1,532	2,093	493	1,866	573	3,427	5,215	131,630
Other primary manufacturing — Autres industries manufacturières primaires:												
Food products — Aliments	208	20,913	2,807	1,413	3,804	447	640	643	1,322	5,840	1,505	39,334
Beverages — Boissons	33	7,983	756	192	332	43	631	1	7	191	116	10,252
Tobacco — Tabacs	11	6,451	24	195	485	—	—	11	—	158	19	7,343
Leather — Cuirs	46	517	250	90	554	65	54	20	2	141	20	7,113
Wood — Bois	75	3,154	4,170	61	451	41	46	65	175	708	167	9,038
Paper — Papiers	121	54,003	18,758	381	4,038	950	162	753	1,042	3,252	4,482	87,821
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non métalliques	82	29,741	1,720	15	1,357	57	408	1,043	22	969	818	36,150
Total	576	122,762	28,485	2,347	11,021	1,603	1,941	2,536	2,570	11,259	7,127	191,651
Secondary manufacturing — Industries manufacturières secondaires:												
Rubber products — Caoutchouc	24	10,892	198	8	965	58	92	6,611	614	728	1,030	21,196
Textiles, knitting mills, clothing — Textiles, bonneterie et vêtements	262	14,605	1,535	536	5,237	404	1,114	819	180	1,958	980	27,368
Furniture — Meubles et articles d'ameublement	44	68	146	4	204	28	109	173	5	250	20	1,007
Printing and publishing — Impression et édition	101	1,215	493	18	3,135	1,278	639	266	145	666	1,062	8,917
Metal fabricating — Travail des métaux	258	13,279	4,435	1,125	4,052	570	801	557	82	6,108	907	31,916
Machinery — Machines	181	26,258	3,409	270	12,795	357	499	862	194	3,964	4,128	52,736
Transportation equipment — Matériel de transport	113	69,932	2,448	404	4,292	595	3,152	17,262	338	10,885	4,452	113,760
Electrical products — Appareils et matériel électriques	162	14,221	3,014	295	8,362	2,654	232	2,236	190	4,468	5,915	41,587
Chemical products — Produits chimiques	253	44,736	3,107	499	12,856	845	8,817	3,423	894	9,480	4,537	89,194
Miscellaneous — Divers	182	5,630	2,060	221	5,658	289	321	295	79	2,339	821	17,713
Total	1,580	200,836	20,845	3,380	57,556	7,078	15,776	32,504	2,721	40,846	23,852	405,394
Mining and manufacturing — Total — Extraction et industries manufacturières	2,531	527,897	107,262	17,573	71,860	12,069	20,035	40,723	6,606	61,041	41,157	906,223

TABLE XXXV. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations, by Type of Payment
by Major Industrial Groups, 1965

TABLEAU XXXV. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les sociétés déclarantes, par catégorie de paiement
selon les grands secteurs d'activité, 1965

Type of payment — Catégorie de paiement	Corporations — Sociétés	Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	Mineral fuels — Combustibles minéraux	Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières		Trade — Commerce	Finances	Other industries — Autres industries	Total
				Primary — Primaire	Secondary — Secondaire				
	No. — nomb.					\$'000			
Dividends — Dividendes	1,526	121,762	82,537	122,762	200,836	33,334	107,885	28,329	697,44
Interest — Intérêts:									
Bonds and debentures — Obligations	309	17,753	10,492	14,577	2,583	619	14,561	34,323	94,90
Bank loans — Emprunts bancaires	174	8,255	4,112	1,363	687	653	11,528	1,901	28,49
Other — Autres	1,275	9,732	7,588	12,545	17,575	4,513	74,767	3,972	130,69
Rent — Loyer:									
On real property in Canada — D'immeubles situés au Canada	183	16	2,163	295	1,059	2,682	1,803	950	8,96
On equipment — De machinerie et d'outillage	320	128	9,539	2,052	2,321	9,158	136	83,308	106,64
Royalties and similar payments — Redevances et autres paiements similaires:									
Copyrights — Droits de reproduction	74	41	—	92	5,238	1,894	—	2,110	9,37
Patents of invention — Brevets d'invention	433	1,310	64	3,438	18,486	975	87	1,673	26,03
Industrial designs — Dessins industriels	155	97	257	90	15,252	232	—	165	16,09
Trade marks and trade names — Marques de commerce et noms commerciaux	194	19	—	1,674	4,318	634	5	88	6,73
Other — Autres	470	284	1,211	5,727	14,262	2,707	56	999	25,24
Payments for exercise of production, distribution and sales franchises and similar rights — Paiements pour droits d'exclusivité de production, de distribution, de vente et autres droits semblables:									
In Canada — Au Canada	215	1,027	2,091	568	6,306	2,772	38	23,871	36,67
In the United States — Aux Etats-Unis	43	25	2	979	334	163	—	82	1,58
In the United Kingdom — Au Royaume-Uni	7	189	—	4	1	5	—	6	20
Elsewhere — Ailleurs	12	54	—	52	437	10	—	19	57
Advertising and sales promotion — Publicité et stimulation des ventes	560	1,825	493	1,941	15,776	3,923	284	1,781	26,02
Payments for or in respect of — Paiements concernant:									
Scientific research — La recherche scientifique	131	953	712	577	4,983	90	71	821	8,20
Product and process development research — La recherche sur les produits et les procédés de production	163	2,864	1,154	1,959	27,521	318	236	46	34,09
Insurance premiums and related charges — Primes d'assurance et autres frais relatifs	501	742	573	2,570	2,721	1,661	969	1,590	10,82
Management and administrative fees — Honoraires des directeurs et administrateurs	1,046	3,382	2,957	9,744	37,166	9,266	4,943	8,064	75,52
Salaries, fees and other remuneration to officers and directors — Traitements, honoraires et autres formes de rémunération versés aux dirigeants et aux administrateurs	907	2,059	459	1,413	3,470	2,468	1,605	1,912	13,38
Annuities, pensions and similar payments — Annuités, pensions et paiements similaires:									
To officers and directors — Aux dirigeants et aux administrateurs	97	68	11	102	201	174	212	66	83
To shareholders holding more than 5 per cent of any class of issued shares — Aux actionnaires détenant plus de 5 pour-cent de l'une ou l'autre catégorie d'actions émises	4	—	—	—	9	5	—	4	18
Fees and charges for professional services — Frais et honoraires pour services professionnels:									
Engineering services — Génie	398	3,126	701	4,582	14,755	1,098	913	16,757	41,93
Architectural services — Architecture	37	17	14	42	170	206	288	132	86
Legal services — Contentieux	325	534	431	432	534	135	1,018	882	3,96
Accounting services — Comptabilité	178	302	118	169	576	220	85	174	1,64
Auditing services — Vérification	238	160	109	115	419	83	26	91	1,00
Consulting fees and charges not included in any of the above payments — Honoraires d'experts conseils et frais non prévus dans les postes ci-dessus	439	824	3,842	1,787	7,398	1,107	2,628	2,407	19,99
Total ¹	5,272	177,548	131,630	191,651	405,394	81,105	224,144	216,523	1,427,99

¹ 5,272 corporations reported 10,414 types of payments. — 5,272 sociétés ont déclaré 10,414 genres (ou postes) de paiements.

STATISTICAL APPENDIX



ANNEXE STATISTIQUE

INDEX TO STATISTICAL TABLES

Table	Page
1. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965	65
2. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector, 1965	65
3. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Mining, Quarrying and Oil Well Sector, 1965	65
4. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Manufacturing Sector, 1965	66
5. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Construction Sector, 1965	66
6. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Transportation, Storage, Communication and Public Utilities, 1965	66
7. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wholesale Trade Sector, 1965....	67
8. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Retail Trade Sector, 1965	67
9. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Finance Sector, 1965	67
10. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Service Sector, 1965.....	68
11. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-residents Ownership, 1962- 1965	69
12. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector, 1962- 1965	69
13. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Mining, Quarrying and Oil Well Sector, 1962- 1965	70
14. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Manufacturing Sector, 1962- 1965	70
15. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Construction Sector, 1962- 1965	71
16. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Transportation, Storage, Communication and Public Utilities, 1962- 1965	71
17. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wholesale Trade Sector, 1962- 1965.....	72

INDEX DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES

Tableau	Page
1. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965	65
2. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur d'agriculture, d'exploitation forestière et de pêche, 1965	65
3. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de mines, carrières et puits de pétrole, 1965	65
4. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de fabrication, 1965	66
5. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de construction, 1965	66
6. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de transports, d'entreposage, de communications et d'utilités publiques, 1965	66
7. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de commerce de gros, 1965	67
8. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de commerce de détail.....	67
9. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de finances, 1965	67
10. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de services, 1965	68
11. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962- 1965	69
12. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur d'agriculture, d'exploitation forestière et de pêche, 1962- 1965	69
13. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de mines, carrières et puits de pétrole, 1962- 1965	70
14. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de fabrication, 1962- 1965	70
15. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de construction, 1962- 1965	71
16. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de transports, d'entreposage, de communications et d'utilités publiques, 1962- 1965.....	71
17. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de commerce de gros, 1962- 1965	72

Index to Statistical Tables -- Continued

Table	Page
18. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Retail Trade Sector, 1962-1965	72
19. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Finance Sector, 1962-1965	73
20. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Service Sector, 1962-1965	73
21. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group, 1965	74
22. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing Sector, 1965	74
23. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Mining, Quarrying and Oil Well Sector, 1965.....	75
24. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Manufacturing Sector, 1965	75
25. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Construction Sector, 1965	76
26. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Transportation, Storage, Communication and Public Utilities, 1965	76
27. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Wholesale Trade Sector, 1965	77
28. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Retail Trade Sector, 1965	77
29. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Finance Sector, 1965	78
30. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Service Sector, 1965	78
31. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture Industry, 1965.....	79

Index des tableaux statistiques -- suite

Tableau	Page
18. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de commerce de détail, 1962-1965	72
19. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de finances, 1962-1965	73
20. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de services, 1962-1965	73
21. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif, 1965	74
22. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur d'agriculture, d'exploitation forestière et de pêche, 1965.....	74
23. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de mines, carrières et puits de pétrole, 1965	75
24. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de fabrication, 1965	75
25. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de construction, 1965	76
26. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de transports, d'entreposage, de communications et d'utilités publiques, 1965	76
27. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de commerce de gros, 1965.....	77
28. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de commerce de détail, 1965	77
29. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de finances, 1965	78
30. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de services, 1965	78
31. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de l'agriculture, 1965	79

Index to Statistical Tables — Continued

Table	Page
32. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Forestry Industry, 1965	79
33. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Fishing and Trapping Industries, 1965	79
34. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Industries, 1965	80
35. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Gold Mine Industry, 1965	80
36. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Iron Mine Industry, 1965	80
37. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Other Metal Mining Industries, 1965	81
38. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Metal Mining Industries, 1965	81
39. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Coal Mine Industry, 1965	81
40. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Oil and Gas Wells Industries, 1965	82
41. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Mineral Fuels Industries, 1965	82
42. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Non-Metal Mining Industry, 1965	82
43. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Quarries Industry, 1965	83
44. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Mining Services Industry, 1965	83
45. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Other Mining Industries, 1965	83
46. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Mining Industry, 1965	84
47. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Meat Products Industry, 1965	84
48. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Dairy Products Industry, 1965	84
49. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Fish Products Industry, 1965	85
50. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Fruit and Vegetable Canners Industries, 1965	85
51. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Grain Mills Industry, 1965	85
52. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Bakery Products Industry, 1965	86
53. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Food Products Industries, 1965	86

Index des tableaux statistiques — suite

Tableau	Page
32. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie d'exploitation forestière, 1965	79
33. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de pêche et de piégeage, 1965	79
34. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'agriculture, d'exploitation forestière et de pêche, 1965 ..	80
35. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de mines d'or, 1965	80
36. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de mines de fer, 1965	80
37. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des autres mines métalliques, 1965	81
38. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries des minéraux métalliques, 1965	81
39. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des mines de charbon, 1965	81
40. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de puits de pétrole et de gaz, 1965	82
41. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des minéraux combustibles, 1965	82
42. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de mines non métalliques, 1965	82
43. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des carrières, 1965	83
44. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des services miniers, 1965	83
45. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries minières diverses, 1965	83
46. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total de l'industrie des mines, 1965	84
47. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits de la viande, 1965	84
48. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits laitiers, 1965	84
49. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits du poisson, 1965	85
50. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des conserveries de fruits et légumes, 1965	85
51. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits de minoteries, 1965	85
52. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits de boulangerie, 1965	86
53. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des autres produits alimentaires, 1965	86

Index to Statistical Tables — Continued

Table	Page
54. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Food Industry, 1965.....	86
55. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Soft Drinks Industry, 1965.....	87
56. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Distillery Industry, 1965.....	87
57. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Brewery Industry, 1965.....	87
58. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Winery Industry, 1965.....	88
59. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Beverage Industries, 1965.....	88
60. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Food and Beverages Industry, 1965.....	88
61. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Tobacco Products Industry, 1965.....	89
62. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Rubber Products Industry, 1965.....	89
63. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Leather Products Industry, 1965.....	89
64. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Cotton and Woolen Mills Industries, 1965.....	90
65. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Synthetic Textiles Industry, 1965.....	90
66. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Primary Textile Industries, 1965.....	90
67. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Textile Products Industry, 1965.....	91
68. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Textile Mills Industries, 1965.....	91
69. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Hosiery Mills Industry, 1965.....	91
70. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Knitting Mills Industries, 1965.....	92
71. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Knitting Mills Industries, 1965.....	92
72. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Men's Clothing Industry, 1965.....	92
73. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Women's Clothing Industry, 1965.....	93
74. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Fur Goods Industry, 1965.....	93
75. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Foundation Garments Industry, 1965.....	93

Index des tableaux statistiques — suite

Tableau	Page
54. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total de l'industrie des produits alimentaires, 1965.....	86
55. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des fabricants d'eau gazeuse, 1965.....	87
56. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des distilleries, 1965.....	87
57. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des brasseries, 1965.....	87
58. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de la fabrication du vin, 1965.....	88
59. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de la boisson, 1965.....	88
60. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries d'aliments et de boissons, 1965.....	88
61. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits du tabac, 1965.....	89
62. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits de caoutchouc, 1965.....	89
63. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits du cuir, 1965.....	89
64. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des fabriques de tissus de coton et de laine, 1965.....	90
65. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des fabriques de tissus synthétiques, 1965.....	90
66. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de fabrication des tissus primaires divers, 1965.....	90
67. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des autres produits textiles, 1965.....	91
68. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries du textile, 1965.....	91
69. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de bas et chaussettes, 1965.....	91
70. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des autres industries de tricot, 1965.....	92
71. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries du tricot, 1965.....	92
72. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des vêtements pour hommes, 1965.....	92
73. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des vêtements pour femmes, 1965.....	93
74. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des articles en fourrure, 1965.....	93
75. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des corsets et soutiens-gorge, 1965.....	93

Index to Statistical Tables — Continued

Table	Page
76. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Clothing Industries, 1965	94
77. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Clothing Industries, 1965	94
78. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Textile Industries, 1965	94
79. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Sawmills Industry, 1965	95
80. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Veneer and Plywood Industries, 1965	95
81. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Planing Mills Industry, 1965	95
82. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wooden Boxes Industry, 1965	96
83. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Coffins and Caskets Industries, 1965	96
84. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Miscellaneous Wood Products Industry, 1965	96
85. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wood Industry, 1965	97
86. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Household Furniture Industry, 1965	97
87. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Office Furniture Industry, 1965	97
88. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Furniture Industries, 1965	98
89. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Furniture Industries, 1965	98
90. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Pulp and Paper Mills Industries, 1965	98
91. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Paper Boxes & Bags Industries, 1965	99
92. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Paper Products Industries, 1965	99
93. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Paper and Allied Industries, 1965	99
94. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Commercial Printing Industry, 1965	100
95. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Engraving and Allied Industries, 1965	100
96. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Publishing Industry only, 1965	100
97. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Publishing and Printing Industries, 1965	101

Index des tableaux statistiques -- suite

Tableau	Page
76. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, autres industries du vêtement, 1965	94
77. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries du vêtement, 1965	94
78. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries textiles, 1965	94
79. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des scieries, 1965	95
80. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des fabriques de placages et contre-plaqués, 1965	95
81. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des ateliers de rabotage, 1965	95
82. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des fabriques de boîtes en bois, 1965	96
83. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des cercueils et tombes, 1965	96
84. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie diverse du bois, 1965	96
85. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie du bois, 1965	97
86. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des meubles de maison, 1965	97
87. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des meubles de bureau, 1965	97
88. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'autres meubles, 1965	98
89. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries d'autres meubles, 1965	98
90. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des pâtes et papiers, 1965	98
91. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de boîtes et de sacs en papier, 1965	99
92. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'autres transformations du papier, 1965	99
93. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries du bois et des produits connexes, 1965	99
94. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des impressions commerciales, 1965	100
95. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de gravure et industries connexes, 1965	100
96. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de l'édition seulement, 1965	100
97. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de l'édition et de l'impression, 1965	101

Index to Statistical Tables - Continued

Table	Page
98. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1965.....	101
99. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Iron and Steel Mills Industries, 1965.....	101
100. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Iron Foundries Industry, 1965....	102
101. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Smelting and Refining Industries, 1965.....	102
102. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Primary Metals Industries, 1965.....	102
103. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Boiler and Plate Industries, 1965.....	103
104. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Structural Steel Industry, 1965.....	103
105. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Ornamental Iron Works Industry, 1965.....	103
106. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Metal Stamping Industry, 1965.....	104
107. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wire and Wire Products Industries, 1965.....	104
108. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Hardware and Tools Industries, 1965.....	104
109. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Heating Equipment Industry, 1965.....	105
110. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Machine Shops Industry, 1965....	105
111. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Miscellaneous Products Industries, 1965.....	105
112. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Metal Fabricating Industries, 1965.....	106
113. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agricultural Implements Industry, 1965.....	106
114. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Commercial Refrigeration Industry, 1965.....	106
115. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Machinery Industries, 1965....	107
116. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Machinery Industries, 1965....	107
117. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Aircraft and Parts Industries, 1965.....	107
118. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Motor Vehicles and Parts Industries, 1965.....	108
119. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Truck Bodies Industry, 1965.....	108

Index des tableaux statistiques - suite

Tableau	Page
98. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries d'impressions, d'éditions et industries connexes, 1965.....	101
99. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries du fer et de l'acier, 1965.....	101
100. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des fonderies, 1965.....	102
101. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de fonte et d'affinage, 1965.....	102
102. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de métaux primaires, 1965.....	102
103. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des chaudières et plaques, 1965.....	103
104. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie d'acier de charpente, 1965.....	103
105. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie du fer forgé, 1965.....	103
106. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de l'estampage des métaux, 1965.....	104
107. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des fils métalliques et produits connexes, 1965.....	104
108. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des quincailleries et outils, 1965.....	104
109. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des appareils de chauffage, 1965.....	105
110. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des ateliers d'usinage, 1965.....	105
111. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des produits métalliques divers, 1965.....	105
112. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de fabrication métallique, 1965.....	106
113. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des instruments aratoires, 1965.....	106
114. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de l'équipement de réfrigération, 1965.....	106
115. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'autres machines, 1965.....	107
116. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de machines, 1965.....	107
117. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, fabrication d'avions et de pièces, 1965.....	107
118. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des véhicules automobiles et pièces, 1965.....	108
119. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de carrosseries de camions, 1965.....	108

Index to Statistical Tables — Continued

Table	Page
120. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Miscellaneous Transportation Industries, 1965	108
121. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Transport Equipment Industries, 1965	109
122. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Small Appliances Industry, 1965	109
123. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Major Appliances Industry, 1965	109
124. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Radio and Television Receivers Industries, 1965	110
125. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Communications Equipment Industry, 1965	110
126. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Industrial Electrical Equipment Industry, 1965	110
127. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Battery Manufacturers Industry, 1965	111
128. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Miscellaneous Equipment Industries, 1965	111
129. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Electrical Products Industries, 1965	111
130. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Cement Manufacturing Industry, 1965	112
131. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Concrete Manufacturing Industry, 1965	112
132. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Ready-Mix Concrete Industry, 1965	112
133. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Clay Products Industry, 1965	113
134. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Glass and Glass Products Industries, 1965	113
135. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1965	113
136. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1965	114
137. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Petroleum Refineries Industry, 1965	114
138. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 1965	114
139. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 1965	115
140. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Fertilizers Industry, 1965	115
141. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Pharmaceuticals Industry, 1965	115

Index des tableaux statistiques — suite

Tableau	Page
120. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de matériel de transport divers, 1965	108
121. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de l'équipement de transport, 1965	109
122. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des petits appareils électriques, 1965	109
123. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de gros appareils électriques, 1965	109
124. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des appareils de radio et de télévision, 1965	110
125. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie du matériel de télécommunication, 1965	110
126. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de matériel électrique industriel, 1965	110
127. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des manufacturiers de batteries, 1965	111
128. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des appareils électriques divers, 1965	111
129. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries des appareils électriques, 1965	111
130. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des manufacturiers de ciment, 1965	112
131. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des manufacturiers de produits en béton, 1965	112
132. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie du béton préparé, 1965	112
133. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits d'argile, 1965	113
134. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de verre et articles en verre, 1965	113
135. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des autres produits miniers non métalliques, 1965	113
136. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries des produits miniers non métalliques, 1965	114
137. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des raffineries de pétrole, 1965	114
138. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des autres dérivés, 1965	114
139. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de produits de pétrole et du charbon, 1965	115
140. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des engrais, 1965	115
141. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits pharmaceutiques, 1965	115

Index to Statistical Tables — Continued

Table	Page
142. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Paint and Varnish Industries, 1965	116
143. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Soap and Cleaning Compounds Industries, 1965	116
144. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Toilet Preparations Industry, 1965	116
145. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Industrial Chemicals Industry, 1965	117
146. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Chemicals Industries, 1965	117
147. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Chemicals and Chemical Products Industries, 1965	117
148. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1965	118
149. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Jewellery and Silverware Industries, 1965	118
150. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Broom, Brush and Mop Industries, 1965	118
151. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Sporting Goods and Toys Industries, 1965	119
152. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Manufacturing Industries, 1965	119
153. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1965	119
154. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Manufacturing Industries, 1965	120
155. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Construction Industry, 1965	120
156. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Transportation Industry, 1965	120
157. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Storage Industry, 1965	121
158. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Communication Industry, 1965	121
159. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Public Utilities Industry, 1965	121
160. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Transportation, Communications and Other Utilities Industries, 1965	122
161. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wholesale Trade Industry, 1965	122
162. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Retail Trade Industry, 1965	122

Index des tableaux Statistiques — suite

Tableau	Page
142. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des peintures et vernis, 1965	116
143. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de savons et composés de nettoyage, 1965	116
144. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits de toilette, 1965	116
145. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits chimiques industriels, 1965	117
146. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'autres produits chimiques, 1965	117
147. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries chimiques et produits connexes, 1965	117
148. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des instruments scientifiques et professionnels, 1965	118
149. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de bijouteries et de orfèvreries, 1965	118
150. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de balais, brosses et vadrouilles, 1965	118
151. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'articles de sports et des jouets, 1965	119
152. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'autres fabrications, 1965	119
153. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries manufacturières diverses, 1965	119
154. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries manufacturières, 1965	120
155. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de construction, 1965	120
156. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de transport, 1965	120
157. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de l'emmagasinage, 1965	121
158. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de communications, 1965	121
159. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de service d'utilité publique, 1965	121
160. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de transports, communications et autres services d'utilité publique, 1965	122
161. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de commerce de gros, 1965	122
162. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de commerce de détail, 1965	122

Index to Statistical Tables — Concluded

Table	Page
163. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Finance, Banks and Deposit Accepting Institutions Industries, 1965	123
164. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Services to Business Management Industries, 1965	123
165. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Government, Personal and Miscellaneous Services Industries, 1965	123
166. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Services Industries, 1965	124

Index des tableaux Statistiques — fin

Tableau	Page
163. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des finances, banques et institutions qui acceptent des dépôts, 1965	123
164. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des services de gestion, 1965	123
165. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des services de gouvernements, du personnel et services divers, 1965	123
166. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de services, 1965	124

TABLE 1. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965

TABLEAU 1. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over — et plus	3,731	2.2	20,184.0	12.7	10,559.1	17.9	17,666.0	18.6	1,457.5	19.5	1,134.0	28.7
5-94.9%	635	.4	7,632.2	4.8	4,644.4	7.8	6,320.9	6.6	536.2	7.2	267.1	6.8
50-74.9%	1,003	.6	8,907.6	5.6	4,774.9	8.0	5,624.7	5.9	822.3	11.0	355.1	9.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	5,369	3.2	36,723.8	23.1	19,978.4	33.7	29,611.6	31.1	2,816.0	37.7	1,756.2	44.5
5-49.9%	935	.6	6,108.9	3.8	3,906.1	6.6	2,694.3	2.8	580.9	7.8	188.9	4.8
5-24.9%	1,640	1.0	14,419.2	9.1	7,165.7	12.1	8,493.2	8.9	1,070.5	14.3	409.6	10.4
Under 5%	29,836	17.5	36,126.4	22.7	13,447.1	22.6	34,580.3	36.4	1,458.9	19.6	880.6	22.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	32,411	19.1	56,654.5	35.6	24,518.9	41.3	45,767.8	48.1	3,110.3	41.7	1,479.1	37.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	37,780	22.3	93,378.3	58.7	44,497.3	75.0	75,379.4	79.2	5,926.3	79.4	3,235.3	82.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	131,388	77.7	65,577.7	41.3	14,865.2	25.0	19,794.3	20.8	1,535.9	20.6	708.3	18.0
Total	169,168	100.0	158,956.0	100.0	59,362.5	100.0	95,173.7	100.0	7,462.2	100.0	3,943.6	100.0

TABLE 2. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 2. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur d'agriculture, d'exploitation forestière et de pêche, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	43	.6	68.0	8.1	43.3	12.0	40.9	6.2	5.1	15.8	4.5	29.1
75-94.9%	1	.1	6.1	.7	2.6	.7	7.9	1.2	.8	2.5	.2	1.3
50-74.9%	11	.1	6.1	.7	2.6	.7	7.9	1.2	.8	2.5	.2	1.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	54	.7	74.1	8.8	45.9	12.7	48.8	7.4	5.9	18.3	4.7	30.4
25-49.9%	9	.1	68.7	8.2	51.5	14.2	14.5	2.2	3.7	11.7	2.9	18.5
5-24.9%	20	.3	21.9	2.6	10.4	2.9	17.1	2.6	3.0	9.4	2.2	14.3
Under 5%	534	7.2	301.8	35.8	114.6	31.6	242.9	37.1	6.5	20.3	3.2	20.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	563	7.6	392.4	46.6	176.5	48.7	274.5	41.9	13.2	41.4	8.3	53.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	617	8.3	466.5	55.4	222.4	61.4	323.3	49.3	19.1	59.7	13.1	83.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	4,130	91.7	375.5	44.6	139.7	38.6	333.0	50.7	12.9	40.3	2.5	16.3
Total	4,747	100.0	842.0	100.0	362.1	100.0	656.3	100.0	32.0	100.0	15.6	100.0

¹ Included in 50 to 74.9% group. — Compris dans le groupe 50 à 74.9%.

TABLE 3. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Mining, Quarrying and Oil Well Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 3. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de mines, carrières et puits de pétrole, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	177	4.6	2,522.5	27.8	1,351.8	23.0	982.7	30.4	157.3		39.3	
75-94.9%	88	2.3	2,013.2	22.1	1,241.3	21.0	688.1	21.3	108.8		11.9	
50-74.9%	104	2.7	842.7	9.3	504.0	8.5	239.9	7.4	46.0		5.0	
Sub-totals — Total partiel	369	9.6	5,378.4	59.2	3,097.1	52.5	1,910.7	59.1	312.1		56.2	
25-49.9%	161	4.2	1,243.8	13.7	1,039.1	17.6	439.0	13.5	158.3		27.2	
5-24.9%	373	9.6	1,675.4	18.4	1,274.8	21.6	530.6	16.4	177.4		33.2	
Under 5%	504	13.1	495.4	5.4	310.2	5.3	225.9	7.0	13.8		4.0	
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1,038	26.9	3,414.6	37.5	2,624.1	44.5	1,195.5	36.9	349.5		64.4	
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1,407	36.5	8,793.0	96.7	5,721.2	97.0	3,106.2	96.0	661.6		120.6	
Other corporations — Autres corporations	2,450	63.5	298.4	3.3	175.6	3.0	129.0	4.0	- 6.5		- 9.1	
Total	3,857	100.0	9,091.4	100.0	5,896.8	100.0	3,235.2	100.0	655.1		111.5	

TABLE 4. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Manufacturing Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 4. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de fabrication, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1,367	6.4	7,843.0	24.5	4,259.6	24.5	10,539.2	28.4	927.4	30.0	852.1	42.2
75-94.9%	207	1.0	4,567.0	14.2	2,908.3	16.7	4,693.9	12.6	370.4	11.9	213.1	10.5
50-74.9%	287	1.3	5,101.6	15.9	2,865.6	16.4	3,605.6	9.7	550.3	17.7	279.1	13.8
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1,861	8.7	17,511.6	54.6	10,031.5	57.6	18,838.7	50.7	1,848.1	59.6	1,344.3	66.5
25-49.9%	171	.8	1,655.7	5.2	954.2	5.5	1,349.0	3.6	182.0	5.9	93.3	4.6
5-24.9%	324	1.5	5,183.7	16.1	2,926.4	16.8	4,378.6	11.8	548.6	17.6	223.6	11.0
Under 5%	5,081	23.6	6,382.4	19.8	2,936.6	16.8	10,260.0	27.7	461.9	14.9	322.9	16.0
Sub-totals - Total partiel	5,576	25.9	13,221.8	41.1	6,817.2	39.1	15,987.6	43.1	1,192.5	38.4	639.8	31.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	7,437	34.6	30,733.4	95.7	16,848.7	96.7	34,826.3	93.8	3,040.6	98.0	1,984.1	98.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	14,064	65.4	1,367.5	4.3	579.4	3.3	2,306.3	6.2	63.3	2.0	39.4	1.9
Total	21,501	100.0	32,100.9	100.0	17,428.1	100.0	37,132.6	100.0	3,103.9	100.0	2,023.5	100.0

TABLE 5. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Construction Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 5. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de construction, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	98	.7	254.3	7.1	83.9	9.5	459.3	7.8	11.2	7.1	3.7	
75-94.9%	19	.1	59.1	1.6	7.5	.8	60.9	1.0	3.5	2.2	1.6	
50-74.9%	25	.2	41.9	1.2	8.0	.9	96.4	1.6	2.2	1.4	1.7	
Sub-totals - Total partiel	142	1.0	355.3	9.9	99.4	11.2	616.6	10.4	16.9	10.7	7.0	
25-49.9%	20	.1	48.7	1.4	12.4	1.4	58.4	1.0	4.1	2.6	.8	
5-24.9%	40	.3	128.7	3.6	27.9	3.1	253.5	4.3	3.3	2.1	1.3	
Under 5%	2,860	18.6	2,290.3	63.7	513.5	57.9	3,523.6	59.8	92.1	58.3	46.2	
Sub-totals - Total partiel	2,920	19.0	2,467.7	68.7	553.8	62.4	3,835.5	65.1	99.5	63.0	45.7	
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	3,062	20.0	2,823.0	78.6	653.2	73.6	4,452.1	75.5	116.4	73.7	52.7	
Other corporations - Autres corporations	12,269	80.0	768.0	21.4	234.6	26.4	1,447.7	24.5	41.5	26.3	32.1	
Total	15,331	100.0	3,591.0	100.0	887.8	100.0	5,899.8	100.0	157.9	100.0	84.8	

TABLE 6. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Transportation, Storage, Communication and Public Utilities, 1965

TABLEAU 6. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de transports, d'entreposage, de communications et d'utilités publiques, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	90	1.2	287.1	1.8	144.0	2.0	189.0	3.3	22.7	3.8	19.1	4.6
75-94.9%	23	.3	125.0	.8	48.2	.7	56.4	1.0	11.9	2.0	8.7	2.1
50-74.9%	68	1.0	648.0	4.1	205.2	2.9	251.3	4.4	38.4	6.3	22.7	5.4
Sub-totals - Total partiel	181	2.5	1,060.1	6.7	397.4	5.6	496.7	8.7	73.0	12.1	50.5	12.1
25-49.9%	53	.7	604.5	3.8	239.5	3.4	219.8	3.8	72.3	12.0	45.7	10.9
5-24.9%	92	1.3	2,029.5	12.9	644.8	9.1	602.7	10.5	106.0	17.6	59.9	14.3
Under 5%	828	11.7	1,947.7	12.3	724.3	10.3	1,338.4	23.3	106.0	17.6	55.4	13.2
Sub-totals - Total partiel	973	13.7	4,581.7	29.0	1,608.6	22.8	2,160.9	37.6	284.3	47.2	161.0	38.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1,154	16.2	5,641.8	35.7	2,006.0	28.4	2,657.6	46.3	357.3	59.3	211.5	50.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	5,957	83.8	10,142.4	64.3	5,060.2	71.6	3,079.6	53.7	244.9	40.7	207.1	49.5
Total	7,111	100.0	15,784.2	100.0	7,066.2	100.0	5,737.2	100.0	602.2	100.0	418.6	100.0

TABLE 7. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wholesale Trade Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 7. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de commerce de gros, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	780	3.8	1,598.6	21.9	422.1	16.5	3,788.5	22.2	125.2	27.3	98.3	26.0
75-94.9%	85	.4	144.0	2.0	40.0	1.6	283.1	1.7	7.4	1.6	6.7	1.8
50-74.9%	132	.6	218.4	3.0	81.8	3.2	590.1	3.5	16.2	3.5	12.9	3.4
Sub-totals — Total partiel	997	4.8	1,961.0	26.9	543.9	21.3	4,661.7	27.4	148.8	32.4	117.9	31.2
25-49.9%	101	.5	211.0	2.9	51.5	2.0	254.2	1.5	9.1	2.0	4.6	1.2
5-24.9%	160	.8	409.1	5.6	148.4	5.8	950.7	5.6	25.8	5.6	20.1	5.3
Under 5%	4,939	23.9	3,772.0	51.7	1,453.4	56.8	9,355.9	54.9	222.3	48.3	193.4	50.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	5,200	25.2	4,392.1	60.2	1,653.3	64.6	10,560.8	62.0	257.2	55.9	216.1	57.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	6,197	30.0	6,353.1	87.1	2,197.2	85.9	15,222.5	89.4	406.0	88.3	334.0	88.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	14,494	70.0	944.8	12.9	362.0	14.1	1,794.6	10.6	53.8	11.7	44.4	11.7
Total	20,691	100.0	7,297.9	100.0	2,559.2	100.0	17,017.1	100.0	459.8	100.0	378.4	100.0

TABLE 8. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Retail Trade Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 8. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de commerce de détail, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	130	.6	474.0	9.1	277.0	12.4	898.5	6.9	33.3	10.0	41.7	14.2
75-94.9%	36	.1	172.9	3.3	120.3	5.4	461.1	3.6	13.8	4.1	12.5	4.2
50-74.9%	40	.2	237.0	4.5	135.2	6.0	522.9	4.1	27.6	8.3	19.5	6.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	206	.9	883.9	16.9	532.5	23.8	1,882.5	14.6	74.7	22.4	73.7	25.0
25-49.9%	20	.1	29.4	.6	3.4	.2	58.1	.5	.5	.1	.2	.1
5-24.9%	49	.2	537.6	10.3	264.5	11.8	1,269.7	9.9	47.9	14.4	40.0	13.5
Under 5%	3,649	15.1	2,434.1	46.3	889.0	39.7	6,740.3	52.5	134.5	40.4	119.5	40.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	3,718	15.4	3,001.1	57.2	1,156.9	51.7	8,068.1	62.9	182.9	54.9	159.7	54.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	3,924	16.3	3,885.0	74.1	1,689.4	75.5	9,950.6	77.5	257.6	77.3	233.4	79.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	20,111	83.7	1,357.7	25.9	549.4	24.5	2,895.9	22.5	75.7	22.7	61.7	20.9
Total	24,035	100.0	5,242.7	100.0	2,238.8	100.0	12,846.5	100.0	333.3	100.0	295.1	100.0

TABLE 9. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Finance Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 9. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de finances, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	882	1.7	6,923.1	8.4	3,896.6	17.9	517.2	5.3	154.7	7.9	57.3	11.4
75-94.9%	149	.3	466.1	.6	250.8	1.1	48.4	.5	17.6	.9	9.9	2.0
50-74.9%	282	.6	1,691.6	2.1	915.0	4.2	235.9	2.4	134.0	6.8	8.8	1.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1,313	2.6	9,080.8	11.1	5,062.4	23.2	801.5	8.2	306.3	15.6	76.0	15.2
25-49.9%	331	.7	2,155.3	2.6	1,524.1	7.0	237.6	2.4	147.7	7.5	12.6	2.5
5-24.9%	489	1.0	4,234.9	5.2	1,806.9	8.3	386.4	3.9	151.1	7.7	28.3	5.7
Under 5%	9,319	18.3	17,044.8	20.9	6,075.9	27.9	1,793.9	18.4	359.8	18.5	98.0	19.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	10,139	20.0	23,435.0	28.7	9,406.9	43.2	2,417.9	24.7	658.6	33.7	138.9	27.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	11,452	22.6	32,515.8	39.8	14,469.3	66.4	3,219.4	32.9	964.9	49.3	214.9	42.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	39,149	77.4	49,144.0	60.2	7,320.4	33.6	6,565.5	67.1	992.6	50.7	286.2	57.1
Total	50,601	100.0	81,659.8	100.0	21,789.7	100.0	9,784.9	100.0	1,957.5	100.0	501.1	100.0

TABLE 10. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Service Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 10. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de services, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits. — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	164	.8	213.4	6.4	80.8	7.1	250.7	8.8	20.5	12.7	17.9	15.7
75-94.9%	27	.1	84.6	2.5	29.9	2.6	28.8	1.0	3.0	1.9	2.6	2.2
50-74.9%	55	.3	120.5	3.6	57.7	5.1	75.0	2.6	6.7	4.2	5.2	4.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	246	1.2	418.5	12.5	168.4	14.8	354.5	12.4	30.2	18.8	25.7	22.4
25-49.9%	69	.3	91.7	2.7	30.4	2.7	63.6	2.2	3.4	2.1	1.7	1.5
5-24.9%	93	.4	198.3	5.9	61.5	5.4	104.2	3.6	7.1	4.4	3.6	3.1
Under 5%	2,122	10.0	1,458.1	43.7	429.7	38.0	1,099.3	38.4	62.0	38.7	40.0	34.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	2,284	10.7	1,748.1	52.3	521.6	46.1	1,267.1	44.2	72.5	45.2	45.3	39.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	2,530	11.9	2,166.6	64.8	690.0	60.9	1,621.6	56.6	102.7	64.0	71.0	61.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	18,764	88.1	1,179.5	35.2	443.9	39.1	1,242.5	43.4	57.8	36.0	44.0	38.2
Total	21,294	100.0	3,346.1	100.0	1,133.9	100.0	2,864.1	100.0	160.5	100.0	115.0	100.0

TABLE 11. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 11. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
5% and over — et plus		1962	3,085	12.6	15,836.0	24.8	8,552.0	26.2	14,282.3	26.3	1,177.0	28.4
		1963	3,163	11.9	17,593.2	24.4	9,896.2	26.8	15,690.5	26.4	1,532.0	31.2
		1964	3,083	11.6	16,148.2	20.8	8,359.1	21.8	15,196.6	23.9	1,376.3	25.0
		1965	3,731	9.8	20,184.0	21.6	10,559.1	23.8	17,666.0	23.4	1,457.5	24.6
5-94.9%		1962	558	2.3	6,211.7	9.7	3,697.6	11.3	4,322.5	8.0	386.4	9.3
		1963	539	2.0	7,240.6	10.0	4,313.0	11.7	4,835.2	8.1	349.0	7.1
		1964	545	2.0	6,496.7	8.4	4,087.2	10.7	5,431.2	8.6	473.2	9.0
		1965	635	1.7	7,632.2	8.2	4,644.4	10.4	6,320.9	8.4	536.2	9.0
0-74.9%		1962	715	2.9	5,179.3	8.1	3,041.4	9.3	3,746.7	6.9	357.6	8.6
		1963	755	2.8	5,815.9	8.0	3,351.3	9.1	3,981.8	6.7	429.2	8.8
		1964	855	3.2	8,895.7	11.5	5,091.7	13.3	5,508.6	8.7	784.6	14.3
		1965	1,003	2.7	8,907.6	9.5	4,774.9	10.7	5,624.7	7.5	822.3	13.9
Sub-totals — Total partiel		1962	4,358	17.8	27,227.0	42.6	15,291.0	46.8	22,351.5	41.2	1,921.0	46.3
		1963	4,457	16.7	30,649.7	42.4	17,560.5	47.6	24,507.5	41.2	2,310.2	47.1
		1964	4,483	16.8	31,540.6	40.7	17,538.0	45.8	26,136.4	41.2	2,634.1	47.9
		1965	5,369	14.2	36,723.8	39.3	19,978.4	44.9	29,611.6	39.3	2,816.0	47.5
5-49.9%		1962	817	3.3	6,442.5	10.1	3,953.6	12.1	3,623.2	6.7	530.6	12.8
		1963	786	2.9	5,410.4	7.5	3,281.1	8.9	2,411.3	4.1	486.0	9.9
		1964	800	3.0	5,562.7	7.2	3,333.7	8.7	2,875.3	4.5	613.1	11.2
		1965	935	2.5	6,108.9	6.5	3,906.1	8.8	2,694.3	3.6	580.9	9.8
5-24.9%		1962	1,099	4.5	9,254.4	14.5	4,751.7	14.5	5,158.2	9.5	630.0	15.2
		1963	1,264	4.7	11,374.5	15.7	5,600.0	15.2	6,751.3	11.3	877.5	17.9
		1964	1,263	4.7	11,691.4	15.1	5,721.9	15.0	6,956.7	11.0	849.9	15.5
		1965	1,640	4.3	14,419.2	15.4	7,165.7	16.1	8,493.2	11.3	1,070.5	18.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%		1962	18,241	74.4	20,926.3	32.8	8,673.4	26.6	23,080.2	42.6	1,069.0	25.7
		1963	20,139	75.6	24,859.2	34.4	10,435.5	28.3	25,808.6	43.4	1,230.6	25.1
		1964	20,217	75.5	28,646.6	37.0	11,652.2	30.5	27,421.2	43.3	1,400.0	25.4
		1965	29,836	79.0	36,126.4	38.7	13,447.1	30.2	34,580.3	45.8	1,458.9	24.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel		1962	20,156	82.2	36,623.2	57.4	17,378.7	53.2	31,861.6	58.8	2,229.6	53.7
		1963	22,189	83.3	41,644.1	57.6	19,316.6	52.4	34,971.2	58.8	2,594.1	52.9
		1964	22,280	83.2	45,900.7	59.3	20,707.8	54.2	37,253.2	58.8	2,863.0	52.1
		1965	32,411	85.8	56,634.5	60.7	24,518.9	55.1	45,767.8	60.7	3,110.3	52.5
Total		1962	24,515	100.0	63,850.2	100.0	32,669.7	100.0	54,213.1	100.0	4,150.6	100.0
		1963	26,646	100.0	72,293.8	100.0	36,877.1	100.0	59,478.7	100.0	4,904.3	100.0
		1964	26,763	100.0	77,441.3	100.0	38,245.8	100.0	63,389.6	100.0	5,497.1	100.0
		1965	37,780	100.0	93,378.3	100.0	44,497.3	100.0	75,379.4	100.0	5,926.3	100.0

TABLE 12. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 12. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur d'agriculture, d'exploitation forestière et de pêche, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations		Assets — Actifs		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1962	42	13.2	122.0	36.6	83.4	46.1	62.9	30.6	5.0	41.7	
	1963	40	11.7	120.2	32.6	83.1	42.2	58.6	24.9	7.0	47.0	
	1964	37	11.1	61.9	16.0	36.8	16.9	60.6	25.0	15.7	49.6	
	1965	43	6.9	68.0	14.6	43.3	19.4	40.9	12.7	5.1	26.7	
	1962	4	1.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
50-94.9%	1963	3	.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	1964	2	.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	1965	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	1962	4	1.2	6.2	1.8	4.3	2.4	2.5	1.2	.2	1.7	
	1963	5	1.5	25.2	6.8	18.9	9.6	6.0	2.5	.7	4.7	
0-74.9%	1964	5	1.5	86.2	22.2	76.2	35.0	15.4	6.3	4.0	12.6	
	1965	11	1.8	6.1	1.3	2.6	1.2	7.9	2.4	.8	4.2	
	Sub-totals — Total partiel	1962	50	15.6	128.8	38.4	87.7	48.5	65.4	31.8	5.2	43.4
		1963	48	14.1	145.4	39.4	102.0	51.8	64.6	27.4	7.2	51.7
		1964	44	13.2	148.1	38.2	113.0	51.9	76.0	31.3	19.7	62.2
1965		54	8.7	74.1	15.9	45.9	20.6	48.8	15.1	5.9	30.9	
5-49.9%	1962	11	3.4	10.6	3.2	2.9	1.6	3.1	1.5	.1	.8	
	1963	16	4.7	40.2	10.9	18.7	9.5	8.0	3.4	—	—	
	1964	11	3.3	36.7	9.5	23.6	10.8	12.2	5.0	3.4	10.7	
	1965	9	1.5	68.7	14.7	51.5	23.2	14.5	4.5	3.7	19.4	
	5-24.9%	1962	8	2.5	5.2	1.6	1.7	.9	5.3	2.6	.2	1.7
1963		7	2.1	4.5	1.2	1.4	.7	7.3	3.1	.1	.7	
1964		8	2.4	5.3	1.4	1.3	.6	3.5	1.4	—	—	
1965		20	3.2	21.9	4.7	10.4	4.7	17.1	5.3	3.0	15.7	
Under 5% — Moins de 5%		1962	251	78.5	190.7	56.8	88.5	49.0	131.9	64.1	6.5	54.1
	1963	269	79.1	178.8	48.5	75.0	38.0	156.0	66.1	7.1	47.6	
	1964	270	81.1	197.0	50.9	79.9	36.7	151.3	62.3	8.5	26.8	
	1965	534	86.6	301.8	64.7	114.6	51.5	242.9	75.1	6.5	34.0	
	Sub-totals — Total partiel	1962	270	84.4	206.5	61.6	93.1	51.5	140.3	68.2	6.8	56.6
1963		292	85.9	223.5	60.6	95.1	48.2	171.3	72.6	7.2	48.3	
1964		289	86.8	239.0	61.8	104.8	48.1	167.0	68.7	12.0	37.8	
1965		563	91.3	392.4	84.1	176.5	79.4	274.5	84.9	13.2	69.1	
Total	1962	320	100.0	335.3	100.0	180.8	100.0	205.7	100.0	12.0	100.0	
	1963	340	100.0	368.9	100.0	197.1	100.0	235.9	100.0	14.9	100.0	
	1964	333	100.0	387.1	100.0	217.8	100.0	243.0	100.0	31.7	100.0	
	1965	617	100.0	466.5	100.0	222.4	100.0	323.3	100.0	19.1	100.0	

1 Included in 95% and over group. - Compris dans le groupe 95% et plus.

2 Included in 50-74.9% group. - Compris dans le groupe 50-74.9%.

TABLE 13. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Mining, Quarrying and Oil Well Sector, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 13. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de mines, carrières et puits de pétrole, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership		Corporations		Assets - Actifs		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962	174	16.7	2,402.0	37.1	1,212.6	29.2	638.3	33.7	118.2	30.9
	1963	167	16.6	2,308.5	32.8	1,214.5	26.9	687.8	30.7	132.2	28.7
	1964	155	16.4	2,346.2	31.2	1,219.1	25.1	824.2	31.8	147.2	26.0
	1965	177	12.5	2,522.5	28.7	1,351.8	23.6	982.7	31.7	157.3	23.8
75-94.9%	1962	75	7.2	1,163.0	17.9	725.5	17.5	319.1	16.8	39.2	10.3
	1963	74	7.4	1,571.3	22.4	980.5	21.7	560.2	24.9	87.3	19.0
	1964	74	7.8	1,728.0	22.9	1,140.6	23.5	653.1	25.2	119.0	21.0
	1965	88	6.3	2,013.2	22.9	1,241.3	21.7	688.1	22.1	108.8	16.4
50-74.9%	1962	103	9.9	576.3	8.9	410.2	9.9	165.7	8.7	31.6	8.3
	1963	99	9.9	710.1	10.1	432.7	9.6	213.8	9.5	48.9	10.6
	1964	90	9.5	804.7	10.7	466.6	9.7	237.1	9.1	46.8	8.3
	1965	104	7.4	842.7	9.6	504.0	8.8	239.9	7.7	46.0	7.0
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962	352	33.8	4,141.3	63.9	2,348.3	56.6	1,123.1	59.2	189.0	49.5
	1963	340	33.9	4,589.9	63.3	2,627.7	58.2	1,461.8	63.1	268.4	58.3
	1964	319	33.7	4,878.9	64.8	2,829.3	58.3	1,714.4	66.1	313.0	53.3
	1965	369	26.2	5,378.4	61.2	3,097.1	54.1	1,910.7	61.5	312.1	47.2
25-49.9%	1962	137	13.2	894.4	13.8	700.3	16.9	286.2	15.1	81.6	21.4
	1963	127	12.2	817.6	11.8	706.8	15.6	242.8	10.8	56.9	12.4
	1964	126	13.3	885.8	11.8	750.4	15.5	276.1	10.6	95.8	16.9
	1965	161	11.4	1,243.8	14.1	1,039.1	18.2	439.0	14.1	158.3	23.9
5-24.9%	1962	274	26.3	1,105.3	17.1	878.7	21.1	322.5	16.9	97.1	25.4
	1963	254	25.3	1,318.8	18.8	1,000.8	22.2	357.9	15.9	120.9	26.2
	1964	232	24.5	1,470.2	19.5	1,087.1	22.3	422.6	16.4	140.0	24.8
	1965	373	28.5	1,675.4	19.1	1,274.8	22.3	530.6	17.1	177.4	26.8
Under 5% Moins de 5%	1962	278	26.7	340.0	5.2	223.5	5.4	166.7	8.8	14.3	3.7
	1963	281	28.0	301.6	4.3	182.9	4.0	183.9	9.2	14.5	3.1
	1964	269	28.5	296.2	3.9	188.1	3.9	179.7	6.9	16.8	3.0
	1965	504	35.9	495.4	5.6	310.2	5.4	225.9	7.3	13.8	2.1
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962	689	66.2	2,339.7	36.1	1,803.4	43.4	775.4	40.8	193.0	50.5
	1963	662	66.1	2,438.0	34.7	1,890.5	41.8	784.6	34.9	192.3	41.7
	1964	627	66.3	2,652.2	35.2	2,025.6	41.7	878.4	33.9	252.6	44.7
	1965	1,038	73.8	3,414.6	38.8	2,624.1	45.9	1,195.5	38.5	349.5	52.8
Total	1962	1,041	100.0	6,481.0	100.0	4,151.7	100.0	1,898.5	100.0	382.0	100.0
	1963	1,002	100.0	7,027.9	100.0	4,518.2	100.0	2,246.4	100.0	460.7	100.0
	1964	946	100.0	7,531.1	100.0	4,854.9	100.0	2,592.8	100.0	565.6	100.0
	1965	1,407	100.0	8,793.0	100.0	5,721.2	100.0	3,106.2	100.0	661.6	100.0

TABLE 14. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Manufacturing Sector, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 14. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de fabrication, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962	1,243	21.0	7,160.2	29.8	4,207.5	29.6	8,557.3	32.4	782.0	34.5
	1963	1,247	20.4	7,562.1	29.4	4,449.3	29.4	9,354.8	32.6	916.1	36.6
	1964	1,214	19.9	7,232.5	26.0	4,172.0	25.9	9,467.2	30.2	913.3	30.4
	1965	1,307	18.3	7,843.0	25.5	4,259.6	25.3	10,539.2	30.2	927.4	30.5
75-94.9%	1962	174	2.9	3,769.4	15.7	2,220.3	15.6	3,140.7	11.9	271.0	12.0
	1963	172	2.8	4,277.8	16.6	2,499.4	16.5	3,483.0	12.2	182.1	7.3
	1964	182	3.0	3,696.5	13.3	2,500.2	15.5	4,014.9	12.8	305.7	10.2
	1965	207	2.8	4,567.0	14.9	2,906.3	17.2	4,693.9	13.5	370.4	12.2
50-74.9%	1962	199	3.3	2,855.1	11.9	1,846.0	13.0	2,286.5	8.6	244.8	10.8
	1963	200	3.3	3,183.3	12.4	2,026.3	13.4	2,549.9	8.9	296.4	11.9
	1964	247	4.1	5,124.2	18.4	2,905.4	18.0	3,501.6	11.2	524.0	17.5
	1965	287	3.9	5,101.6	16.6	2,865.6	17.0	3,605.6	10.4	550.3	18.1
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962	1,616	27.2	13,784.7	57.4	8,273.8	58.2	13,984.5	52.9	1,297.8	57.3
	1963	1,619	26.5	15,023.2	58.4	8,975.0	59.3	15,387.7	53.7	1,394.6	55.8
	1964	1,643	27.0	16,053.2	57.7	9,577.6	59.4	16,983.7	54.2	1,743.0	58.1
	1965	1,861	25.0	17,511.6	57.0	10,031.5	59.5	18,838.7	54.1	1,848.1	60.8
25-49.9%	1962	163	2.7	2,055.8	8.6	1,380.3	9.7	1,696.3	6.4	240.7	10.6
	1963	142	2.3	1,767.1	6.9	1,196.3	7.9	1,182.9	4.1	249.7	10.0
	1964	163	2.7	2,449.0	8.8	1,587.7	9.8	1,625.6	5.2	349.2	11.6
	1965	171	2.3	1,655.7	5.4	954.2	5.7	1,349.0	3.9	182.0	6.0
5-24.9%	1962	277	4.7	3,453.6	14.4	2,205.4	15.5	3,104.3	11.8	379.9	16.8
	1963	308	5.0	3,879.8	15.1	2,404.8	15.9	3,580.9	12.5	449.7	18.0
	1964	297	4.9	3,944.2	14.2	2,311.9	14.3	3,807.5	12.1	446.8	14.9
	1965	324	4.4	5,183.7	16.9	2,926.4	17.4	4,378.6	12.6	548.6	18.0
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962	3,895	65.4	4,720.0	19.6	2,362.1	16.6	7,641.9	28.9	345.3	15.3
	1963	4,047	66.2	5,065.8	19.6	2,570.8	16.9	8,493.9	29.7	404.4	16.2
	1964	3,983	65.4	5,364.2	19.3	2,650.0	16.5	8,937.3	28.5	460.2	15.4
	1965	5,061	68.3	6,382.4	20.7	2,936.6	17.4	10,260.0	29.4	461.9	15.2
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962	4,335	72.8	10,229.4	42.6	5,948.8	41.8	12,442.5	47.1	965.9	42.7
	1963	4,497	73.5	10,712.7	41.6	6,171.9	40.7	13,257.7	46.3	1,103.8	44.2
	1964	4,443	73.0	11,757.4	42.3	6,549.6	40.6	14,370.4	45.8	1,256.2	41.9
	1965	5,376	75.0	13,221.8	43.0	6,817.2	40.5	15,987.6	43.9	1,192.5	39.2
Total	1962	5,951	100.0	24,014.1	100.0	14,222.6	100.0	26,427.0	100.0	2,263.7	100.0
	1963	6,116	100.0	25,735.9	100.0	15,146.9	100.0	28,645.4	100.0	2,498.4	100.0
	1964	6,086	100.0	27,810.6	100.0	16,127.2	100.0	31,354.1	100.0	2,999.2	100.0
	1965	7,437	100.0	30,733.4	100.0	16,848.7	100.0	34,826.3	100.0	3,040.6	100.0

TABLE 15. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Construction Sector, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 15. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de construction, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over - et plus	1962	95	4.7	237.1	13.5	81.6	15.3	380.9	13.2	14.2	20.2
	1963	101	5.0	214.1	11.7	80.4	14.9	381.4	12.3	10.8	18.2
	1964	87	4.5	218.5	11.0	82.1	15.6	339.3	10.8	9.4	13.8
	1965	98	3.2	254.3	9.0	83.9	12.8	459.3	10.2	11.2	9.6
5-94.9%	1962	25	1.3	46.3	2.6	11.3	2.1	68.6	2.4	1.6	2.3
	1963	15	.7	33.2	1.8	4.5	.8	43.7	1.4	- 1.2	2.0
	1964	13	.7	25.5	1.3	6.0	1.1	41.9	1.3	-	.1
	1965	19	.6	59.1	2.1	7.5	1.2	60.9	1.4	3.5	3.0
0-74.9%	1962	19	1.0	21.4	1.2	6.3	1.2	22.2	.8	1.2	1.7
	1963	24	1.2	31.3	1.7	11.1	2.0	31.1	1.0	2.3	3.9
	1964	26	1.4	48.7	2.4	16.3	3.1	68.5	2.2	4.2	6.2
	1965	25	.8	41.9	1.5	8.0	1.2	96.4	2.2	2.2	1.9
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962	139	7.0	304.8	17.3	99.2	18.6	471.7	16.4	17.0	24.2
	1963	140	6.9	278.6	15.2	96.0	17.7	456.2	14.7	11.9	20.1
	1964	126	6.6	292.7	14.7	104.4	19.8	449.7	14.3	13.7	20.1
	1965	142	4.6	355.3	12.6	99.4	15.2	616.6	13.8	16.9	14.5
5-49.9%	1962	27	1.4	50.3	2.9	9.5	1.8	72.4	2.5	2.4	3.4
	1963	25	1.2	63.0	3.4	15.8	2.9	76.6	2.5	.6	1.0
	1964	17	.9	40.5	2.0	3.8	.7	43.9	1.4	1.9	2.8
	1965	20	.7	48.7	1.7	12.4	1.9	58.4	1.3	4.1	3.5
5-24.9%	1962	16	.8	55.5	3.0	25.0	4.7	38.5	1.3	-	-
	1963	20	1.0	86.0	4.8	27.7	5.1	175.8	5.7	2.2	3.7
	1964	38	2.0	130.9	6.6	29.8	5.7	239.6	7.6	- 2.3	3.4
	1965	40	1.3	128.7	4.6	27.9	4.3	253.5	5.7	3.3	2.8
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962	1,803	90.8	1,349.8	76.8	400.6	74.9	2,286.2	79.8	50.8	72.4
	1963	1,832	90.9	1,403.7	76.6	403.0	74.3	2,391.0	77.1	44.6	75.2
	1964	1,735	90.5	1,524.5	76.7	388.6	73.8	2,424.6	76.7	54.8	80.5
	1965	2,860	93.4	2,290.3	81.1	513.5	78.6	3,513.6	79.2	92.1	79.2
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962	1,846	93.0	1,453.6	82.7	435.1	81.4	2,397.1	83.6	53.2	75.8
	1963	1,877	93.1	1,554.7	84.8	446.5	82.3	2,643.4	85.3	47.4	79.9
	1964	1,790	93.4	1,695.9	85.3	422.2	80.2	2,698.1	85.7	54.4	79.9
	1965	2,920	95.4	2,467.7	87.4	553.8	84.8	3,835.5	86.2	99.5	85.5
Total	1962	1,985	100.0	1,758.4	100.0	534.3	100.0	2,868.8	100.0	70.2	100.0
	1963	2,017	100.0	1,833.3	100.0	542.5	100.0	3,099.6	100.0	59.3	100.0
	1964	1,916	100.0	1,988.6	100.0	526.6	100.0	3,147.8	100.0	68.1	100.0
	1965	3,062	100.0	2,823.0	100.0	653.2	100.0	4,452.1	100.0	116.4	100.0

TABLE 16. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Transportation, Storage, Communication and Public Utilities, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 16. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de transports, d'entreposage, de communications et d'utilités publiques, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962	81	9.1	267.4	5.6	128.5	6.7	147.0	8.0	17.1	6.6
	1963	75	8.6	259.4	5.1	128.4	7.0	152.7	7.7	18.7	7.0
	1964	67	7.7	280.3	5.0	110.1	5.9	214.2	9.7	19.6	6.1
	1965	90	7.8	287.1	5.1	144.0	7.2	189.0	7.1	22.7	6.4
75-94.9%	1962	40	4.5	164.0	3.4	70.1	3.7	132.0	7.1	13.8	5.3
	1963	34	3.8	130.7	2.6	55.4	3.0	116.1	5.8	17.9	6.7
	1964	31	3.6	137.4	2.7	67.6	3.6	71.4	3.3	15.2	4.7
	1965	23	2.0	125.0	2.2	48.2	2.4	56.4	2.1	11.9	3.3
50-74.9%	1962	55	6.1	459.9	9.6	153.4	8.0	138.1	7.4	14.8	5.7
	1963	56	6.3	285.6	5.7	111.6	6.0	117.5	5.9	16.2	6.0
	1964	56	6.5	300.6	5.8	129.1	7.0	187.3	8.6	21.5	6.7
	1965	56	5.9	648.0	11.5	205.2	10.2	251.3	9.5	38.4	10.7
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962	176	19.7	891.3	18.6	352.0	18.4	417.1	22.5	45.7	17.6
	1963	165	18.7	675.7	13.4	295.4	16.0	386.3	19.4	52.8	19.7
	1964	134	17.8	698.3	13.5	306.8	16.5	472.9	21.6	56.3	17.5
	1965	181	15.7	1,060.1	18.8	397.4	19.8	496.7	18.7	73.0	20.4
25-49.9%	1962	63	7.0	1,139.4	23.8	575.4	29.9	316.7	17.1	81.1	31.3
	1963	44	5.0	849.4	16.8	386.8	20.9	230.5	11.6	53.4	19.9
	1964	52	6.0	719.9	13.9	266.4	14.4	248.0	11.3	62.7	19.5
	1965	53	4.6	604.5	10.7	239.5	11.9	219.8	8.3	72.3	20.2
5-24.9%	1962	80	8.9	1,477.5	30.8	473.7	24.7	433.8	23.4	56.7	21.9
	1963	102	11.5	2,085.8	41.2	620.3	33.5	603.0	30.3	34.1	34.1
	1964	83	9.6	1,767.9	34.2	510.9	27.5	511.3	23.4	98.2	30.6
	1965	92	8.0	2,029.5	36.0	644.8	32.1	602.7	22.7	106.0	29.7
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962	576	64.4	1,282.9	26.8	516.9	27.0	687.7	37.0	75.8	29.2
	1963	573	64.8	1,443.6	28.6	548.7	29.6	771.8	38.7	70.6	26.3
	1964	574	66.6	1,986.5	38.4	770.5	41.6	956.9	43.7	104.0	32.4
	1965	828	71.7	1,947.7	34.5	724.3	36.2	1,338.4	50.3	106.0	29.7
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962	719	80.3	3,899.8	81.4	1,566.0	81.6	1,438.2	77.5	213.6	82.4
	1963	719	81.3	4,378.8	86.6	1,555.8	84.0	1,805.3	80.6	215.4	80.3
	1964	709	82.2	4,474.3	86.5	1,547.8	83.5	1,716.2	78.4	264.9	82.5
	1965	973	84.3	4,581.7	81.2	1,608.6	80.2	2,160.9	81.3	284.3	79.6
Total	1962	895	100.0	4,791.1	100.0	1,918.0	100.0	1,855.3	100.0	259.3	100.0
	1963	884	100.0	5,054.5	100.0	1,811.2	100.0	1,991.6	100.0	268.2	100.0
	1964	863	100.0	5,172.6	100.0	1,854.6	100.0	2,189.1	100.0	321.2	100.0
	1965	1,134	100.0	5,641.8	100.0	2,006.0	100.0	2,657.6	100.0	357.3	100.0

TABLE 17. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wholesale Trade Sector, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 17. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de commerce de gros, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962 607	14.9	1,283.1	29.9	413.4	25.1	3,062.6	28.6	65.2	29.3
	1963 634	14.5	1,339.7	28.1	421.6	23.5	3,191.6	27.4	87.4	32.3
	1964 609	13.5	1,256.5	24.5	349.8	18.5	2,976.4	24.4	91.4	28.6
	1965 780	12.6	1,598.6	25.2	422.1	19.3	3,788.5	24.8	125.2	30.8
75-94.9%	1962 65	1.6	91.1	2.1	29.6	1.8	214.0	2.0	6.6	3.0
	1963 52	1.2	59.6	1.3	15.2	.8	163.1	1.4	5.2	1.9
	1964 62	1.4	99.6	1.9	39.1	2.1	163.8	1.3	6.2	1.9
	1965 85	1.4	144.0	2.3	40.0	1.8	283.1	1.9	7.4	1.8
50-74.9%	1962 86	2.1	124.7	2.9	34.6	2.1	623.7	5.8	6.1	2.7
	1963 105	2.4	166.0	3.5	54.0	3.0	514.5	4.4	8.3	3.1
	1964 115	2.6	259.5	5.1	101.8	5.4	740.5	6.0	15.0	4.7
	1965 132	2.1	218.4	3.4	81.8	3.7	590.1	3.9	16.2	4.0
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962 758	18.6	1,498.9	34.9	477.6	29.0	3,900.3	36.4	77.9	35.0
	1963 791	18.1	1,565.3	32.9	490.8	27.3	3,869.2	33.2	100.9	37.3
	1964 786	17.5	1,615.6	31.5	490.8	26.0	3,880.7	31.7	112.6	35.2
	1965 997	16.1	1,961.0	30.9	543.9	24.8	4,661.7	30.6	148.8	36.6
35-49.9%	1962 103	2.5	241.5	5.6	72.6	4.4	536.4	5.0	7.9	3.6
	1963 89	2.0	211.4	4.4	56.7	3.1	378.9	3.3	5.3	2.0
	1964 95	2.1	223.2	4.3	53.2	2.8	397.4	3.2	7.0	2.2
	1965 101	1.6	211.0	3.3	51.5	2.3	254.2	1.7	9.1	2.2
5-24.9%	1962 97	2.4	192.6	4.5	62.1	3.7	492.0	4.6	6.7	3.0
	1963 120	2.7	222.7	4.7	78.5	4.4	618.0	5.3	16.5	6.1
	1964 132	2.9	255.6	5.0	94.2	5.0	588.0	4.8	14.8	4.6
	1965 160	2.6	409.1	6.4	148.4	6.8	950.7	6.2	25.8	6.4
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962 3,128	76.5	2,363.7	55.0	1,037.2	62.9	5,784.3	54.0	129.9	58.4
	1963 3,382	77.2	2,761.9	58.0	1,172.2	65.2	6,787.2	58.2	147.5	54.0
	1964 3,485	77.5	3,039.6	59.2	1,252.2	66.2	7,392.0	60.3	185.9	56.0
	1965 4,939	79.7	3,772.0	59.4	1,453.4	66.1	9,355.9	61.5	222.3	54.8
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962 3,328	81.4	2,797.8	65.1	1,171.9	71.0	6,812.7	63.6	144.5	65.0
	1963 3,591	81.9	3,196.0	67.1	1,307.4	72.7	7,784.1	65.8	169.3	62.7
	1964 3,712	82.5	3,518.4	68.5	1,399.6	74.0	8,377.4	68.3	207.7	64.8
	1965 5,200	83.9	4,392.1	69.1	1,653.3	75.2	10,560.8	69.4	257.2	63.4
Total	1962 4,086	100.0	4,296.7	100.0	1,649.5	100.0	10,713.0	100.0	222.4	100.0
	1963 4,382	100.0	4,761.3	100.0	1,798.2	100.0	11,653.3	100.0	270.2	100.0
	1964 4,498	100.0	5,134.0	100.0	1,890.4	100.0	12,858.1	100.0	320.3	100.0
	1965 6,197	100.0	6,353.1	100.0	2,197.2	100.0	15,222.5	100.0	406.0	100.0

TABLE 18. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Retail Trade Sector, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 18. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de commerce de détail, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1962 109	4.3	427.5	14.2	272.9	18.8	949.8	12.7	42.8	21.2
	1963 136	4.9	478.3	14.4	307.7	20.0	1,129.2	13.9	50.2	21.9
	1964 118	4.5	379.8	12.0	244.9	16.3	794.2	9.9	35.7	15.9
	1965 130	3.4	474.0	12.2	277.0	16.4	898.5	9.0	33.3	12.9
75-94.9%	1962 21	.8	149.4	4.9	120.3	8.3	333.6	4.5	11.1	5.5
	1963 19	.7	147.7	4.5	118.4	7.7	361.7	4.5	10.7	4.6
	1964 33	1.3	162.5	5.2	121.3	8.0	427.2	5.3	11.4	5.1
	1965 36	.9	172.9	4.5	120.3	7.1	461.1	4.6	13.8	5.4
50-74.9%	1962 27	1.1	188.8	6.2	113.0	7.8	399.4	5.4	20.3	10.0
	1963 28	1.0	208.8	6.3	121.0	7.9	410.6	5.1	20.6	8.9
	1964 30	1.1	220.0	7.0	129.0	8.5	426.7	5.3	21.2	9.5
	1965 40	1.0	237.0	6.1	135.2	8.0	522.9	5.3	27.6	10.7
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962 157	6.2	765.7	25.3	506.2	34.9	1,682.8	22.6	74.2	36.7
	1963 183	6.6	834.8	25.2	547.1	35.6	1,901.5	23.5	81.5	35.4
	1964 181	6.9	762.3	24.2	495.2	32.8	1,648.1	20.5	68.3	30.5
	1965 206	5.3	883.9	22.8	532.5	31.5	1,882.5	18.9	74.7	29.0
25-49.9%	1962 28	1.1	134.6	4.4	68.7	4.7	499.4	6.7	16.3	8.1
	1963 36	1.3	65.1	2.0	20.1	1.3	96.0	1.2	.9	.4
	1964 29	1.1	40.1	1.3	9.1	.6	92.2	1.1	1.0	.4
	1965 20	.5	29.4	.8	3.4	.2	58.1	.6	.5	.2
5-24.9%	1962 33	1.3	300.2	8.9	149.1	10.3	535.6	7.2	17.4	8.6
	1963 33	1.2	413.2	12.5	206.6	13.5	1,006.9	12.4	36.6	15.9
	1964 39	1.5	431.8	13.7	223.9	14.8	1,064.5	13.2	36.4	16.3
	1965 49	1.2	537.6	13.8	264.5	15.7	1,269.7	12.8	47.9	18.6
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1962 2,336	91.4	1,825.5	60.4	727.2	50.1	4,712.5	63.5	94.3	46.6
	1963 2,517	90.9	1,994.9	60.3	761.3	49.6	5,085.7	62.9	111.0	48.3
	1964 2,369	90.5	1,920.7	60.8	781.5	51.8	5,237.5	65.2	118.1	52.8
	1965 3,649	93.0	2,434.1	62.6	889.0	52.6	6,740.3	67.7	134.5	52.2
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1962 2,397	93.8	2,260.3	74.7	945.0	65.1	5,747.5	77.4	128.0	63.3
	1963 2,586	93.4	2,473.2	74.8	988.0	64.4	6,188.6	76.5	148.5	64.6
	1964 2,437	93.1	2,392.6	75.8	1,013.9	67.2	6,394.2	79.5	155.5	69.5
	1965 3,718	94.7	3,001.1	77.2	1,156.9	68.5	8,068.1	81.1	182.9	71.0
Total	1962 2,554	100.0	3,026.0	100.0	1,451.2	100.0	7,430.3	100.0	202.2	100.0
	1963 2,769	100.0	3,308.0	100.0	1,535.1	100.0	8,090.1	100.0	230.0	100.0
	1964 2,618	100.0	3,154.9	100.0	1,509.1	100.0	8,042.3	100.0	223.8	100.0
	1965 3,924	100.0	3,885.0	100.0	1,689.4	100.0	9,950.6	100.0	257.6	100.0

TABLE 19. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Finance Sector, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 19. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de finances, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership		Corporations		Assets - Actifs		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over - et plus	1962	609	9.9	3,754.4	21.1	2,082.7	26.0	275.6	15.6	116.3	17.5
	1963	629	8.4	5,109.9	22.5	3,133.0	29.2	529.3	22.6	292.4	28.6
	1964	662	8.5	4,189.7	17.0	2,074.4	19.5	300.7	12.9	121.7	14.0
	1965	882	7.7	6,923.1	21.3	3,896.6	27.0	517.2	16.1	154.7	16.1
	1962	118	1.9	703.8	4.0	453.7	5.7	75.6	4.3	39.5	5.9
5-94.9%	1963	139	1.8	932.7	4.1	611.1	5.7	72.1	3.1	44.0	4.3
	1964	124	1.6	562.1	2.3	192.0	1.8	35.5	1.5	11.0	1.3
	1965	149	1.3	466.1	1.4	250.8	1.7	48.4	1.5	17.6	1.8
	1962	182	2.9	880.9	4.9	429.8	5.4	75.8	4.3	32.0	4.8
	1963	194	2.6	1,125.8	5.0	529.1	4.9	94.1	4.0	29.7	2.9
0-74.9%	1964	226	2.9	1,907.4	7.8	1,171.6	11.0	241.9	10.4	132.0	15.2
	1965	282	2.5	1,691.6	5.2	915.0	6.3	235.9	7.3	134.0	13.8
	1962	909	14.7	5,339.1	30.0	2,966.2	37.1	427.0	24.2	187.8	28.2
	1963	962	12.8	7,168.4	31.6	4,273.2	39.8	695.5	29.7	366.1	35.8
	1964	1,012	13.0	6,659.2	27.1	3,438.0	32.3	578.1	24.8	264.7	30.5
5-49.9%	1965	1,313	11.5	9,080.8	27.9	5,062.4	35.0	801.5	24.9	306.3	31.7
	1962	239	3.9	1,865.6	10.5	1,122.5	14.0	172.1	9.8	97.3	14.6
	1963	254	3.4	1,529.4	6.7	841.4	7.9	154.1	6.6	116.0	11.3
	1964	255	3.3	1,103.6	4.5	613.0	5.8	132.6	5.7	88.5	10.2
	1965	331	2.9	2,155.3	6.6	1,524.1	10.5	237.6	7.4	147.7	15.3
5-24.9%	1962	265	4.3	2,598.3	14.6	925.6	11.5	193.9	11.0	68.0	10.2
	1963	354	4.7	3,229.8	14.3	1,211.4	11.3	333.6	14.2	153.5	15.0
	1964	363	4.6	3,522.6	14.3	1,408.6	13.2	243.5	10.5	110.9	12.8
	1965	489	4.3	4,234.9	13.0	1,806.9	12.4	386.4	12.0	151.1	15.7
	1962	4,784	77.1	7,986.0	44.9	2,993.9	37.4	968.5	55.0	313.0	47.0
nder 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	5,957	79.1	10,748.4	47.4	4,397.2	41.0	1,161.2	49.5	387.6	37.9
	1964	6,186	79.1	13,274.8	54.1	5,188.4	48.7	1,372.0	59.0	403.0	46.5
	1965	9,319	81.3	17,044.8	52.5	6,075.9	42.1	1,793.9	55.7	359.8	37.3
	1962	5,288	85.3	12,446.9	70.0	5,042.0	62.9	1,334.5	75.8	478.3	71.8
	1963	6,565	87.2	15,507.6	68.4	6,450.0	60.2	1,648.9	80.3	657.1	64.2
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1964	6,804	87.0	17,901.0	72.9	7,210.0	67.7	1,748.1	75.2	602.4	69.5
	1965	10,139	88.5	23,435.0	72.1	9,406.9	65.0	2,417.9	75.1	658.6	68.3
Total	1962	6,197	100.0	17,786.0	100.0	8,008.2	100.0	1,761.5	100.0	666.1	100.0
	1963	7,527	100.0	22,676.0	100.0	10,723.2	100.0	2,344.4	100.0	1,023.2	100.0
	1964	7,816	100.0	24,560.2	100.0	10,648.0	100.0	2,326.2	100.0	867.1	100.0
	1965	11,452	100.0	32,515.8	100.0	14,469.3	100.0	3,219.4	100.0	964.9	100.0

TABLE 20. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Service Sector, 1962-1965

TABLEAU 20. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de services, 1962-1965

Degree of non-resident ownership		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over - et plus	1962	125	8.5	181.6	13.3	69.4	12.5	207.9	19.8	16.2	22.3
	1963	134	8.4	201.0	13.2	78.2	13.8	205.1	19.5	17.2	21.6
	1964	134	7.9	202.8	11.9	69.9	11.3	219.8	17.8	22.3	22.3
	1965	164	6.4	213.4	9.8	80.8	11.7	250.7	15.5	20.5	20.0
	1962	36	2.4	124.8	9.2	66.8	12.1	38.9	3.7	3.6	4.9
5-94.9%	1963	31	1.9	87.6	5.7	28.5	5.0	35.3	3.0	3.0	3.8
	1964	24	1.4	85.1	5.0	20.4	3.3	23.4	1.9	4.6	4.6
	1965	27	1.1	84.6	3.9	29.9	4.3	28.8	1.8	3.0	2.9
	1962	40	2.6	66.0	4.9	43.8	7.9	32.8	3.1	6.6	9.1
	1963	44	2.7	79.8	5.2	46.6	8.3	44.3	3.8	6.1	7.7
0-74.9%	1964	60	3.6	144.4	8.5	92.6	15.0	89.6	7.2	15.9	15.9
	1965	55	2.2	120.5	5.6	57.7	8.4	75.0	4.6	6.7	6.5
	1962	201	13.5	372.4	27.4	180.0	32.5	279.6	26.6	26.4	36.3
	1963	209	13.0	368.4	24.1	153.3	27.1	284.7	24.3	26.3	33.1
	1964	218	12.9	432.3	25.4	182.9	29.6	332.8	26.9	42.8	42.8
5-49.9%	1965	246	9.7	418.5	19.3	168.4	24.4	354.5	21.9	30.2	29.4
	1962	46	3.1	50.3	3.7	20.4	3.7	40.6	3.8	3.2	4.4
	1963	53	3.3	67.2	4.4	38.5	6.8	41.5	3.5	3.2	4.1
	1964	52	3.1	63.9	3.7	26.5	4.3	47.3	3.8	3.6	3.6
	1965	69	2.8	91.7	4.2	30.4	4.4	63.6	3.9	3.4	3.3
5-24.9%	1962	49	3.3	71.2	2.2	29.4	5.3	32.3	3.1	4.0	3.5
	1963	66	4.1	131.9	8.6	48.5	8.6	67.9	5.8	6.6	8.3
	1964	71	4.2	162.9	9.6	54.8	8.9	76.2	6.2	5.0	5.0
	1965	93	3.7	198.3	9.2	61.5	8.9	104.2	6.4	7.1	6.9
	1962	1,190	80.1	867.7	63.7	323.6	58.5	700.5	66.5	39.1	53.8
nder 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	1,281	79.6	960.5	62.9	324.5	57.5	777.7	66.4	43.3	54.5
	1964	1,346	79.8	1,043.1	61.3	353.0	57.2	779.9	63.1	48.7	48.6
	1965	2,122	83.8	1,458.1	67.3	429.7	62.3	1,099.3	67.8	62.0	60.4
	1962	1,285	86.5	989.2	72.6	373.4	67.5	773.4	73.4	46.3	63.7
	1963	1,400	87.0	1,154.6	75.9	411.5	72.9	887.3	75.7	53.1	66.9
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1964	1,469	87.1	1,269.9	74.6	434.3	70.4	903.4	73.1	57.2	57.2
	1965	2,284	90.3	1,748.1	80.7	521.6	75.6	1,267.1	78.1	72.5	70.6
Total	1962	1,486	100.0	1,361.6	100.0	553.4	100.0	1,053.0	100.0	72.7	100.0
	1963	1,609	100.0	1,528.0	100.0	564.8	100.0	1,172.0	100.0	73.4	100.0
	1964	1,687	100.0	1,702.2	100.0	617.2	100.0	1,236.2	100.0	100.1	100.0
	1965	2,530	100.0	2,166.6	100.0	690.0	100.0	1,621.6	100.0	102.7	100.0

TABLE 21. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group, 1965

TABLEAU 21. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group - Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000- 999,999		\$1,000,000- 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over et plus		Total	
	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%
Corporation:												
50% and over - et plus	1,554	7.9	1,147	13.3	1,761	23.8	678	42.7	229	43.8	5,369	14.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	18,084	92.1	7,489	86.7	5,634	76.2	910	57.3	294	56.2	32,411	85.8
Total	19,638	100.0	8,636	100.0	7,395	100.0	1,588	100.0	523	100.0	37,780	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Asset - Actif:												
50% and over - et plus	496.1	8.2	820.8	13.7	3,924.2	26.1	7,142.7	43.9	24,340.0	48.6	36,723.8	39.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	5,525.1	91.8	5,178.9	86.3	11,128.7	73.9	9,124.1	56.1	25,697.7	51.4	56,654.5	60.7
Total	6,021.2	100.0	5,999.7	100.0	15,052.9	100.0	16,266.8	100.0	50,037.7	100.0	93,378.3	100.0
Equity - Avoir:												
50% and over - et plus	200.5	8.5	338.3	14.4	1,831.1	29.0	3,673.9	47.5	13,934.6	54.2	19,978.4	44.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	2,169.2	91.5	2,011.4	85.6	4,475.5	71.0	4,065.8	52.5	11,797.1	45.8	24,519.0	55.1
Total	2,369.7	100.0	2,349.7	100.0	6,306.6	100.0	7,739.7	100.0	25,731.7	100.0	44,497.4	100.0
Sales - Ventes:												
50% and over - et plus	879.1	8.4	1,072.7	14.8	4,348.5	27.5	6,699.7	48.9	16,611.6	59.1	29,611.6	39.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	9,623.4	91.6	6,182.0	85.2	11,440.5	72.5	7,015.1	51.1	11,506.8	40.9	45,767.8	60.7
Total	10,502.5	100.0	7,254.7	100.0	15,789.0	100.0	13,714.8	100.0	28,118.4	100.0	75,379.4	100.0
Profits - Bénéfices:												
50% and over - et plus	51.1	15.2	62.4	23.3	278.1	36.6	569.3	53.5	1,855.1	53.0	2,816.0	47.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	285.7	84.8	205.0	76.7	482.4	63.4	494.0	46.5	1,643.2	47.0	3,110.3	52.5
Total	336.8	100.0	267.4	100.0	760.5	100.0	1,063.3	100.0	3,498.3	100.0	5,926.3	100.0
Taxable income - Revenu imposable:												
50% and over - et plus	32.6	13.3	53.7	30.5	225.8	44.8	386.4	60.0	1,057.7	63.4	1,756.2	54.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	211.8	86.7	122.2	69.5	278.1	55.2	257.3	40.0	609.7	36.6	1,479.1	45.7
Total	244.4	100.0	175.9	100.0	503.9	100.0	643.7	100.0	1,667.4	100.0	3,235.3	100.0

TABLE 22. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 22. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur d'agriculture, d'exploitation forestière et de pêche, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group - Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000- 999,999		\$1,000,000- 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over et plus		Total	
	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over - et plus	23	5.4	13	11.4	15	22.1	3	33.3	1	—	54	8.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	403	94.6	101	88.6	53	77.9	6	66.7	—	—	563	91.2
Total	426	100.0	114	100.0	68	100.0	9	100.0	—	—	617	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets - Actif:												
50% and over - et plus	7.4	5.4	8.5	11.4	31.4	24.7	26.8	21.0	1	—	74.1	15.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	130.1	94.6	66.0	88.6	95.5	75.3	100.8	79.0	—	—	392.4	84.1
Total	137.5	100.0	74.5	100.0	126.9	100.0	127.6	100.0	—	—	466.5	100.0
Equity - Avoir:												
50% and over - et plus	3.0	6.8	3.4	12.0	18.9	32.3	20.6	22.5	1	—	45.9	20.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	41.5	93.2	24.7	88.0	39.5	67.7	70.8	77.5	—	—	176.5	79.4
Total	44.6	100.0	28.1	100.0	58.4	100.0	91.4	100.0	—	—	222.4	100.0
Sales - Ventes:												
50% and over - et plus	6.1	4.8	6.9	11.2	21.9	22.5	13.9	38.9	1	—	48.8	15.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	122.4	95.2	54.5	88.8	75.8	77.5	21.8	61.1	—	—	274.5	84.9
Total	128.5	100.0	61.4	100.0	97.7	100.0	35.7	100.0	—	—	323.3	100.0
Profits - Bénéfices:												
50% and over - et plus	.6	12.2	.5	38.4	1.4	28.4	3.4	41.5	1	—	5.9	30.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	4.0	87.8	.7	61.6	3.7	71.6	4.8	58.5	—	—	13.2	69.3
Total	4.6	100.0	1.2	100.0	5.1	100.0	8.2	100.0	—	—	19.1	100.0
Taxable income - Revenu imposable:												
50% and over - et plus	— .0	—	.3	59.1	1.2	35.2	3.2	47.1	1	—	4.7	36.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	2.2	—	.2	40.9	2.3	64.8	3.6	52.9	—	—	8.3	63.7
Total	2.2	—	.5	100.0	3.5	100.0	6.8	100.0	—	—	13.0	100.0

¹ Included with \$5,000,000-\$24,999,999. — Compris dans le groupe \$5,000,000-\$24,999,999.

TABLE 23. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Mining, Quarrying and Oil Well Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 23. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de mines, carrières et puits de pétrole, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000- 999,999		\$1,000,000- 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over et plus		Total	
	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	63	14.2	56	18.4	127	28.4	77	53.8	46	67.6	369	26.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	381	85.8	249	81.6	320	71.6	66	46.2	22	32.4	1,038	73.8
Total	444	100.0	305	100.0	447	100.0	143	100.0	68	100.0	1,407	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	20.0	13.3	39.5	18.0	296.9	31.0	894.6	57.0	4,127.4	70.0	5,378.4	61.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	130.5	86.7	179.9	82.0	662.4	69.0	674.5	43.0	1,767.3	30.0	3,414.6	38.8
Total	150.5	100.0	219.4	100.0	959.3	100.0	1,569.1	100.0	5,894.7	100.0	8,793.0	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	8.3	8.5	21.3	13.4	140.2	21.8	572.2	54.0	2,355.2	62.6	3,097.2	54.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	89.2	91.5	137.9	86.6	503.0	78.2	488.1	46.0	1,405.9	37.4	2,624.1	45.9
Total	97.5	100.0	159.2	100.0	643.2	100.0	1,060.3	100.0	3,761.1	100.0	5,721.3	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	10.8	13.2	17.1	21.0	84.1	33.3	276.0	51.8	1,522.7	70.6	1,910.7	61.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	71.2	86.8	64.4	79.0	168.5	66.7	257.0	48.2	634.4	29.4	1,195.5	38.5
Total	82.0	100.0	81.5	100.0	252.6	100.0	533.0	100.0	2,157.1	100.0	3,106.2	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus .....	.8	23.2	1.6	6.7	30.4	71.6	49.6	231.4	47.2	312.1	47.2	
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2.7	76.8	— .5	15.4	69.6	72.7	50.4	259.2	52.8	349.5	52.8	
Total	3.5	100.0	1.1	22.1	100.0	144.3	100.0	490.6	100.0	661.6	100.0	
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus .....	.5	47.2	.9	5.2	93.9	14.3	57.0	35.3	39.3	56.2	46.7	
Under 50% — Moins de 50% .....	.7	52.8	— 1.9	.3	6.1	10.8	43.0	54.4	60.7	64.3	53.3	
Total	1.2	100.0	— 1.0	5.5	100.0	25.1	100.0	89.7	100.0	120.5	100.0	

TABLE 24. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Manufacturing Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 24. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de fabrication, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000- 999,999		\$1,000,000- 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	408	12.7	344	20.4	707	38.5	289	57.3	113	58.5	1,861	25.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2,813	87.3	1,341	79.6	1,127	61.5	215	42.7	80	41.5	5,576	75.0
Total	3,221	100.0	1,685	100.0	1,834	100.0	504	100.0	193	100.0	7,437	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	138.2	13.5	248.9	21.0	1,622.0	41.6	3,003.7	58.2	12,498.9	64.2	17,511.7	57.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	886.5	86.5	936.0	79.0	2,276.9	58.4	2,157.6	41.8	6,964.8	35.8	13,221.8	43.0
Total	1,024.7	100.0	1,184.9	100.0	3,898.9	100.0	5,161.3	100.0	19,463.7	100.0	30,733.5	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	55.2	12.6	111.8	22.1	849.0	46.0	1,646.4	61.5	7,369.1	64.8	10,031.5	59.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	384.0	87.4	394.4	77.9	997.0	54.0	1,032.5	38.5	4,009.3	35.2	6,817.2	40.5
Total	439.2	100.0	506.2	100.0	1,846.0	100.0	2,678.9	100.0	11,378.4	100.0	16,848.7	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	262.0	12.1	385.9	18.2	2,341.7	39.1	3,916.1	57.9	11,933.0	67.1	18,838.7	54.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1,894.6	87.9	1,739.7	81.8	3,650.4	60.9	2,849.5	42.1	5,853.4	32.9	15,987.6	45.9
Total	2,156.6	100.0	2,125.6	100.0	5,992.1	100.0	6,765.6	100.0	17,786.4	100.0	34,826.3	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	22.4	29.0	26.1	32.3	172.1	50.5	335.2	62.7	1,292.4	64.4	1,848.2	60.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	54.8	77.3	54.7	67.7	168.6	49.5	199.7	37.3	714.7	35.6	1,192.5	39.2
Total	77.2	100.0	80.8	100.0	340.7	100.0	534.9	100.0	2,007.1	100.0	3,040.7	100.0
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	12.7	22.7	23.7	38.4	151.4	55.1	272.8	66.9	883.8	74.7	1,344.4	67.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	43.5	77.3	38.0	61.6	123.4	44.9	134.8	33.1	300.1	25.3	639.8	32.2
Total	56.2	100.0	61.7	100.0	274.8	100.0	407.6	100.0	1,183.9	100.0	1,984.2	100.0

TABLE 25. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Construction Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 25. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de construction, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group - Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000- 999,999		\$1,000,000- 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over et plus		Total	
	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over - et plus	41	2.2	34	4.9	45	10.3	22	30.1	-	-	142	4.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1,803	97.8	667	95.1	393	89.7	51	69.9	6	100.0	2,920	95.4
Total	1,844	100.0	701	100.0	438	100.0	73	100.0	6	100.0	3,062	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets - Actif:												
50% and over - et plus	11.4	2.1	24.6	5.1	109.4	12.6	209.9	31.1	-	-	355.3	12.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	533.7	97.9	456.5	94.9	757.4	87.4	465.4	68.9	254.7	100.0	2,467.7	87.4
Total	545.1	100.0	481.1	100.0	866.8	100.0	675.3	100.0	254.7	100.0	2,823.0	100.0
Equity - Avoir:												
50% and over - et plus	.5	.3	8.2	6.8	28.3	14.8	62.4	39.5	-	-	99.4	15.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	155.1	99.7	111.6	93.2	162.1	85.2	95.6	60.5	29.4	100.0	553.8	84.8
Total	155.6	100.0	119.8	100.0	190.4	100.0	158.0	100.0	29.4	100.0	653.2	100.0
Sales - Ventes:												
50% and over - et plus	34.4	3.0	53.9	6.3	199.5	15.1	328.8	35.4	-	-	616.6	13.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1,123.2	97.0	799.2	93.7	1,124.6	84.9	600.9	64.6	187.6	100.0	3,835.5	86.2
Total	1,157.6	100.0	853.1	100.0	1,324.1	100.0	929.7	100.0	187.6	100.0	4,452.1	100.0
Profits - Bénéfices:												
50% and over - et plus	.3	.9	.9	4.0	6.1	17.5	9.6	35.6	-	-	16.9	14.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	30.3	99.1	20.7	96.0	29.1	82.5	17.3	64.4	2.1	100.0	99.5	85.5
Total	30.6	100.0	21.6	100.0	35.2	100.0	26.9	100.0	2.1	100.0	116.4	100.0
Taxable income - Revenu imposable:												
50% and over - et plus	- .3		- .3		3.9	24.7	3.7	41.2	-	-	7.0	13.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	22.2		10.2		11.7	75.3	5.4	58.8	- 3.8		45.7	86.6
Total	21.9		9.9		15.6	100.0	9.1	100.0	- 3.8		52.7	100.0

TABLE 26. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Transportation, Storage, Communication and Public Utilities, 1965

TABLEAU 26. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de transports, d'entreposage, de communications et d'utilités publiques, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group - Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000- 999,999		\$1,000,000- 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over et plus		Total	
	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%	No. - nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over - et plus	47	8.9	38	15.8	53	20.6	34	39.5	9	20.0	181	15.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	479	91.1	202	84.2	204	79.4	52	60.5	36	80.0	973	84.3
Total	526	100.0	240	100.0	257	100.0	86	100.0	45	100.0	1,154	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets - Actif:												
50% and over - et plus	13.9	8.4	26.2	15.7	118.0	22.8	334.8	37.7	567.2	14.5	1,060.1	18.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	151.4	91.6	140.4	84.3	400.3	77.2	554.1	62.3	3,335.5	85.5	4,581.7	81.2
Total	165.3	100.0	166.6	100.0	518.3	100.0	888.9	100.0	3,902.7	100.0	5,641.8	100.0
Equity - Avoir:												
50% and over - et plus	4.6	7.1	10.8	16.5	54.8	26.0	125.3	33.8	201.9	15.6	397.4	19.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	59.4	92.9	54.5	83.5	156.1	74.0	245.7	66.2	1,092.9	84.4	1,608.6	80.2
Total	64.0	100.0	65.3	100.0	210.9	100.0	371.0	100.0	1,294.8	100.0	2,006.0	100.0
Sales - Ventes:												
50% and over - et plus	43.4	16.2	33.1	16.1	128.5	23.5	181.4	40.3	110.3	9.3	496.7	18.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	224.6	83.8	172.2	83.9	418.8	76.5	268.2	59.7	1,077.1	90.7	2,160.9	81.3
Total	268.0	100.0	205.3	100.0	547.3	100.0	449.6	100.0	1,187.4	100.0	2,657.6	100.0
Profits - Bénéfices:												
50% and over - et plus	2.3	21.5	2.7	22.6	10.3	25.3	36.6	51.2	21.1	9.5	73.0	20.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	8.3	78.5	9.3	77.4	30.4	74.7	34.9	48.8	201.4	90.5	284.3	79.6
Total	10.6	100.0	12.0	100.0	40.7	100.0	71.5	100.0	222.5	100.0	357.3	100.0
Taxable income - Revenu imposable:												
50% and over - et plus	1.3	18.9	2.3	25.6	8.4	28.7	28.6	57.5	9.9	8.5	50.5	23.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	5.6	81.1	6.8	74.4	20.7	71.3	21.2	42.5	106.7	91.5	161.0	76.1
Total	6.9	100.0	9.1	100.0	29.1	100.0	49.8	100.0	116.6	100.0	211.5	100.0

TABLE 27. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Wholesale Trade Sector, 1965

TABLERAU 27. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de commerce de gros, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	411	10.8	240	19.0	278	29.6	63	40.9	5	27.8	997	16.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	3,412	89.2	1,024	81.0	660	70.4	91	59.1	13	72.2	5,200	83.9
Total	3,823	100.0	1,264	100.0	938	100.0	154	100.0	18	100.0	6,197	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	119.2	11.3	171.6	19.8	576.0	30.5	671.8	43.2	422.4	42.7	1,961.0	30.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	935.0	88.7	697.1	80.2	1,312.0	69.5	882.0	56.8	566.0	57.3	4,392.1	69.1
Total	1,054.2	100.0	868.7	100.0	1,888.0	100.0	1,553.8	100.0	988.4	100.0	6,353.1	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	47.1	10.8	62.6	18.0	208.8	30.4	192.4	40.8	33.0	13.0	543.9	24.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	388.9	89.2	285.2	82.0	479.3	69.6	278.9	59.2	221.0	87.0	1,653.3	75.2
Total	436.0	100.0	347.8	100.0	688.1	100.0	471.3	100.0	254.0	100.0	2,197.2	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	351.5	10.5	314.4	15.5	1,096.8	25.7	1,549.9	44.9	1,349.1	63.0	4,661.7	30.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2,991.1	89.5	1,709.0	84.5	3,168.5	74.3	1,900.2	55.1	792.0	37.0	10,560.8	69.4
Total	3,342.6	100.0	2,023.4	100.0	4,265.3	100.0	3,450.1	100.0	2,141.1	100.0	15,222.5	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	15.0	18.7	12.5	24.5	40.5	36.5	53.5	52.5	27.3	44.0	148.8	36.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	65.1	81.3	38.3	75.5	70.4	63.5	48.5	47.5	34.8	56.0	257.1	63.3
Total	80.1	100.0	50.8	100.0	110.9	100.0	102.0	100.0	62.1	100.0	405.9	100.0
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	13.1	17.9	11.4	25.2	32.4	34.8	35.1	46.5	25.9	55.1	117.9	35.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	60.0	82.1	33.9	74.8	60.8	65.2	40.4	53.5	21.0	44.9	216.1	64.7
Total	73.1	100.0	45.3	100.0	93.2	100.0	75.5	100.0	46.9	100.0	334.0	100.0

TABLE 28. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Retail Trade Sector, 1965

TABLERAU 28. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de commerce de détail, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%	No. — nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	72	2.6	49	7.8	63	14.8	15	30.6	7	41.2	206	5.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2,734	97.4	578	92.2	362	85.2	34	69.4	10	58.8	3,718	94.8
Total	2,806	100.0	627	100.0	425	100.0	49	100.0	17	100.0	3,924	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	20.9	2.9	35.6	8.0	114.3	14.4	181.0	35.2	532.1	37.1	883.9	22.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	693.4	97.1	391.0	92.0	679.9	85.6	333.6	64.8	903.2	62.9	3,001.1	77.2
Total	714.3	100.0	426.6	100.0	794.2	100.0	514.6	100.0	1,435.3	100.0	3,885.0	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	6.7	3.2	10.6	11.9	34.2	11.6	95.3	40.2	385.7	50.3	532.5	31.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	274.5	96.8	135.9	88.1	223.4	88.4	142.0	59.8	381.1	49.7	1,156.9	68.5
Total	281.2	100.0	146.5	100.0	257.6	100.0	237.3	100.0	766.8	100.0	1,689.4	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	77.1	3.2	149.1	11.9	259.5	11.6	238.3	27.8	1,158.5	36.1	1,882.5	18.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2,320.5	96.8	1,105.7	88.1	1,972.2	88.4	619.4	72.2	2,050.2	63.9	8,068.0	81.1
Total	2,397.6	100.0	1,254.8	100.0	2,231.7	100.0	857.7	100.0	3,208.7	100.0	9,950.5	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	2.6	5.9	2.9	14.2	8.3	19.9	9.3	26.5	51.6	44.5	74.7	29.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	42.1	94.1	17.1	85.8	33.4	80.1	25.9	73.5	64.4	55.5	182.9	71.0
Total	44.7	100.0	20.0	100.0	41.7	100.0	35.2	100.0	116.0	100.0	257.6	100.0
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	1.2	2.9	2.0	12.5	5.6	17.1	7.8	24.3	57.1	50.9	73.7	31.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	38.7	97.1	14.4	87.5	27.1	82.9	24.5	75.7	55.0	49.1	159.7	68.4
Total	39.9	100.0	16.4	100.0	32.7	100.0	32.3	100.0	112.1	100.0	233.4	100.0

TABLE 29. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Finance Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 29. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de finances, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	394	7.8	311	10.1	400	15.3	161	30.1	47	27.8	1,313	11.
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	4,651	92.2	2,775	89.9	2,218	84.7	373	69.9	122	72.2	1,013.9	88.
Total	5,045	100.0	3,086	100.0	2,618	100.0	534	100.0	169	100.0	1,145.2	100.
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	136.7	7.8	223.5	10.4	912.6	17.2	1,668.2	30.5	6,139.8	34.4	9,080.8	27.
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1,611.5	92.2	1,935.0	89.6	4,382.7	82.8	3,809.9	69.5	11,695.9	65.6	23,435.0	72.
Total	1,748.2	100.0	2,158.5	100.0	5,295.3	100.0	5,478.1	100.0	17,835.7	100.0	32,515.8	100.
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	64.3	9.4	92.3	10.9	446.4	20.3	890.4	34.4	3,569.0	43.8	5,062.4	35.
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	622.0	90.6	757.7	89.1	1,748.7	79.7	1,700.6	65.6	4,577.9	56.2	9,406.9	65.
Total	686.3	100.0	850.0	100.0	2,195.1	100.0	2,591.0	100.0	8,146.9	100.0	14,469.3	100.
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	25.2	6.2	32.4	11.3	78.0	13.7	136.5	25.2	529.4	37.3	801.5	24.
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	379.2	93.8	254.9	88.7	490.8	86.3	404.6	74.8	888.4	62.7	2,417.9	75.
Total	404.4	100.0	287.3	100.0	568.8	100.0	541.1	100.0	1,417.8	100.0	3,219.4	100.
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	4.0	6.5	7.2	12.2	21.4	17.0	44.0	34.1	229.7	39.0	306.3	31.
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	57.6	93.5	52.1	87.8	103.9	83.0	84.9	65.9	360.1	61.0	658.6	68.
Total	61.6	100.0	59.3	100.0	125.3	100.0	128.9	100.0	589.8	100.0	964.9	100.
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	1.3	5.3	6.1	30.5	8.0	33.9	16.6	55.5	44.0	37.4	76.0	35.
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	22.2	94.7	14.0	69.5	15.7	66.1	13.2	44.5	73.8	62.6	138.9	64.
Total	23.5	100.0	20.1	100.0	23.7	100.0	29.8	100.0	117.8	100.0	214.9	100.

TABLE 30. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Service Sector, 1965

TABLEAU 30. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, groupées selon l'importance de l'actif dans le secteur de services, 1965

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%	No.—nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	95	6.3	62	10.1	73	19.7	16	37.2	1	—	246	9.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1,408	93.7	552	89.9	297	80.3	27	62.8	1	—	2,284	90.3
Total	1,503	100.0	614	100.0	370	100.0	43	100.0	—	—	2,530	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	28.5	5.9	42.3	13.7	143.6	20.4	204.1	36.4	1	—	418.5	19.
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	453.1	94.1	377.0	86.3	561.5	79.6	356.5	63.6	1	—	1,748.1	80.7
Total	481.6	100.0	419.3	100.0	705.1	100.0	560.6	100.0	—	—	2,166.6	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	10.9	6.6	17.4	13.7	50.5	23.3	89.6	49.6	1	—	168.4	24.
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	154.7	93.4	109.4	86.3	166.4	76.7	91.2	50.4	1	—	521.7	75.6
Total	165.6	100.0	126.8	100.0	216.9	100.0	180.8	100.0	—	—	690.1	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	68.5	12.1	79.9	22.1	138.5	27.2	67.6	36.6	1	—	354.5	21.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	496.6	87.9	282.4	77.9	371.1	72.8	116.9	63.4	1	—	1,267.0	78.1
Total	565.1	100.0	362.3	100.0	509.6	100.0	1,014.5	100.0	—	—	1,621.5	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	3.2	13.2	8.0	39.0	11.1	28.8	7.9	40.9	1	—	30.2	29.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	20.9	86.8	12.6	61.0	27.6	71.2	11.4	59.1	1	—	72.5	70.6
Total	24.1	100.0	20.6	100.0	38.7	100.0	19.3	100.0	—	—	102.7	100.0
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	2.7	14.2	7.3	52.5	9.6	37.3	6.1	50.8	1	—	25.7	36.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	16.7	85.8	6.6	47.5	16.1	62.7	5.9	49.2	1	—	45.3	63.8
Total	19.4	100.0	13.9	100.0	25.7	100.0	12.0	100.0	—	—	71.0	100.0

¹ Included with \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999. — Compris dans le groupe \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999.

TABLE 31. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 31. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de l'agriculture, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	27	18,610.0	10,182.2	10,882.2	588.7	296.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	368	213,377.2	89,558.2	107,533.1	3,232.4	279.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	395	231,987.2	99,740.4	118,415.3	3,821.1	576.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	2,690	275,001.4	110,096.6	190,434.5	8,684.4	300.9
Total	3,085	506,988.6	209,837.0	308,849.8	12,505.5	877.4
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	9	3.7	4.9	3.5	4.7	33.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résidents	11.9	42.1	42.6	34.8	25.9	31.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	12.8	45.8	47.5	38.3	30.6	65.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	87.2	54.2	52.5	61.7	69.4	34.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 32. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Forestry Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 32. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie d'exploitation forestière, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	26	54,989.9	35,713.6	37,842.2	5,299.4	4,445.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	184	173,897.3	84,873.9	163,560.1	10,046.6	8,061.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	210	228,887.2	120,587.5	201,402.3	15,346.0	12,506.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,225	84,088.5	24,895.0	125,640.1	3,497.1	1,860.3
Total	1,435	312,975.7	145,482.5	327,042.4	18,843.1	14,366.4
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1.8	17.6	24.5	11.6	28.1	30.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	12.8	55.5	58.4	50.0	53.3	56.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	14.6	73.1	82.9	61.6	81.4	87.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	85.4	26.9	17.1	38.4	18.6	12.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 33. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Fishing and Trapping Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 33. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de pêche et de piégeage, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1	1	1	1	1	1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	11	5,140.8	2,070.7	3,454.7	- 30.9	- 51.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	11	5,140.8	2,070.7	3,454.7	- 30.9	- 51.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	216	16,855.2	4,687.0	16,977.3	681.8	359.3
Total	227	21,996.0	6,757.7	20,432.0	650.9	308.1
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1	1	1	1		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	4.9	23.4	30.6	16.9		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	4.9	23.4	30.6	16.9		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	95.1	76.6	69.4	83.1		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

¹ Included with "Other corporations". — Compris dans le groupe "Autres corporations".

TABLE 34. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Industries 1965

TABLEAU 34. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'agriculture, d'exploitation forestière et de pêche, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	53	73,599.9	45,895.8	48,724.4	5,888.1	4,741.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	563	392,415.3	176,502.8	274,547.9	13,248.1	8,289.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	616	466,015.2	222,398.6	323,272.3	19,136.2	13,031.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	4,131	375,945.1	139,678.6	333,051.9	12,863.3	2,520.5
Total	4,747	841,960.3	362,077.2	656,324.2	31,999.5	15,551.9
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1.1	8.7	12.7	7.4	18.4	30.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	11.9	46.6	48.7	41.9	41.4	53.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	13.0	55.3	61.4	49.3	59.8	83.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	87.0	44.7	38.6	50.7	40.2	16.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 35. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Gold Mine Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 35. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de mines d'or, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	8	98,090.4	93,250.4	25,791.7	13,233.4	4,239.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	120	484,862.7	443,884.8	89,989.1	27,750.9	- 1,063.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	128	582,953.1	537,135.2	115,780.8	40,984.3	3,176.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	74	7,519.0	6,692.5	446.5	- 121.8	- 178.0
Total	202	590,472.1	543,827.7	116,227.3	40,862.5	2,998.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4.0	16.6	17.1	22.2		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	59.4	82.1	81.7	77.4		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	63.4	98.7	98.8	99.6		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	36.6	1.3	1.2	.4		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 36. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Iron Mine Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 36. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de mines de fer, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	25	1,110,091.9	369,110.6	432,266.3	61,577.4	8,900.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	32	156,478.7	130,006.6	28,117.0	6,230.2	- 630.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	57	1,266,570.6	499,117.2	460,383.3	67,807.6	8,270.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	19	2,210.6	- 1,506.0	108.4	- 119.8	- 91.7
Total	76	1,268,781.2	497,611.2	460,491.7	67,687.8	8,178.4
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	32.9	87.5		93.9		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	42.1	12.3		6.1		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	75.0	99.8		100.0		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	25.0	.2		.0		
Total	100.0	100.0		100.0		

TABLE 37. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Other Metal Mining Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 37. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des autres mines métalliques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	51	369,252.4	159,736.1	164,640.2	20,237.1	2,711.7
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	273	1,537,967.6	1,244,656.2	683,798.7	263,234.9	59,048.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	324	1,907,220.0	1,404,392.3	848,438.9	283,472.0	61,760.6
ther corporations — Autres corporations	252	125,057.2	72,998.1	57,090.5	- 1,045.1	- 2,601.7
Total	576	2,032,277.2	1,477,390.4	905,529.4	282,426.9	59,158.9
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 8.9	18.2	10.8	18.2		
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 47.4	75.6	84.3	75.5		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 56.3	93.8	95.1	93.7		
ther corporations — Autres corporations	% 43.7	6.2	4.9	6.3		
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 38. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Metal Mining Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 38. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries des minéraux métalliques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	84	1,577,434.7	622,097.1	622,698.2	95,047.9	15,851.8
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	425	2,179,309.0	1,818,547.6	801,904.8	297,216.0	57,355.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	509	3,756,743.7	2,440,644.7	1,424,603.0	392,263.9	73,207.2
ther corporations — Autres corporations	345	134,786.8	78,184.6	57,645.4	- 1,286.7	- 2,871.4
Total	854	3,891,530.5	2,518,829.3	1,482,248.4	390,977.2	70,335.8
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 9.8	40.5	24.7	42.0		
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 49.8	56.0	72.2	54.1		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 59.6	96.5	96.9	96.1		
ther corporations — Autres corporations	% 40.4	3.5	3.1	3.9		
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 39. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Coal Mine Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 39. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des mines de charbon, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4	18,098.6	8,093.3	6,594.6	459.3	200.7
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	27	33,028.2	18,740.7	20,440.5	1,013.7	58.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	31	51,126.8	26,834.0	27,035.1	1,473.0	258.8
ther corporations — Autres corporations	37	2,529.8	978.1	2,465.5	112.8	22.5
Total	68	53,656.6	27,812.1	29,500.6	1,585.8	281.3
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 5.9	33.7	29.1	22.4	29.0	71.3
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 39.7	61.6	67.4	69.2	63.9	20.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 45.6	95.3	96.5	91.6	92.9	92.0
ther corporations — Autres corporations	% 54.4	4.7	3.5	8.4	7.1	8.0
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 40. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Oil and Gas Wells Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 40. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de puits de pétrole et de gaz, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	161	3,103,653.2	2,061,634.3	992,000.6	148,432.3	3,239.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	132	608,822.8	377,834.2	91,768.2	29,903.9	296.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	293	3,712,476.0	2,439,018.5	1,083,768.8	178,336.2	3,536.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	384	40,719.4	25,310.1	11,128.8	- 790.9	- 1,378.3
Total	677	3,753,195.4	2,464,328.6	1,094,897.6	177,545.3	2,158.4
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	23.8	82.7	83.7	90.6		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	19.5	16.2	15.3	8.4		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	43.3	98.9	99.0	99.0		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	56.7	1.1	1.0	1.0		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 41. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Mineral Fuels Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 41. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries des minéraux combustibles, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	165	3,121,751.8	2,069,727.6	998,595.2	148,891.6	3,440.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	159	641,851.0	396,124.9	112,208.7	30,917.6	355.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	324	3,763,602.8	2,465,852.5	1,110,803.9	179,809.2	3,795.5
Other corporations — Autres corporation	421	42,249.2	26,288.2	13,594.3	- 678.1	- 1,355.8
Total	745	3,806,852.0	2,492,140.7	1,124,398.2	179,131.1	2,439.7
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	22.2	82.0	83.0	88.8		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	21.3	16.9	15.9	10.0		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	43.5	98.9	98.9	98.8		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	56.5	1.1	1.1	1.2		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 42. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Non-metal Mining Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 42. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de mines non métalliques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	34	472,792.3	326,216.9	233,161.8	62,218.9	31,061.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	35	168,074.0	132,068.4	71,737.5	13,417.2	4,015.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	69	640,866.3	458,285.3	304,899.3	75,636.1	35,077.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	76	12,995.5	9,666.7	4,392.9	- 87.8	- 166.9
Total	145	653,861.8	467,952.0	309,292.2	75,548.3	34,910.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	23.4	72.3	69.7	75.4		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	24.2	25.7	28.2	23.2		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	47.6	98.0	97.9	98.6		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	52.4	2.0	2.1	1.4		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 43. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Quarries Industry, 1965

TABEAU 43. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des carrières, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	8	11,537.8	7,365.2	6,223.0	1,074.0	1,351.4
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	135	93,133.4	34,025.5	89,124.9	5,436.3	3,354.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	143	104,671.2	41,390.7	95,347.9	6,510.3	4,705.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	228	19,631.8	7,313.3	19,407.9	872.8	705.8
Total	371	124,303.0	48,704.0	114,755.8	7,383.1	5,411.6
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	2.2	9.3	15.1	5.4	14.5	25.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	56.3	74.9	69.9	77.7	73.7	62.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	38.5	84.2	85.0	83.1	88.2	87.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	61.5	15.8	15.0	16.9	11.8	13.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 44. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Mining Services Industry, 1965

TABEAU 44. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des services miniers, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	78	194,909.9	71,801.8	50,044.1	4,831.9	4,517.4
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	284	332,235.5	243,302.7	120,475.3	2,553.0	- 788.7
Reporting corporation - Total - Corporations déclarantes	362	527,145.4	315,104.5	170,519.4	7,384.9	3,728.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1,380	87,742.9	54,099.6	33,989.1	- 5,335.1	- 5,363.7
Total	1,742	614,888.3	369,204.1	204,508.5	2,049.8	- 1,635.0
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	4.5	31.7	19.4	24.5		
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	16.3	54.0	65.9	58.9		
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	20.8	85.7	85.3	83.4		
Other corporations - Autres corporations	79.2	14.3	14.7	16.6		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 45. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Other Mining Industries, 1965

TABEAU 45. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries minières diverses, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	120	679,240.0	405,383.9	289,428.9	68,124.8	36,930.1
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	454	593,442.9	409,396.6	281,337.7	21,406.5	6,581.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	574	1,272,682.9	814,780.5	570,766.6	89,531.3	43,511.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1,684	120,370.2	71,079.6	57,789.9	- 4,550.1	- 4,824.8
Total	2,258	1,393,053.1	885,860.1	628,556.5	84,981.2	38,686.9
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	5.3	48.8	45.8	46.0		
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	20.1	42.6	46.2	44.8		
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	25.4	91.4	92.0	90.8		
Other corporations - Autres corporations	74.6	8.6	8.0	9.2		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 46. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Mining Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 46. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total de l'industrie des mines, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	369	5,378,426.5	3,097,208.6	1,910,722.3	312,064.3	56,222.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1,038	3,414,602.9	2,624,069.1	1,195,451.2	349,540.1	64,292.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1,407	8,793,029.4	5,721,277.7	3,106,173.5	661,604.4	120,514.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	2,450	298,406.2	175,552.4	129,029.6	- 6,514.9	- 9,052.0
Total	3,857	9,091,435.6	5,896,830.1	3,235,203.1	655,089.5	111,462.4
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	9.6	59.1	52.5	59.1		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	26.9	37.5	44.5	36.9		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	36.5	96.7	97.0	96.0		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	63.5	3.3	3.0	4.0		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 47. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Meat Products Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 47. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits de la viande, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	9	50,924.6	35,282.3	259,049.2	4,542.6	3,977.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	195	309,188.0	160,424.9	1,446,751.8	25,990.5	19,891.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	204	360,112.6	195,707.2	1,705,801.0	30,533.1	23,869.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	149	15,778.2	3,248.7	57,887.5	- 85.0	- 57.8
Total	353	375,890.8	198,955.9	1,763,688.5	30,488.1	23,811.4
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	2.5	13.5	17.7	14.7		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	55.3	82.3	80.7	82.0		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	57.8	95.8	98.4	96.7		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	42.2	4.2	1.6	3.3		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 48. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Dairy Products Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 48. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits laitiers, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	12	109,970.5	68,464.7	246,708.5	15,694.3	14,871.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	241	209,165.5	105,506.5	592,201.9	12,700.5	9,056.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	253	319,136.0	173,971.2	838,910.4	28,394.8	23,927.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	495	72,151.4	33,363.5	228,606.7	2,516.3	1,206.4
Total	748	391,287.4	207,334.7	1,067,517.1	30,911.1	25,134.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1.6	28.1	33.0	23.1	50.8	59.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	32.2	53.5	50.9	55.5	41.1	36.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	33.8	81.6	83.9	78.6	91.9	95.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	66.2	18.4	16.1	21.4	8.1	4.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 52. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Bakery Products Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 52. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits de boulangerie, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	6	38,640.1	26,275.9	65,696.6	7,112.0	6,825.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	114	244,950.5	125,756.7	345,961.6	26,152.6	11,458.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	120	283,590.6	152,032.6	411,658.2	33,264.6	18,284.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	460	27,056.6	11,742.9	63,411.4	1,677.7	1,430.7
Total	580	310,647.2	163,775.5	475,069.6	34,942.3	19,715.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1.0	12.4	16.0	13.8	20.4	34.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	19.7	78.9	76.8	72.9	74.8	58.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	20.7	91.3	92.8	86.7	95.2	92.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	79.3	8.7	7.2	13.3	4.8	7.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 53. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Food Products Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 53. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des autres produits alimentaires, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	59	318,194.7	180,576.8	493,606.9	39,275.8	32,156.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	109	359,491.2	214,580.6	493,481.4	35,644.2	28,961.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	168	677,685.9	395,157.4	987,088.3	74,920.0	61,118.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	194	15,578.1	5,153.9	27,280.4	450.3	272.6
Total	362	693,264.0	400,311.3	1,014,368.7	75,370.3	61,390.6
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	16.3	45.9	45.1	48.7	52.1	52.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	30.1	51.9	53.6	48.6	47.3	47.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	46.4	97.8	98.7	97.3	99.4	99.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	53.6	2.2	1.3	2.7	.6	.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 54. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Food Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 54. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total de l'industrie des produits alimentaires, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	146	833,714.8	497,612.6	1,502,874.2	100,819.4	88,090.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	962	1,615,943.2	813,533.5	3,787,534.6	129,364.1	87,025.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1,108	2,449,658.0	1,311,146.1	5,290,408.8	230,183.5	175,116.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,784	192,207.1	80,555.1	504,490.6	7,176.3	4,382.4
Total	2,892	2,641,865.1	1,391,701.2	5,794,899.4	237,359.8	179,499.0
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	5.0	31.6	35.8	25.9	42.5	49.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	33.3	61.1	58.4	65.4	54.5	48.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	38.3	92.7	94.2	91.3	97.0	97.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	61.7	7.3	5.8	8.7	3.0	2.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 55. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Soft Drinks Industry, 1965

TABLERAU 55. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des fabricants d'eau gazeuse, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	10	85,757.1	63,448.5	103,180.6	16,689.1	15,391.5
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	99	67,021.5	35,947.5	87,944.7	6,091.3	4,318.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	109	152,778.6	99,396.0	191,125.3	22,780.4	19,710.3
ther corporations — Autres corporations	238	24,760.7	11,656.1	40,718.1	2,263.6	1,909.6
Total	347	177,539.3	111,052.1	231,843.4	25,044.0	21,619.9
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 2.9	48.3	57.1	44.5	66.7	71.2
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 28.5	37.8	32.4	37.9	24.3	20.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 31.4	86.1	89.5	82.4	91.0	91.2
ther corporations — Autres corporations	% 68.6	13.9	10.5	17.6	9.0	8.8
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 56. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Distillery Industry, 1965

TABLERAU 56. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des distilleries, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	6	61,621.5	27,602.8	36,756.5	8,128.7	7,396.0
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	16	293,312.1	129,811.8	282,556.2	78,442.6	71,567.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	22	354,933.6	157,414.6	319,312.7	86,571.3	78,963.1
ther corporations — Autres corporations	7	254.2	22.6	25.0	.5	.6
Total	29	355,187.8	157,437.2	319,337.7	86,571.8	78,963.7
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 20.7	17.3	17.5	11.5	9.4	9.4
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 55.2	82.6	82.5	88.5	90.6	90.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 75.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ther corporations — Autres corporations	% 24.1	.1	—	—	—	—
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 57. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Brewery Industry, 1965

TABLERAU 57. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des brasseries, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	—	—	—	—	—	—
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	40	349,179.8	190,368.3	287,208.9	42,810.7	36,510.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	40	349,179.8	190,368.3	287,208.9	42,810.7	36,510.5
ther corporations — Autres corporations	7	433.2	65.5	643.3	26.6	26.6
Total	47	349,613.0	190,433.8	287,852.2	42,837.3	36,537.1
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% —	—	—	—	—	—
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 85.1	99.9	100.0	99.8	99.9	99.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 85.1	99.9	100.0	99.8	99.9	99.9
ther corporations — Autres corporations	% 14.9	.1	—	.2	.1	.1
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 58. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Winery Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 58. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de la fabrique du vin, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1	1	1	1	1	1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	12	29,025.4	16,983.9	21,259.1	3,770.1	3,018.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	12	29,025.4	16,983.9	21,259.1	3,770.1	3,018.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	8	1,987.4	936.4	1,464.9	- 40.2	- 34.7
Total	20	31,012.8	17,920.3	22,724.0	3,729.9	2,983.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1	1	1	1		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	60.0	93.6	94.8	93.6		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	60.0	93.6	94.8	93.6		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	40.0	6.4	5.2	6.4		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

¹ Included with "Other corporations". — Compris dans le groupe "Autres corporations".

TABLE 59. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Beverage Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 59. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de la boisson, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	16	147,378.6	91,051.3	139,937.1	24,817.8	22,787.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	167	738,538.8	373,111.5	678,968.9	131,114.7	115,414.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	183	885,917.4	464,162.8	818,906.0	155,932.5	138,201.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	260	27,435.5	12,680.6	42,851.3	2,250.5	1,902.1
Total	443	913,352.9	476,843.4	861,757.3	158,183.0	140,104.0
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	3.6	16.1	19.1	16.2	15.7	16.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	37.7	80.9	78.2	78.8	82.9	82.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	41.3	97.0	97.3	95.0	98.6	98.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	58.7	3.0	2.7	5.0	1.4	1.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 60. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Food and Beverages Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 60. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries d'aliments et de boissons, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	162	981,093.4	588,663.9	1,642,811.3	125,637.2	110,878.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1,129	2,354,482.0	1,186,645.0	4,466,503.5	260,478.8	202,440.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1,291	3,335,575.4	1,775,308.9	6,109,314.8	386,116.0	313,318.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	2,044	219,642.6	93,235.7	547,341.9	9,426.8	6,284.5
Total	3,335	3,555,218.0	1,868,544.6	6,656,656.7	395,542.8	319,603.0
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4.9	27.6	31.5	24.7	31.8	34.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	33.8	66.2	63.5	67.1	65.8	63.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	38.7	93.8	95.0	91.8	97.6	98.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	61.3	6.2	5.0	8.2	2.4	2.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 64. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Cotton and Woollen Mills Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 64. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des fabriques de tissus de coton et de laine, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	12	39,120.0	20,038.6	42,934.8	3,225.9	2,860.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	54	265,769.3	144,944.1	350,409.3	19,465.4	13,166.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	66	304,889.3	164,982.7	393,344.1	22,691.3	16,026.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	29	2,899.4	476.8	3,138.7	118.1	111.4
Total	95	307,788.7	165,459.5	396,482.8	22,809.4	16,138.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident %	12.6	12.7	12.1	10.8	14.1	17.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident %	56.9	86.4	87.6	88.4	85.4	81.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	69.5	99.1	99.7	99.2	99.5	99.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations %	30.5	.9	.3	.8	.5	.7
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 65. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Synthetic Textiles Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 65. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des fabriques de tissus synthétiques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	19	437,475.1	263,401.8	367,289.0	50,416.2	31,638.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	21	68,705.2	22,681.5	95,012.3	3,561.2	1,844.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	40	506,180.3	286,083.3	462,301.3	53,977.4	33,482.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	16	1,345.3	485.0	2,207.7	83.3	23.0
Total	56	507,525.6	286,568.3	464,509.0	54,060.7	33,505.0
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident %	33.9	86.2	91.9	79.0	93.2	94.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident %	37.5	13.5	7.9	20.5	6.6	5.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes %	71.4	99.7	99.8	99.5	99.8	99.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	28.6	.3	.2	.5	.2	.1
Total %	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 66. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Primary Textile Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 66. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, fabrication des tissus primaires divers, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	25	38,197.2	20,828.5	47,435.8	2,774.0	2,463.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	75	129,754.3	75,922.8	164,729.3	10,925.7	6,018.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	100	167,951.5	96,751.3	212,165.1	13,699.7	8,481.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	123	9,250.6	3,918.0	15,846.9	833.3	622.6
Total	223	177,202.1	100,669.3	228,012.0	14,533.0	9,104.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 11.2	21.6	20.7	20.8	19.1	27.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 33.6	73.2	75.4	72.3	75.2	66.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 44.8	94.8	96.1	93.1	94.3	93.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 55.2	5.2	3.9	6.9	5.7	6.8
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 67. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Textile Products Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 67. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des autres produits textiles, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	16	51,521.0	18,516.5	46,211.1	2,056.8	1,950.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	67	49,096.9	21,790.1	94,721.0	3,187.6	2,850.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	83	100,617.9	40,306.6	140,932.1	5,244.4	4,800.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	257	20,599.9	9,060.4	38,114.1	1,346.6	1,246.3
Total	340	121,217.8	49,367.0	179,046.2	6,591.0	6,046.7
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4.7	42.5	37.5	25.8	31.2	32.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	19.7	40.5	44.1	52.9	48.4	47.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	24.4	83.0	81.6	78.7	79.6	79.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	75.6	17.0	18.4	21.3	20.4	20.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 68. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Textile Mills Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 68. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries du textiles, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	72	566,313.3	322,785.4	503,870.7	58,472.9	38,911.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	217	513,325.7	265,338.5	704,871.9	37,139.9	23,879.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	289	1,079,639.0	588,123.9	1,208,742.6	95,612.8	62,791.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	425	34,095.2	13,940.2	59,307.4	2,381.3	2,003.3
Total	714	1,113,734.2	602,064.1	1,268,050.0	97,994.1	64,794.3
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	10.1	50.8	53.6	39.7	59.7	60.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	30.4	46.1	44.1	55.6	37.9	36.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	40.5	96.9	97.7	95.3	97.6	96.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	59.5	3.1	2.3	4.7	2.4	3.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 69. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Hosiery Mills Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 69. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de bas et chaussettes, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4	17,868.5	7,642.9	20,475.8	1,241.5	1,193.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	48	26,542.1	9,012.6	46,703.9	1,890.1	758.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	52	44,410.6	16,655.5	67,179.7	3,131.6	1,952.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	66	7,333.7	2,257.1	11,428.7	5.4	109.6
Total	118	51,744.3	18,912.6	78,608.4	3,137.0	1,842.8
0% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	3.4	34.5	40.4	26.0	39.6	
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	40.7	51.3	47.7	59.5	60.2	
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	44.1	85.8	88.1	85.5	99.8	
Other corporations — Autres corporations	55.9	14.2	11.9	14.5	.2	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

TABLE 73. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Women's Clothing Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 73. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industrie des vêtements pour femmes, 1965

[illegible]

TABLE 74. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Fur Goods Industry, 1965

**TABLEAU 74. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industrie des articles en fourrure, 1965**

[illegible]

TABLE 75. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Foundation Garments Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 75. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des corsets et soutiens-gorge, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	7	15,028.6	8,420.2	18,434.8	1,739.3	1,653.1
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	19	17,850.8	10,690.7	32,229.1	1,743.5	1,559.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	26	32,879.4	19,110.9	50,663.9	3,482.8	3,212.4
ther corporations — Autres corporations	11	647.6	455.8	1,670.8	88.2	84.3
Total	37	33,527.0	19,566.7	52,334.7	3,571.0	3,296.7
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 18.9	44.8	43.0	35.2	48.7	50.1
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 51.4	53.3	54.7	61.6	48.8	47.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 70.3	98.1	97.7	96.8	97.5	97.4
ther corporations — Autres corporations	% 29.7	1.9	2.3	3.2	2.5	2.6
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 76. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Clothing Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 76. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, autres industries du vêtement, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	9	6,928.1	4,332.0	11,778.1	251.9	418.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	92	46,962.0	21,242.7	92,180.6	1,979.9	1,439.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	101	53,890.1	25,574.7	103,958.7	2,231.8	1,858.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	219	18,910.5	7,999.5	39,451.2	743.7	560.3
Total	320	72,800.6	33,574.2	143,409.9	2,975.5	2,418.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	2.8	9.5	12.9	8.2	8.5	17.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	28.8	64.5	63.3	64.3	66.5	59.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	31.6	74.0	76.2	72.5	75.0	76.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	68.4	26.0	23.8	27.5	25.0	23.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 77. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Clothing Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 77. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries du vêtement, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	32	48,685.0	29,177.2	77,486.4	5,971.1	5,665.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	573	369,103.4	148,961.9	731,424.9	15,658.9	13,919.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	605	417,788.4	178,139.1	808,911.3	21,630.0	19,584.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,244	106,283.8	42,422.7	213,467.9	3,800.3	3,155.0
Total	1,849	524,072.2	220,561.8	1,022,379.2	25,430.3	22,739.9
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1.7	9.3	13.2	7.6	23.5	24.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	31.0	70.4	67.6	71.5	61.6	61.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	32.7	79.7	80.8	79.1	85.1	86.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	67.3	20.3	19.2	20.9	14.9	13.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 78. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Textile Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 78. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries textiles, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	118	649,773.4	368,458.7	627,301.9	67,651.0	47,625.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	945	1,026,562.8	482,669.5	1,650,708.8	61,376.0	43,430.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1,063	1,676,336.2	851,128.2	2,278,010.7	129,027.0	91,055.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,837	158,968.7	61,396.2	300,829.4	6,260.0	5,078.4
Total	2,900	1,835,304.9	912,524.4	2,578,840.1	135,287.0	96,134.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4.1	35.4	40.4	24.3	50.0	49.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	32.6	55.9	52.9	64.0	45.4	45.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	36.7	91.3	93.3	88.3	95.4	94.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	63.3	8.7	6.7	11.7	4.6	5.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 79. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Sawmills Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 79. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de scieries, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	38	270,772.9	90,859.8	170,341.2	7,377.5	2,968.7
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	385	522,539.4	222,728.5	544,785.9	22,350.1	5,864.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	423	793,312.3	313,586.3	715,127.1	29,727.6	8,832.9
her corporations — Autres corporations	520	46,878.8	16,013.8	72,347.7	1,531.7	815.3
Total	943	840,191.1	329,600.1	787,474.8	31,259.3	9,648.2
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 4.0	32.2	27.6	21.6	23.6	30.8
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 40.8	62.2	67.5	69.2	71.5	60.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 44.9	% 94.4	% 95.1	% 90.8	% 95.1	% 91.5
her corporations — Autres corporations	% 55.1	5.6	4.9	9.2	4.9	8.5
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 80. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Veneer and Plywood Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 80. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des fabriques de placages et contre-plaqués, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	8	91,497.0	45,643.9	90,630.6	6,178.1	5,120.8
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	34	130,098.8	40,873.1	161,154.4	6,589.9	6,221.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	42	221,595.8	86,517.0	251,785.0	12,768.0	11,342.2
her corporations — Autres corporations	29	2,827.0	1,154.4	3,507.0	- 56.1	- 79.1
Total	71	224,422.8	87,671.4	255,292.0	12,711.9	11,263.1
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 11.3	40.8	52.1	35.5		
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 47.9	57.9	46.6	63.1		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 59.2	% 98.7	% 98.7	% 98.6		
her corporations — Autres corporations	% 40.8	1.3	1.3	1.4		
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 81. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Planing Mills Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 81. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des ateliers de rabotage, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	9	7,358.7	1,724.8	11,742.2	314.7	158.9
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	166	153,437.2	60,700.7	248,597.5	6,340.1	5,044.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	175	160,795.9	62,425.5	260,339.7	6,654.8	5,203.7
her corporations — Autres corporations	380	34,302.9	9,624.7	56,748.5	553.7	164.3
Total	555	195,098.8	72,050.2	317,088.2	7,208.5	5,368.0
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 1.6	3.8	2.4	3.7	4.4	3.0
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 29.9	78.6	84.2	78.4	87.9	93.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 31.5	% 82.4	% 86.6	% 82.1	% 92.3	% 96.9
her corporations — Autres corporations	% 68.5	17.6	13.4	17.9	7.7	3.1
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 82. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wooden Boxes Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 82. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des fabriques de boîtes en bois, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	17	11, 108. 2	5, 342. 8	21, 042. 7	1, 219. 1	987. 6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	17	11, 108. 2	5, 342. 8	21, 042. 7	1, 219. 1	987. 6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	45	3, 435. 4	1, 282. 4	5, 123. 0	108. 3	52. 4
Total	62	14, 543. 6	6, 625. 2	26, 165. 7	1, 327. 4	1, 040. 0
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident %	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident %	27. 4	76. 4	80. 6	80. 4	91. 8	95. 0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes %	27. 4	76. 4	80. 6	80. 4	91. 8	95. 0
Other corporations — Autres corporations %	72. 6	23. 6	19. 4	19. 6	8. 2	5. 0
Total %	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0

TABLE 83. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Coffins and Caskets Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 83. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des cercueils et tombes, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	11	8, 364. 2	5, 643. 6	8, 725. 5	191. 6	352. 7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	11	8, 364. 2	5, 643. 6	8, 725. 5	191. 6	352. 7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	23	2, 730. 0	1, 475. 3	3, 820. 7	137. 5	92. 0
Total	34	11, 094. 2	7, 118. 9	12, 546. 2	329. 1	444. 7
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident %	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident %	32. 4	75. 4	79. 3	69. 5	58. 2	79. 3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes %	32. 4	75. 4	79. 3	69. 5	58. 2	79. 3
Other corporations — Autres corporations %	67. 6	24. 6	20. 7	30. 5	41. 8	20. 7
Total %	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0

TABLE 84. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Miscellaneous Wood Products Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 84. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie diverse du bois, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	11	9, 968. 6	4, 881. 7	11, 085. 7	722. 6	682. 2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	39	39, 084. 9	20, 185. 1	44, 751. 9	2, 369. 1	1, 734. 6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	50	49, 053. 5	25, 066. 8	55, 837. 6	3, 091. 7	2, 418. 8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	128	11, 205. 7	5, 705. 7	15, 265. 3	562. 5	416. 1
Total	178	60, 259. 2	30, 772. 5	71, 102. 9	3, 654. 2	2, 832. 9
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident %	6. 2	16. 5	15. 9	15. 6	19. 8	24. 1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident %	21. 9	64. 9	65. 6	62. 9	64. 8	61. 2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes %	28. 1	81. 4	81. 5	78. 5	84. 6	85. 3
Other corporations — Autres corporations %	71. 9	18. 6	18. 5	21. 5	15. 4	14. 7
Total %	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0	100. 0

TABLE 85. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wood Industry, 1965

**TABLEAU 85. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
total de l'industrie du bois, 1965**

[illegible]

TABLE 86. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Household Furniture Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 86. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des meubles de maison, 1965

[illegible]

TABLE 87. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Office Furniture Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 87. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des meubles de bureau, 1965

[illegible]

TABLE 88. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Furniture Industries, 1965

TABEAU 88. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'autres meubles, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	9	20,842.0	15,402.6	26,007.8	1,822.7	1,822.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	74	59,599.2	30,017.2	88,030.4	2,614.7	1,642.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	83	80,441.2	45,419.8	114,038.2	4,437.4	3,464.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	181	15,159.2	5,475.0	28,626.9	847.1	727.7
Total	264	95,600.4	50,894.8	142,665.1	5,284.5	4,192.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 3.4	21.8	30.3	18.2	34.5	43.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 28.0	62.3	58.9	61.7	49.5	39.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 31.4	84.1	89.2	79.9	84.0	82.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 68.6	15.9	10.8	20.1	16.0	17.4
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 89. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Furniture Industries, 1965

TABEAU 89. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries d'autres meubles, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	28	40,835.3	25,716.1	56,264.1	3,548.9	3,421.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	246	183,188.6	84,190.0	282,167.5	9,775.4	7,402.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	274	224,023.9	109,906.1	338,431.6	13,324.3	10,824.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	684	50,863.0	16,601.9	98,172.0	1,864.7	1,306.6
Total	958	274,886.9	126,508.0	436,603.6	15,189.0	12,130.8
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 2.9	14.9	20.3	12.9	23.4	28.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 25.7	66.6	66.6	64.6	64.4	61.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 28.6	81.5	86.9	77.5	87.7	89.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 71.4	18.5	13.1	22.5	12.3	10.8
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 90. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Pulp and Paper Mills Industries, 1965

TABEAU 90. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des pâtes et papiers, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	36	1,759,003.6	991,758.7	1,068,901.0	145,873.6	110,426.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	37	2,793,754.7	1,654,396.3	1,563,678.4	250,712.3	84,317.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	73	4,552,758.3	2,646,155.0	2,632,579.4	396,585.9	194,744.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	12	705.9	259.4	1,153.3	3.6	15.6
Total	85	4,553,464.2	2,646,414.4	2,633,732.5	396,589.5	194,760.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 42.4	38.6	37.5	40.6	36.8	56.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 43.5	61.4	62.5	59.4	63.2	43.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 85.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 14.1	—	—	—	—	—
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 91. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Paper Boxes and Bags Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 91. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de boîtes et de sacs en papier, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	15	59,854.7	42,035.0	102,098.5	9,883.8	8,691.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	72	124,529.5	68,383.3	207,927.2	11,146.8	9,570.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	87	184,384.2	110,418.3	310,025.7	21,030.6	18,262.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	90	9,569.5	4,014.1	17,735.8	565.9	460.2
Total	177	193,953.7	114,432.4	327,761.5	21,596.5	18,722.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	8.5	30.9	36.7	31.1	45.8	46.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	40.7	64.2	59.8	63.5	51.6	51.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	49.2	95.1	96.5	94.6	97.4	97.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	50.8	4.9	3.5	5.4	2.6	2.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 92. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Paper Products Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 92. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'autres transformations du papier, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	37	132,908.4	91,245.3	178,166.2	11,823.9	11,010.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	50	60,526.8	30,787.9	101,627.2	5,906.2	4,916.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	87	193,435.2	122,033.2	279,793.4	17,730.1	15,927.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	91	13,433.9	2,210.8	18,908.2	2,094.7	389.7
Total	178	206,869.1	124,244.0	298,701.6	19,824.8	16,317.0
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	20.8	64.2	73.4	59.7	59.6	67.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	28.1	29.3	24.8	34.0	29.8	30.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	49.8	93.5	98.2	93.7	89.4	97.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	51.1	6.5	1.8	6.3	10.6	2.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 93. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Paper and Allied Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 93. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries du bois et des produits connexes, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	88	1,951,766.7	1,125,039.0	1,349,165.7	167,581.3	130,129.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	159	2,978,811.0	1,753,567.5	1,873,232.8	267,765.3	98,804.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	247	4,930,577.7	2,878,606.5	3,222,398.5	435,346.6	228,934.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	193	23,709.3	6,484.3	37,797.3	2,664.2	865.5
Total	440	4,954,287.0	2,885,090.8	3,260,195.8	438,010.8	229,799.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	20.0	39.4	39.0	41.4	38.3	56.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	36.1	60.1	60.8	57.4	61.1	43.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	56.1	99.5	99.8	98.8	99.4	99.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	43.9	.5	.2	1.2	.6	.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 94. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Commercial Printing Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 94. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des impressions commerciales, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	25	50,944.5	36,072.8	44,839.8	5,431.7	4,839.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	190	179,382.0	96,677.9	281,577.2	17,701.2	12,945.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	215	230,326.5	132,750.7	326,417.0	23,132.9	17,785.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	985	72,307.7	31,493.9	121,831.4	4,408.1	3,346.4
Total	1,200	302,634.2	164,244.6	448,248.4	27,541.0	21,131.8
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	2.1	16.8	22.0	10.0	19.7	22.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	15.8	59.3	58.8	62.8	64.3	61.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	17.9	76.1	80.8	72.8	84.0	84.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	82.1	23.9	19.2	27.2	16.0	15.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 95. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Engraving and Allied Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 95. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de gravure et industries connexes, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	36	26,878.9	16,546.7	34,105.2	3,902.5	2,279.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	36	26,878.9	16,546.7	34,105.2	3,902.5	2,279.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	201	12,943.9	5,639.7	23,529.7	968.9	809.1
Total	237	39,822.8	22,186.4	57,634.9	4,871.4	3,088.8
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	15.2	67.5	74.6	59.2	80.1	73.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	15.2	67.5	74.6	59.2	80.1	73.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	84.8	32.5	25.4	40.8	19.9	26.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 96. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Publishing Industry Only, 1965

TABLEAU 96. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de l'édition seulement, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	15	33,732.2	14,409.0	45,664.4	6,383.6	5,038.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	28	18,716.2	9,417.7	23,640.0	2,587.5	2,136.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	43	52,448.4	23,826.7	69,304.4	8,971.1	7,175.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	332	14,742.9	4,203.2	22,458.9	- 674.0	- 921.1
Total	375	67,191.3	28,029.9	91,763.3	8,297.1	6,254.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4.0	50.2	51.4	49.7		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	7.5	27.9	33.6	25.8		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	11.5	78.1	85.0	75.5		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	88.5	21.9	15.0	24.5		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 97. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Publishing and Printing Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 97. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de l'édition et de l'impression, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	8	7,496.0	3,757.5	9,358.2	1,071.9	986.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	93	364,718.1	232,379.6	375,662.3	51,044.3	38,989.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	101	372,214.1	236,137.1	385,020.5	52,116.2	39,975.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	372	34,965.8	16,765.5	43,852.2	2,441.4	709.3
Total	473	407,179.9	252,902.6	428,872.7	54,557.6	50,685.1
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 1.7	1.8	1.5	2.2	2.0	2.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 19.7	89.6	91.9	87.6	93.6	95.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 21.4	91.4	93.4	89.8	95.5	98.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 78.6	8.6	6.6	10.2	4.5	1.7
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 98. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Total Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 98. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries d'impressions, d'éditions et industries connexes, 1965

[illegible]

TABLE 99. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Iron and Steel Mills Industries, 1965

**TABLEAU 99. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industries du fer et de l'acier, 1965**

[illegible]

TABLE 103. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Boiler and Plate Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 103. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industries des chaudières et plaques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident.....	7	46, 273.6	15, 579.0	52, 250.6	3, 808.2	3, 792.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	23	26, 205.8	12, 311.9	38, 495.2	2, 046.6	1, 702.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	30	72, 479.4	27, 890.9	90, 745.8	5, 854.8	5, 495.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	26	3, 954.9	884.8	6, 743.5	154.7	88.1
Total	56	76, 434.3	28, 775.7	97, 489.3	6, 009.5	5, 583.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident%	12.5	60.5	54.1	53.6	63.3	67.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident%	41.1	34.3	42.8	39.5	34.1	30.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	53.6	94.8	96.9	93.1	97.4	98.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	46.4	5.2	3.1	6.9	2.6	1.6
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 104. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Structural Steel Industry, 1965

**TABEAU 104. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industrie d'acier de charpente, 1965**

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
% 90% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	¹	¹	¹	¹	¹	¹
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	47	277,331.3	123,678.1	314,128.8	31,656.0	11,027.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	47	277,331.3	123,678.1	314,128.8	31,656.0	11,027.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	30	17,855.7	9,560.8	25,028.4	1,670.7	- 2,464.2
Total	77	295,187.0	133,238.9	339,157.2	33,326.7	8,562.9
% 90% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	¹	¹	¹	¹	¹	
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	61.0	93.9	92.8	92.6	94.9	
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	61.0	93.9	92.8	92.6	94.9	
Other corporations — Autres corporations	39.0	6.1	7.2	7.4	5.1	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

¹ Included with "Other corporations". — Compris dans le groupe "Autres corporations".

TABLE 105. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Ornamental Iron Works Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 105. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie du fer forgé, 1965

[illegible]

TABLE 106. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Metal Stamping Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 106. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de l'estampage des métaux, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	45	240,979.2	143,976.3	302,241.6	34,482.1	30,998.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	146	155,915.7	64,046.6	239,561.8	10,613.2	6,395.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	191	396,894.9	208,022.9	541,803.4	45,095.3	37,394.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	413	36,926.1	13,172.7	62,647.4	2,533.8	1,909.8
Total	604	433,821.0	221,195.6	604,450.8	47,629.1	39,304.0
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 7.5	55.6	65.0	50.0	72.4	78.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 24.1	35.9	29.0	39.6	22.3	16.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 31.6	91.5	94.0	89.6	94.7	95.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 68.4	8.5	6.0	10.4	5.3	4.9
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 107. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wire and Wire Products Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 107. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des fils métalliques et produits connexes, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	34	86,204.0	47,117.9	121,081.3	14,127.0	12,212.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	45	67,432.5	33,917.6	75,552.4	5,854.4	3,016.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	79	153,636.5	81,035.5	196,633.7	19,981.4	15,228.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	119	9,969.0	4,167.0	15,903.5	628.0	394.8
Total	198	163,605.5	85,202.5	212,537.2	20,609.4	15,623.6
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 17.2	52.7	55.3	57.0	68.6	78.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 22.7	41.2	39.8	35.5	28.4	19.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 39.9	93.9	95.1	92.5	97.0	97.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 60.1	6.1	4.9	7.5	3.0	2.5
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 108. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Hardware and Tools Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 108. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des quincailleries et outils, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	41	87,226.7	72,596.3	114,701.1	12,301.6	11,444.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	68	47,308.0	26,619.0	62,594.1	4,144.4	2,996.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	109	134,534.7	99,215.3	177,295.2	16,446.0	14,441.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	236	20,487.2	9,136.9	30,578.4	1,417.8	1,261.8
Total	345	155,021.9	108,352.2	207,873.6	17,863.8	15,702.9
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 11.9	56.3	67.0	55.2	68.9	72.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 19.7	30.5	24.6	30.1	23.2	19.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 31.6	86.8	91.6	35.3	92.1	92.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 68.4	13.2	8.4	14.7	7.9	8.0
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 109. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Heating Equipment Industry, 1965

**TABLEAU 109. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industrie des appareils de chauffage, 1965**

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	16	38,340.7	18,899.4	63,245.4	- 1,675.2	- 1,628.2
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	34	67,228.7	32,124.0	61,898.0	2,963.0	2,195.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	50	105,569.4	51,023.4	125,143.4	1,287.8	567.3
her corporations — Autres corporations	73	6,149.9	2,197.8	9,402.7	- 140.1	- 226.9
Total	123	111,719.3	53,221.2	134,546.1	1,147.7	340.4
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident..... %	13.0	34.3	35.5	47.0		
nder 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	27.7	60.2	60.4	46.0		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	40.7	94.5	95.9	93.0		
her corporations — Autres corporations	59.3	5.5	4.1	7.0		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 110. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Machine Shops Industry, 1965

**TABEAU 110. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industrie des ateliers d'usinage, 1965**

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4	2,140.8	1,169.4	2,327.4	— 69.0	139.4
der 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	86	43,321.0	16,544.3	72,090.3	3,143.2	2,492.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	90	45,461.8	17,713.7	74,417.7	3,074.2	2,631.7
her corporations — Autres corporations	539	42,394.3	19,075.6	66,720.9	3,304.0	2,878.5
Total	629	87,856.1	36,789.3	141,138.6	6,378.2	5,510.2
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	6	2.4	3.2	1.6		2.5
der 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	13.7	49.3	44.9	51.1		45.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	14.3	51.7	48.1	52.7		47.8
her corporations — Autres corporations	85.7	48.3	51.9	47.3		52.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0

TABLE 111. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Miscellaneous Products Industries, 1965

**TABLEAU 111. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industries des produits métalliques divers, 1965**

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	79	183,300.1	83,740.4	247,900.6	13,643.2	11,950.1
der 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	68	83,552.2	37,547.7	120,272.5	4,741.9	7,862.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	147	266,852.3	121,288.1	368,173.1	18,385.1	19,812.3
der corporations — Autres corporations	220	24,655.6	11,381.9	31,392.8	893.1	333.8
Total	367	291,507.9	132,670.0	399,565.9	19,278.2	20,146.0
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 21.6	62.8	63.1	62.0	70.8	59.3
der 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 18.5	28.7	28.3	30.1	24.6	39.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 40.1	91.5	91.4	92.1	95.4	98.3
der corporations — Autres corporations	% 59.9	8.5	8.6	7.9	4.6	1.7
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 112. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Metal Fabricating Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 112. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
total des industries de fabrication métallique, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu Imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	250	714,936.1	394,603.0	946,650.1	78,433.6	69,722.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	600	838,069.6	370,713.8	1,095,623.0	68,158.7	38,390.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	850	1,553,005.7	765,316.8	2,042,273.1	146,592.3	108,113.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,927	183,882.3	76,462.2	287,664.9	11,196.0	4,658.7
Total	2,777	1,736,888.0	841,779.0	2,329,938.0	157,788.3	112,771.7
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident %	9.0	41.2	46.9	40.6	49.7	61.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident %	21.6	48.2	44.0	47.1	43.2	34.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes %	30.6	89.4	90.9	87.7	92.9	95.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations %	69.4	10.6	9.1	12.3	7.1	4.1
Total %	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 113. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agricultural Implements Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 113. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industrie des instruments aratoires, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu Imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	5	140,751.3	86,852.4	261,482.8	24,472.8	22,764.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	28	167,755.2	76,246.7	269,694.1	7,242.7	6,210.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	33	308,506.5	163,099.1	531,176.9	31,715.5	28,974.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	62	5,821.5	2,240.9	8,174.4	323.5	209.1
Total	95	314,328.0	165,340.0	539,351.3	32,039.0	29,183.7
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 5.3	44.7	52.5	48.5	76.4	78.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 29.4	53.4	46.1	50.0	22.6	21.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 34.7	98.1	98.6	98.5	99.0	99.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 65.3	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.0	.7
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 114. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Commercial Refrigeration Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 114. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industrie de l'équipement de réfrigération, 1965

[illegible]

TABLE 115. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Machinery Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 115. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'autres machines, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu Imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	154	767,897.9	385,661.7	950,558.0	92,517.0	84,843.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	131	178,637.9	70,421.3	255,417.3	6,945.0	3,746.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	285	946,535.8	456,083.0	1,205,975.3	99,462.0	88,590.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	405	39,109.7	12,102.0	62,007.7	1,673.6	999.4
Total	690	985,645.5	468,185.0	1,267,983.0	101,135.6	89,589.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 22.3	77.9	82.4	75.0	91.4	94.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 19.0	18.1	15.0	20.1	6.8	4.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 41.3	96.0	97.4	95.1	98.3	98.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 58.7	4.0	2.6	4.9	1.7	1.1
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 116. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Machinery Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 116. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de machines, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu Imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	170	927,707.0	481,280.2	1,249,629.6	120,757.6	111,340.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	169	361,711.6	150,332.4	550,294.5	15,218.1	10,506.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	339	1,289,418.6	631,612.6	1,799,924.1	135,975.7	121,847.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	491	46,976.6	15,038.4	74,105.8	2,004.0	1,224.0
Total	830	1,336,395.2	646,651.0	1,874,029.9	137,979.7	123,071.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 20.4	69.4	74.5	66.6	87.5	90.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 20.4	27.1	23.2	29.4	11.0	8.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 40.8	96.5	97.7	96.0	98.5	99.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 59.2	3.5	2.3	4.0	1.5	1.0
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 117. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Aircraft and Parts Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 117. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, fabrication d'avions et de pièces, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu Imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	19	424,128.1	203,059.7	326,301.5	9,622.1	4,557.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	16	31,618.2	14,254.4	30,802.9	1,330.5	408.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	35	455,746.3	217,314.1	357,104.4	10,952.6	4,966.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	37	2,316.5	300.5	3,600.1	- 120.4	- 192.4
Total	72	458,062.8	217,614.6	360,704.5	10,832.2	4,773.7
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 26.4	92.6	93.3	90.5		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 22.2	6.9	6.6	8.5		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 48.6	99.5	99.9	99.0		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 51.4	.5	.1	1.0		
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 118. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Motor Vehicles and Parts Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 118. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des véhicules automobiles et pièces, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	71	1,375,594.0	680,043.6	2,995,664.8	213,846.9	215,884.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	48	59,241.4	23,203.0	96,367.0	4,677.8	2,781.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	119	1,434,835.4	703,246.6	3,092,031.8	218,524.7	218,666.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	93	7,654.0	3,489.6	12,853.7	338.0	266.0
Total	212	1,442,489.4	706,736.2	3,104,885.5	218,862.7	218,932.4
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	33.5	95.4	96.2	96.5	97.7	98.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	22.6	4.1	3.3	3.1	2.1	1.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	56.1	99.5	99.5	99.6	99.8	99.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	43.9	.5	.5	.4	.2	.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 119. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Truck Bodies Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 119. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de carrosseries de camions, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	10	36,409.7	17,948.1	45,293.5	3,104.6	1,497.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	33	35,465.5	12,886.2	59,975.9	1,735.4	1,238.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	43	71,875.2	30,834.3	105,269.4	4,840.0	2,735.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	72	5,853.2	1,362.7	11,521.6	364.2	194.9
Total	115	77,728.4	32,197.0	116,791.0	5,204.2	2,930.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	8.7	46.9	55.8	38.8	59.7	51.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	28.7	45.6	40.0	51.3	33.3	42.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	37.4	92.5	95.8	90.1	93.0	93.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	62.6	7.5	4.2	9.9	7.0	6.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 120. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Miscellaneous Transportation Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 120. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de matériel de transport divers, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	14	163,257.2	51,248.2	175,318.8	8,172.2	4,647.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	49	226,710.7	104,804.8	274,617.3	20,790.5	15,740.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	63	389,967.9	156,053.0	449,936.1	28,962.7	20,387.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	163	12,004.5	2,722.6	17,307.4	- 227.5	- 281.5
Total	226	401,972.4	158,775.6	467,243.5	28,735.2	20,106.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	6.2	40.6	32.3	37.5		
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	21.7	56.4	66.0	58.8		
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	27.9	97.0	98.3	96.3		
Other corporations — Autres corporations	72.1	3.0	1.7	3.7		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 121. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Transport Equipment Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 121. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de l'équipement de transport, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	114	1,999,389.0	952,299.6	3,542,578.6	234,745.8	226,586.3
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	146	353,035.8	155,148.4	461,763.1	28,534.2	20,168.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	260	2,352,424.8	1,107,448.0	4,004,341.7	263,280.0	246,754.6
Other corporations - Autres corporations	365	27,828.2	7,875.4	45,282.8	354.3	- 13.0
Total	625	2,380,253.0	1,115,323.4	4,049,624.5	263,634.3	246,741.6
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	18.2	84.0	85.4	87.5	89.1	
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	23.4	14.8	13.9	11.4	10.8	
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	41.6	98.8	99.3	98.9	99.9	
Other corporations - Autres corporations	58.4	1.2	.7	1.1	.1	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

TABLE 122. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Small Appliances Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 122. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des petits appareils électriques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	19	46,238.0	26,410.5	60,395.0	6,145.6	5,778.7
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	14	13,747.5	8,411.0	27,058.4	2,298.8	2,159.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	33	59,985.5	34,821.5	87,453.4	8,444.4	7,937.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	34	1,935.1	1,154.1	2,915.3	113.2	87.3
Total	67	61,920.6	35,975.6	90,368.7	8,557.6	8,025.2
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	28.4	74.7	73.4	66.9	71.8	72.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	20.9	22.2	23.4	29.9	26.9	26.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	49.3	96.9	96.8	96.8	98.7	98.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	50.7	3.1	3.2	3.2	1.3	1.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 123. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Major Appliances Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 123. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de gros appareils électriques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	7	77,184.8	26,206.1	130,380.8	2,441.2	559.4
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	15	55,510.1	24,445.1	94,737.8	1,529.6	757.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	22	132,694.9	50,651.2	225,118.6	3,970.8	1,316.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	11	744.7	252.2	921.2	- 6.5	- 8.7
Total	33	133,439.6	50,903.7	226,039.8	3,964.3	1,308.1
50% and over non-resident - 50% et plus non-résident	21.2	57.8	51.5	57.7		
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	45.5	41.6	48.0	41.9		
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	66.7	99.4	99.5	99.6		
Other corporations - Autres corporations	33.3	.6	.5	.4		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		

TABLE 124. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Radio and Television Receivers Industries, 1965

TABEAU 124. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des appareils de radio et de télévision, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	5	44,502.4	21,181.8	71,597.8	4,931.0	4,732.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	9	58,124.2	13,110.6	62,210.9	870.0	308.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	14	102,626.6	34,292.4	133,808.7	5,801.0	5,041.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	7	38,545.4	17,783.2	54,629.6	4,068.8	3,075.8
Total	21	141,172.0	52,075.6	188,438.3	9,869.8	8,117.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 23.8	31.5	40.7	38.0	50.0	58.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 42.9	41.2	25.2	33.0	8.8	3.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 66.7	72.7	65.9	71.0	58.8	62.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 33.3	27.3	34.1	29.0	41.2	37.9
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 125. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Communications Equipment Industry, 1965

TABEAU 125. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie du matériel de télécommunication, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	31	119,169.6	60,832.9	194,612.5	17,748.7	14,791.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	35	234,335.7	118,061.6	414,577.7	15,750.1	— 1,692.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	66	353,505.3	178,894.5	609,190.2	33,498.8	13,098.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	93	7,247.0	2,437.9	12,458.5	373.4	230.2
Total	159	360,752.3	181,332.4	621,648.7	33,872.2	13,329.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 19.5	33.0	33.5	31.3	52.4	
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 22.0	65.0	65.2	66.7	46.5	
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 41.5	98.0	98.7	98.0	98.9	
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 58.5	2.0	1.3	2.0	1.1	
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

TABLE 126. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Industrial Electrical Equipment Industry, 1965

TABEAU 126. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de matériel électrique industriel, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	45	485,572.4	295,814.1	671,091.7	50,534.5	37,335.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	21	32,017.3	5,325.1	30,681.8	861.0	500.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	66	517,589.7	301,139.2	701,773.5	51,395.5	37,835.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	46	4,625.1	1,076.3	8,152.1	516.1	184.4
Total	112	522,214.8	302,215.5	709,925.6	51,911.6	38,020.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 40.2	93.0	97.8	94.6	97.3	98.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 18.7	6.1	1.8	4.3	1.7	1.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 58.9	99.1	99.6	98.9	99.0	99.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 41.1	.9	.4	1.1	1.0	.5
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 127. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Battery Manufacturers Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 127. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des manufacturiers de batteries, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	9	27,306.9	17,858.5	39,632.8	2,340.9	2,071.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident						
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	9	27,306.9	17,858.5	39,632.8	2,340.9	2,071.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	15	941.0	350.9	1,204.6	56.9	43.0
Total	24	28,247.9	18,209.4	40,837.4	2,397.8	2,114.8
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 37.5	96.7	98.1	97.0	97.6	97.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 4.2	.9	.3	.8	.1	.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 41.7	97.6	98.4	97.8	97.8	98.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 58.3	2.4	1.6	2.2	2.2	1.9
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Included with "Other corporations". — Compris dans le groupe "Autres corporations".

TABLE 128. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Miscellaneous Equipment Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 128. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des appareils électriques divers, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	41	124,138.5	54,457.9	187,116.7	17,251.4	15,126.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	41	93,697.8	42,090.6	150,366.0	9,575.6	6,112.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	82	217,836.3	96,548.5	337,482.7	26,827.0	21,239.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	97	7,882.9	2,602.5	13,766.9	516.6	345.4
Total	179	225,719.2	99,151.0	351,249.6	27,343.6	21,584.8
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 22.9	55.0	54.9	53.3	63.1	70.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 22.9	41.5	42.5	42.8	35.0	28.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 45.8	96.5	97.4	96.1	98.1	98.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 54.2	3.5	2.6	3.9	1.9	1.6
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 129. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Electrical Products Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 129. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries des appareils électriques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	157	924,112.6	502,761.8	1,354,827.3	101,393.3	80,396.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	135	487,432.6	211,444.0	779,632.6	30,885.1	8,145.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	292	1,411,545.2	714,205.8	2,134,459.9	132,278.4	88,542.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	303	61,921.2	25,657.4	94,048.2	5,638.5	3,957.2
Total	595	1,473,466.4	739,863.2	2,228,508.1	137,916.9	92,499.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 26.4	62.7	67.9	60.8	73.5	86.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 22.7	33.1	28.6	35.0	22.4	8.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 49.1	95.8	96.5	95.8	95.9	95.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 50.9	4.2	3.5	4.2	4.1	4.3
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 130. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Cement Manufacturing Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 130. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des manufacturiers de ciment, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4	154,166.8	77,342.6	55,574.9	8,541.0	2,181.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	11	324,617.3	201,411.7	149,320.6	31,666.0	11,848.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	15	478,784.1	278,754.3	204,895.5	40,207.0	14,029.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	6	11,012.1	7,947.0	2,366.3	528.0	3.2
Total	21	489,796.2	286,701.3	207,261.8	40,735.0	14,033.1
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 19.0	31.5	27.0	26.8	21.0	15.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 52.4	66.3	70.2	72.1	77.7	84.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 71.4	97.8	97.2	98.9	98.7	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 28.6	2.2	2.8	1.1	1.3	—
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 131. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Concrete Manufacturing Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 131. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des manufacturiers de produits en béton, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4	6,349.4	1,906.6	11,461.8	545.2	335.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	116	113,411.2	33,436.2	149,322.3	3,919.6	506.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	120	119,760.6	35,342.8	160,784.1	4,464.8	841.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	268	24,915.3	8,152.7	28,280.7	139.5	- 7.7
Total	388	144,675.9	43,495.5	189,064.8	4,604.3	834.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 1.0	4.4	4.4	6.1	11.8	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 29.9	78.4	76.9	78.9	85.2	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 30.9	82.8	81.3	85.0	97.0	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 69.1	17.2	18.7	15.0	3.0	—
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	—

TABLE 132. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Ready-Mix Concrete Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 132. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie du béton préparé, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	6	14,190.3	- 66.3	17,276.8	108.3	- 245.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	101	125,007.1	47,891.1	162,516.6	6,466.3	1,631.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	107	139,197.4	47,824.8	179,793.4	6,574.6	1,385.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	100	10,694.7	2,571.4	15,987.5	420.7	301.9
Total	207	149,892.1	50,396.2	195,780.9	6,995.3	1,687.7
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 2.9	9.5	—	8.8	1.5	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 48.8	83.4	—	83.0	92.5	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 51.7	92.9	—	91.8	94.0	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 48.3	7.1	—	8.2	6.0	—
Total	% 100.0	100.0	—	100.0	100.0	—

TABLE 133. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Clay Products Industry, 1965

TABLERAU 133. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits d'argile, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	12	27,550.6	18,178.9	24,118.0	2,003.5	1,562.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	35	43,123.0	24,387.1	36,364.3	2,831.0	1,057.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	47	70,673.6	42,566.0	60,482.3	4,834.5	2,620.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	60	8,727.2	3,965.3	6,445.2	178.5	- 36.4
Total	107	79,400.8	46,531.3	66,927.5	5,013.0	2,584.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	11.2	34.7	39.1	36.0	40.0	
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	32.7	54.3	52.4	54.4	56.4	
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	43.9	89.0	91.5	90.4	96.4	
Other corporations — Autres corporations	56.1	11.0	8.5	9.6	3.6	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

TABLE 134. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Glass and Glass Products Industries, 1965

TABLERAU 134. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de verre et articles en verre, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	12	62,601.4	39,941.6	70,859.3	5,971.9	5,263.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	17	63,367.0	40,301.4	81,213.1	5,523.1	2,419.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	29	125,968.4	80,243.0	152,072.4	11,495.0	7,682.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	76	6,109.6	1,948.6	10,490.1	196.9	102.5
Total	105	132,078.0	82,191.6	162,562.5	11,691.9	7,785.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	11.4	47.4	48.6	43.6	51.1	67.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	16.2	48.0	49.0	49.9	47.2	31.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	27.6	95.4	97.6	93.5	98.3	98.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	72.4	4.6	2.4	6.5	1.7	1.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 135. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1965

TABLERAU 135. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des autres produits miniers non métalliques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	37	185,811.4	124,750.3	244,696.6	33,221.8	29,188.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	27	27,904.4	10,980.7	20,783.8	1,460.5	1,127.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	64	213,715.8	135,731.0	265,480.4	34,682.3	30,316.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	135	13,719.6	7,098.8	14,638.2	- 47.4	67.7
Total	199	227,435.4	142,829.8	280,118.6	34,634.9	30,384.1
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	18.6	81.7	87.3	87.4		96.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	13.6	12.3	7.7	7.4		3.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	32.2	94.0	95.0	94.8		99.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	67.8	6.0	5.0	5.2		.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0

TABLE 136. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 136. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries des produits miniers non métalliques, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	75	450,669.9	262,053.7	423,987.4	50,391.7	38,286.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	307	697,430.0	358,408.2	599,520.7	51,866.5	18,590.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	382	1,148,099.9	620,461.9	1,023,508.1	102,258.2	56,877.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	645	75,178.5	31,683.8	78,208.0	1,416.2	431.2
Total	1,027	1,223,278.4	652,145.7	1,101,716.1	103,674.4	57,308.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	7.3	36.8	40.2	38.5	48.6	66.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	29.9	57.1	54.9	54.4	50.0	32.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	37.2	93.9	95.1	92.9	98.6	99.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	62.8	6.1	4.9	7.1	1.4	.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 137. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Petroleum Refineries Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 137. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des raffineries de pétrole, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	16	3,256,275.4	2,166,189.7	2,677,447.4	195,759.0	72,567.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	7	34,360.7	15,558.9	41,732.7	2,043.5	1,035.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	23	3,290,636.1	2,181,748.6	2,719,180.1	197,802.5	73,603.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	24	1,316.3	488.9	1,378.9	9.8	12.9
Total	47	3,291,952.4	2,182,237.5	2,720,559.0	197,812.3	73,616.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	34.0	99.0	99.3	98.4	99.0	98.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	14.9	1.0	.7	1.5	1.0	1.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	48.9	100.0	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	51.1	—	—	.1	—	—
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 138. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 138. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des autres dérivés, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	7	23,495.6	14,360.6	20,859.4	1,341.3	1,349.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	7	3,703.6	1,203.6	3,798.5	231.6	30.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	14	27,199.2	15,564.2	24,657.9	1,572.9	1,379.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	17	1,156.9	499.0	1,481.6	119.5	114.5
Total	31	28,356.1	16,063.2	26,139.5	1,692.4	1,493.6
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	22.6	82.8	89.4	79.8	79.3	90.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	22.6	13.1	7.5	14.5	13.6	2.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	45.2	95.9	96.9	94.3	92.9	92.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	54.8	4.1	3.1	5.7	7.1	7.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 142. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Paint and Varnish Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 142. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des peintures et vernis, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	23	98,472.7	66,678.2	136,664.3	9,138.6	8,568.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	30	23,686.1	13,203.9	42,700.1	3,266.4	3,032.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	53	122,158.8	79,882.1	179,364.4	12,405.0	11,601.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	82	6,720.5	1,265.8	10,686.4	284.6	121.5
Total	135	128,879.3	81,147.9	190,050.8	12,689.6	11,723.0
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 17.0	76.4	82.1	71.9	72.0	73.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 22.3	18.4	16.3	22.5	25.7	25.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 39.3	94.8	98.4	94.4	97.8	99.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 60.7	5.2	1.6	5.6	2.2	1.0
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 143. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Soap and Cleaning Compounds Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 143. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de savons et composés de nettoyage, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	15	119,048.7	71,559.9	193,362.2	17,817.7	14,704.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	17	7,614.8	4,091.5	15,268.9	514.4	421.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	32	126,663.5	75,651.4	208,631.1	18,432.1	15,125.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	68	4,333.4	1,728.3	8,130.4	134.2	146.8
Total	100	130,996.9	77,379.7	216,761.5	18,566.3	15,272.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 15.0	90.9	92.5	89.2	96.5	96.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 17.0	5.8	5.3	7.0	2.8	2.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 32.0	96.7	97.8	96.2	99.3	99.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 68.0	3.3	2.2	3.8	.7	1.0
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 144. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Toilet Preparations Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 144. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie des produits de toilette, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	36	64,976.2	43,497.9	102,989.9	12,615.2	12,250.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	5	9,281.9	5,476.0	20,435.3	850.6	790.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	41	74,258.1	48,973.9	123,425.2	13,465.8	13,041.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	46	2,448.1	809.5	3,481.4	43.3	5.0
Total	87	76,706.2	49,783.4	126,906.6	13,509.1	13,046.0
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 41.4	84.7	87.4	81.2	93.4	93.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 5.7	12.1	11.0	16.1	6.3	6.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 47.1	96.8	98.4	97.3	99.7	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 52.9	3.2	1.6	2.7	.3	—
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 148. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 148. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries des instruments scientifiques et professionnels, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident.....	54	163,562.7	105,046.7	236,678.4	27,830.8	25,636.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	20	24,507.0	13,348.5	33,594.0	1,875.6	1,367.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	74	188,069.7	118,395.2	270,272.4	29,706.4	27,004.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	207	12,709.3	4,449.9	22,456.3	424.4	350.6
Total	281	200,779.0	122,845.1	292,728.7	30,130.8	27,355.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident..... %	19.2	81.5	85.5	80.8	92.4	93.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	7.1	12.2	10.9	11.5	6.2	5.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes..... %	26.3	93.7	96.4	92.3	98.6	98.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	73.7	6.3	3.6	7.7	1.4	1.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 149. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Jewellery and Silverware Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 149. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de bijouteries et de orfèvreries, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident.....	10	18,411.5	12,587.1	28,913.0	1,059.1	737.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	41	21,872.1	8,482.7	34,043.2	1,767.9	1,619.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	51	40,283.6	21,069.8	62,956.2	2,827.0	2,357.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	133	11,453.6	4,400.2	17,371.2	363.6	286.4
Total	184	51,737.2	25,470.0	80,327.4	3,190.6	2,643.6
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident..... %	5.4	35.6	49.4	36.0	33.2	27.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	22.3	42.3	33.3	42.4	55.4	61.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes..... %	27.7	77.9	82.7	78.4	88.6	89.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	72.3	22.1	17.3	21.6	11.4	10.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 150. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Broom, Brush and Mop Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 150. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries de balais, brosses et vadrouilles, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident.....	8	12,625.8	8,620.9	23,089.9	2,096.6	2,063.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	14	10,920.3	5,567.8	16,935.7	678.1	319.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	22	23,546.1	14,188.7	40,025.6	2,774.7	2,383.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....	21	1,479.0	497.3	2,719.2	48.9	29.6
Total	43	25,025.1	14,686.0	42,744.8	2,823.6	2,412.9
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident..... %	18.6	50.5	58.7	54.0	74.3	85.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	32.6	43.6	37.9	39.6	24.0	13.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes..... %	51.2	94.1	96.6	93.6	98.3	98.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	48.8	5.9	3.4	6.4	1.7	1.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 151. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Sporting Goods and Toys Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 151. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'articles de sports et des jouets, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	22	56,705.7	- 10,563.0	38,642.0	- 25,813.8	974.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	34	42,410.0	14,321.9	62,581.7	869.6	316.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	56	99,115.7	3,758.9	101,223.7	- 24,944.2	1,291.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	120	8,755.4	3,548.0	10,443.2	239.0	168.9
Total	176	107,871.1	7,306.9	111,666.9	- 24,705.2	1,460.3
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 12.5	52.6		34.6		66.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 19.3	39.3		56.0		21.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 31.8	91.9		90.6		88.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 68.2	8.1		9.4		11.6
Total	% 100.0	100.0		100.0		100.0

TABLE 152. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Other Manufacturing Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 152. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industries d'autres fabrications, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	69	94,908.5	51,703.2	111,552.2	11,990.1	10,692.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	169	129,930.9	55,009.5	166,748.8	8,666.7	4,750.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	238	224,839.4	106,712.7	278,301.0	20,566.8	15,442.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	927	57,810.4	20,115.5	91,330.7	2,530.9	1,703.1
Total	1,165	282,649.8	126,828.2	369,631.7	23,097.7	17,145.5
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 5.9	33.6	40.8	30.2	51.5	62.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 14.5	45.9	43.3	45.1	37.5	21.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 20.4	79.5	84.1	75.3	89.0	90.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 79.6	20.5	15.9	24.7	11.0	9.9
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 153. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 153. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries manufacturières diverses, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	163	346,214.2	167,394.9	438,875.5	17,072.8	40,104.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	278	229,640.3	96,730.4	313,903.4	13,857.9	8,374.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	441	575,854.5	264,125.3	752,778.9	30,930.7	48,479.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,408	92,207.7	33,010.9	144,320.6	3,606.8	2,538.6
Total	1,849	668,062.2	297,136.2	897,099.5	34,537.5	51,017.6
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	% 8.8	51.8	56.3	48.9	49.5	78.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	% 15.0	34.4	32.6	35.0	40.1	16.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	% 23.9	86.2	88.9	83.9	89.6	95.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	% 76.1	13.8	11.1	16.1	10.4	4.9
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 154. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Manufacturing Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 154. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries manufacturières, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	1,859	17,496,751.6	10,022,342.0	18,818,850.6	1,846,631.8	1,346,927.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	5,575	13,221,555.4	6,817,178.8	15,987,281.2	1,192,519.3	639,802.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	7,434	30,718,307.0	16,839,520.8	34,806,131.8	3,039,151.1	1,986,730.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	14,067	1,382,636.3	588,587.5	2,326,469.0	64,804.3	36,797.1
Total	21,501	32,100,943.3	17,428,108.3	37,132,600.8	3,103,955.4	2,023,527.1
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	8.6	54.5	57.5	50.6	59.5	66.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	26.0	41.2	39.1	43.1	38.4	31.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	34.6	95.7	96.6	93.7	97.9	98.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	65.4	4.3	3.4	6.3	2.1	1.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 155. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Construction Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 155. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de construction, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	142	355,320.7	99,357.9	616,574.4	16,886.3	7,040.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	2,920	2,467,691.9	553,854.5	3,835,544.1	99,548.4	45,649.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	3,062	2,823,012.6	653,212.4	4,452,118.5	116,434.7	52,690.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	12,269	767,977.5	234,575.1	1,447,711.0	41,451.4	32,068.2
Total	15,331	3,590,990.1	887,787.5	5,899,829.5	157,886.1	84,758.7
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident .....	.9	9.9	11.2	10.4	10.7	8.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	19.1	68.7	62.4	65.1	63.0	53.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	20.0	78.6	73.6	75.5	73.7	62.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	80.0	21.4	26.4	24.5	26.3	37.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 156. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Transportation Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 156. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de transport, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	135	745,348.3	250,074.0	399,012.4	52,163.4	32,396.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	755	2,013,439.7	642,976.4	1,221,126.7	152,284.8	87,817.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	890	2,758,788.0	893,050.4	1,620,139.1	204,448.2	120,214.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	5,576	7,311,648.0	3,599,597.2	2,180,261.2	110,234.3	95,819.0
Total	5,576	10,070,436.0	4,492,647.6	3,800,400.3	314,682.5	216,033.2
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	2.4	7.4	5.6	10.5	16.5	15.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	13.6	20.0	14.3	32.1	48.5	40.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	16.0	27.4	19.9	42.6	65.0	55.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	84.0	72.6	80.1	57.4	35.0	44.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 157. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Storage Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 157. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de l'emménagement, 1965

[illegible]

TABLE 158. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Communication Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 158. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de communications, 1965

	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	11	27,472.0	15,587.1	9,008.8	2,342.9	1,887.7
der 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	55	352,745.6	161,690.7	89,212.3	22,945.5	16,151.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	66	380,217.6	177,277.8	98,221.1	25,288.4	18,039.0
er corporations — Autres corporations	536	2,787,393.0	1,441,842.9	867,307.0	131,860.6	110,291.3
Total	602	3,167,610.6	1,619,120.7	965,528.1	157,149.0	128,330.3
% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident..... %	1.8	.9	1.0	.9	1.5	1.5
der 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident %	9.2	11.1	9.9	9.3	14.6	12.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes %	11.0	12.0	10.9	10.2	16.1	14.1
er corporations — Autres corporations	89.0	88.0	89.1	89.8	83.9	85.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 159. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Public Utilities Industry, 1965

**TABLEAU 159. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
industrie de service d'utilité publique, 1965**

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000		
and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	22	212,778.0	84,291.3	57,781.9	14,057.2	12,405.5
ler 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	75	1,588,624.3	656,375.0	473,789.7	88,443.2	50,522.0
eporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	97	1,801,402.3	740,666.3	531,571.6	102,500.4	62,927.5
er corporations — Autres corporations	254	13,121.5	6,134.5	10,680.7	493.5	434.9
Total	351	1,814,523.8	746,800.8	542,252.3	102,993.9	63,362.4
and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	6.3	11.7	11.3	10.7	13.6	19.6
ler 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	21.3	87.6	87.9	87.3	85.9	79.7
eporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	27.6	99.3	99.2	98.0	99.5	99.3
er corporations — Autres corporations	72.4	.7	.8	2.0	.5	.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 160. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Transportation, Communications and Other Utilities Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 160. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de transports, communications et autres services d'utilité publique, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	181	1,060,082.4	397,391.0	496,681.8	73,014.1	50,494.
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	973	4,581,740.2	1,608,560.0	2,160,924.9	284,324.4	160,994.
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1,154	5,641,822.6	2,005,951.0	2,657,606.7	357,338.5	211,488.
Other corporations — Autres corporations	5,957	10,142,384.2	5,060,211.1	3,079,627.7	244,903.0	207,147.
Total	7,111	15,784,206.8	7,066,162.1	5,737,234.4	602,241.5	418,635.
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	2.5	6.7	5.6	8.7	12.1	12.
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	13.7	29.0	22.8	37.6	47.2	38.
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	16.2	35.7	28.4	46.3	59.3	50.
Other corporations — Autres corporations	83.8	64.3	71.6	53.7	40.7	49.
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.

TABLE 161. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wholesale Trade Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 161. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de commerce de gros, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	997	1,960,977.4	543,918.6	4,661,744.5	138,814.6	117,932
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	5,200	4,392,160.7	1,653,236.7	10,560,754.8	257,105.5	216,110
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	6,197	6,353,138.1	2,197,155.3	15,222,499.3	405,920.1	334,042
Other corporations — Autres corporations	14,494	944,751.7	362,039.2	1,794,637.6	53,833.6	44,355
Total	20,691	7,297,889.8	2,559,194.5	17,017,136.9	459,753.7	378,397
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	4.9	26.9	21.3	27.4	32.4	31
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	25.1	60.2	64.6	62.1	55.9	57
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	30.0	87.1	85.9	89.5	88.3	88
Other corporations — Autres corporations	70.0	12.9	14.1	10.5	11.7	11
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100

TABLE 162. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Retail Trade Industry, 1965

TABLEAU 162. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, industrie de commerce de détail, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	206	883,934.4	532,495.4	1,882,504.9	74,671.1	73,74
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	3,718	3,001,032.1	1,156,856.1	8,068,013.3	182,917.5	159,70
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	3,924	3,884,966.5	1,689,351.5	9,950,518.2	257,588.6	233,44
Other corporations — Autres corporations	20,111	1,357,739.7	549,434.7	2,895,936.4	75,747.3	61,671
Total	24,035	5,242,706.2	2,238,786.2	12,846,454.6	333,335.9	295,11
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident .....	.9	16.9	23.8	14.7	22.4	2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	15.4	57.2	51.7	62.8	54.9	54
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	16.3	74.1	75.5	77.5	77.3	79
Other corporations — Autres corporations	83.7	25.9	24.5	22.5	22.7	20
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100

TABLE 166. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in Total Services Industries, 1965

TABLEAU 166. Corporations au Canada avec mention de degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des industries de services, 1965

	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000				
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident	246	418,533.6	168,362.9	354,505.2	30,225.1	25,715.
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	2,284	1,748,080.2	521,726.7	1,267,024.2	72,480.1	45,322.
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	2,530	2,166,613.8	690,089.6	1,621,529.4	102,705.2	71,038.
Other corporations — Autres corporations	18,764	1,179,459.6	443,857.8	1,242,529.0	57,751.9	43,992.
Total	21,294	3,346,073.4	1,133,947.4	2,864,058.4	160,457.1	115,030.
50% and over non-resident — 50% et plus non-résident %	1.2	12.5	14.8	12.4	18.8	22.
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident %	10.7	52.3	46.1	44.2	45.2	39.
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes %	11.9	64.8	60.9	56.6	64.0	61.
Other corporations — Autres corporations %	88.1	35.2	39.1	43.4	36.0	38.
Total %	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.

Report
For 1966

Rapport
de 1966

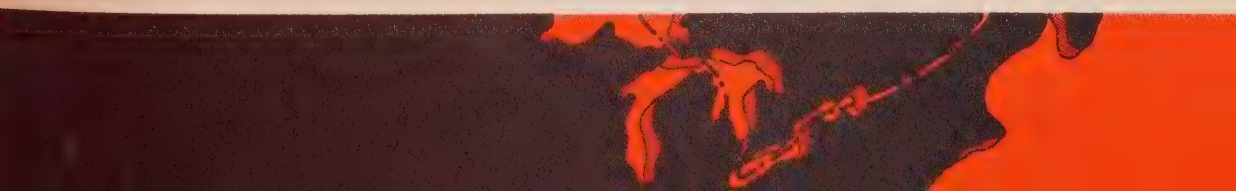
Part 1 — Partie 1
CORPORATIONS



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CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

LOI SUR LES DÉCLARATIONS DES CORPORATIONS ET DES SYNDICATS OUVRIERS





ANNUAL REPORT
of the
Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce
under the
Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
(Part I. Corporations)

RAPPORT ANNUEL
du
ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce
présenté conformément à la
**Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers**
(Partie I. Corporations)

1966

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Dominion Bureau of Statistics
Walter E. Duffett
Dominion Statistician

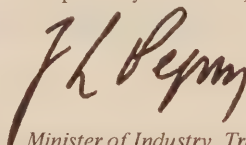
Bureau fédéral de la statistique
Walter E. Duffett
Statisticien fédéral

*To His Excellency, The Right Honourable Roland Michener, C.C., Governor General of
Canada*

Sir:

I have the honour of presenting to your Excellency the Fifth Annual Report under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary of information filed under Part I of the statute by corporations for their fiscal periods ending in 1966.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "J. H. P. P. P.", written in a cursive style.

Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce

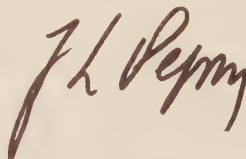
Ottawa, Canada
November, 1969

A Son Excellence, le très honorable Roland Michener, C.C. Gouverneur général du Canada.

Monsieur le Gouverneur général,

J'ai l'honneur de présenter à Votre Excellence le rapport prévu par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Ce rapport, le cinquième de la série, comprend le résumé statistique des déclarations que les corporations visées par la partie I de ladite loi ont produites pour leur année financière close en 1966.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le Gouverneur général, l'assurance de mon profond respect.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "J. L. Pepin". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

Le ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce

Ottawa, Canada
Novembre, 1969

*The Honourable Jean-Luc Pépin,
Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour to submit the Fifth Annual Report (Part I) under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary and analysis of information filed by corporations for the fiscal years ending in 1966.

Respectfully submitted,

Walter E. Duffett

Dominion Statistician

Ottawa, Canada
November, 1969

*A l'honorable Jean-Luc Pépin,
Ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Monsieur le Ministre,

J'ai l'honneur de vous présenter, conformément à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, le cinquième rapport annuel (Partie I) qui constitue le résumé statistique et l'analyse des renseignements déposés par les corporations pour leur exercice financier qui s'est terminé en 1966.'

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le Ministre, l'expression de mes sentiments dévoués.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Hector G. Duffett". The script is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Hector" and the last name "Duffett" being more prominent.

Le statisticien fédéral

Ottawa, Canada
Novembre, 1969

FOREWORD

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, Chapter 26, 10-11 Elizabeth II, was passed by Parliament in April, 1962 and is administered by the Dominion Statistician under the authority of the Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce. The purpose of the Act is to collect financial and other information on the affairs of certain corporations and labour unions carrying on activities in Canada. Such information was considered necessary to evaluate the extent and effects of non-resident ownership and control of corporations in Canada and the extent and effects of the association of Canadians with international labour unions.

The Act applies only to corporations with gross revenues during a reporting period in excess of \$500,000 or assets in excess of \$250,000. Crown corporations and corporations operating under the authority of such Government of Canada statutes as the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Bank Act, the Loan Companies Act, the Small Loans Act, the Radio Act and the Railway Act are exempted to avoid duplication of returns where substantially the same kind of information was considered to be available under other federal legislation. Similarly, the legislation applies to every labour union in Canada having a local in Canada and 100 or more members resident in Canada.

The corporation returns are divided into confidential and non-confidential sections. The non-confidential section of the return includes information on the incorporation, officers and directors, and ownership of the corporation's issued share capital. The confidential section of the return includes financial statements of the corporation and a schedule of selected payments to non-residents for dividends, interest and certain business services.

Labour unions affected by the legislation are required to provide similar kinds of information, also divided into the two parts. In the non-confidential section, the union furnishes a copy of its constitution, names of its officers, number of members and certain information on locals, trusteeships and collective agreements. The confidential section of the return includes the union's financial statements and information on the dues and assessments received by international unions from members of those unions resident in Canada.

The non-confidential part of the return required for both corporations and labour unions is available to the public. The labour union returns are retained by the Department of Labour and the corporation returns by the Department of Consumer and Corporate Affairs. Some of the information contained in this part of the labour union return has been published in annual

AVANT-PROPOS

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, Chap. 26, 10-11 Elisabeth II, a été adoptée en 1962. La mise en application en est confiée au Statisticien fédéral qui relève du Ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce. Cette loi a pour but de recueillir des renseignements d'ordre financier et autre sur les affaires de certaines sociétés et certains syndicats ouvriers exerçant leur activité au Canada, renseignements considérés comme nécessaires pour juger dans quelle mesure des sociétés canadiennes appartiennent à des non-résidents ou sont sous leur dépendance et quelles en sont les incidences et pour constater combien de Canadiens appartiennent à des syndicats ouvriers internationaux et quels en sont les effets.

La loi ne s'applique qu'aux sociétés dont le revenu brut perçu au cours de l'exercice financier était supérieur à \$500,000 ou dont l'actif dépassait \$250,000. La loi dispense les sociétés de la Couronne et les compagnies exerçant leur activité en vertu d'une loi fédérale canadienne telle que la Loi sur les compagnies d'assurance canadiennes et britanniques, la Loi sur les banques, la Loi sur les compagnies de prêt, la Loi sur les petits prêts, la Loi sur la radio ou la Loi sur les chemins de fer de l'obligation de produire ces déclarations si elles doivent fournir sensiblement les mêmes renseignements aux termes d'autres lois fédérales. La loi s'applique d'autre part à tous les syndicats établis au Canada qui y possèdent une section et qui comptent 100 adhérents ou plus ayant leur résidence au Canada.

La déclaration des sociétés comporte une partie confidentielle et une partie non confidentielle. La partie non confidentielle comprend des renseignements sur la constitution, sur la composition du conseil d'administration et les dirigeants ainsi que sur les détenteurs des actions émises par la société. La partie confidentielle de la déclaration a trait aux états financiers de la société et contient une liste de certains versements effectués à des non-résidents à titre de dividendes, d'intérêts et en contrepartie de certains services.

Les syndicats ouvriers auxquels s'applique la loi sont tenus de fournir des renseignements analogues en deux parties. Dans la partie non confidentielle, à laquelle le syndicat joint une copie de son acte constitutif, il produit les noms des membres du bureau, le nombre d'adhérents et certains renseignements concernant les sections locales, la tutelle administrative et les conventions collectives. La section confidentielle de la déclaration concerne les états financiers des syndicats et des renseignements sur les cotisations perçues par les syndicats internationaux de leurs membres résidant au Canada.

La partie non confidentielle de la déclaration exigée des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers est accessible au public. Les déclarations des syndicats ouvriers sont gardées dans les archives du ministère du Travail, celles des sociétés vont au ministère de la Consommation et des Corporations. Certains renseignements que renferme la section non confidentielle de la déclaration des syndicats

reports under the Act, Part II Labour Unions. The inter-corporate ownership aspect of the corporation information has been released in a publication "Inter-Corporate Ownership — 1965" (Catalogue No. 61-507). This publication indicates the holding of more than 10 per cent of the voting shares of a corporation by another corporation, the percentage of shares so held and the country of incorporation of the holding corporation.

The financial statements required of corporations under the Act consist of a balance sheet, a statement of income and expense, and a statement of surplus. Supporting schedules are also required to be attached to the financial statements including a reconciliation of net income as per financial statements with taxable income, continuity of fixed assets and computations of capital cost allowances claimed, dividends received indicating whether taxable or non-taxable, and cost of sales. The financial statements required of corporations under the Act are virtually identical with those submitted to the Department of National Revenue for corporation income tax purposes.

In order that unnecessary reporting of financial information by corporations might be prevented and that duplication in the tabulation and publication of corporation financial statistics might be avoided, the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act was amended in 1965. The amendment relieved corporations from filing a financial statement under this Act if the corporation had filed a financial statement under the Income Tax Act. At the same time, access to corporation income tax returns was made available to the Dominion Statistician. A joint program of corporation financial statistics was then developed that would provide the Department of National Revenue with information on the taxation of corporate income and at the same time provide data for statistical purposes.

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act requires that the Dominion Statistician prepare an annual report summarizing both the confidential and non-confidential information submitted by corporations and labour unions. The first report was released in July 1965 covering fiscal periods of corporations and labour unions ending in 1962. Subsequent annual reports under the Act are released in two parts, Part I relating to corporations and Part II relating to labour unions.

D.A. TRAQUAIR

*Director,
Corporations and Labour Unions
Returns Act Administration.*

ouvriers ont été publiés sous forme de bulletins annuels en vertu de la partie II de la Loi sur les syndicats ouvriers. Un ouvrage intitulé: "Inter-Corporate Ownership" publié en 1965 (numéro de catalogue 61-507) traite de l'aspect inter-corporatif des renseignements fournis par les corporations. Figurent dans cette publication toutes les sociétés dont plus de 10 p. 100 des actions donnant droit au vote sont détenues par une autre, avec indication de la proportion des actions ainsi détenues et du pays dans lequel la société détentrice est légalement constituée.

Les états financiers exigés des sociétés en vertu de la loi sont le bilan, l'état des revenus et des dépenses et l'état de l'excédent auxquels s'ajoutent des documents à l'appui, soit le rapprochement du revenu net des états financiers avec le revenu imposable, le relevé des immobilisations et le calcul des déductions pour amortissement, l'état des dividendes reçus avec indication si impossibles ou non, et le prix de revient. Les états financiers exigés des sociétés en vertu de la loi sont pratiquement identiques à ceux que celles-ci déposent au ministère du Revenu national pour fins d'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés.

Afin d'éviter que les sociétés ne produisent sans nécessité des déclarations sur leur situation financière et pour empêcher le double emploi dans les tableaux et publications relatifs à la statistique financière des sociétés, la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers a été modifiée en 1965. La modification dégageait les sociétés de l'obligation de faire la déclaration financière prévue par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers si elles avaient fait la déclaration d'impôt prévue par la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Par la même occasion, on autorisait le Statisticien fédéral à prendre connaissance des déclarations d'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés. On mit ensuite au point un programme de statistique financière des sociétés permettant de fournir au ministère du Revenu national des statistiques sur l'imposition du revenu des sociétés et d'obtenir en même temps d'autres renseignements statistiques.

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers prévoit la rédaction, par le Statisticien fédéral, d'un rapport annuel qui résume les renseignements, tant confidentiels que non confidentiels, fournis par les sociétés et les syndicats ouvriers. Le premier rapport, publié en juillet 1965, couvrait l'exercice comptable des sociétés et des syndicats ouvriers qui s'est terminé en 1962. Les rapports annuels suivants seront publiés en deux parties: la première ayant trait aux sociétés et la deuxième, aux syndicats ouvriers.

D.A. TRAQUAIR

*Le Directeur de la division
des déclarations des
corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers.*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	13
Corporations in Canada	17
General Review	17
Assets	17
Equity	17
Sales	17
Profits	19
Profits vs. Taxable Income	19
Non-resident Owned Corporations in Canada	20
Assets	20
Sales	21
Profits	21
Non-resident Ownership	21
Growth Rate	22
Non-resident Ownership of Canadian Industry	26
Non-resident Investment by Industry Group	27
Country of Ownership of Majority Interest	34
Financial Ratios	43
Other Characteristics of Selected Industries	45
Employment and Wages	45
Price Fluctuations	47
Interindustry Implications	48
Output — Divided into Producer and Consumer Groups	49
Significance of Supplier or Customer Orientation	50
Relative Significance of Primary Inputs	51
Significance of External Trade	52
Summary	53
Payments to Non-residents	60
Types of Payments Made to Non-residents	60
Payments by Industrial Sector	61
Change in Payments, 1962 - 1966	63
Concentration of Payments	65
Summary	65
Ratio Analysis of Corporations in the Manufacturing Industries	72
Components of the Ratios	72
General Observations	73
Analysis of Size Categories	78
Summary	79
Provincial Distribution of Corporations	81
Allocation of Taxable Income by Province	83
Per Capita Regional Distribution of Taxable Income	88
Taxable Income by Industry and Region	89
Fiscal Significance of Taxable Income	95
Summary	100
Statistical Appendix	105

LIST OF TABLES

Table	Corporations in Canada	Page
I.	Corporations in Canada 1965 and 1966	18
II.	Corporations in Canada 1965 and 1966 — Per Cent Distribution	18
III.	Assets of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966	22
IV.	Sales of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966	23
V.	Profits of Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966	23
VI.	Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966	24

TABLE DES MATIÈRES

	Page
Introduction	13
Les sociétés au Canada	17
Aperçu général	17
Actifs	17
Avoir	17
Ventes	17
Profits	19
Profits et revenu imposable	19
Les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents	20
Actifs	20
Ventes	21
Profits	21
L'appartenance à des non-résidents	21
Le taux d'accroissement	22
Appartenance des industries canadiennes à des non-résidents	26
Investissements étrangers par groupe d'industries	27
Lieu de résidence des actionnaires majoritaires	34
Rapports financiers	43
Autres caractéristiques de certaines industries	45
Emploi et rémunération	45
Changements dans les prix	47
Considérations inter-industrielles	48
Répartition des industries selon le type de débouchés	49
Effets de dépendance exercés par les fournisseurs et les clients	50
Importance relative des intrants primaires	51
Importances du commerce extérieur	52
Résumé	53
Paiements fait à des non-résidents	60
Genres de paiements fait à des non-résidents	60
Paiements fait par secteurs industriels	61
Accroissement des paiements fait, 1962 - 1966	63
Aspects de la concentration des paiements	65
Résumé	65
Analyse des sociétés manufacturières par la méthode des ratios	72
Les composantes des rapports utilisés	72
Remarques générales	73
La taille des entreprises	78
Résumé	79
Considérations d'ordre régional concernant les sociétés à capital-actions étranger majoritaire	81
Répartition provinciale du revenu imposable	83
Répartition régionale, per capita, du revenu imposable des sociétés	88
Revenus imposables par industries et par régions	89
Implications fiscales du revenu imposable	95
Résumé	100
Annexe statistique	105

LISTE DE TABLEAUX

Tableau	Les sociétés au Canada	Page
I.	Corporations au Canada, 1965 et 1966	18
II.	Corporations au Canada — répartition procentuelle	18
III.	Actif des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1965 et 1966	22
IV.	Ventes des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1965 et 1966	23
V.	Bénéfices des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1965 et 1966	23
VI.	Corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers classées selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965 et 1966	24

TABLE OF CONTENTS — Continued

LIST OF TABLES — Continued

Table	Corporations in Canada — Continued	Page
VII.	Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966 — Per Cent Distribution	24
VIII.	Non-financial Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966	25
IX.	Non-financial Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966 — Per Cent Distribution	25
	Non-resident Ownership of Canadian Industry	
X.	Assets of Taxable Corporations by Degree of Non-resident Ownership and by Industry, 1966	32
XI.	Percentage of Total Industry Assets by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1966	33
XII.	Summary of Financial Statistics by Country in Which Control is Held, 1966	36
XIII.	Employment Statistics by Industry, 1966	55
XIV.	Average Weekly Wages and Salaries by Industry, 1966	56
XV.	Price Indices by Industry	57
XVI.	Input-Output Characteristics of Canadian Industry	59
	Payments to Non-residents	
XVII.	Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, 1966	63
XVIII.	Payments to Non-residents by Sector and Type of Payment, 1962, 1965 and 1966	64
XIX.	Total Payments to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	66
XX.	DIVIDENDS Paid to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	66
XXI.	INTEREST Paid to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	67
XXII.	RENT Paid to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	67
XXIII.	ROYALTIES Paid to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	67
XXIV.	FRANCHISE Payments to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	68
XXV.	ADVERTISING Payments to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	68
XXVI.	RESEARCH Payments to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	68
XXVII.	INSURANCE Paid to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	69
XXVIII.	MANAGEMENT FEES, SALARIES and ANNUITIES Paid to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	69
XXIX.	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES and OTHER Payments to Non-residents by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966	69
XXX.	Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada in the MINING and MANUFACTURING Industries, 1966	70
XXXI.	Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, by Type of Payment, by Major Industrial Groups, 1966	71

TABLE DES MATIÈRES — suite

LISTE DE TABLEAUX — suite

Tableau	Les sociétés au Canada — suite	Page
VII.	Corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers classées selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965 et 1966 — répartition procentuelle	24
VIII.	Corporations non-financières déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965 et 1966	25
IX.	Corporations non-financières déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965 et 1966 — répartition procentuelle	25
	Appartenance des industries canadiennes à des non-résidents	
X.	Répartition de l'actif des sociétés imposables selon les branches d'activité et selon le degré d'appartenance à des étrangers, 1966	32
XI.	Répartition procentuelle de l'actif des sociétés imposables selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par branches d'activité, 1966	33
XII.	Statistiques financières avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1966	36
XIII.	Statistiques de l'emploi par branche d'activité, 1966	55
XIV.	Rémunération hebdomadaire moyenne des travailleurs, par branche d'activité, 1966	56
XV.	Indices de prix par branche d'activité	57
XVI.	Caractéristiques inter-industrielles de l'économie canadienne	59
	Paiements fait à des non-résidents	
XVII.	Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, 1966	63
XVIII.	Paiements effectués à des non-résidents selon le type de paiements et le secteur industriel débiteur, 1962, 1965 et 1966	64
XIX.	Ensemble des paiements à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	66
XX.	DIVIDENDES payés à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	66
XXI.	INTÉRÊTS payés à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	67
XXII.	LOYERS payés à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	67
XXIII.	REDEVANCES à des non-résidents par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	67
XXIV.	Montants payés en DROITS D'EXCLUSIVITÉ à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	68
XXV.	Versements de PUBLICITÉ à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	68
XXVI.	Versements de RECHERCHES à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	68
XXVII.	PRIMES D'ASSURANCE à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	69
XXVIII.	HONORAIRES DE GESTION, SALAIRES et RENTES à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	69
XXIX.	HONORAIRES PROFESSIONNELS et AUTRES à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966	69
XXX.	Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, INDUSTRIES MINIÈRES ET MANUFACTURIÈRES, 1966	70
XXXI.	Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, par catégorie de paiement selon les grands groupes industriels, 1966	71

TABLE OF CONTENTS — Concluded

LIST OF TABLES — Concluded

Ratio Analysis of Corporations in the
Manufacturing Industries

Table	Page
XXXII. Four Principal Ratios for Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing Industries by Ownership, 1966	75
XXXIII. Four principal Ratios for Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing Industries by Ownership, 1965	76
XXXIV. Profitability and Mean Size of Assets of Resident and Non-resident Owned Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing Industry by Size Groups, 1966	80
XXXV. Profitability and Mean Size of Assets of Resident and Non-resident Owned Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing Industry by Size Groups, 1965	80

Provincial Distribution
of Corporations

XXXVI. Comparison of Book Profit Before Taxes with Taxable Income by Industry, 1966	82
XXXVII. Distribution of Taxable Income of Calura Reporting Corporations with Respect to Provinces and Non-resident Ownership, 1966	84
XXXVIII. Per Capita Allocation of Taxable Income by Non-resident and Resident Dominated Corporations, 1966	89
XXXIX. Proportion of Total Taxable Income Allocated to Provinces by Each Industrial Sector, 1966	101
XL. Proportion of Taxable Income Allocated by Industries in Each Province, 1966	101
XLI. Taxable Income of Predominantly Non-resident Owned Corporations as a Per Cent of Total, 1966	101
XLII. Percentage Distribution of Taxable Income by Industry, by Geographic Region, 1966	102
XLIII. Resident Owned Corporations' Contribution to Taxable Income by Industry, by Geographic Region, 1966	103

TABLE DES MATIÈRES — fin

LISTE DE TABLEAUX — fin

Analyse des sociétés manufacturières par
la méthode des ratios

Tableau	Page
XXXII. Quatre rapports majeurs des sociétés manufacturières qui ont fait déclaration suivant la propriété ultime, 1966	75
XXXIII. Quatre rapports majeurs des sociétés manufacturières qui ont fait déclaration suivant la propriété ultime, 1965	76
XXXIV. La rentabilité et la taille moyenne des sociétés manufacturières qui ont fait déclaration en 1966, par tranche de taille de l'actif, suivant que le capital est étranger ou canadien	80
XXXV. La rentabilité et la taille moyenne des sociétés manufacturières qui ont fait déclaration en 1965, par tranche de taille de l'actif, suivant que le capital est étranger ou canadien	80

Considérations d'ordre régional concernant
les sociétés à capital-actions étranger majoritaire

XXXVI. Comparaison du bénéfice comptable avant impôts et du revenu imposable par branche d'activité, 1966 ..	82
XXXVII. Répartition, par province et par branche d'activité, du revenu imposable des sociétés ayant fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, selon leur appartenance à des non-résidents, 1966	84
XXXVIII. Répartition per capita du revenu imposable selon l'appartenance des sociétés à des résidents et à des non-résidents, 1966	89
XXXIX. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable provenant de chaque province, par secteur d'activité, 1966	101
XL. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable provenant de chaque secteur d'activité, par province, 1966	101
XLI. Proportion du revenu imposable total déclaré par les corporations appartenant en majorité à ces non-résidents, 1966	101
XLII. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable de chaque région géographique, par branche d'activité, 1966	102
XLIII. Proportion de l'impôt sur le revenu des corporations qu'ont payée les sociétés à capital canadien, par branche d'activité et par région géographique, 1966	103

INTRODUCTION

In 1962 Parliament passed the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. The purpose of the Act was to provide information pertaining to the individual corporation that would be used to supplement information already available from other sources and facilitate studies of the extent and effects of foreign ownership of Canadian Corporations.

While the magnitude of foreign investment in broad terms was known, it was virtually impossible to assess its importance in terms of industry groups other than in very broad aggregates. Furthermore, there was not enough information at hand to enable a comparison of domestic investment with foreign investment in corporations operating in Canada.

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act became law on January 1, 1963 and it soon became evident that (a) much of the financial information reported under the Act was similar to that collected under the Income Tax Act, thereby creating some duplication; (b) the financial statistics produced under this new legislation were not sufficiently comparable with those published by the Department of National Revenue from information collected under the Income Tax Act; and (c) the new Act applied only to a group of large corporations, and since smaller corporations are largely Canadian-owned, it was not possible to compare the magnitude of foreign-owned corporations with total corporate activity in Canada. Corporations reporting under the Act when viewed alone, would tend to overstate the relative importance of the foreign-owned firms.

While these problems were soon recognized, appropriate solutions were not immediately forthcoming. Consequently statistics presented in the first three annual reports (for the years 1962, 1963 and 1964) relate to reporting corporations only with no attempt to reconcile the data with that produced by the Department of National Revenue.

Amendments to the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act were passed in 1965 which relieved a corporation from the obligation of filing financial statements under this Act if the corporation had filed financial statements under the Income Tax Act. At the same time, the Dominion Statistician was given access to corporation income tax returns. As a result, a joint program of corporation financial statistics was developed between the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and the Department of National Revenue that provides the latter with statistical information on the taxation of corporate income and at the same time, provides additional information for purposes of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act.

En 1962 le Parlement du Canada adoptait la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Le but de cette loi était de permettre l'obtention de renseignements supplémentaires sur les corporations et syndicats afin de faciliter l'étude sur les effets et le degré d'appartenance étrangère des sociétés canadiennes.

Auparavant, même si l'ordre de grandeur de l'investissement étranger était connu pour l'ensemble de l'économie canadienne, il n'était pas possible d'en préciser l'envergure au niveau des groupes particuliers d'industries. Ainsi, on ne disposait pas de renseignements suffisants pour établir des comparaisons entre le capital domestique et le capital de sources étrangères dans les sociétés faisant affaires au Canada.

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers fut mise en vigueur le 1^{er} janvier 1963. On s'aperçut, par la suite que les renseignements financiers ainsi obtenus étaient sensiblement les mêmes que ceux déjà fournis dans les déclarations pour fins de la loi de l'impôt sur le revenu, ce qui constituait en sorte une duplication. On s'aperçut aussi que les statistiques financières découlant de l'application de la nouvelle loi n'étaient pas comparables aux statistiques fiscales du ministère du Revenu national. Enfin, la nouvelle loi visait les grandes sociétés seulement; aussi, ne pouvait-on pas comparer de façon vraiment valable le comportement et les caractéristiques de structure financière des sociétés appartenant à des étrangers par rapport à celles que possédaient des Canadiens, en raison du fait que les petites sociétés appartiennent surtout à des Canadiens. En d'autres mots, l'analyse des renseignements obtenus par l'application de la nouvelle loi présentait une vue exagérée de l'importance des sociétés d'appartenance étrangère.

Des solutions n'ont cependant pas suivi immédiatement la prise de connaissance de ces problèmes avec le résultat que les statistiques présentées dans les premiers rapports annuels (ceux de 1962, 1963, 1964) tenaient compte seulement des sociétés déclarantes aux termes de la nouvelle loi et sans que l'on ait essayé de les relier aux statistiques fiscales du ministère du Revenu national.

En 1965, des amendements étaient apportés à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Ces modifications libéraient les sociétés qui avaient déjà soumis des états financiers aux termes de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu, de l'obligation de faire rapport aux termes de la nouvelle loi. A ces modifications touchant les déclarations, correspondait la permission accordée au Statisticien fédéral de prendre connaissance des déclarations soumises au fisc. Il était donc possible pour le Bureau fédéral de la statistique et le ministère du Revenu national de préparer un programme commun de statistiques financières pouvant satisfaire les besoins de ce dernier en données statistiques sur l'imposition du revenu des sociétés d'une part, et, d'autre part, obtenir des renseignements supplémentaires en rapport avec la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et syndicats ouvriers.

The additional information provided, as a result of the amendment, made it possible to assemble financial aggregates for all business corporations in Canada. This objective has been realized, and beginning with the 1965 annual report, assets, equity, sales, profits and taxable income are presented in these statistics for all business corporations in Canada. These aggregates are very useful in relating the operations of foreign-owned corporations to the total activity of a particular industry group, resulting in a better appreciation of the role of these corporations. In some industries the small firms are unimportant while in other cases they constitute a large part of the industry group.

An interesting result of the 1965 amendment was the identification of an additional group of corporations required to report under the Act. These corporations were added in 1965 and therefore the "reporting corporations" prior to 1965 are not comparable to the same group in 1965 and thereafter. A partial examination of these corporations was included in the 1965 report and it was indicated that most of them were small and Canadian-owned, and would not have a marked effect on the magnitude of foreign-owned corporations in Canada.

In the preparation of the material for this series of reports the ultimate ownership of corporations authorized to do business in Canada has been determined. This process involves the hierarchical linking of the voting shares of each corporation reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act and results in the identification of the ultimate degree of non-resident ownership of each reporting corporation. The distribution of non-resident ownership ranges from zero per cent to 100 per cent. For convenience in presentation and analysis in this report, corporations have been grouped into degrees of ownership classes. The ownership in a foreign country of more than 50 per cent of the voting shares usually indicates control of a corporation in that country. It is possible for the foreign-owned shares of a corporation to be widely held and the Canadian owned shares, while smaller in proportion, to be closely held and thereby control the corporation. It is also possible for the converse to exist, for the corporation to be controlled outside Canada with less than 50 per cent of the shareholdings. The frequency of these cases, is not very great and for most analytical purposes more than 50 per cent ownership of voting shares of a corporation in any one country may be assumed to locate control of the corporation in that country.

As mentioned previously, the operations of corporations in Canada are illustrated in these statistics by five financial items — assets, equity, sales, profits

Grâce à ces amendements, on a pu, à partir de 1965, calculer des agrégats financiers tels que actif, valeur nette, ventes, profits et revenu imposable pour l'ensemble de toutes les sociétés commerciales exerçant des affaires au Canada. Il va de soi que ces données constituent un instrument d'analyse très utile dans l'étude du comportement des sociétés à appartenance étrangère par catégories particulières d'industries. Par le fait même, on pouvait enfin tenir compte des petites sociétés qui peuvent être sans importance dans une industrie donnée mais qui peuvent avoir une part appréciable dans une autre.

Le nombre accru de sociétés déclarantes résultant de l'application des amendements de 1965 fait que les rapports annuels subséquents à 1964 portent sur un nombre de "sociétés déclarantes" différent de celui des années antérieures ce qui peut fausser les comparaisons. Cependant, le rapport de 1965 indiquait les résultats d'un examen sommaire des sociétés qui font désormais partie de l'enquête. On a découvert, comme on s'y attendait d'ailleurs, que la plupart de ces sociétés étaient petites et appartenaient à des Canadiens. L'ampleur de la masse d'investissement étranger restait donc sensiblement la même. Par contre, on pouvait préciser davantage sa proportion dans l'ensemble de l'économie canadienne.

L'élaboration des statistiques contenues dans la présente série de rapports annuels a exigé qu'on retrace la propriété ultime des sociétés exerçant des affaires au Canada. Ceci s'est fait au moyen d'une technique d'analyse des liens hiérarchiques qui existants entre les sociétés par la propriété du capital-actions comportant des droits de vote. Cette technique permet d'identifier le degré ultime d'appartenance à l'étranger de chaque société ayant soumis une déclaration aux termes de la Loi. Chaque unité répondante fut fixée sur une échelle procentuelle qu'on a ensuite découpée par catégories d'appartenance. On présume généralement qu'une société dont plus de 50 p. 100 des actions comportant des droits de vote sont la propriété de résidents d'un pays étranger est effectivement dominée par eux. Il arrive cependant que ces actions, propriété de non-résidents, soient réparties entre un grand nombre de détenteurs alors qu'au Canada elles seraient concentrées entre les mains d'un petit nombre d'investisseurs, ce qui à toute fin pratique donnerait à ces derniers le contrôle réel de la société. L'inverse peut se présenter aussi, le contrôle effectif étant entre les mains de résidents d'un pays étranger même si leurs actions ne sont pas majoritaires. Il faut souligner toutefois que ces cas sont très peu fréquents et que pour la plupart des analyses on peut facilement présumer que c'est l'aspect majoritaire des actions comportant des droits de vote qui prévaut dans la détermination du "locus" de contrôle réel des sociétés.

Tel que mentionné précédemment, le comportement des sociétés exerçant des affaires au Canada, pour les fins du présent rapport, est étudié à l'aide de statistiques

and taxable income. These items are aggregated for each ownership class for a wide variety of industrial groupings to indicate the absolute and relative magnitude of the operations of these various groups.

Traditional studies of foreign investment in Canada identify the flow of capital funds across international borders largely for the purchase of investment instruments in the form of debt and equities. The aggregation of these flows results in a stock of foreign investment. The reverse flow is also measured and these two sets of data provide the international investment position. Since this approach relies upon the ownership of individual securities, it is impossible to relate these statistics to the operations of a corporation or a group of corporations in the economy. In contrast, the information required and published under CALURA treats a corporation as an entity and therefore the operations of the corporation can be reflected in these statistics.

In the first part of this report a general review of the operations of corporations in Canada is undertaken as well as a comparison of resident and non-resident owned groups of corporations. The growth rates of these two groups are examined for broad industrial sectors. Subsequent parts of the report provide information on the country of control of corporations operating in Canada and relate the degree of control to other economic factors. The distribution of taxable income with respect to provinces is discussed as are payments to non-residents.

Changes in business activity in Canada may be examined and assessed in relation to aggregate changes over time, and to changes among the individual components. In 1966 the number of corporations included in the tabulations of corporation financial

portant sur cinq postes d'états financiers, à savoir: l'actif, la valeur nette, les ventes, les profits et le revenu imposable. On a tabulé ces cinq postes pour chacune des classes d'appartenance à des résidents ou non-résidents et ceci pour un bon nombre de groupes d'industries. On peut donc mesurer à la fois l'ampleur des opérations de ces sociétés et leurs proportions relatives à l'ensemble.

A noter qu'au Canada les méthodes traditionnelles utilisées dans l'étude de l'investissement étranger diffèrent de l'approche que nous venons de mentionner. Il va de soi que les possibilités d'analyses sont différentes. En d'autres mots, la méthode utilisée pour les fins de ce rapport s'ajoute plus qu'elle ne se substitue à la méthode traditionnelle. Sans discuter les mérites de l'une ou de l'autre dépendamment des besoins d'analyses, il est utile de souligner que la méthode traditionnelle d'estimation de l'investissement étranger repose sur le décalement de tous les mouvements de capitaux provenant de l'étranger, notamment l'achat de titres de placement tels que les obligations et les actions. La somme de tous ces mouvements constitue la grandeur ou l'ampleur de l'investissement étranger au Canada. Les mouvements inverses de capitaux sont également estimés et, à partir de ce moment on peut évaluer l'investissement étranger net. L'approche traditionnelle met l'accent sur la propriété de valeurs individuelles, sans se préoccuper des autres variables financières. Ainsi il n'est pas possible de relier les transactions internationales aux activités d'une société ou d'un groupe de sociétés à l'ensemble de l'économie. Par contre les renseignements recueillis sous l'empire de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers s'appuient sur la corporation comme entité de base; à l'aide de renseignements assez complets sur les activités de cette dernière, il est possible d'analyser l'investissement étranger en relation avec les activités globales d'une société, d'une industrie voire l'ensemble de l'économie.

La première partie de ce rapport a pour but de présenter un aperçu général des activités des sociétés commerciales au Canada et, en même temps, faire ressortir les différences de comportement entre des groupes de sociétés appartenant à des résidents et des groupes de sociétés étrangères. On y discute aussi des taux de croissance des deux groupes pour des secteurs industriels majeurs. Les parties qui suivent donnent des renseignements sur le pays d'origine des intérêts exerçant le contrôle réel sur les sociétés faisant affaires au Canada. Le degré d'appartenance à l'étranger est aussi analysé à la lumière de divers autres facteurs économiques. On retrouve également une analyse des paiements faits à des étrangers de même qu'un examen de la répartition provinciale du revenu imposable.

Une façon simple d'évaluer le rythme de progrès de l'activité économique est de porter son attention sur les changements dans le degré d'organisation structurelle ou industrielle des agents économiques. Par exemple, en 1966, on a tenu compte de 14,447 nouvelles sociétés dans

statistics increased by 14,447 over 1965, a gain of 8.6 per cent. The number of corporations operating in Canada has been growing at about this rate for a number of years. It is not only the result of new businesses coming into existence but also more business proprietors seeking the corporate form of organization.

The statistical distribution of this increase in numbers of corporations among the industry groups between 1965 and 1966 does not appropriately reflect growth in each industry. In 1966, a closer examination of smaller corporations was carried out and as a result a number of corporations were reassigned to the finance and service industries rather than to the industry they were servicing. Because of this classification shift a comparison of these statistics between 1965 and 1966 reflects a decrease in the number of corporations in most sectors. However since only small firms are affected, these adjustments are not expected to have any appreciable effect on the value aggregates of assets, equity, sales and profits.

Business activity in Canada is largely dominated by the private (non-government) corporate form of business organization. However, there are two exceptions which play an important role in certain industry groups. One is the unincorporated or business proprietor form of enterprise, the other constitutes those utility or enterprise services provided by provincial and municipal governments. These types of organization are important elements in some industry groupings and therefore their exclusion from the data shown in this report must be kept in mind when making industry group comparisons.

les compilations de statistiques financières; soit un taux d'augmentation de 8,6 p. 100 sur l'année précédente et pas tellement différent de celui des quelques années précédentes. A bien remarquer cependant qu'il ne s'agit pas seulement de lancement de nouvelles entreprises mais aussi d'un bon nombre d'entreprises à propriétaire unique ou non incorporées se transformant en sociétés incorporées en vue d'avantages opérationnels.

Pour des raisons purement statistiques, le détail de cette augmentation ne révèle pas adéquatement la croissance réelle dans chaque industrie en 1966 en regard de 1965. Un meilleur effort de classement industriel a été effectué en 1966 parmi les petites sociétés et on s'aperçut qu'il était plus convenable d'en faire passer un grand nombre aux secteurs des finances et services commerciaux. Le nombre de ces changements est tel qu'il empêche toute comparaison valable dans la plupart des secteurs entre 1965 et 1966, quand au nombre mais non quant aux autres agrégats.

Les affaires au Canada sont en grande partie exercées dans le secteur privé (c'est-à-dire non gouvernemental). La forme d'entreprise la plus fréquente est la société légalement constituée. Cependant, dans certains groupes d'industries, il y a deux aspects qui échappent à cette généralité. Il y a, par exemple, des groupes qui semblent se prêter assez bien à la formule du propriétaire unique ou de société non incorporée, et dans lesquels on rencontre un grand nombre de telles entreprises. D'autres groupes se distinguent par la présence d'organismes qui sont la propriété de gouvernements et qui exercent des affaires d'une façon semblable au secteur privé. C'est le cas particulièrement des services d'utilité publique, par exemple le téléphone, l'électricité. Il est donc très important de se rappeler que dans les données statistiques qui font le sujet de ce document, les entreprises non incorporées et les sociétés gouvernementales sont exclues. Cette mise en garde est particulièrement essentielle lorsque l'on veut établir des comparaisons entre groupes d'industries.

CORPORATIONS IN CANADA

General Review

Assets

The assets held by total corporations in 1966 increased by \$13,272.4 million an increase of 9.1 per cent over 1965. The largest part of this increase involved non-financial corporations, (\$7,779.1 million or 10.1 per cent) while the balance, \$5,493.3 million, represented an increase in financial corporations, a somewhat smaller gain of 7.9 per cent. The rate of increase in assets between the two years varied widely between industry sectors, indicating a different rate of economic growth of each sector. Assets in the mining, utilities, wholesale trade and retail trade sectors increased between the two years by 7.3, 5.5, 6.0, and 6.0 per cent respectively. In the service sector, assets increased by 10.6 per cent, in manufacturing by 13.8 per cent and in construction by 21.1 per cent. These sectors differ greatly in size so that the relative difference in growth rates is not related to the absolute size of the increase. It is worth noting that in 1966, corporations in the manufacturing sector added more than \$4.4 billion to their assets, representing approximately 57 per cent of the increase in assets of all non-financial corporations.

Equity

The changes in equity indicate the extent to which owners of the corporations are investing funds in the business, either through new capital or retained earnings. The difference between the increase in assets and the increase in equity, being the increase in liabilities, indicates the extent to which corporations are financing their activities through borrowings.

In 1966 the equity of all corporations increased by \$3,056.8 million and the liabilities increased by \$10,215.6 million. In other words for every dollar invested by the owners of the corporation during the year, three dollars were invested by others. This ratio of 3:1, (debt to equity) existed in most sectors of the economy, but the construction and service sectors had ratios of 5.2:1 and 4.5:1 respectively and the utilities sector, in the opposite direction, of .7:1 (equity to debt). These ratios indicate a relatively wide divergence in the source of capital in 1966.

Sales

Sales as a measure of business activity increased at widely differing rates in 1966 reflecting the variable rate of economic development on the sectors of the economy. Sales of non-financial corporations increased by 11.3 per cent between the two years. The construction and service sectors increasing by 25.2 and 22.8 per cent respectively with increases in most other sectors

LES SOCIÉTÉS AU CANADA

Aperçu général

Actifs

Globalement, les éléments d'actif des sociétés au Canada ont augmenté de \$13,272.4 millions en 1966 soit une augmentation de 9.1 p. 100 sur l'année précédente. Ce sont les sociétés à caractère non financier qui se sont partagé le gros de l'augmentation soit \$7,779.1 millions ou 10.1 p. 100 alors que les sociétés financières indiquaient un accroissement de \$5,493.3 millions ou 7.9 p. 100. Au niveau des groupes d'industries il est évident que le taux d'accroissement de l'actif est très inégal. Le secteur minier, les services d'utilité publique, le commerce de gros et le commerce de détail ont respectivement des augmentations de 7.3, 5.5, 6.0 et 6.0 p. 100. Par contre, l'industrie des services a augmenté ses actifs dans une proportion de 10.6 p. 100, le secteur manufacturier, 13.8 et l'industrie de la construction, 21.1 p. 100. Evidemment les augmentations relatives par secteur ne témoignent pas toujours de l'importance de la contribution, en termes absolus, d'un secteur particulier à l'augmentation de l'ensemble de tous les secteurs. Ainsi en 1966, le secteur manufacturier augmentait ses actifs d'une somme de \$4.4 milliards soit 57 p. 100 de l'augmentation totale des sociétés à caractère non financier.

Avoir

Les changements dans la valeur nette de l'entreprise (avoir des actionnaires) reflètent à quel point les propriétaires de la société y investissent de leurs propres fonds soit par l'apport de nouveaux capitaux, soit par l'accumulation de gains non distribués. D'autre part, la différence entre l'augmentation des actifs et celle de la valeur nette (donc, augmentation du passif) indique la part de financement des activités de l'entreprise qui a été fait au moyen d'emprunts.

En 1966, la valeur nette de toutes les sociétés augmentait de \$3,056.8 millions comparativement à l'année précédente. Cette augmentation s'accompagnait d'un accroissement du passif se chiffrant à \$10,215.6 millions. Ce qui veut dire que pour chaque dollar remis dans l'entreprise par ses propriétaires, trois dollars ont été investis par d'autres personnes. On retrouve ce rapport endettement/valeur nette de 3:1 dans presque tous les secteurs de l'économie. L'industrie de la construction et le secteur des services commerciaux avec des rapports respectifs de 5.1:1 et 4.5:1 semblent, en 1966, avoir mis davantage l'accent sur des sources extérieures. A l'opposé, le secteur des services d'utilité publique a eu recours à l'autofinancement à tel point que son ratio endettement/valeur nette atteint 7:1.

Ventes

Les ventes ont augmenté en 1966 d'une façon assez inégale dans les différents secteurs de l'économie. Elles constituent en sorte un barème de l'activité économique et peuvent indiquer jusqu'à quel point un secteur particulier a contribué au progrès de l'économie. Les ventes des sociétés à caractère non financier ont augmenté de 11.3 p. 100 en 1966 par rapport à 1965. La plupart des

TABLE I. Corporations in Canada, 1965 and 1966
TABLEAU I. Corporations au Canada, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sector — Catégories industrielles	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$000,000				
1965						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	4,747	842.0	362.1	656.3	32.0	15.6
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	3,857	9,091.4	5,896.8	3,235.2	655.1	111.5
Manufacturing — Fabrication	21,501	32,100.9	17,428.1	37,132.6	3,103.9	2,023.5
Construction	15,331	3,591.0	887.8	5,899.8	157.9	84.8
Utilities ¹ — Utilités publiques ¹	7,111	15,784.2	7,066.2	5,737.2	602.2	418.6
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	20,691	7,297.9	2,559.2	17,017.1	459.8	378.4
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	24,035	5,242.7	2,238.8	12,846.5	333.3	295.1
Services	21,294	3,346.1	1,133.9	2,864.1	160.5	115.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	118,567	77,296.2	37,572.9	85,388.8	5,504.7	3,442.5
Finances	49,737	69,353.4	18,732.6	6,800.6	1,731.2	492.4
Total	168,304	146,649.6	56,305.5	92,189.4	7,235.9	3,934.9
1966						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	4,808	805.7	288.2	711.6	31.0	18.0
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	3,216	9,750.8	6,113.7	3,194.1	681.3	68.2
Manufacturing — Fabrication	20,934	36,523.1	18,983.9	41,154.5	3,204.2	1,865.3
Construction	14,857	4,349.6	1,030.8	7,388.2	249.5	149.0
Utilities ¹ — Utilités publiques ¹	6,965	16,647.7	7,575.8	6,328.0	750.1	457.4
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	19,171	7,737.7	2,722.5	18,422.4	504.7	446.9
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	25,150	5,559.0	2,373.3	14,282.2	391.3	339.1
Services	25,583	3,701.7	1,213.3	3,517.6	219.2	158.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	120,584	85,075.3	40,315.5	94,998.6	6,031.3	3,502.6
Finances	62,067	74,846.7	19,060.8	7,192.5	1,616.2	530.8
Total	182,751	159,922.0	59,362.3	102,191.1	7,647.5	4,033.4

¹ Includes transportation, storage, communication and public utilities - Comprend transports, entreposage, communications et autres services d'utilité publique.

TABLE II. Corporations in Canada, 1965 and 1966 - Per Cent Distribution
TABLEAU II. Corporations au Canada, 1965 et 1966 - répartition procentuelle

Industrial sector — Catégories industrielles	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
per cent — pour-cent						
1965						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	2.8	.6	.6	.7	.4	.4
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	2.3	6.2	10.5	3.5	9.1	2.8
Manufacturing — Fabrication	12.8	21.8	31.0	40.3	42.9	51.4
Construction	9.1	2.4	1.6	6.4	2.2	2.2
Utilities ¹ — Utilités publiques ²	4.2	10.8	12.5	6.2	8.3	10.6
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	12.3	5.0	4.5	18.5	6.4	9.6
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	14.2	3.6	4.0	13.9	4.6	7.5
Services	12.7	2.3	2.0	3.1	2.2	3.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	10.4	52.7	66.7	92.6	76.1	87.5
Finances	29.6	47.3	33.3	7.4	23.9	12.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1966						
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	2.6	.5	.5	.7	.4	.4
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	1.8	6.1	10.3	3.1	8.9	1.7
Manufacturing — Fabrication	11.5	22.9	32.0	40.4	41.9	46.3
Construction	8.1	2.7	1.7	7.2	3.3	3.7
Utilities ¹ — Utilités publiques ²	3.8	10.4	12.8	6.2	9.8	11.3
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	10.5	4.8	4.6	18.0	6.6	11.1
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	13.8	3.5	4.0	14.0	5.1	8.4
Services	13.9	2.3	2.0	3.4	2.9	3.9
Sub-totals — Total partiel	66.0	53.2	67.9	93.0	78.9	86.8
Finances	34.0	46.8	32.1	7.0	21.1	13.2
Total	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Includes transportation, storage, communication and public utilities. - Comprend transports, entreposage, communications et autres services d'utilité publique.

being in the range of 8.0 to 10.0 per cent. The disproportionate increase in the construction and service sectors may result from the corporate part of these sectors accounting for the major part of the increase while the business proprietor part remained relatively stable. In both of these sectors the business proprietor part is relatively large in volume of business, but may not be participating fully in economic growth. In the absence of adequate statistics for the business proprietor sector of the economy, the reason for the wide variation cannot be verified.

Profits

The profits of a corporation are usually thought of as the amounts resulting from the years operations that are available to the owners. Profits as used in this publication are before income taxes and therefore include the share of current earnings to be paid to the government. This definition of profits permits a comparison with taxable income.

In 1966 profits for all sectors increased by \$411.6 million although financial corporations declined by \$115.0 million. The rate of increase varies more widely between sectors than did comparable changes for other financial items. For example, the profits of the construction industry increased by 58.0 per cent while services increased by 36.6 per cent and smaller increases were recorded by other sectors; 3.2 per cent in manufacturing and 4.0 per cent in mining.

Profits vs. Taxable Income

The difference between the changes in profits and the changes in taxable income between the two years provides some indication of the variability in the application of the Income Tax Act. The manufacturing sector increased profits by \$100.3 million and taxable income decreased by \$158.2 million. However year-to-year changes of profits in other industries were comparable with changes in taxable income. In total for non-financial corporations, profits increased by \$526.6 million and taxable income by a much smaller amount, \$60.1 million.

groupes d'industries ont eu des augmentations de 8 à 10 p. 100. Il y a deux groupes cependant qui démontrent un progrès remarquable, il s'agit de l'industrie de la construction et l'industrie des services avec des augmentations respectives de 25.2 et 22.8 p. 100. A remarquer toutefois que ces deux groupes se caractérisent par l'existence d'un nombre considérable d'entreprises non incorporées. Ces dernières ne faisant pas partie des tabulations, il se pourrait bien que l'augmentation précitée ne soit pas représentative de l'ensemble de l'industrie en question. D'ailleurs, même si le volume des affaires des entreprises à propriétaire unique est assez considérable dans l'industrie de la construction et dans l'industrie des services, on peut se demander vraiment si ces différentes entreprises ont progressé de la même façon que les sociétés légalement constituées. On ne dispose pas cependant de statistiques suffisantes sur les entreprises à propriétaire unique et il est donc hasardeux de tirer des conclusions définitives.

Profits

Les profits peuvent être définis comme étant la part qui revient aux propriétaires après qu'on a tenu compte des coûts des autres facteurs de production, s'il en reste bien entendu. Au cas où le chiffre d'affaires n'a pas été suffisant pour couvrir ces coûts, on accuse évidemment une perte. La notion de profit utilisé dans cette publication est conforme à cette définition approximative, mais il faut souligner qu'il s'agit du profit de l'année en cause avant acquittement des impôts sur ce profit. L'utilisation de cette mesure de profits avant impôt permet des comparaisons avec le revenu imposable.

En 1966 les profits de l'ensemble de tous les secteurs ont augmenté de \$411.6 millions même si les profits des sociétés financières diminuaient de \$115.0 millions. Parmi les différents secteurs, les taux d'accroissement de profits se sont répartis d'une façon plus inégale que dans le cas des autres variables financières, l'industrie de la construction et l'industrie des services pour ne citer que deux cas montraient des augmentations respectives de 58,0 et 36,6 p.100. Les autres secteurs, en général indiquaient des augmentations beaucoup plus modestes; l'industrie de la fabrication 3,2 p.100 et l'industrie minière 4,0 p. 100.

Profits et revenu imposable

L'écart entre les variations du profit et celles du revenu imposable de 1965 à 1966 est attribuable en partie à des différences circonstancielles dans l'application de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Il se peut aussi que des changements apportés aux règlements de l'impôt en aient changé l'incidence. Le secteur manufacturier a vu ses profits augmenter de \$100.3 millions alors que son revenu imposable baissait de \$158.2 millions. Il y avait certes des groupes d'industries dans lesquels les changements dans les profits et le revenu imposable se comparaient assez bien. Il reste quand même que dans l'ensemble des sociétés à caractère non financier, les profits augmentaient de \$526.6 millions alors que l'accroissement du revenu imposable atteignait seulement \$60.1 millions.

The proportions that each industry division is of the total of each financial aggregate generally did not change between the two years. Although the rates of change were significantly different between the two years they were not sufficiently large to influence the proportion of that division in relation to the aggregate. A longer time series will be needed to adequately measure these shifts. A notable exception however is the proportion of taxable income by the manufacturing sector, which declined from 51.4 per cent in 1965 to 46.3 per cent of total corporate taxable income in 1966, a significant change in the taxable income as well as income taxes paid.

Non-resident Owned Corporations in Canada

The growth in the corporate sector of the economy in terms of assets, sales and profits can be divided between resident-owned corporations and non-resident owned corporations for those corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. This growth results from new entrants and take-overs as well as by natural growth.

Assets

In 1966, the assets of non-financial corporations in Canada, reporting under the Act, increased by \$7,356.2 million, (at the rate of 12.1 per cent). This growth rate compares with 10.1 per cent for all corporations and therefore, the rate of growth for small corporations is less than for large corporations, a situation which will contribute to a decline in the relative significance of small corporations. While large corporations are growing faster than smaller corporations, foreign-owned corporations are growing faster than Canadian-owned corporations. The growth rate of assets for non-financial corporations between 1965 and 1966, was 15.0 per cent for non-resident owned corporations, and 9.6 per cent for resident-owned. This different growth rate between domestically and foreign-owned corporations existed in all major sectors with the exception of Mining where Canadian-owned companies had a growth rate of 16.7 per cent while

La totalisation de chaque variable financière, c'est-à-dire de chaque élément de l'actif, du passif et de l'état de profits et pertes pour chaque groupe d'industries montre que de 1965 à 1966 il n'y eut guère de changements dans la contribution de chacun de ces groupes à l'ensemble de l'économie au niveau de ces divers éléments. Leurs taux de variation de 1965 à 1966 différaient d'une façon marquée cependant, mais pas assez pour modifier la proportion, en termes absolus, d'un secteur dans l'ensemble de tous les secteurs pour un élément donné. Seulement à la lumière d'une série statistique temporelle plus longue, pourrait-on déceler des mutations entre les divers éléments. Le seul élément qui mérite d'être souligné comme exception est le revenu imposable du secteur manufacturier. Celui-ci en 1965 représentait 51.4 p. 100 du revenu imposable de tous les secteurs pris ensemble; en 1966, il ne représentait plus que 46.3 p. 100, une baisse assez significative se traduisant, il va sans dire, en une baisse sensible, dans la proportion du revenu de l'État, provenant de ce secteur.

Les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents

Il est possible de faire la distinction entre les sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens et les sociétés étrangères dans l'analyse du progrès économique du secteur des sociétés d'affaires, mesuré en termes de changements dans les actifs, les ventes et les profits, du moins pour les sociétés déclarantes soumises à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Evidemment, il existe à l'origine de ces changements plusieurs facteurs tels que la formation de nouvelles sociétés, la liquidation d'autres sociétés, les prises de contrôle de sociétés existantes, soit dans un sens ou dans l'autre. Il y a aussi une part considérable d'accroissement naturel découlant d'activités grandissantes.

Actifs

En 1966, les actifs de sociétés à caractère non financier qui ont soumis une déclaration aux termes de la Loi augmentèrent de \$7,356.2 millions, soit un taux d'accroissement de 12.1 p. 100. Or le taux d'augmentation de toutes les sociétés à caractère non financier se chiffrait à 10.1 p. 100. On sait déjà que la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers ne rejoint pas les petites sociétés. On peut donc déduire à la lumière de ces données que le taux de croissance des grandes sociétés est plus marqué que celui des petites sociétés. Le maintien de cette tendance dans l'avenir accentuera davantage l'écart entre la dimension des grandes sociétés et celle des petites. En même temps que l'actif des grandes sociétés augmente plus rapidement que celui des petites, l'actif des sociétés appartenant à des étrangers s'accroît plus rapidement aussi que celui des sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens. Par exemple, les sociétés à caractère non financier appartenant à des

non-resident-owned corporations had a growth rate of 4.4 per cent.

Sales

The growth rates of sales for each of the major sectors indicates the same trend as those for assets. The non-resident owned firms are growing at a faster rate than are resident-owned with the exception of the Mining sector. The sales of non-financial corporations owned outside of Canada increased by 15.6 per cent in 1966 while those of similar Canadian-owned firms increased by 10.3 per cent. Smaller corporations which are largely Canadian-owned increased by 4.7 per cent.

Profits

Generally, the rate of growth of profits is similar to those for assets and sales. The change in profits between 1965 and 1966 is greater for non-resident owned corporations than for resident-owned corporations. The exception is again the Mining industry in which profits of Canadian-owned companies increased by \$42.9 million while those for non-resident companies declined by \$16.4 million. This difference was sufficiently large to change the total profit growth rate for all sectors in favour of Canadian-owned companies with 7.4 per cent as compared with 6.0 per cent for non-resident owned corporations.

Non-resident Ownership

The ultimate degree of non-resident ownership of each corporation reporting under CALURA is determined and to facilitate analysis, corporate information has been grouped into six ownership classes. The highest class of non-resident ownership, 95 per cent and over, includes largely corporations that are wholly owned subsidiaries of foreign parent corporations. At the other end of the scale are corporations that are more than 95 per cent Canadian-owned and include corporations closely held by families and individuals in Canada. These two groups are the largest and account for nearly 60 per cent of assets of all reporting corporations.

non-résidents augmentaient leur actif de 15.0 p. 100 entre 1965 et 1966 comparativement à 9.6 p. 100 pour les sociétés appartenant à des résidents. Une différence à peu près semblable dans le taux de croissance de l'actif entre les sociétés étrangères et les sociétés appartenant à des résidents s'est produite dans tous les principaux secteurs à l'exception du secteur minier dans lequel les sociétés d'appartenance canadienne indiquaient un taux de 16.7 p. 100 à comparer avec 4.4 p. 100 pour les sociétés étrangères.

Ventes

Le comportement des ventes dans chacun des secteurs principaux révèle des tendances semblables à celui des actifs. Ainsi les ventes des sociétés à appartenance étrangère ont augmenté plus rapidement que celles des sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens. Par exemple, les ventes des sociétés à caractère non financier appartenant à des étrangers augmentèrent de 15.6 p. 100 en 1966 tandis que les ventes des sociétés appartenant à des résidents augmentaient de 10.3 p. 100. L'ensemble des petites sociétés qui sont par ailleurs pour la plupart de propriété canadienne, ont vu leurs ventes s'accroître de seulement 4.7 p. 100.

Profits

D'une façon générale les tendances des profits ne diffèrent pas de celles qu'on a constatées dans les actifs et les ventes. Le taux d'augmentation des profits de 1965 à 1966 est plus haut dans le cas des sociétés étrangères que dans celui des sociétés appartenant à des résidents. Une fois de plus le secteur minier échappe à ce phénomène; le profit des sociétés minières canadiennes augmentait de \$42.9 millions comparativement à celui des sociétés étrangères qui diminuait de \$16.4 millions. Avec une différence si énorme dans le secteur minier, le taux de croissance des profits pour l'ensemble des sociétés favorise les sociétés appartenant à des résidents plutôt que les sociétés étrangères; plus précisément les premières montrent un taux de 7.4 p. 100 à comparer aux secondes qui ont un aux de 6.0 p. 100.

L'appartenance à des non-résidents

On a retracé le degré ultime d'appartenance à des non-résidents de chaque société déclarante aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers; pour faciliter l'analyse, les renseignements sur l'appartenance ont été recoupés selon six catégories ou degrés d'appartenance. D'un côté, on retrouve les sociétés dont plus de 95 p. 100 des actions appartiennent à des non-résidents. Il s'agit ici principalement de filiales à part entière de sociétés-mères situées à l'étranger. A l'autre extrémité, on retrouve les sociétés dont plus de 95 p. 100 des actions sont la propriété de résidents canadiens, ceci incluant sociétés dites familiales et les sociétés dont les propriétaires sont peu nombreux. Prises ensemble, ces deux catégories de sociétés constituent le groupement le plus important et possèdent 60 p. 100 des actifs de toutes les sociétés déclarantes.

Other groups consist of corporations that are owned in significant proportions by both residents and non-residents. In some cases these are ventures by two corporations, in some they combine corporate participation and a widely held public part, and in other cases these corporations are entirely held by individuals or small corporate holdings widely spread internationally. The group of corporations centreing around 50.0 per cent non-resident ownership more closely represents international joint ventures.

Les autres catégories d'appartenance se situent entre ces deux extrémités montrant ainsi les proportions significatives d'appartenance soit à des résidents ou à des non-résidents. La catégorie d'appartenance se rapprochant de 50 p. 100 représente approximativement ou plutôt renferme les entreprises en participation dites "joint ventures". L'appartenance peut offrir des aspects divers, notamment la participation égale de deux sociétés (tel que nous venons de le signaler), la participation inégale de deux sociétés et plus, la participation d'une société et d'un public client du marché boursier bien fragmenté, l'appartenance uniquement à un nombre considérable d'individus, ou encore la concentration des actions d'une société entre les mains de petites sociétés de type "holding" à nombreuses ramifications internationales.

Growth Rate

The growth rate of corporations is very diversified among the various ownership groups. There are indications in the changes between 1965 and 1966 that the group of corporations with foreign ownership between 25.0 per cent and 75 per cent is growing at a rate faster than other ownership groups. If this trend continues, this area of joint ownership will become a more significant element in the ownership of corporations in Canada.

Le taux d'accroissement

Le taux d'accroissement des sociétés diffère d'une catégorie d'appartenance à l'autre. Il semble bien toutefois que l'accroissement des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents dans l'ordre de 25 à 75 p. 100, est plus marqué que celui des sociétés classées aux autres catégories d'appartenance.

TABLE III. Assets of Corporations Reporting Under CALURA, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966

TABLERAU III. Actif des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sector - Catégories industrielles	Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents					
	1965			1966		
	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total
	\$'000,000					
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	392.4	74.1	466.5	428.4	61.7	490.1
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	3,414.6	5,378.4	8,793.0	3,985.4	5,614.2	9,599.6
Manufacturing — Fabrication	13,221.8	17,511.6	30,733.4	14,500.1	20,593.3	35,093.4
Construction	2,467.7	355.3	2,823.0	3,053.3	566.3	3,619.6
Utilities ¹ — Utilités publiques ¹	4,581.7	1,060.1	5,641.8	4,597.4	1,135.2	5,732.6
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	4,392.1	1,961.0	6,353.1	4,670.3	2,173.4	6,843.7
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	3,001.1	883.9	3,885.0	3,201.6	1,061.4	4,263.0
Services	1,748.1	418.5	2,166.6	1,987.9	588.7	2,576.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	33,219.5	27,642.9	60,862.4	36,424.4	31,794.2	68,218.6
Finances	22,597.3	7,549.9	30,147.2	25,321.9	8,686.9	34,008.8
Total	55,816.8	35,192.8	91,009.6	61,746.3	40,481.1	102,227.4

¹ Includes transportation, storage, communication and public utilities. — Comprend transports, entreposage, communications et autres services d'utilité publique.

TABLE IV. Sales of Corporations Reporting Under CALURA, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966
TABLEAU IV. Ventes des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sector - Catégories industrielles	Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents					
	1965			1966		
	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total
	\$'000,000					
Agriculture, forestry and fishing - Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	274.5	48.8	323.3	371.7	50.4	422.1
Mining, quarries and oil wells - Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	1,195.5	1,910.7	3,106.2	1,342.7	1,764.7	3,107.4
Manufacturing - Fabrication	15,987.6	18,838.7	34,826.3	17,054.4	21,903.9	38,958.3
Construction	3,835.5	616.6	4,452.1	4,969.7	914.1	5,883.8
Utilities ¹ - Utilités publiques ¹	2,160.9	496.7	2,657.6	2,076.5	571.1	2,647.6
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	10,560.8	4,661.7	15,222.5	11,515.2	5,104.9	16,620.1
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	8,068.1	1,882.5	9,950.6	8,848.5	2,516.8	11,365.3
Services	1,267.1	354.5	1,621.6	1,657.1	480.4	2,137.5
Sub-totals - Total partiel	43,350.0	28,810.2	72,160.2	47,835.8	33,306.3	81,142.1
Finances	2,251.0	572.8	2,823.8	2,487.8	670.0	3,157.8
Total	45,601.0	29,383.0	74,984.0	50,323.6	33,976.3	84,299.9

¹ Includes transportation, storage, communication and public utilities. - Comprend transports, entreposage, communications et autres services d'utilité publique.

TABLE V. Profits of Corporations Reporting Under CALURA, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966
TABLEAU V. Bénéfices des corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sector - Catégories industrielles	Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents					
	1965			1966		
	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total
	\$'000,000					
Agriculture, forestry and fishing - Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche	13.2	5.9	19.1	17.3	3.7	21.0
Mining, quarries and oil wells - Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole	349.5	312.1	661.6	392.4	295.7	688.1
Manufacturing - Fabrication	1,192.5	1,848.1	3,040.6	1,221.7	1,918.8	3,140.5
Construction	99.5	16.9	116.4	163.6	29.7	193.3
Utilities ¹ - Utilités publiques ¹	284.3	73.0	357.3	271.6	73.7	345.3
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	257.2	148.8	406.0	282.7	167.6	450.3
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	182.9	74.7	257.6	188.3	121.6	309.9
Services	72.5	30.2	102.7	96.3	49.8	146.1
Sub-totals - Total partiel	2,451.6	2,509.7	4,961.3	2,633.9	2,660.6	5,294.5
Finances	630.2	287.4	917.6	636.1	247.7	883.8
Total	3,081.8	2,797.1	5,878.9	3,270.0	2,908.3	6,178.3

¹ Includes transportation, storage, communication and public utilities. - Comprend transports, entreposage, communications et autres services d'utilité publique.

TABLE VI. Corporations Reporting Under CALURA, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU VI. Corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers classées selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965 et 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
1965						
95% and over — et plus	3,723	18,812.2	9,203.4	17,488.4	1,441.8	1,126.1
75-94.9%	635	7,632.2	4,644.4	6,320.9	536.2	267.1
50-74.9%	1,000	8,748.4	4,754.3	5,573.7	819.1	354.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	5,358	35,192.8	18,602.1	29,383.0	2,797.1	1,747.8
25-49.9%	935	6,108.9	3,906.1	2,694.3	580.9	188.9
5-24.9%	1,636	14,344.0	7,156.2	8,471.6	1,069.5	409.4
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	29,350	35,363.9	13,012.1	34,435.1	1,431.4	880.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	31,921	55,816.8	24,074.4	45,601.0	3,081.8	1,478.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	37,279	91,009.6	42,676.5	74,984.0	5,878.9	3,226.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	131,025	55,640.0	13,628.9	17,205.4	1,357.0	708.2
Total	168,304	146,649.6	56,305.4	92,189.4	7,235.9	3,934.9
1966						
95% and over — et plus	4,002	22,300.3	10,009.6	20,655.7	1,518.0	1,092.5
75-94.9%	647	7,452.7	4,224.5	5,856.9	502.5	225.0
50-74.9%	1,075	10,728.1	6,090.9	7,463.7	887.8	381.9
Sub-totals — Total partiel	5,724	40,481.1	20,325.0	33,976.3	2,908.3	1,699.4
25-49.9%	1,009	6,841.5	4,098.9	2,887.4	489.0	157.2
5-24.9%	1,715	15,569.9	7,778.0	8,765.7	1,094.8	325.8
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	32,552	39,334.9	14,777.2	38,670.5	1,686.2	996.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	35,276	61,746.3	26,654.1	50,323.6	3,270.0	1,479.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	41,000	102,227.4	46,979.1	84,299.9	6,178.3	3,178.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	141,751	57,694.6	12,383.2	17,891.2	1,469.2	854.9
Total	182,751	159,922.0	59,362.3	102,191.1	7,647.5	4,033.4

TABLE VII. Corporations Reporting Under CALURA, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966

Per Cent Distribution

TABLEAU VII. Corporations déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers classées selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965 et 1966 — répartition procentuelle

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
per cent — pour-cent						
1965						
95% and over — et plus	2.2	12.8	16.4	19.0	20.0	28.6
75-94.9% .....	.4	5.2	8.2	6.9	7.4	6.8
50-74.9% .....	.6	6.0	8.4	6.0	11.3	9.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	3.2	24.0	33.0	31.9	38.7	44.4
25-49.9% .....	.6	4.2	6.9	2.9	8.0	4.8
5-24.9%	1.0	9.8	12.7	9.2	14.8	10.4
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	17.4	24.1	23.2	37.3	19.8	22.4
Sub-totals — Total partiel	19.0	38.1	42.8	49.4	42.6	37.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	22.2	62.1	75.8	81.3	81.2	82.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	77.8	37.9	24.2	18.7	18.8	18.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1966						
95% and over — et plus	2.1	13.9	16.8	20.2	19.8	27.0
75-94.9% .....	.4	4.7	7.1	5.7	6.6	5.6
50-74.9% .....	.6	6.7	10.3	7.3	11.6	9.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	3.1	25.3	34.2	33.2	38.0	42.1
25-49.9% .....	.6	4.3	6.9	2.8	6.4	3.9
5-24.9% .....	.9	9.7	13.1	8.6	14.3	8.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	17.8	24.6	24.9	37.3	22.1	24.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	19.3	38.6	44.9	49.2	42.8	36.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	22.4	63.9	79.1	82.5	80.8	78.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	77.6	36.1	20.9	17.5	19.2	21.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE VIII. Non-financial Corporations¹ Reporting Under CALURA, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU VIII. Corporations non financières¹ déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965 et 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
1965	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
95% and over — et plus.....	2,849	13,260.9	6,662.5	17,148.8	1,302.8	1,076.7
75-94.9%	486	7,166.1	4,393.6	6,272.5	518.6	257.2
50-74.9%	721	7,216.0	3,859.9	5,388.8	688.3	346.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	4,056	27,643.0	14,916.0	28,810.1	2,509.7	1,680.2
25-49.9%	604	3,953.6	2,382.0	2,456.7	433.2	176.3
5-24.9%	1,151	10,184.3	5,358.8	8,106.8	919.4	381.3
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	20,517	19,081.6	7,371.2	32,786.4	1,099.1	782.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	22,272	33,219.5	15,112.0	43,349.9	2,451.7	1,340.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	26,328	60,862.5	30,028.0	72,160.0	4,961.4	3,020.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	92,239	16,433.7	7,544.8	13,228.8	543.3	422.1
Total	118,567	77,296.2	37,572.8	85,388.8	5,504.7	3,442.5
1966						
95% and over — et plus.....	3,039	15,882.7	7,392.5	20,210.9	1,373.0	1,036.7
75-94.9%	475	6,702.2	3,797.9	5,785.3	479.4	212.6
50-74.9%	769	9,209.3	5,224.0	7,310.1	808.2	374.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	4,283	31,794.2	16,414.4	33,306.3	2,660.6	1,624.1
25-49.9%	652	4,335.4	2,400.8	2,681.6	372.7	141.6
5-24.9%	1,185	11,177.4	5,778.3	8,436.3	979.7	309.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	22,625	20,911.6	8,101.8	36,717.9	1,281.5	903.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	24,462	36,424.4	16,280.9	47,835.8	2,633.9	1,354.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	28,745	68,218.6	32,695.3	81,142.1	5,294.5	2,978.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	91,939	16,856.7	7,606.2	13,856.5	736.8	523.8
Total	120,684	85,075.3	40,301.5	94,998.6	6,031.3	3,502.6

¹ Total reporting corporations excluding Finance sector. — Total des corporations déclarantes excluant la catégorie des finances.

TABLE IX. Non-financial Corporations¹ Reporting Under CALURA, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1965 and 1966
Per Cent Distribution

TABLEAU IX. Corporations non financières¹ déclarantes aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1965 et 1966 — répartition procentuelle

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
1965	per cent — pour-cent					
95% and over — et plus.....	2.4	17.1	17.7	20.1	23.7	31.3
75-94.9% .....	.4	9.3	11.7	7.3	9.4	7.5
50-74.9% .....	.6	9.3	10.3	6.3	12.5	10.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	3.4	35.7	39.7	33.7	45.6	48.8
25-49.9% .....	.5	5.1	6.3	2.9	7.9	5.1
5-24.9%	1.0	13.2	14.3	9.5	16.7	11.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	17.3	24.7	19.6	38.4	19.9	22.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	18.8	43.0	40.2	50.8	44.5	38.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	22.2	78.7	79.9	84.5	90.1	87.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	77.8	21.3	20.1	15.5	9.9	12.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1966						
95% and over — et plus.....	2.5	18.7	18.3	21.3	22.8	29.6
75-94.9% .....	.4	7.9	9.4	6.1	7.9	6.1
50-74.9% .....	.6	10.8	13.0	7.7	13.4	10.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	3.5	37.4	40.7	35.1	44.1	46.4
25-49.9% .....	.5	5.1	6.0	2.8	6.2	4.0
5-24.9%	1.0	13.1	14.3	8.9	16.2	8.8
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	18.8	24.6	20.1	38.6	21.3	25.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	20.3	42.8	40.4	50.3	43.7	38.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	23.8	80.2	81.1	85.4	87.8	85.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	72.6	19.8	18.9	14.6	12.2	15.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

¹ Total reporting corporations excluding Finance sector. — Total des corporations déclarantes excluant la catégorie des finances.

NON-RESIDENT OWNERSHIP OF CANADIAN INDUSTRY

Foreign control and ownership has become an important facet of Canadian industry, but differs widely industrially and regionally. Because of economic similarity and complementarity and for a variety of other reasons such as language and proximity, foreign control and ownership of Canadian industry is concentrated largely in the United States.

This part examines the extent of foreign control of Canadian industry and some of the possible implications in terms of income, employment, wages, prices and other economic variables. The distribution of foreign control with respect to residence in the United States and other countries is also shown. Selected financial ratios of resident-dominated corporations are compared with like material for non-resident-dominated corporations.

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act permits the accumulation of ownership data for a well defined segment of the business community. Since the primary purpose is to investigate the participation of non-residents, the segment which is required to report includes virtually all non-resident interests. As a consequence, the non-reporting segments are almost 100 per cent Canadian. Therefore, proportions derived from only reporting corporations will exaggerate the relative significance of non-residents in the economy as a whole.

The Canadian business community may be described as:

- (a) Those corporations required to report under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act (the basis for this report),
- (b) Large corporations exempt from reporting under this Act by virtue of other legislation, e.g. the Bank Act,
- (c) Small corporations,
- (d) Federal Crown Corporations,
- (e) Municipal and Provincial Enterprises,
- (f) Credit Unions, Cooperatives, etc.,
- (g) Unincorporated business.

APPARTENANCE DES INDUSTRIES CANADIENNES A DES NON-RÉSIDENTS

Le capital étranger, qu'il prenne la forme de placements financiers ou de prise de contrôle, est assez répandu dans l'industrie canadienne. Sa pénétration varie d'une industrie à l'autre et de région en région. Il va de soi que les aspects similaires et complémentaires de l'économie, une langue commune, le rapprochement géographique ainsi que d'autres raisons plus subtiles tendent à favoriser l'appartenance et le contrôle étranger de l'industrie canadienne entre les mains de résidents des États-Unis. L'investissement étranger a eu des effets salutaires au Canada mais il n'est pas toujours sans inconvénient.

Cette partie du document est consacrée à l'examen de la domination étrangère de l'industrie canadienne et de ses effets possibles sur le revenu, l'emploi, la rémunération, les prix et autres aspects de l'économie. A cette fin on a déterminé le degré d'appartenance ou de contrôle selon le pays d'origine en se fondant sur la résidence des propriétaires. Ensuite on a établi certains ratios financiers devant servir à comparer les sociétés d'appartenance canadienne à celles qui sont la propriété de non-résidents.

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers offre dans son application la possibilité d'établir des statistiques sur l'appartenance d'un secteur précis de notre milieu des affaires. Conformément à l'intention de la Loi qui est justement de faire ressortir la participation étrangère à l'économie canadienne, le secteur visé comprend pratiquement toutes les sociétés dans lesquelles des non-résidents ont des intérêts. Il en découle que les secteurs dans lesquels on n'est pas tenu de soumettre un rapport sont la propriété à peu près entière de Canadiens. Il faut donc souligner que dans ce qui suit les données établissant des proportions ou des relations entre les corporations ayant soumis un rapport et l'ensemble tendent à exagérer l'apport relatif des non-résidents.

Dans le présent contexte on peut décomposer le milieu des affaires au Canada selon les rubriques suivantes:

- (a) Les sociétés qui sont tenues de soumettre un rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers (c'est-à-dire l'objet du présent rapport),
- (b) Les grandes sociétés qui sont libérées de l'obligation de soumettre un rapport aux termes de la Loi en vertu de leur assujétissement à une autre loi, par exemple, la loi sur les banques,
- (c) Les petites sociétés,
- (d) Les sociétés fédérales dites sociétés de la Couronne,
- (e) Les sociétés d'état relevant des gouvernements provinciaux et municipaux,
- (f) Les coopératives, les caisses populaires, les "credit unions",
- (g) Les entreprises non-incorporées.

Corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act in 1966 reported assets totalling \$102.2 billion of which \$61.7 billion belonged to corporations which were less than 50 per cent non-resident owned. On the basis of this data it would appear that non-resident participation in Canadian business in terms of assets is about 40 per cent. However, it has also been determined that the assets of categories (b), (c) and (d) amounted to \$57.7 billion exclusive of insurance companies which were not tabulated in 1966. These categories are virtually all Canadian dominated. Enlarging the universe to include these corporations reduces non-resident participation to about 25 per cent. Categories (e), (f) and (g) are also dominantly Canadian. If these too were included it is unlikely that non-resident participation would exceed 15 per cent.

All corporations doing business in Canada for fiscal periods ending in 1966 have been classified as either corporations required to report under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act (CALURA Corporations) or "other" corporations. The CALURA corporations were further classified as to whether there were 50 per cent or more non-resident owned or under 50 per cent non-resident owned. For this section corporations were also classified into 49 industrial groups which permits a determination of the relative significance of non-resident participation in each industrial group using corporate assets as a measure. It also permits a determination of the relative significance of "other" corporations.

Non-resident Investment by Industry Group

The proportion of non-resident investment in each industry group is determined in relation to total corporations including both reporting and non-reporting ("other") corporations. The effect is to reduce the relative significance of non-resident corporations by about one-third from the proportions if only CALURA corporations were included. The effect varies widely with respect to industrial sectors. For metal mining, mineral fuels, breweries, tobacco products, rubber products, paper and allied industries, and transportation equipment, the assets reported by "other" corporations amounted to less than one per cent of the total reported corporate assets in these industries. The inclusion of the additional data in these sectors therefore has no significant effect on the resident, non-resident proportions resulting from an examination of only CALURA corporations. For fishing, transportation, communications and finance, the effect of broadening the reporting base more than doubled the reported assets. This reduced the non-resident

En 1966 les sociétés ayant produit une déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers possédaient des actifs se chiffrant à \$102.2 milliards dont \$61.7 milliards appartenaient à des sociétés dont la propriété était moins de 50 p. 100 entre les mains de non-résidents. En d'autres mots, la pénétration étrangère du milieu des affaires canadien, mesurée par le volume ou taille des actifs, serait à peu près 40 p. 100, du moins si l'on se fonde sur ces données. Par contre, utilisant d'autres moyens, il a été possible d'évaluer l'actif total des sociétés appartenant aux catégories (b), (c) et (d) à l'exclusion des compagnies d'assurances, toutefois. Cet ensemble avait des actifs totalisant \$57.7 milliards en 1966 et était presque entièrement propriété de Canadiens. Si l'on tient compte de ces dernières catégories, on constate qu'elles réduisent la part des non-résidents à 25 p. 100. Enfin si l'on ajoute à ces sommes, l'actif des sociétés classées aux catégories (e), (f) et (g) qui sont en grande partie dominées par des canadiens on constate que la participation des non-résidents au secteur des affaires au Canada ne devrait pas dépasser 15 p. 100.

Toutes les sociétés exerçant des affaires au Canada durant l'année fiscale se terminant en 1966 ont été réparties en deux grands groupes, les sociétés qui sont soumises aux exigences de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers (ci-après appelée la Loi) et les "autres" sociétés. Les sociétés soumises à la Loi ont été réparties ensuite selon qu'elles appartenaient à des non-résidents dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 et plus ou qu'elles leur appartenaient dans une proportion de moins de 50 p. 100. Pour les fins de la présente partie du document on a calculé l'actif selon 49 groupes d'industries. Se fondant ainsi sur l'actif, il est possible de déterminer l'importance relative de la participation des non-résidents dans chacun de ces groupes d'industries.

Investissements étrangers par groupes d'industries

On a calculé la part de l'investissement étranger dans chaque groupe d'industrie en tenant compte de toutes les sociétés, qu'elles soient soumises à la Loi ou non. Le calcul a pour effet, d'une façon générale, de réduire de un tiers la participation étrangère relative, de ce qu'elle aurait été si on s'était limité aux sociétés faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi. Évidemment l'effet est très inégal d'un groupe d'industries à l'autre. L'actif des "autres" sociétés (c'est-à-dire celles qui ne sont pas soumises à la Loi) dans les industries des minéraux métalliques, des combustibles minéraux, des brasseries, des produits du tabac, des produits du caoutchouc, des pâtes et papiers, et du matériel de transport n'atteignait pas un pour cent de l'actif total de l'ensemble des sociétés. Par conséquent, pour ces industries, on pourrait ignorer ces "autres sociétés" et se limiter aux données des sociétés soumises à la Loi sans pour cela fausser les proportions relatives de participation étrangère. Par ailleurs, l'inclusion de l'actif des "autres" sociétés dans les pêcheries et piégeage, le transport, les communications, la finance, et quelques

owned percentage by at least half. Between these two extremes is found a wide variety of changes resulting from the inclusion of the "other" corporations.

As mentioned previously the "other" category is dominated by Canadians. Therefore, the non-resident percentage as calculated inclusive of the "other" category is more representative of the relative significance of non-resident participation than would be the case if only CALURA corporations were used. Again it is noted that if municipal and provincial enterprises and non-corporate business were also included the ratio would again fall for many industry groups.

It is possible to rank industrial sectors by the proportion of assets held by corporations which are dominated by non-residents. The industry groups with the least apparent Canadian control are the following:

	Per cent of industry assets held by non-resident controlled corporations
Petroleum and coal products . . .	97.9
Rubber products	93.7
Transportation equipment	84.5
Chemicals and chemical products	84.3
Tobacco products	82.1
Mineral fuels	77.1
Machinery	70.5
Electrical products	64.3
Fruit and vegetable processing . .	62.2
Primary metal manufacturing . . .	56.8
Miscellaneous manufacturing In-	
dustries	53.5
Other mining	52.1
Textile mills	50.8

In each of these, Canadian dominated companies held less than 50 per cent of the assets in the classification. These groups are therefore considered to be dominated by non-residents.

autres industries ont eu pour effet de doubler au moins l'actif total de l'ensemble des sociétés de chacune de ces industries. Il y avait évidemment un nombre d'industries qui se situaient entre les deux extrêmes.

On a déjà souligné que le groupe des "autres" sociétés était dans une très large mesure dominée par des canadiens et que par conséquent si l'on calcule la pénétration étrangère en incluant ce groupe, la proportion de cette dernière sera moins grande que si l'on avait seulement tenu compte des sociétés soumises à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. A cela on avait ajouté que si on tenait compte du secteur non-incorporé, pour la même raison, la participation relative des non-résidents en serait diminuée; et ainsi de suite si on incluait les sociétés qui jouissent d'exemptions du fisc, etc.

Avec les données dont on dispose il est possible donc de montrer la proportion éléments d'actifs des sociétés dominées par des non-résidents pour chacune des industries et énumérer ces dernières selon le degré d'appartenance à l'étranger. Par exemple, dans le secteur manufacturier, les industries qui semblent le plus dominées par des non-résidents, ou réciproquement dans lesquelles la participation canadienne est la moindre, sont les suivantes:

	Pourcentage de l'actif des industries détenu par des non-résidents
Produits du pétrole et du charbon	97.9
Produits du caoutchouc	93.7
Matériel de transport	84.5
Produits chimiques et produits con-	
nexes	84.3
Produits du tabac	82.1
Combustibles minéraux	77.1
Industrie de la machinerie	70.5
Industrie des appareils et du matériel	
électriques	64.3
Conserves et préparations de fruits et	
légumes	62.2
Fabrication des métaux primaires . .	56.8
Industries manufacturières diverses	53.5
Autres minéraux	52.1
Filature et tissage	50.8

Le point d'arrêt de l'énumération ci-haut indique que dans toutes les industries mentionnées, les sociétés dominées par des Canadiens possédaient des actifs n'atteignant pas 50 p. 100 de la somme des actifs de l'industrie en question. Il va de soi qu'on peut désigner ces industries comme étant des industries à domination étrangère.

The petroleum and coal products category includes corporations which are primarily engaged in refining crude petroleum and in producing gasoline, fuel oils, lubricating oils, illuminating oils and other petroleum products. This, of course, includes virtually all major international fully integrated oil companies which are active in Canada but does not include petroleum transportation corporations which are independent of major oil corporations nor independent exploration and crude oil producing companies. Neither does it include separately incorporated subsidiaries of the major, international corporations which may be involved solely with transportation, exploration and production or marketing of petroleum products. In this petroleum and coal products category, 97.9 per cent of total assets were reported by corporations which have 50 per cent or more of their voting shares owned by non-residents.

The rubber products category had 93.7 per cent of total assets reported by non-resident controlled corporations. This category is dominated by the five large international tire corporations. It also covers corporations engaged in the manufacture of rubber footwear, rubberized fabrics and similar products. It does not include corporations primarily concerned with the production of synthetic rubber.

The transportation equipment category takes in corporations engaged in the manufacture of aircraft, motor vehicles, railroad rolling stock and ships. This sector, which was 84.5 per cent non-resident controlled, is dominated by 21 large corporations of which all but five are non-resident controlled. The non-resident controlled large firms are primarily concerned with motor vehicles and aircraft while the larger Canadian controlled firms are predominantly engaged in ship building and manufacture of railroad rolling stock.

The chemicals and chemical products group, 84.3 per cent non-resident controlled, covers a range of products from explosives through fertilizers, plastics, pharmaceuticals, paint, soap and toilet preparations to industrial chemicals such as acids, alkalis, salts, compressed gasses, oxides and dyes. A single crown corporation accounts for a large part of the "other" category in this industry.

The tobacco products category is 82.1 per cent non-resident controlled. About 70 per cent of the

L'industrie des produits du pétrole et du charbon comprend les sociétés qui s'occupent principalement du raffinage du pétrole brut et de la production d'essence, de mazout, d'huile lubrifiante, de pétrole lampant et d'autres dérivés du pétrole. Cette industrie comprend, bien entendu, ce qu'on appelle communément tous les géants du pétrole, c'est-à-dire les grandes sociétés internationales du pétrole intégrées qui ont des opérations au Canada. Par contre, pour les fins présentes, elle ne comprend pas les sociétés de transport pétrolier, d'exploration et de production qui ne sont pas reliées à de grandes sociétés de pétrole intégrées. Cette industrie ne comprend pas non plus des filiales incorporées de grandes sociétés internationales intégrées dont les activités au Canada se limitent uniquement soit au transport, à l'exploration et à la production ou à la distribution des produits du pétrole. Dans l'industrie des produits du pétrole et du charbon ainsi définie, 97.9 p. 100 de l'actif total était la propriété de sociétés dont le capital-actions comportant droit de vote appartenait à des non-résidents dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 ou plus.

Dans l'industrie des produits du caoutchouc, 93.7 p. 100 des actifs appartenaient à des sociétés dominées par des non-résidents. Les cinq grandes sociétés internationales de fabrication de pneus occupent évidemment à peu près tout le champ de l'industrie. L'industrie comprend aussi les fabricants de chaussures en caoutchouc, de tissu caoutchouté et d'autres produits semblables. Par contre l'industrie du caoutchouc ne comprend pas les sociétés dont l'activité principale est la fabrication du caoutchouc synthétique.

L'industrie du matériel de transport est constituée des sociétés engagées dans la fabrication d'avions, de véhicules automobiles, de matériel roulant de chemin de fer et enfin de sociétés de construction de navires. Le contrôle des non-résidents mesuré en terme d'actif s'élève à 84.5 p. 100 dans cette industrie. Il y a 21 grandes sociétés à se partager le gros de l'activité dans l'industrie dont seulement cinq sont dominées par des résidents. Les grandes sociétés étrangères s'occupent principalement de la fabrication de véhicules automobiles et d'avions tandis que les grandes sociétés dominées par des résidents concentrent leurs activités dans la construction de navires et la fabrication de matériel roulant pour le compte des sociétés ferroviaires.

L'industrie des produits chimiques et des produits connexes est dominée par des non-résidents dans une proportion de 84.3 p. 100. Y sont inclus les fabricants d'explosifs, d'engrais, de plastiques, de produits pharmaceutiques, de savons et de produits de toilette. Sont compris aussi, les manufacturiers de produits chimiques industriels tels que les acides, alcalis, sels, gaz comprimés, oxides et teintures.

Le contrôle des non-résidents dans l'industrie du tabac atteint 82.1 p. 100. Environ 70 p. 100 des actifs

assets in this category are held by four corporations of which only one may be Canadian controlled. Of the three with definite non-resident control, two are closely related.

The mineral fuels category is essentially composed of corporations primarily engaged in exploration and production of petroleum and natural gas. Of less significance but also included are corporations in coal mining. This sector is 77.1 per cent non-resident controlled with many of the corporations closely interrelated with the international petroleum corporations.

The machinery category includes firms manufacturing a wide range of products including agricultural implements, commercial refrigeration and air conditioning and office and store machinery. About half of the assets in this category belong to ten corporations all but one of which are non-resident controlled. The assets of all firms 50 per cent or over non-resident owned amounted to 70.5 per cent of the total for the category.

The electrical products category, 64.3 per cent non-resident controlled, takes in corporations involved in the manufacture of products for both consumers and commercial applications. Included are small electrical appliances, major appliances, radio and television receivers, communications equipment, electric motors, generators, and other electric power equipment for use in the generation, transmission and utilization of electricity, batteries, electric wire and cable and miscellaneous products such as light bulbs and wiring devices. Over half of the assets in the category belong to ten large corporations of which three are Canadian controlled.

The fruit and vegetable processing sector is concerned with both preservation and the processing of foods for consumer convenience in use. It includes firms engaged in canning and drying fruits and vegetables. It also includes corporations in quick freezing of fruits and vegetables. Non-resident control is estimated at 62.2 per cent.

Primary metals is a heavy manufacturing industry. It groups corporations involved in iron and steel mills, steel pipe and tube mills, iron foundries, smelting and refining, aluminum rolling, casting and extruding, copper and alloy rolling, casting and extruding. About 90 per cent of the assets of this category are held by 22 large corporations. Of these, nine are non-resident controlled. The overall proportion of non-resident control is 56.8 per cent.

Corporations assigned to the miscellaneous manufacturing sector include those manufacturing musical instruments, records, tapes, wires and other

dans ce groupe sont la propriété de quatre grandes sociétés dont une seulement est dominée par des Canadiens. Deux des trois autres sociétés qui sont contrôlées par des étrangers sont étroitement liées entr'elles.

Le groupe des combustibles minéraux est en grande partie composé de sociétés d'exploration et de production de pétrole et de gaz naturel. Les mines de charbon sont aussi incluses; toutefois elles ne représentent qu'une faible proportion de l'ensemble. Le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents est évalué à 77.1 p. 100. Un bon nombre de sociétés appartenant à ce groupe ont des liens étroits avec les grandes sociétés internationales de pétrole.

L'industrie de la machinerie comprend les manufacturiers de matériel agricole, de matériel frigorifique et de conditionnement de l'air, de machines de bureau et de magasin. Environ la moitié de l'actif global de l'industrie est détenu par dix sociétés qui sont toutes contrôlées par des non-résidents, sauf une. L'actif total des sociétés qui appartiennent à l'étranger dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 et plus représente 70.5 p. 100 de l'actif global de l'industrie.

Le groupe des appareils et du matériel électriques est dominé par l'étranger dans une proportion de 64.3 p. 100. Il comprend les sociétés de fabrication de produits d'usage domestique et commerciale. Y sont inclus les manufacturiers de petits appareils électriques, de gros appareils, d'appareils électro-ménagers, de radio et de télévision, de matériel de télécommunication, de moteurs, générateurs et d'autre matériel électrique pour la production, le transport et l'utilisation de l'énergie électrique, de batteries, fils et câbles électriques et divers autres produits tels que les lampes et tubes et l'appareillage électrique d'installation. Plus de la moitié de l'actif global du groupe appartient à dix grandes sociétés dont trois seulement sont dominées par des Canadiens.

L'industrie des conserves et préparations de fruits et de légumes comprend les sociétés qui s'occupent aussi de la déshydratation et de la congélation rapide des fruits et légumes. Le contrôle des non-résidents dans cette industrie est évalué à 62.2 p. 100.

Faisant partie de la fabrication des métaux primaires on retrouve les fabricants de fer et d'acier, les fabriques de tubes et tuyaux d'acier, les fonderies de fer, les sociétés s'occupant de fonte et d'affinage, laminage, moulage et refoulage de l'aluminium, laminage, moulage, et refoulage du cuivre et alliages. Vingt-deux grandes sociétés se partagent 90 p. 100 de l'actif global de l'industrie, dont neuf sont dominées par des non-résidents. Ces derniers contrôlent 56.8 p. 100 de l'industrie.

Les sociétés que l'on a groupées sous la rubrique des industries manufacturières diverses s'occupent de la fabrication d'instruments de musique, disques, rubans, fils et

media for recording vocal or instrumental performances; fountain pens and parts; ball-point pens; lead and mechanical pencils; beauty shop and barber shop equipment; models and patterns of all materials; rubber and metal stamps and stencils; and many other small articles, novelties and convenience goods not included in other classes. The sector is 53.5 per cent non-resident controlled.

The other mining category is another residual grouping which includes corporations extracting asbestos, gypsum, salt and other non-metal minerals, quarries and sand pits, and those which provide services incidental to mining such as prospecting, contract drilling and oil well servicing. It is 52.1 per cent non-resident controlled.

Textile mills are 50.8 per cent non-resident controlled. This group includes cotton and wool yarn and cloth mills, synthetic textiles and other primary textile products such as thread, narrow fabrics, cordage, twine, canvas products, rugs and fabric bags. Over half of the assets in this class are owned by eight large corporations, five of which are non-resident controlled.

The balance of the 49 industrial groups used in this section which are dominated by Canadians. The 13 groups not dominated by Canadians account for about one half of all assets of non-resident controlled corporations in Canada. These same 13 classes account for about 20 per cent of all corporate assets reported.

It is notable that the relative importance of non-residents is greatest in mining and manufacturing. All 13 of the sectors dominated by non-residents occurred in one or the other of these two divisions. The trade, finance and utility areas are all heavily dominated by Canadians even though these areas have absorbed significant quantities of foreign capital.

The "other" category, non-reporting corporation under the Act, was very small in all but three of the non-resident dominated sectors and of these, two sectors included federal crown corporations.

autres moyens d'enregistrement vocal ou instrumental; de stylographes et pièces, stylos à billes, crayons de mine et porte-mine; d'équipement de salon ou institut de beauté ou coiffeur; de modèles et patrons en toutes matières; de timbres et stencils en caoutchouc ou métal; et quantité d'autres menus articles non compris dans les autres classes. Les non-résidents dominent ce groupe d'industries dans une proportion de 53.5 p. 100.

Le groupe d'industries que l'on désigne sous le titre autres minéraux n'est ni plus ni moins qu'une catégorie résiduelle rassemblant les sociétés d'exploitation de mines d'amiantes, de gypse, de sel et d'autres mines non métalliques diverses et puis les carrières et sablières. Y sont compris les services miniers tels que la prospection, le forage à forfait pour le pétrole et l'entretien des puits. Le contrôle étranger de cet ensemble d'industries est évalué à 52.1 p. 100.

Enfin, l'industrie des filatures et du tissage est contrôlée par des non-résidents dans une proportion de 50.8 p. 100. Ce groupe comprend une grande variété de sociétés qui s'adonnent aux activités suivantes: filés et tissus de coton, filature de laine, fabrique de tissus et de laine, textiles synthétiques, préparation de fibres, fabrication du fil, cordes et ficelles, tissus étroits, feutre pressé et feutre aéré, tapis et carpettes, teinture et apprêt des textiles, linoléums et tissus enduits, grosse toile, sacs de coton et de jute, textiles divers. Plus de la moitié des actifs dans cette industrie sont la propriété de huit grandes sociétés dont cinq sont dominées par des non-résidents.

Toujours d'après les pourcentages d'actif, on constate que tous les autres groupes d'industries présentés au Tableau X sont dominés par des Canadiens. Les 13 groupes qui ne sont pas dominés par des Canadiens, mais plutôt par des non-résidents, ont des actifs dont la somme représente environ la moitié de l'actif global de toutes les sociétés à appartenance étrangère au Canada. La somme de leurs actifs représentent également environ 20 p. 100 des actifs de toutes les sociétés, sans égard à leur appartenance.

La pénétration de l'investissement étranger dans les secteurs miniers et manufacturiers mérite d'être soulignée. Les 13 groupes d'industries qui sont dominés par des non-résidents font tous partie de l'un ou l'autre de ces deux secteurs. Par contre, les secteurs du commerce, de la finance et des services d'utilité publique sont dans une large mesure dominés par des Canadiens, même si on y retrouve des capitaux étrangers dont le montant est loin d'être négligeable.

Parmi les 13 groupes d'industries dominés par des non-résidents, l'ordre de grandeur des sociétés désignées comme "autres sociétés" était relativement petit sauf pour le cas de trois de ces groupes. Deux de ces derniers, comprenaient des sociétés de la Couronne du gouvernement fédéral.

TABLE X. Assets of Taxable Corporations by Degree of Non-resident Ownership and by Industry, 1966
TABLEAU X. Répartition de l'actif des sociétés imposables selon les branches d'activité et selon le degré d'appartenance à des étrangers, 1966

Industry - Branche d'activité	\$'000,000			
	0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Other - Autres	Total
Agriculture	264.4	23.7	226.5	514.6
Forestry - Exploitation forestière	153.0	37.6	73.7	264.3
Fishing and trapping - Pêche et piégeage	11.4	¹	15.4	26.8
Metal mining - Minéraux métalliques	2,374.8	1,560.2	5.6	3,940.6
Mineral fuels - Minéraux combustibles	925.6	3,176.1	22.1	4,123.8
Other mining - Autres minéraux	685.0	877.9	123.5	1,686.4
Meat product - Produits de la viande	334.0	83.3	9.3	426.6
Dairy products - Produits laitiers	187.0	128.1	22.5	337.6
Fish products - Produits du poisson	148.6	39.0	7.3	194.9
Fruit and vegetable canner - Conserveries de fruits et légumes	112.0	199.1	8.8	319.9
Grain mills - Minoteries	240.5	120.2	22.2	382.9
Bakery products - Boulangeries	280.2	40.1	26.8	347.1
Other food products - Autres aliments	390.4	339.1	15.8	745.3
Soft drinks - Boisson gazeuses	71.0	91.4	21.4	183.8
Distilleries	319.1	65.9	¹	385.0
Breweries - Brasseries	346.4	-	.7	347.1
Wineries - Fabriques de vin	46.8	¹	.5	47.3
Tobacco products - Produits du tabac	73.2	337.8	.3	411.3
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc	27.2	439.8	2.4	469.4
Leather products - Produits du cuir	148.3	44.5	19.7	212.5
Textile mills - Filature et tissage	607.1	663.6	34.7	1,305.4
Knitting mills - Fabriques de tricot	147.9	38.5	16.2	202.6
Clothing - Vêtements	395.7	62.6	103.9	562.2
Wood - Bois	931.3	388.6	108.2	1,428.1
Furniture - Meubles	220.8	46.8	43.9	311.5
Paper and allied industries - Papier et produits connexes	3,242.8	2,218.8	18.9	5,480.5
Printing, publishing, and allied industries - Imprimerie, édition, et activités connexes	647.9	114.0	121.3	883.2
Primary metals - Première transformation des métaux	2,074.5	2,863.4	106.0	5,043.9
Metal fabricating - Produits métalliques	998.1	850.3	172.8	2,021.2
Machinery - Machines	418.2	1,109.1	46.4	1,573.7
Transport equipment - Matériel de transport	431.8	2,502.9	26.8	2,961.5
Electrical products - Appareils électriques	553.0	1,133.4	75.7	1,762.1
Non-metallic minerals - Minéraux non métalliques	668.3	643.5	71.1	1,382.9
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon	11.6	3,778.6	69.6	3,859.8
Chemicals and chemical products - Produits chimiques et produits connexes	182.8	1,857.0	163.8	2,203.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing - Industries manufacturières diverses	247.1	390.5	92.6	730.2
Construction	3,053.3	566.3	730.0	4,349.6
Transportation - Transports	2,177.4	809.5	7,609.8	10,596.7
Storage - Entreposage	269.8	82.3	17.9	370.0
Communication - Communications	452.7	23.0	3,238.6	3,714.3
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique	1,697.5	220.4	48.8	1,966.7
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	4,670.3	2,173.4	894.0	7,737.7
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	3,201.6	1,061.4	1,296.0	5,559.0
Finance, banks, etc. - Finances, banques, etc.	3,695.1	393.3	33,229.5	37,317.9
Credit agencies - Sociétés de crédit	2,901.6	2,371.9	1,623.4	6,896.9
Security dealers - Courtiers en valeurs	1,249.1	33.1	97.8	1,380.0
Investment companies - Sociétés de placements	11,310.0	4,677.1	1,301.2	17,288.3
Insurance and real estate - Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	6,166.1	1,211.5	4,575.1	11,952.7
Services	1,987.9	588.7	1,125.1	3,701.7
Total	61,750.2	40,477.3	57,683.6	159,911.1

¹ Adjusted for inadequate number of respondents. - Chiffre non-publié en raison du trop petit nombre de déclarations.

TABLE XI. Percentage of Total Industry Assets by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1966
TABLEAU XI. Répartition procentuelle de l'actif des sociétés imposables selon le degré d'appartenance
à des non-résidents, par branches d'activité, 1966

Industry - Branche d'activité	Per cent - Pour-cent			
	0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Other - Autres	Total
Agriculture	51.4	4.6	44.0	100.0
Forestry - Exploitation forestière	57.9	14.2	27.9	100.0
Fishing and trapping - Pêche et piégeage	42.5	¹	57.5	100.0
Metal mining - Minéraux métalliques	60.3	39.6	.1	100.0
Mineral fuels - Minéraux combustibles	22.4	77.1	.5	100.0
Other mining - Autres minéraux	40.6	52.1	7.3	100.0
Meat products - Produits de la viande	78.3	19.5	2.2	100.0
Dairy products - Produits laitiers	55.4	37.9	6.7	100.0
Fish products - Produits du poisson	76.3	20.0	3.7	100.0
Fruit and vegetable canners - Conserves de fruits et légumes	35.0	62.2	2.8	100.0
Grain mills - Minoteries	62.8	31.4	5.8	100.0
Bakery products - Boulangeries	80.7	11.6	7.7	100.0
Other food products - Autres aliments	52.4	45.5	2.1	100.0
Soft drinks - Boissons gazeuses	38.6	49.8	11.6	100.0
Distilleries	82.9	17.1	¹	100.0
Breweries - Brasseries	99.8	-	.2	100.0
Wineries - Fabriques de vin	98.9	¹	1.1	100.0
Tobacco products - Produits du tabac	17.8	82.1	.1	100.0
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc	5.8	93.7	.5	100.0
Leather products - Produits du cuir	69.8	20.9	9.3	100.0
Textile mills - Filature et tissage	46.5	50.8	2.7	100.0
Knitting mills - Fabriques de tricot	73.0	19.0	8.0	100.0
Clothing - Vêtements	70.4	11.1	18.5	100.0
Wood - Bois	65.2	27.2	7.6	100.0
Furniture - Meubles	70.9	15.0	14.1	100.0
Paper and allied industries - Papier et produits connexes	59.2	40.5	.3	100.0
Printing, publishing, and allied industries - Imprimerie, édition, et activités connexes	73.4	12.9	13.7	100.0
Primary metals - Première transformation des métaux	41.1	56.8	2.1	100.0
Metal fabricating - Produits métalliques	49.4	42.1	8.5	100.0
Machinery - Machines	26.6	70.5	2.9	100.0
Transport equipment - Matériel de transport	14.6	84.5	.9	100.0
Electrical products - Appareils électriques	31.4	64.3	4.3	100.0
Non-metallic minerals - Minéraux non métalliques	48.4	46.5	5.1	100.0
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon .....	.3	97.9	1.8	100.0
Chemicals and chemical products - Produits chimiques et produits connexes	8.3	84.3	7.4	100.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing - Industries manufacturières diverses	33.8	53.5	12.7	100.0
Construction	70.2	13.0	16.8	100.0
Transportation - Transports	20.6	7.6	71.8	100.0
Storage - Entreposage	73.0	22.2	4.8	100.0
Communication - Communications	12.2	.6	87.2	100.0
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique	86.3	11.2	2.5	100.0
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	60.3	28.1	11.6	100.0
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	57.6	19.1	23.3	100.0
Finance, banks, etc. - Finances, banques, etc.	9.9	1.1	89.0	100.0
Credit agencies - Sociétés de crédit	42.1	34.4	23.5	100.0
Security dealers - Courtiers en valeurs	90.5	2.4	7.1	100.0
Investment companies - Sociétés de placements	65.4	27.1	7.5	100.0
Insurance and real estate - Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	51.6	10.1	38.3	100.0
Services	53.7	15.9	30.4	100.0
Total	38.6	25.3	36.1	100.0

¹ Adjusted for inadequate number of respondents. - Chiffre non-publié en raison du trop petit nombre de déclarations.

Country of Ownership of Majority Interest

The information summarized in the tables shows the ranking of 49 industrial sectors in terms of the proportion of Canadian control. Canadian control has been defined as majority ownership of voting rights by Canadians; percentage of control is the proportion of industry assets owned by Canadian-controlled companies. These definitions are retained to provide a basis for the introduction of additional financial information.

CALURA corporations which are 50 per cent and over non-resident owned are classified by residence of majority shareholders. Areas of residence shown are the United States, the United Kingdom, other western European countries and other countries. As "unspecified" category is a residual item which is primarily composed of corporations held in several countries none having majority ownership, as well as those, the beneficial ownership of which is obscured through trusts, nominees, etc. In the absence of specific information as to residence of beneficial owners, it is not always possible to assign the residence and it is primarily for this reason that this category is employed. Canada is, of course, another category.

In the table "Summary Financial Statistics by Residence of Owners, 1966" assets, equity, sales and profits are tabulated. The industries are ranked in increasing order of Canadian control. (Some reversals occur, but these result from adjustments required to prevent disclosure of data for specific firms rather than from any idiosyncracies in the application of procedures.)

The overall dominance of Canadians is again apparent, from this table with Canadian-controlled firms holding 75 per cent of total assets and making two thirds of total sales. The relative prominence of United States dominated corporations in the non-resident group is also apparent. The United States category shows 16 per cent of assets and 25 per cent of sales. All of the other non-resident areas combined show only 9 per cent of assets and sales. On this basis it may be concluded that residents of the United States account for two thirds to three quarters of all non-resident activity.

Lieu de résidence des actionnaires majoritaires

Tel qu'on l'a vu précédemment, la nature des renseignements résumés aux Tableaux X et XI permet l'énumération par ordre de grandeur de la proportion du contrôle canadien dans les 49 groupes d'industries. Aux fins de la présente partie de ce document on a défini le contrôle canadien comme étant la possession ou propriété majoritaire des titres ayant droit de vote restant entre les mains des Canadiens. Le contrôle proportionnel ou pourcentage de contrôle d'une industrie par des Canadiens, est de son côté déterminé par la proportion de l'actif global de l'industrie en question qui est la propriété de sociétés contrôlées (capital-actions majoritaire) par des Canadiens. Ces définitions ont été retenues dans le rassemblement de données financières supplémentaires comme on le verra dans ce qui suit.

Les sociétés faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers et qui appartiennent à des non-résidents dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 et plus ont été regroupées selon l'endroit de résidence des actionnaires majoritaires. Les lieux de résidence spécifiés sont les États-Unis, le Royaume-Uni, autres pays membres de l'OCDE (Organisation de Coopération et de Développement Économique), et les autres pays. Il faut aussi ajouter à cela une catégorie ou plutôt un lieu non spécifié. Par nécessité, cette dernière catégorie comprend principalement des sociétés dont l'appartenance ultime est voilée par le fait que des fiduciaires, des actionnaires désignés, etc. sont utilisés nominalement; on ne dispose pas toujours de renseignements précis sur le lieu de résidence des propriétaires réels ou actionnaires bénéficiaires. Enfin, le Canada évidemment, constitue une dernière catégorie.

Au Tableau XII, "Statistiques financières avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1966," on trouve également les données sur l'actif, la valeur nette, les ventes et les profits. Les industries sont énumérées selon l'ordre croissant de contrôle canadien. Par nécessité plutôt que par caprice on a dû remanier certaines données afin de ne pas révéler des renseignements confidentiels pertinents à l'égard de certaines sociétés.

Les chiffres inscrits à la ligne désignée "Total" font ressortir la domination des Canadiens; en 1966 les sociétés contrôlées par ces derniers possédaient 75 p. 100 de tous les actifs et leurs ventes représentaient les deux tiers de l'ensemble. On remarque aussi que pour ce qui est des groupes dominés par des non-résidents, il s'agit dans une large mesure des sociétés des États-Unis. En effet celles-ci, ainsi que le tableau l'indique, possèdent 16 p. 100 de l'actif global et font 25 p. 100 des ventes. Le contrôle de l'ensemble de tous les autres pays se traduit par un pourcentage de 9 p. 100 seulement de l'actif et des ventes. Ce qui veut dire qu'au fond ce sont les États-Unis qui sont en tête de l'activité étrangère au Canada; ils sont responsables pour au moins les deux tiers sinon les trois quarts de toute cette activité.

Again, using per cent of assets, as an approximation of control, the figures reveal that residents of the United States dominate eight of the thirteen non-resident dominated sectors. These are:

- Petroleum and coal products
- Rubber products
- Transportation equipment
- Chemicals and chemical products
- Mineral fuels
- Machinery
- Electrical products
- Fruit and vegetable processing

Total assets of the United States controlled corporations in these eight sectors account for about half of the total assets of United States dominated companies operating in Canada. Other areas of extensive United States interest include:

- Paper and allied industries
- Metal mining
- Credit agencies
- Wholesale trade
- Investment companies

In each of these 5 sectors under Canadian domination, assets of United States controlled companies exceeded one billion dollars.

In the previous section, it was noted that there were thirteen industry groups that were dominated by non-residents, in eight of these groups residents of the United States held a majority. For tobacco products, the principal area of control is unspecified. In miscellaneous manufacturing, primary metals, other mining and textile mills, no one country shows majority control, and in the latter three, Canadians have the largest minority interest.

Le Tableau XII, qui se sert du pourcentage de l'actif comme mesure approximative du contrôle des industries, montre que ce dernier était entre les mains de résidents des États-Unis dans le cas de huit groupes d'industries, à savoir:

- Produits du pétrole et du charbon
- Produits du caoutchouc
- Matériel de transport
- Produits chimiques et produits connexes
- Combustibles minéraux
- Industrie de la machinerie
- Industrie des appareils et du matériel électriques
- Conserves et préparations de fruits et de légumes

Le montant de l'actif des sociétés contrôlées par des sociétés américaines pour ces huit secteurs constitue environ la moitié de l'actif de toutes les sociétés au Canada contrôlées par des sociétés américaines. Le capital américain se retrouve aussi en grande quantité dans les industries suivantes:

- Papier et produits connexes
- Minéraux métalliques
- Sociétés de crédit
- Commerce de gros
- Sociétés de placement.

Pour illustrer l'importance de l'investissement étranger provenant des États-Unis, il suffit de noter que dans chacun de ces cinq secteurs qui sont d'ailleurs dominés par des Canadiens, l'actif des sociétés contrôlées par des sociétés américaines dépassait le milliard de dollars.

Il est bon de se rappeler que d'après le Tableau X, il y avait treize groupes d'industries dans lesquels les Canadiens détenaient des intérêts minoritaires. La contrepartie, c'est-à-dire l'intérêt majoritaire, provenait des États-Unis pour ce qui est de huit des treize groupes. Les cinq autres groupes avaient les caractéristiques suivantes, l'origine principale du contrôle de l'industrie du tabac n'est pas spécifiée. Pour ce qui est des industries de la fabrication des métaux primaires des industries manufacturières diverses, des autres minéraux et de la filature et du tissage, aucun pays n'en avait le contrôle majoritaire. Le Canada cependant, détenait l'intérêt minoritaire le plus considérable dans trois de ces quatre industries, l'exception étant l'industrie des fabrications diverses.

TABLE XII. Summary of Financial Statistics by Country in which Control is Held, 1966

TABLEAU XII. Statistiques financières avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1966

Industry - Branche d'activité	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Ratios			
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	Assets/ equity	Sales/ assets	Profits/ sales	Profits/ equity
									Actif/ avoir	Ventes/ actif	Bénéfices/ ventes	Bénéfice/ avoir
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon:												
United States - États-Unis.....	2,738.5	71	1,817.6	69	2,390.7	76	240.4	80	1.51	.87	.10	.13
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni.....	99.2	3	27.8	1	52.4	2	.2	—	3.57	.53	.04	.07
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.....	940.8	24	758.6	29	613.2	20	56.6	19	1.24	.65	.09	.08
Other countries - Autres pays.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	.1	—	—	—	.1	—	.1	—	—	—	—	—
Canada.....	81.2	2	25.3	1	68.5	2	2.5	1	3.21	.84	.04	.10
Total.....	3,859.8	100	2,629.4	100	3,124.9	100	299.8	100	1.47	.81	.10	.11
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc:												
United States - États-Unis.....	403.6	86	201.1	90	556.0	85	37.9	91	2.01	1.38	.06	.19
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	36.2	8	9.2	4	45.9	7	.3	—	3.93	1.27	—	—
Canada.....	29.6	6	12.9	6	50.0	8	4.0	9	2.29	1.69	.08	.31
Total.....	469.4	100	233.2	100	651.9	100	41.6	100	2.10	1.39	.06	.19
Transportation equipment - Matériel de transport:												
United States - États-Unis.....	2,023.6	68	783.8	67	3,795.4	82	162.9	82	2.58	1.88	.43	.21
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni.....	458.7	16	194.3	17	290.3	6	2.8	1	2.36	.63	.10	.14
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	20.6	—	7.5	—	21.7	—	2.0	1	3.64	1.05	.09	.03
Canada.....	458.6	16	184.6	16	566.2	12	32.7	16	2.48	1.23	.06	.02
Total.....	2,961.5	100	1,170.2	100	4,673.6	100	200.4	100	2.53	1.58	.43	.17
Chemicals and chemical products - Produits chimiques et produits connexes:												
United States - États-Unis.....	1,302.4	59	792.1	63	1,454.0	59	163.1	71	1.64	1.12	.11	.21
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni.....	430.5	20	222.3	18	458.7	19	35.2	16	1.94	1.07	.08	.16
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.....	76.7	3	35.7	3	78.8	3	9.3	4	2.15	1.03	.12	.26
Other countries - Autres pays.....	11.4	—	7.8	—	19.9	1	.3	—	1.46	1.75	.15	.04
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	36.0	2	10.2	1	17.4	1	1.0	—	3.53	.48	.06	.10
Canada.....	346.6	16	188.2	15	431.4	17	19.5	9	1.84	1.24	.05	.10
Total.....	2,203.6	100	1,256.3	100	2,460.2	100	228.4	100	1.75	1.12	.09	.18
Tobacco products - Produits du tabac:												
United States - États-Unis.....	60.2	15	41.5	17	114.2	25	5.4	13	1.45	1.90	.05	.13
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	277.6	67	144.2	61	259.8	56	25.9	62	1.93	.94	.10	.18
Canada.....	73.5	18	51.6	22	90.7	19	10.6	25	1.42	1.23	.12	.21
Total.....	411.3	100	237.3	100	464.7	100	41.9	100	1.73	1.13	.09	.18
Mineral fuels - Minéraux combustibles:												
United States - États-Unis.....	2,559.3	62	1,674.8	64	739.2	73	126.4	64	1.53	.29	.17	.08
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni.....	162.7	4	60.9	2	25.7	3	3.5	2	2.67	.16	.14	.06
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.....	163.1	4	82.5	3	27.1	3	11.1	5	1.98	.17	.41	.13
Other countries - Autres pays.....	11.0	—	9.4	—	2.3	—	.9	—	—	1.17	.21	.39
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	280.0	7	181.8	7	43.0	4	7.5	3	1.54	.15	.17	.10
Canada.....	947.7	23	611.9	24	174.8	17	48.7	26	1.55	.18	.29	.08
Total.....	4,123.8	100	2,621.3	100	1,012.1	100	198.1	100	1.57	.25	.20	.08
Machinery - Machines:												
United States - États-Unis.....	989.4	63	498.6	70	1,320.9	61	123.0	76	1.98	1.34	.09	.25
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni.....	54.5	3	15.9	2	67.3	3	.3	—	3.43	1.23	.01	.19
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.....	47.9	3	14.1	2	48.0	2	1.1	1	3.40	1.00	.02	.08
Other countries - Autres pays.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	17.3	1	8.3	1	20.8	1	1.0	1	2.08	1.20	.05	.12
Canada.....	464.6	30	179.6	25	707.2	33	36.2	22	2.59	1.52	.05	.20
Total.....	1,573.7	100	716.5	100	2,164.2	100	161.6	100	2.20	1.38	.08	.23

See footnote(s) at end of table. - Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE XII. Summary of Financial Statistics by Country in which Control is Held, 1966 - Continued

TABLEAU XII. Statistiques financières avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1966 - suite

Industry - Branche d'activité	Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Ratios			
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	Assets/ equity	Sales/ assets	Profits/ sales	Profits/ equity
									Actif/ avoir	Ventes/ actif	Bénéfices/ ventes	Bénéfices/ avoir
Electrical products - Appareils électriques:												
United States - États-Unis	1,035.9	59	541.9	62	1,492.4	57	111.3	68	1.91	1.44	.08	.21
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	64.2	4	24.8	3	99.6	4	8.9	5	2.59	1.55	.09	.36
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	20.9	1	11.7	1	33.9	1	4.1	3	1.79	1.62	.12	.04
Other countries - Autres pays.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	12.4	—	4.0	1	22.2	—	1.5	1	3.16	1.79	.07	.38
Canada	628.7	36	2.85	33	957.6	38	37.8	23	2.21	1.52	.04	.13
Total.....	1,762.1	100	867.4	100	2,605.7	100	163.6	100	2.03	1.48	.06	.19
Fruit and vegetable canners - Con- serveries de fruits et légumes:												
United States - États-Unis	186.2	58	112.9	71	252.3	57	14.7	72	1.65	1.35	.06	.13
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	12.2	4	3.8	2	15.4	4	.5	3	3.21	1.26	.03	.13
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié .....	.7	—	.4	—	1.0	—	—	—	1.75	1.43	—	—
Canada	120.8	38	42.5	27	170.7	39	5.1	25	2.84	1.41	.03	.12
Total.....	319.9	100	159.6	100	439.4	100	20.3	100	2.00	1.37	.05	.13
Primary metal manufacturing - Fab- rication des métaux primaires:												
United States - États-Unis	397.7	8	223.1	8	359.0	10	22.4	5	1.78	.90	.06	.10
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	526.8	11	266.3	9	427.6	13	16.7	3	1.98	.81	.04	.06
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	58.9	1	24.0	1	59.1	2	2.0	—	2.45	1.00	.03	.08
Other countries - Autres pays.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	1,890.0	37	1,124.0	40	935.1	27	251.7	49	1.67	.50	.27	.22
Canada	2,180.5	43	1,199.9	42	1,646.1	48	223.1	43	1.82	.75	.14	.19
Total.....	5,043.9	100	2,837.3	100	3,427.1	100	515.9	100	1.78	.68	.15	.19
Miscellaneous manufacturing - In- dustries manufacturières diver- ses:												
United States - États-Unis	360.9	49	174.5	54	453.8	46	45.2	68	2.07	1.26	.10	.26
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	12.1	2	3.7	1	12.4	1	.7	1	3.27	1.02	.06	.19
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	3.2	—	1.6	—	3.3	—	.1	—	1.88	1.03	.30	.06
Other countries - Autres pays.....	4.0	1	2.5	1	7.3	1	.8	1	1.60	1.83	.11	.03
Unspecified - Non spécifié	10.3	1	5.0	2	15.1	2	.7	1	2.06	1.47	.05	.14
Canada	339.7	47	133.0	42	503.9	50	19.4	29	2.55	1.48	.04	.15
Total.....	730.2	100	320.3	100	995.8	100	66.9	100	2.28	1.36	.07	.21
Other mining - Autres minéraux:												
United States - États-Unis	613.9	36	386.4	37	290.0	40	68.7	69	1.59	.47	.24	.18
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	67.3	4	25.8	3	9.2	1	1.5	2	2.61	.14	.16	.06
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	39.6	2	10.9	1	7.8	1	.3	—	3.63	.20	.04	.03
Other countries - Autres pays.....	16.0	1	10.8	1	8.9	1	.6	—	1.48	.06	.07	.06
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	141.1	8	109.3	11	46.0	6	10.8	11	1.29	.33	.23	.10
Canada	808.5	48	490.6	47	366.8	51	17.6	18	1.65	.45	.05	.04
Total.....	1,686.4	100	1,033.8	100	728.7	100	99.5	100	1.63	.43	.14	.10
Textile mills - Filature et tissage:												
United States - États-Unis	537.7	41	279.3	42	490.6	34	55.3	60	1.93	.91	.11	.20
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	106.8	9	51.0	8	79.9	6	.9	1	2.09	.75	.11	.18
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	3.9	—	2.0	—	8.0	—	.3	—	1.95	2.05	.04	.15
Other countries - Autres pays.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	15.2	1	5.2	1	30.6	2	.6	1	2.92	2.01	.02	.12
Canada	641.8	49	321.3	49	827.3	58	34.6	38	2.00	1.29	.04	.11
Total.....	1,305.4	100	658.8	100	1,436.4	100	91.7	100	1.98	1.10	.06	.14
Soft drinks - Boissons gazeuses:												
United States - États-Unis	88.0	48	60.6	57	110.9	43	16.7	64	1.45	1.26	.15	.28
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays.....	3.4	—	.6	—	3.4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié.....	92.4	2	45.3	43	144.1	56	9.4	36	2.04	1.56	.07	.21
Canada	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total.....	183.8	100	106.5	100	257.4	100	26.1	100	1.73	1.40	.10	.25

See footnote(s) at end of table. - Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE XII. Summary of Financial Statistics by Country in which Control is Held, 1966 - Continued

TABLEAU XII. Statistiques financières avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1966 - suite

Industry - Branche d'activité	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Ratios			
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	Assets/ equity	Sales/ assets	Profits/ sales	Profits/ equity
									Actif/ Avoir	Ventes/ Actif	Bénéfices/ Ventes	Bénéfices/ Avoir
Non-metallic mineral products - Produits minéraux non métalliques:												
United States - États-Unis	201.2	15	143.6	21	250.3	20	33.0	29	1.40	1.24	.13	.22
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	95.0	7	41.8	6	58.1	5	5.8	5	2.27	.61	.10	.14
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	171.0	12	70.0	10	86.3	7	4.1	4	2.44	.51	.48	.06
Other countries - Autres pays	2.9	-	.2	-	4.1	-	- 3	-	1.45	1.41	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	173.4	13	95.1	13	62.7	5	11.8	10	1.82	.36	.19	.12
Canada	739.4	53	346.2	50	765.3	63	60.0	52	2.14	1.04	.78	.17
Total	1,382.9	100	696.9	100	1,226.8	100	114.4	100	1.98	.89	.09	.16
Credit agencies - Sociétés de crédit:												
United States - États-Unis	2,165.1	31	172.6	25	173.0	28	31.1	36	12.50	.08	.18	.18
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	98.4	1	13.7	2	8.3	1	-1.6	-	7.18	.08	-	-
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	108.5	2	14.1	2	9.1	1	.6	-	7.70	.08	.07	.04
Other countries - Autres pays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Canada	4,524.9	66	501.5	71	441.9	70	55.6	64	9.02	.10	.13	.11
Total	6,896.9	100	701.9	100	632.3	100	85.7	100	9.83	.09	.14	.12
Grain mills - Minoteries:												
United States - États-Unis	118.7	31	65.6	35	264.6	36	16.3	50	1.81	2.22	.06	.25
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Other countries - Autres pays	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	1.5	-	.4	-	.8	-	-	-	3.75	.53	-	-
Canada	262.7	69	122.5	65	469.4	64	16.1	50	2.14	1.79	.03	.13
Total	382.9	100	188.5	100	734.8	100	32.4	100	2.03	1.92	.04	.17
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros:												
United States - États-Unis	1,284.7	17	430.3	16	3,442.1	19	128.3	25	2.98	2.68	.04	.30
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	457.3	6	66.4	2	670.2	4	15.7	3	6.88	1.47	.02	.24
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	187.1	2	45.2	2	277.9	1	11.5	2	3.70	1.66	.04	.25
Other countries - Autres pays	106.5	1	20.8	1	253.2	1	2.7	1	5.12	2.38	.01	.13
Unspecified - Non spécifié	157.8	2	38.7	1	461.5	3	9.4	2	4.08	2.92	.02	.24
Canada	5,564.3	72	2,121.1	78	13,317.5	72	337.1	67	2.62	2.39	.03	.16
Total	7,737.7	100	2,722.5	100	10,422.4	100	504.7	100	2.84	2.38	.03	.19
Wood - Bois:												
United States - États-Unis	279.4	20	137.7	24	274.0	18	8.0	15	2.03	.98	.03	.06
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	9.3	-	3.3	1	10.6	1	.7	1	2.82	1.17	.07	.21
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Other countries - Autres pays	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	99.9	7	5.9	1	39.1	2	- 3.3	- 6	1.69	.39	-	-
Canada	1,039.5	73	422.2	74	1,224.6	79	49.2	90	2.46	1.18	.04	.12
Total	1,428.1	100	569.1	100	1,548.3	100	54.6	100	2.51	1.08	.04	.10
Investment companies - Sociétés de placement:												
United States - États-Unis	1,281.4	7	797.4	7	84.8	8	43.5	6	1.61	.07	.51	.05
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	1,030.7	6	740.1	6	31.5	3	25.5	4	1.39	.03	.81	.03
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	945.5	6	797.3	6	33.7	3	24.5	4	1.19	.04	.73	.03
Other countries - Autres pays	241.7	1	99.7	1	13.5	1	10.3	1	2.42	.06	.76	.10
Unspecified - Non spécifié	1,177.8	7	901.7	7	93.3	9	79.7	12	1.31	.08	.85	.09
Canada	12,611.2	73	8,964.2	73	777.1	76	504.4	73	1.15	.06	.65	.06
Total	17,288.3	100	12,300.4	100	1,033.9	100	687.9	100	1.41	.06	.67	.06
Storage - Entreposage:												
United States - États-Unis	77.1	21	51.8	36	36.9	24	7.3	44	2.57	.41	.20	.14
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Other countries - Autres pays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	5.2	1	1.0	-	1.8	1	1.1	-	5.20	.35	.06	.10
Canada	287.7	78	91.0	64	113.2	75	9.3	56	3.16	.39	.08	.10
Total	370.0	100	143.8	100	151.9	100	16.7	100	2.57	.41	.11	.12

See footnote(s) at end of table. - Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE XII. Summary of Financial Statistics by Country in which Control is Held, 1966 - Continued

TABLEAU XII. Statistiques financières avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1966 - suite

Industry - Branche d'activité	Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Ratios			
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	Assets/ equity	Sales/ assets	Profits/ sales	Profits/ equity
									Actif/ avoir	Ventes/ actif	Bénéfices/ ventes	Bénéfices/ avoir
Leather products - Produits du cuir:												
United States - États-Unis	40.0	19	16.6	20	60.7	16	3.5	30	2.41	1.52	.06	.21
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	4.5	2	2.1	2	7.6	2	.3	2	2.14	1.69	.04	.14
Unspecified - Non spécifié	168.0	79	64.5	78	307.7	82	8.0	68	2.60	1.83	.03	.12
Canada												
Total	212.5	100	83.2	100	376.9	100	11.8	100	2.55	1.77	.03	.14
Fish products - Produits du poisson:												
United States - États-Unis	24.0	12	11.6	15	45.8	15	1.2	13	2.07	1.91	.03	.10
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	15.0	8	4.6	6	19.2	7	.1	1	3.26	1.28	.05	.21
Canada	155.9	80	60.1	79	235.7	78	8.0	86	2.59	1.51	.03	.13
Total	194.9	100	76.3	100	300.7	100	9.3	100	2.55	1.54	.03	.12
Meat products - Produits la viande:												
United States - États-Unis	73.2	17	40.2	19	303.2	15	7.5	20	1.82	4.10	.03	.19
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	7.4	2	2.5	1	32.5	2	1.2	3	2.96	4.40	.04	.48
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	2.7	1	8	—	5.4	—	.3	1	3.38	2.00	.06	.38
Canada	343.3	80	175.1	80	1,633.6	83	28.3	76	1.96	4.80	.02	.16
Total	426.6	100	218.6	100	1,974.7	100	37.3	100	1.95	4.60	.02	.17
Retail trade - Commerce de détail:												
United States - États-Unis	800.3	15	463.0	20	2,001.7	14	102.4	26	1.73	2.50	.05	.22
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	229.2	4	160.3	7	440.9	3	17.6	5	1.43	1.92	.04	.11
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	10.9	—	1.9	—	19.9	—	.1	—	5.73	1.83	.01	.05
Other countries - Autres pays	3.6	—	.2	—	5.5	—	.2	—	18.00	1.53	.04	1.00
Unspecified - Non spécifié	17.4	—	9.6	—	48.8	—	1.3	—	1.81	2.80	.03	.14
Canada	4,497.6	81	1,738.3	73	11,765.4	83	269.7	69	2.59	2.62	.02	.16
Total	5,559.0	100	2,373.3	100	14,282.2	100	391.3	100	2.34	2.57	.03	.16
Knitting Mills - Fabriques de tricot:												
United States - États-Unis	32.8	16	16.0	17	42.5	14	4.1	32	2.05	1.30	.10	.26
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	5.7	3	2.6	3	11.7	4	.3	2	2.19	2.05	.03	.12
Canada	164.1	81	75.0	80	249.8	82	8.6	66	2.19	1.52	.03	.11
Total	202.6	100	93.6	100	304.0	100	13.0	100	2.16	1.50	.04	.14
Distilleries:												
United States - États-Unis	52.1	13	27.6	15	29.6	8	7.2	7	1.89	.57	.24	.26
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	332.9	87	165.7	85	340.6	92	95.7	93	2.01	1.02	.28	.58
Total	385.0	100	193.3	100	370.2	100	102.9	100	1.99	.96	.28	.53
Services:												
United States - États-Unis	383.6	10	172.4	14	381.2	11	40.9	19	2.23	.99	.11	.24
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	70.1	2	20.7	2	35.2	1	5.7	2	3.39	.50	.16	.28
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	30.2	1	4.5	—	16.6	—	.4	—	6.71	.55	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	6.2	—	.3	—	3.2	—	.5	—	20.67	.52	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	98.6	3	47.2	4	44.2	2	4.1	2	2.09	.45	.09	.09
Canada	3,113.0	84	968.2	80	3,037.2	86	169.4	77	3.22	.98	.06	.17
Total	3,701.7	100	1,213.3	100	3,517.6	100	219.2	100	3.05	.95	.06	.18

See footnote(s) at end of table. - Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE XII. Summary of Financial Statistics by Country in which Control is Held, 1966 - Continued

TABLEAU XII. Statistiques financières avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1966 - suite

Industry - Branche d'activité	Assets		Equity		Sales		Profits		Ratios			
	Actif		Avoir		Ventes		Bénéfices		Assets/ equity	Sales/ assets	Profits/ sales	Profits/ equity
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	Actif/ avoir	Ventes/ avoir	Bénéfices/ ventes	Bénéfices/ avoir
Furniture - Meubles:												
United States - États-Unis	42.7	14	26.8	19	55.3	11	5.5	25	1.59	1.30	.10	.21
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	1.4	—	.4	—	2.3	1	.1	—	3.50	1.64	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	2.7	1	.8	1	5.2	1	.2	1	3.38	1.93	.04	.25
Canada	264.7	85	109.8	80	434.6	87	16.1	74	2.41	1.64	.04	.15
Total	311.5	100	137.8	100	497.4	100	21.7	100	2.26	1.60	.04	.16
Forestry - Exploitation forestière:												
United States - États-Unis	37.0	14	25.6	23	34.6	10	2.6	19	1.45	.94	.08	.10
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié .....	.6	—	.2	—	.9	1	—	—	3.00	1.50	—	—
Canada	226.7	86	84.5	77	297.0	89	10.8	81	2.68	1.31	.04	.13
Total	264.3	100	110.3	100	332.5	100	13.4	100	2.40	1.26	.04	.12
Construction:												
United States - États-Unis	360.1	8	78.5	8	748.3	10	25.2	10	4.59	2.08	.03	.32
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	156.1	4	16.6	2	108.5	2	2.7	1	9.40	.70	.02	.16
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	24.8	1	3.1	—	15.6	—	.7	—	8.00	.63	.04	.23
Other countries - Autres pays	13.6	—	4.9	—	22.0	—	.2	—	2.78	1.62	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	11.7	—	3.2	—	19.7	—	1.3	—	3.66	1.68	.07	.41
Canada	3,783.3	87	924.5	90	6,474.1	88	219.8	89	4.09	1.71	.03	.24
Total	4,349.6	100	1,030.8	100	7,388.2	100	249.5	100	4.22	1.70	.03	.24
Printing and publishing - Imprime- rie et édition:												
United States - États-Unis	65.3	7	34.5	7	87.4	8	10.8	11	1.89	1.34	.12	.31
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	48.0	5	28.9	6	47.3	4	3.6	4	1.66	1.01	.08	.12
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	769.9	88	431.5	87	1,024.8	88	86.0	85	1.78	1.33	.08	.20
Total	883.2	100	494.9	100	1,159.5	100	100.4	100	2.05	1.31	.09	.20
Bakery products - Boulangeries:												
United States - États-Unis	28.9	8	17.3	10	54.6	10	5.9	17	1.67	1.89	.11	.34
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	11.2	3	6.0	3	16.6	3	.9	3	1.87	1.48	.05	.15
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	307.0	89	149.5	87	477.4	87	28.0	80	2.05	1.56	.06	.19
Total	347.1	100	172.8	100	548.6	100	34.8	100	2.01	1.58	.06	.20
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique:												
United States - États-Unis	70.0	4	31.0	4	68.0	11	6.2	6	2.26	.97	.09	.20
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	150.4	8	64.6	8	44.8	7	9.2	9	2.33	.30	.21	.14
Canada	1,746.3	88	747.6	88	524.4	82	91.0	85	2.34	.30	.17	.12
Total	1,966.7	100	843.2	100	637.2	100	106.4	100	2.33	.32	.17	.13
Clothing - Vêtements:												
United States - États-Unis	51.1	9	27.9	12	81.7	7	5.8	22	1.83	1.60	.07	.21
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	11.5	2	6.0	3	12.0	1	1.0	4	1.92	1.04	.08	.17
Canada	499.6	89	193.7	85	1,022.8	92	19.9	74	2.58	2.05	.02	.10
Total	562.2	100	227.6	100	1,116.5	100	26.7	100	2.47	1.99	.02	.12

See footnote(s) at end of table. - Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE XII. Summary of Financial Statistics by Country in which Control is Held, 1966 - Continued
TABLEAU XII. Statistiques financières avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1966 - suite

Industry - Branche d'activité	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Ratios			
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	Assets/ equity - Actif/ avoir	Sales/ assets - Ventes/ actif	Profits/ Sales - Bénéfices/ ventes	Profits/ equity - Bénéfices/ avoir
Insurance and real estate - Assureurs et agents d'immeuble:												
United States - États-Unis	344.9	3	84.4	2	55.8	2	9.1	2	4.09	.16	.16	.11
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	418.5	4	148.4	4	48.1	2	11.7	2	2.82	.11	.24	.03
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	155.1	1	14.2	1	25.2	1	.8	-	10.92	.16	.03	.06
Other countries - Autres pays	62.5	-	11.9	-	9.3	-	.2	-	5.25	.15	.02	.02
Unspecified - Non spécifié	230.5	2	41.6	1	32.5	1	5.3	1	5.54	.14	.16	.13
Canada	10,741.2	90	3,456.9	92	2,893.9	94	512.2	95	3.11	.27	.18	.15
Total	11,952.7	100	3,757.4	100	3,064.8	100	539.3	100	3.18	.26	.18	.14
Transportation - Transports:												
United States - États-Unis	378.2	4	123.1	3	156.8	4	28.1	9	3.07	.41	.18	.23
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	41.2	1	8.7	-	71.8	2	3.9	1	4.74	1.74	.05	.45
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	8.7	-	1.3	-	4.7	-	.3	-	6.69	.54	.06	.23
Other countries - Autres pays	14.2	-	11.5	-	10.1	-	.3	-	1.23	.71	.03	.03
Unspecified - Non spécifié	367.2	3	118.2	3	166.3	4	15.7	5	3.11	.45	.09	.09
Canada	9,787.2	92	4,413.7	94	4,003.7	90	277.7	85	2.22	.41	.07	.06
Total	10,596.7	100	4,676.5	100	4,413.4	100	326.0	100	2.27	.42	.07	.07
Agriculture:												
United States - États-Unis	9.4	2	4.1	2	9.0	3	.5	3	2.29	.96	.06	.12
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	2.8	1	.6	-	.7	-	-	-	4.67	.25	-	-
Other countries - Autres pays	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	11.5	2	5.1	3	5.3	1	1.0	6	2.25	.46	.19	.19
Canada	490.9	95	159.1	95	339.4	96	15.4	91	3.09	.69	.05	.10
Total	514.6	100	168.9	100	354.2	100	16.9	100	3.05	.69	.05	.10
Security dealers - Courtiers en valeurs:												
United States - États-Unis	10.8	1	2.3	1	17.0	7	-	-	4.70	1.57	-	-
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	20.2	2	2.0	1	2.5	1	-	-	10.10	.12	-	-
Other countries - Autres pays	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	2.1	-	.1	-	.2	-	.3	1	21.00	.10	1.50	3.00
Canada	1,946.9	97	148.0	98	223.2	92	35.8	99	9.10	.17	.16	.24
Total	1,380.0	100	152.4	100	242.9	100	36.1	100	9.06	.18	.15	.24
Finance, banks, etc. - Finances, banques, etc.:												
United States - États-Unis	159.1	-	15.7	1	11.8	1	1.9	1	10.13	.07	.16	.12
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	23.2	-	1.8	-	2.0	-	.4	-	12.89	.09	.20	.22
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	6.8	-	1.6	-	.7	-	.2	-	4.25	.10	.29	.13
Other countries - Autres pays	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	204.2	1	49.4	2	17.6	1	3.7	1	4.13	.09	.21	.07
Canada	36,924.6	99	2,088.2	97	2,169.9	98	280.5	98	17.68	.06	.13	.13
Total	37,317.9	100	2,156.7	100	2,202.0	100	286.7	100	17.30	.06	.13	.13
Communication - Communications:												
United States - États-Unis	89.5	2	36.4	2	24.4	2	7.3	2	2.46	.27	.30	.20
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other countries - Autres pays	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	3,624.8	98	1,875.9	98	1,101.1	98	293.7	98	1.94	.30	.27	.16
Canada	3,624.8	98	1,875.9	98	1,101.1	98	293.7	98	1.94	.30	.27	.16
Total	3,714.3	100	1,912.3	100	1,125.5	100	301.0	100	1.94	.30	.30	.16
Breweries - Brasseries:												
United States - États-Unis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other countries - Autres pays	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified - Non spécifié	347.1	100	194.1	100	247.9	100	37.4	100	1.79	.71	.15	.19
Canada	347.1	100	194.1	100	247.9	100	37.4	100	1.79	.71	.15	.19
Total	347.1	100	194.1	100	247.9	100	37.4	100	1.79	.71	.15	.19

See footnote(s) at end of table. - Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE XII. Summary of Financial Statistics by Country in which Control is Held, 1966 - Concluded

TABLEAU XII. Statistiques financières avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1966 - fin

Industry - Branche d'activité ^a	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Ratios			
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	Assets/ equity	Sales/ assets	Profits/ sales	Profits/ equity
									Actif/ avoir	Ventes/ actif	Bénéfices/ ventes	Bénéfices/ avoir
Wineries - Fabriques de vin:												
United States - États-Unis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	47.3	100	31.1	100	25.8	100	4.0	100	1.52	.55	.16	.13
Total	47.3	100	31.1	100	25.8	100	4.0	100	1.52	.55	.16	.13
Fishing and trapping - Pêche et piégeage:												
United States - États-Unis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canada	26.8	100	9.0	100	24.8	100	.7	100	2.98	.94	.03	.08
Total	26.8	100	9.0	100	24.8	100	.7	100	2.98	.94	.03	.08
Total:												
United States - États-Unis	25,813.4	16	12,535.6	21	25,779.9	25	2,073.7	27	2.06	1.00	.08	.17
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	5,419.7	3	2,514.7	4	3,649.6	4	211.3	3	2.16	.67	.06	.08
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	3,185.8	2	1,946.2	3	1,538.1	2	136.2	2	1.64	.48	.09	.07
Other countries - Autres pays	589.3	1	232.4	1	421.6	—	17.8	—	2.54	.72	.04	.08
Unspecified - Non spécifié	5,469.5	3	3,094.5	5	2,585.9	3	469.7	6	1.77	.47	.18	.15
Canada	119,433.4	75	39,047.6	66	68,199.4	66	4,758.3	62	3.06	.57	.07	.12
Total	159,911.1	100	59,371.0	100	102,174.5	100	7,667.0	100	2.69	.64	.08	.13
Other food products - Autres ali- ments:												
United States - États-Unis	208.6	28	114.7	29	357.8	34	30.0	33	1.82	1.72	.08	.26
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	99.4	13	59.6	15	120.8	12	11.6	13	1.67	1.22	.10	.19
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	31.1	4	10.1	2	45.1	4	2.0	2	3.08	1.45	.04	.20
Canada	406.2	55	216.3	54	526.7	50	47.5	52	1.88	1.30	.09	.22
Total	745.3	100	400.7	100	1,050.4	100	91.1	100	1.86	1.41	.09	.23
Metal fabricating - Produits métal- liques:												
United States - États-Unis	718.8	36	371.3	40	962.4	35	79.0	42	1.94	1.34	.08	.21
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	69.8	3	30.4	3	85.2	3	5.5	3	2.30	1.22	.07	.18
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	19.1	1	9.4	1	23.5	1	2.2	1	2.03	1.23	.09	.23
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	42.6	2	25.4	3	60.2	2	5.4	3	1.68	1.41	.09	.21
Canada	1,170.9	58	481.9	53	1,634.4	60	97.7	51	2.43	1.40	.06	.21
Total	2,021.2	100	918.4	100	2,765.7	100	189.8	100	2.20	1.37	.07	.21
Paper and allied industries - Papier et produits connexes:												
United States - États-Unis	1,743.2	32	992.3	34	1,107.2	33	172.2	40	1.76	.64	.16	.17
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	374.0	7	193.9	7	220.3	7	20.6	5	1.93	.59	.09	.11
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	63.1	1	5.3	—	52.5	1	1.5	—	11.91	.83	.03	.28
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	38.5	—	12.1	—	63.1	2	10.1	2	3.18	1.64	.16	.84
Canada	3,261.7	60	1,717.4	59	1,907.2	57	230.6	53	1.90	.58	.12	.13
Total	5,480.5	100	2,921.0	100	3,350.3	100	435.0	100	1.88	.61	.13	.15
Metal mining - Minéraux métalli- ques:												
United States - États-Unis	1,266.7	32	339.7	14	472.1	32	39.5	10	3.73	.37	.08	.12
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	65.1	2	31.9	1	12.9	1	2.4	1	2.04	.20	.19	.08
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	228.4	6	181.5	7	80.5	6	22.5	6	1.26	.35	.28	.12
Canada	2,380.4	60	1,905.5	78	887.8	61	319.3	83	1.25	.37	.36	.17
Total	3,940.6	100	2,458.6	100	1,453.3	100	383.7	100	1.60	.37	.26	.16
Dairy products - Produits laitiers:												
United States - États-Unis	118.2	35	75.4	41	265.9	31	16.4	56	1.57	2.25	.06	.22
United Kingdom - Royaume-Uni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other OECD - Autres O.C.D.E.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other countries - Autres pays	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unspecified - Non spécifié	9.9	3	3.7	2	19.7	2	.4	1	2.68	1.99	.02	.11
Canada	209.5	62	104.8	57	569.1	67	12.6	43	2.00	2.72	.02	.12
Total	337.6	100	183.9	100	854.7	100	29.4	100	1.84	2.53	.03	.16

^a Included in "unspecified" group. - Compris dans le groupe "non spécifié".^b Included in "Canada" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Canada".

Financial Ratios

Four financial ratios are presented which provide numerical indices of some aspects of corporate financial behaviour. Leverage is represented by the asset/equity ratio. The relative importance of capital is represented in a limited sense by the sales/asset ratio and profit margins by the profit/sales ratio. Profitability, the profits/equity ratio, is the product of the other three. These ratios have been provided to permit a comparison of some aspects of corporations which are controlled in different countries.

The totals for all corporations reporting under CALURA indicate that corporations controlled by residents of the United States are most profitable with a 17 per cent annual return on equity. Canadian-controlled corporations are next at 12 per cent and the European and other non-resident controlled corporations show a return of 7 or 8 per cent. Overall profit margins are relatively close in the range of 6 to 8 per cent. United States controlled corporations can be distinguished by a high sales/asset ratio of 1.1. The Canadian equivalent is .57 and other groups range from .48 to .72. The Canadian corporations are distinguished by a high leverage ratio. In an arithmetic sense the high United States profit results from a high sales/asset ratio. The Canadian-owned corporations are characterized by the high asset/equity ratio.

A cursory survey of the 49 sectors is sufficient to establish that a wide range is characteristic of each of the four ratios. It is therefore obvious that the total results will be heavily influenced by comparative distributions of activity with respect to industrial sectors. It is desirable to compare results in a similar environment if possible.

In order to identify comparative patterns for Canadian and American controlled corporations in similar economic circumstances, fourteen sectors were selected in which corporations of both types each have at least 25 per cent of the total assets of the group. These industry groups are:

Machinery
Electrical products
Fruit and vegetable processing

Rapports financiers

On retrouvera au Tableau XII quatre rapports entre variables financières sous forme de ratios dont le but est de quantifier certains aspects du comportement des sociétés et d'établir des comparaisons. La propension à se financer par l'endettement est représentée par le ratio actif/avoir des actionnaires. L'intensité du capital est mesurée d'une façon approximative, très probablement dans un sens plutôt restreint, par le rapport ventes/actif tandis que la marge de profit utilise le ratio profit/ventes pour son calcul. Le produit de ces trois rapports nous donne le ratio profit/avoir des actionnaires ou encore la mesure de la rentabilité. L'utilisation de ces différents ratios permet d'établir, sous certains angles, des comparaisons entre les sociétés selon le pays d'origine de leur contrôle.

Les chiffres inscrits dans les colonnes vis-à-vis du "total" démontrent clairement la rentabilité supérieure des sociétés contrôlées par des résidents des États-Unis; le taux de rendement se chiffrait à 17 p. 100 en 1966. Les sociétés contrôlées par des résidents canadiens venaient ensuite avec un taux de rentabilité de 12 p. 100, suivies de sociétés contrôlées en Europe et en d'autres pays avec un taux de 7 à 8 p. 100. Par contre, d'une façon générale, les différences entre les marges de profits sont plus ou moins perceptibles, n'étant pas inférieures à 6 p. 100 ou supérieures à 8 p. 100. Les sociétés contrôlées par des résidents des États-Unis se distinguent par un rapport ventes/actif de 1.1 ce qui est de beaucoup supérieur au ratio correspondant des sociétés dominées par des Canadiens, soit .57, et de ceux des sociétés contrôlées à partir de l'Europe et d'autres pays, soit .48 et .72. D'autre part, ce sont les sociétés contrôlées par des Canadiens qui semblent le plus tirer avantage de l'endettement si l'on se fie au ratio mesurant la propension à emprunter. En somme et dans un sens purement arithmétique la supériorité de la rentabilité des sociétés américaines découle d'un rapport élevé de ventes/actif. De leur côté les Canadiens semblent miser sur un rapport élevé actif/avoir des actionnaires.

Un examen rapide des 49 groupes d'industries suffit pour se convaincre des grandes variations qui entourent chacun de ces quatre rapports ou ratios. Il en résulte que les résultats globaux sont modifiés considérablement du fait que les activités des différents groupes s'éloignent beaucoup trop de la norme. Afin donc d'améliorer la justesse des comparaisons il est nécessaire de porter son attention vers un cadre plus restreint peut-être, mais dont les éléments sont plus compatibles.

A cette fin, on a extrait du Tableau XI quatorze groupes d'industries dans lesquelles les sociétés canadiennes de même que les sociétés américaines ont des intérêts dans une proportion d'au moins 25 p. 100. Ce sont les suivantes:

Industrie de la machinerie
Industrie des appareils et du matériel électriques
Conserves et préparations de fruits et légumes

Miscellaneous manufacturing
Other mining
Textile mills
Soft drinks
Other food products manufacturing
Metal fabricating
Paper and allied industries
Metal mining
Dairy products manufacturing
Credit agencies
Grain mills.

The United States controlled corporations show a higher annual return on equity in 12 of these 14 sectors. In metal fabricating the returns are approximately the same and in metal mining the Canadian-controlled corporations showed the highest return.

In all but two of these fourteen sectors the Canadian-controlled corporations exercised the most leverage, the two exceptions being metal mining and credit agencies. Canadian corporations also had higher sales/asset ratios in all but four sectors, the exceptions here being other mining, other food products manufacturing, paper and allied industries and grain mills. The United States controlled corporations showed considerably higher profit margins in all sectors but two, these being other food products manufacturing and metal mining.

Again in an arithmetic sense, the superior United States return on equity results for the most part from higher profit margins rather than the apparent higher leverage. In the only case of superior Canadian profitability, the Canadian-controlled corporations also had the highest profit margin.

Any number of speculations may be undertaken to rationalize this result but there is one purely convention oriented explanation of potential significance. Conventional accounting principles encourage deduction of cost of debt capital but not cost of equity capital in determining profits. Canadian-controlled corporations tend to exercise more leverage than United States controlled corporations. Therefore Canadian capital costs might appear higher resulting in lower profit margins. If dividends as well as interest were deducted in determining profits, the results may be somewhat different.

Industries manufacturières diverses
Autres minéraux
Filature et tissage
Boissons gazeuses
Autres produits alimentaires
Fabrication de produits métalliques
Industrie du papier et produits connexes
Minéraux métalliques
Produits laitiers
Sociétés de crédit
Minoteries.

Les sociétés contrôlées par des résidents des États-Unis ont réalisé un rendement sur l'avoir des actionnaires plus élevé que celui des sociétés contrôlées par des Canadiens dans douze de ces quatorze groupes d'industries. Dans l'industrie des produits métalliques la rentabilité était à peu près la même tandis que pour les minéraux métalliques ce sont les sociétés contrôlées par des Canadiens qui avaient un rendement supérieur.

Sauf dans le cas de deux groupes d'industries, les minéraux métalliques et les sociétés de crédit, les sociétés canadiennes tiraient le plus d'avantages de l'endettement, leur propension à emprunter, mesuré par le ratio actif/avoir des actionnaires était plus grand. Les sociétés canadiennes réalisaient un ratio ventes/actif supérieur dans tous les groupes d'industries sauf les autres minéraux, les autres produits alimentaires, le papier et les produits connexes et les minoteries. Par contre les sociétés américaines s'assuraient d'une marge de profits supérieure dans tous les groupes d'industries sauf la fabrication d'autres produits alimentaires et les minéraux métalliques.

En un sens arithmétique encore, la plus haute rentabilité des sociétés américaines résulte en grande partie de marges de profit plus fortes plutôt que d'un meilleur partage de l'endettement. On retrouve le même phénomène de marges de profit supérieurs dans l'industrie des minéraux métalliques où ce sont les sociétés canadiennes qui étaient plus rentables.

Évidemment ces résultats peuvent se prêter à bien des spéculations. Il y a une explication cependant qui tient d'une saine pratique comptable traditionnelle et qui n'est certainement pas étrangère au phénomène que nous venons de constater. Dans le calcul du profit on doit soustraire le coût d'emprunt du capital c'est-à-dire les intérêts alors qu'on ne tient pas compte des dividendes c'est-à-dire du coût d'utilisation du capital-actions et des profits d'exercices antérieurs retenus dans l'entreprise. Or les sociétés contrôlées par des Canadiens ont une tendance à se servir de l'endettement beaucoup plus que les sociétés américaines. Il en résulte que le coût de cet endettement réduit le profit dans la même proportion et fait que les sociétés canadiennes réalisent une rentabilité mesurée par le ratio profits/avoir des actionnaires inférieure à celle des sociétés américaines. Si les dividendes étaient soustraits du profit au même titre que les intérêts on obtiendrait sans doute des résultats différents.

One other factor of probable significance is the incidence of relatively large firms in each sector. A brief explanation of some of the possible effects of this characteristic is provided in another part of this report.

Other Characteristics of Selected Industries

The preceding section has presented some salient financial characteristics of Canadian corporations with reference to degrees of non-resident participation. All of this material was submitted by corporations via income tax returns or CALURA returns. In this section other features of industrial sectors are compared with degrees of non-resident participation. The added data is derived from publications which have access to different sources of material. Therefore, the material may not all be completely comparable, although no serious aberrations have yet become apparent. Subject to this qualification, there is no apparent relationship between degrees of non-resident ownership and the changes in wages, prices or employment which are documented in this part.

Employment and Wages

Some inconsistencies are unavoidable when comparisons are made with wages and employment material but these are relatively unimportant. Using the ranking previously developed, employment by industrial sectors as at January 1969 is shown together with employment indices for January 1969 and January 1967. The indices are on a basis of 1961 = 100. The proportionate change in employment was calculated by dividing the 1967 index number into the 1969 index number. Also included are average wages for the same periods and, again, the proportionate change was calculated.

No relationship is apparent when degrees of non-resident control are compared with changes in employment or wages by industrial sector. What does appear is a difference in the degree to which both the employment and wage series fluctuate on either side of a Canadian control level of about 80 per cent.

For those sectors with Canadian control of less than 80 per cent, employment changes ranged from a

La présence d'un bon nombre de grandes sociétés dans chacun des groupes d'industries que nous venons d'examiner peut avoir aussi des rapports avec le phénomène de rentabilité supérieure des sociétés américaines. Ailleurs dans la section qui suit on retrouvera certaines considérations à ce sujet.

Autres caractéristiques de certaines industries

La section précédente du document faisait ressortir certaines caractéristiques financières des sociétés exerçant des affaires au Canada sous l'angle de la participation étrangère. A cette fin on a utilisé seulement des données qui provenaient des déclarations que les sociétés ont faites en vertu de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu ou de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. La présente section a pour but d'introduire certaines variables additionnelles tirées d'autres sources statistiques. Il se peut que la compatibilité de ces dernières avec ce que nous avons déjà ne soit pas complète quoiqu'on n'ait pas rencontré de lacunes graves.

Emploi et rémunération

L'arrangement du Tableau XIII est fait selon l'ordre croissant de contrôle des différents groupes d'industries par des résidents canadiens. On y montre également le niveau d'emploi qui existait dans chaque groupe en janvier 1969 de même que les indices d'emploi pour janvier 1969 et le même mois de 1967. L'année de base de l'indice est 1961 = 100. On a calculé le changement relatif du niveau de l'emploi tout simplement en divisant le nombre indice de 1969 par celui de 1967. La rémunération moyenne pour les mêmes périodes de temps ainsi que les changements relatifs sont aussi indiqués au Tableau XIV.

Il ne semble pas y avoir de relations découlant de la domination des sociétés par des non-résidents entre le degré de contrôle que ces derniers exercent et les changements dans le niveau de l'emploi et dans la rémunération du personnel; du moins de telles relations, s'il en est, ne sont pas perceptibles au niveau des groupes d'industries analysés. Il semble y en avoir cependant en rapport avec le degré de contrôle des Canadiens; plus précisément, le taux de changement de l'emploi et de la rémunération semble varier d'une façon différente selon que le degré de contrôle exercé par des Canadiens est de l'ordre de plus de 80 p. 100 ou non.

Les groupes d'industries qui étaient dominés par des Canadiens dans une proportion de 80 p. 100 voyaient leur

decline of 5 per cent over the two year interval to an increase of 4 per cent with only two exceptions in the 25 sectors involved. The exceptions are "miscellaneous manufacturing", 53.5 per cent non-resident controlled, which showed an increase of 7 per cent, and the "other mining" category which consisted of three sub-sectors, the aggregate of which would exceed a 4 per cent increase.

For those categories with Canadian control of more than 80 per cent, employment shows wider fluctuations. Five sectors, retail trade, services, public utilities, insurance and real estate and financial institutions show employment increases of 7 per cent or more. Three sectors, forestry, construction and clothing show decreases in excess of 5 per cent.

Similarly, for those sectors with Canadian control of less than 80 per cent, wage increases ranged from 13 to 21 per cent with only one major exception in the 25 categories involved. The principal exception was manufacturing of transportation equipment (84.5 per cent non-resident controlled) in which increases amounted to 25 per cent.

Data in the sectors with 80 per cent and over Canadian control again display greater fluctuation with 4 out of 18 sectors showing wage increases of less than 13 per cent (lower than any non-resident dominated industry). These are the manufacture of fish products with an increase of 4 per cent; forestry, 10 per cent; construction, 8 per cent; printing and publishing, 12 per cent. The largest increase in the resident owned group was 20 per cent and this occurred in the communication industry.

In previous reports in this series, it has been shown that there is a higher incidence of large firms in the non-resident controlled sector than there is in the resident-controlled sector. Previously, it was shown that the "other" category of corporations was very small in all but one of the non-resident dominated sectors. It is also true that the "other" category is very small in the twelve sectors in which non-resident control was between 20 and 50 per cent with the possible exception of wholesale trade. This evidence suggests that relative stability exists in sectors dominated by relatively large corporations, irrespective of whether they are dominated by non-residents or residents. Caution must therefore be exercised in attributing certain types of behaviour to ownership and control without considering the size of corporations and degree of industrial concentration.

niveau d'emploi varier entre un déclin de 5 p. 100 et une hausse de 4 p. 100 dans les 25 groupes d'industries manufacturières divers et les autres minéraux.

D'autre part les groupes d'industries sous le contrôle de Canadiens dans une proportion de plus de 80 p. 100 et plus montrent de plus grandes fluctuations du niveau d'emploi. Le commerce de détail, les services commerciaux, les services d'utilité publique, les assurances, l'immeuble et les institutions financières ont tous des augmentations de 7 p. 100 et plus dans le niveau d'emploi. De leur côté les industries d'exploitation forestière, de la construction et du vêtement accusent des baisses de plus de 5 p. 100.

Quant à la rémunération, dans les groupes dont le contrôle canadien est inférieur à 80 p. 100 on rencontre un phénomène semblable à celui de l'emploi. En effet, la rémunération a augmenté dans une proportion allant de 13 à 21 p. 100 dans les 25 groupes en question sauf dans l'industrie des communications dont l'accroissement atteignait 25 p. 100.

Les groupes d'industries dans lesquelles les Canadiens détenaient le contrôle dans une proportion de 80 p. 100 et plus montrent des fluctuations encore plus marquées au chapitre de la rémunération. Il y avait seulement quatre groupes d'industries dans lesquelles l'augmentation de la rémunération était de moins de 13 p. 100: il s'agit de l'occurrence des industries des produits du poisson, de l'exploitation forestière, de la construction, de l'imprimerie et de l'édition avec des augmentations de 4, 8, 10, 8 et 12 p. 100 respectivement. Tous les autres groupes indiquaient des augmentations allant de 13 à 20 p. 100.

Des documents de la même série ont déjà souligné la forte présence de grandes sociétés dans le secteur contrôlé par des non-résidents comparativement à celui qui est dominé par des Canadiens. Le Tableau X indique que la catégorie "autres sociétés" est très petite dans tous les secteurs dominés par des non-résidents, sauf un. Cela est vrai également pour les douze secteurs appartenant à des non-résidents dans une proportion de 20 à 50 p. 100, le commerce de gros étant une exception. Ces considérations nous amènent à croire qu'il y a une certaine stabilité, toutes proportions gardées, dans les secteurs ou groupes d'industries qui sont en majeure partie constitués de grandes sociétés sans égard au fait que leur contrôle soit entre les mains de résidents ou de non-résidents. Si c'était le cas, il faudrait bien se garder d'attribuer certains aspects de leur comportement au fait du lieu de résidence de leurs propriétaires. Il serait plus juste de relier ce comportement à la dimension des sociétés et au degré de concentration industriel qui peut exister dans le secteur.

Price Fluctuations

To compare ownership and price fluctuations, reference was made to annual averages of 1956 based Industry Selling Price Indices. Again, proportionate changes are calculated over the two-year interval 1966 to 1968.

The significant feature of this material is the dispersion of changes within an industry. For example, in chemicals (84.3 per cent non-resident controlled) price changes ranged from a decline of 7.6 per cent for vegetable oils to an increase of 10.5 per cent for paints, varnishes, and lacquers. In primary metal manufacturing (56.8 per cent non-resident controlled) the range was from a decline of 1.3 per cent for white metal alloys to an increase of 35.1 per cent for jewellery and silverware. In wood products (27.2 per cent non-resident controlled) the range of increases was from 4.9 per cent for furniture to 47.2 per cent at shingle mills. The wide dispersion of intra industry prices tends to obscure any relationships which may exist between degrees of non-resident control and price changes either directly or through a mutual relationship with firm size and industrial concentration.

For additional information, components of the Consumer Price Index were reviewed. The largest price increases took place in the categories recreation and reading (up 10.2 per cent), health and personal care (up 9.4 per cent) and housing (up 9.1 per cent). The non-resident dominated sectors are relatively unimportant in all of these areas. The smallest increases took place in the categories Tobacco and alcohol (2.5 per cent), food (4.6 per cent) and transportation (6.9 per cent). These categories reflect relatively more manufacturing activity, a division in which non-resident participation is concentrated.

This comparison taken by itself is of dubious value but taken together with the data of Table XV, a picture begins to emerge of a Canadian dominated non-manufacturing commercial area in which prices,

Changements dans les prix

Afin de voir s'il y avait des relations entre l'appartenance et les changements dans les prix, on a élaboré le Tableau XV en se servant des moyennes annuelles de l'indice des prix de ventes à l'industrie (il s'agit ici des prix de vente au niveau de l'industrie, et non des indices de prix calculés aux étapes subséquentes de la mise en marché, les indices de prix de gros et les indices de prix à la consommation). Les indices de prix de ventes à l'industrie utilisent 1956 comme année de base. Pour les fins du Tableau XV on a calculé les changements relatifs entre 1966 et 1968.

L'examen de ces données fait ressortir clairement les différences nombreuses et marquées qu'on rencontre dans l'évolution des prix des divers produits d'une industrie quelconque. Pour ne citer que quelques exemples, dans l'industrie des produits chimiques (dont le contrôle par des non-résidents s'élève à 84.3 p. 100), le prix des huiles végétales a baissé de 7.6 p. 100 alors que le prix des peintures, vernis et laques a augmenté de 10.5 p. 100. Dans la fabrication des métaux primaires (dont le contrôle étranger atteint 56.8 p. 100), les changements des prix sont allés d'une baisse de 1.3 p. 100 pour le métal blanc à une hausse de 35.1 p. 100 pour les articles de bijouterie et argenterie. Les produits du bois (desquels le contrôle étranger s'élève à seulement 27.2 p. 100) ont connu des changements de prix de 4.9 p. 100 pour les meubles d'une part, et de 47.2 p. 100 pour les bardeaux à l'autre extrême. Ces écarts considérables dans les changements de prix au sein des industries particulières tendent à obscurcir les relations qui pourraient exister entre ces changements et le degré d'appartenance ou de contrôle à l'étranger. Cela est vrai même si on faisait intervenir dans l'établissement de telles relations des considérations pertinentes sur la taille des entreprises et le degré de concentration industriel.

On a voulu quand même poursuivre plus loin l'examen des effets possibles découlant de la présence de contrôle étranger dans l'économie. Ainsi on trouvera au Tableau XV des renseignements sur l'indice des prix à la consommation. Les augmentations les plus considérables ont été relevées dans les catégories récréation et lecture (10.2 p. 100), soins personnels et de santé (9.4 p. 100) et l'habitation (9.1 p. 100). A remarquer que ce sont là des secteurs dans lesquels les non-résidents ont peu d'emprise. D'autre part, on a trouvé les plus petites augmentations dans les tabacs et boissons alcooliques (2.5 p. 100), les aliments (4.6 p. 100) et le transport (6.9 p. 100). Pour ce qui est des deux premières catégories d'indices de prix, il s'agit de services plutôt que de produits et l'on sait déjà que c'est dans la fabrication que les non-résidents ont le contrôle le plus étendu.

Il faut avouer que c'est plutôt faible comme observation. Il reste quand même que si on étudie à la fois les Tableaux XIV et XV on pourra remarquer au moins les contours d'une situation dans laquelle la stabilité des prix

wages and employment are more volatile than in the manufacturing areas which are dominated by non-residents.

Inter-industry Implications

Relationships which involve movements of goods and services between industries are described in input-output tables. The most recent data for the Canadian economy is for the year 1961.¹ Between 1949, the data of a previous input-output table, and 1961, the date of the most recent, the gross national product of Canada doubled. The passing of years accompanied by changes in scale saw significant changes occur in many input coefficients. Since 1961, gross national product has again doubled and it is therefore reasonable to expect that some input coefficients have again changed. Nevertheless, order of magnitude relationships may be derived which are useful in comparing characteristics of non-resident dominated sectors with resident dominated sectors.

Using the input-output material, relationships apart from direct ownership which may have control implications were reviewed. For example, control may be exercised by domestic or foreign suppliers if they dominate the purchases or input of a firm. Control may also be exercised by customers if they account for a sufficiently large proportion of sales or output. A table has been designed to provide a superficial glance at such relationships (Table XVI). It consists of four columns as well as the familiar ranking of sectors in order of increasing control as previously defined. One of the columns shows differences in the disposition of commodities as between customers who require them for further processing, and end use customers. A second column shows the relative significance of domestic inputs as classified into purchases of intermediate goods for further processing, purchases of labour and a third category, surplus, which includes other measurable inputs. A third column identifies commodities which are traded between countries in relatively significant quantities. The last column is used to identify sectors in which a significant share of total activity is carried on by non-incorporated business.

de la rémunération et de l'emploi est beaucoup plus évidente dans les secteurs manufacturiers (en grande partie sous le contrôle de non-résidents) que dans les secteurs non manufacturiers (dominés généralement par des Canadiens). A la lumière de renseignements si minces, il faudrait bien se garder toutefois de conclure qu'il y a des relations de cause à effet dans tout cela.

Considérations inter-industrielles

Les relations résultant des mouvements de biens et services entre industries sont résumées dans les tableaux intrant-extrant. Les données inter-industrielles les plus récentes pour l'économie canadienne sont celles de 1961¹. Le produit national brut du Canada a doublé entre 1949, la date du tableau inter-industriel précédent, et 1961, la date du plus récent. Pendant ce temps, les agrégats ont subi des changements de taille parfois considérables, ce qui a contribué à changer énormément plusieurs coefficients d'intrant. Depuis 1961, le produit national brut a encore doublé et il n'est que raisonnable de s'attendre à ce que certains autres coefficients d'intrant aient changé encore. En dépit des changements qui se sont produits depuis 1961 dans ces coefficients, ces derniers peuvent encore servir à donner une idée de l'importance des relations en cause et aider à comparer les caractéristiques des secteurs dominés par des non-résidents d'un côté et par des résidents de l'autre.

Utilisant le matériel dérivé des tableaux inter-industriel, il est possible d'identifier certaines relations, autres que l'appartenance directe, qui peuvent avoir des implications de contrôle. Par exemple, le contrôle peut être exercé par des fournisseurs domestiques ou étrangers si ceux-ci assurent une part considérable des achats ou intrants d'une firme. Le contrôle peut encore être exercé par les clients si ces derniers absorbent une part suffisamment grande des ventes ou de la production. Le Tableau XVI fut dressé afin d'aider à illustrer ces relations. Dans ce tableau les résultats de l'analyse sont livrés en quatre colonnes, les catégories industrielles étant soumises au rangement familier en ordre croissant de contrôle canadien comme on l'a défini précédemment. L'une des colonnes montre les différences dans la disposition des commodités produites entre clients qui les achètent pour un traitement ultérieur et les clients qui les achètent en tant que consommateurs. Une deuxième colonne révèle l'importance relative des intrants domestiques classifiés en intrants intermédiaires (c'est-à-dire sujets à traitement ultérieur), en achats de services du travail et en une troisième catégorie, le surplus, qui inclut d'autres intrants mesurables. Une troisième colonne identifie les biens et services qui entrent dans le commerce international en quantité relativement importante. La dernière colonne, enfin, est utilisée pour identifier les secteurs dont une partie importante des activités provient d'entreprises non incorporées.

¹ DBS catalogue No. 15-501, "The Input-Output Structure of the Canadian Economy, 1961".

¹ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 15-501, "The Input-Output Structure of the Canadian Economy, 1961".

Non-incorporated businesses were defined to be relatively significant producers of a commodity if the profits accruing to such businesses exceeded 3 per cent of total production. When these profits of unincorporated businesses were sufficiently large, that is in excess of 3 per cent, a U was placed in the non-corporate activity column of Table XVI. Five commodity groupes were so qualified. These were trade (wholesale and retail), business services, forestry, construction and financial institutions.

One of the difficulties in determining the relative significance of non-resident ownership under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act has been the exclusion of domestically dominated unincorporated business activity. From this cursory examination of the significance of unincorporated business as treated in the input-output table, it is apparent that the commodity groups in which this type of activity is important are all Canadian dominated anyway. It is also probable that the degree of non-resident participation in non-resident dominated sectors has not been significantly overstated in earlier parts of this report because unincorporated activity does not appear to be significant in these sectors.

Output — Divided into Producer and Consumer Groups. — The total output of a commodity may be allocated between other production processes and end uses. That portion of the production which becomes an input into another commodity is referred to as intermediate output. End uses include sales to consumers, governments and businesses (or domestic final demand) and sales abroad (or exports).

It has been shown that business activity is dominated by corporations. Therefore, broadly speaking, intermediate outputs may be considered to be sales to corporations. The domestic final demand category is dominated by consumption (although fixed capital formation is also included). Again, in a general sense, this category may be considered to be sales to consumers especially when governments are considered to be consumers. The output of each commodity group was examined to determine the larger of intermediate output and domestic final demand. Where intermediate output was larger (in dollars) a P (for producer) was placed in the customer class column. If the domestic final demand category was larger, a C (for consumer) was used.

Le niveau à partir duquel on considère qu'une part assez importante des activités d'une industrie origine d'entreprises non incorporées a été fixé arbitrairement à 3 p. 100 de la production totale de l'industrie en question. Quand les bénéfices de ces entreprises non incorporées étaient suffisamment grands, c'est-à-dire à plus de 3 p. 100 du total des bénéfices d'une catégorie industrielle, un U fut placé dans la colonne rendant compte des activités d'entreprises non incorporées au Tableau XVI. Cinq groupes de commodités se sont ainsi qualifiés: le commerce de gros et de détail, les services commerciaux, l'exploitation forestière, la construction et les institutions financières.

L'une des difficultés pour déterminer l'importance relative de l'appartenance à des non-résidents aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers est l'exclusion des activités domestiques non incorporées. Un examen rapide de l'importance des firmes non incorporées à l'aide des tableaux inter-industriels révèle que les groupes de commodités dans lesquels ce type d'activités non incorporées est important sont tous dominés par des Canadiens. Il est donc bien probable que le degré de participation des non-résidents dans les secteurs industriels qu'ils dominent n'a pas été grossièrement surestimé dans les sections précédentes de ce rapport car les activités des entreprises non incorporées ne semblent pas avoir été importantes dans ces secteurs.

Répartition des industries selon le type de débouchés. — La production totale d'une commodité peut être distribuée entre la production sujette à traitement ultérieur et la production destinée à la consommation. On réfère généralement à la partie de l'extrant qui devient un intrant pour la production d'une autre commodité comme étant un intrant intermédiaire. La production destinée aux fins de consommation comprend les ventes aux consommateurs, aux gouvernements, aux entreprises (pour la formation de capital fixe) et les ventes à l'étranger. On réfère généralement aux trois premiers débouchés comme étant la demande domestique finale et au dernier de ces débouchés comme étant les exportations.

On a déjà montré que les activités des entreprises étaient dominées par les corporations ou sociétés par actions à responsabilité limitée. Alors, en termes généraux, la production intermédiaire peut être considérée comme étant les ventes faites aux corporations. La demande domestique finale est dominée par la consommation quoique la formation de capital fixe y soit aussi incluse. La demande domestique finale peut être à toutes fins pratiques assimilée à la consommation surtout si on traite les gouvernements comme des consommateurs. La production de chaque groupe de commodité fut examinée afin de déterminer laquelle de la production de biens et services intermédiaires ou de la production pour la demande finale était la plus grande. Lorsque la production de biens et services intermédiaires était la plus considérable en termes monétaires un P, représentant la production, fut placé dans la colonne "type de clients"; quand la demande finale dépassait les biens et services intermédiaires un C, désignant la consommation, fut placé dans la même colonne.

Both ownership data and input-output data were available for a total of 38 categories. All 13 groups in which Canadians have a minority interest were included. In these 13, 7 were classified as producer goods oriented and 6 as consumer goods oriented. In the other 25 sectors, all of which are dominated by Canadian controlled firms, the results were 13 C and 12 P. The results are summarized in Illustration A.

Illustration A. Distribution of 38 Commodities With Respect to Ownership and Use

	Canadian interest	
	Minority	Majority
Orientation:		
Consumer	6	13
Producer	7	12

Neither Canadian nor non-resident shareholders appear to show any overall preference as between industries producing intermediate goods or industries producing end products.

Significance of Supplier and Customer Orientation. — Total inputs or those factors required for the production of commodities are classified as intermediate inputs (goods which have already been subjected to same processing), wages and salaries, net profit of unincorporated business and surplus. Imports add to the domestic supply of a commodity but these are considered as a deduction from output (or sales) to arrive at domestic production rather than as an input in most cases. In the tables there are a small number of other input categories but these are customarily in the form of statistical adjustments and they are sufficiently small as to be negligible for purposes of this discussion.

Where intermediate inputs contributed in excess of one half of all inputs of any commodity, an S (for supplier oriented) was placed in the input class. The relative importance of inter-industry links is immediately apparent from the relative frequency with which the S appears. Eleven of the 13 sectors in which non-residents are dominant are supplier oriented and

L'économie canadienne fut divisée en 38 classes ou catégories industrielles pour lesquelles des données sur l'appartenance et sur les relations d'intrant-extrant étaient à la fois disponibles. Il y avait 13 groupes dans lesquels les canadiens avaient un intérêt minoritaire. On a trouvé que parmi ces 13 groupes, 7 étaient centrés sur la production intermédiaire et 6 étaient centrés sur la production destinée à la consommation. Dans les 25 autres secteurs, tous dominés par des entreprises contrôlées par des canadiens, les résultats furent 13 C et 12 P. Ces résultats sont schématisés ci-dessous.

Répartition de 38 commodités selon l'appartenance et type de clients

	Appartenance majoritaire du groupe industriel à des	
	Non-résidents	Résidents
Type de clients:		
Consommateurs	6	13
Producteurs	7	12

Ni les actionnaires canadiens ni les actionnaires étrangers ne semblent avoir de préférence globale constante pour les industries produisant des biens de consommation par rapport aux industries produisant des biens destinés à un traitement ultérieur.

Effets de dépendance exercés par les fournisseurs et les clients. — L'ensemble des intrants ou facteurs requis pour la production sera ici divisé en trois types de facteurs afin d'examiner des effets de dépendance possiblement exercés sur le producteur par les intrants. Ces trois types d'intrant sont: les intrants intermédiaires (ou biens et services fournis par d'autres producteurs), les traitements et salaires, le bénéfice net des entreprises non incorporées et le surplus. Les importations sont ajoutées à l'offre domestique d'une commodité mais dans la plupart des cas elles sont considérées comme une déduction de la production ou des ventes pour arriver à la production domestique plutôt que d'être considérées comme un intrant. Dans les tableaux inter-industriels il y a un petit nombre d'autres classes d'intrants mais elles ont surtout la forme d'ajustements statistiques et elles sont suffisamment petites pour être négligeables aux fins de cette analyse.

Quand la demande intermédiaire contribuait pour plus de la moitié de tous les intrants d'une commodité, un S (devant représenter les fournisseurs) fut placé dans la colonne "type d'intrants". L'importance relative des relations ou liens inter-industriels est immédiatement apparente selon la fréquence relative avec laquelle le S apparaît. Onze des 13 secteurs dans lesquels les non-rési-

15 of the 25 in which Canadians hold majority interests are also supplier oriented. Of the 8 groups dominated by residents of the United States, 7 are supplier oriented.

Virtually all manufacturing is supplier oriented, exceptions being soft drinks and printing and publishing. For soft drinks, wages and salaries are the largest input with 29 per cent of the total. Forty-one per cent of the inputs to printing and publishing are also wages and salaries.

Tobacco is the only non-resident dominated sector that is dependent to a large extent on a Canadian dominated sector i.e., agriculture. The balance are either dependent on a large number of Canadian dominated sectors or on a few sectors with significant non-resident participation. There is, therefore, unlikely to be significant control exercised in the non-resident dominated sectors by residents through a supplier relationship.

A cursory examination of the 8 sectors dominated by residents of the United States shows 4 to be producer goods oriented. Three of these sell in a large number of other sectors. The fourth, mineral fuels, sells primarily to refineries which are non-resident owned. There is, therefore, unlikely to be significant control exercised by residents in the non-resident dominated sectors on account of customer relationships.

Relative Significance of Primary Inputs. — The inputs of an industry are divided into intermediate inputs (or those commodities being subjected to further processing) and primary inputs. Primary inputs consist of indirect taxes which are to be ignored for purposes of this discussion, wages and salaries which are self-explanatory and surplus. Surplus is defined as "the sum of the 'costs' of, or incomes accruing to, capital employed in production in the form of profits and other investment income, plus the cost of the consumption of the stock of fixed capital employed, that is, depreciation."² In a sense, surplus may be considered to be the 'wages and salaries' of machinery, equipment and other items of capital employed in the production of goods and services.

dents possèdent une part majoritaire sont centrés sur leurs fournisseurs et 15 des 25 secteurs dans lesquels les Canadiens détiennent un intérêt majoritaire sont aussi centrés sur leurs fournisseurs. Des 8 groupes dominés par des non-résidents des États-Unis, 7 sont ainsi orientés aussi.

Pratiquement tout le secteur de la fabrication est centré sur les fournisseurs à l'exception de l'industrie des boissons gazeuses et de celle de l'imprimerie et de l'édition. Pour les boissons gazeuses, les traitements et salaires constituent l'intrant dominant, cet intrant atteignant 29 p. 100 du total; la proportion correspondante pour l'industrie de l'imprimerie et de l'édition s'élevait à 41 p. 100.

L'industrie des produits du tabac est le seul secteur dominé par des non-résidents qui dépende largement de la production d'un secteur dominé par des Canadiens, soit l'agriculture. Le reste des groupes industriels est soit dépendant d'un grand nombre de secteurs dominés par des Canadiens ou de quelques secteurs ayant une participation importante de non-résidents. Il est donc peu probable qu'il s'exerce un contrôle d'assez grande importance sur les secteurs dominés par des non-résidents venant des secteurs appartenant en majorité à des Canadiens par le biais de cette relation de fournisseurs.

Le Tableau XVI révèle encore que des 8 secteurs dominés par des résidents des États-Unis, 4 sont centrés sur la production de biens et services intermédiaires. Trois de ces quatre secteurs vendent à un grand nombre d'autres secteurs. Le quatrième, l'industrie des minéraux combustibles, vend surtout aux raffineries; celles-ci sont contrôlées en très large part par des non-résidents. Il est donc aussi peu probable qu'il y ait un contrôle d'assez grande importance exercé par des résidents sur les secteurs appartenant en majorité à des non-résidents du fait de la position ou situation de clients qu'occupent les Canadiens.

Importance relative des intrants primaires. — Pour les quelques paragraphes qui suivent les intrants d'une industrie seront divisés en intrants intermédiaires, (ou commodités destinées à un traitement ultérieur) et en intrants primaires. Les intrants primaires comprennent les taxes indirectes (qui seront ignorées pour les fins de cette courte analyse), les traitements et salaires et le surplus. Le surplus est défini comme étant "la somme des 'coûts' de, ou revenus gagnés par, le capital employé pour la production sous forme de bénéfices et autres revenus d'investissement, plus le coût de la consommation du stock de capital fixe employé c'est-à-dire la dépréciation²." En un certain sens le surplus peut être considéré comme étant la rémunération de la machinerie, de l'équipement et autres biens de production employés pour la production de biens et services.

² DBS catalogue No. 15-5-1, "The Input-Output Structure of the Canadian Economy, 1961", p. 13.

² B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 15-501, "The Input-Output Structure of the Canadian Economy, 1961", p. 13.

To compare the relative significance of capital and labour, surplus was compared with salaries and wages. Where salaries and wages exceeded surplus, an L was placed in the input class. Where surplus was the larger, a K was placed in the input class.

Surplus exceeded salaries and wages in only 8 of the 38 groups. Two of the K's appeared in the 8 groups dominated by residents of the United States. One appeared in the 5 groups in which residents of no one country had a majority and the other 5 occurred in the 25 categories dominated by Canadians. These results are summarized in Illustration B.

Illustration B. Distribution of 38 Groups with Respect to Ownership and Primary Inputs

	Canadian interest	
	Minority	Majority
Orientation:		
Surplus	3	5
Wages and salaries . . .	10	20

Neither Canadian nor non-resident shareholders appear to show any overall preference for the production of labour or capital intensive commodities.

Significance of External Trade. — As already noted, imports add to the domestic supply of a commodity. If imported goods are of a class or kind made in Canada, they are considered as a deduction from output to determine the domestically produced supply. In some cases, imports are non-competing with domestic production. These non-competing imports, which are relatively insignificant, are treated as inputs.

Competing imports and exports were compared with commodity outputs inclusive of intermediate output and after deducting competing imports. If these imports exceeded 20 per cent of this output, an M was placed in the external trade column. If exports exceeded 20 per cent of output, an X was placed in the external trade column.

Afin de déterminer l'importance relative du capital et du travail le surplus fut comparé aux traitements et salaires. Quand les traitements et salaires excédaient le surplus, un L fut placé dans la colonne des "types d'intrants" au Tableau XVI. Quand le surplus était plus grand, un K fut placé dans cette même colonne.

Le surplus était plus considérable que les traitements et salaires dans seulement 8 des 38 groupes industriels. Deux de ces K apparurent dans les 8 groupes dominés par des résidents des États-Unis. On a relevé 5 autres K parmi les 25 catégories dominées par des Canadiens et enfin un autre parmi les cinq groupes industriels dont les résidents d'aucun pays n'avaient la propriété à plus de 50 p. 100. Ces résultats sont illustrés dans le schéma ou tableau qui suit.

Répartition de 38 groupes industriels selon l'appartenance à des non-résidents et le type d'intrants primaires

	Appartenance majoritaire du groupe industriel à des	
	Non-résidents	Résidents
Type dominant d'intrants primaires de l'industrie:		
Surplus	3	5
Traitements et salaires . . .	10	20

Il semble donc que ni les actionnaires canadiens ni les actionnaires étrangers ne montrent de préférence très marquée pour les industries dont la production a un fort contenu de travail par rapport à celles qui utilisent relativement plus de capital.

Importances du commerce extérieur. — Comme on l'a déjà mentionné les importations viennent grossir l'offre domestique d'une commodité. Si les importations d'une commodité font partie d'une catégorie ou classe fabriquée au Canada, on considère qu'elles doivent être déduites du total de l'extrant (qu'on pourrait aussi appeler l'offre totale) afin de déterminer la partie domestique de l'offre totale de cette commodité. Dans certains cas, les importations ne viennent toutefois pas en concurrence avec la production domestique. Ces importations non concurrentielles, qui sont d'ailleurs peu considérables, sont traitées comme des intrants.

Les importations concurrentielles et les exportations ont été rapprochées de la production nette des groupes de commodités, cet extrant net incluant l'intrant intermédiaire mais excluant les importations concurrentielles. Si les importations excédaient 20 p. 100 de la production nette d'une commodité, un M fut placé dans la colonne du commerce extérieur. Si les exportations excédaient 20 p. 100 de la production nette, un X fut placé dans cette même colonne.

In 7 of the 38 categories, exports accounted for more than 20 per cent of net output. One of these, mineral fuels, was controlled by United States residents. In 2, no one country had a majority and the other 4 were part of the Canadian dominated groups. Neither Canadian nor non-resident shareholders appear to show any overall dominance of exportable commodities.

By comparison, there were 11 categories in which imports were significant. All 11 occurred in groups where Canadian dominated corporations own less than 60 per cent of total group assets. Since the import significant groups all include significant non-resident interest, it is unlikely that non-resident control is broadened by non-resident supplier relationships. Rather, these appear to affirm direct ownership interests if such relationships are exercised at all.

Summary

The extent of foreign control of Canadian industry has been described and some possible implications have been investigated. Canadian industry has been classified into 49 sectors and these were ranked in increasing order of Canadian control. The extent to which non-resident control existed was found to be relatively small overall but significant in specific sectors. Therefore, the question of importance of non-resident control of Canadian industry may be restated in terms of the significance of specific sectors dominated by non-residents.

When the relative significance of non-residents was identified in total, the non-resident interest was analyzed by residence of majority shareholders. It was found that with the exception of the residents of the United States, no other non-residents had a majority in any sector. Eight sectors were identified in which United States residents held majority control.

With reference to the classification of industries by degree of non-resident dominance several financial characteristics of Canadian industry were examined. It was concluded that United States controlled sectors are the most profitable in terms of profit as a per cent of equity and profit as a per cent of sales. By comparison, Canadian corporations tend to exercise more leverage. With this difference in leverage and existing accounting

Dans 7 des 38 catégories, les exportations atteignirent 20 p. 100 et plus de la production nette telle que déterminée ci-dessus. De ces 7 catégories, l'industrie des combustibles minéraux était contrôlée par des résidents des États-Unis. Pour 2 d'entre elles, le contrôle majoritaire n'était pas détenu par les résidents d'un seul pays et pour les 4 autres, c'était le groupe des résidents canadiens qui dominait. Ni les actionnaires canadiens ni les actionnaires étrangers ne semblaient exercer de contrôle ou domination étendue sur les commodités entrant dans le commerce extérieur.

Par comparaison, il y avait 11 catégories dans lesquelles les importations étaient importantes. Les entreprises dominées par des Canadiens possédaient moins de 60 p. 100 des actifs totaux de chacun de ces 11 groupes. Comme les industries dans lesquelles les importations sont considérables ont toutes de forts intérêts non-résidents, il est peu probable que le contrôle des non-résidents soit élargi à d'autres industries par des relations avec les fournisseurs non-résidents. Il semble plutôt que si ces relations ont quelque effet, cet effet est plutôt d'affermir que d'élargir le contrôle des non-résidents.

Résumé

On a décrit l'ampleur du contrôle étranger sur l'industrie canadienne et on a tenté d'en étudier certaines implications. A cette fin, l'industrie canadienne a été répartie en 49 secteurs ou groupes d'industries qu'on a ensuite énumérés en ordre croissant de domination par des Canadiens. Dans l'ensemble, le contrôle par des non-résidents n'est pas très répandu; toutefois il atteint des proportions considérables dans certains genres d'industries. Il est donc plus utile de réinsérer la question du contrôle par l'étranger dans le cadre plus étroit des secteurs qu'il domine de toute évidence.

Après avoir mesuré l'ampleur de la participation des non-résidents, on a identifié le pays d'origine des intérêts majoritaires. On a découvert ainsi que seuls les États-Unis pouvaient prétendre à une majorité dans un secteur donné. En effet les États-Unis contrôlaient 8 des 49 groupes d'industries.

Ensuite on a étudié plusieurs aspects financiers de l'industrie canadienne et on a établi des comparaisons entre le comportement des industries contrôlées par des non-résidents et celui des industries dominées par des Canadiens. On a constaté ainsi que les industries contrôlées par des résidents des États-Unis jouissent d'une rentabilité supérieure lorsqu'on mesure cette dernière en termes du pourcentage de profit sur l'avoir des action-

conventions, it was shown that the difference in profitability may be partly illusory.

Other characteristics of industries were then examined with reference to origin of control. It was found that those sectors in which non-resident participation is at least 20 per cent show greater uniformity of changes in wages, prices and employment. A corollary is that those sectors dominated by Canadians to the extent of 80 per cent or more evidence a wide dispersion in rates of change of wages, employment or prices. It was noted as well that the incidence of large firms is greater in non-resident dominated sectors. The relatively greater stability in these sectors may result from either the ownership characteristics or the size characteristics of the firms involved.

Some inter-industry relationships were examined with respect to control. No discrimination with respect to producer or consumer products was evident. There did not appear to be significant differences in the relative importance of capital and labour either. It was noted that unincorporated business activity is concentrated in Canadian dominated sectors but this appears relatively unimportant. The only area in which significant differences appeared was the area of relative significance of foreign trade.

Finally, at first glance, the relative importance of exports appears evenly distributed but is noted that the Canadian government has participated in the export significant non-resident sectors, through the employment of devices such as the National Oil Policy. The incidence of import significance was confined exclusively to sectors in which non-residents had at least 40 per cent control.

naires ou encore le pourcentage du profit sur les ventes. Par contre les sociétés contrôlées par des Canadiens tirent plus grand avantage du partage de l'endettement et on a essayé de démontrer que cette caractéristique des sociétés canadiennes ajoutée à des considérations qui émanent du jeu de la comptabilité et de ses conventions est à la source de la différence de rentabilité. A cet égard la supériorité de la rentabilité des sociétés étrangères pourrait bien être en partie fictive.

D'autres aspects de l'industrie ont été étudiés selon la distinction habituelle de contrôle au Canada ou à l'étranger. On a remarqué que les secteurs dans lesquels la participation étrangère se chiffre à 20 p.100 ou plus, jouissent d'une plus grande stabilité dans les traitements et salaires, l'emploi et les prix. Réciproquement, les sociétés contrôlées par des Canadiens dans une proportion de plus de 80 p.100 subissent des fluctuations assez marquées dans ces domaines. On a aussi souligné la forte présence de sociétés de grande taille dans les industries dominées par des étrangers et on a déduit que la plus grande stabilité des sociétés étrangères pourrait être attribuée tout aussi bien à leur taille qu'au fait de leur appartenance.

A l'aide des données statistiques émanant du tableau d'intrant-extrant on a examiné certains aspects des relations inter-industrielles et les influences possibles de l'appartenance à l'étranger sur ces relations. On n'a pas découvert que le contrôle des étrangers s'exerçait en dehors des relations établies par l'apport de capital. En d'autres mots il ne semble pas y avoir de pressions exercées ou de contrôle de la part des étrangers en vertu seulement du fait qu'ils pourraient le faire s'ils étaient bien placés en tant que client principal ou fournisseur principal. On n'a pas discerné de différences dans les proportions des inputs capital et main-d'oeuvre qui dépendraient du pays d'origine des intérêts majoritaires. Toujours dans le cadre des relations inter-industrielles on a fait remarquer que les entreprises non incorporées se retrouvent presque toutes dans les secteurs contrôlés par des Canadiens mais que leurs activités n'étaient pas suffisamment grandes pour changer l'aspect des relations inter-industrielles du secteur incorporé de l'économie.

D'autre part on a remarqué que le commerce avec l'étranger, particulièrement au chapitre des importations, était beaucoup plus intense dans les industries dans lesquels les non-résidents ont des intérêts considérables. Il faut avouer cependant que même si on rencontre moins de différences découlant de l'appartenance dans les exportations, là où ces dernières sont relativement considérables le gouvernement canadien a joué un rôle positif par le truchement de moyens comme la politique nationale du pétrole.

TABLE XIII. Employment Statistics by Industry, 1966
TABLEAU XIII. Statistiques de l'emploi par branche d'activité, 1966

Industry by decreasing order of non-resident ownership Branche d'activité par ordre décroissant d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Employees — Employés	Employment indices ¹ — Indices d'emploi ¹		Jan. 1969 Jan. 1967
			Jan. 1969	Jan. 1969	Jan. 1967
	%	No. — nomb.			
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	97.9	16,299	102.1	98.7	1.03
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	93.7	26,882	124.3	123.3	1.01
Transport equipment — Matériel de transport	84.5	149,795	152.5	153.8	.99
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et produits connexes	84.3	69,792	117.1	116.8	1.00
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	82.1	11,420	113.7	118.3	.96
Mineral fuels — Minéraux combustibles	77.1	20,823	103.5	103.1	1.00
Machinery — Machines	70.5	71,122	114.7	152.6	.95
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	64.3	124,899	145.5	148.2	.98
Fruit and vegetable canners — Conserves de fruits et légumes	62.2	15,048	92.0	91.9	1.00
Primary metal manufacturing — Fabrication des métaux primaires	56.8	112,927	127.0	122.9	1.03
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries — Industries manufacturières diverses	53.5	59,124	139.6	130.8	1.07
Other mining — Autres minéraux	52.1				
Non-metal mining — Minéraux non métalliques		12,969	113.4	105.8	1.07
Quarries and sand pits — Carrières et sablières		3,055	75.1	96.6	.78
Services incidental to mining — Services miniers		15,953	179.0	148.2	1.21
Textile mills — Filature et tissage	50.8	71,515	119.4	119.8	1.00
Soft drinks — Boissons gazeuses	49.8	12,159	117.2	115.0	1.02
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non métalliques	46.5	43,949	112.1	117.7	.95
Other food products — Autres aliments	45.5				
Confectionery — Confiserie		9,881	108.9	120.1	.91
Miscellaneous food products — Industries d'aliments diverses		14,763	123.4	113.3	1.09
Metal fabricating — Produits métalliques	42.1	116,395	130.6	134.2	.97
Paper and allied industries — Papier et produits connexes	40.5	112,818	116.2	116.6	1.00
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	39.6	61,540	102.8	102.0	1.01
Dairy products — Produits laitiers	37.9	27,026	99.2	101.5	.98
Grain mill products — Minoteries	31.4	10,933	102.4	99.3	1.03
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	28.1	207,565	123.3	118.0	1.04
Wood products — Produits du bois	27.2	77,469	109.1	106.6	1.02
Storage — Entreposage	22.2	13,968	107.3	108.4	.99
Leather products — Produits du cuir	20.9	29,822	101.8	100.7	1.01
Fish products — Produits du poisson	20.0	11,715	86.2	86.6	1.00
Meat products — Produits de la viande	19.5	27,401	101.0	102.5	1.02
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	19.1	415,513	136.0	125.1	1.09
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricot	19.0	22,746	116.0	110.9	1.05
Distilleries	17.1	5,262	109.0	103.7	1.05
Services	15.9	307,841	156.4	140.3	1.11
Furniture — Meubles	15.0	34,015	128.0	129.3	.99
Forestry — Exploitation forestière	14.2	37,824	65.8	101.7	.65
Construction	13.0	195,991	102.4	117.0	.88
Printing and publishing — Imprimerie et édition	12.9	67,915	113.6	111.4	1.02
Bakery products — Boulangeries et pâtisseries	11.6				
Biscuits — Biscuiteries		6,397	99.0	103.0	.96
Bakeries — Boulangeries		23,285	95.3	98.0	.97
Public utilities — Services d'utilité publique	11.2	70,591	114.3	106.7	1.07
Clothing — Vêtements	11.1	85,750	108.0	114.5	.94
Insurance and real estate — Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	10.1	95,843	128.4	116.9	1.10
Transportation — Transports	7.6	350,162	103.3	100.7	1.03
Financial institutions — Institutions financières		138,832	138.4	125.9	1.10
Credit agencies — Sociétés de crédit	34.4				
Investment companies — Sociétés de placement	27.1				
Security dealers — Courtiers en valeurs	2.4				
Finance, banks, etc. — Finances, banques, etc.	1.1				
Communication — Communications .....	.6	135,166	117.2	116.7	1.00
Breweries — Brasseries	—	8,444	91.8	92.1	1.00

¹ DBS Catalogue No. 72-002, Jan. 1969. — B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 72-002, jan. 1969.

TABLE XIV. Average Weekly Wages and Salaries by Industry, 1966

TABLEAU XIV. Rémunération hebdomadaire moyenne des travailleurs par branche d'activité, 1966

Industry by decreasing order of non-resident ownership Branche d'activité par ordre décroissant d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Average weekly wages and salaries ¹ — Rémunération hebdomadaire moyenne ¹		Jan. 1969 Jan. 1967
	Jan. 1969	Jan. 1967	
	\$	\$	
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	174.46	150.45	1.16
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	123.81	105.31	1.18
Transport equipment — Matériel de transport	141.60	113.01	1.25
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et produits connexes	135.01	118.86	1.14
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	114.48	97.47	1.17
Mineral fuels — Minéraux combustibles	152.41	128.94	1.18
Machinery — Machines	135.47	119.53	1.13
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	122.45	105.52	1.16
Fruit and vegetable canners — Conserves de fruits et légumes	96.73	82.67	1.17
Primary metal manufacturing — Fabrication des métaux primaires	140.80	124.31	1.13
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries — Industries manufacturières diverses	110.81	91.21	1.21
Other mining — Autres minéraux			
Non-metal mining — Minéraux non métalliques	137.81	116.01	1.19
Quarries and sand pits — Carrières et sablières	113.56	101.74	1.12
Services incidental to mining — Services miniers	158.22	136.74	1.16
Textile mills — Filature et tissage	99.40	85.27	1.17
Soft drinks — Boissons gazeuses	102.77	89.86	1.14
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non métalliques	125.52	107.61	1.17
Other food products — Autres aliments			
Confectionery — Confiserie	81.30	75.28	1.09
Miscellaneous food products — Industries d'aliments diverses	112.54	94.32	1.19
Metal fabricating — Produits métalliques	123.82	108.65	1.14
Paper and allied industries — Papier et produits connexes	139.35	122.18	1.14
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	144.73	126.96	1.14
Dairy products — Produits laitiers	104.84	89.56	1.17
Grain mill products — Minoteries	116.42	100.41	1.16
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	115.37	98.23	1.17
Wood products — Produits du bois	105.95	92.70	1.14
Storage — Entreposage	113.89	94.46	1.21
Leather products — Produits du cuir	79.71	70.01	1.14
Fish products — Produits du poisson	67.08	64.41	1.04
Meat products — Produits de la viande	120.33	105.81	1.14
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	78.29	67.93	1.15
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricot	74.48	65.62	1.14
Distilleries	141.74	122.01	1.16
Services	82.56	73.14	1.13
Furniture — Meubles	95.59	83.55	1.14
Forestry — Exploitation forestière	118.35	107.36	1.10
Construction	138.86	128.46	1.08
Printing and publishing — Imprimerie et édition	123.33	110.49	1.12
Bakery products — Boulangeries et pâtisseries			
Biscuits — Biscuiteries	90.88	80.26	1.13
Bakeries — Boulangeries	98.31	85.58	1.15
Public utilities — Services d'utilité publique	147.41	126.53	1.17
Clothing — Vêtements	74.41	63.65	1.17
Insurance and real estate — Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	113.78	99.15	1.15
Transportation — Transports	127.82	109.26	1.17
Financial institutions — Institutions financières	109.00	93.49	1.17
Credit agencies — Sociétés de crédit			
Investment companies — Sociétés de placement			
Security dealers — Courtiers en valeurs			
Finance, banks, etc. — Finances, banques, etc.			
Communication — Communications	123.36	102.43	1.20
Breweries — Brasseries	150.62	132.51	1.14

¹DBS Catalogue No. 72-002, Jan. 1969. — B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 72-002, jan. 1969.

TABLE XV. Price Indices by Industry
TABLEAU XV. Indices de prix par branche d'activité

Industries by decreasing order of non-resident ownership Branche d'activité par ordre décroissant d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Annual averages — Moyennes annuelles			1968 1966
		1968	1967	1966	
	%				
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	97.9				
Coke and gas products — Coke et gaz		117.5	116.6	113.3	1.037
Petroleum products — Produits dérivés du pétrole		95.7	94.2	93.5	1.024
Lubricating oils and greases — Huiles lubrifiantes et graisses		132.9	124.8	120.9	1.099
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	93.7	99.8	99.0	96.6	1.033
Transport equipment — Matériel de transport	84.5				
Boat building — Bateaux		135.3	137.6	132.8	1.019
Motor vehicles — Véhicules automobiles		120.9	118.2	118.1	1.024
Chemicals — Produits chimiques	84.3				
Acids, alkalies and salts — Acides, alcools et sels		107.5	106.6	103.4	1.040
Fertilizers — Engrais		113.1	111.5	108.6	1.041
Medicinal and pharmaceutical — Produits pharmaceutiques et médicaux ..		107.1	104.4	101.7	1.053
Paints, varnishes, lacquers — Peintures et vernis		119.7	113.3	108.3	1.105
Soaps and cleaning preparations — Savons et produits connexes		115.9	115.4	113.1	1.025
Vegetable oils — Huiles végétales		104.3	105.6	112.9	.924
Primary plastics — Matières		86.6	87.4	84.6	1.024
Inks, printing — Encres et produits connexes		107.8	104.1	101.3	1.064
Polishes and dressings — Cire de nettoyage et produits connexes ..		123.1	119.2	115.5	1.066
Gases — Gaz		114.6	110.4	110.6	1.036
Adhesives — Adhésifs		109.4	109.2	107.9	1.014
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	82.1	120.2	117.6	109.6	1.097
Machinery — Machines et appareils	70.5				
Agricultural — Agricoles		128.0	123.5	121.5	1.054
Household, office and store — De bureau, mécanographiques, ménagers		103.2	101.4	100.1	1.031
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	64.3				
Batteries — Piles et batteries		114.5	114.5	107.7	1.063
Electrical machinery — Machines électriques		92.1	95.4	93.8	.982
TV sets, table model — Téléviseurs consoles		80.3	81.8	80.2	1.001
TV sets, console model — Téléviseurs consoles		78.6	77.2	77.9	1.009
Refrigerators, appliances — Réfrigérateurs et appareils connexes		79.0	78.6	78.2	1.010
Miscellaneous supplies — Fournitures diverses		112.1	109.1	103.1	1.087
Wires and cables — Fils et câbles		113.9	117.8	113.9	1.000
Fruit and vegetable products — Conserves de fruits et légumes	62.2	120.0	117.4	115.1	1.043
Primary metal manufacturing — Industrie des métaux primaires	56.8				
Castings, iron — Moulages de fer		118.6	117.5	113.8	1.042
Pig iron — Fonte brute		102.9	104.3	104.3	.987
Steel ingots and castings — Lingots et moulages d'acier		128.2	128.0	122.4	1.047
Rolled iron and steel — Laminages de fer et d'acier		111.0	111.2	109.4	1.015
Wire and wire goods — Fils et tréfilés		112.4	111.4	110.6	1.016
Aluminum products — Produits de l'aluminium		113.1	112.8	111.7	1.013
Brass and copper — Cuivre et laiton		124.1	120.7	115.7	1.073
Jewellery and silverware — Bijouterie et orfèvrerie		187.3	157.6	138.6	1.351
Non-ferrous metal refining — Affinage des métaux non ferreux		122.9	119.2	114.9	1.070
White metal alloys — Métal blanc		118.1	116.6	120.1	.983
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries — Industries manufacturières diverses	53.5				
Typewriter supplies — Fournitures pour machines à écrire		109.2	110.3	109.1	1.001
Pens and pencils — Crayons et stylos		109.0	106.8	105.0	1.038
Clocks and watches — Horlogerie		125.7	123.6	120.2	1.046
Buttons, buckles and fasteners — Boutons, boucles et autres fermetures ..		107.9	108.0	104.9	1.029
Candles — Bougies		133.8	131.8	115.1	1.162
Pipes, lighters, etc. — Pipes, briquets, et produits connexes		98.9	97.2	96.8	1.022
Textile mills — Filature et tissage	50.8				
Cotton thread — Fils de coton		142.0	137.8	132.0	1.076
Cotton yarn and cloth — Tissus et filés de coton		105.2	104.1	101.6	1.035
Woolen cloth — Tissus de laine		125.8	123.8	120.9	1.041
Woolen yarn — Filés de laine		103.9	104.3	105.3	.987
Miscellaneous woolen goods — Lainages divers		106.0	106.0	102.0	1.039
Synthetic textiles — Produits textiles artificiels		97.3	96.4	96.8	1.005
Carpets, mats and rugs — Moquettes et tapis		95.2	97.3	98.2	.969
Cordage, rope and twine — Cordes, cordages, ficelles		113.4	115.3	118.2	.959
Bags, cotton and jute — Sacs de coton et de jute		121.4	123.5	129.1	.940
Oilcloth, linoleum, etc. — Autres tissus dont toile cirée, linoléum		116.4	114.3	113.3	1.027
Soft drinks — Boissons gazeuses	49.8	135.1	130.7	127.4	1.060
Non-metallic minerals — Industries des minéraux non métalliques	46.5				
Abrasives — Abrasives —		123.0	123.0	119.4	1.030
Cement, hydraulics — Ciments hydrauliques		133.0	128.2	121.8	1.092
Clay products — Imported clay — Produits de l'argile importé		120.8	117.5	115.9	1.042
Glass and glass products — Verre et produits en verre		117.0	114.2	111.9	1.046
Lime — Chaux		117.7	117.6	116.1	1.014
Gypsum products — Produits du gypse		118.3	114.3	109.2	1.083
Concrete products — Produits en béton		116.3	114.2	110.9	1.049
Clay products — Domestic clay — Produits de l'argile canadien		121.4	118.7	114.3	1.062

See footnote(s) at end of table. — Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE XV. Price Indices by Industry — Concluded
TABLEAU XV. Indices de prix par branche d'activité — fin

Industries by decreasing order of non-resident ownership Branche d'activité par ordre décroissant d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Annual averages — Moyennes annuelles			1968 1966
		1968	1967	1966	
	%				
Other food products — Autres aliments	45.5				
Confectionery — Confiserie		127.2	122.8	120.0	1.060
Miscellaneous — Aliments divers		90.6	91.6	94.2	.962
Sugar refineries — Sucre raffiné		90.8	90.7	87.2	1.041
Macaroni and kindred products — Macaroni et produits connexes		143.3	141.4	135.2	1.060
Paper and allied industries — Industrie du papier et des produits connexes	40.5				
Box and bags, etc. — Boîtes, sacs et autres		117.4	114.8	110.8	1.060
Pulp mills — Pâtes de bois		102.3	103.2	102.6	.997
Paper mills — Papier		113.5	112.8	109.5	1.037
Roofing paper — Papier à toiture		89.0	82.4	78.6	1.132
Miscellaneous paper goods — Produits divers en papier		117.4	114.0	109.7	1.070
Dairy products — Industrie des produits laitiers	37.9				
Butter and cheese — Beurre et fromage		129.0	124.0	117.0	1.103
Concentrated milk — Lait concentré		131.3	130.9	122.4	1.073
Cheese processed — Fromage fondu		128.7	125.0	117.7	1.093
Other dairy — Autres produits laitiers		107.7	106.4	107.0	1.007
Grain mills products — Minoteries	31.4				
Feed mills — Aliments pour animaux		113.5	117.0	117.3	.968
Flour mills — Farine		122.7	129.0	123.1	.997
Breakfast foods — Céréales de table		138.0	135.7	129.8	1.063
Wood products — Industrie du bois	27.2				
Veneers and plywoods — Placages et contreplaques		104.5	98.0	95.4	1.095
Sash, door and planing mills — Portes, chassis et rabotage		130.0	122.3	115.8	1.123
Flooring, hardwood — Parquets en bois dur		124.8	119.4	111.4	1.120
Lumber mills — Planches		126.9	110.1	107.0	1.186
Shingle mills — Bardeaux		170.6	118.1	115.9	1.472
Furniture industry — Ameublement		118.4	116.0	112.9	1.049
Boxes and baskets — Boîtes et paniers		142.2	133.2	124.1	1.146
Leather products — Produits du cuir	20.9				
Footwear — Chaussures		128.7	126.0	122.9	1.047
Gloves and mittens — Gants et mitaines		130.3	132.3	127.0	1.026
Leather tanning — Cuir tanné		130.9	132.2	145.6	.899
Beltng — Courroies		110.6	99.4	99.4	1.113
Fish products — Industrie du poisson	20.0				
		166.8	160.6	156.2	1.068
Meat products — Industrie de la viande	19.5				
		130.5	130.6	136.5	.956
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricotés	19.0				
Clothing — Industrie du vêtement	11.1				
Clothing, mens' factory — Confection de vêtements pour homme		129.4	122.5	117.6	1.100
Hosiery — Bas		88.5	88.6	86.0	1.029
Other knitted goods — Autres articles tricotés		89.6	87.6	85.2	1.052
Hats and caps — Chapeaux et casquettes		126.6	120.7	114.2	1.109
Distilleries	17.1				
		117.3	113.6	113.5	1.033
Bakery products — Boulangeries	11.6				
Biscuits		128.0	125.4	120.8	1.060
Bread and other — Pain et autres produits		141.4	136.3	134.9	1.048
Breweries — Brasseries	—				
		116.9	112.0	109.4	1.069
Wineries — Industrie du vin	—				
		104.3	100.3	96.6	1.080
Consumer Price Indices — Indice des prix à la consommation					
Food — Produits alimentaires		122.0	118.1	116.6	1.046
Housing — Habitation		118.6	113.4	108.7	1.091
Clothing — Habillement		121.1	117.6	112.0	1.081
Transportation — Transports		114.7	111.8	107.3	1.069
Health and personal care — Soins personnels et de santé		127.4	122.5	116.5	1.094
Recreation and reading — Récréation et lecture		119.7	114.1	108.6	1.102
Tobacco and alcohol — Tabac et alcool		110.3	110.4	107.6	1.025
All items — Ensemble		120.1	115.4	111.4	1.078

Source: DBS, Catalogue No. 62-002, March 1969. — B.F.S., de catalogue 62-002, mars 1969.

TABLE XVI. Input-Output Characteristics of Canadian Industry
TABLEAU XVI. Caractéristiques inter-industrielles de l'économie canadienne

Industry Branche d'activité	Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Customer class Type de clients	Input class Type d'instrants	External trade Commerce extérieur	Non-corporate activity Entreprises non incorporées
	%				
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	97.9	P	K S		
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	93.7	P	L S		
Transport equipment — Matériel de transport	84.5	C	L S	M	
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et produits connexes	84.3	P	L S	M	
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	82.1	C	L S		
Mineral fuels — Minéraux combustibles	77.1	P	K	X M	
Machinery — Machines	70.5	C	L S	M	
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	64.3	C	L S	M	
Fruit and vegetable processing — Conserveries de fruits et légumes	62.2	C	L S	M	
Primary metal manufacturing — Fabrication des métaux primaires	56.8	P	L S	X	
Miscellaneous manufacturing — Industries manufacturières diverses	53.5	C	L S	M	
Other mining — Autres minéraux	52.1	P	K	X M	
Textile mills — Filature et tissage	50.8	P	L S	M	
Soft drinks — Boissons gazeuses	49.8	C	L		
Non-metallic minerals — Produits minéraux non métalliques	46.5	P	L S	M	
Other food products — Autres aliments	45.5	C	L S		
Metal fabricating — Produits métalliques	42.1	P	L S	M	
Paper and allied industries — Papier et produits connexes	40.5	P	L S	X	
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	39.6	P	K	X	
Dairy products — Produits laitiers	37.9	C	L S		
Grain mill products — Minoteries	31.4	P	L S		
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail		C	L		U
Wood products — Produits du bois	27.2	P	L S	X	
Leather products — Produits du cuir	20.9	C	L S		
Meat products — Produits de la viande	19.5	C	L S		
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricot	19.0	C	L S		
Distilleries	17.1	C	K S	X	
Business services — Services commerciaux		P	L		U
Furniture — Meubles	15.0	C	L S		
Forestry — Exploitation forestière	14.2	P	L		U
Construction	13.0	C	L S		U
Printing and publishing — Imprimerie et édition	12.9	P	L		
Bakery products — Boulangeries et pâtisseries	11.6	C	L S		
Public utilities — Services d'utilité publique	11.2	P	K		
Clothing — Vêtements	11.1	C	L S		
Transportation and storage — Transports et entreposage	7.6	P	K		
Financial institutions — Institutions financières		C	K		U
Communication — Communications .....	.6	P	L		

Key — Légende:

C Intermediate output less than final demand. — La demande intermédiaire est inférieure à la demande finale.

K Surplus is larger than salaries and wages. — Le surplus est plus important que les traitements et salaires.

L Surplus is less than salaries and wages. — Le surplus est moindre que les traitements et salaires.

M Imports larger than 20 per cent of total output. — Les importations constituent plus de 20 p. 100 de la demande totale.

P Intermediate output larger than final demand. — La demande intermédiaire est supérieure à la demande finale.

S Intermediate input greater than 50 per cent of total input. — Les achats de biens et services intermédiaires constituent plus de 50 p. 100 de la demande totale.

U Net income of unincorporated business larger than 3 per cent of total input. — Le revenu net des entreprises non incorporées constitue plus de 3 p. 100 de la demande totale.

X Exports larger than 20 per cent of total output. — Les exportations constituent plus de 20 p. 100 de la demande totale.

PAYMENTS TO NON-RESIDENTS

Investors in a corporation receive a claim on that corporation and these claims may take the form of either debt or equity ownership of the corporation. A debt claim requires that the corporation pay the investor a certain amount of interest whereas in the case of the equity investment the investor expects to receive compensation in the form of dividends or an accretion in the value of his investment.

With the existing degree of foreign-ownership of the Canadian corporate economy, substantial funds are paid to non-residents in compensation for the provision of equity and debt capital. In addition many types of services are provided by non-residents and the payments for these services entail a flow of funds to non-residents. The payments to non-residents for the use of equity and debt capital and for services are one of the more obvious effects of non-resident influence in the Canadian corporate economy.

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act requires that corporations report certain types of payments made to non-residents. The items that are reported cover the main types of payments made by corporations to non-residents and include dividends, interest, rent, royalties, advertising, professional fees, etc. The concentration and magnitude of these payments provide a measure of one of the principal effects of non-resident ownership.

Types of Payments Made to Non-residents

The types of payments made to non-residents may be divided into two general kinds, those made for the provision of capital and those made for the provision of services. Of the two kinds, those made for the provision of capital is the largest constituting over 66 per cent of the payments made in 1965 and close to 64 per cent in 1966. In 1965 corporations reported payments of \$951.5 millions in dividends and interest and \$1,033.2 millions in 1966.

The payment to non-residents for the use of equity capital is considerably greater than that paid on debt. In 1965, dividends paid to non-residents amounted to \$697.4 millions or 48.9 per cent of the total payments and in 1966 they were \$714.0 millions or 44.2 per cent of the total. Interest, on the other hand

PAIEMENTS FAITS À DES NON-RÉSIDENTS

L'investisseur dans une société détient un droit de créance sur cette société à l'égard de laquelle il est soit prêteur, soit propriétaire. La société reconnaît sa dépendance du prêteur par l'endettement (telle que la dette obligatoire, la dette hypothécaire) et celle du propriétaire par le capital-actions. La valeur du capital-actions ou part du propriétaire s'accroît en fonction des bénéfices retenus dans l'entreprise sous une forme ou une autre. C'est ce qui amène la notion de l'avoir des actionnaires ou valeur nette de l'entreprise (*equity*). La compensation du prêteur par exemple le détenteur d'obligations de la société prend la forme d'intérêts alors que le propriétaire ou détenteur d'actions s'attend à recevoir sa compensation sous forme de dividendes, ou encore par la reconnaissance de la part de la société d'une valeur de placement accrue (augmentation de l'avoir des actionnaires).

L'ampleur de l'appartenance à l'étranger de sociétés exerçant des affaires au Canada signifie que des montants considérables sont payés à des non-résidents en échange de l'utilisation du capital étranger, ce capital ayant forme d'endettement ou de part de propriété. Non seulement des non-résidents fournissent-ils des capitaux mais aussi des services pour lesquels ils doivent être remboursés. Les versements à l'étranger à titre d'intérêts, de dividendes, et en compensation de services reçus rendent compte d'une façon assez éloquente des effets de l'investissement étranger au Canada.

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers oblige les corporations déclarantes à fournir un relevé d'un certain nombre de paiements qu'elles font à des non-résidents. Il s'agit des dividendes, des intérêts, des loyers (ou location), des redevances, de la publicité, des honoraires professionnels, etc. Le montant et la répartition de ces paiements mettent en lumière certaines des principales conséquences de l'investissement étranger au Canada.

Genres de paiements faits à des non-résidents

Généralement, les paiements faits à des non-résidents sont de deux catégories principales, les paiements pour l'utilisation des capitaux et les paiements en rémunération de services rendus. Les premiers montaient à 66 p. 100 de l'ensemble de tous les paiements en 1965 et à 64 p. 100 en 1966. Plus précisément, les sociétés au Canada versaient à l'étranger des paiements d'intérêts et de dividendes se chiffrant à \$951.5 millions en 1965 et \$1,033.2 millions en 1966.

Les sommes payées à des non-résidents en compensation pour l'utilisation du capital de participation sont beaucoup plus fortes que celles qui sont reliées à l'endettement. En effet les dividendes versés en 1965 totalisaient \$697.4 millions, soit 48.9 p. 100 de tous les paiements effectués. En 1966, ils étaient de \$714.0

was \$254.1 millions or 17.8 per cent in 1965 and \$319.2 millions or 19.7 per cent in 1966. Fewer corporations made dividend payments to non-residents in 1966 than in 1965 whereas more corporations paid interest. In 1966 over 56 per cent of the interest paid was on obligations other than bonds, debentures or bank loans. This "other interest" category consists primarily of interest payments on short or long-term notes held by parent or affiliated corporations.

The payments to non-residents for services cover a broad spectrum ranging from payments for rent to payments for technical services. The largest service payment is in the area of rental payments and more particularly, rental payments for the use of equipment. Such payments amounted to \$115.1 millions in 1966. This was 19.6 per cent of service payments and it represented 7.1 per cent of the total payments. The other significant payments for services were for management fees and engineering fees which were \$95.2 millions and \$70.9 millions, respectively. Payments for the exercise of production, distribution, sales franchises and similar rights are also important items when assessing the impact of payments to non-residents. In 1965 such payments amounted to \$83.5 millions increasing in 1966 to \$97.8 millions.

Payments by Industrial Sector

Corporations in the manufacturing industries accounted for \$888.6 millions or 55 per cent of the total payments to non-residents in 1966. Manufacturing industries dominated the broad payment categories of dividends, interest, royalties, advertising, research, insurance, management fees and professional and other fees. The concentration of payments in the area of manufacturing is to be expected and parallels the concentration in foreign ownership. This is further emphasized by the payments of dividends to non-residents by manufacturing corporations. Such payments are nearly 50 per cent of the total dividends paid to non-residents and constitute over 27 per cent of all payments to non-residents. An interesting exception to the dominance of manufacturing corporations in payments is the importance of corporations in the transportation and communications industry in rental payments. Corporations in these industries paid \$82.4 million for rentals, most of this being for rental of equipment.

Because most payments to non-residents are made by large corporations whose activities cross many industrial boundaries, it is convenient to restructure the industrial groupings when examining payments made by these corporations. A restructuring of the groupings in the mining and manufacturing industries reveals that corporations in secondary manufacturing made pay-

millions ou 44.2 p. 100 de l'ensemble. D'autre part, les intérêts se chiffraient à \$254.1 millions ou 17.8 p. 100 en 1965 et \$319.2 millions ou 19.7 p. 100 en 1966. A remarquer qu'en 1966, plus de 56 p. 100 des intérêts payés l'étaient sur des formes d'endettement autres que les obligations, les débentures, et les emprunts bancaires. Il s'agissait principalement d'intérêts sur billets à court terme ou à long terme détenus par les sociétés-mères ou associées. Dans les compilations ces paiements font partie de la rubrique "autres intérêts".

Les sociétés au Canada doivent faire des paiements en rétribution d'une multitude de services. La plus grande proportion de ces paiements concernait les loyers, plus particulièrement la location de matériel. Ces loyers coûtaient \$115.1 millions en 1966 et représentaient 19.6 p. 100 des paiements pour services et 7.1 p. 100 de tous les paiements faits à des non-résidents. Venaient ensuite les paiements pour frais de gestion et honoraires pour services professionnels de génie qui se chiffraient à \$95.2 millions et \$70.9 millions respectivement. Les paiements pour droits d'exclusivité et d'autres droits semblables concernant la production, la distribution et la vente sont aussi assez significatifs dans l'appréciation des relations avec l'étranger. En 1965, ils s'élevaient à \$83.5 millions et en 1966, ils atteignaient \$97.8 millions.

Paiements faits par secteurs industriels

Les sociétés classées au secteur manufacturier effectuaient en 1966 des paiements à des non-résidents s'élevant à \$888.6 millions soit 55 p. 100 de tous les paiements faits à des non-résidents. C'est dans ce secteur qu'on a retrouvé les paiements les plus considérables sous forme de dividendes, intérêts, redevances, publicité, recherche, assurance, frais de gestion et honoraires pour services professionnels. Il ne faut pas se surprendre de la grande proportion des paiements à l'étranger provenant du secteur manufacturier étant donné l'ampleur de l'appartenance à l'étranger de ce secteur. On se rend compte d'une façon plus concrète de ce degré d'appartenance à l'étranger lorsque l'on constate que de tous les paiements faits à des non-résidents au titre des dividendes en 1966, 50 p. 100 provenait du secteur manufacturier; ils constituaient ainsi 27 p. 100 des paiements de toutes sortes faits à l'étranger. En somme, il est évident que le secteur manufacturier contribue les plus forts paiements pour les divers services. Il y a une exception cependant; au titre des loyers c'est de l'industrie des transports et communications que s'effectuent les plus gros paiements à des non-résidents. En effet en 1966, cette industrie versait \$82.4 millions pour les loyers, la majeure partie à des fins de location de matériel.

En fait, une forte majorité des paiements à des non-résidents sont effectués par de très grandes entreprises dont le champ d'action s'étend à plusieurs industries à la fois. Il est donc à propos d'effectuer certains regroupements d'industries pour en faciliter l'analyse. Ainsi, on remarque que les sociétés classées au secteur des industries de fabrication secondaire ont fait, en 1966, des paiements

ments of \$536.4 millions in 1966 or 33.2 per cent of all payments. Over 47 per cent of the \$536.4 millions was paid in the form of dividends, corporations in secondary manufacturing accounting for over 35 per cent of the total dividends paid to non-residents. The greatest concentration of payments within secondary manufacturing is made by corporations in the transportation equipment industry. Corporations in this industry made 38 per cent of the total payments within secondary manufacturing and 12.6 per cent of the total payments made to non-residents in 1966. Within the transportation equipment industry the largest single category was dividends with payments of \$109.6 millions in 1966. Corporations in this industry also made significant payments for professional fees and other services, amounting to \$45.7 millions in 1966.

Corporations in the metal mining and refining industries made payments to non-residents totalling \$188.4 millions in 1966. The principal payments were dividends and interest, these amounting to \$114.1 million or 60.0 per cent and \$53.4 million or 28.3 per cent respectively, of all payments made by these corporations. The proportion of payments for interest in relation to total payments made in the metal mining and refining industries is higher than the proportion of payments for interest for total mining and manufacturing sector. In 1966 the primary metal industry made 28.3 per cent of their payments for interest whereas only 15.4 per cent of payments of total mining and manufacturing were made for interest. A similar situation occurs in the case of corporations in the primary manufacturing industries where interest represents 24.5 per cent of the total payments of the industry. However, within primary manufacturing, corporations in the pulp and paper industry account for the bulk of the interest paid to non-residents, \$31.7 millions or 70 per cent of the total of \$45.2 millions. This tendency in favour of the payments of interest rather than dividends is related to the ownership of this sector of industry in which Canadians have substantial participation, and the tendency to finance through debt rather than equity.

Of interest in the payments to non-residents by firms in the construction industry is the relatively large amount of \$28.3 paid for professional and other fees. This represents close to 66 per cent of the total payments made by this industry to non-residents and consists primarily of engineering fees. The construction industry which is dominantly Canadian owned uses to some extent the engineering expertise of non-residents.

Payments to non-residents for scientific and technical research are made primarily by corporations in secondary manufacturing and are related mostly to produce and process development research. Of the total payments to non-residents for research of \$43.6 millions, close to 75 per cent was paid by companies in

à des non-résidents au montant de \$536.4 millions, soit 33.2 p. 100 de la somme de tous les paiements. Plus de 47 p. 100 des \$536.4 millions étaient des dividendes qui, à leur tour, représentaient plus de 35 p. 100 de tous les dividendes versés à des non-résidents. Les plus gros paiements dans les industries de fabrication secondaire proviennent de l'industrie du matériel de transport, qui en 1966, contribua 38 p. 100 de tous les paiements faits par les industries de fabrication secondaire ou encore 12.6 p. 100 des paiements de l'ensemble de toutes les industries. Dans l'industrie du matériel de transport, les plus forts montants étaient consacrés aux dividendes soit \$109.6 millions. Les honoraires pour services professionnels et divers autres services s'élevant à \$45.7 millions sont aussi très significatifs.

Les sociétés d'exploitation minière et d'affinage des métaux ont, en 1966, effectué des paiements à l'étranger se chiffrant à \$188.4 millions. Les dividendes et les intérêts se partageaient les plus gros montants, soit \$114.1 millions ou 60.6 p. 100 et \$53.4 millions ou 28.3 p. 100 respectivement. La proportion des paiements en intérêts des sociétés d'exploitation minière et d'affinage des métaux est plus forte que celle de l'ensemble de toutes les sociétés minières et manufacturières. Les versements en intérêts de ces dernières représentent 15.4 p. 100 de leurs paiements à l'étranger, à rapprocher de 28.3 p. 100 pour les sociétés d'extraction et d'affinage des métaux. Les intérêts constituent aussi une part considérable des paiements à l'étranger faits par le secteur des fabrications primaires. Le pourcentage atteignait 24.5 p. 100 en 1966, grâce en particulier à l'industrie des pâtes et papiers d'où provenait une somme de \$31.7 millions ou 70 p. 100 du total de \$45.2 millions. A remarquer que l'industrie des pâtes et papiers jouit d'une participation canadienne très substantielle. Il n'est pas surprenant, que sur une base proportionnelle, les dividendes versés à l'étranger soient moins considérables que les intérêts.

Il est curieux de constater que dans l'industrie de la construction la majorité des paiements faits à des non-résidents, soit 66 p. 100 ou \$28.3 millions, le sont au titre des honoraires professionnels, en grande partie pour les services professionnels de génie. En d'autres mots même si l'industrie de la construction est presque entièrement la propriété de résidents canadiens, elle utilise dans une large mesure des services d'experts-conseils d'outre-frontière.

Au titre des paiements à l'étranger pour la recherche scientifique et technique, c'est le secteur des fabrications secondaires qui domine. Ces dépenses à l'étranger pour l'ensemble des secteurs totalisaient \$43.6 millions en 1966 dont 75 p. 100 provenait du secteur des fabrications secondaires. Il s'agit principalement de paiements reliés

secondary manufacturing. Within secondary manufacturing, corporations in two industries, rubber products and transportation equipment, paid \$22.5 millions or over 51 per cent of all payments to non-residents for research. Corporations in secondary manufacturing also had the highest payments to non-residents for advertising amounting to \$17.4 millions or over 60 per cent of the total of \$28.8 millions.

aux recherches sur les produits et les procédés de fabrication. Au sein des industries de fabrication secondaire, l'industrie du caoutchouc et l'industrie du matériel de transport, prises ensemble, effectuaient 51 p. 100, soit \$22.5 millions, de tous les paiements à l'étranger au titre de la recherche. En ce qui concerne les paiements à des non-résidents relativement à la publicité, ce sont aussi les sociétés de fabrications secondaires qui en ont fait le plus, soit \$17.4 millions ou plus de 60 p. 100 du grand total de \$28.8 millions.

TABLE XVII. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada, 1966

TABLEAU XVII. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada, 1966

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Dividends — Dividendes	Interest — Intérêts	Rent — Loyer	Royalties — Redevances	Franchises — Droits d'exclusivité	Advertising — Réclame	Research — Recherche	Insurance — Assurance	Management fees, annuities — Honoraires gestion rentes	Professional fees, other payments — Services professionnels et autres	Total
	No. — nomb.											
												\$'000
Agriculture	57	894	184	40	35	16	62	—	23	296	34	1,584
Mining — Mines	279	98,190	48,949	448	1,312	43	601	2,179	147	4,934	3,841	160,644
Manufacturing — Fabrication	2,330	442,292	113,492	19,688	82,976	13,984	21,307	38,857	8,091	69,133	78,806	888,626
Construction	153	5,621	2,464	330	1,391	114	176	48	390	4,201	28,267	43,002
Transportation — Transports	178	8,861	33,009	82,360	88	—	112	6	1,218	1,606	4,387	131,647
Gas and electric utilities — Services de gaz et électricité	35	3,742	6,366	92	9	—	22	11	4	247	370	10,863
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	826	22,661	5,843	1,535	5,742	3,020	3,008	1,028	810	11,071	2,775	57,493
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	143	6,942	1,486	2,191	1,228	44	838	122	879	2,972	669	17,371
Finances	1,109	119,201	104,480	949	580	43	253	415	341	8,075	5,137	239,474
Services	356	5,613	2,898	14,385	4,465	26,577	2,443	980	162	6,473	2,673	66,669
Total	5,466	714,017	319,171	122,018	97,826	43,841	28,822	43,646	12,065	109,008	126,959	1,617,373

Change in Payments, 1962 - 1966

Since 1962 when detailed data on payments to non-residents first became available under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act payments have increased by \$659.6 millions from \$957.8 millions in 1962 to \$1,617.4 millions in 1966. The increase from 1962 to 1966 was widely distributed by industrial group and payment categories. Although disproportionate gains were registered for rental payments as well as for the residual category "professional fees and other payments," these could be traced to some extent to the clarification of certain reporting requirements for which information was incomplete in the earlier year. Payments of insurance premiums, declined between the two years. However, relatively few corporations reported large amounts in either of the two years. While total payments increased during the period by 68.9 per cent, payments for dividends increased only 49.8 per cent whereas payments for interest increased 92.3 per cent. Payments to non-residents for royalties has shown a significant percentage increase of 85.2 per cent between 1962 and 1966, whereas payments for research have increased only 27.7 per cent. Within industrial sectors the largest increases were made by

Accroissement des paiements faits, 1962 - 1966

C'est en 1962 que, pour la première fois, des renseignements détaillés sur les paiements faits à des non-résidents ont pu être recueillis grâce à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Il s'agit bien entendu des paiements qui ont été faits par les sociétés déclarantes aux termes de la Loi. De 1962 à 1966 ces renseignements indiquent que les paiements faits à des non-résidents ont passé de \$957.8 millions à \$1,617.4 millions, soit une augmentation de \$659.6 millions. Cet accroissement de 1962 à 1966 n'est pas le fait de quelques groupes d'industries seulement ou de quelques genres de paiements, c'est plutôt un phénomène assez général. Il faudrait souligner cependant que des augmentations hors de l'ordinaire constatées au titre des loyers et des paiements divers (y compris les honoraires pour services professionnels) ne sont pas réelles mais plutôt d'ordre statistique. Ceci tient au fait que la façon de recueillir les données au début de la période en question n'était pas suffisamment claire en ce qui a trait à ces genres de paiements. Poursuivant l'analyse de l'évolution des paiements à des non-résidents entre 1962 et 1966, on remarque que contrairement à la tendance générale, les paiements sous forme de primes d'assurance ont diminué.

corporations in secondary manufacturing, mineral fuels extraction and processing and the category "other industries". Although secondary manufacturing has been the predominant group making payments to non-residents, its relative proportion of payments made to non-residents has increased significantly between 1962 and 1966.

Il est possible que cette diminution ne soit pas aussi significative qu'on pourrait le croire; en effet, l'examen des données pour 1962 et 1966 révèle qu'il y a bien peu de sociétés qui effectuent des paiements très considérables en primes d'assurance payables à des non-résidents, ce qui indiquerait qu'il n'est pas de pratique courante de s'assurer d'une façon directe à l'étranger. D'autres détails dignes de mention concernent les intérêts, les dividendes, les redevances et la recherche. Même si l'ensemble de tous les paiements ont augmenté de 68.9 p. 100, les dividendes ont progressé de seulement 49.8 p. 100. De leur côté, les intérêts se sont accrus de 92.3 p. 100. L'augmentation relative des redevances s'établit à 85.2 p. 100. D'autre part les paiements pour la recherche n'augmentaient que de 27.7 p. 100 entre 1962 et 1966. Parmi les différents secteurs industriels, les sociétés de fabrication secondaire, les sociétés d'extraction et de traitement des combustibles minéraux de même que les sociétés comprises dans le groupe des industries diverses sont celles qui ont montrés l'accroissement le plus considérable au titre des paiements à des non-résidents entre 1962 à 1966. Au cours de cette période, le secteur des fabrications secondaires qui, déjà, était au premier rang relativement aux paiements à des non-résidents, a continué de l'être et cela d'une façon de plus en plus marquée.

TABLE XVIII. Payments to Non-residents by Sector and by Type of Payment, 1962, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU XVIII. Paiements effectués à des non-résidents selon le type de paiement et le secteur industriel débiteur, 1962, 1965 et 1966

	1962	1965	1966	Percentage change	
				Variations procentuelles	
				1962/1966	1965/1966
		\$'000		%	
Sector — Secteur:					
Mining and refining — Mines et raffinage	138,264	177,548	188,396	+ 36.3	+ 6.1
Mineral fuels, extraction and processing — Minéraux combustibles, exploitation et traitement	77,045	131,630	140,650	+ 82.6	+ 6.9
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	132,783	191,651	183,825	+ 38.4	- 4.1
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	292,037	405,394	536,399	+ 83.7	+ 32.3
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de gros et de détail	45,685	81,105	74,864	+ 63.9	- 7.7
Finances	139,711	224,144	239,474	+ 71.4	+ 6.8
Other industries — Autres industries	131,879	216,523	253,765	+ 92.4	+ 17.2
Total	957,804	1,427,995	1,617,373	+ 68.9	+ 13.3
Type of payments — Type de paiement:					
Dividends — Dividendes	476,686	697,445	714,017	+ 49.8	+ 2.4
Interest — Intérêts	165,994	254,099	319,171	+ 92.3	+ 25.6
Rent — Loyers	40,075	115,610	122,018	+ 204.5	+ 5.5
Royalties — Redevances	52,829	83,485	97,826	+ 85.2	+ 17.2
Franchises — Droits d'exclusivité	24,874	39,035	43,841	+ 76.2	+ 12.3
Advertising — Publicité	23,611	26,023	28,822	+ 22.1	+ 10.7
Research — Recherche	34,185	42,305	43,646	+ 27.7	+ 3.2
Insurance — Assurances	16,649	10,826	12,065	- 27.5	+ 11.4
Management fees, salaries, annuities — Frais d'administration, salaires et rentes	72,944	89,760	109,008	+ 49.4	+ 21.4
Professional fees, other — Honoraires professionnels et autres	49,557	69,407	126,959	+ 156.2	+ 82.9

The increase in payments to non-residents between 1965 and 1966 is quite mixed with regard to the industrial sectors making these payments. While corporations in secondary manufacturing increased their payments to non-residents by 32.3 per cent, corporations in primary manufacturing decreased their payments by 4.1 per cent. The type of payment which experienced the largest relative increase from 1965 to 1966 was the category "professional fees and other miscellaneous service payments" which increased by 82.9 per cent. Significant increases were also experienced concerning the payments of interest which increased 25.6 per cent. Payments in these two categories increased \$122.6 millions from 1965 to 1966. This compares with an increase of \$189.4 millions increase for all payments between 1965 and 1966.

Concentration of Payments

Although 5,466 corporations reported payments to non-residents in 1966, those paying over \$500,000 in that year amounted to only 580. Of these 580 corporations, 380 reported at least one payment in excess of half a million dollars. By major industrial group, these 380 corporations ranged from a high of 99 in secondary manufacturing to a low of 22 in both mineral fuels and trade.

With so few corporations contributing a major proportion of the total payments to non-residents, the actions of any individual corporation contributes a significant part of any change in industrial totals. For example, in 1966 five corporations in secondary manufacturing, all wholly-owned subsidiaries of American parent corporations, increased their dividend payments from \$56.8 millions in 1965 to \$121.4 millions in 1966.¹ The concentration of payments in relatively few corporations can result in extremely large variations in total payments or any particular payment category, from year to year. Therefore, the payment patterns of these relatively few corporations determine to a large extent the amount of funds flowing from the corporate community to non-residents.

Summary

The major portion of the payments to non-residents by Canadian corporations is on account of capital, and represents approximately two thirds of all

¹ This increase of \$64.6 million exceeded the increase of all corporations of only \$16.6 million.

L'analyse de l'accroissement des paiements faits à des non-résidents entre 1965 et 1966 révèle que les sociétés de fabrication secondaire ont augmenté leurs paiements de 32.3 p. 100. En contraste, les sociétés de fabrication primaire diminuaient leurs paiements de 4.1 p. 100. Quant aux genres de paiements, ce sont les honoraires pour services professionnels et les services divers qui affichaient l'augmentation relative la plus grande. L'augmentation des paiements en intérêts mérite d'être soulignée aussi. Ces deux catégories de paiements prises ensemble montrent un accroissement de \$122.6 millions entre 1965 et 1966, ce qui constitue une forte proportion de l'accroissement de l'ensemble qui se chiffre à \$189.4 millions.

Aspects de la concentration des paiements

Des 5,466 sociétés déclarant avoir fait des paiements à des non-résidents en 1966, seulement 580 d'entre elles faisaient état de paiements dont la somme excédait \$500,000. Parmi ces 580 sociétés, 380 d'entre elles déclaraient au moins un genre de paiement particulier au-dessus d'un demi million de dollars. On retrouvait 99 de ces 380 sociétés dans l'industrie des fabrications secondaires. Les autres secteurs industriels se partageaient un nombre de sociétés inférieur à ce dernier nombre, l'industrie des combustibles minéraux de même que l'industrie du commerce ayant le plus petit nombre soit 22 chacune.

Étant donné le petit nombre de sociétés responsables de la majorité des paiements à des non-résidents, il s'ensuit que le changement de comportement de n'importe laquelle de ces sociétés pourrait bien avoir des effets assez appréciables sur l'évolution de leur secteur industriel particulier. Il est arrivé, en 1966 par exemple, que cinq sociétés de l'industrie des fabrications secondaires, en l'occurrence toutes des filiales à part entière de sociétés dont le siège social est aux États-Unis, déclaraient des dividendes atteignant \$121.4 millions¹, un montant considérablement plus élevé que celui de 1965 qui se chiffrait à \$56.8 millions. Il est évident aussi que le même phénomène de concentration peut être la cause de variations très significatives d'une année à l'autre dans les différents genres de paiements, voire même dans l'ensemble de tous les paiements à des non-résidents. Bref, on peut assez bien juger des mouvements de fonds vers l'étranger à l'examen du comportement de seulement un petit nombre de sociétés, ceci pour l'ensemble du secteur incorporé de l'économie, bien entendu.

Résumé

La majeure partie des paiements faits à des non-résidents par des sociétés exerçant des affaires au Canada, soit deux tiers, le sont en rapport avec l'utilisation de

¹ Montant considérablement plus élevé que l'augmentation de \$16.6 millions enregistrée par l'ensemble de toutes les corporations.

apayments made to non-residents. There are significant payments made to non-residents for services, however these payments are widely spread by industrial group and by the type of payment made. In general, payments to non-residents parallels the ownership structure of the Canadian corporate community, with those industrial sectors which are predominantly foreign-owned paying more to non-residents than those industrial sectors which are Canadian-owned. There are a few major exceptions to this general observation, principally in the area of interest rental payments and engineering fees. The payments to non-residents is dominated by a relatively few large foreign-owned corporations. Changes in the pattern of payments to non-residents made by these relatively few corporations have an extremely large effect on the overall payments made to non-residents as well as the payments made by type and industrial sector

capitaux étrangers. Des paiements nombreux sont aussi effectués pour des services de toutes sortes. Ces derniers cependant s'appliquent à des services plus qu'à d'autres et sont particuliers à certains groupes d'industries. D'une façon générale, les paiements à des non-résidents vont de pair avec le système hiérarchique d'appartenance à l'étranger qui caractérise le secteur de l'entreprise incorporée au Canada: les secteurs industriels qui sont en grande partie propriété de non-résidents, versent de plus forts montants à l'étranger que ceux qui appartiennent dans une large mesure à des Canadiens. Comme on l'a vu précédemment, il y a quelques exceptions à cette dernière généralité notamment en ce qui concerne les paiements à l'égard des loyers et des honoraires pour services professionnels. Enfin, les paiements à des non-résidents proviennent d'un bien petit nombre de sociétés appartenant à l'étranger et des changements brusques dans le comportement de ces dernières peuvent avoir une influence énorme sur l'évolution de l'ensemble de tous les paiements, les différentes catégories de paiements de même que l'évolution au niveau des groupes particuliers d'industries.

TABLE XIX. Total Payments to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABEAU XIX. Ensemble des paiements à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	256	268	177, 548	188, 396
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	119	110	131, 630	140, 650
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire.....	576	583	191, 651	183, 825
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	1, 580	1, 648	405, 394	536, 399
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros.....	897	969	81, 105	74, 864
Finances	1, 092	1, 109	224, 144	239, 474
Other industries — Autres industries.....	752	779	216, 523	253, 765
Total.....	5, 272	5, 466	1, 427, 995	1, 617, 373

TABLE XX. Dividends Paid to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABEAU XX. Dividendes payés à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage.....	87	85	121,762	114,088
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux.....	30	22	82,537	79,232
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	173	160	122,762	94,788
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	360	367	200,836	252,374
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	224	223	33,334	29,603
Finances.....	482	480	107,885	119,201
Other industries — Autres industries	170	159	28,329	24,731
Total	1,526	1,496	697,445	714,017

¹ Total corporations equal total number of payments. — Le nombre total des corporations est égal au nombre total des corporations est égal au nombre total des paiements.

TABLE XXI. Interest Paid to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABLERAU XXI. Intérêts payés à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	69	81	35,740	53,423
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	39	45	22,192	29,521
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	184	200	28,485	45,181
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	425	501	20,845	34,316
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	269	308	5,785	7,329
Finances	526	530	100,856	104,480
Other industries — Autres industries	246	267	40,196	44,121
Total	1,758	1,932	254,099	319,171

¹ Number of payments within three interest classifications. — Nombre des paiements répartis entre les trois (3) catégories d'intérêts.

TABLE XXII. Rent Paid to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABLERAU XXII. Loyers payés à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	14	15	144	262
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	32	23	11,702	13,768
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	125	120	2,347	2,177
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	129	162	3,380	3,929
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	86	82	11,840	3,726
Finances	23	17	1,939	949
Other industries — Autres industries	94	100	84,258	97,207
Total	503	519	115,610	122,018

¹ Number of payments within two rental payment classifications. — Nombre des paiements répartis entre les deux (2) catégories des loyers.

TABLE XXIII. Royalties Paid to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABLERAU XXIII. Redevances à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	53	62	1,751	1,938
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	52	53	1,532	1,674
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	181	193	11,021	12,120
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	794	852	57,556	68,556
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	154	164	6,442	6,970
Finances	13	14	148	580
Other industries — Autres industries	79	79	5,035	5,988
Total	1,326	1,417	83,485	97,826

¹ Number of payments within five royalty payment classifications. — Nombre des paiements répartis entre les cinq (5) catégories de redevances.

TABLE XXIV. Franchise Payments to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU XXIV. Montants payés en droits d'exclusivité à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	16	15	1, 295	1, 147
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	4	3	2, 093	3, 160
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	50	63	1, 603	2, 625
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	123	118	7, 078	7, 095
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	45	41	2, 950	3, 064
Finances	2	4	38	43
Other industries — Autres industries	37	47	23, 978	26, 707
Total	277	291	39, 035	43, 841

¹ Number of payments within four franchise payment classifications. — Nombre des paiements répartis entre les quatre (4) catégories de contrepartie de droits d'exclusivité.

TABLE XXV. Advertising Payments to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU XXV. Versements de publicité à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	29	29	1,825	1,245
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	13	12	493	751
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	64	73	1,941	2,558
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	214	213	15,776	17,354
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	120	119	3,923	3,846
Finances	25	24	284	253
Other industries — Autres industries	95	100	1,781	2,815
Total	560	570	26,023	28,822

¹ Total corporations equals total number of payments. — Le nombre total des corporations est égal au nombre total des paiements.

TABLE XXVI. Research Payments to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU XXVI. Versements de recherches à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	35	35	3,817	3,976
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	10	10	1,866	1,831
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	52	51	2,536	2,587
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	152	151	32,504	32,642
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	22	23	408	1,150
Finances	7	6	307	415
Other industries — Autres industries	16	17	867	1,045
Total	294	293	42,305	43,646

¹ Number of payments within two research payment classifications. — Nombre des paiements répartis entre les deux (2) catégories de recherches.

TABLE XXVII. Insurance Paid to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU XXVII. Primes d'assurance à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Corporations ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
		No. — nomb.		\$'000
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	34	28	742	595
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	12	11	573	1,181
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	60	59	2,570	3,140
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	184	194	2,721	3,322
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	98	96	1,661	1,689
Finances	37	24	969	341
Other industries — Autres industries	76	78	1,590	1,797
Total	501	490	10,826	12,065

¹ Total corporations equals total number of payments. — Le nombre total des corporations est égal au nombre total des paiements.

TABLE XXVIII. Management Fees, Salaries and Annuities Paid to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU XXVIII. Honoraires de gestion, salaires et rentes à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
	No. — nomb.		\$'000	
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	135	139	5, 509	6, 708
Minerals fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	79	56	3, 427	2, 564
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	219	218	11, 259	12, 580
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	669	706	40, 846	52, 215
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	370	437	11, 913	14, 043
Finances	292	314	6, 760	8, 075
Other industries — Autres industries	290	328	10, 046	12, 823
Total	2, 054	2, 198	89, 760	109, 008

¹ Number of payments within four payment classifications including management fees, salaries and annuities. — Nombre des paiements répartis entre les quatre (4) catégories de rémunération comprenant les honoraires, salaires, pensions et annuités.

TABLE XXIX. Professional Services and Other Payments to Non-residents, by Industrial Group, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU XXIX. Honoraires professionnels et autres à des non-résidents, par groupes industriels, 1965 et 1966

Industry group — Groupe industriel	Payments ¹ — Paiements ¹		1965	1966
	1965	1966		
		No. — nomb.		\$'000
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	146	153	4,963	5,014
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitement des combustibles minéraux	99	89	5,215	6,968
Primary manufacturing — Fabrication primaire	191	194	7,127	6,069
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire	469	481	23,852	64,596
Wholesale and retail trade — Commerce de détail et de gros	211	236	2,849	3,444
Finances	214	208	4,958	5,137
Other industries — Autres industries	285	272	20,443	35,731
Total	1,615	1,633	69,407	126,959

¹ Number of payments within six professional fee payment classifications. — Nombre des paiements répartis entre les six (6) catégories de versements pour services professionnels.

TABLE XXX. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada,
in the Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1966

TABLEAU XXX. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada,
industries minières et manufacturières, 1966

Industry — Industrie	Corporations	Dividends — Dividendes	Interest — Intérêts	Rent — Loyer	Royalties — Redevances	Franchises — Droits d'exclusivité	Advertising — Réclame	Research — Recherche	Insurance — Assurance	Management fees, annuities — Honoraires de gestion, rentes	Professional fees, other payments — Services professionnels et autres	Total
	No. — nomb.	\$'000										
Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage:												
Metal mines — Minéraux métalliques.....	91	24,355	26,718	4	175	1,558	390	871	26	793	592	53,947
Other mining — Autres minéraux	98	16,105	5,060	123	194	196	179	118	77	1,937	1,423	25,216
Primary metal industries — Métaux primaire.....	79	73,628	21,645	135	1,569	7,095	676	2,987	492	3,978	2,999	109,233
Total	268	114,688	53,423	262	1,938	14,027	1,245	3,976	595	6,708	5,014	188,396
Mineral fuels extraction and processing — Extraction et traitements des combustibles minéraux:												
Mineral fuels — Minéraux combustibles.....	90	57,730	17,171	321	943	20	32	1,190	44	2,204	1,826	81,481
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon....	20	21,502	12,350	13,447	731	3,140	719	641	1,137	360	5,142	59,169
Total	110	79,232	29,521	13,768	1,674	3,160	751	1,831	1,181	2,564	6,968	140,650
Other primary manufacturing — Autres fabrications primaires:												
Food products — Aliments	207	24,059	5,576	1,315	4,336	649	653	665	1,476	6,632	1,746	47,107
Beverages — Boissons	32	9,415	915	211	408	63	1,151	32	402	204	180	12,981
Tobacco — Tabacs	11	6,698	309	181	467	—	—	—	—	369	92	8,116
Leather — Cuir.....	49	15	292	74	549	30	46	3	—	193	114	1,316
Wood — Bois	80	5,962	4,802	68	118	415	40	12	38	564	507	12,526
Paper — Papiers	119	33,927	31,727	308	4,508	1,258	219	553	1,186	3,515	2,211	79,412
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits des minéraux non-métalliques	85	14,712	1,560	20	1,734	210	449	1,322	38	1,103	1,219	22,367
Total	583	94,788	45,181	2,177	12,120	2,625	2,558	2,587	3,140	12,580	6,069	183,825
Secondary manufacturing — Fabrication secondaire:												
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	24	4,711	622	110	1,135	29	120	7,747	701	1,034	1,118	17,327
Textiles, knitting, mills, clothing — Filature et tissage, bonneterie et vêtements	245	12,926	1,941	301	5,723	496	941	925	73	2,296	827	26,449
Furniture — Meubles et articles d'ameublement.....	45	34	110	2	260	21	217	179	2	251	15	1,091
Printing and publishing — Impression et édition	110	3,490	606	62	2,870	1,068	784	316	217	993	1,044	11,450
Metal fabricating — Fabrications métalliques.....	274	13,593	5,793	1,360	5,123	615	650	1,045	75	7,030	996	36,280
Machinery — Machinerie	206	43,723	4,097	272	17,329	266	582	1,061	212	5,200	4,913	77,655
Transportation equipment — Matériel de transport	122	109,593	6,725	447	4,197	309	4,630	14,777	338	17,246	45,700	203,962
Electrical products — Appareils et matériel électriques	174	18,740	4,175	331	11,219	2,535	281	2,044	429	5,404	4,062	49,220
Chemical products — Produits chimiques.....	255	36,904	7,948	830	14,285	1,558	8,860	4,024	1,163	10,038	5,159	90,769
Miscellaneous — Divers	193	8,660	2,299	214	6,415	198	289	524	112	2,723	762	22,196
Total	1,648	252,374	34,316	3,929	68,556	7,095	17,354	32,642	3,322	52,215	64,596	536,399
Mining and manufacturing — Total — Extraction et fabrication	2,609	540,482	162,441	20,136	84,288	14,027	21,908	41,036	8,238	74,067	82,647	1,049,270

TABLE XXXI. Payments to Non-residents by Reporting Corporations Resident in Canada,
by Type of Payment, by Major Industrial Groups, 1966

TABLEAU XXXI. Paiements faits à des non-résidents par les corporations déclarantes résidant au Canada,
par catégorie de paiement selon les grands groupes industriels, 1966

Type of payment — Catégorie de paiement	Corporations	Mining and refining — Exploitation minière et affinage	Mineral fuels — Combustibles minéraux	Manufacturing — Fabrication		Trade — Commerce	Finances	Other industries — Autres industries	Total
				Primary — Primaire	Secondary — Secondaire				
	No. — nomb.					\$'000			
Dividends — Dividendes	1,496	114,088	79,232	94,788	252,374	29,603	119,201	24,731	714,017
Interest — Intérêts:									
Debentures and bonds — Débentures et obligations	314	19,984	12,751	24,026	3,958	608	18,155	36,284	115,766
Bank loans — Emprunts bancaires	187	8,410	5,765	2,315	963	584	9,100	1,352	28,489
Other — Autres	1,431	25,029	11,005	18,840	29,395	6,137	77,225	7,285	174,916
Rent — Loyer (ou location):									
On real property in Canada — D'immeubles situés au Canada	181	60	566	321	1,401	2,991	923	658	6,920
On equipment — De machinerie et outillage	338	202	13,202	1,856	2,528	735	26	96,549	115,098
Royalties and similar payments — Redevances et autres paiements similaires:									
Copyrights — Droits d'auteur	73	4	4	97	5,243	1,378	—	2,622	9,348
Patents of invention — Brevets d'invention	430	1,274	144	3,822	20,438	2,109	179	1,437	29,403
Industrial designs — Dessin industriel	159	86	299	74	18,584	552	—	75	19,670
Trade marks and trade names — Marques de commerce et noms commerciaux	226	40	1	1,545	7,692	746	269	139	10,432
Other — Autres	529	534	1,226	6,582	16,599	2,185	132	1,715	28,973
Payments for exercise of production, distribution and sales franchises and similar rights — Paiements pour droits d'exclusivité et d'autres droits semblables concernant la production, la distribution et la vente:									
In Canada — Au Canada	206	931	3,159	1,035	6,206	2,928	42	26,479	40,780
In the United States — Aux Etats-Unis	60	25	1	1,475	474	102	—	174	2,251
In the United Kingdom — Au Royaume-Uni	8	168	—	47	7	8	—	—	230
Elsewhere — Ailleurs	17	23	—	68	408	26	1	54	580
Advertising and sales promotion — Réclame et stimulation des ventes	570	1,245	751	2,558	17,354	3,846	253	2,815	28,822
Payments for or in respect of — Paiements concernant:									
Scientific research — Recherches scientifiques	142	576	805	827	5,821	752	174	977	9,932
Product and process development research — Recherches sur les produits et les procédés de production	151	3,400	1,026	1,760	26,821	398	241	68	33,714
Insurance premiums and related charges — Primes et autres frais relatifs à l'assurance	490	595	1,181	3,140	3,322	1,689	341	1,797	12,065
Management and administrative fees — Frais de gestion et d'administration	1,191	4,594	2,147	11,076	49,257	11,641	6,035	10,474	95,224
Salaries, fees and other remuneration to officers and directors — Traitements, honoraires et autres formes de rémunération versés aux dirigeants et aux administrateurs	906	2,037	385	1,400	2,795	2,249	1,817	2,255	12,938
Annuities, pensions and similar payments — Annuités, pension et paiements similaires:									
To officers and directors — Aux dirigeants et administrateurs	99	77	32	103	163	142	223	94	834
To shareholders holding more than 5 per cent of any class of issued shares — Aux actionnaires détenant plus de 5 p. 100 de l'une ou l'autre catégorie d'actions émises	2	—	—	1	—	11	—	—	12
Fees and charges for professional services — Frais et honoraires pour services professionnels:									
Engineering services — Services de génie	394	1,673	1,919	2,305	33,624	1,598	458	29,319	70,896
Architectural services — Services d'architecture	25	65	2	—	48	119	675	158	1,067
Legal services — Services juridiques	327	598	247	355	397	198	711	872	3,378
Accounting services — Services de comptabilité	186	288	65	99	994	262	57	168	1,933
Auditing services — Services de vérification	232	134	101	133	461	207	124	84	1,244
Consulting fees and charges not included in any of the above payments — Honoraires d'experts conseils et frais non prévus dans les postes ci-dessus	469	2,256	4,634	3,177	29,072	1,060	3,112	5,130	48,441
Total	5,466¹	188,396	140,650	183,825	536,399	74,864	239,474	253,765	1,617,373

¹ 15,466 corporations reported 10,839 types of payments. — 15,466 corporations ont déclaré 10,839 genres (ou postes) de paiements.

RATIO ANALYSIS OF CORPORATIONS IN THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

Ratio analysis is often employed to assess the behaviour of corporations and in this section ratios of financial items are used for this purpose. The financial items used are assets, equity, sales and profits and the ratios are derived from these items. The primary ratio, an index of profit-ability, relates profit to equity. This index may be expressed as the product of three other ratios; profits/sales, sales/assets and assets/equity. These three describe aspects of the performance of firms in any industry. Profit/sales reflects the margin of profit on each dollar of sales. Sales/assets measures the turnover of assets through production and sale of products. Assets/equity reflects the property to finance with debt capital and sometimes reflects leverage strategies. The product of the three results in the primary ratio, an index of overall success.

In this section data pertaining to manufacturing is classified with respect to degree of foreign ownership and size of corporations as measured by their assets. The purpose is to examine the behaviour of non-resident owned firms as compared with resident-owned firms and to determine whether any differences are attributable to ownership or to size.

Components of the Ratios

The basic items used to compute the ratios are equity, sales, assets, profits. These items reflect financial transactions of firms in any industry or other grouping and are well suited to examine the behaviour of firms, although additional detail will be necessary to analyse specific characteristics in certain cases.

"Assets" refers to the total assets of the firms in the industry net of accumulated depreciation and of allowances for doubtful accounts. Assets includes the amount of fixed assets used in producing the goods and may include any excess in productive capacity relative to demand. It also includes the amount of short-term assets, and as such indicates the credit policies prevalent in the industry as well as the level of liquidity that firms maintain during the time between buying

ANALYSE DES SOCIÉTÉS MANUFACTURIÈRES PAR LA MÉTHODE DES RATIOS

La méthode des ratios est d'usage courant dans l'étude du comportement des entreprises, voire même des industries. Pour les fins de la présente partie de ce document, on a retenu certains postes du bilan et de l'état des profits et pertes dans l'élaboration de ces indicateurs. Les rubriques ainsi utilisées sont l'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les ventes et les bénéfices. Un indice de rentabilité reliant le profit à l'avoir des actionnaires constitue le ratio ou indicateur de base. Il peut se représenter comme étant le produit de trois autres rapports: profits/ventes, ventes/actif et actif/avoir. Bien entendu ceux-ci montrent des aspects différents du comportement des entreprises. Le rapport profits/ventes est la mesure de la marge de profit sur chaque dollar de ventes. Le rapport ventes/actif mesure un aspect de l'efficacité de l'emploi de l'actif ou le "roulement" (turnover) de l'actif dans la production et les ventes. Enfin le rapport actif/avoir des actionnaires mesure d'une certaine façon la propension à se financer soit au moyen d'emprunt, soit par l'apport de capital d'actionnaires; il est ainsi un reflet de sa politique financière et, dans certains cas, d'une stratégie de financement qui consiste à exploiter l'endettement au plus grand bénéfice des actionnaires, les conditions économiques le permettant bien entendu.

Ici nous avons rassemblé les données des sociétés manufacturières selon leur appartenance et leur taille, cette dernière étant mesurée par le montant de l'actif. Le but fixé est de voir si les sociétés à appartenance étrangère se comportent différemment des sociétés appartenant à des résidents canadiens, et si on peut attribuer ces différences, s'il y a lieu, au fait de leur appartenance, ou de leur taille.

Les composantes des rapports utilisés

Tel que mentionné précédemment, on a calculé des ratios à partir des variables financières suivantes: l'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les ventes, les bénéfices. Ces rubriques résument pratiquement toutes les transactions au sein d'une entreprise, et à ce titre conviennent particulièrement à l'évaluation du comportement de l'entreprise même si l'on doit faire appel à l'analyse de variables beaucoup moins sommaires ou plus spécifiques pour déceler les facteurs à l'origine des tendances globales.

L'"actif" pour les fins de la présente analyse est défini comme étant l'actif brut total moins la réserve accumulée pour amortissement et la réserve pour mauvaises créances. Ce montant comprend principalement les disponibilités et les immobilisations. En soi, l'analyse des disponibilités peut faire ressortir certains aspects des méthodes ou habitudes de crédit employées dans l'entreprise ou l'industrie. On peut constater aussi le degré de liquidité maintenue de même que l'intervalle entre les

the factors of production and receiving cash from the sale of products.

"Equity" is the aggregate of shareholders' equity values. This figure is widely accepted as the net value of the assets accruing to the shareholders. It includes the corporation share capital, retained earnings and amounts segregated from retained earnings.

"Sales" includes the major source of income of the firm. In the manufacturing area it is usually the sale of manufactured products. In the case of printing, publishing and allied industries, sales covers both the sale of products and of services. Here services are a significant element in total revenue.

"Profit" is the audited profit taken before taxes and payment of dividends, but inclusive of capital gains and other income. Inasmuch as it represents the normal operations of the firm, profit is a representative figure of the behaviour of the firms or industry. The main operational items reflected in profit are cost of labour, overhead and cost of input materials. The greater the efficiency of the firm and its capacity to hold costs down, the greater the profit. However the variability of the depreciation allocations, the inclusion of extraneous income and non-operational expenses may introduce some deviations in the ratios involving profit. The definitions considered in the preceding paragraphs for assets, equity, sales and profit are the same as previously defined and used in this series of reports since 1962.

General Observations

Profitability or return on equity may be expressed as the product of the three ratios; profit to sales, sales to assets and assets to equity. Of these three, profit/sales appears to be most closely related to the profitability index for the industries examined. In 18 of 21 industries for both 1965 and 1966, the industries showing the higher ratio of profit/sales also show a higher ratio of profit/equity.

Firms can take either of two extreme positions in terms of marketing strategy as well as any position between these extremes. To achieve a given rate of profit on equity, the firm can either sell a high volume

déboursés aux facteurs de production et les recettes provenant des ventes. Quant aux actifs physiques ou immobilisations, ils fournissent une mesure de la capacité productive de l'entreprise et on peut en observer le degré d'utilisation face à la production et à la demande.

L'"avoir" des actionnaires ou valeur nette est l'ensemble des valeurs qui reviennent aux propriétaires ou détenteurs d'actions; c'est du moins une façon assez répandue de l'exprimer. Elle comprend le capital-actions de la société, les bénéfices accumulés ou retenus dans l'entreprise, de même que certaines appropriations ou réserves tirées à même les bénéfices retenus mais gardées à part.

Les "ventes" constituent la source principale de revenu des entreprises. Dans le secteur manufacturier il s'agit normalement de la vente de produits. Cependant dans le groupe de l'impression, édition et industries connexes on retrouve à la fois, la vente des produits et la vente de services, ces derniers représentant une proportion assez considérable.

Les "bénéfices" sont calculés avant l'acquittement des impôts et la distribution des dividendes. En autant qu'ils résultent d'opérations normales de l'entreprise, les profits tiennent lieu de baromètre pour l'entreprise et l'industrie puisque, d'une façon générale, ils tiennent compte du coût de la main-d'oeuvre, des frais généraux et du coût des matériaux de base. Il va de soi que l'entreprise efficace saura maintenir ses coûts à un bas niveau et s'assurera ainsi d'un plus grand profit. Toutefois le calcul du profit peut être influencé par l'arbitraire des allocations pour fins d'amortissement de même que par l'inclusion de revenus autres que les revenus d'exploitation, ce qui a pour effet de fausser le succès réel de l'entreprise dans ses opérations courantes.

Remarques générales

Il y a plusieurs façons d'exprimer ou calculer le taux de rentabilité. Une de ces façons considère le produit de trois rapports distincts soit; la marge de profit ou rapport entre les profits et les ventes, le coefficient de roulement de l'actif c'est-à-dire le rapport entre les ventes et l'actif et le rapport entre l'actif et l'avoir des actionnaires qui reflète la propension à se financer par l'endettement. Parmi ces rapports, la relation entre le profit et les ventes semble la plus rapprochée de la notion de rentabilité, du moins pour les industries qui ont été analysées. En effet des 21 industries étudiées, 18 d'entre elles ont un rapport profits/avoir élevé en même temps qu'un rapport profits/ventes élevé.

Par le truchement de sa politique de mise en marché, l'entreprise peut viser à atteindre la rentabilité souhaitée en l'orientant de diverses façons. D'une part, elle peut réaliser un rapport quelconque de profits sur

of products by trimming its profit margin, or, it can enjoy a more comfortable margin on sales while selling a smaller volume of items. In Table XXXII, turnover is illustrated by the ratio sales/assets and sales margin is reflected by the ratio profit/sales. Assets/equity, the third ratio appearing in the table, is a measure of the efficiency in the use of the shareholder's net capital.

The combination of the ratios of turnover and of profit margin achieved by an industry is to a considerable extent imposed on it by the nature of its product. Other factors might include high interest rates, current wage rates, a rise in cost of raw materials. These factors may depress profits only in the short run since firms tend to adapt in the longer term to shifts in economic conditions. Other changes such as automation and improvements in technology may have long term effects and may tend to lower prices while maintaining margins.

As a rule, commodities characterized by a high turnover owing to continuously high demand have correspondingly low profit margins and slow moving articles are usually characterized by a high mark-up and profit-on-sales. Thus, food would normally be characterized by a higher turnover than average and by a lower profit margin. Primary metals, on the other hand, would normally reveal low turnover and higher profit margins. Other products may also show trends peculiar to the industry. In general, corporations which are non-resident controlled have a lower turnover ratio (sales/assets) as well as a lower ratio of (assets/equity) than resident controlled firms (less than 50 per cent non-resident owned).

In each industry, both non-resident controlled and Canadian-controlled corporations are found, but in the petroleum industry as defined in this section the Canadian-controlled assets are negligible by comparison with non-residents. Industries in which 50 per cent or more of the reported assets fall under non-resident control, are called non-resident controlled industries. Of the 21 manufacturing industry groups, ten are non-resident controlled and this situation has not changed since 1965. These include corporations manufacturing petroleum and related products, textiles, transport equipment, tobacco, primary metals, rubber, chemicals, electrical products, machinery, and miscellaneous products.

l'avoir des actionnaires, tout simplement en stimulant les ventes aux dépens de la marge de profit. D'autre part, elle peut atteindre le même but tout en faisant l'inverse, c'est-à-dire en s'assurant une marge confortable de profit sans se soucier, plus qu'il ne faut, du volume des ventes. Au Tableau XXXII, le roulement de l'actif est traduit par le rapport ventes/actif. La marge de profit est exprimée par le rapport bénéfices/ventes. Enfin le troisième rapport actif/avoir des actionnaires mesure l'efficacité de l'emploi de la mise de fonds des actionnaires.

C'est principalement la nature¹ du produit d'une industrie quelconque qui impose des règles au partage du roulement de l'actif et de la marge de profit. Évidemment d'autres facteurs peuvent influencer comme par exemple une hausse du taux d'intérêt, des salaires en vigueur ou des prix des matériaux de base. Ces facteurs peuvent jouer, à court terme, à l'encontre du profit visé mais, généralement, l'entreprise s'adapte avec le temps aux changements de la situation économique. Par ailleurs, l'apport de la technologie et de l'automatisation produit, à long terme, des effets plus salutaires qui se traduisent par des prix plus bas et le maintien des marges de profits.

Généralement, les produits ou articles dont la demande est considérable et continue s'accompagnent d'une marge de profit relativement basse, contrairement aux articles qui s'écoulent plus lentement. Par exemple l'industrie des aliments se distingue par un taux de roulement plus haut que la moyenne et par une marge de profit inférieure. D'autre part, l'industrie de la fabrication des métaux primaires révèle un taux de roulement plus bas et une marge de profits plus forte. A la lumière des données dont nous disposons, on remarque que d'une façon générale les sociétés à appartenance étrangère montrent un taux de roulement (ventes/actif) de même qu'un rapport (actif/avoir des actionnaires) inférieurs aux sociétés dont le capital-actions détenu par des résidents canadiens est majoritaire.

On retrouve dans chaque industrie canadienne des sociétés dominées par des Canadiens et par des étrangers. Toutefois, dans l'industrie du pétrole, telle que définie dans cette partie du rapport, la part des Canadiens est négligeable. L'on a convenu de distinguer entre les industries à domination étrangère et les industries dominées par des résidents en se fondant sur l'appartenance de l'actif déclaré. Précisément, lorsque la totalisation de l'actif des sociétés dominées par des étrangers dépasse 50 p. 100 de l'actif de l'ensemble de l'industrie, cette dernière est considérée comme une industrie à domination étrangère. Ainsi, parmi les 21 industries manufacturières au Canada, il y en a 10 qui sont dominées par des non-résidents, une situation qui n'a pas changé depuis 1965. Il s'agit de l'industrie du pétrole, l'industrie des filatures et tissage, le matériel de transport, les tabacs, les métaux primaires, le caoutchouc, les produits chimiques, les produits électriques, la machinerie et enfin l'industrie de produits divers.

TABLE XXXII. Four Principal Ratios for Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing Industries, by Ownership, 1966

TABLEAU XXXII. Quatre rapports majeurs des sociétés manufacturières qui ont fait déclaration suivant la propriété ultime, 1966

Industry Industrie	Non-resident owned — Propriété ultime par des non-résidents	Resident- owned — Propriété ultime par des résidents	Comparison — Comparaison	Non-resident owned — Propriété ultime par des non-résidents	Resident- owned — Propriété ultime par des résidents	Comparison — Comparaison
	Profits/equity — Bénéfices/avoir			Profits/sales — Bénéfices/ventes		
		%			%	
Beverages — Boissons	28.1	33.8	- 16.9	17.5	20.0	- 12.4
Machinery — Machinerie	23.4	20.6	13.1	8.6	5.4	59.9
Miscellaneous products — Produits divers	25.4	14.7	72.4	9.7	4.3	127.1
Printing, publishing and allied industries — Impression édition, et industries connexes	22.6	20.7	9.4	10.9	9.6	12.8
Metal fabricating — Industries des produits métalliques	21.1	20.7	2.0	8.1	6.4	28.2
Chemicals and chemical products — Industrie chimique et produits connexes	19.6	17.5	11.6	10.3	5.4	91.3
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	21.6	13.3	62.8	7.6	4.0	91.7
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	17.9	31.1	- 42.5	6.2	8.1	- 22.7
Primary metals — Industries des métaux primaires	17.9	19.4	- 7.8	16.4	14.1	16.4
Food — Aliments	20.6	16.9	21.6	6.0	3.6	64.3
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	16.9	20.8	- 19.0	8.4	11.9	- 29.7
Transport equipment — Matériel de transport	17.0	17.8	- 4.4	4.1	6.0	- 31.9
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non- métalliques	15.5	18.3	- 15.3	11.8	8.5	38.3
Furniture industries — Industries du meuble	20.0	14.2	40.7	8.9	3.9	126.7
Paper and allied industries — Industries du papier et produits connexes	17.0	13.4	26.5	14.2	12.2	15.7
Leather products — Produits du cuir	20.3	13.1	55.2	5.5	2.9	92.6
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricot	23.7	12.0	96.9	8.1	3.7	118.0
Textile mills — Filatures	16.9	10.7	57.7	9.4	4.3	120.5
Clothing industries — Industries du vêtement	20.1	10.8	85.6	7.3	2.1	248.6
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	11.4	19.4	- 41.3	9.7	7.9	23.0
Wood industries — Industries du bois	3.7	11.4	- 67.8	1.7	4.2	- 60.7
Total	17.0	17.1	- 0.6	8.8	7.2	22.2
	Sales/assets — Ventes/actif			Assets/equity — Actif/avoir		
	x	%		x	%	
Beverages — Boissons .....	.96	.91	5.1	1.68	1.86	- 9.7
Machinery — Machinerie	1.31	1.51	- 13.0	2.07	2.54	- 18.7
Miscellaneous products — Produits divers	1.26	1.40	- 5.9	2.09	2.47	- 15.7
Printing, publishing and allied industries — Impression, édition, et industries connexes	1.18	1.26	- 6.6	1.77	1.70	3.6
Metal fabricating — Industries des produits métalliques	1.33	1.35	- 1.6	1.95	2.41	- 19.1
Chemicals and chemical products — Industrie chimique et produits connexes	1.09	1.48	- 26.4	1.74	2.19	- 20.8
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	1.45	1.54	- 5.8	1.95	2.16	- 9.8
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	1.37	1.68	- 18.7	2.09	2.29	- 8.5
Primary metals — Industries des métaux primaires .....	.62	.76	- 17.6	1.75	1.82	- 3.8
Food — Aliments	1.92	2.26	- 15.2	1.79	2.05	- 12.7
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	1.11	1.23	- 9.9	1.82	1.42	27.7
Transport equipment — Matériel de transport	1.64	1.20	36.6	2.54	2.47	2.7
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non- métalliques .....	.72	1.02	- 29.4	1.84	2.12	- 13.2
Furniture industries — Industries du meuble	1.34	1.57	- 14.3	1.67	2.31	- 27.6
Paper and allied industries — Industries du papier et produits connexes .....	.65	.58	12.5	1.84	1.90	- 2.8
Leather products — Produits du cuir	1.56	1.82	- 14.4	2.38	2.52	- 5.7
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricot	1.41	1.51	- 6.5	2.07	2.14	- 3.3
Textile mills — Filatures .....	.92	1.27	- 27.4	1.97	1.99	- 1.3
Clothing industries — Industries du vêtement	1.50	2.03	- 26.2	1.85	2.56	- 29.9
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon .....	.81	1.53	- 47.0	1.45	1.61	- 9.9
Wood industries — Industries du bois .....	.83	1.12	- 25.9	2.65	2.41	10.0
Total	1.06	1.18	- 10.2	1.83	2.04	- 10.3

TABLE XXXIII. Four Principal Ratios for Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing Industries, by Ownership, 1965
TABLEAU XXXIII. Quatre rapports majeurs des sociétés manufacturières qui ont fait déclaration suivant la propriété ultime, 1965

Industry — Industrié ¹	Non-resident owned — Propriété ultime par des non-résidents	Resident owned — Propriété ultime par des résidents	Comparison — Comparaison	Non-resident owned — Propriété ultime par des non-résidents	Resident owned — Propriété ultime par résident	Comparison — Comparaison
	Profits/equity — Bénéfices/avoir			Profits/sales — Bénéfices/ventes		
		%			%	
Beverages — Boissons	27.2	35.1	- 22.5	17.7	19.3	- 8.3
Machinery — Machinerie	25.1	10.1	148.5	9.7	2.8	246.4
Miscellaneous products — Produits divers	10.2	14.4	- 29.2	3.9	4.4	- 11.4
Printing, publishing and allied industries — Impression, édition, et industries connexes	23.8	21.1	12.7	12.9	10.5	22.9
Metal fabricating — Industries des produits métalliques	19.9	18.4	8.1	8.3	6.2	33.9
Chemicals and chemical products — Industrie chimique et produits connexes	19.4	20.5	- 5.4	10.9	6.7	62.7
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	20.2	14.6	38.4	7.5	4.0	87.5
Rubber products — Produits de caoutchouc	15.2	23.3	- 34.8	5.7	6.4	- 10.9
Primary metals — Industries des métaux primaires	28.8	21.9	31.5	28.6	15.1	89.4
Food — Aliments	20.3	15.9	27.7	6.7	3.4	97.0
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	16.2	27.6	- 41.3	8.7	16.1	- 46.0
Transport equipment — Matériel de transport	24.6	18.4	33.7	6.6	6.2	6.5
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non- métalliques	19.2	14.5	32.4	11.9	8.7	36.8
Furniture industries — Industries du meuble	13.7	11.6	18.1	6.2	3.5	77.1
Paper and allied industries — Industries du papier et produits connexes	14.9	15.2	- 2.0	12.4	14.3	- 13.3
Leather products — Produits du cuir	20.4	11.3	80.5	5.1	2.7	88.9
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricot	19.4	12.6	54.0	7.0	4.0	75.0
Textile mills — Filatures	18.1	14.0	29.3	11.6	5.3	118.9
Clothing industries — Industries du vêtement	20.5	10.5	95.2	7.7	2.1	266.7
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	9.0	13.7	- 34.3	7.3	5.1	43.1
Wood industries — Industries du bois	10.2	11.0	- 7.3	5.1	3.8	34.2
Total	18.4	17.5	5.1	9.8	7.5	30.7
	Sales/assets — Ventes/actif			Assets/equity — Actif/avoir		
	x	%		x	%	
Beverages — Boissons .....	.95	.92	3.2	1.62	1.98	- 18.3
Machinery — Machinerie	1.35	1.52	- 11.5	1.93	2.41	- 19.9
Miscellaneous products — Produits divers	1.27	1.37	- 7.3	2.07	2.37	- 12.9
Printing, publishing and allied industries — Impression, édition, et industries connexes	1.08	1.21	- 10.6	1.70	1.66	2.4
Metal fabricating — Industries des produits métalliques	1.32	1.31	1.3	1.81	2.26	- 19.9
Chemicals and chemical products — Industrie chimique et produits connexes	1.11	1.34	- 17.2	1.61	2.29	- 29.8
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	1.47	1.60	- 8.3	1.84	2.31	- 20.3
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	1.39	1.73	- 19.4	1.91	2.11	- 9.3
Primary metals — Industries des métaux primaires .....	.59	.84	- 30.3	1.73	1.73	- .1
Food — Aliments	1.80	2.34	- 23.1	1.68	1.99	- 15.7
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac .....	.96	1.16	- 16.8	1.93	1.47	- 31.2
Transport equipment — Matériel de transport	1.77	1.30	35.4	2.10	2.28	- 7.8
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non- métalliques .....	.94	.86	9.4	1.72	1.95	- 11.6
Furniture industries — Industries du meuble	1.38	1.54	- 10.4	1.59	2.18	- 27.0
Paper and allied industries — Industries du papier et produits connexes .....	.69	.63	9.9	1.74	1.70	2.1
Leather products — Produits du cuir	1.72	1.80	- 4.4	2.35	2.36	- .5
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricot	1.32	1.49	- 11.4	2.11	2.11	- .1
Textile mills — Filatures .....	.89	1.37	- 35.2	1.75	1.94	- 9.3
Clothing industries — Industries du vêtement	1.59	1.98	- 19.7	1.67	2.48	- 32.7
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon .....	.82	1.19	- 31.1	1.50	2.27	- 33.7
Wood industries — Industries du bois .....	.75	1.19	- 37.2	2.65	2.43	9.1
Total	1.08	1.21	- 11.1	1.75	1.94	- 10.0

The other eleven industries are Canadian-owned: wood products, paper and allied industries, clothing, knitting, leather, non-metallic mineral products, furniture, food, metal fabricating, printing and allied industries and the beverages industry.

In all industries, the average size of non-resident corporations is larger than the average size of the resident corporation regardless of the resident status of an industry. Overall, exclusive of the petroleum industry, the average non-resident firm in 1966 is 3.6 times as large as the corresponding resident firm, compared to 3.8 times in 1965. Petroleum is excluded from these comparisons because of the lack of resident dominated corporations.

In total, in 1966, resident-owned firms achieved a slightly higher rate of return on equity than non-resident owned firms, but in 13 of 21 industries, the opposite was true. In the other 8, the non-resident group was between 4 per cent (transport equipment) and 68 per cent (wood) less profitable than the resident firm. The eight are: Transport equipment, primary metals, non-metallic mineral products, beverages, tobacco, petroleum and related products, rubber, and wood and related industries. In the other industries, non-resident firms achieved profitability with respect to equity of between 2 per cent and 97 per cent better than the resident firms.

In 1965, also, the resident-owned corporations of eight industries earned a greater rate of return on equity than the non-resident owned corporations although this occurrence is noted for a different set of industries. In contrast with 1966 results, resident-owned firms showed better results on equity than non-resident firms in the manufacturing of chemical products, of paper and allied products, and of miscellaneous products in 1965. They were out-performed by non-resident firms in the primary metals, the transport equipment, and the non-metallic mineral products manufacturing industries.

All of these changes occur because of wide shifts in profits related to equity for resident and non-resident firms alike. However the most remarkable changes in the industries under consideration is the group manufacturing miscellaneous products. In 1965 the non-resident firms engaged in this industry achieved 29 per cent less profit-on-equity than resident firms, while in 1966 the rate was 72 per cent more than the resident firms. This variation is not accounted for by the paucity of firms, for the number of firms is sizable in both cases; viz., more than 150 non-resident firms and 250 resident firms. It appears that the change is

Les industries appartenant à des résidents canadiens sont les suivantes: industries du bois, du papier, les vêtements, les tricots, le cuir, les minéraux non-métalliques, les meubles, les aliments, les boissons, les produits métalliques, l'impression, édition et industries connexes.

Dans chacune des industries, l'on constate que la taille moyenne des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents est plus grande que celle des sociétés appartenant à des résidents canadiens, quelque soit le statut de domination étranger ou canadien de ces industries tel que défini plus tôt. En fait, la taille moyenne des sociétés à domination étrangère était 3.6 fois celle des sociétés appartenant à des résidents canadiens en 1966 et 3.8 fois en 1965. Cependant, on n'a pas tenu compte dans ces comparaisons de l'industrie du pétrole à cause de l'absence de sociétés appartenant à des résidents dans telle industrie.

Dans l'ensemble, les sociétés appartenant à des résidents ont connu en 1966 une rentabilité (fondée sur l'avoir des actionnaires), légèrement supérieure à celle des sociétés à domination étrangère. Au niveau des industries particulières, cependant cette généralité ne s'applique pas car on constate que dans 13 des 21 industries, la rentabilité des sociétés étrangères était supérieure à celle des sociétés canadiennes. Selon l'industrie en question, cette supériorité s'échelonnait de 2 p. 100 à 97 p. 100. Dans les 8 autres industries, (et il convient de les mentionner: le matériel de transport, les métaux primaires, les minéraux non-métalliques, les boissons, les tabacs, le pétrole, le caoutchouc, le bois), les sociétés appartenant à des étrangers montrent en un rendement inférieur. De l'ordre de 4 p. 100 dans le matériel de transport, cette infériorité moyenne atteint 68 p. 100 dans l'industrie du bois.

L'année précédente, soit en 1965, on avait constaté aussi que dans le cas de 8 industries, le rendement des sociétés dominées par des résidents avait été meilleur que celui des sociétés à appartenance étrangère. A noter cependant qu'il ne s'agissait pas des mêmes industries qu'en 1966. En effet, la supériorité de rendement des sociétés canadiennes était évidente dans la fabrication des produits chimiques, le papier et l'industrie des fabrications diverses tandis que les sociétés étrangères montraient un rendement supérieur dans les métaux primaires, le matériel de transport et les minéraux non-métalliques.

Ces changements brusques du taux de rentabilité dans les différentes industries sont causés par une grande instabilité des profits à l'avantage et au désavantage à la fois des sociétés canadiennes et des sociétés étrangères. L'industrie des fabrications diverses illustre bien ce qui peut se produire. En 1965, le taux de rentabilité (nous parlons toujours du rapport profits/avoir des actionnaires) des sociétés étrangères dans cette industrie était de 29 p. 100 inférieur à celui des sociétés canadiennes. L'année suivante soit en 1966, ce taux était de 72 p. 100 supérieur à celui des sociétés canadiennes. On a pensé qu'une telle variation aurait pu être attribuée à des difficultés d'ordre

due to the simultaneous increase in the profit margin of non-resident firms and decrease in the profit margin of resident firms, while the other ratios varied only moderately. This shift also occurred in the machinery manufacturing industry. Although non-resident firms remained more profitable than resident firms in terms of profit/equity, the superiority of non-resident firms was trimmed from 149 per cent in 1965 to 13 per cent in 1966. Again the cause appears to lie in opposing variations of profit margins.

It is noted that in every industry where non-resident firms show a margin on sales which is lower than resident firms they also show a lower rate of profit/equity. Conversely, in only 3 instances out of thirteen (primary metals, non-metallic mineral products, and petroleum and related products for 1966; and wood, petroleum and primary metals for 1965) do non-resident firms show a lower rate of return on equity than resident firms, while showing a greater margin on sales. In each of those industries, resident firms show generally higher turnover and greater leverage than the non-resident firms, and this element substantially accounts for the better showing of the resident firms.

Analysis of Size Categories

The manufacturing sector has been partitioned into eight asset size groups beginning at \$250,000 of assets and covering all firms of larger size but without distinguishing between industry groups. Two ratios have been retained for study of firms classified by size; profit/equity and profit/sales. These data are expected to assist in distinguishing the effects of residence of owners on profitability from effects of size on profitability.

Observation of the manufacturing data categorized along other lines reveals a strong positive correlation between profit margins for the eight size groups considered and size.

The progression of profit margins is quite smooth and parallels the increase in the size of the firms. Profit/equity is mixed. These facts suggest that larger firms must ensure a larger margin of profit on sales to maintain average profit/equity. This may be explained in part by the fact that larger firms own assets such as subsidiaries and other holdings which do not contribute sales to the firm. For most size groups, non-resident firms are larger than resident firms in the same group by less than 7 per cent. In two classes (only one of which is open ended and therefore favours large non-resident firms) the size of non-resident firms exceeds on average the size of the resident firms by more than 25 per cent. In the \$5 - \$10 million asset

statistique. Tel n'est pas le cas, car le nombre de sociétés observées dans les deux années est assez substantiel, soit 150 sociétés étrangères et 250 sociétés canadiennes. Il appert plutôt qu'une augmentation de la marge de profit pour les sociétés étrangères aurait coïncidé avec une baisse de cette marge chez les sociétés canadiennes, sans qu'il y ait de changements appréciables dans les autres ratios. Une tournure semblable des événements s'est produite dans l'industrie de la machinerie. La supériorité de rendement des sociétés étrangères évaluée à 149 p. 100 en 1965 était réduite à seulement 13 p. 100 en 1966. Il se pourrait qu'il s'agisse encore du jeu des marges de profits en sens contraires.

Il faut souligner que dans chaque industrie, une marge de profit chez les sociétés étrangères inférieure à celle des sociétés canadiennes s'accompagne invariablement d'un taux de rentabilité (profits/avoir des actionnaires) inférieur. Par contre, trois cas seulement sur treize étudiés (les métaux primaires, les minéraux non-métalliques, le pétrole en 1966; le bois, le pétrole, les métaux primaires en 1966) montrent que les sociétés étrangères ont connu un taux de rentabilité inférieur à celui des sociétés canadiennes, tout en jouissant d'une marge de profit plus grande. Dans chacune de ces industries, on retrouve généralement un meilleur roulement de l'actif de même qu'un rapport supérieure de l'actif sur la valeur nette pour les sociétés canadiennes ce qui explique jusqu'à un certain point la performance de ces dernières.

La taille des entreprises

Poursuivant l'analyse, l'on a cherché à découvrir si la taille des entreprises pouvait influencer ou non la rentabilité de la même façon que l'appartenance. A cette fin, on a décomposé le secteur manufacturier en huit groupes, par ordre de grandeur de l'actif à partir d'une valeur d'actifs de \$250,000, sans faire la distinction toutefois entre genres d'industries. L'on a retenu les deux ratios suivants: profits/avoir des actionnaires, profits/ventes.

L'examen des Tableaux XXXIV et XXXV montre la forte corrélation qui existe entre les marges de profits et la taille de l'entreprise dans les huit groupes de taille d'industries manufacturières étudiées.

Regardant de plus près, on peut constater que la progression des marges de profits va de pair avec la taille de l'entreprise. Par contre, il n'en est pas tout à fait ainsi du taux de rentabilité (profits/valeur nette). On peut en déduire que les plus grandes entreprises doivent s'imposer une plus forte marge de profit afin de s'assurer d'une rentabilité (profits/avoir des actionnaires) moyenne. A remarquer que les plus grandes entreprises possèdent souvent des actifs considérables sous forme de placements dans des filiales ou autres genres d'actifs qui ne servent pas à la capacité productive, donc aux ventes de l'entreprise même. Dans la plupart des groupes de taille déterminée par l'ordre de grandeur de l'actif, on remarque que les sociétés à appartenance étrangère dans un groupe donné

group the result is reversed: resident firms are, on the average, larger than the non-resident firms.

Non-resident firms show larger profit margins (up to 119 per cent) than resident firms for firms smaller than \$25 million by assets, but tend to show smaller profit margins above that level. Again, since the largest grouping (\$100 million and over by assets) is open ended the relationship between resident and non-resident firms is affected. The very large non-resident firms seem to cause a reversal of the trend and create a tendency to equalize the profit margins of resident and non-resident-owned groups.

Non-resident firms (especially the smaller ones) may benefit from their relationship with a parent which assumes a share of the cost of the affiliate, making higher profits possible for the non-resident-owned affiliate. The ratios do not disclose whether this advantage is due to greater productivity resulting from imported technology, to avoided costs such as advertising on the part of smaller non-resident firms, or to other factors. With respect to the larger corporations, the larger the firm the more likelihood that it would report low turnover owing to unused fixed assets and to increasing holdings of other assets more or less unrelated to the production operations of the firm. The fact that in the open ended class, non-resident and resident firms tend toward equal profit-on-equity is consistent with this explanation. It appears that large resident-owned concerns are more prone to acquiring such other assets than non-resident-owned firms. This is reflected in a higher ratio of profits/sales in the large size classes.

Summary

In the manufacturing sector of the economy, resident-owned firms are fractionally more profitable than non-resident-owned firms. This superiority of resident-owned firms does not exist in all industries. In 13 out of 21 industrial sectors non-resident-owned firms are more profitable. The industrial sectors in which resident-owned firms achieved greater profitability varied from 1965 to 1966.

ne sont pas beaucoup plus grandes que les sociétés appartenant à des résidents, en tout cas jamais plus de 7 p. 100 plus grandes. Dans l'un des deux groupes qui échappent à cette règle, plus précisément celui qui n'a pas de montant-limite supérieur, en actif, il n'est pas surprenant de rencontrer les grandes sociétés étrangères dont la moyenne de grandeur est 25 p. 100 plus élevée que celle des sociétés canadiennes de la même tranche de taille. Dans le groupe de \$5 à \$10 millions en actif c'est l'inverse, la grandeur moyenne des sociétés canadiennes étant plus grande que celle des sociétés étrangères.

Les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents jouissent de marges de profits plus substantielles (jusqu'à 119 p. 100) que dans les sociétés canadiennes au niveau du groupe d'entreprises ayant des actifs inférieurs à \$25 millions. La supériorité de la marge de profit chez les sociétés canadiennes semblent être reliée directement à la taille. Toutefois c'est la présence du groupe des \$100 millions et plus qui vient atténuer la comparaison entre sociétés étrangères et canadiennes. Ce sont les immenses entreprises étrangères qui semblent ramener les marges de profit de l'ensemble aux mêmes proportions que celles des sociétés canadiennes.

Il arrive que la société-mère à l'étranger prenne à sa charge certains des coûts de sa filiale au Canada, surtout dans le cas des petites filiales. Il en résulte que le profit de ces dernières est supérieur à celui des sociétés canadiennes de même taille. Evidemment les ratios utilisés ne révèlent pas si les différences de profit sont attribuables, en partie au moins, au fait que les filiales peuvent profiter davantage de la technologie d'autre — frontière pour accroître leur productivité ou bien au fait qu'elles sont exemptées de certains coûts, la publicité par exemple. Au fond, il pourrait aussi bien s'agir de beaucoup d'autres causes. Vraisemblablement, plus la société est considérable, plus bas en est le taux de roulement de l'actif étant donné la présence d'actifs de toutes sortes qui n'ont rien à voir, du moins directement, avec la capacité productive. Il en résulte un taux de rentabilité (profits/avoir des actionnaires) moins élevé. Ce phénomène se révèle en particulier dans le groupe de taille supérieure et on constate qu'il n'y a guère de différence entre les grandes sociétés canadiennes et étrangères, ce qui ajoute du poids à l'explication ci-haut donnée. Néanmoins, il semble que les sociétés canadiennes ont une plus grande propension à acquérir des actifs non essentiels à la capacité productive si on se fie à leur rapport supérieur de profits/ventes.

Résumé

Dans l'ensemble des secteurs manufacturiers, les sociétés appartenant à des résidents sont légèrement plus rentables que les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents. Il n'en est pas ainsi cependant de toutes les industries, car dans 13 des 21 industries manufacturières, ce sont les sociétés étrangères qui apparaissent plus profitables. Même si le nombre d'industries était égal, ce n'est pas toujours les mêmes industries qui affichent une rentabilité plus élevée en 1965 et 1966.

In general there is a relationship between the size of a corporation and its profit margin on sales with larger firms tending to have a higher profit on sales than smaller corporations. Since non-resident owned corporations are usually larger than resident-owned corporations within industrial sectors, they tend to have a higher profit/sales ratio. Resident-owned firms tend to have a higher asset turnover ratio and have a higher ratio of assets/equity than non-resident-owned firms.

En général, il y a corrélation entre la taille de l'entreprise et la marge de profit sur les ventes. Aussi les grandes entreprises réalisent habituellement un plus grand profit global sur les ventes. Puisque les sociétés étrangères sont souvent plus grandes que les sociétés à appartenance canadienne dans les différents groupes d'industries, il s'ensuit qu'elles jouissent d'un rapport profits/ventes plus élevé. Enfin, les sociétés appartenant à des résidents se servent mieux de l'actif si on se fie au taux de roulement de l'actif. Elles ont aussi un rapport actif/avoir des actionnaires plus élevé.

TABLE XXXIV. Profitability and Mean Size of Assets of Resident and Non-resident Owned Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing Industries, by Size Groups, 1966

TABLÉAU XXXIV. La rentabilité et la taille moyenne des sociétés manufacturières qui ont fait déclaration en 1966, par tranche de taille de l'actif, suivant que le capital est étranger ou canadien

Asset size group Tranche de taille de l'actif	Non-resident owned corporations Sociétés à capital étranger			Resident-owned corporations Sociétés à capital canadien		
	Mean size of assets Taille moyenne de l'actif	Profit/sales Bénéfices/ventes	Profit/equity Bénéfices/avoir	Mean size of assets Taille moyenne de l'actif	Profit/sales Bénéfices/ventes	Profit/equity Bénéfices/avoir
	\$'000	%		\$'000	%	
\$ 250,000 - \$ 499,999	368.7	5.5	23.0	351.4	3.4	15.5
500,000 - 999,999	714.2	7.0	24.8	701.4	3.2	15.2
1,000,000 - 4,999,999	2,231.2	7.3	21.7	1,654.0	4.8	18.6
5,000,000 - 9,999,999	6,976.6	7.4	19.4	7,302.0	6.0	17.1
10,000,000 - 24,999,999	16,493.9	8.2	19.6	15,522.5	8.1	21.4
25,000,000 - 49,999,999	36,777.5	7.9	17.8	34,884.2	9.0	16.8
50,000,000 - 99,999,999	73,216.4	8.9	17.4	72,884.8	14.2	23.2
100,000,000 and over — et plus	298,353.8	9.9	15.3	232,606.7	11.5	14.9
Total	10,528.3	8.8	17.0	2,420.7	7.2	17.1

TABLE XXXV. Profitability and Mean Size of Assets of Resident and Non-resident Owned Reporting Corporations in the Manufacturing Industries, by Size Groups, 1965

TABLÉAU XXXV. La rentabilité et la taille moyenne des sociétés manufacturières qui ont fait déclaration en 1965, par tranche de taille de l'actif, suivant que le capital est étranger ou canadien

Asset size group Tranche de taille de l'actif	Non-resident owned corporations Sociétés à capital étranger			Resident-owned corporations Sociétés à capital canadien		
	Mean size of assets Taille moyenne de l'actif	Profit/sales Bénéfices/ventes	Profit/equity Bénéfices/avoir	Mean size of assets Taille moyenne de l'actif	Profit/sales Bénéfices/ventes	Profit/equity Bénéfices/avoir
	\$'000	%		\$'000	%	
\$ 250,999 - \$ 499,999	362.0	6.1	25.6	335.2	3.1	13.4
500,000 - 999,999	723.5	6.8	23.3	697.8	3.1	13.9
1,000,000 - 4,999,999	2,294.3	7.3	20.3	2,221.4	4.6	16.9
5,000,000 - 9,999,999	7,334.5	8.0	20.7	6,955.1	6.3	18.2
10,000,000 - 24,999,999	15,246.8	8.9	20.1	15,555.5	7.6	20.2
25,000,000 - 49,999,999	35,490.0	7.1	16.1	33,211.5	9.9	18.1
50,000,000 - 99,999,999	71,912.1	9.5	14.2	71,381.8	17.8	24.0
100,000,000 and over — et plus	306,710.3	12.2	18.6	203,268.0	12.0	16.5
Total	9,412.0	9.8	18.4	2,371.5	7.5	17.5

PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTION OF CORPORATIONS

With an industrial organization such as exists in Canada, it is difficult to assess the regional impact of foreign-owned corporations. Normally such an assessment would involve analyzing the distribution of corporate activity as reflected in their financial statements. Unfortunately, corporate accounting practice generally does not provide a regional distribution of balance sheet or profit and loss items. Many corporations operating in more than one province cannot precisely allocate their operations on a regional basis.

Since it is important to have an assessment of the regional impact of corporate activity, the use of the provincial allocation of taxable income has been explored. These allocations provide the basis for approximating the distribution of corporate activity provincially and with respect to whether the corporation is resident or non-resident owned. At the same time, it is possible to examine the operations of foreign-owned corporations, both nationally and regionally in terms of taxable income upon which income tax revenue is based.

Book profit, as defined by conventional accounting practice, has been employed to gauge the success of business operations over finite time intervals for many decades. In its initial definition, taxable income was, with minor exceptions, identical to book profit and therefore, in the early days of the taxation of corporate income either could be considered an equally valid indicator of corporate performance. Taxation legislation, through special provisions, particularly during the last decade, has been used to an increasing extent as an instrument of government policy. As this use of taxation legislation is extended, book profits and taxable income begin to diverge, the difference dependent upon the degree to which corporations are affected by these special provisions pertaining to such characteristics as the industry in which the firm operates, the scope of the firms' operations, the geographical location, ownership and other factors. As the difference between book profit and taxable income widens, taxable income becomes a less adequate gauge of the success of business operations but, in the absence of a better alternative, it is some measure of the regional impact of interprovincial corporations.

CONSIDÉRATIONS D'ORDRE RÉGIONAL CONCERNANT LES SOCIÉTÉS À CAPITAL-ACTIONS ÉTRANGER MAJORITAIRE

La structure industrielle canadienne est telle qu'il est difficile d'évaluer le rôle des sociétés à appartenance étrangère sur le plan régional. On devrait pouvoir le faire, dira-t-on, à partir de l'analyse des activités industrielles et financières à l'aide des états financiers. Malheureusement la pratique comptable courante ne permet pas toujours la répartition régionale des postes du bilan et de l'état des profits et pertes. Ainsi un grand nombre de sociétés faisant affaires dans plus d'une province ne peuvent pas décrire avec précision leurs activités sous forme de bilan ou compte de profits et pertes par région.

Néanmoins il importe d'évaluer le rôle de ces sociétés sur le plan régional, ce à quoi les statistiques rapportées au fisc se prêtent assez bien. Se servant des données sur la répartition par province du revenu imposable, de même que des renseignements sur l'appartenance à l'étranger des sociétés qui ont des opérations dans plus d'une province, il est possible de tirer certaines observations sur l'aspect régional de leurs activités.

Évidemment les mesures fondées sur le revenu imposable sont loin d'être aussi pertinentes qu'on le voudrait. Ceci tient à certaines considérations qui relèvent à la fois de la comptabilité et de l'évolution du fisc. Par exemple, le profit comptable tel que défini dans la pratique comptable traditionnelle est utilisé depuis très longtemps comme mesure du succès de l'entreprise. À l'origine du fisc, à quelques exceptions près, d'ailleurs sans conséquences, on avait fait coïncider la définition du revenu imposable avec celle du profit comptable. Ce qui veut dire qu'à l'époque où l'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés fut introduit la performance de ces sociétés pouvait tout aussi bien être jugée par le revenu imposable ou le profit comptable. Depuis une dizaine d'années, cependant il n'en est plus ainsi. Les lois fiscales, par le truchement de certaines dispositions, ont été utilisées de plus en plus fréquemment comme instrument ou levier de la politique économique du gouvernement. Ces dispositions spéciales peuvent toucher plusieurs aspects d'une société tels que l'industrie dans laquelle elle exerce ses affaires, son envergure, sa situation géographique, son appartenance, etc. Très souvent elles ont une chose en commun en ce sens qu'elles ont pour effet d'influencer la rentabilité de l'entreprise après acquittement des impôts. C'est ce qui cause des divergences grandissantes entre le profit comptable et le revenu imposable résultant de l'application de ces dispositions. En conséquence, le revenu imposable est de moins en moins fiable quand il s'agit de mesurer le comportement de l'entreprise. Faute de mieux, on doit s'en servir quand même dans l'évaluation de l'impact régional de sociétés opérant à la fois dans plusieurs provinces.

TABLE XXXVI. Comparison of Book Profit Before Taxes with Taxable Income by Industry, 1966

TABLEAU XXXVI. Comparaison du bénéfice comptable avant impôts et du revenu imposable par branche d'activité, 1966

Industry - Branche d'activité	Book profit Bénéfice comptable	Taxable income Revenu imposable	Taxable income/ book profit Revenu imposable/ bénéfice comptable
	\$'000,000		%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing - Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche:			
Agriculture	20	7	35
Forestry - Exploitation forestière	15	11	73
Fishing and trapping - Pêche et piégeage	-	-	-
Sub-totals - Total partiel	35	18	51
Mining - Mines:			
Metal mining - Minéraux métalliques	396	15	4
Mineral fuels - Minéraux combustibles	197	20	10
Other mining - Autres minéraux	117	33	28
Sub-totals - Total partiel	710	68	10
Manufacturing - Fabrication:			
Food and beverages - Aliments et boissons	430	329	77
Tobacco products - Produits du tabac	42	33	79
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc	41	31	76
Leather products - Produits du cuir	13	9	69
Textiles ¹	131	84	64
Wood - Bois	48	35	73
Furniture - Meubles	21	16	77
Paper and allied industries - Papier et produits connexes	433	159	37
Printing and publishing - Imprimerie et édition	105	79	75
Primary metal - Fabrication des métaux primaires	521	186	36
Metal fabricating - Fabrication de produits métalliques	190	140	74
Machinery - Machinerie	169	127	75
Transportation equipment - Matériel de transport	189	148	78
Electrical products - Appareils et matériel électriques	167	106	63
Non-metallic minerals - Minéraux non métalliques	115	57	50
Petroleum and coal - Produits du pétrole et du charbon	300	107	36
Chemicals - Produits chimiques et produits connexes	227	176	78
Miscellaneous - Industries manufacturières diverses	67	48	72
Sub-totals - Total partiel	3,209	1,870	58
Construction	251	149	59
Transportation - Transports	364	242	66
Storage - Entreposage	18	11	61
Communications	255	227	89
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique	115	71	62
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	536	446	83
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	390	336	86
Finance - Finances	1,264	506	40
Services	239	159	67
Total	7,386	4,103	56

¹ Includes primary textiles, knitting mills and clothing. - Comprend la filature et le tissage, la fabrication de tricotés et la fabrication de vêtements.

The DBS publication "Corporation Taxation Statistics", Catalogue No. 61-208, provides a detailed reconciliation of book profit with taxable income, and indicates the magnitude of the main provisions of the Income Tax Act as well as the magnitude of the main items of income and expenditure which are treated differently in the Income Tax Act than in company books. A comparison of book profit before taxes with taxable income indicates the extent to which these items do diverge. Overall, taxable income was 56 per cent of book profit (before taxes) but the variance between industries was extreme.

Allocation of Taxable Income by Provinces

The allocation of taxable income to provinces is subject to the qualification that the allocation formula is an approximation. Corporations are not required to apportion their profits to provinces on the basis of the location in which it is earned and indeed, such an allocation could not be accomplished by many corporations with diverse activities in many provinces. Instead, a distribution of taxable income with respect to provinces is computed by a formula. The formula provides that taxable income be apportioned on the basis of an average of proportions of revenue from sales and salaries and wages paid. This method does not provide a precise measure of the distribution of corporate activity among the provinces. However, in the absence of any other widely accepted convention, an arbitrary system must be employed and the decision to allocate taxable income to provinces on the basis of salaries, wages and revenues is such a system. This represents a further departure from the original gauge of book profit as a measure of the success of business operations. The allocation of taxable income by province as an attempt to define the success of business by province is only remotely related to the conventional gauge of business success, book profit.

The allocation of taxable income to provinces is subject to additional qualifications. Corporations having taxable incomes are included but corporations sustaining losses are excluded. Therefore, taxable income as an industry measure is overstated. In addition, non-taxable corporations are not included. Non-profit corporations are generally in that category as it is not their objective to earn profits and therefore using taxable income as a measure understates the level of economic activity. The classification of corporations also raises problems where firms engage in more than one industry and operate in different provinces. An additional qualification concerns the derivation of source material from income tax returns as filed by corporations with the Department of National Revenue. The figures extracted are as declared by the taxpayer, before any adjustments which may subsequently be made in the process of assessing the returns. Taxable income may therefore be expected in practice to be understated. Finally, much of the data of this

Ce phénomène de divergence est mis en lumière dans le document du B.F.S. "Statistiques fiscales des sociétés, 1965", numéro de catalogue 61-208. On y trouve en détail une conciliation entre le profit comptable et le revenu imposable de même que l'ordre de grandeur de l'effet fiscal des dispositions principales de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu et des principales différences entre le traitement comptable requis par la loi et les livres de la société. On constate donc qu'en 1965, le profit comptable de l'ensemble des sociétés représentait 170 p. 100 du revenu imposable. Au niveau des industries la divergence pouvait être très considérable.

Répartition provinciale du revenu imposable

Certaines remarques s'imposent quant à la répartition provinciale du revenu imposable. Cette répartition est le résultat d'une formule dont la nature ne peut fournir qu'une approximation. Ainsi, l'on n'exige pas que les sociétés calculent leurs profits d'une province à l'autre en retraçant l'origine géographique de ces profits. La formule prescrite par le fisc utilise des moyennes proportionnelles fondées uniquement sur le chiffre d'affaires (les ventes) et la rémunération du personnel par province qu'on applique au revenu imposable. La justesse de cette procédure est difficile à évaluer; d'ailleurs il serait très facile d'imaginer des situations pour lesquelles l'application de cette formule laisserait planer des doutes sérieux quant à la signification des résultats. Vraisemblablement, on n'a pu trouver une meilleure méthode. Ceci ne nous empêche pas de souligner l'arbitraire, du moins en apparence, de la répartition provinciale du revenu imposable sur la base du chiffre d'affaires et des salaires. On s'éloigne donc d'avantage de la notion du profit comptable comme mesure du succès de l'entreprise à laquelle on a fait allusion précédemment. On se souvient qu'on a déjà remplacé le profit comptable par le revenu imposable comme critère de réussite.

Des réserves additionnelles s'imposent quant à la répartition par province du revenu imposable. Seules les sociétés ayant un revenu imposable ont été utilisées dans les tabulations. Ainsi on ne tient pas compte des sociétés qui ont subi des pertes évidemment parce qu'elles n'ont pas de revenu imposable. Si, par contre, on considère que le profit d'une industrie est la somme de tous les profits moins toutes les pertes des différentes sociétés qui la constituent, on se rend compte que le revenu imposable comme substitut au profit réel au niveau d'une industrie donnée, surestime considérablement dans certains cas, la rentabilité de l'ensemble de l'industrie. Les sociétés non imposables ne sont pas comprises non plus dans les tabulations. Il s'agit habituellement de sociétés à but non lucratif et officiellement reconnues comme telles. Il se pourrait qu'à cet égard, le revenu imposable comme mesure de rentabilité d'un secteur en sous-estime cette fois le niveau. Les difficultés de classement n'ont pas été toutes résolues dans le cas des sociétés qui ont des opérations dans plus d'une industrie et dans plusieurs

TABLE XXXVII. Distribution of Taxable Income of Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act Corporations with Respect to Provinces and Non-resident Ownership by Industries, 1966

TABLEAU XXXVII. Répartition, par province et par branche d'activité, du revenu imposable des sociétés ayant fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, selon leur appartenance à des non-résidents, 1966

Industry by decreasing order of non-resident ownership Branche d'activité par ordre décroissant d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Canada		
	0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Total
	\$'000		
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	1,359.6	107,821.4	109,181.0
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	3,293.8	28,082.4	31,376.2
Transportation equipment — Matériel de transport	24,164.4	160,100.9	184,265.3
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et produits connexes	13,678.2	169,153.3	182,831.5
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	10,524.0	22,240.0	32,764.0
Mineral fuels — Combustibles minéraux	3,923.2	26,694.5	30,617.7
Machinery — Machinerie	19,258.7	114,106.7	133,365.4
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	14,122.1	111,032.2	125,154.3
Fruit and vegetable canners — Conserves de fruits et légumes	3,841.7	14,379.2	18,220.9
Primary metals — Fabrication des métaux primaires	54,443.8	135,712.4	190,156.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing — Industries manufacturières diverses	10,893.9	47,951.9	58,845.8
Other mining — Autres minéraux	13,310.5	40,181.3	53,491.8
Textile mills — Filature et tissage	20,439.4	36,749.2	57,188.6
Soft drinks — Boissons gazeuses	6,621.5	16,020.9	22,642.4
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing — Produits minéraux non-métalliques	34,759.0	32,871.9	67,630.9
Other food product manufacturing — Autres aliments	29,034.5	38,108.4	67,142.9
Metal fabricating — Produits métalliques	57,297.2	87,570.8	144,868.0
Paper and allied industries — Papier et produits connexes	71,235.8	123,446.7	194,682.5
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	52,261.6	12,499.6	64,761.2
Dairy products manufacturing — Produits laitiers	10,778.2	16,510.7	27,288.9
Credit agencies — Sociétés de crédit	25,346.6	32,199.8	57,546.4
Grain mills — Moulins	9,844.3	14,976.2	24,820.5
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	271,882.4	162,856.7	434,739.1
Wood industries — Industrie du bois	37,940.6	10,287.3	48,227.9
Investment companies — Sociétés de placements	70,656.8	36,041.9	106,698.7
Storage — Entreposage	7,186.5	4,344.4	11,530.9
Leather products — Produits du cuir	6,622.0	2,640.0	9,262.0
Fish products — Produits du poisson	3,771.9	1,073.2	4,845.1
Meat products — Produits de la viande	21,261.0	3,878.9	25,139.9
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	171,771.0	114,921.1	286,692.1
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricot	6,878.5	3,579.8	10,458.3
Distilleries	86,779.8	9,219.0	95,998.8
Services	78,176.6	46,109.9	124,286.5
Furniture industries — Industrie du meuble	12,896.4	4,527.5	17,423.9
Forestry — Exploitation forestière	9,042.1	3,160.3	12,202.4
Construction	116,886.9	21,991.4	138,878.3
Printing and publishing — Impression et édition	62,073.0	13,695.9	75,768.9
Bakery products — Boulangerie	10,800.7	6,572.8	17,373.5
Public utilities — Services d'utilité publique	56,237.7	13,906.7	70,144.4
Clothing — Industrie du vêtement	17,522.5	6,204.8	23,727.3
Insurance and real estate — Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	74,549.9	23,709.7	98,259.6
Transportation — Transport	102,049.9	33,228.4	135,278.3
Agriculture	6,415.7	1,621.0	8,036.7
Security dealers — Courtiers en valeurs	18,879.2	1,344.3	20,223.5
Finance, banks etc. — Finances, banques etc.	26,092.4	4,707.9	30,800.3
Communication — Communications	18,867.2	2,079.1	20,946.3
Breweries — Brasseries	29,845.8	—	29,845.8
Wineries — Fabrication du vin	3,706.7	100.4	3,807.1
Fishing and trapping — Chasse et piégeage	104.7	—	104.7
Total	1,819,329.9	1,920,212.8	3,739,542.7

TABLE XXXVII. Distribution of Taxable Income of Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act Corporations with Respect to Provinces and Non-resident Ownership by Industries, 1966 - Continued

TABEAU XXXVII. Répartition, par province et par branche d'activité, du revenu imposable des sociétés ayant fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, selon leur appartenance à des non-résidents, 1966 - suite

Industry by decreasing order of non-resident ownership Branche d'activité par ordre décroissant d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Ontario			Québec		
	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total
	\$'000					
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon	1,186.6	38,329.0	39,515.6	147.7	16,962.6	17,110.3
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc	1,229.7	17,121.4	18,351.1	1,935.4	6,963.2	8,898.6
Transportation equipment - Matériel de transport	8,009.6	130,140.6	138,150.2	12,646.1	17,274.0	29,920.1
Chemicals and chemical products - Produits chimiques et produits connexes	6,572.0	89,684.6	96,256.6	4,820.0	51,941.3	56,761.3
Tobacco products - Produits du tabac	813.4	4,341.4	5,154.8	9,710.6	17,744.8	27,455.4
Mineral fuels - Combustibles minéraux	229.8	16.6	246.4	12.7	-	12.7
Machinery - Machinerie	6,877.0	76,578.4	83,455.4	2,995.5	18,676.7	21,672.2
Electrical products - Appareils électriques	9,287.0	67,223.8	76,510.8	2,830.7	23,513.0	26,343.7
Fruit and vegetable canners - Conserves de fruits et légumes	1,762.9	9,105.6	10,868.5	795.1	2,052.4	2,847.5
Primary metals - Fabrication des métaux primaires	29,533.0	81,119.6	110,652.6	8,526.2	35,346.7	43,872.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing - Industries manufacturières diverses	6,596.6	37,165.5	43,762.1	3,123.7	8,335.5	11,459.2
Other mining - Autres minéraux	4,143.1	9,234.0	13,377.1	4,970.6	20,765.4	25,736.0
Textile mills - Filature et tissage	6,263.0	14,991.2	21,254.2	13,148.3	17,303.3	30,451.6
Soft drinks - Boissons gazeuses	1,240.9	7,463.1	8,704.0	3,774.7	5,598.6	9,373.3
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing - Produits minéraux non-métalliques	16,118.6	21,205.4	37,324.0	9,413.6	9,099.8	18,513.4
Other food product manufacturing - Autres aliments	11,879.8	20,234.0	32,113.8	7,300.7	10,785.0	18,085.7
Metal fabricating - Produits métalliques	29,845.0	57,172.0	87,017.0	16,657.2	17,669.9	34,327.1
Paper and allied industries - Papier et produits connexes	18,128.7	50,227.4	68,356.1	23,696.8	38,488.0	62,184.8
Metal mining - Minéraux métalliques	8,350.5	5,046.5	13,397.0	31,570.4	3,449.5	35,019.9
Dairy products manufacturing - Produits laitiers	6,331.2	6,466.5	12,797.7	1,999.7	6,686.4	8,686.1
Credit agencies - Sociétés de crédit	9,045.2	14,066.5	23,111.7	9,052.3	4,895.7	13,948.0
Grain mills - Minoteries	5,024.6	7,577.1	12,601.7	1,786.0	3,635.2	5,421.2
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	114,253.5	79,525.4	193,778.9	74,649.7	36,550.6	111,200.3
Food industries - Industrie du bois	6,677.0	2,443.7	9,120.7	8,650.7	1,278.0	9,928.7
Investment companies - Sociétés de placements	27,294.3	11,250.8	38,545.1	18,587.7	3,794.0	22,381.7
Storage - Entreposage	2,049.6	1,162.8	3,212.4	1,177.6	1,367.1	2,544.7
Leather products - Produits du cuir	2,792.2	1,128.3	3,920.5	3,177.5	1,426.7	4,604.2
Fish products - Produits du poisson	245.7	44.5	290.2	61.6	171.6	233.2
Meat products - Produits de la viande	9,446.1	1,438.4	10,884.5	6,739.7	1,089.7	7,829.4
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	69,935.7	42,873.6	112,809.3	43,827.2	16,524.2	60,351.4
Knitting mills - Fabriques de tricot	2,001.1	1,285.7	3,286.8	4,088.4	1,665.4	5,753.8
Distilleries	63,286.0	3,928.1	67,214.1	14,666.2	2,633.6	17,299.8
Services	30,442.1	18,903.9	49,346.0	19,734.1	12,859.3	32,593.4
Furniture industries - Industrie du meuble	5,135.4	3,276.8	8,412.2	5,487.9	874.1	6,362.0
Forestry - Exploitation forestière	541.9	107.4	649.3	392.0	5.3	397.3
Construction	46,643.1	9,585.7	56,228.8	29,995.0	3,887.5	33,882.5
Printing and publishing - Impression et édition	33,160.2	8,598.4	41,758.6	11,152.2	3,471.4	14,623.6
Bakery products - Boulangerie	3,132.9	3,453.6	6,586.5	4,096.1	1,940.1	6,036.2
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique	20,536.0	3,387.8	23,923.8	2,794.2	6,586.6	9,380.8
Clothing - Industrie du vêtement	4,137.2	2,342.7	6,479.9	11,499.4	1,329.9	12,829.3
Insurance and real estate - Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	35,118.1	6,683.1	41,801.2	17,489.4	6,428.9	23,918.3
Transportation - Transport	17,033.8	7,286.6	24,320.4	11,372.7	9,034.6	20,407.3
Agriculture	3,032.6	818.9	3,851.5	480.6	118.9	599.5
Security dealers - Courtiers en valeurs	8,536.3	444.9	8,981.2	4,325.4	757.0	5,082.4
Finance, banks etc. - Finances, banques etc.	11,068.3	1,952.9	13,021.2	8,299.0	869.6	9,168.6
Communication - Communications	1,252.9	172.4	1,425.3	3,981.6	5.1	3,986.7
Breweries - Brasseries	10,128.3	-	10,128.3	6,719.0	-	6,719.0
Wineries - Fabrication du vin	3,000.6	100.4	3,101.0	130.8	-	130.8
Fishing and trapping - Chasse et piégeage	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	719,349.1	976,707.0	1,696,056.1	484,489.7	451,856.2	936,345.9

TABLE XXXVII. Distribution of Taxable Income of Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act Corporations with Respect to Provinces and Non-resident Ownership by Industries, 1966 - Continued

TABLEAU XXXVII. Répartition, par province et par branche d'activité, du revenu imposable des sociétés ayant fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, selon leur appartenance à des non-résidents, 1966 - suite

	Atlantic - Atlantique			Prairies		
	0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Total	0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Total
	\$'000					
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon .....	.4	7,570.0	7,570.4	24.9	37,318.8	37,343.7
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc	66.0	568.3	634.3	21.9	2,274.4	2,296.3
Transportation equipment - Matériel de transport	440.6	1,735.9	2,176.5	1,160.9	7,680.7	8,841.6
Chemicals and chemical products - Produits chimiques et produits connexes	564.9	3,340.2	3,905.1	1,015.6	13,563.5	14,579.1
Tobacco products - Produits du tabac	-	13.6	13.6	-	84.0	84.0
Mineral fuels - Combustibles minéraux	193.7	-	193.7	3,487.0	26,342.5	29,829.5
Machinery - Machinerie	145.1	2,142.8	2,287.9	7,745.7	11,000.2	18,745.9
Electrical products - Appareils électriques	420.6	3,066.9	3,487.5	1,178.1	9,220.2	10,398.3
Fruit and vegetable canners - Conserveries de fruits et légumes	798.4	627.5	1,425.9	124.7	1,710.1	1,834.8
Primary metals - Fabrication des métaux primaires	378.7	47.3	426.0	12,870.8	11,305.8	24,176.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing - Industries manufacturières diverses	176.1	271.3	447.4	472.4	1,374.4	1,846.8
Other mining - Autres minéraux	386.1	3,229.3	3,615.4	2,957.4	5,151.6	8,109.0
Textile mills - Filature et tissage	73.8	475.4	549.2	500.9	3,123.9	3,624.8
Soft drinks - Boissons gazeuses	886.1	349.2	1,235.3	404.9	2,067.2	2,472.1
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing - Produits minéraux non-métalliques	2,325.2	347.5	2,672.7	4,500.8	1,470.9	5,971.7
Other food product manufacturing - Autres aliments	1,600.3	2,058.8	3,659.1	3,890.7	3,080.9	6,971.6
Metal fabricating - Produits métalliques	1,795.9	1,147.3	2,943.2	6,106.5	6,953.0	13,059.5
Paper and allied industries - Papier et produits connexes	2,115.3	15,784.8	17,900.1	7,192.6	2,156.5	9,349.1
Metal mining - Minéraux métalliques	235.1	560.3	795.4	1,455.7	30.6	1,486.3
Dairy products manufacturing - Produits laitiers	642.4	834.9	1,477.3	1,798.7	1,449.4	3,248.1
Credit agencies - Sociétés de crédit	1,557.3	2,977.5	4,534.8	3,520.9	6,897.4	10,418.3
Grain mills - Minoteries	367.9	864.2	1,232.1	2,228.1	2,360.6	4,588.7
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	17,766.6	3,911.3	21,677.9	39,169.3	27,446.9	66,616.2
Wood industries - Industrie du bois	940.8	17.1	957.9	3,809.9	216.7	4,026.6
Investment companies - Sociétés de placements	2,753.8	240.5	2,994.3	12,554.8	589.1	13,143.9
Storage - Entreposage	171.0	-	171.0	2,389.7	1,788.9	4,178.6
Leather products - Produits du cuir	11.9	85.0	96.9	544.8	-	544.8
Fish products - Produits du poisson	2,817.1	646.0	3,463.1	249.6	194.7	444.3
Meat products - Produits de la viande	1,136.5	250.0	1,386.5	2,833.8	708.5	3,542.3
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	16,993.3	8,267.8	25,261.1	20,861.5	30,541.7	51,403.2
Knitting mills - Fabriques de tricot	570.6	470.0	1,040.6	131.8	17.8	149.6
Distilleries	305.9	7.7	313.6	61.8	1,515.8	1,577.6
Services	3,638.4	783.7	4,422.1	9,498.7	7,320.6	16,819.3
Furniture industries - Industrie du meuble	88.2	1.5	89.7	918.4	131.7	1,050.1
Forestry - Exploitation forestière	116.9	285.3	402.2	32.9	-	32.9
Construction	11,403.1	1,043.6	12,446.7	18,959.3	5,689.4	24,648.7
Printing and publishing - Impression et édition	2,099.9	118.9	2,218.8	9,550.8	1,163.4	10,714.2
Bakery products - Boulangerie	1,749.8	286.2	2,036.0	1,142.6	571.6	1,714.2
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique	7,867.7	2,958.5	10,826.2	22,995.7	814.0	23,809.7
Clothing - Industrie du vêtement	9.6	44.1	53.7	1,310.4	2,164.1	3,474.5
Insurance and real estate - Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	7,082.1	69.0	7,151.1	9,397.1	5,951.8	15,348.9
Transportation - Transport	1,456.6	710.2	2,166.8	45,447.9	12,863.9	58,311.8
Agriculture	145.7	-	145.7	2,257.2	304.7	2,561.9
Security dealers - Courtiers en valeurs	255.2	-	255.2	1,308.6	-	1,308.6
Finance, banks etc. - Finances, banques etc.	618.6	6.2	624.8	4,390.9	875.6	5,266.5
Communication - Communications	12,809.2	1,510.3	14,319.5	-	-	-
Breweries - Brasseries	2,322.0	-	2,322.0	6,940.7	-	6,940.7
Wineries - Fabrication du vin	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fishing and trapping - Chasse et piégeage	77.4	-	77.4	27.3	-	27.3
Total	110,377.8	69,725.9	180,103.7	279,444.7	257,487.5	536,932.2

TABLE XXXVII. Distribution of Taxable Income of Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act Corporations with Respect to Provinces and Non-resident Ownership by Industries, 1966 - Concluded

TABLEAU XXXVII. Répartition, par province et par branche d'activité, du revenu imposable des sociétés ayant fait déclaration aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, selon leur appartenance à des non-résidents, 1966 - fin

Industry by decreasing order of non-resident ownership Branche d'activité par ordre décroissant d'appartenance à des non-résidents	British Columbia Colombie-Britannique			Other - Ailleurs		
	0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Total	0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Total
	\$'000					
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon	—	7,394.5	7,394.5	—	246.5	246.5
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc	40.8	1,155.1	1,195.9	—	—	—
Transportation equipment - Matériel de transport	1,907.0	3,269.7	5,176.9	—	—	—
Chemicals and chemical products - Produits chimiques et produits connexes	682.0	10,549.2	11,231.2	23.7	74.5	98.2
Tobacco products - Produits du tabac	—	56.2	56.2	—	—	—
Mineral fuels - Combustibles minéraux	—	331.1	331.1	—	4.3	4.3
Machinery - Machinerie	1,483.2	5,696.3	7,179.5	12.2	12.3	24.5
Electrical products - Appareils électriques	405.7	7,981.6	8,387.3	—	26.7	26.7
Fruit and vegetable canners - Conserveries de fruits et légumes	360.2	831.7	1,191.9	.4	51.9	52.3
Primary metals - Fabrication des métaux primaires	3,130.8	7,893.0	11,023.8	4.3	—	4.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing - Industries manufacturières diverses	415.0	792.6	1,207.6	110.1	12.6	122.7
Other mining - Autres minéraux	618.2	1,775.3	2,393.5	235.1	25.7	260.8
Textile mills - Filature et tissage	450.8	817.8	1,268.6	2.6	37.6	40.2
Soft drinks - Boissons gazeuses	314.9	542.8	857.7	—	—	—
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing - Produits minéraux non-métalliques	2,400.8	748.3	3,149.1	—	—	—
Other food product manufacturing - Autres aliments	4,246.7	1,949.7	6,196.4	116.3	—	116.3
Metal fabricating - Produits métalliques	2,884.4	4,620.2	7,504.6	8.2	8.4	16.6
Paper and allied industries - Papier et produits connexes	20,050.4	16,790.0	36,840.4	52.0	—	52.0
Metal mining - Minéraux métalliques	9,866.7	2,152.9	12,019.6	783.2	1,259.8	2,043.0
Dairy products manufacturing - Produits laitiers	4.1	1,073.5	1,077.6	2.1	—	2.1
Credit agencies - Sociétés de crédit	2,170.9	3,359.5	5,530.4	—	3.2	3.2
Grain mills - Minoteries	435.5	539.1	974.6	2.2	—	2.2
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	25,979.4	14,073.3	40,052.7	63.9	1,349.2	1,413.1
Food industries - Industrie du bois	17,845.4	6,331.8	24,177.2	16.8	—	16.8
Investment companies - Sociétés de placements	4,734.6	814.1	5,548.7	4,731.6	19,353.4	24,085.0
Storage - Entreposage	1,398.6	25.6	1,424.2	—	—	—
Leather products - Produits du cuir	92.7	—	92.7	2.9	—	2.9
Fish products - Produits du poisson	397.9	16.4	414.3	—	—	—
Meat products - Produits de la viande	1,095.8	389.2	1,485.0	9.1	3.1	12.2
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	19,944.0	16,146.3	36,090.3	209.3	567.5	776.8
Knitting mills - Fabriques de tricot	86.6	140.9	227.5	—	—	—
Canneries	7,935.6	1,133.8	9,069.4	524.3	—	524.3
Services	14,498.5	4,679.9	19,178.4	364.8	1,562.5	1,927.3
Furniture industries - Industrie du meuble	1,263.0	230.7	1,493.7	3.5	12.7	16.2
Forestry - Exploitation forestière	7,958.4	2,728.7	10,687.1	—	33.6	33.6
Construction	9,549.6	1,776.4	11,326.0	336.8	8.8	345.6
Printing and publishing - Impression et édition	5,941.7	343.8	6,285.5	168.2	—	168.2
Bakery products - Boulangerie	671.6	321.3	992.9	7.7	—	7.7
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique	1,605.2	95.0	1,700.2	438.9	64.8	503.7
Clothing - Industrie du vêtement	559.7	324.0	883.7	6.2	—	6.2
Insurance and real estate - Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	5,452.8	2,170.3	7,623.1	10.4	2,406.6	2,417.0
Transportation - Transport	25,882.9	3,196.2	29,079.1	856.0	136.9	992.9
Agriculture	499.6	378.5	878.1	—	—	—
Security dealers - Courtiers en valeurs	4,310.2	142.4	4,452.6	143.5	—	143.5
Finance, banks etc. - Finances, banques etc.	1,715.6	1,003.6	2,719.2	—	—	—
Communication - Communications	823.5	391.3	1,214.8	—	—	—
Breweries - Brasseries	3,735.8	—	3,735.8	—	—	—
Wineries - Fabrication du vin	575.3	—	575.3	—	—	—
Fishing and trapping - Chasse et piégeage	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	216,422.3	137,173.6	353,595.9	9,246.3	27,262.6	36,508.9

section reflects CALURA corporations only. For this reason the allocation reported in Table XXXVII for example covers only 85-90 per cent of total taxable income for 1966, as compared with Table XXXVI which includes all taxable corporations.

Per Capita Regional Distribution of Taxable Income

The per capita distribution of taxable income for 1966 by region and by industry reflects the uneven distribution of corporate activity with respect to population in the five regions and the disproportionate concentration in Ontario. Of the total taxable income of \$3.7 billion included in the tabulations, \$1.7 billion or approximately 45 per cent was allocated to the Province of Ontario. An additional \$936 million or 25 per cent went to the Province of Quebec. On a per capita basis this amounted to \$244 for Ontario and \$162 for Quebec. The allocation to the Prairies was \$537 million or \$159 per capita; British Columbia received \$354 million or \$189 per capita, and the Atlantic Provinces, \$180 million or \$80 per capita.

The per capita allocation to regions with respect to whether the firms making the allocation are at least 50 per cent non-resident owned or primarily Canadian owned, indicates that the discrepancy with respect to regions for non-resident owned firms is substantially greater than for resident dominated firms. For non-resident dominated firms the range is from \$31 per capita allocated to the Maritimes to \$141 per capita allocated to Ontario, the spread being \$110 per capita. For resident dominated firms, the range is from \$49 per capita, again for the Maritimes, to \$116 per capita for British Columbia, a spread of \$67 per capita.

Of a total of \$3.7 billion for 1966, \$1.9 billion or slightly more than half was allocated by corporations which were at least 50 per cent non-resident owned. The concentration of non-resident activity in Ontario is reflected as it is the only region receiving more than one half of its total allocation from such firms.

provinces, avec le résultat que certaines répartitions ne sont pas aussi exactes qu'on l'aurait souhaité. Les renseignements de base utilisés proviennent des déclarations pour fins d'impôt et ne tiennent pas compte des corrections subséquentes faites par les vérificateurs du Ministère du Revenu lors de l'examen des déclarations; dans la mesure où il y a de tels ajustements, la statistique sur le revenu imposable perd de son exactitude. Enfin, il faut souligner que les données statistiques de la présente section se rapportent surtout aux sociétés qui ont soumis un rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. En d'autres mots la répartition du revenu imposable par province qui figure au Tableau XXXVII par exemple est effectuée à partir d'un montant qui représente 85 à 90 p. 100 du revenu imposable global de 1966 alors que les données du Tableau XXXVI comprennent l'ensemble de toutes les corporations.

Répartition régionale, per capita, du revenu imposable des sociétés

La répartition per capita du revenu imposable de 1966 selon la région et l'industrie est un reflet de la distribution inégale des activités industrielles, compte tenu de la population, à travers les cinq grandes régions du pays. Cette répartition fait également ressortir d'une façon non équivoque la forte concentration de telles activités en Ontario. De cette province provient \$1.7 milliards d'une somme compilée se chiffrant à \$3.7 milliards, soit 45 p. 100 du revenu imposable de l'ensemble du pays. La part du Québec s'élève à \$936 millions soit 25 p. 100. La répartition per capita indique donc \$244 en Ontario et \$162 au Québec. Les provinces des Prairies se partagent \$537 millions ou \$159 per capita; les provinces de l'Atlantique, \$180 millions ou \$80 per capita. La Colombie-Britannique a contribué \$354 millions, soit \$189 per capita.

Si l'on pousse cette répartition jusqu'à faire la distinction entre le revenu imposable des sociétés qui appartiennent dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100 à des résidents et celui des sociétés appartenant dans la même proportion aux étrangers, on se rend compte des disparités régionales plus sérieuses parmi ces dernières. Le revenu imposable per capita des sociétés à appartenance étrangère est de \$31 pour les provinces de l'Atlantique à comparer à \$141 pour l'Ontario soit un écart régional de \$110. D'autre part, le revenu imposable per capita des sociétés à appartenance canadienne est de \$49 pour la région de l'Atlantique et de \$116 pour la Colombie-Britannique soit un écart de \$67.

D'un revenu imposable global de \$3.7 milliards en 1966, \$1.9 milliard, soit plus de la moitié, provient de sociétés qui appartiennent à des non-résidents dans une proportion de plus de 50 p. 100. L'Ontario est la seule région où l'activité des sociétés étrangères représentée par le revenu imposable, est plus considérable que celle des sociétés appartenant à des résidents. Étant donné la proportion considérable du revenu imposable total provenant de l'Ontario on se rend compte que les activités des sociétés étrangères au Canada se concentrent dans cette province.

TABLE XXXVIII. Per Capita Allocation of Taxable Income by Non-resident and Resident Dominated Corporations, 1966

TABLEAU XXXVIII. Répartitions per capita du revenu imposable selon l'appartenance des sociétés à des résidents et à des non-résidents, 1966

	Non-resident dominated — Sociétés à appartenance étrangère	Resident dominated — Sociétés à appartenance canadienne
	\$/capita	
Ontario	141	103
Québec	78	84
Atlantic — Provinces de l'Atlantique.....	31	49
Prairies — Provinces des Prairies.....	76	83
British Columbia — Colombie-Britannique.....	73	116

Taxable Income by Industry and Region

The industrial aggregations selected tend to magnify the relative importance of trade at the expense of manufacturing which is diffused through a large number of categories. The largest allocation is from wholesale trade with taxable income of \$434.7 million. Second most significant is retail trade at \$286.7 million. These two, taken together, constitute about one fifth of the total of \$3.7 billion. Both wholesale and retail trade sectors are dominated by primarily resident-owned firms. These resident-owned firms contribute about 62 per cent of total wholesale trade taxable income and about 60 per cent of total retail trade taxable income. The dominance of retail and wholesale trade sectors by resident-controlled corporations extends to all regions except the Prairies where retailing is dominated by non-residents.

The five next largest industries following trade are all within the manufacturing division. They are paper and allied industries, primary metal manufacturing, transportation equipment, chemicals and chemical products and metal fabricating. In another section of this report the transportation equipment and chemicals industries are shown to be dominated by residents of the United States, the paper and metal fabricating industries are dominated by Canadians and control of primary metals is not assigned to one country. It is, therefore, interesting to note that despite some majority ownership by residents, the taxable income contributed by non-resident owned companies dominated taxable income of all 5 industries.

Revenus imposables par industries et par régions

L'examen des données, au niveau des groupements d'industries choisis pour la compilation, montre une prépondérance du secteur commercial sur les industries de la fabrication qui sont ici fragmentées en un grand nombre de catégories. La plus grande part du revenu imposable provient du commerce de gros, soit \$434 millions, suivi du commerce de détail se chiffrant à \$286.7 millions. Pris ensemble ces deux groupements représentent un cinquième du revenu imposable global de \$3.7 milliards et sont dominés par des sociétés à appartenance canadienne. Plus précisément, celles-ci fournissent 62 p. 100 du revenu imposable du commerce de gros et 60 p. 100 de celui du commerce de détail. On retrouve cette domination des sociétés canadiennes dans toutes les régions à l'exception des provinces des Prairies dans lesquelles les sociétés étrangères dominent le commerce de détail.

Viennent après le commerce, des industries qui font toutes partie du secteur manufacturier. Il s'agit de l'industrie du papier et des produits connexes, l'industrie de la fabrication de métaux primaires, de la fabrication du matériel de transport, l'industrie chimique et des produits connexes et de l'industrie des produits métalliques. Comme on peut s'en rendre compte à la lecture d'une autre section de ce rapport, l'industrie du matériel de transport et l'industrie chimique et des produits connexes sont dominées par des résidents des États-Unis; les industries du papier et des produits métalliques sont dominées par des Canadiens tandis que le pays d'origine du contrôle de l'industrie ci-haut nommée de la fabrication des formes primaires des métaux n'est pas déterminé. Même si parmi ces 5 industries il semble que les Canadiens sont en majorité, le revenu imposable déclaré par les sociétés appartenant à des étrangers était plus considérable que celui des sociétés appartenant à des résidents.

In the paper industry, taxable income was \$195 million of which \$123 million or 63 per cent was contributed by non-resident dominated corporations. In primary metals the total was \$190 million of which 71 per cent was contributed by the non-resident dominated firms. In transportation equipment the total was \$185 million, 87 per cent of which was non-resident controlled. In chemicals and metal fabricating the totals were \$183 million and \$145 million with non-resident shares of 92 per cent and 61 per cent respectively. In all, these 5 industries contributed \$897 million or about another one quarter of the total. Resident dominated corporations accounted for \$221 million of this and non-residents for the balance of \$676 million. While non-residents contributed the largest proportion of taxable income in all five of these significant manufacturing sectors, this dominance was not evident in all provinces. The allocation of the paper industry (which is heavily concentrated in Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia) was dominated by resident controlled firms in both British Columbia and on the Prairies. Non-resident participation was concentrated in Ontario where \$50 million or 41 per cent of the non-resident total was allocated.

Primary metals too are concentrated in Ontario and Quebec with particular emphasis on Ontario but allocations to the Prairies and the Maritimes were predominantly from resident-owned firms. The transportation equipment allocation was 80 per cent to Ontario and non-residents dominated this industry in all regions. Chemicals as well are heavily concentrated in Ontario and Quebec and non-residents dominated this industry in all regions. Metal fabricating, highly concentrated in Quebec and Ontario, evidences the largest share allocated by resident dominated firms only in the Maritimes. Overall, of the total of \$897 million allocated by these 5 industries \$727 million or 81 per cent was allocated to Ontario and Quebec. Of the total non-resident dominated portion of \$676 million, \$569 million or 87 per cent went to Ontario and Quebec.

Next in order of total taxable income were the construction industry and the transportation industry both of which are dominated by Canadians in all regions. The construction industry encompasses general contractors primarily engaged in the construction of buildings and highways, as well as many special trade contractors. The transportation industry (as distinct from the manufacture of transportation equipment) encompasses air transport; water transport; railway

Le revenu imposable de l'industrie du papier se chiffrait à \$195 millions, dont \$123 millions ou 63 p. 100 provenaient de sociétés dominées par des non-résidents. Celui de l'industrie de la fabrication des métaux primaires s'élevait à \$190 millions dont 71 p. 100 avait été déclaré par des sociétés sous contrôle étranger. Les chiffres correspondants, pour l'industrie du matériel de transport, étaient \$185 millions et 87 p. 100; les produits chimiques, \$183 millions et 92 p. 100; enfin les produits métalliques, \$145 millions et 61 p. 100. Le revenu imposable de l'ensemble de ces 5 industries atteignait \$897 ou \$898 millions ou près du quart du grand total de \$3.7 milliards mentionné précédemment. De ces \$897 millions les sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents avaient déclaré \$676 millions. Même si ces derniers déclaraient la forte proportion du revenu imposable dans chacune de ces cinq industries manufacturières importantes, la domination étrangère n'était pas aussi évidente d'une province à l'autre. On sait que l'industrie du papier est concentrée dans l'Ontario, le Québec et la Colombie-Britannique; les non-résidents dominaient les sociétés établies en Ontario et au Québec tandis que celles qui sont situées en Colombie-Britannique de même que dans les provinces des Prairies étaient en grande partie contrôlées par des résidents.

Un partage semblable affectait l'industrie de la fabrication des métaux primaires. Cette dernière est concentrée en Ontario et au Québec, surtout en Ontario et c'est dans cette région que l'on rencontre les non-résidents. Par contre les sociétés de cette industrie situées dans les provinces des Prairies et de l'Atlantique étaient en grande partie la propriété de canadiens. L'industrie du matériel de transport dont le gros de l'activité s'exerce en Ontario était dominée par des non-résidents dans toutes les régions. Les non-résidents dominaient également l'industrie chimique dans toutes les régions; cette dernière montre une forte concentration en Ontario et au Québec. La fabrication des produits métalliques concentrée en grande partie en Ontario et au Québec était dominée par des étrangers partout au Canada sauf dans les provinces de l'Atlantique. En résumé le revenu imposable total de ces 5 industries appartenant au secteur manufacturier, soit \$897 millions, provenait en grande partie (d'après la méthode de calcul décrite plus haut) de l'Ontario et du Québec soit \$727 millions ou 81 p. 100. Le montant attribué aux sociétés dominées par des étrangers s'élevait à \$676 millions. Une proportion de 87 p. 100 soit \$569 millions venait des sociétés à domination étrangère exerçant des affaires en Ontario et au Québec.

Toujours dans l'ordre décroissant d'importance du revenu imposable, venaient ensuite l'industrie de la construction et l'industrie du transport. Ces deux industries sont dominées par des Canadiens dans toutes les régions du pays. L'industrie de la construction comprend tous les entrepreneurs généraux et les entrepreneurs sous-traitants et de métiers s'occupant de tous genres de construction. L'industrie des transports (à ne pas confondre avec la fabrication du matériel de transport) est constituée de

transport; truck and bus transport; pipeline transport, as well as services incidental to these transportation systems. In combination, these two sectors allocated \$274 million of which \$219 million or 80 per cent, belonged to Canadian dominated concerns. Of the total of \$274 million, Ontario and Quebec were allocated \$135 million or about one-half. This proportion is somewhat less than their share of the population in 1966, which was approximately 63 per cent.

Tenth and eleventh in rank according to size of taxable income are two more manufacturing sectors dominated by the United States residents. These are machinery manufacturing and electrical products manufacturing. In combination, these two accounted for \$259 million of taxable income of which \$225 million or 87 per cent was contributed by corporations which were at least 50 per cent non-resident owned. Activity in these two sectors is heavily concentrated in Ontario to which \$160 million or 62 per cent of the total was allocated. Quebec accounted for an additional \$48 million or 19 per cent. Non-resident dominance of these two sectors extends to all five geographic regions.

Three other sectors each contributed in excess of \$100 million. The largest of these is the services sector at \$124 million. Of this, \$78 million or 63 per cent was contributed by Canadian dominated concerns. Canadians dominate the services sector in all five regions. Next is petroleum and coal products manufacturing at \$109 million, virtually all of which is contributed by non-resident corporations. This is the most intensely non-resident dominated industry in the classification employed. The non-resident dominance extends to all five regions.

The fourteenth largest industry and the last with taxable income in excess of \$100 million is investment companies at \$107 million. About two thirds of the taxable income of investment companies is contributed by corporations which are dominated by Canadians. This Canadian dominance also extends to all five regions. Because of the nature of investment company income, this sector shows \$24 million allocated the "other" category. This is approximately two thirds of the total taxable income of all industries not allocated to a specific region.

In total, the 14 industries with taxable income in excess of \$100 million contributed \$2.5 billion or approximately two thirds of the \$3.7 billion which was

tous les services de transports compris dans la formule familière, par air, par mer, par terre, qu'il s'agisse de passagers ou de marchandises, y compris aussi les pipelines. A noter toutefois que des sociétés particulières, dont plusieurs de très grande taille, sont exemptées de l'obligation de soumettre un rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. On les retrouve surtout dans le domaine du transport par chemins de fer et dans le transport en commun urbain. Le revenu imposable de l'ensemble de l'industrie de la construction et de l'industrie du transport s'élevait à \$274 millions dont \$219 millions ou 80 p. 100 provenaient de sociétés contrôlées par des Canadiens. La moitié du montant de \$274 millions venaient de l'Ontario et du Québec, plus précisément \$135 millions.

L'industrie de la machinerie et l'industrie des appareils et matériel électriques, toutes deux dominées par des résidents des États-Unis se plaçaient respectivement aux dixième et onzième rangs, selon l'ordre de grandeur du revenu imposable. Prises ensemble, ces deux industries déclaraient un revenu imposable de \$259 millions, dont \$225 millions ou 87 p. 100 provenaient de sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 et plus. Le gros de l'activité de ces deux industries est exercé dans l'Ontario; il en résulte un revenu imposable se chiffrant à \$160 millions ou 62 p. 100 du montant national. Le Québec de son côté se partageait \$48 millions ou 19 p. 100. La domination étrangère de ces deux industries est un phénomène répandu à travers tout le pays.

Trois autres secteurs ont affiché un revenu imposable dépassant les \$100 millions. Le revenu imposable des industries de services s'élevait à \$124 millions dont \$78 millions ou 63 p. 100 était attribué aux sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens, qui d'ailleurs contrôlent le secteur dans chacune des régions du pays. L'industrie de la fabrication des produits du pétrole et du charbon qui est presque en totalité contrôlée par des non-résidents avait un revenu imposable de \$109 millions.

Enfin, au quatorzième rang, se plaçait le groupe des sociétés de placement qui comprend les fonds mutuels et les compagnies dites "holding". Son revenu imposable s'élevait à \$107 millions et environ les deux tiers de ce montant avaient été déclarés par des sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens dont la domination s'étend à toutes les régions. Il faut remarquer cependant que la nature du revenu des sociétés de placement est telle qu'elle empêche la répartition complète du revenu imposable par régions. Ainsi les sociétés de placements avaient un montant de revenu imposable de \$24 millions qu'on n'a pu décomposer par régions.

Dans l'ensemble, le revenu imposable des 14 industries dépassant les \$100 millions, s'élevait à \$2.5 milliards soit environ les deux tiers du montant global de \$3.7

tabulated. In 8 of these 14 industries, Canadian dominated corporations contributed less than 50 per cent of the taxable income. All 8 were in the manufacturing sector. Total taxable income of these 8 was \$1.3 billion. Of this, \$992 million or approximately three-quarters was allocated to Ontario and Quebec. Of the total of \$1.3 billion, just over one billion dollars was contributed by non-resident dominated corporations.

In the other 6 of the 14 largest industries, Canadian dominated corporations contributed the largest share of taxable income. None of these 6 were in the manufacturing division. These 6 industries contributed \$1.2 billion of which \$811 million or 68 per cent was allocated by resident dominated corporations. Ontario and Quebec accounted for \$756 million or 63 per cent of the total for this group, a proportion equivalent to their share of population.

Thirty-five industries contribute the balance of \$1.2 billion or one third of the total tabulated. Distributions with respect to both ownership and geographic region are varied. One of the largest industries with taxable income just under \$100 million is distilleries. Of a total taxable income of \$96 million in this sector, \$67 million or 70 per cent was allocated to Ontario and of this, \$63 million was contributed by predominantly Canadian corporations. It is known that the bulk of the profit from spirits is taken by provincial governments through government controlled outlets and these are excluded from taxable income.

Printing and publishing is another significant manufacturing industry with a high degree of concentration in Ontario. Of a total of \$75 million in taxable income, \$42 million or 56 per cent was allocated to Ontario. Of the portion allocated to Ontario \$33 million was contributed by Canadian-controlled corporations.

Public utilities is a non-manufacturing sector which is dominated by governments in many regions. Often government participation involves Crown corporations or similarly exempt bodies so the total activity for this industry is not represented in these data. Nevertheless, \$70 million was contributed with \$24 million allocated to Ontario and a similar amount allocated to the Prairies. Over all, the allocation was dominated by resident-controlled corporations but the

milliards. Dans 8 de ces 14 industries, les sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens ont déclaré moins de 50 p. 100 du revenu imposable de l'industrie. Ces 8 industries faisaient toutes partie du secteur manufacturier et leur revenu imposable se chiffrait à \$1.3 milliard. De ce dernier montant, \$992 millions ou environ les trois quarts provenaient de l'Ontario et du Québec. Enfin, du revenu imposable de \$1.3 milliard, plus d'un milliard de dollars avait été déclaré par des sociétés contrôlées par des non-résidents.

Les 6 autres industries, aucune d'elles ne faisant partie du secteur manufacturier, ont réalisé un revenu imposable de \$1.2 milliard. Les sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens ont contribué la grande partie du revenu imposable soit \$811 millions ou 68 p. 100. Du montant de \$1.2 milliard, \$756 millions ou 63 p. 100 venaient de l'Ontario et du Québec.

Il y avait 35 industries dont le revenu imposable était inférieur à \$100 millions. Ces industries se partageaient le reste du montant global de \$3.7 milliards soit \$1.2 milliard ou un tiers. La répartition par région et selon l'appartenance des intérêts majoritaires variait d'une industrie à l'autre. Plusieurs paragraphes qui suivent ont pour but d'en faire ressortir les points saillants. Parmi les industries ayant un revenu imposable inférieur à \$100 millions, le groupe des distilleries était un des plus considérables. Son revenu imposable se chiffrait à \$96 millions dont \$67 millions ou 70 p. 100 provenaient de l'Ontario et \$63 millions venaient de sociétés qui sont la propriété de Canadiens. On sait cependant que le gros des profits sur la vente de spiritueux est réalisé par les gouvernements provinciaux en raison du contrôle qu'ils exercent sur la distribution et la vente aux consommateurs au moyen de réseaux de comptoirs dont ils sont les propriétaires.

L'imprimerie et l'édition réalisait un revenu imposable de \$75 millions dont \$42 millions ou 56 p. 100 provenaient de l'Ontario. De ce dernier montant de \$42 millions, les sociétés contrôlées par des Canadiens totalisaient \$33 millions.

Les services d'utilité publique sont en grande partie sous la domination de gouvernements dans la plupart des régions du pays. Ce contrôle est souvent exercé par le truchement de sociétés gouvernementales telles que les sociétés de la Couronne, entreprises de l'état, ou organismes semblables qui ne sont pas assujettis à la Loi; par conséquent les données disponibles sous-estiment dans une large mesure l'activité dans ce domaine. Néanmoins, on y a relevé un montant de \$70 millions en revenu

allocation of \$9.3 million to Quebec included \$6.6 million allocated by non-resident controlled firms.

Insurance and real estate is another Canadian dominated, non-manufacturing sector which at \$98.3 million is only marginally below the \$100 million cut-off employed earlier. Canadian dominance extends to all five regions.

Miscellaneous manufacturing is an additional industry in the manufacturing sector in which non-resident corporations contributed the largest part of the total taxable income and the largest share was allocated to the Province of Ontario. Of a total of \$59 million, \$48 million was contributed by firms which were at least 50 per cent non-resident owned. Forty-four million dollars or 75 per cent was allocated to Ontario.

The non-metallic mineral manufacturing sector evidences a somewhat unusual distribution. Total taxable income of this sector amounted to \$68 million of which \$37 million was allocated to Ontario. Of the portion allocated to Ontario, \$21 million or 57 per cent was contributed by non-resident dominated corporations. In total, however, \$35 million or 51 per cent was contributed by resident dominated corporations and residents dominated the allocation to all regions other than Ontario.

The other food products category with taxable income of \$67 million is another of the manufacturing industries with taxable income primarily contributed by non-resident dominated corporations and a disproportionate concentration in Ontario. Of the total non-resident contribution of \$38 million, \$20 million or slightly over half was allocated to Ontario.

Credit agencies, a part of the finance division, contributed \$57 million of taxable income of which \$25 million or less than half came from Canadian dominated concerns. For the Province of Quebec though, the total allocation was \$14 million of which \$9 million or 64 per cent was contributed by Canadian dominated firms.

Two mining sectors and one manufacturing sector show disproportionate concentration in the Province of Quebec. The metal mining industry allocated \$35 million or 54 per cent of total taxable income of \$65 million to Quebec. This industry is dominated by Canadians. Similarly, the non-resident

imposable. Ce montant était réparti ainsi, \$24 millions pour l'Ontario, un montant à peu près égal pour les provinces des Prairies; le reste provenait des autres parties du pays. Dans l'ensemble ce sont les sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens qui dominaient. Au Québec toutefois, d'un revenu imposable de \$9.3 millions, un montant de \$6.6 millions avait été déclaré par des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents.

Le secteur de l'assurance et de l'immeuble est en grande partie sous le contrôle de Canadiens et ceci est vrai dans toutes les régions du pays. Le revenu imposable dans ce domaine s'élevait à \$98.3 millions.

L'industrie des fabrications diverses est un autre domaine manufacturier qui se distingue par le fait que les non-résidents ont contribué un revenu imposable plus élevé que les résidents, la proportion la plus grande venant de l'Ontario. En effet, d'un revenu imposable de \$59 millions, \$48 millions provenaient de sociétés possédées par des étrangers dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 et plus. Le revenu imposable pour l'Ontario se chiffrait à \$44 millions.

La répartition du revenu imposable dans l'industrie des produits minéraux non métalliques est un peu plus particulière. D'un revenu imposable de \$68 millions, un montant de \$37 millions venait de l'Ontario. De ce dernier montant, \$21 millions ou 57 p. 100 avaient été déclarés par des sociétés à appartenance étrangère. A travers le pays, les sociétés sous le contrôle de résidents représentaient 51 p. 100 de tout le revenu imposable soit \$35 millions. Ainsi les résidents dominaient dans toutes les régions sauf dans l'Ontario.

L'industrie de la fabrication d'autres aliments, avec un revenu imposable de \$67 millions, a connu en 1966 à la fois une contribution majoritaire par des non-résidents à son revenu imposable et une forte concentration de celui-ci en Ontario. En effet les entreprises contrôlées par des étrangers ont accumulé \$38 millions en revenu imposable. De cette somme environ \$20 millions venait de l'Ontario.

Les établissements de crédit, qui font partie du domaine financier mais ne comprennent pas les sociétés qui reçoivent des dépôts, ont eu un revenu imposable de \$57 millions dont \$25 millions originaient de sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens. Ces derniers dominaient seulement dans le Québec avec un montant de \$9 millions ou 64 p. 100 du revenu imposable de \$14 millions pour la province.

Le chiffre de revenu imposable dans les mines métallifères de même que dans le groupe "autres mines" témoigne d'une forte concentration dans le Québec. Les sociétés de mines métallifères au Québec ont déclaré une somme de \$35 millions soit 54 p. 100 du chiffre de l'ensemble du pays qui s'élevait à \$65 millions. L'industrie

dominated other mining sector allocated \$26 million to Quebec out of a total of \$53 million. This represents about 49 per cent of the activity in this industry.

The tobacco industry, shows a disproportionate allocation to Quebec. Of a total of \$33 million reported by this industry, \$27 million or 82 per cent was allocated to that Province.

Communications, like public utilities, is dominated by government in many regions or by corporations which are exempt from reporting to CALURA for other reasons. Data for this industry is therefore fragmentary with \$14 million of a total of \$21 million (67 per cent) allocated to the Atlantic region.

The mineral fuels industry predominantly consists of petroleum and natural gas producers. Activity in the industry is therefore highly concentrated on the Prairies and this is reflected in the data. Of a total of \$31 million allocated by this sector, \$30 million was allocated to Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Like its affiliated industry in the manufacturing division, this industry is dominated by non-residents. Twenty-six million dollars of the Prairies allocation, or about 87 per cent was contributed by corporations owned to the extent of at least 50 per cent by non-residents.

Wood manufacturing, one of the Canadian dominated manufacturing industries evidences disproportionate concentration in British Columbia. The province was allocated \$24 million or 50 per cent of the total of \$48 million for the industry.

In summary, among the 35 sectors with taxable incomes of less than \$100 million, several show disproportionate concentration in one region or another which increases their relative significance in the region in which they are concentrated. Some are based on natural resources such as the concentration of petroleum production on the Prairies. Much of the manufacturing concentrated in Ontario, appears due to

est dominée par des Canadiens. De leur côté, les "autres mines", qui sont cependant dominées par des étrangers, déclaraient un total de \$53 millions de revenu imposable; de ce montant les établissements du Québec ont contribué \$26 millions.

Le calcul de la répartition du revenu imposable à l'aide de la formule mentionnée précédemment produit des résultats pour le moins étonnant dans l'industrie du tabac. En effet, le revenu imposable de l'industrie du tabac se chiffrait à \$33 millions dont \$27 millions ou 82 p. 100 était attribué au Québec. A remarquer que les tabacs comme les spiritueux retiennent l'attention particulière des gouvernements quant à l'imposition.

Le revenu imposable, fondé sur les données dont on dispose dans le secteur des communications, est très peu représentatif de l'activité dans ce domaine parce que, d'une façon similaire aux services d'utilité publique, les communications relèvent des gouvernements dans plusieurs régions du pays. A ce titre, elles sont exemptées de déclarer aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Il y a d'autres grandes sociétés de communications qui sont également libérées de l'obligation de déclarer mais pour d'autres raisons. Mais on dispose tout de même d'un résultat fragmentaire qui montre un revenu imposable de \$21 millions dont \$14 millions sont attribués aux provinces de l'Atlantique.

L'industrie des combustibles minéraux comprend principalement les sociétés d'exploitation de champs pétrolifères et de production de gaz naturel. Les données sur le revenu imposable reflètent la concentration de telles activités dans les provinces des Prairies. Le Manitoba, la Saskatchewan et l'Alberta se partageaient \$30 millions sur un revenu imposable total de \$31 millions. De ce montant de \$30 millions, une somme de \$26 millions provenait de sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 et plus. Les proportions ressemblent de près à celles rencontrées dans le secteur manufacturier des produits du pétrole et du charbon, ce qui n'est pas surprenant étant donné le grand nombre de sociétés qui opèrent à la fois dans les deux domaines par le truchement de filiales ou sociétés associées.

Le revenu imposable de l'industrie du bois dans le secteur manufacturier dénote une forte concentration dans la Colombie-Britannique qui se voyait attribuer \$24 millions ou 50 p. 100 du revenu imposable total de \$48 millions pour l'industrie. Cette dernière est dominée par des résidents canadiens.

Bref, parmi les 35 groupes d'industries dont le revenu imposable était inférieur à \$100 millions, il y en a plusieurs dont la forte concentration des activités dans des régions particulières, était confirmée par le montant de revenu imposable qu'on leur avait attribué. De telles concentrations étaient fondées sur l'emplacement des ressources naturelles comme dans le cas du pétrole dans la région des Prairies. La concentration manufacturière dans

other causes. Some concentrations are due to dissimilar public involvement in different regions, e.g. utilities. At least two, tobacco and distilleries, have national distribution of products but a high concentration of taxable income in one province.

Fiscal Significance of Taxable Income

The location of business establishments in a province has always been of great importance because of the economic activity which these establishments generate and the subsequent extension of the tax base. The reentry of provincial governments into the corporate income tax field after many years of federal-provincial tax rental agreements has fostered an increased interest in the extent and incidence of corporation taxable income.

In 1966 corporations were allowed a 9 per cent abatement from their taxable income to free that much of the field for the provinces. All provinces then levied 9 per cent except Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Ontario and Quebec where the rates were set at 10, 10, 11 and 12 per cent respectively. Arrangements were made with the federal government to collect this tax by all provinces except Quebec and Ontario. The corporate taxable income was determined on the same basis as that of the federal government with some slight variations.

The importance of corporation taxable income in the national economy may be evaluated using National Accounts data if we take "Corporation profits before taxes" as a proxy for "Corporation taxable income". (As illustrated in a preceding section, this is not always desirable.) In the National Accounts framework:

l'Ontario doit s'expliquer à l'aide de plusieurs autres facteurs, sans doute. Certains aspects de la concentration reflètent la participation inégale de gouvernements d'une région à l'autre, dans les services d'utilité publique, par exemple. Enfin deux secteurs particuliers, les tabacs et les distilleries, rejoignent toutes les régions du pays avec leurs produits; il reste que leur revenu imposable est attribué en grande partie à une seule province.

Des implications fiscales du revenu imposable

L'importance du développement industriel pour un territoire, une province, n'est pas à démontrer. Il va de soi que l'industrie engendre des activités économiques et permet aussi l'élargissement du champ de la taxation ou une plus grande base de répartition du fardeau fiscal. Les contribuables par la voix de leur gouvernement ont, il va sans dire, un intérêt bien légitime dans le développement industriel de leur territoire. Il ne faut donc pas se surprendre de la ré-apparition des gouvernements provinciaux dans le domaine de l'impôt sur le revenu de corporations après en avoir loué les pouvoirs au gouvernement fédéral pour plusieurs années. Ces événements relativement récents, sans remettre en cause l'aspect de la portée et de l'incidence de l'imposition des revenus des sociétés ou le revenu imposable même, ajoutent de nouvelles dimensions au problème.

En 1966, le gouvernement fédéral permettait un abattement de 9 p. 100 au taux d'imposition, cet abattement s'appliquant au revenu imposable des sociétés afin d'en faire bénéficier les provinces. Ces dernières prirent la décision de lever un impôt sur les sociétés et en fixèrent le taux à 9 p. 100 du revenu imposable, à l'exception du Manitoba, de la Saskatchewan, de l'Ontario et du Québec qui établirent leur taux à 10, 10, 11 et 12 p. 100 respectivement. Des ententes ont été conclues par lesquelles le gouvernement fédéral s'occupait de la perception de la part provinciale des impôts, pour toutes les provinces sauf le Québec et l'Ontario. La méthode de calcul du revenu imposable utilisée par le gouvernement fédéral a été adoptée par toutes les provinces sauf encore une fois le Québec et l'Ontario qui l'ont modifiée légèrement.

Une bonne façon de se rendre compte de l'importance du revenu imposable parmi les autres agrégats économiques est de le faire à l'aide des Comptes nationaux de revenus et dépenses dont le cadre d'analyse permet de relier les profits des entreprises avec différents totaux ou sous-totaux que l'on connaît et qui sont résumés dans le produit national brut. Au compte revenus de la comptabilité nationale on retrouve la rubrique intitulée "Bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts". Mises à part les réserves que l'on a déjà formulées à ce sujet, ce dernier agrégat est celui qui se rapproche le plus de la mesure qui nous intéresse c'est-à-dire du revenu imposable des sociétés. Voici la définition utilisée par les comptes nationaux.

"...corporation profits consists of profits as reported to the Department of National Revenue, plus depletion charges, charitable contributions, interest income of non-Canadian, non-life insurance companies, provincial mining and logging taxes, and additions to inner reserves of the chartered banks, less dividends and profits remitted to non-residents."¹

In the total Canadian economy, corporation profits before taxes amounted to less than 10 per cent of Gross National Product at market prices or to less than 12 per cent of Net National Income at factor cost in 1966. No breakdown of the Gross National Product being available for provinces it is not possible to express the corresponding proportions for provinces.

As reported under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act taxable income stood at \$3.7 billion in 1966, up 3.8 per cent from the preceding year. For both mining and manufacturing taxable income decreased slightly from 1965 to 1966.

Manufacturing provided more than half of the total taxable income in 1966. The trade division, both wholesale and retail, accounted for 20 per cent of the taxable income but mining for no more than 4 per cent. A rigid interpretation of these percentages should not be taken as these data are compiled using the corporation, not the establishment as the reporting unit. It is certain that manufacturing, the largest division, is expanded at the expense of the smaller divisions. Mining in particular is reduced.

Within the manufacturing division, it is interesting to note the portion of total taxable income derived from certain groups of industries: 9 per cent from food and beverages, 5.2 per cent from paper and allied products, 4.9 per cent from transportation equipment,

"...les bénéfices des sociétés, pour ce qui est des Comptes nationaux, comprennent les bénéfices déclarés au Ministère du Revenu national, les provisions pour épuisement, les dons de charité, le revenu — intérêts des sociétés d'assurance (sauf d'assurance-vie) non canadiennes, les impôts provinciaux sur les mines et l'abattage et les additions aux réserves internes de banques à charte, moins les dividendes et bénéfices versés aux non-résidents¹."

Dans l'ensemble de l'économie canadienne, en 1966, les bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts se chiffraient à un montant inférieur à 10 p. 100 du produit national brut au prix du marché ou encore à moins de 12 p. 100 du revenu national net au coût des facteurs. L'absence d'une mesure du produit national brut au niveau des provinces ou, devrait-on dire, du produit provincial brut empêche évidemment toutes comparaisons à ce palier. Le lecteur pourra relier le montant des bénéfices des sociétés à d'autres variables économiques dans le cadre quantitatif d'analyse des comptes nationaux. Ce qui suit est un examen détaillé du revenu imposable des corporations à l'aide des renseignements recueillis aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers.

En 1966 le revenu imposable déclaré s'élevait à \$3.7 milliards soit une augmentation de 3.8 p. 100 sur l'année précédente. Au niveau des secteurs cependant, on constate une baisse légère dans les domaines miniers et manufacturiers.

La proportion du revenu imposable des corporations provenant du secteur manufacturier dépassait la moitié de l'ensemble en 1966. Celle du commerce de gros et de détail se chiffrait à environ 20 p. 100 tandis que le revenu imposable du secteur minier ne représentait à peine que 4 p. 100. Une mise en garde s'impose cependant quant à l'interprétation stricte de ces pourcentages. Une société peut posséder plusieurs établissements classés à différents groupes d'industries dépendamment de la nature de leur entreprise. Étant donné que les chiffres dont on dispose ont trait à l'ensemble c'est-à-dire à la société même, on est forcé de classer cette dernière dans le groupe d'industries dans lequel elle exerce le gros de ses activités. Le secteur manufacturier étant le plus étendu il en résulte que le classement des sociétés plutôt que de leurs établissements favorisent ce dernier secteur aux dépens de secteurs plus petits. Entr'autres, le secteur minier en est particulièrement affecté.

À l'intérieur du secteur manufacturier, la proportion du revenu imposable variait sensiblement. Pour ne citer que certaines industries, mentionnons que 9 p. 100 du revenu imposable du secteur manufacturier provenait de l'industrie des aliments et boissons, 5.2 p. 100 de l'indus-

¹ DBS Catalogue No. 13-502, "National Accounts, Income and Expenditure, 1926-1956," p. 143, paragraph 249. Paragraphs 79 and 80 expand and complement this definition.

¹ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 13-502F, "Compte national, revenus et dépenses, 1926-1956", p. 150, paragraphe 249. On retrouve également des explications supplémentaires aux paragraphes 79 et 80.

4.9 per cent from chemicals and chemical products but only 0.9 per cent from tobacco products, 1.8 per cent from non-metallic mineral products and 2.9 per cent from petroleum and coal products.

Ontario and Quebec had the largest part of their taxable income accruing from manufacturing 63.3 and 56.1 per cent respectively. The corresponding proportion for Prince Edward Island was 26.2 per cent, which was the lowest proportion among the provinces. Mining provided 11.4 per cent of Alberta's taxable income and 6.5 per cent of Quebec's but only 1.6 per cent of Ontario's and 1.3 per cent of New Brunswick's. Both Quebec and Ontario had a much lower share of their taxable income originating from transportation and from retail trade than had the other provinces. Similarly the four Atlantic provinces had a much larger part of their taxable income coming from construction than was the case for the rest of Canada.

An alternative breakdown reveals that in 1966 Quebec took 40.8 per cent of all mining taxable income, Alberta 20.8 per cent and Ontario only 18.1 per cent, the Prairie provinces accounted for practically all the mineral fuels' share of the mining taxable income. The Prairies, primarily Alberta, accounted for over 40 per cent of the transportation division taxable income largely as a result of oil and gas pipelines. British Columbia contributed nearly 90 per cent of forestry's taxable income. This province also contributed 50 per cent of the wood manufacturing industries taxable income. Similarly, the Maritime provinces dominated fishing and trapping and the fish products industries, the corresponding percentages being over 70 per cent. The Atlantic provinces also produced nearly 70 per cent of the taxable income from communications.

In the manufacturing division as a whole, Ontario lead the way with 52.9 per cent of the taxable income compared with 25.9 per cent for Quebec. Other manufacturing industries with a large share of their taxable income concentrated in one province are, in Quebec, the tobacco products and the various textile industries with 83.8 per cent and approximately 55 per cent respectively; in Ontario, most of the food and beverages industries as well as most of the metal and machinery manufacturing industries. In summary, of the total taxable income of all sectors, 45.4 per cent came from Ontario, 25.0 per cent from Quebec, 9.4 per cent from British Columbia but only 4.8 per cent from the Atlantic region and 14.4 per cent from the Prairies.

trie du papier et des produits connexes, 4.9 p. 100 du matériel de transport, 4.9 p. 100 également de l'industrie des produits chimiques et des produits connexes. D'autre part les produits du tabac ne représentaient que 0.9 p. 100, les produits minéraux non métalliques, 1.8 p. 100 et enfin les produits du pétrole et du charbon, 2.9 p. 100.

En Ontario et au Québec, c'est le secteur manufacturier qui contribuait la forte proportion du revenu imposable; les pourcentages atteignaient 63.3 et 56.1 p. 100 respectivement, tandis qu'à l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard, il affichait un pourcentage de 25.2 p. 100. Le secteur minier représentait 11.4 p. 100 du revenu imposable total en Alberta, 6.5 p. 100 au Québec et seulement 1.6 et 1.3 p. 100 en Ontario et au Nouveau-Brunswick respectivement. Dans le secteur des transports et le commerce de détail au Québec et en Ontario, le revenu imposable était proportionnellement beaucoup plus faible que dans les autres provinces. Quant au revenu imposable provenant de l'industrie de la construction, il était relativement beaucoup plus élevé dans les provinces de l'Atlantique qu'ailleurs au Canada.

D'autres comparaisons indiquent que du Québec en 1966, provenait 40.8 p. 100 du revenu imposable de tout le secteur minier au Canada. La part de l'Alberta s'élevait à 20.8 p. 100 et celle de l'Ontario à seulement 18.1 p. 100; les provinces des Prairies se partageaient presque tout le revenu imposable de l'industrie des combustibles minéraux. Les mêmes provinces, notamment l'Alberta, se voyaient attribuer plus de 40 p. 100 du revenu imposable de l'industrie du transport, grâce principalement aux sociétés propriétaires de pipe-lines. La Colombie-Britannique représentait 90 p. 100 du revenu imposable des industries d'exploitation forestière. Elle fournissait également 50 p. 100 du revenu imposable de l'industrie du bois. D'une façon similaire, ce sont les provinces de l'Atlantique qui se partageaient le gros du revenu imposable de l'industrie de la pêche et de l'industrie du poisson, soit plus de 70 p. 100. Dans un tout autre domaine, celui des communications un même pourcentage provenait également des provinces de l'Atlantique.

Dans le secteur manufacturier, l'Ontario est en tête avec un revenu imposable atteignant 52.9 p. 100 de l'ensemble du pays, à comparer à 25.9 p. 100 seulement au Québec. A l'intérieur de ce secteur, on retrouve des concentrations diverses telles qu'au Québec où l'on retrouve 83.8 p. 100 du revenu imposable de l'industrie du tabac et 55.0 p. 100 de celui des diverses industries textiles; en Ontario où l'on remarque qu'il y a une forte proportion du revenu imposable des industries d'aliments et boissons de même que des industries de produits métalliques et de la machinerie. Enfin, dans l'ensemble complet du revenu imposable provenant de tous les secteurs, l'Ontario menait avec 45.4 p. 100; 25.0 p. 100 provenait du Québec, 9.4 p. 100 de la Colombie-Britannique, 14.4 p. 100 des provinces des Prairies et 4.8 p. 100 des provinces de l'Atlantique.

Non-resident corporations' contribution to taxable income totalled 51.4 per cent of the total taxable income for Canada. Of this foreign contribution, over 60 per cent came from manufacturing. Foreign-owned firms accounted for 65.7 per cent of the taxable income originating from the manufacturing division in 1966 with a high of 72.6 per cent in Alberta and 71.1 per cent in Ontario but only 41.2 per cent in Prince Edward Island. In the mining division, non-resident owned corporations contributed 53.3 per cent of the taxable income for the country, the range being from 85.5 per cent in Alberta to 29.0 per cent in British Columbia. As a net result, taxable income of non-resident dominated companies ranged from 57.6 per cent of total taxable income in Ontario and 54.2 per cent in Alberta to 21.5 per cent in Prince Edward Island.

The divergence between taxable income and book profit has been explained already and a comparison between these two items given in Table XXXVI. It is important at this point to note how different the picture would be, had book profit been used instead of taxable income. Still on a corporation reporting basis, the share contributed by the mining division would be approximately 10 per cent rather than 4 per cent. Most of the other divisions would then show a lower contribution of course, the exceptions being the agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping and the finance, insurance and real estate divisions. Of these exceptions, some divisions enjoy tax relief privileges attached to the development of natural resources while the last one shows a book profit 50 per cent larger than its taxable income primarily because of legislation designed to avoid double taxation of corporation profits. In the manufacturing division, those groups of industries including corporations developing natural resources such as primary metal industries or paper and allied industries would also show a larger contribution.

Income taxes paid by corporations to the federal government and to all the provincial governments together amounted to \$1,637 and \$514 million respectively as reported under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. These are 12 per cent and 9 per cent respectively above their 1965 levels. For 1965, these amounts were substantially lower than the amounts received by the governments themselves. In 1965 the amounts received by the government, both

Le revenu imposable des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents représente 51.4 p. 100 du montant global. De ce pourcentage, 60 p. 100 provient du secteur manufacturier. Dans ce dernier secteur, les sociétés contrôlées par des non-résidents ont contribué 65.7 p. 100 du revenu imposable national. Au niveau des provinces cette proportion variait; par exemple 72.6 p. 100 en Alberta, 71.1 p. 100 en Ontario et seulement 41.2 p. 100 à l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard. Dans le secteur minier, les sociétés à dominance étrangère ont contribué 53.3 p. 100 du revenu imposable de l'ensemble du pays; les pourcentages variaient d'une province à l'autre également, par exemple 85.5 p. 100 en Alberta et 29.0 p. 100 seulement en Colombie-Britannique. Pour l'ensemble de tous les secteurs, le revenu imposable des sociétés appartenant à des étrangers représentait 57.6 p. 100 de celui de l'Ontario, 54.2 p. 100 de celui de l'Alberta et 21.5 p. 100 de celui de l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard.

Plus tôt, on a souligné qu'il y avait un écart entre le revenu imposable et le profit comptable et à ce sujet on a fourni de brèves explications. De plus, au Tableau XXXVI on a offert une comparaison des deux mesures. Il est important à ce point de découvrir quelles proportions on aurait obtenues si à la place du revenu imposable on avait utilisé le profit comptable dans l'analyse qui précède. On se souvient que le revenu imposable du secteur minier ne dépassait pas 4 p. 100 du revenu imposable de l'ensemble de tous les secteurs. Son profit comptable cependant atteindrait environ 10 p. 100. Il va de soi que beaucoup d'autres secteurs fourniraient au total du bénéfice comptable une contribution proportionnellement inférieure à leur part du revenu imposable total. Ceci n'est pas vrai toutefois dans l'agriculture, l'industrie de la forêt, de la pêche de même que dans les secteurs financiers, de l'assurance et de l'immeuble. Les premières jouissent de certains avantages fiscaux reliés à l'exploitation ou à la mise en valeurs de richesses naturelles, tandis qu'il est permis par la loi aux dernières de montrer un profit comptable de 50 p. 100 supérieur à leur revenu imposable afin de leur épargner une double imposition. Les quelques industries manufacturières constituées en grande partie de sociétés qui s'adonnent également à l'exploitation de richesses naturelles (par exemple, l'industrie de la fabrication des métaux et l'industrie du papier et produits connexes) montreraient un pourcentage de profit comptable par rapport à l'ensemble de toutes les industries supérieur au pourcentage calculé à partir du revenu imposable.

Selon les renseignements fournis en vertu de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, l'impôt fédéral des sociétés en 1966 s'élevait à \$1,637 millions tandis que l'impôt provincial se chiffrait à \$514 millions, soit une augmentation de 12 et 9 p. 100 respectivement sur l'année précédente. Soulignons en passant que ces montants, du moins pour l'année 1965, sont visiblement inférieurs à ceux que les gouvernements ont déclaré avoir reçus. Plus précisément, les gouverne-

federal and provincial were respectively 12 per cent and 11 per cent higher than the amounts reported by the corporations under CALURA. In approximate order of significance the principal causes of the difference are: the non-inclusion of the chartered banks, the exclusion of federal crown corporations, adjustments due to reassessment and late receipt for taxes and finally the exclusion of the income tax (not the premium taxes) paid by insurance carriers. Some calendar year adjustments take place between the two series as well.

In 1966, about 45.2 per cent of the corporate income taxes came from manufacturing but only 3.7 per cent from mining and 0.5 per cent from agriculture, forestry and fishing and trapping. Finance and trade provided respectively 13.7 per cent and 16.6 per cent. In manufacturing the groups of industries paying the largest amounts of income tax were food and beverages \$171.1 million, paper and allied products \$98.3 million, chemicals and chemical products \$99.3 million and transportation equipment \$88.1 million. The income of primary and manufacturing industries dealing with petroleum and coal was taxed for \$73.3 million.²

To assess the importance of corporate income tax for the various governments reference was made to the DBS Governments Division.³ Latest available data is for 1965. For 1965, corporate income tax is shown to account for 20.2 per cent of federal and 10.2 per cent of provincial (exclusive of municipal) consolidated net general revenue, the range for the provinces being from 14.6 per cent in Ontario to a low of 3.8 per cent in Prince Edward Island. As per cent of gross general revenue the average is 8.5 per cent with a range of 11.9 per cent, again for Ontario, to 2.8 per cent for Prince Edward Island. Finally, for the federal and for all provincial governments except Newfoundland, cor-

ments fédéraux et provinciaux déclaraient avoir reçu 12 et 11 p. 100 respectivement plus d'impôt que semblent l'indiquer les calculs fondés sur les déclarations des sociétés aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Cette différence s'explique facilement, du moins en partie. Les principales causes, plus ou moins par ordre d'importance, sont les suivantes: tout d'abord les banques à charte ne rentrent pas dans le calcul de l'impôt des sociétés soumises à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Il en est de même pour les sociétés de la Couronne du gouvernement fédéral. Ensuite il y a le problème d'ajustement dans les montants déclarés par les sociétés à la suite des vérifications par les officiers de l'impôt. Parfois l'acquiescement de l'impôt s'effectue dans les années qui suivent l'année d'imposition. L'impôt payé par les compagnies d'assurance n'est pas compris dans le montant calculé à partir des renseignements fournis au terme de la Loi. Enfin la période d'exercice des différentes sociétés ne concorde pas toujours avec l'année du calendrier.

La proportion des impôts provenant du secteur manufacturier atteignait 45.2 p. 100 de l'ensemble de tous les secteurs en 1966 alors que seulement 3.7 p. 100 avait été perçu dans le secteur minier et 0.5 p. 100 pour l'ensemble de l'agriculture, des opérations forestières et de la pêche. De leur côté, les secteurs financiers et du commerce contribuaient 13.7 et 16.6 p. 100 respectivement. Pour revenir au secteur manufacturier, mentionnons que les industries devant payer le plus d'impôts étaient les suivantes: les aliments et boissons \$171.1 millions, le papier et les produits connexes \$98.3 millions, l'industrie des produits chimiques et des produits connexes \$93.3 millions et le matériel de transport \$88.1 millions. L'ensemble des industries d'exploitation de gisements de pétrole et de fabrication de produits du pétrole et du charbon devait payer \$73.3 millions au fisc².

Afin de se rendre compte de l'importance de l'impôt sur le revenu des corporations pour les gouvernements, il serait utile d'étudier les données que l'on retrouve dans un autre document du Bureau fédéral de la statistique sur les finances de gouvernements³. Les renseignements les plus récents portent sur l'année 1965. Par exemple, l'impôt des corporations représentait 20.2 p. 100 des recettes générales nettes du gouvernement fédéral (sur une base consolidée) et 10.2 p. 100 des recettes générales nettes des gouvernements provinciaux (on ne tient pas compte ici des gouvernements à l'échelon municipal). Évidemment pour ce qui est des provinces, le pourcentage variait d'une région à l'autre; celui de l'Ontario était de 14.6 p. 100

² DBS Catalogue No. 61-208, "Corporation Taxation Statistics, 1966."

³ DBS Catalogue No. 68-202, "Consolidated Government Finance, Federal, Provincial and Municipal Governments, Revenue Expenditure and Debt."

² B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 61-208 "Statistiques fiscales des sociétés, 1966".

³ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 68-202, "Consolidated Government Finance, Federal, Provincial and Municipal Governments, Revenue and Expenditures." Disponible en anglais seulement.

porate income tax was less significant than personal income taxes.

Summary

Book profit is conventionally employed as a gauge of business success but for a number of reasons, it is difficult, if not impossible, to construct regional profiles of book profits. Taxable income is a less adequate index of business success but it is possible to construct provincial analyses of taxable income using provisions of the income tax act. It is these analyses which provide the basis for this discussion of the distribution of corporate activity throughout Canada.

The distributions of taxable income show that there is a disproportionate concentration of corporate activity in Ontario. This appears to be due in large part to the concentration of non-resident corporate activity in this Province. It is also noted that this concentration results in the contribution of significantly higher corporate taxes, to Ontario than to other provinces, both in dollars and as a proportion of total government revenues.

tandis que celui de l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard était de 3.8 p. 100. Si l'on se sert plutôt de chiffres sur les recettes générales brutes on constate qu'en moyenne l'impôt des sociétés représente 8.5 p. 100 des recettes des provinces. Le pourcentage de l'Ontario devient 11.9 p. 100, celui de l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard, 2.8 p. 100. Enfin, pour toutes les provinces sauf Terre-Neuve, l'impôt sur le revenu des corporations était de moindre importance, comme source de revenu pour le gouvernement provincial, que l'impôt sur le revenu des particuliers. Ceci est également vrai pour le gouvernement fédéral.

Résumé

On se fie habituellement au profit comptable pour mesurer le succès de l'entreprise. Malheureusement, pour des raisons d'ordre technique découlant de la pratique comptable même, il est difficile, sinon impossible, de réduire adéquatement une telle mesure au niveau régional. Évidemment, la structure industrielle canadienne y est pour quelque chose. L'utilisation du revenu imposable à la place du profit comptable n'est pas sans inconvénients non plus. Il est possible quand même d'analyser la composition du revenu imposable par province permettant ainsi un fondement quantitatif acceptable dans la discussion sur la répartition de l'activité industrielle au Canada.

A la lumière de ces renseignements on ne peut pas s'empêcher de remarquer la concentration industrielle dans l'Ontario. Si l'on relie ce phénomène à celui de la présence marquée de l'investissement étranger dans cette province on pourrait en déduire que dans une large mesure les deux phénomènes vont de pair. Il va sans dire qu'une telle concentration fait que l'Ontario est la province d'où provient une proportion des impôts plus forte qu'ailleurs au Canada.

TABLE XXXIX. Proportion of Total Taxable Income Allocated to Provinces by Each Industrial Sector, 1966

TABLEAU XXXIX. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable provenant de chaque province, par secteur d'activité, 1966

	New-found land — Terre- Neuve	Prince Edward Island — Île-du- Prince Édouard	Nova Scotia — Nouvelle- Écosse	New Brunsw- wick — Nouveau- Brunsw- wick	Québec	Ontario	Mani- toba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia — Colombie- Britan- nique	Other — Ailleurs	Canada
	per cent — pour-cent											
Mining — Industries minières.....	1.9	—	4.3	1.3	6.5	1.6	1.4	6.4	11.4	4.2	6.3	4.0
Manufacturing — Industries manufactu- rières.....	33.3	26.2	39.8	38.0	56.1	63.3	49.7	31.2	34.5	44.9	4.4	54.4
Construction.....	10.4	7.7	5.0	11.3	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.2	1.1	3.6
Transportation — Transports.....	10.2	21.5	19.6	12.6	3.9	3.1	7.9	20.9	19.6	9.6	4.1	6.4
Wholesale — Commerce de gros.....	13.2	10.8	9.7	13.1	11.9	11.4	11.6	16.6	11.7	11.5	3.8	11.7
Retail — Commerce de détail.....	10.4	18.5	14.0	15.6	6.4	6.7	9.2	11.5	9.4	10.3	2.2	7.7
Finance — Finances.....	17.2	13.8	5.6	4.8	8.0	7.4	13.9	6.7	6.2	7.4	72.7	8.4
Other industries — Autres branches d'ac- tivité.....	3.3	1.5	2.0	3.3	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.1	4.3	8.8	5.4	3.9
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE XL. Proportion of Taxable Income Allocated by Industries in Each Province, 1966

TABLEAU XL. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable provenant de chaque secteur d'activité, par province, 1966

	New-found land — Terre- Neuve	Prince Edward Island — Île-du- Prince Édouard	Nova Scotia — Nouvelle- Écosse	New Brunsw- wick — Nouveau- Brunsw- wick	Québec	Ontario	Mani- toba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia — Colombie- Britan- nique	Other — Ailleurs	Canada
	per cent — pour-cent											
Mining — Industries minières.....	.6	—	2.0	.5	40.8	18.1	1.5	4.2	20.8	9.9	1.5	100.0
Manufacturing — Industries manufactu- rières.....	.8	.1	1.4	1.1	25.9	52.9	3.9	1.5	4.6	7.7	.1	100.0
Construction.....	3.6	.4	2.6	5.1	25.2	41.8	3.9	2.6	6.0	8.4	.3	100.0
Transportation — Transports.....	2.0	.6	5.8	3.2	15.3	22.2	5.3	8.6	22.4	14.0	.6	100.0
Wholesale — Commerce de gros.....	1.4	.2	1.6	1.8	25.6	44.6	4.2	3.7	7.4	9.2	.3	100.0
Retail — Commerce de détail.....	1.7	.4	3.4	3.3	21.0	39.6	5.1	3.9	8.9	12.6	.3	100.0
Finance — Finances.....	2.5	.3	1.2	.9	23.8	40.0	7.0	2.1	5.4	8.3	8.5	100.0
Other industries — Autres branches d'ac- tivité.....	1.0	.1	1.0	1.4	23.2	37.2	3.3	2.1	8.1	21.3	1.4	100.0
Total.....	1.2	.2	1.9	1.6	25.1	45.5	4.3	2.6	7.3	9.4	1.0	100.0

TABLE XLI. Taxable Income of Predominantly Non-resident Owned Corporations as a Per Cent of Total, 1966

TABLEAU XLI. Proportion du revenu imposable total déclaré par les corporations appartenant en majorité à des non-résidents, 1966

	New-found land — Terre- Neuve	Prince Edward Island — Île-du- Prince Édouard	Nova Scotia — Nouvelle- Écosse	New Brunsw- wick — Nouveau- Brunsw- wick	Québec	Ontario	Mani- toba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia — Colombie- Britan- nique	Other — Ailleurs	Canada
	per cent — pour-cent											
Mining — Industries minières.....	88.9	—	93.3	37.5	39.8	53.0	68.2	56.4	85.5	29.0	56.5	53.3
Manufacturing — Industries manufactu- rières.....	68.6	41.2	63.1	62.1	61.6	71.1	49.4	57.2	72.6	49.3	31.2	65.7
Construction.....	10.4	20.0	14.3	46.4	11.5	17.0	9.4	8.6	60.5	15.9	25.0	18.9
Transportation — Transports.....	72.3	—	8.0	90.9	46.8	22.7	12.0	25.0	16.5	11.1	13.3	22.5
Wholesale — Commerce de gros.....	9.8	—	22.1	22.5	32.9	41.0	39.1	40.1	42.8	35.2	92.8	37.4
Retail — Commerce de détail.....	22.9	25.0	36.7	34.7	27.4	38.0	65.7	51.8	59.4	44.7	75.0	40.4
Finance — Finances.....	7.6	33.3	35.9	34.5	22.4	27.4	24.4	53.8	32.1	28.9	81.6	31.2
Other industries — Autres branches d'ac- tivité.....	66.7	—	28.6	25.0	38.7	36.8	29.8	36.7	43.6	25.3	80.0	35.1
Total.....	38.3	21.5	41.3	41.3	48.3	57.6	41.6	44.4	54.2	38.0	74.6	51.4

TABLE XLII. Percentage Distribution of Taxable Income by Industry by Geographic Region, 1966
TABLEAU XLII. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable de chaque région géographique,
par branche d'activité, 1966

Industry by decreasing order of non-resident ownership Branche d'activité par ordre décroissant d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Ontario	Québec	Atlantic Atlantique	Prairies	British Columbia Colombie-Britannique	Other Ailleurs	Total
	per cent — pour-cent						
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	36.2	15.7	6.9	34.2	6.8	.2	100.0
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	58.5	28.4	2.0	7.3	3.8	—	100.0
Transportation equipment — Matériel de transport	75.0	16.2	1.2	4.8	2.8	—	100.0
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et produits connexes	52.7	31.0	2.1	8.0	6.1	.1	100.0
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	15.7	83.8	—	.3	.2	—	100.0
Mineral fuels — Combustibles minéraux .....	.8	.1	.6	97.4	1.1	—	100.0
Machinery — Machinerie	62.6	16.2	1.7	14.1	5.4	—	100.0
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	61.1	21.1	2.8	8.3	6.7	—	100.0
Fruit and vegetable canners — Conserves de fruits et légumes	59.7	15.6	7.8	10.1	6.5	.3	100.0
Primary metals — Fabrication des métaux primaires	58.2	23.1	.2	12.7	5.8	—	100.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing — Industries manufacturières diverses	74.4	19.5	.8	3.1	2.0	.2	100.0
Other mining — Autres minéraux	25.0	48.1	6.7	15.2	4.5	.5	100.0
Textile mills — Filature et tissage	37.2	53.2	1.0	6.3	2.2	.1	100.0
Soft drinks — Boissons gazeuses	38.4	41.4	5.5	10.9	3.8	—	100.0
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing — Produits minéraux non-métalliques	55.2	27.4	3.9	8.8	4.7	—	100.0
Other food product manufacturing — Autres aliments	47.8	26.9	5.5	10.4	9.2	.2	100.0
Metal fabricating — Produits métalliques	60.1	23.7	2.0	9.0	5.2	—	100.0
Paper and allied industries — Papier et produits connexes	35.1	32.0	9.2	4.8	18.9	—	100.0
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	20.7	54.1	1.2	2.3	18.6	3.1	100.0
Dairy products manufacturing — Produits laitiers	46.9	31.8	5.4	11.9	4.0	—	100.0
Credit agencies — Sociétés de crédit	40.2	24.2	7.9	18.1	9.6	—	100.0
Grain mills — Minoteries	50.8	21.8	5.0	18.5	3.9	—	100.0
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	44.6	25.6	5.0	15.3	9.2	.3	100.0
Wood industries — Industrie du bois	18.9	20.6	2.0	8.4	50.1	—	100.0
Investment companies — Sociétés de placements	36.1	21.0	2.8	12.3	5.2	22.6	100.0
Storage — Entreposage	27.9	22.1	1.5	36.2	12.3	—	100.0
Leather products — Produits du cuir	42.3	49.7	1.1	5.9	1.0	—	100.0
Fish products — Produits du poisson	6.0	4.8	71.5	9.2	8.5	—	100.0
Meat products — Produits de la viande	43.3	31.1	5.5	14.1	5.9	.1	100.0
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	39.3	21.1	8.8	17.9	12.6	.3	100.0
Knitting mills — Fabrique de tricot	31.4	55.0	10.0	1.4	2.2	—	100.0
Distilleries	70.0	18.0	.3	1.6	9.5	.6	100.0
Services	39.7	26.2	3.6	13.5	15.4	1.6	100.0
Furniture industries — Industrie du meuble	48.3	36.5	.5	6.0	8.6	.1	100.0
Forestry — Exploitation forestière	5.3	3.2	3.3	.3	87.6	.3	100.0
Construction	40.5	24.4	9.0	17.7	8.1	.3	100.0
Printing and publishing — Impression et édition	55.1	19.3	2.9	14.2	8.3	.2	100.0
Bakery products — Boulangerie	37.9	34.7	11.7	9.9	5.7	.1	100.0
Public utilities — Services d'utilité publique	34.1	13.4	15.4	34.0	2.4	.7	100.0
Clothing — Industrie du vêtement	27.3	54.1	.2	14.7	3.7	—	100.0
Insurance and real estate — Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	42.5	24.3	7.3	15.6	7.8	2.5	100.0
Transportation — Transport	18.0	15.1	1.6	43.1	21.5	.7	100.0
Agriculture	47.9	7.5	1.8	31.9	10.9	—	100.0
Security dealers — Courtiers en valeurs	44.4	25.1	1.3	6.5	22.0	.7	100.0
Finance, banks etc. — Finances, banques etc.	42.3	29.8	2.0	17.1	8.8	—	100.0
Communication — Communications	6.8	19.0	68.4	—	5.8	—	100.0
Breweries — Brasseries	33.9	22.5	7.8	23.3	12.5	—	100.0
Wineries — Fabrication du vin	81.5	3.4	—	—	15.1	—	100.0
Fishing and trapping — Chasse et piégeage	—	—	73.9	26.1	—	—	100.0
Total	45.4	25.0	4.8	14.4	9.4	1.0	100.0

TABLE XLIII. Resident Owned Corporations Contribution to Taxable Income, by Industry, by Geographic Region, 1966

TABLEAU XLIII. Proportion de l'impôt sur le revenu des corporations qu'ont payée les sociétés à capital canadien, par branche d'activité et par région géographique, 1966

Industry by decreasing order of non-resident ownership Branche d'activité par ordre décroissant d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Ontario	Québec	Atlantic — Atlantique	Prairie	British-Columbia — Colombie-Britannique	Other — Ailleurs	Total
	per cent — pour-cent						
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	3.0	.9	—	.1	—	—	1.2
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	6.7	21.7	10.4	1.0	3.4	—	10.5
Transportation equipment — Matériel de transport	5.8	42.3	20.2	13.1	36.8	—	13.1
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et produits connexes	6.8	8.5	14.5	7.0	6.1	24.1	7.5
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	15.8	35.4	—	—	—	—	32.1
Mineral fuels — Combustibles minéraux	93.3	100.0	100.0	11.7	—	—	12.8
Machinery — Machinerie	8.2	13.8	6.3	41.3	20.7	49.8	14.4
Electrical products — Appareils électriques	12.1	10.7	12.1	11.3	4.8	—	11.3
Fruit and vegetable canners — Conserves de fruits et légumes	16.2	27.9	56.0	6.8	30.2	.8	21.1
Primary metals — Fabrication des métaux primaires	26.7	19.4	88.9	53.2	28.4	100.0	28.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing — Industries manufacturières diverses	15.1	27.3	39.4	25.6	34.4	89.7	18.5
Other mining — Autres minéraux	31.0	19.3	10.7	36.5	25.8	90.1	24.9
Textile mills — Filature et tissage	29.5	43.2	13.4	13.8	35.5	6.5	35.7
Soft drinks — Boissons gazeuses	14.3	40.3	71.7	16.4	36.7	—	29.2
Non-metallic mineral manufacturing — Produits minéraux non-métalliques	43.2	50.8	87.0	75.4	76.2	—	51.4
Other food product manufacturing — Autres aliments	37.0	40.4	43.7	55.8	68.5	100.0	43.2
Metal fabricating — Produits métalliques	34.3	48.5	61.0	46.8	38.4	49.4	39.6
Paper and allied industries — Papier et produits connexes	26.5	38.1	11.8	76.9	54.4	100.0	36.6
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	62.3	90.1	29.6	97.9	82.1	38.3	80.7
Dairy products manufacturing — Produits laitiers	49.5	23.0	43.5	55.4	.4	100.0	39.5
Credit agencies — Sociétés de crédit	39.1	64.9	34.3	33.8	39.3	—	44.0
Grain mills — Minoteries	39.9	32.9	29.9	48.6	44.7	100.0	39.7
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	59.0	67.1	82.0	58.8	64.9	4.5	62.5
Food industries — Industrie du bois	73.2	87.1	98.2	94.6	73.8	100.0	78.7
Investment companies — Sociétés de placements	70.8	83.0	92.0	95.5	85.3	19.6	66.2
Storage — Entreposage	63.8	46.3	100.0	57.2	98.2	—	62.3
Leather products — Produits du cuir	71.2	69.0	12.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	71.5
Fish products — Produits du poisson	84.7	26.4	81.3	56.2	96.0	—	77.8
Meat products — Produits de la viande	86.8	86.1	82.0	80.0	73.8	74.6	84.6
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	62.0	72.6	67.3	40.6	55.3	26.9	59.9
Knitting mills — Fabriques de tricot	60.9	71.1	54.8	88.1	38.1	—	65.8
Distilleries	94.2	84.8	97.5	3.9	87.5	100.0	90.4
Services	61.7	60.5	82.3	56.5	75.6	18.9	62.9
Furniture industries — Industrie du meuble	61.0	86.3	98.3	87.5	84.6	21.6	74.0
Forestry — Exploitation forestière	83.5	98.7	29.1	100.0	74.5	—	74.1
Construction	83.0	88.5	91.6	76.9	84.3	97.5	84.2
Printing and publishing — Impression et édition	79.4	76.3	94.6	89.1	94.5	100.0	81.9
Bakery products — Boulangerie	47.6	67.9	85.9	66.7	67.6	100.0	62.2
Public utilities — Services d'utilité publique	85.8	29.8	72.7	96.6	94.4	87.1	80.2
Clothing — Industrie du vêtement	63.8	89.6	17.9	37.7	63.3	100.0	73.8
Insurance and real estate — Assureurs et agents d'immeuble	84.0	73.1	99.0	61.2	71.5	.1	75.9
Transportation — Transport	70.0	55.7	67.2	77.9	89.0	86.2	75.4
Agriculture	78.7	80.2	100.0	88.1	56.9	—	79.8
Security dealers — Courtiers en valeurs	95.0	85.1	100.0	100.0	96.8	100.0	93.4
Finance, banks etc. — Finances, banques etc.	85.0	90.5	99.0	83.4	63.1	—	84.7
Communication — Communications	87.9	99.9	89.5	—	67.8	—	90.1
Breweries — Brasseries	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	—	100.0
Vineries — Fabrication du vin	96.8	100.0	—	—	100.0	—	97.4
Fishing and trapping — Chasse et piégeage	—	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	100.0
Total	42.4	51.7	61.3	52.0	61.2	25.3	48.7

STATISTICAL APPENDIX



ANNEXE STATISTIQUE

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES

Table	Page
1. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, ALL SECTORS , 1966	115
2. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING Sector, 1966	115
3. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the MINING, QUARRYING AND OIL WELL Sector, 1966	115
4. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the MANUFACTURING Sector, 1966 ..	116
5. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the CONSTRUCTION Sector, 1966 ..	116
6. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, COMMUNICATIONS AND PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1966 ..	116
7. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the WHOLESALE TRADE Sector, 1966 ..	117
8. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the RETAIL TRADE Sector, 1966 ..	117
9. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the FINANCE Sector, 1966	117
10. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the SERVICE Sector, 1966	118
11. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, ALL SECTORS , 1963 - 1966	118
12. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING Sector, 1963 - 1966	119
13. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the MINING, QUARRYING AND OIL WELL Sector, 1963 - 1966	119
14. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the MANUFACTURING Sector, 1963 - 1966	120
15. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the CONSTRUCTION Sector, 1963 - 1966	120
16. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, COMMUNICATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1963 - 1966	121
17. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the WHOLESALE TRADE Sector, 1963 - 1966	121
18. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the RETAIL TRADE Sector, 1963 - 1966	122
19. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the FINANCE Sector, 1963 - 1966	122
20. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the SERVICE Sector, 1963 - 1966	123

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES

Tableau	Page
1. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES SECTEURS , 1966	115
2. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de l'AGRICULTURE, DE L'EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE ET DE LA PÊCHE, 1966	115
3. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des MINES, CARRIÈRES ET Puits de PÉTROLE, 1966	115
4. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de la FABRICATION, 1966 ..	116
5. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de la CONSTRUCTION, 1966	116
6. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE, COMMUNICATIONS ET UTILITÉS PUBLIQUES, 1966	116
7. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur du COMMERCE DE GROS, 1966	117
8. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur du COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1966	117
9. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des FINANCES, 1966	117
10. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des SERVICES, 1966	118
11. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES SECTEURS , 1963 - 1966	118
12. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de l'AGRICULTURE, DE L'EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE ET DE LA PÊCHE, 1963 - 1966	119
13. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des MINES, CARRIÈRES ET Puits de PÉTROLE, 1963 - 1966	119
14. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de la FABRICATION, 1963 - 1966	120
15. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de la CONSTRUCTION, 1963 - 1966	120
16. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE, COMMUNICATIONS ET UTILITÉS PUBLIQUES, 1963 - 1966 ..	121
17. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur du COMMERCE DE GROS, 1963 - 1966	121
18. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur du COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1963 - 1966	122
19. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des FINANCES, 1963 - 1966	122
20. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des SERVICES, 1963 - 1966	123

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES — Continued

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — suite

Table	Page	Tableau	Page
21. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group, ALL SECTORS , 1966	123	21. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, TOTAL DES SECTEURS , 1966	123
22. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING Sector, 1966 . . .	124	22. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur de l'AGRICULTURE, DE L'EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE ET DE LA PÊCHE, 1966	124
23. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the MINING, QUARRYING AND OIL WELL Sector, 1966	124	23. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur des MINES, CARRIÈRES ET Puits de PÉTROLE, 1966	124
24. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the MANUFACTURING Sector, 1966	125	24. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur de la FABRICATION, 1966	125
25. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the CONSTRUCTION Sector, 1966	125	25. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur de la CONSTRUCTION, 1966	125
26. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, COMMUNICATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1966	126	26. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur des TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE, COMMUNICATIONS ET UTILITÉS PUBLIQUES, 1966	126
27. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the WHOLESALE TRADE Sector, 1966	126	27. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur du COMMERCE DE GROS, 1966	126
28. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the RETAIL TRADE Sector, 1966	127	28. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur du COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1966	127
29. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the FINANCE Sector, 1966	127	29. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur des FINANCES, 1966	127
30. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the SERVICE Sector, 1966	128	30. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur des SERVICES, 1966	128
31. Taxable Income of REPORTING CORPORATIONS IN CANADA by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sectors, 1965 and 1966	128	31. Revenu imposable des CORPORATIONS DÉCLARANTES AU CANADA selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par secteurs, 1965 et 1966	128
32. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to NEWFOUNDLAND by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	129	32. Revenu imposable provenant de TERRE-NEUVE réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	129
33. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	129	33. Revenu imposable provenant de l'ÎLE-DU-PRINCE-ÉDOUARD réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	129
34. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to NOVA SCOTIA by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	130	34. Revenu imposable provenant de la NOUVELLE-ÉCOSSE réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	130
35. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to NEW BRUNSWICK by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	130	35. Revenu imposable provenant du NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	130

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES - Continued

Table	Page
36. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to QUEBEC by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	131
37. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to ONTARIO by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	131
38. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to MANITOBA by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	132
39. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to SASKATCHEWAN by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	132
40. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to ALBERTA by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	133
41. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to BRITISH COLUMBIA by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	133
42. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to OTHERS by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966	134
43. Assets and Sales of Reporting Corporations by Geographic Area of Control, 1966	134
44. Per Cent Distribution of Assets and Sales of Reporting Corporations by Geographic Area Control, 1966	135
45. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the AGRICULTURE Industry, 1966	135
46. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FORESTRY Industry, 1966	135
47. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-resident in the FISHING AND TRAPPING Industries, 1966	136
48. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents, TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING Industries, 1966	136
49. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the GOLD MINE Industry, 1966	136
50. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the IRON MINE Industry, 1966	136
51. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the OTHER METAL MINING Industries, 1966	137
52. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL METAL MINING Industries, 1966	137
53. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COAL MINES Industry, 1966	137
54. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the OIL AND GAS WELL Industries, 1966	137
55. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1966	138
56. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the NON-METAL MINING Industry, 1966	138
57. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the QUARRIES Industry, 1966	138
58. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MINING SERVICES Industry, 1966	138

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES - suite

Tableau	Page
36. Revenu imposable provenant du QUÉBEC réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	131
37. Revenu imposable provenant de l'ONTARIO réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	131
38. Revenu imposable provenant du MANITOBA réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	132
39. Revenu imposable provenant de la SASKATCHEWAN réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	132
40. Revenu imposable provenant de l'ALBERTA réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	133
41. Revenu imposable provenant de la COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	133
42. Revenu imposable RÉSIDUEL réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966	134
43. Actif et ventes des corporations déclarantes par régions géographiques de contrôle, 1966	134
44. Répartition en pourcentage de l'actif et des ventes des corporations déclarantes par régions géographiques de contrôle, 1966	135
45. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AGRICULTURE, 1966	135
46. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, 1966	135
47. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PÊCHE ET PIÈGEAGE, 1966	136
48. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE L'AGRICULTURE, DE L'EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE ET DE LA PÊCHE ET DU PIÈGEAGE, 1966	136
49. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINES D'OR, 1966	136
50. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINES DE FER, 1966	136
51. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINES MÉTALLIQUES DIVERSES, 1966	137
52. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1966	137
53. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINES DE CHARBON, 1966	137
54. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, Puits de Pétrole et de Gaz, 1966	137
55. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINÉRAUX COMBUSTIBLES, 1966	138
56. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1966	138
57. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CARRIÈRES, 1966	138
58. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SERVICES MINIERS, 1966	138

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES - Continued

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES - suite

Table	Page	Tableau	Page
59. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL OTHER MINING Industries, 1966	139	59. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINES DIVERSES , 1966	139
60. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MINING Industry, 1966	139	60. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINES , 1966	139
61. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MEAT PRODUCTS Industry, 1966	139	61. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DE LA VIANDE , 1966	139
62. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the DAIRY PRODUCTS Industry, 1966	139	62. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS LAITIERS , 1966	139
63. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FISH PRODUCTS Industry, 1966	140	63. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU POISSON , 1966	140
64. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNERS Industries, 1966	140	64. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CONSERVES DE FRUITS ET LÉGUMES , 1966	140
65. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the GRAIN MILLS Industry, 1966	140	65. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINOTERIES , 1966	140
66. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BAKERY PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	140	66. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BOULANGERIES , 1966	140
67. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	141	67. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES , 1966	141
68. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL FOOD Industry, 1966	141	68. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES , 1966	141
69. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SOFT DRINKS Industry, 1966	141	69. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICANTS D'EAU GAZEUSE , 1966	141
70. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the DISTILLERY Industry, 1966	141	70. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, DISTILLERIES , 1966	141
71. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BREWERY Industry, 1966	142	71. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BRASSERIES , 1966	142
72. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WINERY Industry, 1966	142	72. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DU VIN , 1966	142
73. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL BEVERAGE Industries, 1966	142	73. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE BOISSONS , 1966	142
74. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL FOOD AND BEVERAGES Industry, 1966	142	74. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION D'ALIMENTS ET DE BOISSONS , 1966	142
75. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOBACCO PRODUCTS Industry, 1966	143	75. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU TABAC , 1966	143
76. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the RUBBER PRODUCTS Industry, 1966	143	76. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CAOUTCHOUC , 1966	143
77. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the LEATHER PRODUCTS Industry, 1966	143	77. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CUIR , 1966	143
78. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COTTON AND WOOLLEN MILLS Industries, 1966	143	78. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FILATURE ET TISSAGE DU COTON ET DE LA LAINE , 1966	143
79. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SYNTHETIC TEXTILES Industry, 1966	144	79. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE FIBRES ET DE TISSUS SYNTHÉTIQUES , 1966	144
80. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER PRIMARY TEXTILES Industries, 1966	144	80. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'AUTRES TEXTILES PRIMAIRES , 1966	144
81. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS Industry, 1966	144	81. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'AUTRES TEXTILES NON PRIMAIRES , 1966	144
82. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL TEXTILE MILLS Industries, 1966	144	82. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DE FILATURE ET DE TISSAGE , 1966	144
83. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the HOSIERY MILLS Industry, 1966	145	83. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRIQUES DE BAS ET CHAUSSETTES , 1966	145

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES - Continued

Table	Page
84. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER KNITTING MILLS Industries, 1966	145
85. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL KNITTING MILLS Industries, 1966	145
86. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MEN'S CLOTHING Industry, 1966	145
87. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WOMEN'S CLOTHING Industry, 1966	146
88. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FUR GOODS Industry, 1966	146
89. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FOUNDATION GARMENTS Industry, 1966	146
90. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER CLOTHING Industries, 1966	146
91. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL CLOTHING Industries, 1966	147
92. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL TEXTILE Industries, 1966	147
93. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SAWMILLS Industry, 1966	147
94. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the VENEER AND PLYWOOD Industries, 1966	147
95. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PLANING MILLS Industry, 1966	148
96. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WOODEN BOXES Industry, 1966	148
97. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COFFINS AND CASKETS Industries, 1966	148
98. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MISCELLANEOUS WOOD PRODUCTS Industry, 1966	148
99. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL WOOD INDUSTRY, 1966	149
100. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE Industry, 1966	149
101. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the OFFICE FURNITURE Industry, 1966	149
102. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER FURNITURE Industries, 1966	149
103. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL FURNITURE Industries, 1966	150
104. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PULP AND PAPER MILLS Industries, 1966	150
105. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PAPER BOXES AND BAGS Industries, 1966	150
106. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER PAPER PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	150
107. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL PAPER AND ALLIED Industries, 1966	151
108. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COMMERCIAL PRINTING Industry, 1966	151

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES - suite

Tableau	Page
84. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES FABRIQUES DE TRICOTS, 1966	145
85. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DU TRICOT, 1966	145
86. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, VÊTEMENTS POUR HOMMES, 1966	145
87. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, VÊTEMENTS POUR FEMMES, 1966	146
88. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ARTICLES EN FOURRURE, 1966	146
89. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CORSETS ET SOUTIENS-GORGE, 1966	146
90. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES INDUSTRIES DU VÊTEMENT, 1966	146
91. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE VÊTEMENTS, 1966	147
92. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES TEXTILES, 1966	147
93. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SCIERIES, 1966	147
94. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PLACAGES ET CONTREPLAQUÉS, 1966	147
95. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ATELIERS DE RABOTAGE, 1966	148
96. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRIQUES DE BOÎTES EN BOIS, 1966	148
97. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CERCUEILS ET TOMBEAUX, 1966	148
98. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRIQUES DE PRODUITS DIVERS EN BOIS, 1966	148
99. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DU BOIS, 1966	149
100. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MEUBLES DE MAISON, 1966	149
101. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MEUBLES DE BUREAU, 1966	149
102. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES MEUBLES, 1966	149
103. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE MEUBLES, 1966	150
104. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PÂTES ET PAPIERS, 1966	150
105. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BOÎTES ET SACS EN PAPIER, 1966	150
106. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES PRODUITS DU PAPIER, 1966	150
107. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DU PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1966	151
108. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, IMPRESSIONS COMMERCIALES, 1966	151

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES — Continued

Table	Page
109. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the ENGRAVING AND ALLIED Industries, 1966	151
110. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PUBLISHING Industry ONLY, 1966	151
111. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PUBLISHING AND PRINTING Industries, 1966	152
112. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL PRINTING, PUBLISHING AND ALLIED Industries, 1966	152
113. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the IRON AND STEEL MILLS Industries, 1966	152
114. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the IRON FOUNDRIES Industry, 1966	152
115. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SMELTING AND REFINING Industries, 1966	153
116. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL PRIMARY METALS Industries, 1966	153
117. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BOILER AND PLATE Industries, 1966	153
118. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the STRUCTURAL STEEL Industry, 1966	153
119. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS Industry, 1966	154
120. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the METAL STAMPING Industry, 1966	154
121. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WIRE AND WIRE PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	154
122. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the HARDWARE AND TOOLS Industries, 1966	154
123. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the HEATING EQUIPMENT Industry, 1966	155
124. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MACHINE SHOPS Industry, 1966	155
125. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	155
126. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1966	155
127. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS Industry, 1966	156
128. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATION Industry, 1966	156
129. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER MACHINERY Industries, 1966	156
130. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MACHINERY Industries, 1966	156
131. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the AIRCRAFT AND PARTS Industries, 1966	157
132. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MOTOR VEHICLES AND PARTS Industries, 1966	157
133. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TRUCK BODIES Industry, 1966	157

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — suite

Tableau	Page
109. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, GRAVURE ET INDUSTRIES CONNEXES, 1966	151
110. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ÉDITION SEULEMENT, 1966	151
111. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ÉDITION ET IMPRESSION, 1966	152
112. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES D'IMPRESSION, D'ÉDITION ET DES ACTIVITÉS CONNEXES, 1966	152
113. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIES DU FER ET DE L'ACIER, 1966	152
114. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FONDERIES, 1966	152
115. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FONTE ET AFFINAGE DES MÉTAUX, 1966	153
116. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DES MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1966	153
117. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CHAUDIÈRES ET PLQUES, 1966	153
118. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ACIER DE CHARPENTE, 1966	153
119. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FER FORGÉ, 1966	154
120. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ESTAMPAGE DES MÉTAUX, 1966	154
121. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FILS MÉTALLIQUES ET PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1966	154
122. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE QUINCAILLERIE ET D'OUTILS, 1966	154
123. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, APPAREILS DE CHAUFFAGE, 1966	155
124. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ATELIERS D'USINAGE, 1966	155
125. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES DIVERS, 1966	155
126. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES, 1966	155
127. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, INSTRUMENTS AGRICOLES, 1966	156
128. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ÉQUIPEMENT DE RÉFRIGÉRATION, 1966	156
129. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES MACHINES, 1966	156
130. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE MACHINERIE, 1966	156
131. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AVIONS ET PIÈCES, 1966	157
132. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, VÉHICULES AUTOMOBILES ET PIÈCES, 1966	157
133. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CARROSSERIES DE CAMIONS, 1966	157

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES - Continued

Table	Page
134. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MISCELLANEOUS TRANSPORTATION Industries, 1966	157
135. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT Industries, 1966	158
136. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SMALL ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES Industry, 1966	158
137. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MAJOR APPLIANCES Industry, 1966	158
138. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the RADIO AND TELEVISION RECEIVERS Industries, 1966	158
139. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT Industry, 1966	159
140. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the INDUSTRIAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Industry, 1966	159
141. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BATTERY MANUFACTURERS Industry, 1966	159
142. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Industries, 1966	159
143. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	160
144. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the CEMENT MANUFACTURING Industry, 1966	160
145. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the CONCRETE MANUFACTURING Industry, 1966	160
146. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the READY-MIX CONCRETE Industry, 1966	160
147. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the CLAY PRODUCTS Industry, 1966	161
148. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	161
149. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERAL Products Industries, 1966	161
150. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	161
151. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PETROLEUM REFINERIES Industry, 1966	162
152. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	162
153. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	162
154. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FERTILIZERS Industry, 1966	162
155. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PHARMACEUTICALS Industry, 1966	163
156. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PAINT AND VARNISH Industries, 1966	163
157. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SOAP AND CLEANING COMPOUNDS Industries, 1966	163

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES - suite

Tableau	Page
134. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT DIVERS, 1966	157
135. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DU MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1966	158
136. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PETITS APPAREILS ÉLECTRIQUES, 1966	158
137. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, GROS APPAREILS 1966	158
138. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, APPAREILS DE RADIO ET DE TÉLÉVISION, 1966	158
139. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MATÉRIEL DE TÉLÉCOMMUNICATION, 1966	159
140. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUE INDUSTRIEL, 1966	159
141. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MANUFACTURIERS DE BATTERIES, 1966	159
142. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, APPAREILS ÉLECTRIQUES DIVERS, 1966	159
143. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION D'APPAREIL ET DE MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUE, 1966	160
144. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MANUFACTURIERS DE CIMENT, 1966	160
145. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MANUFACTURIERS DE PRODUITS EN BÉTON, 1966	160
146. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIE DU BÉTON PRÉPARÉ, 1966	160
147. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DE L'ARGILE, 1966	161
148. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, VERRE ET ARTICLES EN VERRE, 1966	161
149. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1966	161
150. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DES PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1966	161
151. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, RAFFINERIES DE PÉTROLE, 1966	162
152. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES DÉRIVÉS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1966	162
153. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DES PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1966	162
154. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ENGRAIS, 1966	162
155. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS PHARMACEUTIQUES, 1966	163
156. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PEINTURES ET VERNIS, 1966	163
157. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SAVONS ET PRODUITS NETTOYANTS, 1966	163

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES — Concluded

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — fin

Table	Page
158. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOILET PREPARATIONS Industry, 1966	163
159. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS Industry, 1966	164
160. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER CHEMICALS Industries, 1966	164
161. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1966	164
162. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SCIENTIFIC AND PROFESSIONAL EQUIPMENT Industries, 1966	164
163. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the JEWELLERY AND SILVERWARE Industries, 1966	165
164. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BROOM, BRUSH AND MOP Industries, 1966	165
165. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SPORTING GOODS AND TOYS Industries, 1966	165
166. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER MANUFACTURING Industries, 1966	165
167. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1966	166
168. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MANUFACTURING Industries, 1966	166
169. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the CONSTRUCTION Industry, 1966	166
170. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TRANSPORTATION Industry, 1966	166
171. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the STORAGE Industry, 1966	167
172. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COMMUNICATION Industry, 1966	167
173. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PUBLIC UTILITIES Industry, 1966	167
174. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, COMMUNICATIONS AND OTHER UTILITIES Industries, 1966	167
175. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industry, 1966	168
176. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the RETAIL TRADE Industry, 1966	168
177. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FINANCE Industries, 1966	168
178. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Services to BUSINESS MANAGEMENT Industries, 1966	168
179. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the GOVERNMENT, PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES Industries, 1966	169
180. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL SERVICES Industries, 1966	169

Tableau	Page
158. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DE TOILETTE, 1966	163
159. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS CHIMIQUES INDUSTRIELS, 1966	164
160. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES PRODUITS CHIMIQUES, 1966	164
161. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE PRODUITS CHIMIQUES ET AUTRES PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1966	164
162. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, INSTRUMENTS SCIENTIFIQUES ET PROFESSIONNELS, 1966	164
163. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BIJOUTERIES ET ORFÈVRES, 1966	165
164. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BALAIS, BROSSES ET VADROUILLES, 1966	165
165. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ARTICLES DE SPORTS ET JOUETS, 1966	165
166. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES FABRICATIONS, 1966	165
167. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIÈRES DIVERSES, 1966	166
168. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIÈRES, 1966	166
169. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CONSTRUCTION, 1966	166
170. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, 1966	166
171. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ENTREPOSAGE, 1966	167
172. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, COMMUNICATIONS, 1966	167
173. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1966	167
174. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DE TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE, COMMUNICATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1966	167
175. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1966	168
176. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1966	168
177. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FINANCES, 1966	168
178. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SERVICES DE GESTION, 1966	168
179. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SERVICES GOUVERNEMENTAUX, PERSONNELS ET DIVERS, 1966	169
180. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES SERVICES, 1966	169

TABLE 1. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, All Sectors, 1966

TABEAU 1. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des secteurs, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over — et plus	4,002	2.1	22,300.3	13.9	10,009.6	16.8	20,655.7	20.2	1,518.0	19.8	1,092.5	27.0
5-94.9%	647	.4	7,452.7	4.7	4,224.5	7.1	5,856.9	5.7	502.5	6.6	225.0	5.6
5-74.9%	1,075	.6	10,728.1	6.7	6,090.9	10.3	7,463.7	7.3	887.8	11.6	381.9	9.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	5,724	3.1	40,481.1	25.3	20,325.0	34.2	33,976.3	33.2	2,908.3	38.0	1,699.4	42.1
5-49.9%	1,009	.6	6,841.5	4.3	4,098.9	6.9	2,887.4	2.8	489.0	6.4	157.2	3.9
5-24.9%	1,715	.9	15,569.9	9.7	7,778.0	13.1	8,765.7	8.6	1,094.8	14.3	325.8	8.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	32,552	17.8	39,334.9	24.6	14,777.2	24.9	38,670.5	37.9	1,686.2	22.1	996.1	24.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	35,276	19.3	61,746.3	38.6	26,654.1	44.9	50,323.6	49.3	3,270.0	42.8	1,479.1	36.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	41,000	22.4	102,227.4	63.9	46,979.1	79.1	84,299.9	82.5	6,178.3	80.8	3,178.5	78.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	141,751	77.6	57,694.6	36.1	12,383.2	20.9	17,891.2	17.5	1,469.2	19.2	854.9	21.2
Total	182,751	100.0	159,922.0	100.0	59,362.3	100.0	102,191.1	100.0	7,647.5	100.0	4,033.4	100.0

TABLE 2. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector, 1966

TABEAU 2. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de l'agriculture, de l'exploitation forestière et de la pêche, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over — et plus	48	1.0	51.0	6.4	31.8	11.0	36.8	5.2	3.2	—	2.5	13.8
5-94.9%	4	.1	3.4	.4	.6	.2	5.3	.7	.1	—	.1	.6
5-74.9%	10	.2	7.3	.9	3.1	1.1	8.3	1.2	.6	—	.7	3.9
Sub-totals — Total partiel	62	1.3	61.7	7.7	35.5	12.3	50.4	7.1	3.7	—	3.3	18.3
5-49.9%	14	.3	69.5	8.6	49.7	17.2	15.7	2.2	2.1	—	1.8	10.0
5-24.9%	22	.5	23.5	2.9	7.9	2.7	25.4	3.6	3.5	—	2.7	15.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	665	13.8	335.4	41.6	110.6	38.5	330.6	46.4	11.7	—	4.9	27.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	701	14.6	428.4	53.1	168.2	58.4	371.7	52.2	17.3	—	9.4	52.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	763	15.9	490.1	60.8	203.7	70.7	422.1	59.3	21.0	—	12.7	70.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	4,045	84.1	315.6	39.2	84.5	29.3	289.5	40.7	10.0	—	5.3	29.4
Total	4,808	100.0	805.7	100.0	288.2	100.0	711.6	100.0	31.0	—	18.0	100.0

TABLE 3. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Mining, Quarrying and Oil Well Sector, 1966

TABEAU 3. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des mines, carrières et puits de pétrole, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over — et plus	189	5.9	3,010.6	30.8	1,528.0	25.0	1,106.6	34.7	159.3	—	13.3	—
5-94.9%	69	2.1	1,902.5	19.5	1,108.6	18.1	475.1	14.9	94.0	—	7.5	—
5-74.9%	103	3.2	701.1	7.2	469.1	7.7	183.0	5.7	42.4	—	5.6	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	361	11.2	5,614.2	57.5	3,105.7	50.8	1,764.7	55.3	295.7	—	26.4	—
5-49.9%	182	5.7	1,499.1	15.4	1,124.4	18.4	476.2	14.9	132.3	—	11.1	—
5-24.9%	369	11.5	1,981.9	20.3	1,471.7	24.1	617.2	19.3	245.5	—	35.2	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	533	16.5	504.4	5.2	337.0	5.5	249.3	7.8	14.6	—	4.0	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1,084	33.7	3,985.4	40.9	2,933.1	48.0	1,342.7	42.0	392.4	—	50.3	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1,445	44.9	9,599.6	98.4	6,038.8	98.8	3,107.4	97.3	688.1	—	76.7	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,771	55.1	151.2	1.6	74.9	1.2	86.7	2.7	6.8	—	8.5	—
Total	3,216	100.0	9,750.8	100.0	6,113.7	100.0	3,194.1	100.0	681.3	—	68.2	—

TABLE 4. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Manufacturing Sector, 1966

TABLÉAU 4. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de la fabrication, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1,421	6.7	9,310.1	25.5	4,594.1	24.3	12,071.6	29.4	907.6	28.4	764.7	41.1
75-94.9%	209	1.0	4,113.7	11.3	2,431.3	12.8	4,276.8	10.4	344.1	10.7	171.6	9.2
50-74.9%	326	1.6	7,169.5	19.6	4,236.7	22.3	5,555.5	13.5	667.1	20.8	292.5	15.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1,956	9.3	20,593.3	56.4	11,262.1	59.4	21,903.9	53.3	1,918.8	59.9	1,228.8	65.9
25-49.9%	176	.8	1,586.8	4.3	837.1	4.4	1,371.5	3.3	151.9	4.7	74.9	4.0
5-24.9%	334	1.6	5,913.1	16.2	3,063.9	16.1	4,511.9	11.0	533.8	16.7	169.7	9.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	5,480	26.3	7,000.2	19.2	3,224.2	17.0	11,171.0	27.1	536.0	16.7	352.0	18.9
Sub-totals — Total partiel	5,990	28.7	14,550.1	39.7	7,125.2	37.5	17,054.4	41.4	1,221.7	38.1	596.6	32.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	7,946	38.0	35,093.4	96.1	18,387.3	96.9	38,958.3	94.7	3,140.5	98.0	1,825.4	97.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	12,988	62.0	1,429.7	3.9	596.6	3.1	2,196.2	5.3	63.7	2.0	39.9	2.1
Total	20,934	100.0	36,523.1	100.0	18,983.9	100.0	41,154.5	100.0	3,204.2	100.0	1,865.3	100.0

TABLE 5. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Construction Sector, 1966

TABLÉAU 5. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de la construction, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	102	.7	449.7	10.3	95.6	9.3	757.0	10.3	26.3	10.6	11.1	7.4
75-94.9%	19	.1	76.8	1.8	5.5	.5	75.9	1.0	1.1	.4	.3	.2
50-74.9%	27	.2	39.8	.9	5.2	.5	81.2	1.1	2.3	.9	1.6	1.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	148	1.0	566.3	13.0	106.3	10.3	914.1	12.4	29.7	11.9	13.0	8.7
25-49.9%	19	.1	57.1	1.3	16.0	1.6	96.7	1.3	5.2	2.1	2.0	1.3
5-24.9%	47	.3	134.0	3.1	35.5	3.4	218.3	3.0	6.0	2.4	.9	.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	3,358	22.6	2,862.2	65.8	633.7	61.5	4,654.7	62.9	152.4	61.1	87.2	58.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	3,424	23.0	3,053.3	70.2	685.2	66.5	4,969.7	67.2	163.6	65.6	90.1	60.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	3,572	24.0	3,619.6	83.2	791.5	76.8	5,883.8	79.6	193.3	77.5	103.1	69.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	11,285	76.0	730.0	16.8	239.3	23.2	1,504.4	20.4	56.2	22.5	45.9	30.8
Total	14,857	100.0	4,349.6	100.0	1,030.8	100.0	7,388.2	100.0	249.5	100.0	149.0	100.0

TABLE 6. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Transportation, Storage, Communications and Public Utilities, 1966

TABLÉAU 6. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des transports, entreposage, communications et utilités publiques, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	92	1.4	313.1	1.8	147.9	2.0	233.4	3.7	25.6	3.4	17.9	3.9
75-94.9%	24	.3	162.4	1.0	59.3	.8	64.9	1.0	11.7	1.6	7.7	1.7
50-74.9%	65	.9	659.7	4.0	216.1	2.8	272.8	4.3	36.4	4.8	23.6	5.2
Sub-totals — Total partiel	181	2.6	1,135.2	6.8	423.3	5.6	571.1	9.0	73.7	9.8	49.2	10.8
25-49.9%	58	.8	692.5	4.2	254.2	3.4	226.0	3.6	66.1	8.8	47.9	10.5
5-24.9%	92	1.3	2,084.3	12.5	765.3	10.0	620.8	9.8	98.1	13.1	36.9	8.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	911	13.1	1,820.6	10.9	732.9	9.7	1,229.7	19.4	107.4	14.3	68.2	14.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1,061	15.2	4,597.4	27.6	1,752.4	23.1	2,076.5	32.8	271.6	36.2	153.0	33.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1,242	17.8	5,732.6	34.4	2,175.7	28.7	2,647.6	41.8	345.3	46.0	202.2	44.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	5,723	82.2	10,915.1	65.6	5,400.1	71.3	3,680.4	58.2	404.8	54.0	255.2	55.8
Total	6,965	100.0	16,647.7	100.0	7,575.8	100.0	6,328.0	100.0	750.1	100.0	457.4	100.0

TABLE 7. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wholesale Trade Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 7. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur du commerce de gros, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Corporations — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over — et plus	847	4.4	1,778.4	23.0	492.0	18.1	4,178.3	22.7	137.4	27.2	123.6	27.6
5-94.9%	80	.4	162.0	2.1	36.2	1.3	358.5	1.9	10.7	2.1	9.3	2.1
0-74.9%	134	.7	233.0	3.0	73.2	2.7	568.1	3.1	19.5	3.9	18.2	4.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1,061	5.5	2,173.4	28.1	601.4	22.1	5,104.9	27.7	167.6	33.2	151.1	33.8
5-49.9%	101	.5	217.8	2.8	53.7	2.0	284.3	1.5	6.0	1.2	3.5	.8
5-24.9%	174	.9	405.7	5.2	128.5	4.7	1,160.0	6.3	30.3	6.0	23.3	5.2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	5,273	27.6	4,046.8	52.3	1,609.7	59.1	10,070.9	54.7	246.4	48.8	220.5	49.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	5,548	29.0	4,670.3	60.3	1,791.9	65.8	11,515.2	62.5	282.7	56.0	247.3	55.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	6,609	34.5	6,843.7	88.4	2,393.3	87.9	16,620.1	90.2	450.3	89.2	398.4	89.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	12,562	65.5	894.0	11.6	329.2	12.1	1,802.3	9.8	54.4	10.8	48.5	10.9
Total	19,171	100.0	7,737.7	100.0	2,722.5	100.0	18,422.4	100.0	504.7	100.0	446.9	100.0

TABLE 8. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Retail Trade Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 8. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur du commerce de détail, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over — et plus	138	.5	603.9	10.9	366.1	15.5	1,463.6	10.2	78.6	20.1	72.9	21.5
5-94.9%	37	.1	183.3	3.3	122.2	5.1	493.1	3.5	13.6	3.5	13.4	4.0
0-74.9%	49	.2	274.2	4.9	146.7	6.2	560.1	3.9	29.4	7.5	25.8	7.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	224	.8	1,061.4	19.1	635.0	26.8	2,516.8	17.6	121.6	31.1	112.1	33.1
5-49.9%	27	.1	31.1	.6	5.4	.2	84.9	.6	2.6	.7	.8	.2
5-24.9%	49	.2	504.1	9.1	247.0	10.4	1,183.3	8.3	53.0	13.5	35.2	10.4
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	4,011	16.0	2,666.4	47.9	982.0	41.4	7,580.3	53.1	132.7	33.9	114.3	33.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	4,087	16.3	3,201.6	57.6	1,234.4	52.0	8,848.5	62.0	188.3	48.1	150.3	44.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	4,311	17.1	4,263.0	76.7	1,869.4	78.8	11,365.3	79.6	309.9	79.2	262.4	77.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	20,839	82.9	1,296.0	23.3	503.9	21.2	2,916.9	20.4	81.4	20.8	76.7	22.6
Total	25,150	100.0	5,559.0	100.0	2,373.3	100.0	14,282.2	100.0	391.3	100.0	339.1	100.0

TABLE 9. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Finance Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 9. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des finances, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
5% and over — et plus	963	1.5	6,417.6	8.6	2,617.1	13.8	444.8	6.2	145.0	9.0	55.8	10.6
5-94.9%	172	.3	750.5	1.0	426.6	2.2	71.6	1.0	23.1	1.4	12.4	2.3
0-74.9%	306	.5	1,518.8	2.0	866.9	4.5	153.6	2.1	79.6	4.9	7.1	1.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1,441	2.3	8,686.9	11.6	3,910.6	20.5	670.0	9.3	247.7	15.3	75.3	14.2
5-49.9%	357	.6	2,506.1	3.3	1,698.1	8.9	205.8	2.9	116.3	7.2	15.6	2.9
5-24.9%	530	.9	4,392.5	5.9	1,999.7	10.5	329.4	4.6	115.1	7.1	16.2	3.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	9,927	15.9	18,423.3	24.6	6,675.4	35.0	1,952.6	27.1	404.7	25.1	92.6	17.4
Sub-totals — Total partiel	10,814	17.4	25,321.9	33.8	10,373.2	54.4	2,487.8	34.6	636.1	39.4	124.4	23.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	12,255	19.7	34,008.8	45.4	14,283.8	74.9	3,157.8	43.9	883.8	54.7	199.7	37.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	49,812	80.3	40,837.9	54.6	4,777.0	25.1	4,034.7	56.1	732.4	45.3	331.1	62.4
Total	62,067	100.0	74,846.7	100.0	19,060.8	100.0	7,192.5	100.0	1,616.2	100.0	530.8	100.0

TABLE 10. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Service Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 10. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des services, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	202	.7	365.9	9.8	137.0	11.3	363.6	10.4	35.0	15.9	30.7	—
75-94.9%	33	.7	98.1	2.7	34.2	2.8	35.7	1.0	4.3	2.0	2.7	—
50-74.9%	55	.2	124.7	3.4	73.9	6.1	81.1	2.3	10.5	4.8	6.8	—
Sub-totals - Total partiel	290	1.1	588.7	15.9	245.1	20.2	480.4	13.7	49.8	22.7	40.2	—
25-49.9%	75	.3	181.5	4.9	60.3	5.0	126.3	3.6	6.5	3.0	—	—
5-24.9%	98	.4	130.8	3.5	58.5	4.8	99.4	2.8	9.5	4.3	5.7	—
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	2,394	9.4	1,675.6	45.3	471.7	38.9	1,431.4	40.7	80.3	36.7	52.4	—
Sub-totals - Total partiel	2,567	10.1	1,987.9	53.7	590.5	48.7	1,657.1	47.1	96.3	44.0	57.7	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	2,857	11.2	2,576.6	69.6	835.6	68.9	2,137.5	60.8	146.1	66.7	97.9	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	22,726	88.8	1,125.1	30.4	377.7	31.1	1,380.1	39.2	73.1	33.3	60.8	—
Total	25,583	100.0	3,701.7	100.0	1,213.3	100.0	3,517.6	100.0	219.2	100.0	158.7	—

TABLE 11. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, All Sectors, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 11. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, total des secteurs, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets Actif		Equity Avoir		Sales Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963 3,163	11.9	17,593.2	24.4	9,896.2	26.8	15,690.5	26.4	1,532.0	31.2
	1964 3,083	11.6	16,148.2	20.8	8,359.1	21.8	15,196.6	23.9	1,376.3	25.0
	1965 3,731	9.8	20,184.0	21.6	10,559.1	23.8	17,666.0	23.4	1,457.5	24.6
	1966 4,002	9.8	22,300.3	21.8	10,009.6	21.3	20,655.7	24.5	1,518.0	24.5
75-94.9%	1963 539	2.0	7,240.6	10.0	4,313.0	11.7	4,835.2	8.1	349.0	7.1
	1964 545	2.0	6,496.7	8.4	4,087.2	10.7	5,431.2	8.6	473.2	8.6
	1965 635	1.7	7,632.2	8.2	4,644.4	10.4	6,320.9	8.4	536.2	9.0
	1966 647	1.6	7,452.7	7.3	4,224.5	9.0	5,856.9	6.9	507.5	8.2
50-74.9%	1963 755	2.8	5,815.9	8.0	3,351.3	9.1	3,981.8	6.7	429.2	8.8
	1964 855	3.2	8,895.7	11.5	5,091.7	13.3	5,508.6	8.7	784.6	14.3
	1965 1,003	2.7	8,907.6	9.5	4,774.9	10.7	5,624.7	7.5	822.3	13.9
	1966 1,075	2.6	10,728.1	10.5	6,090.9	13.0	7,463.7	8.9	887.8	14.4
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963 4,457	16.7	30,649.7	42.4	17,560.5	47.6	24,507.5	41.2	2,310.2	47.1
	1964 4,483	16.8	31,540.6	40.7	17,538.0	45.8	26,136.4	41.2	2,634.1	47.9
	1965 5,369	14.2	36,723.8	39.3	19,978.4	44.9	29,611.6	39.3	2,816.0	47.5
	1966 5,724	14.0	40,481.1	39.6	20,325.0	43.3	33,976.3	40.3	2,908.3	47.1
25-49.9%	1963 786	2.9	5,410.4	7.5	3,281.1	8.9	2,411.3	4.1	486.0	9.9
	1964 800	3.0	5,562.7	7.2	3,333.7	8.7	2,875.3	4.5	613.1	11.2
	1965 935	2.5	6,108.9	6.5	3,906.1	8.8	2,694.3	3.6	580.9	9.8
	1966 1,009	2.5	6,841.5	6.7	4,098.9	8.7	2,887.4	3.4	489.0	7.9
5-24.9%	1963 1,264	4.7	11,374.5	15.7	5,600.0	15.2	6,751.3	11.3	877.5	17.9
	1964 1,263	4.7	11,691.4	15.1	5,721.9	15.0	6,856.7	11.0	849.9	15.5
	1965 1,640	4.3	14,419.2	15.4	7,165.7	16.1	8,493.2	11.3	1,070.5	18.1
	1966 1,715	4.2	15,569.9	15.2	7,778.0	16.6	8,765.7	10.4	1,094.8	17.7
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963 20,139	75.6	24,859.2	34.4	10,435.5	28.3	25,808.6	43.4	1,230.6	25.1
	1964 20,217	75.5	28,646.6	37.0	11,652.2	30.5	27,421.2	43.3	1,400.0	25.4
	1965 29,836	79.0	36,126.4	38.7	13,447.1	30.2	34,580.3	45.8	1,458.9	24.6
	1966 32,552	79.3	39,334.9	38.5	14,777.2	31.4	38,670.5	45.9	1,686.2	27.3
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963 22,189	83.3	41,644.1	57.6	19,316.6	52.4	34,971.2	58.8	2,594.1	52.9
	1964 22,280	83.2	45,900.7	59.3	20,707.8	54.2	37,253.2	58.8	2,863.0	52.1
	1965 32,411	85.8	56,654.5	60.7	24,518.9	55.1	45,767.8	60.7	3,110.3	52.5
	1966 35,276	86.0	61,746.3	60.4	26,654.1	56.7	50,323.6	59.7	3,270.0	52.9
Total	1963 26,646	100.0	72,293.8	100.0	36,877.1	100.0	59,478.7	100.0	4,904.3	100.0
	1964 26,763	100.0	77,441.3	100.0	38,245.8	100.0	63,389.6	100.0	5,497.1	100.0
	1965 37,780	100.0	93,378.3	100.0	44,497.3	100.0	75,379.4	100.0	5,926.3	100.0
	1966 41,000	100.0	102,227.4	100.0	46,979.1	100.0	84,299.9	100.0	6,178.3	100.0

TABLE 12. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 12. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de l'agriculture, de l'exploitation forestière et de la pêche, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - nomb.	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%
5% and over - et plus	1963	40	11.7	120.2	32.0	82.1	43.2	58.6	24.9	7.0	47.0
	1964	37	11.1	61.9	16.0	36.8	16.9	60.6	25.0	15.7	49.6
	1965	42	6.6	65.0	14.6	43.0	19.4	40.9	12.7	5.1	26.7
	1966	48	6.3	51.0	10.1	31.6	15.6	36.8	8.6	3.2	—
5-94.9	1963	3	.9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	2	.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1	.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1966	4	.5	3.4	.7	.6	.3	5.8	1.3	—	—
0-74.9	1963	5	1.5	25.2	6.8	18.9	9.6	6.0	2.5	.7	4.7
	1964	5	1.5	86.9	23.2	76.2	35.0	15.4	6.3	4.0	12.6
	1965	11	1.8	6.1	1.3	2.6	1.2	7.9	2.4	.8	4.2
	1966	10	1.3	7.3	1.5	3.1	1.5	8.3	2.0	.6	—
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	48	14.1	145.4	39.4	102.0	51.8	64.6	27.4	7.2	51.7
	1964	44	13.2	148.1	38.2	113.0	51.9	76.0	31.3	19.7	62.2
	1965	54	8.7	74.1	15.9	45.9	20.6	48.8	15.1	5.9	30.9
	1966	62	8.1	61.7	12.6	35.5	17.4	50.4	11.9	3.7	—
5-49.9	1963	16	4.7	40.5	10.9	18.7	9.5	8.0	3.4	—	—
	1964	11	3.3	36.7	9.5	23.6	10.8	12.2	5.0	3.4	10.7
	1965	9	1.3	68.7	14.7	51.5	23.2	14.5	4.5	3.7	19.4
	1966	14	1.8	69.5	14.2	49.7	24.4	15.7	3.7	2.1	—
5-24.9	1963	7	2.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	.7	7.3	3.1	.1	.7
	1964	8	2.4	1.2	1.3	.6	.3	1.4	.4	—	—
	1965	20	3.2	21.9	4.7	10.4	4.7	17.1	5.3	3.0	15.7
	1966	22	2.9	23.3	1.8	7.9	3.9	25.1	6.0	3.5	—
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	269	79.1	178.8	48.5	75.0	38.0	156.0	66.1	7.1	47.6
	1964	270	81.1	197.0	50.9	79.9	39.7	171.3	62.3	8.5	26.8
	1965	534	86.6	301.8	61.7	114.6	51.5	242.9	75.1	6.5	34.0
	1966	665	87.2	335.4	68.1	110.6	51.3	330.6	78.4	11.7	—
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	292	85.9	223.5	60.6	95.1	48.2	171.3	72.6	7.2	48.3
	1964	289	86.8	239.0	61.8	104.8	48.1	167.0	68.7	12.0	37.8
	1965	563	91.3	392.4	84.1	176.5	79.4	274.5	84.9	13.2	69.1
	1966	701	91.9	428.4	87.4	168.2	82.6	371.7	88.1	17.3	—
Total	1963	340	100.0	368.9	100.0	197.1	100.0	235.9	100.0	14.9	100.0
	1964	333	100.0	387.1	100.0	217.8	100.0	243.0	100.0	31.7	100.0
	1965	617	100.0	466.5	100.0	222.4	100.0	323.3	100.0	19.1	100.0
	1966	763	100.0	490.1	100.0	263.7	100.0	422.1	100.0	21.0	—

¹ Included in 95% and over group. - Compris dans le groupe de 95% et plus.

² Included in 50 to 74.9% group. - Compris dans le groupe de 50 à 74.9%.

TABLE 13. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Mining, Quarrying and Oil Well Sector, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 13. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des mines, carrières et puits de pétrole, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporation		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - nomb.	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%	\$000,000	%
5% and over - et plus	1963	167	16.6	2,308.5	32.8	1,214.5	26.9	687.8	30.7	132.2	28.7
	1964	155	16.4	2,346.2	31.2	1,219.1	25.1	824.2	31.8	147.2	26.0
	1965	177	12.5	2,522.5	28.7	1,351.8	23.6	982.7	31.7	157.3	23.8
	1966	189	13.1	3,010.6	31.4	1,528.0	25.2	1,106.6	35.6	159.3	23.1
5-94.9	1963	74	7.4	1,571.3	22.4	980.5	21.7	560.2	24.9	87.3	19.0
	1964	74	7.8	1,728.0	22.9	1,140.6	23.5	653.1	25.2	119.0	21.0
	1965	88	6.3	2,013.2	22.9	1,241.3	21.7	688.1	22.1	108.8	16.4
	1966	99	4.8	1,902.5	19.8	1,108.6	18.4	475.1	15.3	94.0	13.7
0-74.9	1963	99	9.9	710.1	10.1	432.7	9.6	213.8	9.5	48.9	10.6
	1964	90	9.5	804.7	10.7	469.6	9.7	237.1	9.1	46.8	8.3
	1965	104	7.4	842.7	9.6	504.0	8.8	239.9	7.7	46.0	7.0
	1966	103	7.1	701.1	7.3	469.1	7.8	183.0	5.9	42.4	6.2
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	340	33.9	4,589.9	65.3	2,627.7	58.2	1,461.8	65.1	268.4	58.3
	1964	319	33.7	4,878.9	64.8	2,829.3	58.3	1,714.4	66.1	313.0	55.3
	1965	369	26.2	5,378.4	61.2	3,097.1	54.1	1,910.7	61.5	312.1	47.2
	1966	361	25.0	5,614.2	58.5	3,105.7	51.4	1,764.7	56.8	295.7	43.0
5-49.9	1963	127	12.8	817.6	11.6	706.8	15.6	242.8	10.8	56.9	12.4
	1964	126	13.3	885.8	11.8	750.4	15.5	276.1	10.6	95.8	16.9
	1965	161	11.4	1,243.8	14.1	1,039.1	18.2	439.0	14.1	158.3	23.9
	1966	182	12.6	1,499.1	15.6	1,124.4	18.6	476.2	15.3	132.3	19.2
5-24.9	1963	254	25.3	1,318.8	18.8	1,000.8	22.2	357.9	15.9	120.9	26.2
	1964	232	24.5	1,470.2	19.5	1,087.1	22.3	422.6	16.4	140.0	24.8
	1965	373	26.5	1,675.4	19.1	1,274.8	22.3	530.6	17.1	177.4	26.8
	1966	369	25.9	1,981.9	20.6	1,471.7	24.4	617.2	19.9	245.5	35.7
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	281	28.0	301.6	4.3	182.9	4.0	183.9	8.2	14.5	3.1
	1964	269	28.5	296.2	3.9	188.1	3.9	179.7	6.9	16.8	3.0
	1965	504	35.9	495.4	5.6	310.2	5.4	225.9	7.3	13.8	2.1
	1966	533	36.9	504.4	5.3	337.0	5.6	249.3	8.0	14.6	2.1
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	662	66.1	2,438.0	34.7	1,890.5	41.8	784.6	34.9	192.3	41.7
	1964	627	66.3	2,652.2	35.2	2,025.6	41.7	878.4	33.9	252.6	44.7
	1965	1,038	73.8	3,414.6	38.8	2,624.1	45.9	1,195.5	38.5	349.5	52.8
	1966	1,084	75.0	3,985.4	41.5	2,933.1	48.6	1,342.7	43.2	392.4	57.0
Total	1963	1,002	100.0	7,027.9	100.0	4,518.2	100.0	2,246.4	100.0	460.7	100.0
	1964	946	100.0	7,531.1	100.0	4,854.9	100.0	2,592.8	100.0	565.6	100.0
	1965	1,407	100.0	8,793.0	100.0	5,721.2	100.0	3,106.2	100.0	661.6	100.0
	1966	1,445	100.0	9,599.6	100.0	6,038.8	100.0	3,107.4	100.0	688.1	100.0

TABLE 14. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Manufacturing Sector, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 14. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de la fabrication, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1963	1,247	20.4	7,562.1	29.4	4,449.3	29.4	9,354.8	32.6	916.1	36.6
	1964	1,214	19.9	7,232.5	26.0	4,172.0	25.9	9,467.2	30.2	913.3	30.4
	1965	1,367	18.3	7,843.0	25.5	4,259.6	25.3	10,539.2	30.2	927.4	30.9
	1966	1,421	17.9	9,310.1	26.6	4,594.1	25.0	12,071.6	30.9	907.6	28.9
75-94.9%	1963	172	2.8	4,277.8	16.6	2,499.4	16.5	3,483.0	12.2	182.1	7.3
	1964	182	3.0	3,696.5	13.3	2,500.2	15.5	4,014.9	12.8	305.7	10.2
	1965	207	2.8	4,567.0	14.9	2,906.3	17.2	4,693.9	13.5	370.4	12.2
	1966	209	2.6	4,113.7	11.7	2,431.3	13.2	4,276.8	11.0	344.1	11.0
50-74.9%	1963	200	3.3	3,183.3	12.4	2,026.3	13.4	2,549.9	8.9	296.4	11.9
	1964	247	4.1	5,124.2	18.4	2,905.4	18.0	3,501.6	11.2	524.0	17.5
	1965	287	3.9	5,101.6	16.6	2,865.6	17.0	3,605.6	10.4	550.3	18.1
	1966	326	4.1	7,169.5	20.4	4,236.7	23.0	5,555.5	14.3	667.1	21.2
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	1,619	26.5	15,023.2	58.4	8,975.0	59.3	15,387.7	53.7	1,394.6	55.8
	1964	1,643	27.0	16,053.2	57.7	9,577.6	59.4	16,983.7	54.2	1,743.0	58.1
	1965	1,861	25.0	17,511.6	57.0	10,031.5	59.5	18,838.7	54.1	1,848.1	60.8
	1966	1,956	24.6	20,593.3	58.7	11,262.1	61.2	21,903.9	56.2	1,918.8	61.1
25-49.9%	1963	142	2.3	1,767.1	6.9	1,196.3	7.9	1,182.9	4.1	249.7	10.0
	1964	163	2.7	2,449.0	8.8	1,587.7	9.8	1,625.6	5.2	349.2	11.6
	1965	171	2.3	1,655.7	5.4	954.2	5.7	1,349.0	3.9	182.0	6.0
	1966	176	2.2	1,586.8	4.5	837.1	4.6	1,371.5	3.5	151.9	4.8
5-24.9%	1963	308	5.0	3,879.8	15.1	2,404.8	15.9	3,580.9	12.5	449.7	18.0
	1964	297	4.9	3,944.2	14.2	2,311.9	14.3	3,807.5	12.1	446.8	14.9
	1965	324	4.4	5,183.7	16.9	2,926.4	17.4	4,378.6	12.6	548.6	18.0
	1966	334	4.2	5,913.1	16.8	3,063.9	16.7	4,511.9	11.6	533.8	17.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	4,047	66.2	5,065.8	19.6	2,570.8	16.9	8,493.9	29.7	404.4	16.2
	1964	3,983	65.4	5,364.2	19.3	2,650.0	16.5	8,937.3	28.5	460.2	15.4
	1965	5,081	68.3	6,382.4	20.7	2,936.6	17.4	10,260.0	29.4	461.9	15.2
	1966	5,480	69.0	7,000.2	20.0	3,224.2	17.5	11,171.0	28.7	536.0	17.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	4,497	73.5	10,712.7	41.6	6,171.9	40.7	13,257.7	46.3	1,103.8	44.2
	1964	4,443	73.0	11,757.4	42.3	6,349.6	40.6	14,370.4	45.8	1,256.2	41.9
	1965	5,576	75.0	13,221.8	43.0	6,817.2	40.5	15,987.6	45.9	1,192.5	39.2
	1966	5,990	75.4	14,500.1	41.3	7,125.2	38.8	17,054.4	43.8	1,221.7	38.9
Total	1963	6,116	100.0	25,735.9	100.0	15,146.9	100.0	28,645.4	100.0	2,498.4	100.0
	1964	6,086	100.0	27,810.6	100.0	16,127.2	100.0	31,354.1	100.0	2,999.2	100.0
	1965	7,437	100.0	30,733.4	100.0	16,848.7	100.0	34,826.3	100.0	3,040.6	100.0
	1966	7,946	100.0	35,093.4	100.0	18,387.3	100.0	38,958.3	100.0	3,140.5	100.0

TABLE 15. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Construction Sector, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 15. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur de la construction, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1963	101	5.0	214.1	11.7	80.4	14.9	381.4	12.3	10.8	—
	1964	87	4.5	218.5	11.0	82.1	15.6	339.3	10.8	9.4	—
	1965	98	3.2	254.3	9.0	83.9	12.8	459.3	10.2	11.2	9.6
	1966	102	2.8	449.7	12.4	95.6	12.0	757.0	12.8	26.3	13.6
75-94.9%	1963	15	.7	33.2	1.8	4.5	.8	43.7	1.4	— 1.2	—
	1964	13	.7	25.5	1.3	6.0	1.1	41.9	1.3	1.4	—
	1965	19	.6	59.1	2.1	7.5	1.2	60.9	1.4	3.5	3.0
	1966	19	.5	76.8	2.1	5.5	.7	75.9	1.3	1.1	.6
50-74.9%	1963	24	1.2	31.3	1.7	11.1	2.0	31.1	1.0	2.3	—
	1964	26	1.4	48.7	2.4	16.3	3.1	68.5	2.2	4.2	—
	1965	25	.8	41.9	1.5	8.0	1.2	96.4	2.2	2.2	1.9
	1966	27	.8	39.8	1.1	5.2	.7	81.2	1.4	2.3	1.2
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	140	6.9	278.6	15.2	96.0	17.7	456.2	14.7	11.9	—
	1964	126	6.6	292.7	14.7	104.4	19.8	449.7	14.3	13.7	—
	1965	142	4.6	355.3	12.6	99.4	15.2	616.6	13.8	16.9	14.5
	1966	148	4.1	566.3	15.6	106.3	13.4	914.1	15.5	29.7	15.4
25-49.9%	1963	25	1.2	63.0	3.4	15.8	2.9	76.6	2.5	.6	—
	1964	17	.9	40.5	2.0	3.8	.7	43.9	1.4	1.9	—
	1965	20	.7	48.7	1.7	12.4	1.9	58.4	1.3	4.1	3.5
	1966	19	.5	57.1	1.6	16.0	2.0	96.7	1.6	2.2	2.7
5-24.9%	1963	20	1.0	88.0	4.8	27.7	5.1	175.8	5.7	2.2	—
	1964	38	2.0	130.9	6.6	29.8	5.7	239.6	7.6	— 2.3	—
	1965	40	1.3	128.7	4.6	27.9	4.3	253.5	5.7	3.3	2.8
	1966	47	1.3	134.0	3.7	35.5	4.5	218.3	3.7	6.0	3.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	1,832	90.9	1,403.7	76.6	403.0	74.3	2,391.0	77.1	44.6	—
	1964	1,735	90.5	1,524.5	76.7	388.6	73.8	2,414.6	76.7	54.8	—
	1965	2,860	93.4	2,290.3	81.1	513.5	78.6	3,523.6	79.2	92.1	79.2
	1966	3,358	94.1	2,862.2	79.1	633.7	80.1	4,654.7	79.2	152.4	78.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	1,877	93.1	1,554.7	84.8	446.5	82.3	2,643.4	85.3	47.4	—
	1964	1,790	93.4	1,695.9	85.3	422.2	80.2	2,698.1	85.7	54.4	—
	1965	2,920	95.4	2,467.7	87.4	553.8	84.8	3,835.5	86.2	99.5	85.5
	1966	3,424	95.9	3,053.3	84.4	685.2	86.6	4,969.7	84.5	163.6	84.6
Total	1963	2,017	100.0	1,833.3	100.0	542.5	100.0	3,099.6	100.0	59.3	—
	1964	1,916	100.0	1,988.6	100.0	526.6	100.0	3,147.8	100.0	68.1	—
	1965	3,962	100.0	2,823.0	100.0	633.2	100.0	4,432.1	100.0	116.4	100.0
	1966	3,572	100.0	3,619.6	100.0	791.5	100.0	5,883.8	100.0	193.3	100.0

TABLE 16. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Transportation, Storage, Communication and Public Utilities, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 16. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des transports, entreposage, communications et utilités publiques, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
15% and over — et plus	1963	75	8.6	259.4	5.1	128.4	7.0	152.7	7.7	18.7	7.0
	1964	67	7.7	260.3	5.0	110.1	5.9	214.2	9.7	19.6	6.1
	1965	90	7.8	287.1	5.1	144.0	7.2	189.0	7.1	22.7	6.4
	1966	92	7.5	313.1	5.5	147.9	6.8	233.4	8.8	25.6	7.4
15-94.9%	1963	34	3.8	130.7	2.6	55.4	3.0	116.1	5.8	17.9	6.7
	1964	31	3.6	137.4	2.7	67.6	3.6	71.4	3.3	15.2	4.7
	1965	23	2.0	125.0	2.2	48.2	2.4	56.4	2.1	11.9	3.3
	1966	24	1.9	162.4	2.8	59.3	2.7	64.9	2.5	11.7	3.4
10-74.9%	1963	56	5.3	285.6	5.7	111.6	6.0	117.5	5.9	16.2	6.0
	1964	56	6.5	300.6	5.8	129.1	7.0	187.3	8.6	21.5	6.7
	1965	68	5.9	648.0	11.5	205.2	10.2	251.3	9.5	38.4	10.7
	1966	65	5.2	659.7	11.5	216.1	10.0	272.8	10.3	36.4	10.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	165	18.7	675.7	13.4	295.4	16.0	386.3	19.4	52.8	19.7
	1964	154	17.8	698.3	13.5	306.8	16.5	472.9	21.6	56.3	17.5
	1965	181	15.7	1,060.1	18.8	397.4	19.8	496.7	18.7	73.0	20.4
	1966	181	14.6	1,135.2	19.8	423.3	19.5	571.1	21.6	73.7	21.3
15-49.9%	1963	44	5.0	849.4	16.8	386.8	20.9	230.5	11.6	53.4	19.9
	1964	52	6.0	719.9	13.9	266.4	14.4	248.0	11.3	62.7	19.5
	1965	53	4.6	604.5	10.7	239.5	11.9	219.8	8.3	72.3	20.2
	1966	58	4.7	692.5	12.1	254.2	11.7	226.0	8.5	66.1	19.1
5-24.9%	1963	102	11.5	2,085.8	41.2	620.3	33.5	603.0	30.3	91.4	34.1
	1964	83	9.6	1,767.9	34.2	510.9	27.5	511.3	23.4	98.2	30.6
	1965	92	8.0	2,029.5	38.0	644.8	32.1	602.7	22.7	106.0	29.7
	1966	92	7.4	2,084.3	36.3	765.3	35.1	620.8	23.4	94.1	28.4
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	573	64.8	1,443.6	28.6	548.7	29.6	771.8	38.7	70.6	26.3
	1964	574	66.6	1,986.5	38.4	770.5	41.6	956.9	43.7	104.0	32.4
	1965	828	71.7	1,947.7	34.5	724.3	36.2	1,338.4	50.3	106.0	29.7
	1966	911	73.3	1,820.6	31.8	732.9	33.7	1,229.7	46.5	107.4	31.2
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	719	81.3	4,378.8	86.6	1,555.8	84.0	1,605.3	80.6	215.4	80.3
	1964	709	82.2	4,474.3	86.5	1,547.8	83.5	1,716.2	78.4	264.9	82.5
	1965	973	84.3	4,581.7	81.2	1,608.6	80.2	2,160.9	81.3	284.3	79.6
	1966	1,061	85.4	4,597.4	80.2	1,752.4	80.5	2,076.5	78.4	271.6	78.7
Total	1963	884	100.0	5,054.5	100.0	1,851.2	100.0	1,991.6	100.0	268.2	100.0
	1964	863	100.0	5,172.6	100.0	1,854.6	100.0	2,189.1	100.0	321.2	100.0
	1965	1,154	100.0	5,641.8	100.0	2,006.0	100.0	2,657.6	100.0	357.3	100.0
	1966	1,242	100.0	5,732.6	100.0	2,175.7	100.0	2,647.6	100.0	345.3	100.0

TABLE 17. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Wholesale Trade Sector, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 17. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur du commerce de gros, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
15% and over — et plus	1963	634	14.5	1,339.7	28.1	421.6	23.5	3,191.6	27.4	87.4	32.3
	1964	609	13.5	1,256.5	24.5	349.8	18.5	2,976.4	24.4	91.4	28.6
	1965	780	12.6	1,598.6	25.2	422.1	19.3	3,788.5	24.8	125.2	30.8
	1966	847	12.9	1,778.4	26.0	492.0	20.5	4,178.3	25.1	137.4	30.5
15-94.9%	1963	52	1.2	59.6	1.3	15.2	0.8	163.1	1.4	5.2	1.9
	1964	62	1.4	99.6	1.9	39.1	2.1	163.8	1.3	6.2	1.9
	1965	85	1.4	144.0	2.3	40.0	1.8	283.1	1.9	7.4	1.8
	1966	80	1.2	162.0	2.4	36.2	1.5	358.5	2.2	10.7	2.4
10-74.9%	1963	105	2.4	166.0	3.5	54.0	3.0	514.5	4.4	8.3	3.1
	1964	115	2.6	259.5	5.1	101.9	5.4	740.5	6.0	15.0	4.7
	1965	132	2.1	218.4	3.4	81.8	3.7	550.1	3.9	16.2	4.0
	1966	134	2.0	233.0	3.4	73.2	3.1	568.1	3.4	19.5	4.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	791	18.1	1,565.3	32.9	490.8	27.3	3,869.2	33.2	100.9	37.3
	1964	786	17.5	1,615.6	31.5	490.8	26.0	3,880.7	31.7	112.6	35.2
	1965	997	16.1	1,961.0	30.9	543.9	24.8	4,661.7	30.6	148.8	36.6
	1966	1,061	16.1	2,173.4	31.8	601.4	25.1	5,104.9	30.7	167.6	37.2
15-49.9%	1963	89	2.0	211.4	4.4	56.7	3.1	378.9	3.3	5.3	2.0
	1964	95	2.1	223.2	4.3	53.2	2.8	397.4	3.2	7.0	2.2
	1965	101	1.8	211.0	3.3	51.5	2.3	254.2	1.7	9.1	2.2
	1966	101	1.5	217.8	3.2	53.7	2.2	284.3	1.7	6.0	1.3
5-24.9%	1963	120	2.7	222.7	4.7	78.5	4.4	618.0	5.3	16.5	6.1
	1964	132	2.9	255.6	5.0	94.2	5.0	588.0	4.8	14.8	4.6
	1965	160	2.6	409.1	6.4	148.4	6.8	950.7	6.2	25.8	6.4
	1966	174	2.6	405.7	5.9	128.5	5.4	1,160.0	7.0	30.3	6.7
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	3,382	77.2	2,761.9	58.0	1,172.2	65.2	6,787.2	59.2	147.3	54.6
	1964	3,485	77.5	3,039.6	59.2	1,252.2	66.2	7,392.0	60.3	185.9	58.0
	1965	4,939	79.7	3,772.0	59.4	1,453.4	66.1	9,355.9	61.5	222.3	54.8
	1966	5,273	79.8	4,046.8	59.1	1,609.7	67.3	10,070.9	60.6	246.4	54.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	3,591	81.9	3,196.0	67.1	1,307.4	72.7	7,784.1	66.8	169.3	62.7
	1964	3,712	82.5	3,518.4	68.5	1,399.6	74.0	8,377.4	68.3	207.7	64.8
	1965	5,200	83.9	4,392.1	69.1	1,653.3	75.2	10,560.8	69.4	257.2	63.4
	1966	5,448	83.9	4,670.3	68.2	1,791.9	74.9	11,515.2	69.3	282.7	62.8
Total	1963	4,382	100.0	4,761.3	100.0	1,798.2	100.0	11,653.3	100.0	270.2	100.0
	1964	4,498	100.0	5,134.0	100.0	1,890.4	100.0	12,258.1	100.0	320.3	100.0
	1965	6,197	100.0	6,353.1	100.0	2,197.2	100.0	15,222.5	100.0	406.0	100.0
	1966	6,609	100.0	6,843.7	100.0	2,393.3	100.0	16,620.1	100.0	450.3	100.0

TABLE 18. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Retail Trade Sector, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 18. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur du commerce de détail, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963	136	4.9	478.3	14.4	307.7	20.0	1,229.2	13.9	50.2	21.1
	1964	118	4.5	379.8	12.0	244.9	16.3	794.2	9.9	35.7	15.9
	1965	130	3.4	474.0	12.2	277.0	16.4	898.5	9.0	33.3	12.9
	1966	138	3.2	603.9	14.2	366.1	19.7	1,463.6	12.9	78.6	25.3
75-94.9%	1963	19	.7	147.7	4.5	118.4	7.7	361.7	4.5	10.7	4.6
	1964	33	1.3	162.5	5.2	121.3	8.0	427.2	5.3	11.4	5.1
	1965	36	.9	172.9	4.5	120.3	7.1	461.1	4.6	13.8	5.4
	1966	37	.9	183.3	4.3	122.2	6.5	493.1	4.3	13.6	4.4
50-74.9%	1963	28	1.0	208.8	6.3	121.0	7.9	410.6	5.1	20.6	8.9
	1964	30	1.1	220.0	7.0	129.0	8.5	426.7	5.3	21.2	9.5
	1965	40	1.0	237.0	6.1	135.2	8.0	522.9	5.3	27.6	10.7
	1966	49	1.1	274.2	6.4	146.7	7.8	560.1	4.9	29.4	9.5
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	183	6.6	834.8	25.2	547.1	35.6	1,901.5	23.5	81.5	35.4
	1964	181	6.9	762.3	24.2	495.2	32.8	1,648.1	20.5	68.3	30.5
	1965	206	5.3	883.9	22.8	532.5	31.5	1,882.5	18.9	74.7	29.0
	1966	224	5.2	1,061.4	24.9	635.0	34.0	2,516.8	22.1	121.6	39.2
25-49.9%	1963	36	1.3	65.1	2.0	20.1	1.3	96.0	1.2	.9	.4
	1964	29	1.1	40.1	1.3	9.1	.6	92.2	1.1	1.0	.4
	1965	20	.5	29.4	.8	3.4	.2	58.1	.6	.5	.2
	1966	27	.6	31.1	.7	5.4	.3	84.9	.7	2.6	.8
5-24.9%	1963	33	1.2	413.2	12.5	206.6	13.5	1,006.9	12.4	36.6	15.9
	1964	39	1.5	431.8	13.7	223.3	14.8	1,064.5	13.2	36.4	16.3
	1965	49	1.2	537.6	13.8	264.5	15.7	1,269.7	12.8	47.9	18.6
	1966	49	1.1	504.1	11.8	247.0	13.2	1,183.3	10.4	53.0	17.1
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	2,517	90.9	1,994.9	60.3	761.3	49.6	5,085.7	62.9	111.0	48.3
	1964	2,369	90.5	1,920.7	60.8	781.5	51.8	5,237.5	65.2	118.1	52.8
	1965	3,649	93.0	2,434.1	62.6	889.0	52.6	6,740.3	67.7	134.5	52.2
	1966	4,011	93.1	2,666.4	62.6	982.0	52.5	7,580.3	66.8	132.7	42.9
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	2,586	93.4	2,473.2	74.8	988.0	64.4	6,188.6	148.5	76.5	64.6
	1964	2,437	93.1	2,392.6	75.8	1,013.9	67.2	6,394.2	79.5	155.5	69.5
	1965	3,718	94.7	3,001.1	77.2	1,156.9	68.5	8,068.1	81.1	182.9	71.0
	1966	4,087	94.8	3,201.6	75.1	1,234.4	66.0	8,848.5	77.9	188.3	60.8
Total	1963	2,769	100.0	3,308.0	100.0	1,535.1	100.0	8,090.1	100.0	230.0	100.0
	1964	2,618	100.0	3,154.9	100.0	1,509.1	100.0	8,042.3	100.0	223.8	100.0
	1965	3,924	100.0	3,885.0	100.0	1,689.4	100.0	9,950.6	100.0	257.6	100.0
	1966	4,311	100.0	4,263.0	100.0	1,869.4	100.0	11,365.3	100.0	309.9	100.0

TABLE 19. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Finance Sector, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 19. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des finances, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963	629	8.4	5,109.9	22.5	3,133.0	29.2	529.3	22.6	292.4	28.6
	1964	662	8.5	4,189.7	17.0	2,074.4	19.5	300.7	12.9	121.7	14.0
	1965	882	7.7	6,923.1	21.3	3,896.6	27.0	517.2	16.1	154.7	16.1
	1966	963	7.9	6,417.6	18.8	2,617.1	18.3	444.8	14.0	145.0	16.4
75-94.9%	1963	139	1.8	932.7	4.1	611.1	5.7	72.1	3.1	44.0	4.3
	1964	124	1.6	562.1	2.3	192.0	1.8	35.5	1.5	11.0	1.3
	1965	149	1.3	466.1	1.4	250.8	1.7	48.4	1.5	17.6	1.8
	1966	172	1.4	750.5	2.2	426.6	3.0	71.6	2.3	23.1	2.6
50-74.9%	1963	194	2.6	1,125.8	5.0	529.1	4.9	94.1	4.0	29.7	2.9
	1964	226	2.9	1,907.4	7.8	1,171.6	11.0	241.9	10.4	132.0	15.2
	1965	282	2.5	1,691.6	5.2	915.0	6.3	235.9	7.3	134.0	13.8
	1966	306	2.5	1,518.8	4.5	866.9	6.1	153.6	4.9	79.6	9.0
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	962	12.8	7,168.4	31.6	4,273.2	39.8	695.5	29.7	366.1	35.8
	1964	1,012	13.0	6,659.2	27.1	3,438.0	32.3	578.1	24.8	264.7	30.5
	1965	1,313	11.5	9,080.8	27.9	5,062.4	35.0	801.5	24.9	306.3	31.7
	1966	1,441	11.8	8,686.9	25.5	3,910.6	27.4	670.0	21.2	247.7	28.0
25-49.9%	1963	254	3.4	1,529.4	6.7	841.4	7.9	154.1	6.6	116.0	11.3
	1964	255	3.3	1,103.6	4.5	613.0	5.8	132.6	5.7	88.5	10.2
	1965	331	2.9	2,155.3	6.6	1,524.1	10.5	237.6	7.4	147.7	15.3
	1966	357	2.9	2,506.1	7.4	1,698.1	11.9	205.8	6.5	116.3	13.2
5-24.9%	1963	354	4.7	3,229.8	14.3	1,211.4	11.3	333.6	14.2	153.5	15.0
	1964	363	4.6	3,522.6	14.3	1,408.6	13.2	243.5	10.5	110.9	12.8
	1965	489	4.3	4,234.9	13.0	1,806.9	12.4	386.4	12.0	151.1	15.7
	1966	530	4.3	4,392.5	12.9	1,999.7	14.0	329.4	10.4	115.1	13.0
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	5,957	79.1	10,748.4	47.4	4,397.2	41.0	1,161.2	49.5	387.6	37.9
	1964	6,186	79.1	13,274.8	54.1	5,188.4	48.7	1,372.0	59.0	403.0	46.5
	1965	9,319	81.3	17,044.8	52.5	6,075.9	42.1	1,793.9	55.7	359.8	37.3
	1966	9,927	81.0	18,423.3	54.2	6,675.4	46.7	1,952.6	61.9	404.7	45.8
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	6,565	87.2	15,507.6	68.4	6,450.0	60.2	1,648.9	70.3	657.1	64.2
	1964	6,804	87.0	17,901.0	72.9	7,210.0	67.7	1,748.1	75.2	602.4	69.5
	1965	10,139	88.5	23,435.0	72.1	9,406.9	65.0	2,417.9	75.1	658.6	68.3
	1966	10,814	88.2	25,321.9	74.5	10,373.2	72.6	2,487.8	78.8	636.1	72.0
Total	1963	7,527	100.0	22,676.0	100.0	10,723.2	100.0	2,344.0	100.0	1,023.2	100.0
	1964	7,816	100.0	24,360.2	100.0	10,648.0	100.0	2,326.2	100.0	867.1	100.0
	1965	11,432	100.0	32,515.8	100.0	14,468.3	100.0	3,219.0	100.0	964.9	100.0
	1966	12,255	100.0	34,008.8	100.0	14,283.8	100.0	3,157.8	100.0	883.8	100.0

TABLE 20. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership in the Service Sector, 1963-1966

TABLEAU 20. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents dans le secteur des services, 1963-1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1963	134	8.4	201.0	13.2	78.2	13.8	205.1	17.5	17.2	21.6
	1964	134	7.9	202.8	11.9	69.9	11.3	219.8	17.8	22.3	22.6
	1965	164	6.4	213.4	9.8	80.8	11.7	250.7	15.5	20.5	20.0
	1966	202	7.1	365.9	14.2	137.0	16.4	363.6	17.0	35.0	24.0
75-94.9%	1963	31	1.9	87.6	5.7	28.5	5.0	35.3	3.0	3.0	3.8
	1964	24	1.4	85.1	5.0	20.4	3.3	23.4	1.9	4.6	4.6
	1965	27	1.1	85.6	3.9	29.9	4.3	28.8	1.8	3.0	2.9
	1966	33	1.2	98.1	3.8	34.2	4.1	35.7	1.7	4.3	2.9
50-74.9%	1963	44	2.7	79.8	5.2	46.6	8.3	44.3	3.8	6.1	7.7
	1964	60	3.6	144.4	8.5	92.6	15.0	89.6	7.2	15.9	15.9
	1965	55	2.2	120.5	5.6	57.7	8.4	75.0	4.6	6.7	6.5
	1966	55	1.9	124.7	4.8	73.9	8.8	81.1	3.8	10.5	7.2
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	209	13.0	368.4	24.1	153.3	27.1	284.7	24.3	26.3	33.1
	1964	218	12.9	432.3	25.4	182.9	29.5	332.8	26.9	42.8	42.8
	1965	246	9.7	418.5	19.3	168.4	24.4	354.5	21.9	30.2	29.4
	1966	290	10.2	588.7	22.8	245.1	29.3	480.4	22.5	49.8	34.1
15-49.9%	1963	53	3.3	67.2	4.4	38.5	6.8	41.5	3.5	3.2	4.1
	1964	52	3.1	63.9	3.7	26.5	4.3	47.3	3.8	3.6	3.6
	1965	69	2.8	91.7	4.2	30.4	4.4	63.6	3.9	3.4	3.3
	1966	75	2.6	181.5	7.0	60.3	7.2	126.3	5.9	6.5	4.4
5-24.9%	1963	66	4.1	131.9	8.6	48.5	8.6	67.9	5.8	6.6	8.3
	1964	71	4.2	162.9	9.6	54.8	8.9	76.2	6.2	5.0	5.0
	1965	93	3.7	198.3	9.2	61.5	8.9	104.2	6.4	7.1	6.9
	1966	98	3.4	130.8	5.1	58.5	7.0	99.4	4.7	9.5	6.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	1,281	79.6	960.5	62.9	324.5	57.5	777.9	66.4	43.3	54.5
	1964	1,346	79.8	1,043.1	61.3	353.0	57.2	779.9	63.1	48.7	48.6
	1965	2,122	83.8	1,458.1	67.3	429.7	62.3	1,099.3	67.8	62.0	60.4
	1966	2,394	83.8	1,675.6	65.1	471.7	56.5	1,431.4	66.9	80.3	55.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	1,400	87.0	1,159.6	75.9	411.5	72.9	887.3	75.7	53.1	65.9
	1964	1,469	87.1	1,269.9	74.6	434.3	70.4	903.4	73.1	57.3	57.2
	1965	2,284	90.3	1,748.1	80.7	521.6	75.6	1,267.1	78.1	72.5	70.6
	1966	2,567	89.8	1,987.9	77.2	590.5	70.7	1,657.1	77.5	96.3	65.9
Total	1963	1,609	100.0	1,528.0	100.0	564.8	100.0	1,172.0	100.0	79.4	100.0
	1964	1,687	100.0	1,702.2	100.0	617.2	100.0	1,236.2	100.0	100.1	100.0
	1965	2,530	100.0	2,166.6	100.0	690.0	100.0	1,621.6	100.0	102.7	100.0
	1966	2,857	100.0	2,576.6	100.0	835.6	100.0	2,137.5	100.0	146.1	100.0

TABLE 21. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group, All Sectors, 1966

TABLEAU 21. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, total des secteurs, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group -- Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000- 999,999		\$1,000,000- 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over -- et plus		Total	
	No. -- nomb.	%	No. -- nomb.	%	No. -- nomb.	%	No. -- nomb.	%	No. -- nomb.	%	No. -- nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over -- et plus	1,618	7.5	1,223	13.3	1,868	23.4	747	43.3	268	46.6	5,724	14.0
Under 50% -- Moins de 50%	19,869	92.5	7,996	86.7	6,125	76.6	979	56.7	307	53.4	35,276	86.0
Total	21,487	100.0	9,219	100.0	7,993	100.0	1,726	100.0	575	100.0	41,000	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets -- Actif:												
50% and over -- et plus	522.9	7.9	875.5	13.6	4,241.1	26.1	7,855.4	43.9	26,986.2	49.0	40,481.1	39.6
Under 50% -- Moins de 50%	6,077.3	92.1	5,539.9	86.4	12,004.0	73.9	10,051.4	56.1	28,073.7	51.0	61,746.3	60.4
Total	6,600.2	100.0	6,415.4	100.0	16,245.1	100.0	17,905.8	100.0	55,059.9	100.0	102,227.4	100.0
Equity -- Avoir:												
50% and over -- et plus	199.3	7.9	359.0	14.7	1,901.4	29.1	3,878.8	46.7	13,986.5	51.5	20,325.0	43.3
Under 50% -- Moins de 50%	2,326.5	82.1	2,076.0	85.3	4,641.2	70.9	4,430.4	53.3	13,180.0	48.5	26,654.1	56.7
Total	2,525.8	100.0	2,435.0	100.0	6,542.6	100.0	8,309.2	100.0	27,166.5	100.0	46,979.1	100.0
Sales -- Ventes:												
50% and over -- et plus	937.7	7.9	1,115.3	13.7	4,958.6	27.9	7,433.7	49.6	19,531.0	62.0	33,976.3	40.3
Under 50% -- Moins de 50%	10,979.7	92.1	7,033.2	86.3	12,795.2	72.1	7,546.2	50.4	11,969.3	38.0	50,323.6	59.7
Total	11,917.4	100.0	8,148.5	100.0	17,753.8	100.0	14,979.9	100.0	31,500.3	100.0	84,299.9	100.0
Profits -- Bénéfices:												
50% and over -- et plus	34.4	9.3	63.5	21.9	322.0	37.5	569.4	51.0	1,919.0	54.2	2,908.3	47.1
Under 50% -- Moins de 50%	334.0	90.7	226.1	78.1	537.8	62.5	547.8	49.0	1,624.3	45.8	3,270.0	52.9
Total	368.4	100.0	289.6	100.0	859.8	100.0	1,117.2	100.0	3,543.3	100.0	6,178.3	100.0
Taxable income -- Revenu imposable:												
50% and over -- et plus	25.8	9.1	54.7	27.6	261.8	46.1	418.1	61.6	939.0	64.8	1,699.4	53.5
Under 50% -- Moins de 50%	256.6	90.9	143.8	72.4	306.5	53.9	261.1	38.4	511.1	35.2	1,479.1	46.5
Total	282.4	100.0	198.5	100.0	568.3	100.0	679.2	100.0	1,450.1	100.0	3,178.5	100.0

TABLE 22. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 22. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur de l'agriculture, de l'exploitation forestière et de la pêche, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	32	5.8	15	10.9	15	20.3	1	—	—	—	62	8.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	515	94.2	123	89.1	59	79.7	4	100.0	2	—	701	91.9
Total	547	100.0	138	100.0	74	100.0	4	100.0	2	—	763	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	10.6	6.0	10.5	11.5	40.6	27.6	1	—	—	—	61.7	12.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	166.2	94.0	80.7	88.5	106.7	72.4	74.8	100.0	2	—	428.4	87.4
Total	176.8	100.0	91.2	100.0	147.3	100.0	74.8	100.0	2	—	490.1	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	2.7	5.2	5.6	17.4	27.2	41.5	1	—	—	—	35.5	17.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	48.9	94.8	26.5	82.6	38.3	58.5	54.5	100.0	2	—	168.2	82.6
Total	51.6	100.0	32.1	100.0	65.5	100.0	54.5	100.0	2	—	203.7	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	11.6	6.6	11.5	13.5	27.3	19.1	1	—	—	—	50.4	11.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	164.4	93.4	73.6	86.5	115.8	80.9	17.9	100.0	2	—	371.7	88.1
Total	176.0	100.0	85.1	100.0	143.1	100.0	17.9	100.0	2	—	422.1	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	2	2.9	3	9.4	3.2	40.0	1	—	—	—	3.7	17.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	6.7	97.1	2.9	90.6	4.8	60.0	2.9	100.0	2	—	17.3	82.4
Total	6.9	100.0	3.2	100.0	8.0	100.0	2.9	100.0	2	—	21.0	100.0
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	—	—	1.2	11.8	3.1	56.4	1	—	—	—	3.3	26.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	3.2	100.0	1.5	88.2	2.4	43.6	2.3	100.0	2	—	9.4	74.0
Total	3.2	100.0	1.7	100.0	5.5	100.0	2.3	100.0	2	—	12.7	100.0

¹ Included with \$1,000,000-\$4,999,999 group. — Compris dans le groupe \$1,000,000-\$4,999,999.

² Included with \$5,000,000-\$24,999,999 group. — Compris dans le groupe \$5,000,000-\$24,999,999.

TABLE 23. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Mining, Quarrying and Oil Well Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 23. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur des mines, carrières et puits de pétrole, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	59	12.9	59	18.3	118	26.6	74	49.7	51	68.9	361	25.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	398	87.1	263	81.7	325	73.4	75	50.3	23	31.1	1,084	75.0
Total	457	100.0	322	100.0	443	100.0	149	100.0	74	100.0	1,445	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	21.0	13.2	42.7	18.5	283.8	30.3	870.8	52.1	4,395.1	66.6	5,614.2	58.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	137.5	86.8	187.7	81.5	652.9	69.7	800.6	47.9	2,206.7	33.4	3,985.4	41.5
Total	158.5	100.0	230.4	100.0	936.7	100.0	1,671.4	100.0	6,602.6	100.0	9,599.6	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	— .7	—	15.6	9.9	125.0	20.6	581.5	50.7	2,384.3	59.1	3,105.7	51.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	94.0	—	142.6	90.1	483.1	79.4	565.8	49.3	1,647.6	40.9	2,933.1	48.6
Total	93.3	—	158.2	100.0	608.1	100.0	1,147.3	100.0	4,031.9	100.0	6,038.8	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	12.7	13.9	25.4	28.4	113.5	37.7	221.2	43.7	1,391.9	65.7	1,764.7	56.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	78.8	86.1	64.0	71.6	187.2	62.3	284.9	56.3	727.8	34.3	1,342.7	43.2
Total	91.5	100.0	89.4	100.0	300.7	100.0	506.1	100.0	2,119.7	100.0	3,107.4	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	8.0	—	— .3	—	5.4	33.5	56.6	38.4	242.0	46.0	295.7	43.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2.9	—	4.1	—	10.7	66.5	90.8	61.6	263.9	54.0	392.4	57.0
Total	5.1	—	3.8	—	16.1	100.0	147.4	100.0	505.9	100.0	688.1	100.0
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	8.0	—	1.2	11.1	4.5	—	18.9	64.3	10.8	20.5	26.4	34.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1.0	—	1.6	88.9	— 4.6	—	10.5	35.7	41.8	79.5	50.3	65.6
Total	7.0	—	1.8	100.0	— .1	—	29.4	100.0	52.6	100.0	76.7	100.0

TABLE 24. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Assets Size Group in the Manufacturing Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 24. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur de la fabrication, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	Moins de \$500,000											
	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	387	11.3	388	21.5	736	37.4	310	58.7	135	61.4	1,956	24.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	3,037	88.7	1,419	78.5	1,231	62.6	218	41.3	85	38.6	5,990	75.4
Total	3,424	100.0	1,807	100.0	1,967	100.0	528	100.0	220	100.0	7,946	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	132.9	12.2	277.8	21.8	1,715.8	40.5	3,260.4	59.4	15,206.4	66.1	20,593.3	58.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	959.3	87.8	995.3	78.2	2,515.8	59.5	2,228.5	40.6	7,801.2	33.9	14,500.1	41.3
Total	1,092.2	100.0	1,273.1	100.0	4,231.6	100.0	5,488.9	100.0	23,007.6	100.0	35,093.4	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	52.9	11.5	124.9	23.7	842.4	44.2	1,762.6	63.9	8,479.3	66.6	11,262.1	61.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	405.9	88.5	401.0	76.3	1,061.4	55.8	996.3	36.1	4,260.6	33.4	7,125.2	38.8
Total	458.8	100.0	525.9	100.0	1,903.8	100.0	2,758.9	100.0	12,739.9	100.0	18,387.3	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	243.5	10.5	437.7	18.6	2,501.8	37.8	4,368.9	61.7	14,352.0	69.7	21,903.9	56.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2,079.2	89.5	1,919.6	81.4	4,121.7	62.2	2,707.1	38.3	6,226.8	30.3	17,054.4	43.8
Total	2,322.7	100.0	2,357.3	100.0	6,623.5	100.0	7,076.0	100.0	20,578.8	100.0	38,958.3	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	12.5	15.6	30.9	33.6	182.8	48.1	344.3	64.0	1,348.3	65.8	1,918.8	61.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	67.7	84.4	61.0	66.4	197.5	51.9	193.6	36.0	701.9	34.2	1,221.7	38.9
Total	80.2	100.0	91.9	100.0	380.3	100.0	537.9	100.0	2,050.2	100.0	3,140.5	100.0
taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	10.5	16.6	26.0	38.1	160.2	53.6	287.6	69.8	744.5	75.7	1,228.8	67.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	52.9	83.4	42.2	61.9	138.5	46.4	124.3	30.2	238.7	24.3	596.6	32.7
Total	63.4	100.0	68.2	100.0	298.7	100.0	411.9	100.0	983.2	100.0	1,825.4	100.0

TABLE 25. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Construction Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 25. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur de la construction, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	Moins de \$500,000											
	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	44	2.0	30	4.2	43	8.1	29	32.6	1	—	148	4.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2,177	98.0	690	95.8	488	91.9	60	67.4	9	100.0	3,424	95.9
Total	2,221	100.0	720	100.0	531	100.0	89	100.0	9	100.0	3,572	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	12.8	1.9	22.8	4.5	97.6	9.5	433.1	43.0	1	—	566.3	15.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	644.0	98.1	479.9	95.5	931.7	90.5	573.2	57.0	424.5	100.0	3,053.3	84.4
Total	656.8	100.0	502.7	100.0	1,029.3	100.0	1,006.3	100.0	424.5	100.0	3,619.6	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	2.0	1.1	7.2	5.7	26.7	11.0	70.4	36.6	1	—	106.3	13.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	187.8	98.9	118.7	94.3	215.0	89.0	122.1	63.4	41.6	100.0	685.2	86.6
Total	189.8	100.0	125.9	100.0	241.7	100.0	192.5	100.0	41.6	100.0	791.5	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	61.8	4.0	44.7	4.8	276.4	15.3	531.2	40.0	1	—	914.1	15.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1,484.8	96.0	884.1	95.2	1,532.2	84.7	796.2	60.0	272.4	100.0	4,969.7	84.5
Total	1,546.6	100.0	928.8	100.0	1,808.6	100.0	1,327.4	100.0	272.4	100.0	5,883.8	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	2.0	4.1	2.4	8.5	7.8	12.3	17.5	37.2	1	—	29.7	15.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	46.3	95.9	25.7	91.5	55.5	87.7	29.6	62.8	6.5	100.0	163.6	84.6
Total	48.3	100.0	28.1	100.0	63.3	100.0	47.1	100.0	6.5	100.0	193.3	100.0
taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	.9	2.6	.9	5.8	1.4	4.7	9.8	41.7	1	—	13.0	12.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	33.6	97.4	14.7	94.2	28.5	95.3	13.7	58.3	—	—	90.1	87.4
Total	34.5	100.0	15.6	100.0	29.9	100.0	23.5	100.0	—	—	103.1	100.0

¹ Included with \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999 group. — Compris dans le groupe \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999.

TABLE 26. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Groups in the Transportation, Storage, Communication and Public Utilities, 1966

TABLEAU 26. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur des transports, entreposage, communications et utilités publiques, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000- 999,999		\$1,000,000- 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	43	7.9	35	12.8	58	19.8	33	37.9	12	27.9	181	14.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	502	92.1	239	87.2	235	80.2	54	62.1	31	72.1	1,061	85.4
Total	545	100.0	274	100.0	293	100.0	87	100.0	43	100.0	1,242	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	11.6	6.9	23.9	12.7	143.5	24.2	292.9	32.4	663.3	17.1	1,135.2	19.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	157.6	93.1	164.1	87.3	449.9	75.8	611.0	67.6	3,214.8	82.9	4,597.4	80.2
Total	169.2	100.0	188.0	100.0	5,931.4	100.0	903.9	100.0	3,878.1	100.0	5,732.6	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	3.6	5.6	9.8	14.2	61.2	26.7	114.6	29.9	234.1	16.4	423.3	19.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	60.2	94.4	59.4	85.8	168.3	73.3	268.4	70.1	1,196.1	83.6	1,752.4	80.5
Total	63.8	100.0	69.2	100.0	229.5	100.0	383.0	100.0	1,430.2	100.0	2,175.7	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	40.5	13.9	28.9	11.6	156.2	25.3	205.8	40.2	139.7	14.3	571.1	21.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	250.5	86.1	220.8	88.4	462.3	74.7	306.2	59.8	836.7	85.7	2,076.5	78.1
Total	291.0	100.0	249.7	100.0	618.5	100.0	512.0	100.0	976.4	100.0	2,647.6	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus .....	.8	7.9	3.0	23.1	13.2	30.9	33.2	47.6	23.5	11.2	73.7	21.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	9.3	92.1	10.0	76.9	29.5	69.1	36.6	52.4	186.2	88.8	271.6	78.7
Total	10.1	100.0	13.0	100.0	42.7	100.0	69.8	100.0	209.7	100.0	345.3	100.0
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus .....	.6	7.2	2.7	26.5	9.9	32.5	25.1	53.7	10.9	10.2	49.2	24.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	7.7	92.8	7.5	73.5	20.6	67.5	21.6	46.3	95.6	89.8	153.0	75.7
Total	8.3	100.0	10.2	100.0	30.5	100.0	46.7	100.0	106.5	100.0	202.2	100.0

TABLE 27. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident ownership by Asset Size Group in the Wholesale Trade Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 27. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur du commerce de gros, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group — Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000- 999,999		\$1,000,000- 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000- 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over — et plus		Total	
	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%	No. — Nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over — et plus	416	10.3	243	17.9	324	31.9	74	44.0	4	22.2	1,061	16.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	3,634	89.7	1,114	82.1	692	68.1	94	56.0	14	77.8	5,548	83.9
Total	4,050	100.0	1,357	100.0	1,016	100.0	168	100.0	18	100.0	6,609	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets — Actif:												
50% and over — et plus	118.6	10.5	173.2	18.5	699.3	33.9	765.1	45.6	417.2	40.3	2,173.4	31.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1,016.3	89.5	760.8	81.5	1,363.8	66.1	911.9	54.4	617.5	59.7	4,670.3	68.2
Total	1,134.9	100.0	934.0	100.0	2,063.1	100.0	1,677.0	100.0	1,034.7	100.0	6,843.7	100.0
Equity — Avoir:												
50% and over — et plus	43.2	9.5	65.0	17.8	242.6	32.2	210.1	41.2	40.5	13.1	601.4	25.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	411.5	90.5	299.4	82.2	511.9	67.8	299.9	58.8	269.2	86.9	1,791.9	74.9
Total	454.7	100.0	364.4	100.0	754.5	100.0	510.0	100.0	309.7	100.0	2,393.3	100.0
Sales — Ventes:												
50% and over — et plus	353.9	9.8	347.1	14.8	1,321.5	28.9	1,610.5	42.8	1,471.9	63.6	5,104.9	30.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	3,258.9	90.2	2,004.1	85.2	3,255.3	71.1	2,154.6	57.2	842.3	36.4	11,515.2	69.3
Total	3,612.8	100.0	2,351.2	100.0	4,576.8	100.0	3,765.1	100.0	2,314.2	100.0	16,620.1	100.0
Profits — Bénéfices:												
50% and over — et plus	13.7	15.6	15.1	26.2	51.3	40.3	53.9	50.1	33.6	47.9	167.6	37.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	74.0	84.4	42.6	73.8	75.9	59.7	53.6	49.9	36.6	52.1	282.7	62.8
Total	87.7	100.0	57.7	100.0	127.2	100.0	107.5	100.0	70.2	100.0	450.3	100.0
Taxable income — Revenu imposable:												
50% and over — et plus	11.8	14.6	15.0	28.0	45.4	41.7	45.1	50.0	33.8	52.0	151.1	37.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	68.9	85.4	38.5	72.0	63.6	58.3	45.1	50.0	31.2	48.0	247.3	62.1
Total	80.7	100.0	53.5	100.0	109.0	100.0	90.2	100.0	65.0	100.0	398.4	100.0

TABLE 28. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Retail Trade Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 28. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur du commerce de détail, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group - Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over - et plus		Total	
	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over - et plus	87	2.8	49	7.6	63	14.2	16	29.1	9	47.4	224	5.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	3,064	97.2	593	92.4	381	85.8	39	70.9	10	52.6	4,087	94.8
Total	3,151	100.0	642	100.0	444	100.0	55	100.0	19	100.0	4,311	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets - Actif:												
50% and over - et plus	26.0	3.3	36.0	8.2	123.1	15.2	176.7	30.4	699.6	42.6	1,061.4	24.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	765.5	96.7	402.8	91.8	686.0	84.8	405.1	69.6	942.2	57.4	3,201.6	75.1
Total	791.5	100.0	438.8	100.0	809.1	100.0	581.8	100.0	1,641.8	100.0	4,263.0	100.0
Liability - Avoir:												
50% and over - et plus	10.2	3.3	11.7	7.9	39.3	15.2	84.4	32.5	489.4	55.1	635.0	34.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	303.3	96.7	137.2	92.1	219.0	84.8	175.6	67.5	399.3	44.9	1,234.4	66.0
Total	313.5	100.0	148.9	100.0	258.3	100.0	260.0	100.0	888.7	100.0	1,869.4	100.0
Sales - Ventes:												
50% and over - et plus	103.6	3.7	113.5	8.5	299.1	12.5	272.5	26.2	1,728.1	45.4	2,516.8	22.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	2,680.5	96.3	1,220.4	91.5	2,103.1	87.5	769.1	73.8	2,075.4	54.6	8,848.5	77.9
Total	2,784.1	100.0	1,333.9	100.0	2,402.2	100.0	1,041.6	100.0	3,803.5	100.0	11,365.3	100.0
Profits - Bénéfices:												
50% and over - et plus	2.3	4.8	1.9	10.1	10.5	26.1	10.8	24.7	96.1	60.4	121.6	39.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	45.7	95.2	16.9	89.9	29.7	73.9	32.9	75.3	63.1	39.6	188.3	60.8
Total	48.0	100.0	18.8	100.0	40.2	100.0	43.7	100.0	159.2	100.0	309.9	100.0
Taxable income - Revenu imposable:												
50% and over - et plus	1.2	2.7	1.6	10.0	9.7	29.0	8.4	22.3	91.2	69.4	112.1	42.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	42.7	97.3	14.4	90.0	23.8	71.0	29.2	77.7	40.2	30.6	150.3	57.3
Total	43.9	100.0	16.0	100.0	33.5	100.0	37.6	100.0	131.4	100.0	262.4	100.0

TABLE 29. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Finance Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 29. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur des finances, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group - Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over - et plus		Total	
	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over - et plus	441	8.2	331	10.1	430	15.4	186	31.6	53	29.1	1,441	11.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	4,958	91.8	2,955	89.9	2,369	84.6	403	68.4	129	70.9	10,814	88.2
Total	5,399	100.0	3,286	100.0	2,799	100.0	589	100.0	182	100.0	12,255	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets - Actif:												
50% and over - et plus	156.7	8.3	239.0	10.4	985.0	17.4	1,850.9	30.5	5,455.3	30.1	8,686.9	25.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1,725.3	91.7	2,057.8	89.6	4,665.3	82.6	4,222.9	69.5	12,650.6	69.9	25,321.9	74.5
Total	1,882.0	100.0	2,296.8	100.0	5,650.3	100.0	6,073.8	100.0	18,105.9	100.0	34,008.8	100.0
Liability - Avoir:												
50% and over - et plus	71.6	10.0	99.8	11.4	488.9	21.8	935.4	32.5	2,314.9	30.6	3,910.6	27.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	645.7	90.0	779.0	88.6	1,751.0	78.2	1,941.4	67.5	5,256.1	69.4	10,373.2	72.6
Total	717.3	100.0	878.8	100.0	2,239.9	100.0	2,876.8	100.0	7,571.0	100.0	14,283.8	100.0
Sales - Ventes:												
50% and over - et plus	34.8	9.1	26.5	7.8	96.0	15.2	137.7	27.7	375.0	28.7	670.0	21.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	349.3	90.9	311.7	92.2	536.3	84.8	358.8	72.3	931.7	71.3	2,487.8	78.8
Total	384.1	100.0	338.2	100.0	632.3	100.0	496.5	100.0	1,306.7	100.0	3,157.8	100.0
Profits - Bénéfices:												
50% and over - et plus	6.6	10.6	2.1	4.2	33.1	25.4	37.0	27.9	168.9	33.3	247.7	28.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	55.9	89.4	48.5	95.8	97.3	74.6	95.5	72.1	338.9	66.7	636.1	72.0
Total	62.5	100.0	50.6	100.0	130.4	100.0	132.5	100.0	507.8	100.0	883.8	100.0
Taxable income - Revenu imposable:												
50% and over - et plus	4.9	16.0	.5	3.4	14.4	49.5	11.7	61.9	43.8	41.2	75.3	37.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	25.7	84.0	14.4	96.6	14.7	50.5	7.2	38.1	62.4	58.8	124.4	62.3
Total	30.6	100.0	14.9	100.0	29.1	100.0	18.9	100.0	106.2	100.0	199.7	100.0

TABLE 30. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Asset Size Group in the Service Sector, 1966

TABLEAU 30. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif, dans le secteur des services, 1966

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Asset size group - Tranche de taille de l'actif											
	Under \$500,000 Moins de \$500,000		\$500,000 - 999,999		\$1,000,000 - 4,999,999		\$ 5,000,000 - 24,999,999		\$25,000,000 and over - et plus		Total	
	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%	No. - Nomb.	%
Corporations:												
50% and over - et plus	109	6.4	73	10.8	83	19.4	25	42.4	¹	—	290	10.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1,584	93.6	600	89.2	345	80.6	34	57.6	4	100.0	2,567	89.8
Total	1,693	100.0	673	100.0	428	100.0	59	100.0	4	100.0	2,857	100.0
	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
Assets - Actif:												
50% and over - et plus	32.7	6.1	49.6	10.8	166.1	20.8	340.3	54.3	¹	—	588.7	22.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	505.6	93.9	410.8	89.2	631.9	79.2	286.5	45.7	153.1	100.0	1,987.9	77.2
Total	538.3	100.0	460.4	100.0	798.0	100.0	626.8	100.0	153.1	100.0	2,576.6	100.0
Equity - Avoir:												
50% and over - et plus	13.8	7.5	19.4	14.7	60.4	23.8	151.5	73.4	¹	—	245.1	29.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	169.2	92.5	112.2	85.3	193.2	76.2	55.0	26.6	60.9	100.0	590.5	70.7
Total	183.0	100.0	131.6	100.0	253.6	100.0	206.5	100.0	60.9	100.0	835.6	100.0
Sales - Ventes:												
50% and over - et plus	75.3	10.6	80.0	19.3	176.3	26.8	149.8	47.8	¹	—	480.4	22.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	633.3	89.4	334.9	80.7	481.3	73.2	162.8	52.2	44.8	100.0	1,657.1	77.5
Total	708.6	100.0	414.9	100.0	657.6	100.0	311.6	100.0	44.8	100.0	2,137.5	100.0
Profits - Bénéfices:												
50% and over - et plus	4.3	14.4	8.1	36.0	17.0	31.5	20.4	60.0	¹	—	49.8	34.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	25.5	85.6	14.4	64.0	36.9	68.5	13.6	40.0	5.9	100.0	96.3	65.9
Total	29.8	100.0	22.5	100.0	53.9	100.0	34.0	100.0	5.9	100.0	146.1	100.0
Taxable income - Revenu imposable:												
50% and over - et plus	3.9	15.7	7.6	45.8	15.6	45.1	13.1	61.2	¹	—	40.2	41.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	20.9	84.3	9.0	54.2	19.0	54.9	8.3	38.8	.5	100.0	57.7	58.9
Total	24.8	100.0	16.6	100.0	34.6	100.0	21.4	100.0	.5	100.0	97.9	100.0

¹ Included with \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999 group. - Compris dans le groupe \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999.

TABLE 31. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sectors, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU 31. Revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par secteurs, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors Secteurs industriels		Total					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over et plus	Under 50% Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells - Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. - nomb.	77.5 152	80.5 281	158.0 433	79.5 146	69.5 279	149.0 425
Manufacturing - Fabrication	\$'000,000 No. - nomb.	1,394.5 3,387	719.0 5,314	2,113.5 8,701	1,333.7 3,580	695.7 5,619	2,029.4 9,199
Construction	\$'000,000 No. - nomb.	15.1 173	80.0 2,157	95.1 2,330	25.4 169	109.0 2,589	134.4 2,758
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities - Transport, entreposage, communications, et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. - nomb.	51.7 204	171.0 824	222.7 1,028	53.5 190	184.3 876	237.8 1,066
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	\$'000,000 No. - nomb.	129.4 1,416	234.1 5,012	363.5 6,428	162.8 1,544	271.9 5,440	434.7 6,984
Retail trade - Commerce de détail	\$'000,000 No. - nomb.	75.3 306	170.3 3,069	245.6 3,375	115.0 350	171.6 3,357	286.6 3,707
Finance - Finances	\$'000,000 No. - nomb.	84.2 790	202.9 4,427	287.1 5,217	98.0 939	215.6 4,840	313.6 5,779
Other industries - Autres industries	\$'000,000 No. - nomb.	36.7 357	76.1 1,739	112.8 2,096	50.8 470	93.8 2,098	144.6 2,568
Total	\$'000,000 No. - nomb.	1,864.4 6,785	1,733.9 22,823	3,598.3 29,608	1,918.7 7,388	1,811.4 25,098	3,730.1 32,486

TABLE 32. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to Newfoundland by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

CAPTEAU 32. Revenu imposable provenant de Terre-Neuve réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sector Secteurs industriels		Newfoundland - Terre-Neuve					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
ining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	6.1 7	1.1 6	7.2 13	.8 4	.1 4	.9 8
anufacturing — Fabrication	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	9.7 87	6.1 78	15.8 165	10.5 104	4.8 72	15.3 176
onstruction.....	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.1 4	3.7 40	3.8 44	.5 3	4.3 55	4.8 58
ransportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	3.2 9	3.0 16	6.2 25	3.4 8	1.3 16	4.7 24
olesale trade — Commerce de gros.....	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.5 24	5.4 91	5.9 115	.6 25	5.5 91	6.1 116
etail trade — Commerce de détail.....	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.9 13	3.6 59	4.5 72	1.1 13	3.7 67	4.8 80
nance — Finances	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.3 5	2.0 39	2.3 44	.6 11	7.3 35	7.9 46
her industries — Autres industries	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.6 5	.4 23	1.0 28	.1 10	1.4 29	1.5 39
Total	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	21.4 154	25.3 352	46.7 506	17.6 178	28.4 369	46.0 547

TABLE 33. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to Prince Edward Island by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

CAPTEAU 33. Revenu imposable provenant de l'Île-du-Prince-Edouard réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors Secteurs industriels		Prince Edward Island — Île-du-Prince-Edouard					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
ining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —
anufacturing — Fabrication	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.6 37	1.1 33	1.7 70	.7 36	1.0 26	1.7 62
onstruction.....	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.1 1	.7 13	.7 13	.1 1	.4 10	.5 12
ransportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.1 1	1.0 5	1.0 5	— 1	1.4 5	1.4 6
olesale trade — Commerce de gros.....	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	— 5	.9 33	.9 38	— 6	.7 34	.7 40
etail trade — Commerce de détail.....	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.2 7	.6 23	.8 30	.3 7	.9 23	1.2 30
inance — Finances	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.1 7	.2 21	.3 28	.3 5	.6 22	.9 27
her industries — Autres industries	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.2 1	.1 5	.1 10	— 2	.1 10	.1 12
Total	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.9 61	4.6 133	5.5 194	1.4 59	5.1 130	6.5 189

¹ Includes with "Other industries". — Compris dans le groupe "Autres industries".

² Adjusted for inclusion of "Construction" and "Transportation, storage communication and public utilities". — Incluent "Construction" et "Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques."

TABLE 34. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to Nova Scotia by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU 34. Revenu imposable provenant de la Nouvelle-Écosse réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels	Nova Scotia — Nouvelle-Écosse					
	1965			1966		
	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole. \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	2.9 8	.2 7	3.1 15	2.8 9	.2 7	3.0 16
Manufacturing — Fabrication \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	14.8 157	8.4 162	23.2 319	17.6 175	10.3 169	27.9 344
Construction \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.3 10	1.9 50	2.2 60	.5 6	3.0 74	3.5 80
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques. \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	2.1 9	10.2 25	12.3 34	1.1 7	12.6 24	13.7 31
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.2 57	4.4 149	5.6 206	1.5 62	5.3 157	6.8 219
Retail trade — Commerce de détail \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	2.8 15	6.4 141	9.2 156	3.6 18	6.2 140	9.8 158
Finance — Finances \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.8 12	2.9 98	3.7 110	1.4 15	2.5 98	3.9 113
Other industries — Autres industries \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.4 11	.8 42	1.2 53	.4 17	1.0 52	1.4 69
Total \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	25.3 279	35.2 674	60.5 953	28.9 309	41.1 721	70.0 1,030

TABLE 35. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to New Brunswick by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU 35. Revenu imposable provenant du Nouveau-Brunswick réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels	New Brunswick — Nouveau-Brunswick					
	1965			1966		
	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole. \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.2 4	.6 10	.8 14	.3 3	.5 10	.8 13
Manufacturing — Fabrication \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	13.1 145	10.0 152	23.1 297	14.4 169	8.8 143	23.2 312
Construction \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.1 7	2.8 56	2.9 63	3.2 4	3.7 76	6.9 80
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques. \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.6 8	5.9 19	6.5 27	.7 7	7.0 24	7.7 31
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.7 47	4.4 135	6.1 182	1.8 45	6.2 142	8.0 187
Retail trade — Commerce de détail \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	2.3 19	6.6 98	8.9 117	3.3 21	6.2 102	9.5 123
Finance — Finances \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.7 16	2.3 66	3.0 82	1.0 16	1.9 66	2.9 82
Other industries — Autres industries \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.5 18	.7 34	1.2 52	.5 26	1.5 46	2.0 72
Total \$'000,000 No. — nomb.	19.2 264	33.3 570	52.5 834	25.2 291	35.8 609	61.0 900

TABLE 36. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to Quebec by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

TABLÉAU 36. Revenu Imposable provenant du Québec réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors Secteurs industriels		Québec					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
ining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	23.4 17	31.9 44	55.3 61	24.2 17	36.6 42	60.8 59
anufacturing — Fabrication.....	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	326.7 682	202.9 1,749	529.6 2,431	324.0 696	201.8 1,887	525.8 2,583
onstruction	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.6 35	22.5 593	24.1 628	3.9 36	30.0 705	33.9 741
ransportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	14.7 35	19.4 195	34.1 230	17.0 36	19.3 221	36.3 257
holesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	28.8 342	68.2 1,506	97.0 1,848	36.6 361	74.6 1,642	111.2 2,003
etail — Commerce de détail	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	12.9 52	46.4 788	59.3 840	16.5 63	43.8 862	60.3 925
inance — Finances	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	11.6 157	63.8 1,188	75.4 1,345	16.7 190	57.8 1,243	74.5 1,433
ther industries — Autres industries.....	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	9.7 68	18.2 344	27.9 412	13.0 93	20.6 412	33.6 505
Total.....	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	429.4 1,388	473.3 6,407	902.7 7,795	451.9 1,492	484.5 7,014	936.4 8,506

TABLE 37. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to Ontario by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

TABLÉAU 37. Revenu imposable provenant de l'Ontario réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors Secteurs industriels		Ontario					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
ining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	14.0 18	12.6 81	26.6 99	14.3 21	12.7 79	27.0 100
ufacturing — Fabrication	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	824.3 1,049	313.9 1,828	1,138.2 2,877	764.2 1,102	309.8 1,976	1,074.0 3,078
onstruction	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	6.4 47	30.0 804	36.4 851	9.6 50	46.6 1,032	56.2 1,082
ansportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	12.8 56	36.4 239	49.2 295	12.0 49	40.9 257	52.9 306
olesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	64.2 458	88.3 1,578	152.5 2,036	79.5 511	114.3 1,782	193.8 2,293
etail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	31.1 85	65.5 1,124	96.6 1,209	42.9 92	69.9 1,249	112.8 1,341
nance — Finances	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	31.7 233	81.2 1,773	112.9 2,006	34.4 269	91.1 2,028	125.5 2,297
her industries — Autres industries	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	10.7 95	26.7 638	37.4 733	19.8 119	34.0 745	53.8 864
Total	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	995.2 2,041	654.6 8,065	1,649.8 10,106	976.7 2,213	719.3 9,148	1,696.0 11,361

TABLE 38. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to Manitoba by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU 38. Revenu imposable provenant du Manitoba réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels		Manitoba					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.3 10	.7 13	2.0 23	1.5 8	.7 15	2.2 23
Manufacturing — Fabrication	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	45.1 338	39.5 358	84.6 696	38.9 338	39.9 344	78.8 682
Construction	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.8 13	2.2 83	3.0 96	5 12	4.8 114	5.3 126
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.9 14	10.3 65	12.2 79	1.5 13	11.0 59	12.5 72
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	6.0 103	10.3 308	16.3 411	7.2 120	11.2 315	18.4 435
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	7.3 22	5.9 119	13.2 141	9.6 28	5.0 132	14.6 160
Finance — Finances	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	4.3 43	17.1 293	21.4 336	5.4 57	16.7 308	22.1 365
Other industries — Autres industries	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.2 27	2.9 104	4.1 131	1.4 36	3.3 129	4.7 165
Total	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	67.9 570	88.9 1,343	156.8 1,913	66.0 612	92.6 1,416	158.6 2,028

TABLE 39. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to Saskatchewan by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU 39. Revenu imposable provenant de la Saskatchewan réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels		Saskatchewan					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	2.2 20	2.7 30	4.9 50	3.5 19	2.7 33	6.2 52
Manufacturing — Fabrication	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	15.6 157	10.6 124	26.2 281	17.4 176	13.0 137	30.4 313
Construction	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.5 8	2.8 101	3.3 109	.3 10	3.2 115	3.5 125
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	5.1 11	14.7 37	19.8 48	5.1 11	15.3 37	20.4 49
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	5.3 63	11.7 218	17.0 281	6.5 72	9.7 230	16.2 302
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	3.0 24	6.0 184	9.0 208	5.8 26	5.4 161	11.2 187
Finance — Finances	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.9 22	3.3 106	5.2 128	3.5 30	3.0 118	6.5 148
Other industries — Autres industries	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.1 23	1.5 60	2.6 83	1.1 30	1.9 69	3.0 99
Total	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	34.7 328	53.3 860	88.0 1,188	43.2 374	54.2 901	97.4 1,275

TABLE 40. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to Alberta by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

TABLERAU 40. Revenu imposable provenant de l'Alberta réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels		Alberta					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	23.2 35	5.6 54	28.8 89	26.5 34	4.5 54	31.0 88
Manufacturing — Fabrication	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	56.1 299	23.8 261	79.9 560	68.3 333	25.8 298	94.1 631
Construction	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	3.8 20	7.2 193	11.0 213	4.9 19	3.2 115	8.1 134
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	7.5 24	43.8 76	51.3 100	8.8 22	44.5 92	53.3 114
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	8.9 131	15.9 393	24.8 524	13.7 146	18.3 404	32.0 550
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	6.9 29	9.4 223	16.3 252	15.2 37	10.4 261	25.6 298
Finance — Finances	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	3.5 46	10.9 328	14.4 374	5.4 62	11.4 343	16.8 405
Other industries — Autres industries	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	2.9 39	4.6 183	7.5 222	5.1 55	6.6 257	11.7 312
Total	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	112.8 623	121.2 1,711	234.0 2,334	147.9 708	124.7 1,824	272.6 2,532

TABLE 41. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to British Columbia by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

TABLERAU 41. Revenu imposable provenant de la Colombie-Britannique réparti par secteurs selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels		British Columbia — Colombie-Britannique					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	2.7 20	24.0 22	26.7 42	4.3 22	10.5 20	14.8 42
Manufacturing — Fabrication	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	87.6 404	97.4 543	185.0 947	77.2 430	79.4 538	156.6 968
Construction	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.3 25	5.9 213	7.2 238	1.8 24	9.5 279	11.3 303
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	3.6 30	25.0 114	28.6 144	3.7 28	29.7 111	33.4 139
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	11.2 176	24.5 594	35.7 770	14.1 187	26.0 633	40.1 820
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	7.5 33	19.8 305	27.3 338	16.1 37	19.9 355	36.0 392
Finance — Finances	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	4.3 72	18.0 485	22.3 557	7.5 96	18.4 550	25.9 646
Other industries — Autres industries	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	7.9 55	20.1 292	28.0 347	7.8 64	23.0 331	30.8 395
Total	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	126.1 815	234.7 2,568	360.8 3,383	132.5 888	216.4 2,817	348.9 3,705

TABLE 42. Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Allocated to Others by Degree of Non-resident Ownership by Sector, 1965 and 1966

TABLEAU 42. Revenu imposable résiduel réparti par secteur selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, corporations déclarantes, 1965 et 1966

Industrial sectors Secteurs industriels		Other — Autres					
		1965			1966		
		50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total	50% and over — et plus	Under 50% — Moins de 50%	Total
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.4 13	1.0 14	2.4 27	1.3 9	1.0 15	2.3 24
Manufacturing — Fabrication	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.0 32	5.0 26	6.0 58	.5 21	1.1 29	1.6 50
Construction	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.1 4	.5 11	.6 15	.1 3	.3 14	.4 17
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques.	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.2 8	1.2 33	1.4 41	.2 8	1.3 29	1.5 37
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.5 10	.1 7	1.6 17	1.3 9	.1 1	1.4 19
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	.5 7	.1 5	.6 12	.6 8	.2 5	.8 13
Finance — Finances	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	25.0 177	1.2 30	26.2 207	21.8 188	4.9 29	26.7 217
Other industries — Autres industries	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	1.7 11	.2 14	1.9 25	1.6 18	.4 18	2.0 36
Total	\$'000,000 No. — nomb.	31.4 262	9.3 140	40.7 402	27.4 264	9.3 149	36.7 413

TABLE 43. Assets and Sales of Reporting Corporations by Geographic Area of Control, 1966

TABLEAU 43. Actif et ventes des corporations déclarantes par région géographiques de contrôle, 1966

Industrial sectors Secteurs industriels	United States — États-Unis	United Kingdom — Royaume-Uni	European OECD — O.C.D.E.	Other — Autres	Unknown — Non déterminé	Sub-total — Total partiel	Canada	Total
Agriculture, forestry and fishing — Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	37	1	7	3	15	62	763
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	46.4	1	3.2	1.3	10.8	61.7	490.1
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	43.5	1	.8	.2	5.9	371.7	422.1
Mining, quarries and oil wells — Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	208	27	17	13	96	361	1,445
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	4,440.1	295.0	206.9	82.0	590.2	5,614.0	9,599.6
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	1,501.3	47.8	36.3	24.6	154.7	1,764.7	3,107.4
Manufacturing — Fabrication:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	1,456	130	83	26	161	1,956	5,990
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	13,922.3	2,547.2	1,496.0	49.2	2,578.6	20,593.3	14,500.1
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	17,033.2	2,177.8	1,094.1	77.9	1,520.9	21,903.9	17,054.4
Construction:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	96	24	7	5	16	148	3,424
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	360.1	156.1	24.8	13.6	11.7	566.3	3,053.3
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	748.3	108.5	15.6	22.0	19.7	914.1	4,969.7
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	101	27	9	9	35	181	1,061
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	614.8	91.7	10.7	14.2	403.8	1,135.2	4,597.4
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	286.0	79.1	5.6	10.1	190.3	571.1	2,076.5
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	644	187	91	36	103	1,061	5,548
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	1,284.7	457.3	167.1	106.5	157.8	2,173.4	4,670.3
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	3,442.1	670.1	278.0	253.2	461.5	5,104.9	11,515.2
Retail trade — Commerce de détail:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	172	19	10	3	20	224	4,087
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	800.3	229.2	10.9	3.6	17.4	1,061.4	3,201.6
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	2,001.7	440.9	19.9	5.5	48.8	2,516.8	8,848.5
Finance — Finances:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	423	260	206	114	438	1,441	10,814
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	3,961.2	1,572.1	1,236.1	312.5	1,605.0	8,686.9	25,321.9
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	342.4	90.0	71.2	25.0	141.4	670.0	2,487.8
Services:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	207	13	20	8	42	290	2,567
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	383.6	70.1	30.2	6.2	98.6	588.7	1,987.9
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	381.2	35.2	16.6	3.2	44.2	480.4	1,657.1
Total:								
Corporations	No. — nomb.	3,344	787	450	217	926	5,724	35,276
Assets — Actif	\$'000,000	25,813.5	5,418.7	3,185.9	589.1	5,473.9	40,481.1	61,746.3
Sales — Ventes	\$'000,000	25,779.7	3,649.4	1,538.1	421.7	2,587.4	33,976.3	50,323.6

¹ Included with "unknown". — Inclus dans le groupe "Non déterminé".

TABLE 44. Per Cent Distribution of Assets and Sales of Reporting Corporations by Geographic Area Control, 1966

TABLEAU 44. Répartition en pourcentage de l'actif et des ventes des corporations déclarantes par région géographiques de contrôle, 1966

Industrial sectors Secteurs industriels	United States États-Unis	United Kingdom Royaume-Uni	European OECD O.C.D.E.	Other Autres	Unknown Non déterminé	Sub-total Total partiel	Canada	Total
per cent - pour-cent								
Agriculture, forestry and fishing - Agriculture, exploitation forestière et pêche:								
No. - Nomb.	4.8	1	.9	.4	2.0	8.1	91.9	100.0
Assets - Actif	9.4	1	.7	.3	2.2	12.6	87.4	100.0
Sales - Ventes	10.3	1	.2	—	1.4	11.9	88.1	100.0
Mining, quarries and oil wells - Mines, carrières et puits de pétrole:								
No. - Nomb.	14.4	1.9	1.2	.9	6.6	25.0	75.0	100.0
Assets - Actif	46.2	3.1	2.2	.9	6.1	58.5	41.5	100.0
Sales - Ventes	48.3	1.5	1.2	.8	5.0	56.8	43.2	100.0
Manufacturing - Fabrication:								
No. - Nomb.	18.4	2.9	1.0	.3	2.0	24.6	75.4	100.0
Assets - Actif	39.7	7.3	4.3	.1	7.3	58.7	41.3	100.0
Sales - Ventes	43.7	5.6	2.8	.2	3.9	56.2	43.8	100.0
Construction:								
No. - Nomb.	2.7	.7	.2	.1	.4	4.1	95.9	100.0
Assets - Actif	9.9	4.3	.7	.4	.3	15.6	84.4	100.0
Sales - Ventes	12.7	1.8	.3	.4	.3	15.5	84.5	100.0
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities - Transport, entreposage, communications et utilité publiques:								
No. - Nomb.	8.2	2.2	.7	.7	2.8	14.6	85.4	100.0
Assets - Actif	10.8	1.6	.2	.2	7.0	19.8	80.2	100.0
Sales - Ventes	10.8	3.0	.2	.4	7.2	21.6	78.4	100.0
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros:								
No. - Nomb.	9.8	2.8	1.4	.5	1.6	16.1	83.9	100.0
Assets - Actif	18.8	6.7	2.4	1.6	2.3	31.8	68.2	100.0
Sales - Ventes	20.7	4.0	1.7	1.5	2.8	30.7	69.3	100.0
Retail trade - Commerce de détail:								
No. - Nomb.	4.0	.4	.2	.1	.5	5.2	94.8	100.0
Assets - Actif	18.7	5.4	.3	.1	.4	24.9	75.1	100.0
Sales - Ventes	17.6	3.9	.2	—	.4	22.1	77.9	100.0
Finance - Finances:								
No. - Nomb.	3.5	2.1	1.7	.9	3.6	11.8	88.2	100.0
Assets - Actif	11.7	4.6	3.6	.9	4.7	25.5	74.5	100.0
Sales - Ventes	10.8	2.8	2.3	.8	4.5	21.2	78.8	100.0
Services:								
No. - Nomb.	7.2	.5	.7	.3	1.5	10.2	89.8	100.0
Assets - Actif	14.9	2.7	1.2	.2	3.8	22.8	77.2	100.0
Sales - Ventes	17.9	1.6	.8	.1	2.1	22.5	77.5	100.0
Total:								
No. - Nomb.	8.2	1.9	1.1	.5	2.3	14.0	86.0	100.0
Assets - Actif	25.2	5.3	3.1	.6	5.4	39.6	60.4	100.0
Sales - Ventes	30.6	4.3	1.8	.5	3.1	40.3	59.7	100.0

¹ Included with "Unknown". - Inclus dans le groupe "non-déterminé".

TABLE 45. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Agriculture Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 45. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, agriculture, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No.	nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000
51% and over - et plus	36	1.1	23.7	4.6	9.8	5.8	14.8	4.2	1.1	6.5	.5	7.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	488	14.8	264.4	51.4	99.4	58.9	173.1	48.9	8.4	49.7	2.5	36.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	524	15.9	288.1	56.0	109.2	64.7	187.9	53.1	9.5	56.2	3.0	43.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	2,780	84.1	226.5	44.0	59.7	35.3	166.3	46.9	7.4	43.8	3.9	56.5
Total	3,304	100.0	514.6	100.0	168.9	100.0	354.2	100.0	16.9	100.0	6.9	100.0

TABLE 46. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Forestry Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 46. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, exploitation forestière, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No.	nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000
51% and over - et plus	25	2.0	37.6	14.2	25.8	23.4	35.5	10.7	2.6	19.4	2.8	26.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	189	14.9	153.0	57.9	64.6	58.6	190.7	57.3	9.0	67.2	7.1	67.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	21.4	16.9	190.6	72.1	90.4	82.0	226.2	68.0	11.6	86.6	9.9	93.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations	105.3	83.1	73.7	27.9	19.9	18.0	106.3	32.0	1.8	13.4	.7	6.6
Total	1,267	100.0	264.3	100.0	110.3	100.0	332.5	100.0	13.4	100.0	10.6	100.0

TABLE 47. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fishing and Trapping Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 47. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, pêche et piégeage, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	25	10.5	11.4	42.5	4.1	45.6	8.0	32.1	-1.1	—	-2.2	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	25	10.5	11.4	42.5	4.1	45.6	8.0	32.1	-1.1	—	-2.2	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	212	89.5	15.4	57.5	4.9	54.4	16.9	67.9	.8	—	.7	—
Total	297	100.0	26.8	100.0	9.0	100.0	24.9	100.0	.7	—	.5	—

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 48. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents, Total Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 48. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de l'agriculture, de l'exploitation forestière et de la pêche et du piégeage, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	62	1.3	61.7	7.7	35.5	12.3	50.4	7.1	3.7	11.9	3.3	18.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	701	14.6	428.4	53.1	168.2	58.4	371.7	52.2	17.3	55.8	9.4	52.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	763	15.9	490.1	60.8	203.7	70.7	422.1	59.3	21.0	67.7	12.7	70.6
Other corporations - Autres corporations	4,045	84.1	315.6	39.2	84.5	29.3	289.5	40.7	10.0	32.3	5.3	29.4
Total	4,808	100.0	805.7	100.0	288.2	100.0	711.6	100.0	31.0	100.0	18.0	100.0

TABLE 49. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Gold Mine Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 49. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, mines d'or, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	10	8.5	104.4	18.7	99.3	19.3	27.1	24.6	12.0	28.5	4.1	—
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	98	83.8	452.1	81.1	414.7	80.5	82.9	75.2	30.1	71.5	-1.1	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	108	92.3	556.5	99.8	514.0	99.8	110.0	99.8	42.1	100.0	3.0	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	9	7.7	1.0	.2	.8	.2	.2	.2	—	—	-.1	—
Total	117	100.0	557.5	100.0	514.8	100.0	110.2	100.0	42.1	100.0	2.9	—

TABLE 50. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Iron Mine Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 50. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, mines de fer, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	25	42.4	1,199.2	86.3	314.8	—	457.0	95.3	41.2	—	-32.8	—
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	30	50.8	189.9	13.7	132.8	—	22.5	4.7	5.5	—	-1.3	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	55	93.2	1,389.1	100.0	447.6	—	479.5	100.0	46.7	—	-34.1	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	4	6.8	.6	—	-1.1	—	.2	—	-.1	—	-.1	—
Total	59	100.0	1,389.7	100.0	446.5	—	479.7	100.0	46.6	—	-34.2	—

TABLE 51. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Other Metal Mining Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 51. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, mines métalliques diverses, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	45	14.0	256.6	12.9	139.0	9.3	81.4	9.4	11.2	—	1.7	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	261	81.3	1,732.8	86.9	1,354.7	90.5	781.0	90.5	283.9	—	45.2	—
Reporting corporations — Total corporations déclarantes	306	95.3	1,989.4	99.8	1,493.7	99.8	862.4	99.9	295.1	—	46.9	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	15	4.7	4.0	.2	3.6	.2	1.0	.1	.1	—	.1	—
Total	321	100.0	1,993.4	100.0	1,497.3	100.0	863.4	100.0	295.0	—	46.8	—

TABLE 52. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Metal Mining Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 52. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des minéraux métalliques, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	80	16.1	1,560.2	39.6	553.1	22.5	565.5	38.9	64.4	—	27.0	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	389	78.3	2,374.8	60.3	1,902.2	77.4	886.4	61.0	319.5	—	42.8	—
Reporting corporations — Total corporations déclarantes	469	94.4	3,935.0	99.9	2,455.3	99.9	1,451.9	99.9	383.9	—	15.8	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	28	5.6	5.6	.1	3.3	.1	1.4	.1	.2	—	.3	—
Total	497	100.0	3,940.6	100.0	2,458.6	100.0	1,453.3	100.0	383.7	—	15.5	—

TABLE 53. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Coal Mine Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 53. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, mines de charbon, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	5	9.8	32.7	47.0	14.5	46.0	21.0	49.4	1.2	66.6	.1	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	23	45.1	35.1	50.6	16.5	52.4	19.3	45.4	.5	27.8	.1	—
Reporting corporations — Total corporations déclarantes	28	54.9	67.8	97.6	31.0	98.4	40.3	94.8	1.7	94.4	—	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	23	45.1	1.7	2.4	.5	1.6	2.2	5.2	.1	5.6	.1	—
Total	51	100.0	69.5	100.0	31.5	100.0	42.5	100.0	1.8	100.0	.1	—

TABLE 54. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Oil and Gas Well Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 54. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, puits de pétrole et de gaz, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	146	25.9	3,143.4	77.5	1,994.9	77.0	816.3	84.2	148.2	75.5	18.5	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	146	25.8	890.5	22.0	590.1	22.8	145.4	15.0	48.1	24.5	2.2	—
Reporting corporations — Total corporations déclarantes	292	51.7	4,033.9	99.5	2,585.0	99.8	961.7	99.2	196.3	100.0	20.7	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	273	48.3	20.4	.5	4.8	.2	7.9	.8	—	—	1.1	—
Total	565	100.0	4,054.3	100.0	2,589.8	100.0	969.6	100.0	196.3	100.0	19.6	—

TABLE 55. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Mineral Fuels Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 55. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des minéraux combustibles, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	151	24.5	3,176.1	77.1	2,009.4	76.7	837.3	82.7	149.4	75.4	18.6	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	169	27.5	925.6	22.4	606.6	23.1	164.7	16.3	48.6	24.5	2.1	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	320	52.0	4,101.7	99.5	2,616.0	99.8	1,002.0	99.0	198.0	99.9	20.7	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	296	48.0	22.1	.5	5.3	.2	10.1	1.0	.1	.1	- 1.2	—
Total	616	100.0	4,123.8	100.0	2,621.3	100.0	1,012.1	100.0	198.1	100.0	19.5	—

TABLE 56. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Non-metal Mining Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 56. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à non-résidents, minéraux non métalliques, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	38	31.6	638.4	83.0	441.8	81.9	283.2	82.0	75.9	—	31.9	89.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	35	29.2	126.2	16.4	96.3	17.8	58.6	17.0	11.8	—	3.7	10.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	73	60.8	764.6	99.4	538.1	99.7	341.8	99.0	87.7	—	35.6	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	47	39.2	4.3	.6	1.4	.3	3.4	1.0	.1	—	—	—
Total	120	100.0	768.9	100.0	539.5	100.0	345.2	100.0	87.6	—	35.6	100.0

TABLE 57. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Quarries Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 57. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, carrières, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	11	2.6	15.2	10.9	8.2	16.5	9.4	6.9	1.8	18.7	1.2	19.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	135	32.5	97.5	69.7	33.9	68.2	96.3	71.0	6.6	72.5	4.5	73.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	146	35.1	112.7	80.6	42.1	84.7	105.7	77.9	8.3	91.2	5.7	93.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	270	64.9	27.2	19.4	7.6	15.3	30.0	22.1	.8	8.8	.4	6.6
Total	416	100.0	139.9	100.0	49.7	100.0	135.7	100.0	9.1	100.0	6.1	100.0

TABLE 58. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Mining Services Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 58. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, services miniers, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	81	5.2	224.3	28.8	93.2	21.0	69.3	28.0	4.3	—	1.7	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	356	22.7	461.3	59.4	294.1	66.1	136.7	55.2	5.9	—	- 2.8	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	437	27.9	685.6	88.2	387.3	87.1	206.0	83.1	10.2	—	- 1.1	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	1,130	72.1	92.0	11.8	57.3	12.9	41.8	16.9	- 7.4	—	- 7.4	—
Total	1,567	100.0	777.6	100.0	444.6	100.0	247.8	100.0	2.8	—	- 8.5	—

TABLE 59. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Other Mining Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 59. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des mines diverses, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	130	6.2	877.9	52.1	543.2	52.6	361.9	49.7	81.9	—	34.8	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	576	25.0	685.0	40.6	424.3	41.0	291.6	40.0	24.3	—	5.4	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	656	31.2	1,562.9	92.7	967.5	93.6	653.5	89.7	106.2	—	40.2	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,447	68.8	123.5	7.3	66.3	6.4	75.2	10.3	— 6.7	—	— 7.0	—
Total	2,103	100.0	1,686.4	100.0	1,033.8	100.0	728.7	100.0	99.5	—	33.2	—

TABLE 60. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Mining Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 60. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des mines, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	361	11.2	5,614.2	57.5	3,105.7	50.8	1,764.7	55.3	295.7	—	26.4	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1,084	33.7	3,985.4	40.9	2,933.1	48.0	1,342.7	42.0	392.4	—	50.3	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1,445	44.9	9,599.6	98.4	6,038.8	98.8	3,107.4	97.3	688.1	—	76.7	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,771	55.1	151.2	1.6	74.9	1.2	86.7	2.7	— 6.8	—	— 8.5	—
Total	3,216	100.0	9,750.8	100.0	6,113.7	100.0	3,194.1	100.0	681.3	—	68.2	—

TABLE 61. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Meat Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 61. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits de la viande, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	12	3.6	83.3	19.5	43.5	19.9	341.1	17.3	9.0	24.1	3.8	15.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	203	60.2	334.0	78.3	171.9	78.6	1,609.4	81.5	27.9	74.8	19.7	82.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	215	63.8	417.3	97.8	215.4	98.5	1,950.5	98.8	36.9	98.9	23.5	97.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	122	36.2	9.3	2.2	3.2	1.5	24.2	1.2	— .4	1.1	— .5	2.1
Total	337	100.0	426.6	100.0	218.6	100.0	1,974.7	100.0	37.3	100.0	24.0	100.0

TABLE 62. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Dairy Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 62. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits laitiers, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	13	2.0	128.1	37.9	79.1	43.0	285.6	33.4	16.8	57.1	16.1	62.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	235	36.4	187.0	55.4	94.2	51.2	508.9	59.6	11.6	39.5	8.8	34.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	248	38.4	315.1	93.3	173.3	94.2	794.5	93.0	28.4	96.6	24.9	96.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	397	61.6	22.5	6.7	10.6	5.8	60.2	7.0	1.0	3.4	— .9	3.5
Total	645	100.0	337.6	100.0	183.9	100.0	854.7	100.0	29.4	100.0	25.8	100.0

TABLE 63. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fish Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 63. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits du poisson, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - 50% et plus	17	7.8	39.0	20.0	16.2	21.2	65.0	21.6	1.3	14.0	.4	14.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	75	34.2	148.6	76.3	57.6	75.5	220.2	73.2	7.7	82.8	2.0	71.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	92	42.0	187.6	96.3	73.8	96.7	285.2	94.8	9.0	96.8	2.4	85.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	127	58.0	7.3	3.7	2.5	3.3	15.5	5.2	.3	3.2	.4	14.3
Total	219	100.0	194.9	100.0	76.3	100.0	300.7	100.0	9.3	100.0	2.8	100.0

TABLE 64. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fruit and Vegetable Canners Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 64. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, conserveries de fruits et légumes, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	30	14.7	199.1	62.2	117.1	73.4	268.7	61.2	15.2	74.8	13.4	78.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	85	41.7	112.0	35.0	38.0	23.8	155.7	35.4	4.5	22.2	3.1	18.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	115	56.4	311.1	97.2	155.1	97.2	424.4	96.6	19.7	97.0	16.5	96.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	89	43.6	8.8	2.8	4.5	2.8	15.0	3.4	.6	3.0	.6	3.5
Total	204	100.0	319.9	100.0	159.6	100.0	439.4	100.0	20.3	100.0	17.1	100.0

TABLE 65. Majority for Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Grain Mills Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 65. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, minoteries, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	11	2.8	120.2	31.4	66.0	35.0	265.4	36.1	16.3	50.3	15.0	59.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	162	41.6	240.5	62.8	114.4	60.7	422.9	57.6	14.9	46.0	8.9	35.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	173	44.4	360.7	94.2	180.4	95.7	688.3	93.7	31.2	96.3	23.9	95.2
Other corporations - Autres corporations	217	55.6	22.2	5.8	8.1	4.3	46.5	6.3	1.2	3.7	1.2	4.8
Total	390	100.0	382.9	100.0	188.5	100.0	734.8	100.0	32.4	100.0	25.1	100.0

TABLE 66. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Bakery Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 66. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, boulangeries, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	7	1.2	40.1	11.6	23.3	13.5	71.2	13.0	6.8	19.5	6.6	37.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	130	21.4	280.2	80.7	138.8	80.3	414.2	75.5	26.4	75.9	9.7	55.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	137	22.6	320.3	92.3	162.1	93.8	485.4	88.5	33.2	95.4	16.3	92.6
Other corporations - Autres corporations	470	77.4	26.8	7.7	10.7	6.2	63.2	11.5	1.6	4.6	1.3	7.4
Total	607	100.0	347.1	100.0	172.8	100.0	548.6	100.0	34.8	100.0	17.6	100.0

TABLE 67. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Food Products Industries, 1966

TABLÉAU 67. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres produits alimentaires, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	59	16.0	339.1	45.5	184.4	46.0	523.7	49.9	43.6	47.9	35.2	54.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	108	29.3	390.4	52.4	210.1	52.5	497.9	47.4	46.6	51.1	28.8	44.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	167	45.3	729.5	97.9	394.5	98.5	1,021.6	97.3	90.2	99.0	64.0	98.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	202	54.7	15.8	2.1	6.2	1.5	28.8	2.7	.9	1.0	.7	1.1
Total	369	100.0	745.3	100.0	400.7	100.0	1,050.4	100.0	91.1	100.0	64.7	100.0

TABLE 68. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Food Industry, 1966

TABLÉAU 68. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de produits alimentaires, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	149	5.4	948.9	34.5	529.6	37.8	1,820.7	30.8	109.0	42.8	90.5	51.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	998	36.0	1,692.7	61.4	825.0	58.9	3,829.2	64.9	139.6	54.8	81.0	45.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.....	1,147	41.4	2,641.6	95.9	1,354.6	96.7	5,649.9	95.7	248.6	97.6	171.5	96.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1,624	58.6	112.7	4.1	45.8	3.3	253.4	4.3	6.0	2.4	5.6	3.2
Total	2,771	100.0	2,754.3	100.0	1,400.4	100.0	5,903.3	100.0	254.6	100.0	177.1	100.0

TABLE 69. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Soft Drinks Industry, 1966

TABLÉAU 69. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabricants d'eau gazeuse, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	10	3.1	91.4	49.8	61.2	57.5	113.3	44.0	16.7	64.0	16.0	66.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	116	35.9	71.0	38.6	35.9	33.7	108.6	42.2	7.9	30.3	6.5	27.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.....	126	39.0	162.4	88.4	97.1	91.2	221.9	86.2	24.6	94.3	22.5	94.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	197	61.0	21.4	11.6	9.4	8.8	35.5	13.8	1.5	5.7	1.4	5.9
Total	323	100.0	183.8	100.0	106.5	100.0	257.4	100.0	26.1	100.0	23.9	100.0

TABLE 70. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Distillery Industry, 1966

TABLÉAU 70. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, distilleries, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	4	18.2	65.9	17.1	32.2	16.7	39.2	10.6	10.1	9.8	9.2	9.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	18	81.8	319.1	82.9	161.1	83.3	331.0	89.4	92.8	90.2	86.7	90.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.....	22	100.0	385.0	100.0	193.3	100.0	370.2	100.0	102.9	100.0	95.9	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
Total	22	100.0	385.0	100.0	193.3	100.0	370.2	100.0	102.9	100.0	95.9	100.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. — Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 71. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Brewery Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 71. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, brasseries, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	40	90.9	346.4	99.8	193.7	99.8	246.0	99.2	37.2	99.5	28.6	99.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	40	90.9	346.4	99.8	193.7	99.8	246.0	99.2	37.2	99.5	28.6	99.3
Other corporations - Autres corporations	4	9.1	.7	.2	.4	.2	1.9	.8	.2	.5	.2	.7
Total	44	100.0	347.1	100.0	194.1	100.0	247.9	100.0	37.4	100.0	28.8	100.0

TABLE 72. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Winery Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 72. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication du vin, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	17	77.3	46.8	98.9	31.1	100.0	25.6	99.2	4.0	100.0	3.3	100.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	17	77.3	46.8	98.9	31.1	100.0	25.6	99.2	4.0	100.0	3.3	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	5	22.7	.5	1.1	—	—	.2	.8	—	—	—	—
Total	22	100.0	47.3	100.0	31.1	100.0	25.8	100.0	4.0	100.0	3.3	100.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 73. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Beverage Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 73. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de boissons, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	15	3.6	160.7	16.7	95.7	18.2	153.8	17.1	26.9	15.8	25.3	16.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	188	45.8	779.8	80.9	419.3	79.9	709.9	78.8	141.8	83.2	125.0	82.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	203	49.4	940.5	97.6	515.0	98.1	863.7	95.8	168.7	99.0	150.3	98.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	208	50.6	22.7	2.4	10.0	1.9	37.6	4.2	1.7	1.0	1.6	1.1
Total	411	100.0	963.2	100.0	525.0	100.0	901.3	100.0	170.4	100.0	151.9	100.0

TABLE 74. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Food and Beverages Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 74. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication d'aliments et de boissons, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	164	5.2	1,109.6	29.8	625.3	32.5	1,974.5	29.0	135.9	32.0	115.8	35.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1,186	37.2	2,472.5	66.6	1,244.3	64.6	4,539.1	66.7	281.4	66.2	206.0	62.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1,350	42.4	3,582.1	96.4	1,869.6	97.1	6,513.6	95.7	417.3	98.2	321.8	97.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1,832	57.6	135.4	3.6	55.8	2.9	291.0	4.3	7.7	1.8	7.2	2.2
Total	3,182	100.0	3,717.5	100.0	1,925.4	100.0	6,804.6	100.0	425.0	100.0	329.0	100.0

TABLE 75. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Tobacco Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 75. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits du tabac, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	17	58.6	337.8	82.1	185.7	78.2	374.0	80.5	31.3	—	22.2	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	6	20.7	73.2	17.8	51.4	21.7	89.9	19.3	10.7	—	10.5	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	23	79.3	411.0	99.9	237.1	99.9	463.9	99.8	42.0	—	32.7	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	6	20.7	.3	.1	.2	.1	.8	.2	.1	—	—	—
Total	29	100.0	411.3	100.0	237.3	100.0	464.7	100.0	41.9	—	32.7	—

TABLE 76. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Rubber Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 76. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits de caoutchouc, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	31	34.9	439.8	93.7	210.3	94.3	601.9	92.4	37.6	90.4	27.3	88.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	23	25.8	27.2	5.8	11.9	5.3	45.8	7.0	3.7	8.9	3.2	10.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	54	60.7	467.0	99.5	222.2	99.6	647.7	99.4	41.3	99.3	30.5	99.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	35	39.3	2.4	.5	1.0	.4	4.2	.6	.3	.7	.3	1.0
Total	89	100.0	469.4	100.0	223.2	100.0	651.9	100.0	41.6	100.0	30.8	100.0

TABLE 77. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Leather Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 77. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits de cuir, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	23	6.0	44.5	20.9	18.7	22.5	69.2	18.4	3.8	32.2	2.5	29.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	168	44.1	148.3	69.8	58.8	70.6	269.5	71.5	7.7	65.3	5.7	66.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	191	50.1	192.8	90.7	77.5	93.1	338.7	89.9	11.5	97.5	8.2	95.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	190	49.9	19.7	9.3	5.7	6.9	38.2	10.1	.3	2.5	.4	4.7
Total	381	100.0	212.5	100.0	83.2	100.0	376.9	100.0	11.8	100.0	8.6	100.0

TABLE 78. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Cotton and Woollen Mills Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 78. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, filature et tissage du coton et de la laine, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	13	12.9	48.4	13.0	23.1	11.9	55.4	12.6	3.5	15.8	2.8	22.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	59	58.4	320.0	86.3	169.7	87.6	380.4	86.4	18.5	83.3	9.8	77.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	72	71.3	368.4	99.3	192.8	99.5	435.8	99.5	22.0	99.1	12.6	99.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	29	28.7	2.7	.7	1.0	.5	4.2	1.0	.2	.9	.1	.8
Total	101	100.0	371.1	100.0	193.8	100.0	440.0	100.0	22.2	100.0	12.7	100.0

TABLE 79. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Synthetic Textiles Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 79. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication de fibres et de tissus synthétiques, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	18	30.0	512.0	84.6	274.0	87.7	405.1	79.2	47.4	95.4	25.7	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	25	41.9	91.1	15.1	37.8	12.1	103.5	20.3	2.1	4.2	- .1	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.....	43	71.7	603.1	99.7	311.8	99.8	508.6	99.5	49.5	99.6	25.6	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	17	27.3	1.6	.3	.7	.2	2.4	.5	.2	.4	-	-
Total.....	60	100.0	604.7	100.0	312.5	100.0	511.0	100.0	49.7	100.0	25.6	-

TABLE 80. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Primary Textile Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 80. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication d'autres textiles primaires, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	26	11.7	44.1	22.4	22.6	22.0	63.4	24.6	3.7	30.3	2.1	33.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	74	33.2	138.2	70.1	72.4	70.6	172.4	67.0	8.0	65.6	3.7	59.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.....	100	44.8	182.3	92.5	95.0	92.6	235.8	91.6	11.7	95.9	5.8	93.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	123	55.2	14.7	7.5	7.6	7.4	21.7	8.4	.5	4.1	.4	6.5
Total.....	223	100.0	197.0	100.0	102.6	100.0	257.5	100.0	12.2	100.0	6.2	100.0

TABLE 81. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in other Textile Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 81. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication d'autres textiles non primaires, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	18	6.4	59.1	44.6	17.8	35.7	85.2	37.4	2.5	32.9	3.7	47.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	74	26.1	57.8	43.6	25.0	50.1	111.7	49.0	4.1	53.9	3.3	42.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.....	92	32.5	116.9	88.2	42.8	85.8	196.9	86.4	6.6	86.8	7.0	89.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	191	67.5	15.7	11.8	7.1	14.2	31.0	13.6	1.0	13.2	.8	10.3
Total.....	283	100.0	132.6	100.0	49.9	100.0	227.9	100.0	7.6	100.0	7.8	100.0

TABLE 82. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Textile Mills Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 82. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries de filature et de tissage, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	75	11.2	663.6	50.8	337.5	51.2	609.1	42.4	57.1	62.2	34.3	65.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	232	34.8	607.1	46.5	304.9	46.3	768.0	53.5	32.7	35.7	16.7	31.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.....	307	46.0	1,270.7	97.3	642.4	97.5	1,377.1	95.9	89.8	97.9	51.0	97.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	360	154.0	34.7	2.7	16.4	2.5	59.3	4.1	1.9	2.1	1.3	2.5
Total.....	667	100.0	1,305.4	100.0	658.8	100.0	1,436.4	100.0	91.7	100.0	52.3	100.0

TABLE 83. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Hosiery Mills Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 83. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabriques de bas et chaussettes, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	5	4.9	18.7	36.7	9.1	44.2	24.6	30.6	2.6	—	1.5	—
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	48	46.6	27.3	53.7	10.1	49.0	47.7	59.3	1.7	—	1.1	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	53	51.5	46.0	90.4	19.2	93.2	72.3	89.9	4.3	—	2.6	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	50	48.5	4.9	9.6	1.4	6.8	8.1	10.1	.1	—	.4	—
Total	103	100.0	50.9	100.0	20.6	100.0	80.4	100.0	4.2	—	2.2	—

TABLE 84. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Knitting Mills Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 84. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres fabriques de tricots, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	10	4.5	19.8	13.1	9.5	13.0	29.6	13.2	1.8	20.5	1.8	25.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	111	49.5	120.6	79.5	59.0	80.8	174.9	78.3	6.6	75.0	5.0	70.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	121	54.0	140.4	92.6	68.5	93.8	204.5	91.5	8.4	95.5	6.8	95.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	103	46.0	11.3	7.4	4.5	6.2	19.1	8.5	.4	4.5	.3	4.2
Total	224	100.0	151.7	100.0	73.0	100.0	223.6	100.0	8.8	100.0	7.1	100.0

TABLE 85. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Knitting Mills Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 85. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries du tricot, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	15	4.6	38.5	19.0	18.6	19.9	54.2	17.8	4.4	33.8	3.3	—
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	159	48.6	147.9	73.0	69.1	73.8	222.6	73.3	8.3	63.9	6.1	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	174	53.2	186.4	92.0	87.7	93.7	276.8	91.1	12.7	97.7	9.4	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	153	46.8	16.2	8.0	5.9	6.3	27.2	8.9	.3	2.3	.1	—
Total	327	100.0	202.6	100.0	93.6	100.0	304.0	100.0	13.0	100.0	9.3	—

TABLE 86. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Men's Clothing Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 86. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, vêtements pour hommes, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	11	2.1	27.7	11.7	17.0	17.9	48.3	11.0	4.0	35.1	3.8	38.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	198	37.5	177.7	75.0	65.2	68.6	324.0	74.0	6.2	54.4	4.9	50.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	209	39.6	205.4	86.7	82.2	86.5	372.3	85.0	10.2	89.5	8.7	88.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	319	60.4	31.6	13.3	12.8	13.5	65.8	15.0	1.2	10.5	1.1	11.2
Total	528	100.0	237.0	100.0	95.0	100.0	438.1	100.0	11.4	100.0	9.3	100.0

TABLE 87. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Women's Clothing Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 87. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, vêtements pour femmes, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	8	1.2	5.3	3.2	2.2	3.5	9.2	2.3	.3	3.9	.1	1.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	260	38.3	124.5	74.9	47.5	75.1	304.5	75.9	6.2	80.5	5.1	85.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.....	268	39.5	129.8	78.1	49.7	78.6	313.7	78.2	6.5	84.4	5.2	86.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	410	60.5	36.3	21.9	13.5	21.4	87.3	21.8	1.2	15.6	.8	13.3
Total.....	678	100.0	166.1	100.0	63.2	100.0	401.0	100.0	7.7	100.0	6.0	100.0

TABLE 88. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fur Goods Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 88. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, articles en fourrure, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	41	16.7	26.2	58.1	7.5	53.2	37.9	56.7	.9	75.0	.6	75.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.....	41	16.7	26.2	58.1	7.5	53.2	37.9	56.7	.9	75.0	.6	75.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	204	83.3	18.9	41.9	6.6	46.8	28.9	43.3	.3	25.0	.2	25.0
Total.....	245	100.0	45.1	100.0	14.1	100.0	66.8	100.0	1.2	100.0	.8	100.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% Non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 89. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Foundation Garments Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 89. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, corsets et soutiens-gorge, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	7	17.5	17.6	46.6	9.0	43.1	20.4	35.0	1.4	48.3	1.3	52.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	18	45.0	18.9	50.0	11.4	54.5	35.1	60.2	1.5	51.7	1.2	48.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.....	25	62.5	36.5	96.6	20.4	97.6	55.5	95.2	2.9	100.0	2.5	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	15	37.5	1.3	3.4	.5	2.4	2.8	4.8	—	—	—	—
Total.....	40	100.0	37.8	100.0	20.9	100.0	58.3	100.0	2.9	100.0	2.5	100.0

TABLE 90. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Clothing Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 90. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres industries du vêtement, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	10	3.4	7.9	10.4	4.9	14.2	12.5	8.2	.8	22.9	.8	26.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	96	32.3	52.5	68.9	23.7	68.9	104.1	68.4	2.2	62.8	1.8	60.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.....	106	35.7	60.4	79.3	28.6	83.1	116.6	76.6	3.0	85.7	2.6	86.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	191	64.3	15.8	20.7	5.8	16.9	35.7	23.4	.5	14.3	.4	13.3
Total.....	297	100.0	76.2	100.0	34.4	100.0	152.3	100.0	3.5	100.0	3.0	100.0

TABLE 91. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Clothing Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 91. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de vêtements, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	37	2.1	62.6	11.1	33.9	14.9	93.7	8.4	6.8	25.5	6.0	27.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	612	34.2	395.7	70.4	154.5	67.9	802.3	71.9	16.7	62.5	13.6	61.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	649	36.3	458.3	81.5	188.4	82.8	896.0	80.3	23.5	88.0	19.6	88.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1,139	63.7	103.9	18.5	39.2	17.2	220.5	19.7	3.2	12.0	2.5	11.3
Total	1,788	100.0	562.2	100.0	227.6	100.0	1,116.5	100.0	26.7	100.0	22.1	100.0

TABLE 92. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Textile Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 92. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries textiles, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	127	4.6	764.7	36.9	390.0	39.8	757.0	26.5	68.3	52.0	43.6	52.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1,003	36.0	1,150.7	55.6	528.5	53.9	1,792.9	62.8	57.7	43.9	36.4	43.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1,130	40.6	1,915.4	92.5	918.5	93.7	2,549.9	89.3	126.0	95.9	80.0	95.6
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1,652	59.4	154.8	7.5	61.5	6.3	307.0	10.7	5.4	4.1	3.7	4.4
Total	2,782	100.0	2,070.2	100.0	980.0	100.0	2,856.9	100.0	131.4	100.0	83.7	100.0

TABLE 93. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Sawmills Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 93. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, scieries, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	44	5.1	251.9	29.3	91.4	26.2	183.1	21.0	- 2.2	-	1.0	5.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	380	44.3	563.6	65.5	240.9	69.2	620.2	71.0	30.0	-	14.5	85.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	424	49.4	815.5	94.8	332.3	95.4	803.3	92.0	27.8	-	15.5	91.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	435	50.6	44.4	5.2	16.0	4.6	70.1	8.0	2.2	-	1.4	8.3
Total	859	100.0	859.9	100.0	348.3	100.0	873.4	100.0	30.0	-	16.9	100.0

TABLE 94. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Veneer and Plywood Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 94. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, placages et contre-plaqués, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	7	10.9	115.1	41.0	48.5	45.6	115.3	47.7	7.0	61.4	3.4	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	38	59.4	163.8	58.4	57.4	53.9	124.1	51.3	4.3	37.7	3.7	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	45	70.3	278.9	99.4	105.9	99.5	239.4	99.0	11.3	99.1	7.1	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	19	29.7	1.6	.6	.5	.5	2.4	1.0	.1	.9	.1	-
Total	64	100.0	280.5	100.0	106.4	100.0	241.8	100.0	11.4	100.0	7.0	-

TABLE 95. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Planing Mills Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 95. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ateliers de rabotage, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	9	1.6	10.0	5.3	1.4	2.1	13.1	4.3	.2	-	.3	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	160	29.0	137.9	72.5	54.8	82.3	217.4	71.8	5.2	-	6.3	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	169	30.6	147.9	77.8	56.2	84.4	230.5	76.1	5.0	-	6.0	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	384	69.4	42.1	22.2	10.4	15.6	72.3	23.9	2.3	-	.9	-
Total	553	100.0	190.0	100.0	66.6	100.0	302.8	100.0	7.3	-	6.9	-

TABLE 96. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Wooden Boxes Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 96. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabriques de boîtes en bois, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	19	35.8	14.8	86.0	6.3	88.7	27.2	84.7	1.6	94.1	1.3	92.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	19	35.8	14.8	86.0	6.3	88.7	27.2	84.7	1.6	94.1	1.3	92.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	34	64.2	2.4	14.0	.8	11.3	4.9	15.3	.1	5.9	.1	7.1
Total	53	100.0	17.2	100.0	7.1	100.0	32.1	100.0	1.7	100.0	1.4	100.0

TABLE 97. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Coffins and Caskets Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 97. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, cercueils et tombes, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	11	39.3	8.1	79.4	5.6	83.6	10.4	77.0	.4	80.0	.4	100.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	11	39.3	8.1	79.4	5.6	83.6	10.4	77.0	.4	80.0	.4	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	17	60.7	2.1	20.6	1.1	16.4	3.1	23.0	.1	20.0	-	-
Total	28	100.0	10.2	100.0	6.7	100.0	13.5	100.0	.5	100.0	.4	100.0

TABLE 98. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Miscellaneous Wood Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 98. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabriques de produits divers en bois, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	12	5.2	11.6	16.5	5.6	16.5	12.2	14.4	.8	21.6	.7	25.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	38	16.3	43.1	61.3	22.2	65.3	47.0	55.5	2.7	73.0	2.0	74.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	50	21.5	54.7	77.8	27.8	81.8	59.2	69.9	3.5	94.6	2.7	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	183	78.5	15.6	22.2	6.2	18.2	25.5	30.1	.2	5.4	-	-
Total	233	100.0	70.3	100.0	34.0	100.0	84.7	100.0	3.7	100.0	2.7	100.0

TABLE 99. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Wood Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 99. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries du bois, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	72	4.0	388.6	27.2	146.9	25.8	323.7	20.9	5.4	9.9	4.8	13.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	646	36.1	931.3	65.2	387.2	68.1	1,046.3	67.6	44.2	80.9	28.2	79.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	718	40.1	1,319.9	92.4	534.1	93.9	1,370.0	88.5	49.6	90.8	33.0	93.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1,072	59.9	108.2	7.6	35.0	6.1	178.3	11.5	5.0	9.2	2.3	6.5
Total	1,790	100.0	1,428.1	100.0	569.1	100.0	1,548.3	100.0	54.6	100.0	35.3	100.0

TABLE 100. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Household Furniture Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 100. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, meubles de maison, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	12	1.9	11.9	6.9	7.1	10.5	19.0	6.5	1.0	10.6	1.0	14.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	188	29.5	126.3	73.8	50.4	74.3	205.5	70.4	6.6	70.2	5.0	71.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	200	31.4	138.2	80.7	57.5	84.8	224.5	76.9	7.6	80.8	6.0	85.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	436	68.6	33.1	19.3	10.3	15.2	67.5	23.1	1.8	19.2	1.0	14.3
Total	636	100.0	171.3	100.0	67.8	100.0	292.0	100.0	9.4	100.0	7.0	100.0

TABLE 101. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Office Furniture Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 101. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, meuble de bureau, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	6	19.4	12.1	38.3	4.1	31.8	15.3	34.4	1.9	46.3	1.8	50.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	10	32.2	18.3	57.9	8.3	64.3	27.0	60.7	2.1	51.3	1.8	50.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	16	51.6	30.4	96.2	12.4	96.1	52.3	95.1	4.0	97.6	3.6	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	15	48.4	1.2	3.8	.5	3.9	2.2	4.9	.1	2.4	-	-
Total	31	100.0	31.6	100.0	12.9	100.0	44.5	100.0	4.1	100.0	3.6	100.0

TABLE 102. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Furniture Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 102. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres meubles, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	9	4.7	22.8	21.0	16.8	29.4	28.5	17.7	2.7	32.9	1.6	28.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	81	41.9	76.2	70.2	37.0	64.8	113.1	70.3	4.9	59.8	3.6	63.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	90	46.6	99.0	91.2	53.8	94.2	141.6	88.0	7.6	92.7	5.2	91.2
Other corporations - Autres corporations	103	53.4	9.6	8.8	3.3	5.8	19.3	12.0	.6	7.3	.5	8.8
Total	193	100.0	108.6	100.0	57.1	100.0	160.9	100.0	8.2	100.0	5.7	100.0

TABLE 103. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Furniture Industries, 1966

TABLÉAU 103. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de meubles, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	27	3.1	46.8	15.0	28.0	20.3	62.8	12.6	5.6	25.8	4.4	27.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	279	32.5	220.8	70.9	95.7	69.5	345.6	69.5	13.6	62.7	10.4	63.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	306	35.6	267.6	85.9	123.7	89.8	408.4	82.1	19.2	88.5	14.8	90.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	554	64.4	43.9	14.1	14.1	10.2	89.0	17.9	2.5	11.5	1.5	9.2
Total	860	100.0	311.5	100.0	137.8	100.0	497.4	100.0	21.7	100.0	16.3	100.0

TABLE 104. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Pulp and Paper Mills Industries, 1966

TABLÉAU 104. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, pâtes et papiers, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	34	34.3	2,008.1	39.8	1,061.8	39.8	1,136.6	42.4	180.7	46.4	91.4	74.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	42	42.5	3,030.0	60.2	1,606.0	60.2	1,539.0	57.5	209.0	53.6	30.8	25.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	76	76.8	5,038.1	100.0	2,667.8	100.0	2,675.6	99.9	389.7	100.0	122.2	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	23	23.2	2.0	—	.7	—	2.4	.1	—	—	—	—
Total	99	100.0	5,040.1	100.0	2,668.5	100.0	2,678.0	100.0	389.7	100.0	122.2	100.0

TABLE 105. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Paper Boxes and Bags Industries, 1966

TABLÉAU 105. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, boîtes et de sacs en papier, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	17	9.7	67.9	29.9	45.0	37.6	119.9	32.6	10.8	43.9	9.8	48.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	82	46.9	150.0	66.1	71.6	59.7	231.2	62.8	13.4	54.5	10.0	49.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	99	56.6	217.9	96.0	116.6	97.3	351.1	95.4	24.2	98.4	19.8	97.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	76	43.4	9.1	4.0	3.2	2.7	17.0	4.6	.4	1.6	.5	2.5
Total	175	100.0	227.0	100.0	119.8	100.0	368.1	100.0	24.6	100.0	20.3	100.0

TABLE 106. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Paper Products Industries, 1966

TABLÉAU 106. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres produits du papier, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	39	22.5	142.8	66.9	96.8	73.0	186.6	61.3	12.9	62.3	10.4	64.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	54	31.3	62.8	29.4	32.3	24.3	104.3	34.3	7.1	34.3	5.5	33.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	93	53.8	205.6	96.3	129.1	97.3	290.9	95.6	20.0	96.6	15.9	98.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	80	46.2	7.8	3.7	3.6	2.7	13.3	4.4	.7	3.4	.3	1.9
Total	173	100.0	213.4	100.0	132.7	100.0	304.2	100.0	20.7	100.0	16.2	100.0

TABLE 107. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Paper and Allied Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 107. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de papier et de produits connexes, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	90	20.1	2,218.8	40.5	1,203.6	41.2	1,443.1	43.1	204.4	47.0	111.6	70.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	178	39.9	3,242.8	59.2	1,709.9	58.5	1,874.5	55.9	229.5	52.7	46.3	29.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	268	60.0	5,461.6	99.7	2,913.5	99.7	3,317.6	99.0	433.9	99.7	157.9	99.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	179	40.0	18.9	.3	7.5	.3	32.7	1.0	1.1	.3	.8	.5
Total	447	100.0	5,480.5	100.0	2,921.0	100.0	3,350.3	100.0	435.0	100.0	158.7	100.0

TABLE 108. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Commercial Printing Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 108. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, impressions commerciales, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	28	2.3	60.5	17.8	42.7	23.4	57.0	11.2	6.0	17.5	5.2	20.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	213	17.4	210.5	61.9	110.0	60.2	329.7	64.5	22.8	66.7	16.2	63.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	241	19.7	271.0	79.7	152.7	83.6	386.7	75.7	28.8	84.2	21.4	83.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	981	80.3	68.9	20.3	30.0	16.4	124.4	24.3	5.4	15.8	4.3	16.7
Total	1,222	100.0	339.9	100.0	182.7	100.0	511.1	100.0	34.2	100.0	25.7	100.0

TABLE 109. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Engraving and Allied Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 109. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, gravure et industries connexes, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	39	19.4	28.5	70.5	15.8	76.0	42.6	66.7	3.5	81.4	2.2	73.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	39	19.4	28.5	70.5	15.8	76.0	42.6	66.7	3.5	81.4	2.2	73.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	162	80.6	11.9	29.5	5.0	24.0	21.3	33.3	.8	18.6	.8	26.7
Total	201	100.0	40.4	100.0	20.8	100.0	63.9	100.0	4.3	100.0	3.0	100.0

TABLE 110. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Publishing Industry only, 1966

TABLEAU 110. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, édition seulement, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	15	5.5	37.5	52.6	16.0	67.5	54.1	49.5	7.1	—	7.0	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	34	12.4	22.9	32.1	4.9	20.7	38.4	35.1	1.4	—	1.0	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	49	17.9	60.4	84.7	20.9	88.2	92.5	84.6	8.5	—	8.0	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	225	82.1	10.9	15.3	2.8	11.8	16.9	15.4	.2	—	.5	—
Total	274	100.0	71.3	100.0	23.7	100.0	109.4	100.0	8.3	—	7.5	—

TABLE 111. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Publishing and Printing Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 111. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, édition et impression, 1966

Non-resident ownership, Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	11	2.0	16.0	3.7	5.9	2.2	23.2	4.9	1.5	2.8	1.3	3.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	94	17.4	386.0	89.4	249.8	93.6	406.7	85.6	50.9	95.0	40.4	94.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	105	19.4	402.0	93.1	255.7	95.8	429.9	90.5	52.4	97.8	41.7	97.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	437	80.6	29.6	6.9	11.3	4.2	45.2	9.5	1.2	2.2	.9	2.1
Total	542	100.0	431.6	100.0	267.0	100.0	475.1	100.0	53.6	100.0	42.6	100.0

TABLE 112. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 112. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries d'impression, d'édition et des activités connexes, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	54	2.4	114.0	12.9	64.6	13.1	134.3	11.6	14.6	14.5	13.5	17.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	380	17.0	647.9	73.4	380.5	77.0	817.4	70.5	78.6	78.3	59.8	75.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	434	19.4	761.9	86.3	445.1	90.1	951.7	82.1	93.2	92.8	73.3	93.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1,805	80.6	121.3	13.7	49.1	9.9	207.8	17.9	7.2	7.2	5.5	7.0
Total	2,239	100.0	883.2	100.0	494.2	100.0	1,159.5	100.0	100.4	100.0	78.8	100.0

TABLE 113. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Iron and Steel Mills Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 113. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, industries du fer et de l'acier, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	14	11.3	498.1	23.2	243.1	20.4	424.3	27.6	11.1	6.1	1.9	6.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	29	23.4	1,642.7	76.5	948.3	79.4	1,097.3	71.4	169.6	93.5	26.0	91.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	43	34.7	2,140.8	99.7	1,191.4	99.8	1,521.6	99.0	180.7	99.6	27.9	97.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	81	65.3	7.0	.3	2.7	.2	14.9	1.0	.8	.4	.6	2.1
Total	124	100.0	2,147.8	100.0	1,194.1	100.0	1,536.5	100.0	181.5	100.0	28.5	100.0

TABLE 114. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Iron Foundries Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 114. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fonderies, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	8	7.7	42.6	23.9	36.2	37.1	38.7	15.3	3.7	18.0	3.4	31.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	50	48.1	130.3	73.0	59.2	60.7	205.5	81.1	16.6	80.5	7.0	65.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	58	55.8	172.9	96.9	95.4	97.8	244.2	96.4	20.3	98.5	10.4	97.2
Other corporation - Autres corporations	46	44.2	5.6	3.1	2.1	2.2	9.2	3.6	.3	1.5	.3	2.8
Total	104	100.0	178.5	100.0	97.5	100.0	253.4	100.0	20.6	100.0	10.7	100.0

TABLE 115. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Smelting and Refining Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 115. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fonte et affinage des métaux, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	30	18.2	2,322.7	85.5	1,358.1	87.9	1,318.0	80.5	278.0	88.5	127.0	86.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	56	33.9	301.5	11.1	133.2	8.6	263.3	16.1	35.0	11.2	19.3	13.2
Reporting corporations - Total Corporations déclarantes	86	52.1	2,624.2	96.6	1,491.3	96.5	1,581.3	96.6	313.0	99.7	146.3	99.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	79	47.9	93.4	3.4	54.4	3.5	55.9	3.4	.8	.3	.4	.3
Total	165	100.0	2,717.6	100.0	1,545.7	100.0	1,637.2	100.0	313.8	100.0	146.7	100.0

TABLE 116. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Primary Metals Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 116. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries des métaux primaires, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	52	13.2	2,863.4	56.8	1,637.4	57.7	1,781.0	52.0	292.8	56.7	132.3	71.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	135	34.4	2,074.5	41.1	1,140.7	40.2	1,566.1	45.7	221.2	42.9	52.3	28.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	187	47.6	4,937.9	97.9	2,778.1	97.9	3,347.1	97.9	514.0	99.6	184.6	99.3
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	206	52.4	106.0	2.1	59.2	2.1	80.0	2.3	1.9	.4	1.3	.7
Total	393	100.0	5,043.9	100.0	2,837.3	100.0	3,427.1	100.0	515.9	100.0	185.9	100.0

TABLE 117. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Boiler and Plate Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 117. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, chaudières et plaques, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	8	15.4	57.9	66.3	21.8	61.8	91.5	66.6	5.7	78.1	5.5	83.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	30	57.7	27.9	32.0	12.9	36.5	43.5	31.7	1.6	21.9	1.1	16.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	38	73.1	85.8	98.3	34.7	98.3	135.0	98.3	7.3	100.0	6.6	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	14	26.9	1.5	1.7	.6	1.7	2.4	1.7	-	-	-	-
Total	52	100.0	87.3	100.0	35.3	100.0	137.4	100.0	7.3	100.0	6.6	100.0

TABLE 118. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Structural Steel, Industry 1966

TABLEAU 118. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, acier de charpente, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
0% and over - et plus	4	3.6	59.9	15.0	15.9	10.4	40.4	9.8	6.2	18.8	2.4	13.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	57	50.9	328.7	82.2	130.4	85.3	361.0	87.3	26.1	79.4	15.0	84.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	61	54.5	388.6	97.2	146.3	95.7	401.4	97.1	32.3	98.2	17.4	97.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	51	45.5	11.1	2.8	6.5	4.3	12.1	2.9	.6	1.8	.4	2.2
Total	112	100.0	399.7	100.0	152.8	100.0	413.5	100.0	32.9	100.0	17.8	100.0

TABLE 119. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Ornamental Iron Works Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 119. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fer forgé, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	26	8.6	32.7	23.1	14.4	31.0	49.7	22.0	3.0	33.0	2.7	52.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	94	31.1	94.3	66.6	27.2	58.7	148.6	65.9	5.7	62.6	2.1	41.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	120	39.7	127.0	89.7	41.6	89.7	198.3	87.9	8.7	95.6	4.8	94.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	182	60.3	14.6	10.3	4.8	10.3	27.3	12.1	.4	4.4	.3	5.9
Total	302	100.0	141.6	100.0	46.4	100.0	225.6	100.0	9.1	100.0	5.1	100.0

TABLE 120. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Metal Stamping Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 120. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, estampage des métaux, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	49	8.0	279.0	56.0	159.8	64.0	370.9	49.8	40.4	68.5	32.7	70.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	160	26.3	182.5	36.6	76.8	30.8	306.8	41.3	16.4	27.8	11.7	25.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	209	34.3	461.5	92.6	236.6	94.8	677.7	91.1	56.8	96.3	44.4	96.3
Other corporations - Autres corporations	401	65.7	36.9	7.4	12.9	5.2	66.0	8.9	2.2	3.7	1.7	3.7
Total	610	100.0	498.4	100.0	249.5	100.0	743.7	100.0	59.0	100.0	46.1	100.0

TABLE 121. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Wire and Wire Products Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 121. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fils métalliques et produits connexes, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	40	21.4	108.5	56.0	61.7	63.1	133.8	55.4	14.0	63.6	13.4	70.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	50	26.7	75.5	38.9	32.1	32.9	90.8	37.6	7.2	32.8	4.9	25.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	90	48.1	184.0	94.9	93.8	96.0	224.6	93.0	21.2	96.4	18.3	96.3
Other corporations - Autres corporations	97	51.9	9.9	5.1	3.9	4.0	17.0	7.0	.8	3.6	.7	3.7
Total	187	100.0	193.9	100.0	97.7	100.0	241.6	100.0	22.0	100.0	19.0	100.0

TABLE 122. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Hardware and Tools Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 122. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication de quincaillerie et d'outils, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	46	12.1	95.1	57.8	63.6	64.8	113.5	51.0	10.7	59.4	9.9	63.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	72	19.0	45.9	27.9	25.0	25.5	71.6	32.1	5.2	28.9	3.8	24.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	118	31.1	141.0	85.7	88.6	90.3	185.1	83.1	15.9	88.3	13.7	88.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations	262	68.9	23.6	14.3	9.5	9.7	37.6	16.9	2.1	11.7	1.8	11.6
Total	380	100.0	164.6	100.0	98.1	100.0	222.7	100.0	18.0	100.0	15.5	100.0

TABLE 123. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Heating Equipment Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 123. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, appareils de chauffage, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	18	16.5	40.5	34.6	13.0	26.1	63.5	47.1	- 2.0	-	- 1.9	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%.....	29	26.6	71.3	60.8	35.0	70.3	61.3	45.5	2.8	-	1.8	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	47	43.1	111.8	95.4	48.0	96.4	124.8	92.6	.8	-	.1	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	62	56.9	5.4	4.6	1.8	3.6	10.0	7.4	.2	-	.2	-
Total	109	100.0	117.2	100.0	49.8	100.0	134.8	100.0	1.0	-	.1	-

TABLE 124. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Machine Shops Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 124. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ateliers d'usinage, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	3	.4	1.4	1.3	.6	1.4	1.7	1.0	.2	2.2	.1	1.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%.....	110	15.7	58.2	54.5	22.5	51.8	94.8	55.4	5.0	54.3	4.1	53.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	113	16.1	59.6	55.9	23.1	53.2	96.5	56.4	5.2	56.5	4.2	54.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	591	83.9	47.1	44.1	20.3	46.8	74.6	43.6	4.0	43.5	3.5	45.5
Total	704	100.0	106.7	100.0	43.4	100.0	171.1	100.0	9.2	100.0	7.7	100.0

TABLE 125. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Miscellaneous Products Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 125. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits métalliques divers, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	77	19.3	175.3	56.2	85.7	59.0	266.3	56.0	13.9	44.4	13.4	61.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%.....	84	21.2	113.8	36.5	52.4	36.0	170.7	35.9	15.7	50.2	7.6	34.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	161	40.5	289.1	92.7	138.1	95.0	437.0	91.9	29.6	94.6	21.0	95.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	237	59.5	22.7	7.3	7.3	5.0	38.3	8.1	1.7	5.4	1.0	4.5
Total	398	100.0	311.8	100.0	145.4	100.0	475.3	100.0	31.3	100.0	22.0	100.0

TABLE 126. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Metal Fabricating Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 126. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de produits métalliques, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	271	9.5	850.3	42.1	436.5	47.5	1,131.3	40.9	92.1	48.5	78.2	55.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%.....	686	24.0	998.1	49.4	414.3	45.1	1,349.1	48.8	85.7	45.2	52.1	37.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	957	33.5	1,848.4	91.5	850.8	92.6	2,480.4	89.7	177.8	93.7	130.3	93.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1,897	66.5	172.8	8.5	67.6	7.4	285.3	10.3	12.0	6.3	9.6	6.9
Total	2,854	100.0	2,021.2	100.0	918.4	100.0	2,765.7	100.0	189.8	100.0	139.9	100.0

TABLE 127. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Agricultural Implements Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 127. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, instruments aratoires, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	7	7.3	159.1	41.5	98.0	50.7	319.9	48.0	24.0	53.1	21.6	69.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	35	36.5	217.6	56.8	93.6	48.4	337.0	50.6	20.7	45.8	9.0	29.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	42	43.8	376.7	98.3	191.6	99.1	656.9	98.6	44.7	98.9	30.6	98.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	54	56.2	6.4	1.7	1.7	.9	9.0	1.4	.5	1.1	.4	1.3
Total	96	100.0	383.1	100.0	193.3	100.0	665.9	100.0	45.2	100.0	31.0	100.0

TABLE 128. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Commercial Refrigeration Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 128. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, équipement de réfrigération, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	11	27.5	24.1	69.4	10.5	89.7	37.9	69.4	3.5	97.2	3.2	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	9	22.5	8.5	24.5	.3	2.6	12.9	23.6	-	-	1.2	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	20	50.0	32.6	93.9	10.8	92.3	50.8	93.0	3.5	97.2	2.0	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	20	50.0	2.1	6.1	.9	7.7	3.8	7.0	.1	2.8	.2	-
Total	40	100.0	34.7	100.0	11.7	100.0	54.6	100.0	3.6	100.0	2.2	-

TABLE 129. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Machinery Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 129. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres machines, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	164	23.3	925.9	80.1	428.4	83.8	1,099.2	76.2	97.9	86.8	84.8	90.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	146	20.8	192.1	16.6	70.8	13.8	281.7	19.5	13.3	11.8	8.2	8.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	310	44.1	1,118.0	96.7	499.2	97.6	1,380.9	95.7	111.2	98.6	93.0	99.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	393	55.9	37.9	3.3	12.3	2.4	62.8	4.3	1.6	1.4	.8	.8
Total	703	100.0	1,155.9	100.0	511.5	100.0	1,443.7	100.0	112.8	100.0	93.8	100.0

TABLE 130. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Machinery Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 130. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de machinerie, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	182	21.7	1,109.1	70.5	536.9	74.9	1,457.0	67.3	125.4	77.6	109.6	86.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	190	22.6	418.2	26.6	164.7	23.0	631.6	29.2	34.0	21.0	16.0	12.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	372	44.3	1,527.3	97.1	701.6	97.9	2,088.6	96.5	159.4	98.6	125.6	98.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	467	55.7	46.4	2.9	14.9	2.1	75.6	3.5	2.2	1.4	1.4	1.1
Total	839	100.0	1,573.7	100.0	716.5	100.0	2,164.2	100.0	161.6	100.0	127.0	100.0

TABLE 131. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Aircraft and Parts Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 131. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, avions et pièces, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	22	31.4	605.1	91.8	248.1	93.7	501.2	90.5	9.6	86.5	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	20	28.6	52.4	8.0	15.9	6.0	49.4	8.9	1.2	10.8	—	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes	42	60.0	657.5	99.8	264.0	99.7	550.6	99.4	10.8	97.3	- 13.7	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	28	40.0	1.5	.2	.7	.3	3.1	.6	.3	2.7	.2	—
Total	70	100.0	659.0	100.0	264.7	100.0	553.7	100.0	11.1	100.0	- 13.5	—

TABLE 132. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Motor Vehicles and Parts Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 132. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, véhicules automobiles et pièces, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	79	39.9	1,656.2	95.7	661.7	95.9	3,344.3	96.6	143.9	95.7	127.1	98.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	45	22.7	67.5	3.9	25.9	3.7	109.1	3.1	6.1	4.1	2.3	1.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes	124	62.6	1,723.7	99.6	687.6	99.6	3,453.4	99.7	150.0	99.8	129.4	99.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	74	37.4	7.3	.4	3.1	.4	11.9	.3	.3	.2	.3	.2
Total	198	100.0	1,731.0	100.0	690.7	100.0	3,465.3	100.0	150.3	100.0	129.7	100.0

TABLE 133. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Truck Bodies Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 133. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, carrosseries de camions, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	9	7.5	52.1	59.4	24.3	65.3	65.2	48.5	6.6	68.7	5.9	71.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	43	35.8	29.8	34.0	11.0	29.6	57.6	42.8	2.6	27.1	2.1	25.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes	52	43.3	81.9	93.4	35.3	94.9	122.8	91.3	9.2	95.8	8.0	96.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations	68	56.7	5.8	6.6	1.9	5.1	11.7	8.7	.4	4.2	.3	3.6
Total	120	100.0	87.7	100.0	37.2	100.0	134.5	100.0	9.6	100.0	8.3	100.0

TABLE 134. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Miscellaneous Transportation Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 134. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, matériel de transport divers, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	13	5.9	189.5	39.2	51.5	29.0	196.7	37.8	7.6	25.8	6.8	29.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	61	27.6	282.1	58.3	121.9	68.6	302.7	58.2	21.2	72.2	16.2	69.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes	74	33.5	471.6	97.5	173.4	97.6	499.4	96.0	28.8	98.0	23.0	98.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	147	66.5	12.2	2.5	4.2	2.4	20.7	4.0	.6	2.0	.4	1.7
Total	221	100.0	483.8	100.0	177.6	100.0	520.1	100.0	29.4	100.0	23.4	100.0

TABLE 135. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Transport Equipment Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 135. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication du matériel de transport, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus.....	123	20.2	2,502.9	84.5	985.6	84.1	4,107.4	87.9	167.7	83.7	126.1	85.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	169	27.7	431.8	14.6	174.7	14.9	518.8	11.1	31.1	15.5	20.6	13.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	292	47.9	2,934.7	99.1	1,160.3	99.0	4,626.2	99.0	198.8	99.2	146.7	99.2
Other corporations - Autres corporations	317	52.1	26.8	.9	9.9	1.0	47.4	1.0	1.6	.8	1.2	.8
Total	609	100.0	2,961.5	100.0	1,170.2	100.0	4,673.6	100.0	200.4	100.0	147.9	100.0

TABLE 136. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Small Appliances Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 136. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, petits appareils électriques, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus.....	19	25.3	52.0	77.6	28.7	79.7	70.5	72.7	6.6	86.9	6.3	80.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	17	22.7	12.1	18.1	5.3	14.7	21.5	22.2	.9	11.8	1.5	19.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	36	48.0	64.1	95.7	34.0	94.4	92.0	94.9	7.5	98.7	7.8	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	39	52.0	2.9	4.3	2.0	5.6	4.9	5.1	.1	1.3	-	-
Total	75	100.0	67.0	100.0	36.0	100.0	96.9	100.0	7.6	100.0	7.8	100.0

TABLE 137. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Major Appliances Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 137. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, gros appareils électriques, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus.....	7	25.0	83.2	58.2	29.8	54.8	136.2	56.8	.2	11.1	.4	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	14	50.0	59.1	41.4	24.3	44.8	102.8	42.9	1.6	88.9	.2	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	21	75.0	142.3	99.6	54.1	99.6	239.0	99.7	1.8	100.0	.2	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	7	25.0	.5	.4	.2	.4	.8	.3	-	-	-	-
Total	28	100.0	142.8	100.0	54.3	100.0	239.8	100.0	1.8	100.0	.2	-

TABLE 138. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Radio and Television Receivers Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 138. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, appareils de radio et de télévision, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus.....	6	26.1	59.8	46.1	24.4	47.4	98.7	61.5	5.5	-	4.8	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	9	39.1	69.4	53.6	27.1	52.6	60.8	37.9	3.7	-	.3	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	15	65.2	129.2	99.7	51.5	100.0	159.5	99.4	9.2	-	5.1	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	8	34.8	.4	.3	-	-	.9	.6	.2	-	.1	-
Total	23	100.0	129.6	100.0	51.5	100.0	160.4	100.0	9.0	-	5.0	-

TABLE 139. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Communications Equipment Industry, 1966

TABLÉAU 139. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, matériel de télécommunication, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actifs		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	36	20.7	207.9	37.4	87.4	33.7	290.4	34.9	22.1	52.9	21.3	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	42	24.1	290.9	52.4	149.9	57.7	470.8	56.5	16.8	40.2	10.6	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.....	78	44.8	498.8	89.8	237.3	91.4	761.2	91.4	38.9	93.1	10.7	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	96	55.2	56.5	10.2	22.2	8.6	71.9	8.6	2.9	6.9	.6	—
Total.....	174	100.0	555.3	100.0	259.5	100.0	833.1	100.0	41.8	100.0	10.1	—

TABLE 140. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Industrial Electrical Equipment Industry, 1966

TABLÉAU 140. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, matériel électrique industriel, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actifs		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	44	38.3	539.4	95.8	315.1	97.9	747.9	95.1	60.1	97.4	45.7	97.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	25	21.7	17.2	3.1	5.1	1.6	29.7	3.8	.9	1.5	.7	1.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	69	60.0	556.6	98.9	320.2	99.5	777.6	98.9	61.0	98.9	46.4	98.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	46	40.0	6.0	1.1	1.7	.5	9.0	1.1	.7	1.1	.5	1.1
Total.....	115	100.0	562.6	100.0	321.9	100.0	786.6	100.0	61.7	100.0	46.9	100.0

TABLE 141. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Battery Manufacturers Industry, 1966

TABLÉAU 141. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, manufacturiers de batteries, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actifs		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	9	45.0	29.0	97.3	18.4	98.4	43.7	97.8	2.6	100.0	2.5	100.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.....	9	45.0	29.0	97.3	18.4	98.4	43.7	97.8	2.6	100.0	2.5	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	11	55.0	.8	2.7	.3	1.6	1.0	2.2	—	—	—	—
Total.....	20	100.0	29.8	100.0	18.7	100.0	44.7	100.0	2.6	100.0	2.5	100.0

TABLE 142. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Miscellaneous Electrical Equipment Industries, 1966

TABLÉAU 142. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, appareils électriques divers, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	45	23.7	162.1	59.0	78.6	62.6	260.7	58.7	28.7	73.4	26.8	79.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	42	22.1	104.3	37.9	44.5	35.5	168.3	37.9	10.1	25.8	6.8	20.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	87	45.8	266.4	96.9	123.1	98.1	429.0	96.6	38.8	99.2	33.6	99.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	103	54.2	8.6	3.1	2.4	1.9	15.2	3.4	.3	.8	.2	.6
Total	190	100.0	275.0	100.0	125.5	100.0	444.2	100.0	39.1	100.0	33.8	100.0

TABLE 143. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Electrical Products Industries, 1966

TABEAU 143. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication d'appareil et de matériel électrique, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	166	26.6	1,133.4	64.3	582.4	67.2	1,648.1	63.2	125.8	76.9	107.0	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	149	23.8	553.0	31.4	256.2	29.5	853.9	32.8	34.0	20.8	1.1	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	315	50.4	1,686.4	95.7	838.6	96.7	2,502.0	96.0	159.8	97.7	105.9	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	310	49.6	75.7	4.3	28.8	3.3	103.7	4.0	3.8	2.3	—	—
Total	625	100.0	1,762.1	100.0	867.4	100.0	2,605.7	100.0	163.6	100.0	105.9	—

TABLE 144. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Cement Manufacturing Industry, 1966

TABEAU 144. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, manufacturiers de ciment, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	5	20.0	316.3	57.4	157.0	55.9	114.2	51.1	15.1	—	2.6	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	7	28.0	233.2	42.4	123.9	44.0	107.9	48.2	26.6	—	16.2	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	12	48.0	549.5	99.8	280.9	99.9	222.1	99.3	41.7	—	13.6	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	13	52.0	1.1	.2	.4	.1	1.6	.7	.1	—	—	—
Total	25	100.0	550.6	100.0	281.3	100.0	223.7	100.0	41.6	—	13.6	—

TABLE 145. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Concrete Manufacturing Industry, 1966

TABEAU 145. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, manufacturiers de produits en béton, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	3	.8	7.0	4.4	1.9	3.5	12.2	6.0	.5	5.1	.3	8.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	118	31.1	117.0	73.3	36.1	67.1	155.6	77.1	8.7	88.8	2.8	77.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	121	31.9	124.0	77.7	38.0	70.6	167.8	83.1	9.2	93.9	3.1	86.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	258	68.1	35.5	22.3	15.8	29.4	34.2	16.9	.6	6.1	.5	13.9
Total	379	100.0	159.5	100.0	53.8	100.0	202.0	100.0	9.8	100.0	3.6	100.0

TABLE 146. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Ready-Mix Concrete Industry, 1966

TABEAU 146. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, industrie du béton préparé, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	8	3.6	15.5	7.3	.9	1.1	18.9	6.2	.1	—	.2	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	103	46.6	183.9	86.8	76.2	93.9	262.3	86.4	12.5	—	4.1	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	111	50.2	199.4	94.1	77.1	95.0	281.2	92.6	12.4	—	3.9	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	110	49.8	12.5	5.9	4.1	5.0	22.6	7.4	.9	—	.7	—
Total	221	100.0	211.9	100.0	81.2	100.0	303.8	100.0	13.3	—	4.6	—

TABLE 147. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Clay Products Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 147. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits de l'argile, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	10	9.7	23.1	31.0	15.0	34.5	25.8	35.0	1.8	40.0	1.4	58.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	38	36.9	46.8	63.0	27.1	62.3	41.3	56.0	2.6	57.8	1.0	41.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	48	46.6	69.9	94.0	42.1	96.8	67.1	91.0	4.4	97.8	2.4	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	55	53.4	4.5	6.0	1.4	3.2	6.6	9.0	.1	2.2	—	—
Total	103	100.0	74.4	100.0	43.5	100.0	73.7	100.0	4.5	100.0	2.4	100.0

TABLE 148. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Glass and Glass Products Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 148. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, verre et articles en verre, 1966

Non-résident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	13	15.1	98.7	57.2	46.6	51.1	81.9	45.2	4.0	38.1	3.3	47.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	21	24.4	68.8	39.9	42.9	47.1	91.3	50.4	6.2	59.0	3.5	50.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	34	39.5	167.5	97.1	89.5	98.2	173.2	95.6	10.2	97.1	6.8	97.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	52	60.5	5.0	2.9	1.6	1.8	8.0	4.4	.3	2.9	.2	2.9
Total	86	100.0	172.5	100.0	91.1	100.0	181.2	100.0	10.5	100.0	7.0	100.0

TABLE 149. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 149. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres produits minéraux non métalliques, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	32	18.6	182.9	85.5	129.3	88.6	208.5	86.0	33.1	95.4	24.5	95.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	30	17.4	18.6	8.7	9.8	6.7	20.8	8.6	1.3	3.7	.9	3.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	62	36.0	201.5	94.2	139.1	95.3	229.3	94.6	34.4	99.1	25.4	98.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	110	64.0	12.5	5.8	6.9	4.7	13.1	5.4	.3	.9	.3	1.2
Total	172	100.0	214.0	100.0	146.0	100.0	242.4	100.0	34.7	100.0	25.7	100.0

TABLE 150. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 150. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication des produits minéraux non métalliques, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	71	7.2	643.5	46.5	350.7	50.4	461.5	37.6	54.4	47.6	26.7	46.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	317	32.2	668.3	48.4	316.0	45.3	679.2	55.4	57.9	50.6	28.5	50.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	388	39.4	1,311.8	94.9	666.7	95.7	1,140.7	93.0	112.3	98.2	55.2	97.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	598	60.6	71.1	5.1	30.2	4.3	86.1	7.0	2.1	1.8	1.7	3.0
Total	986	100.0	1,382.9	100.0	696.9	100.0	1,226.8	100.0	114.4	100.0	56.9	100.0

TABLE 151. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Petroleum Refineries Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 151. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, raffineries de pétrole, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	17	38.7	3,757.0	98.1	2,590.0	99.2	3,035.7	98.0	295.8	99.3	103.7	98.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	6	13.6	5.5	.1	3.9	.1	12.1	.4	1.1	.4	1.2	1.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	23	52.3	3,762.5	98.2	2,593.9	99.3	3,047.8	98.4	296.9	99.7	104.9	99.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	21	47.7	67.9	1.8	17.4	.7	48.2	1.6	.8	.3	.3	.3
Total	44	100.0	3,830.4	100.0	2,611.3	100.0	3,096.0	100.0	297.7	100.0	105.2	100.0

TABLE 152. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 152. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres dérivés du pétrole et du charbon, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	7	20.6	21.6	73.5	14.1	77.9	20.7	71.6	1.5	71.4	1.0	71.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	8	23.5	6.1	20.7	3.3	18.2	5.6	19.4	.3	14.3	.1	7.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	15	44.1	27.7	94.2	17.4	96.1	26.3	91.0	1.8	85.7	1.1	78.6
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	19	55.9	1.7	5.8	.7	3.9	2.6	9.0	.3	14.3	.3	21.4
Total	34	100.0	29.4	100.0	18.1	100.0	28.9	100.0	2.1	100.0	1.4	100.0

TABLE 153. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 153. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication des produits du pétrole et du charbon, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	24	30.8	3,778.6	97.9	2,604.1	99.0	3,056.4	97.8	297.3	99.1	104.7	98.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	14	17.9	11.6	.3	7.2	.3	17.7	.6	1.4	.5	1.3	1.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	38	48.7	3,790.2	98.2	2,611.3	99.3	3,074.1	98.4	298.7	99.6	106.0	99.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	40	51.3	69.6	1.8	18.1	.7	50.8	1.6	1.1	.4	.6	.6
Total	78	100.0	3,859.8	100.0	2,629.4	100.0	3,124.9	100.0	299.8	100.0	106.6	100.0

TABLE 154. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fertilizers Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 154. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, engrais, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	20	46.5	48.9	74.2	13.8	82.1	24.4	53.5	.2	—	—	—
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	14	32.6	15.3	23.2	2.0	11.9	18.6	40.8	.2	—	.1	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	34	79.1	64.2	97.4	15.8	94.0	43.0	94.3	—	—	.1	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	9	20.9	1.7	2.6	1.0	6.0	2.6	5.7	.2	—	.2	—
Total	43	100.0	65.9	100.0	16.8	100.0	45.6	100.0	.2	—	.1	—

TABLE 155. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Pharmaceuticals Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 155. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits pharmaceutiques, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	58	30.0	205.8	83.1	137.8	89.8	262.4	82.5	33.6	90.0	28.1	88.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	26	13.5	34.5	13.9	12.8	8.3	45.3	14.2	3.6	9.7	3.4	10.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes	84	43.5	240.3	97.0	150.6	98.1	307.7	96.7	37.2	99.7	31.5	99.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	109	56.5	7.5	3.0	2.9	1.9	10.4	3.3	.1	.3	.1	.3
Total	193	100.0	247.8	100.0	153.5	100.0	318.1	100.0	37.3	100.0	31.6	100.0

TABLE 156. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Paint and Varnish Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 156. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, peintures et vernis, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	27	22.5	115.1	76.2	72.4	78.5	157.3	71.5	10.3	74.1	6.6	67.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	31	25.8	30.3	20.1	17.9	19.4	51.6	23.4	3.3	23.7	3.0	30.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes.....	58	48.3	145.4	96.3	90.3	97.9	208.9	94.9	13.6	97.8	9.6	98.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	62	51.7	5.6	3.7	1.9	2.1	11.3	5.1	.3	2.2	.2	2.0
Total	120	100.0	151.0	100.0	92.2	100.0	220.2	100.0	13.9	100.0	9.8	100.0

TABLE 157. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Soap and Cleaning Compounds Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 157. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, savons et produits nettoyants, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	17	18.5	116.9	91.3	70.2	92.8	208.8	90.0	18.2	95.3	14.4	94.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	16	17.4	7.3	5.7	4.0	5.3	15.8	6.6	.7	3.7	.7	4.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes.....	33	35.9	124.2	97.0	74.2	98.1	224.1	96.6	18.9	99.0	15.1	99.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	59	64.1	3.9	3.0	1.4	1.9	7.9	3.4	.2	1.0	.1	.7
Total	92	100.0	128.1	100.0	75.6	100.0	232.0	100.0	19.1	100.0	15.2	100.0

TABLE 158. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Toilet Preparations Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 158. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits de toilette, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	36	42.9	71.9	84.6	48.6	87.5	110.5	80.7	14.5	96.0	14.2	95.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	6	7.1	9.9	11.7	5.8	10.5	21.7	15.8	.5	3.3	.5	3.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes.....	42	50.0	81.8	96.3	54.4	98.0	132.2	96.5	15.0	99.3	14.7	99.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	42	50.0	3.1	3.7	1.1	2.0	4.8	3.5	.1	.7	.1	.7
Total.....	84	100.0	84.9	100.0	55.5	100.0	137.0	100.0	15.1	100.0	14.8	100.0

TABLE 159. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Industrial Chemicals Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 159. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits chimiques industriels, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	46	26.9	720.6	82.1	393.4	79.4	616.1	83.7	65.8	92.6	54.9	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	19	11.1	27.0	3.1	9.5	1.9	18.6	2.5	1.4	2.0	.3	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	65	38.0	747.6	85.2	402.9	81.3	634.7	86.2	67.2	94.6	55.2	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	106	62.0	129.7	14.8	92.4	18.7	102.0	13.8	3.8	5.4	2.4	-
Total	171	100.0	877.3	100.0	495.3	100.0	736.7	100.0	71.0	100.0	52.8	-

TABLE 160. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Chemicals Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 160. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres produits chimiques, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	81	29.2	577.8	89.1	331.9	90.4	649.3	84.3	66.3	92.3	44.7	90.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	52	18.8	58.5	9.0	31.3	8.5	100.2	13.0	5.3	7.4	4.2	8.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	133	48.0	636.3	98.1	363.2	98.9	749.5	97.3	71.6	99.7	48.9	99.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations	144	52.0	12.3	1.9	4.2	1.1	21.1	2.7	.2	.3	.3	.6
Total	277	100.0	648.6	100.0	367.4	100.0	770.6	100.0	71.8	100.0	49.2	100.0

TABLE 161. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Chemicals and Chemical Products Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 161. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de produits chimiques et autres produits connexes, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	285	29.1	1,857.0	84.3	1,068.1	85.1	2,028.8	82.5	208.9	91.5	162.9	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	164	16.7	182.8	8.3	83.3	6.6	271.3	11.0	14.6	6.4	12.0	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	449	45.8	2,039.8	92.6	1,151.4	91.7	2,300.1	93.5	223.5	97.9	174.9	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	531	54.2	163.8	7.4	104.9	8.3	160.1	6.5	4.9	2.1	1.4	-
Total	980	100.0	2,203.6	100.0	1,256.3	100.0	2,460.2	100.0	228.4	100.0	173.5	-

TABLE 162. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 162. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, instruments scientifiques et professionnels, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	60	24.2	200.6	83.5	113.9	86.2	266.1	81.8	28.8	92.0	26.2	93.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	22	8.9	28.4	11.8	14.2	10.7	39.3	12.1	1.7	5.4	1.0	3.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	82	33.1	229.0	95.3	128.1	96.9	305.4	93.9	30.5	97.4	27.2	97.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	166	66.9	11.2	4.7	4.1	3.1	19.8	6.1	.8	2.6	.8	2.9
Total	248	100.0	240.2	100.0	132.2	100.0	325.2	100.0	31.3	100.0	28.0	100.0

TABLE 163. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Jewellery and Silverware Industries, 1966

TABLERAU 163. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, bijouteries et orfèvreries, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	11	5.9	22.4	42.8	16.0	56.3	43.2	49.5	2.4	60.0	2.2	59.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	43	23.2	18.2	34.8	8.0	28.2	26.4	30.2	1.1	27.5	1.0	27.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	54	29.2	40.6	77.6	24.0	84.5	69.6	79.7	3.5	87.5	3.2	86.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	131	70.8	11.7	22.4	4.4	15.5	17.7	20.3	.5	12.5	.5	13.5
Total	185	100.0	52.3	100.0	28.4	100.0	87.3	100.0	4.0	100.0	3.7	100.0

TABLE 164. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Broom, Brush and Mop Industries, 1966

TABLERAU 164. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, balais, brosses et vadrouilles, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	7	17.9	11.1	45.1	8.1	55.8	18.2	46.3	1.0	66.7	1.1	78.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	15	38.5	12.7	51.6	6.2	42.8	19.3	49.1	.5	33.3	.3	21.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	22	56.4	23.8	96.7	14.3	98.6	37.5	95.4	1.5	100.0	1.4	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	17	43.6	.8	3.3	.2	1.4	1.8	4.6	-	-	-	-
Total	39	100.0	24.6	100.0	14.5	100.0	39.3	100.0	1.5	100.0	1.4	100.0

TABLE 165. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Sporting Goods and Toys Industries, 1966

TABLERAU 165. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, articles de sports et jouets, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	22	14.4	56.6	52.3	- 8.7	-	41.8	34.3	1.0	32.3	- 6.2	-
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	33	21.5	44.3	41.0	16.0	-	70.0	57.4	2.1	67.7	1.0	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	55	35.9	100.9	93.3	7.3	-	111.8	91.7	3.1	100.0	- 5.2	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	98	64.1	7.2	6.7	2.5	-	10.1	8.3	-	-	- 1.1	-
Total	153	100.0	108.1	100.0	9.8	-	121.9	100.0	3.1	100.0	- 5.3	-

TABLE 166. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Manufacturing Industries, 1966

TABLERAU 166. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres fabrications, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	77	6.7	99.8	32.7	58.0	42.8	122.6	29.0	14.3	53.0	12.3	61.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	184	16.1	143.5	47.1	55.5	41.0	190.7	45.2	9.3	34.4	5.1	25.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	261	22.8	243.3	79.8	113.5	83.8	313.3	74.2	23.6	87.4	17.4	87.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	885	77.2	61.7	20.2	21.9	16.2	108.8	25.8	3.4	12.6	2.6	13.0
Total	1,146	100.0	305.0	100.0	135.4	100.0	422.1	100.0	27.0	100.0	20.0	100.0

TABLE 167. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 167. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries manufacturières diverses, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	177	10.0	390.5	53.5	187.3	58.5	491.9	49.4	47.5	71.0	35.6	74.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	297	16.8	247.1	33.8	99.9	31.2	345.7	34.7	14.7	22.0	8.4	17.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	474	26.8	637.6	87.3	287.2	89.7	837.6	84.1	62.2	93.0	44.0	92.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1,297	73.2	92.6	12.7	33.1	10.3	158.2	15.9	4.7	7.0	3.8	7.9
Total	1,771	100.0	730.2	100.0	320.3	100.0	995.8	100.0	66.9	100.0	47.8	100.0

TABLE 168. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Manufacturing Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 168. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries manufacturières, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	1,956	9.3	20,593.3	56.4	11,262.1	59.4	21,903.9	53.3	1,918.8	59.9	1,228.8	65.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	5,990	28.7	14,500.1	39.7	7,125.2	37.5	17,054.4	41.4	1,221.7	38.1	596.6	32.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	7,946	38.0	35,093.4	96.1	18,387.3	96.9	38,958.3	94.7	3,140.5	98.0	1,825.4	97.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	12,988	62.0	1,429.7	3.9	596.6	3.1	2,196.2	5.3	63.7	2.0	39.9	2.1
Total	20,934	100.0	36,523.1	100.0	18,983.9	100.0	41,154.5	100.0	3,204.2	100.0	1,865.3	100.0

TABLE 169. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Construction Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 169. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, construction, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	148	1.0	566.3	13.0	106.3	10.3	914.1	12.4	29.7	11.9	13.0	8.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	3,424	23.0	3,053.3	70.2	685.2	66.5	4,969.7	67.2	163.6	65.6	90.1	60.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	3,572	24.0	3,619.6	83.2	791.5	76.8	5,883.8	79.6	193.3	77.5	103.1	69.2
Other corporations - Autres corporations	11,285	76.0	730.0	16.8	239.3	23.2	1,504.4	20.4	56.2	22.5	45.9	30.8
Total	14,857	100.0	4,349.6	100.0	1,030.8	100.0	7,388.2	100.0	249.5	100.0	149.0	100.0

TABLE 170. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Transportation Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 170. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, transports, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	133	2.4	809.5	7.6	262.8	5.6	409.7	9.3	48.3	14.8	29.1	12.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	846	15.2	2,177.4	20.6	744.1	15.9	1,359.9	30.8	148.4	45.5	74.9	31.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	979	17.6	2,986.9	28.2	1,006.9	21.5	1,769.6	40.1	196.7	60.3	104.0	43.3
Other corporations - Autres corporations	4,578	82.4	7,609.8	71.8	3,669.6	78.5	2,643.8	59.9	129.3	39.7	136.3	56.7
Total	5,557	100.0	10,596.7	100.0	4,676.5	100.0	4,413.4	100.0	326.0	100.0	240.3	100.0

TABLE 171. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Storage Industry, 1966
TABLEAU 171. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, entreposage, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	13	2.4	82.3	22.2	52.8	36.7	38.7	25.5	7.4	44.3	4.3	34.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	83	15.5	269.8	73.0	83.5	58.1	97.8	64.4	8.8	52.7	6.4	51.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes	96	17.9	352.1	95.2	136.3	94.8	136.5	89.9	16.2	97.0	10.7	85.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	441	82.1	17.9	4.8	7.5	5.2	15.4	10.1	.5	3.0	1.8	14.4
Total	537	100.0	370.0	100.0	143.8	100.0	151.9	100.0	16.7	100.0	12.5	100.0

TABLE 172. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Communication Industry, 1966
TABLEAU 172. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, communications, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	13	2.2	23.0	.6	12.1	.6	9.9	.9	2.6	.9	1.9	1.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	65	11.2	452.7	12.2	196.2	10.3	110.8	9.8	25.9	8.6	16.2	12.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes	78	13.4	475.7	12.8	208.3	10.9	120.7	10.7	28.5	9.5	18.1	13.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	506	86.6	3,238.6	87.2	1,704.0	89.1	1,004.8	89.3	272.5	90.5	115.1	86.4
Total	584	100.0	3,714.3	100.0	1,912.3	100.0	1,125.5	100.0	301.0	100.0	133.2	100.0

TABLE 173. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Public Utilities Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 173. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, services d'utilité publique, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	22	7.7	220.4	11.2	95.6	11.3	112.8	17.7	15.4	14.5	13.9	19.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	67	23.3	1,697.5	86.3	728.6	86.4	508.0	79.7	88.5	83.2	55.5	77.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes	89	31.0	1,917.9	97.5	824.2	97.7	620.8	97.4	103.9	97.7	69.4	97.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations....	198	69.0	48.8	2.5	19.0	2.3	16.4	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.0	2.8
Total	287	100.0	1,966.7	100.0	843.2	100.0	637.2	100.0	106.4	100.0	71.4	100.0

TABLE 174. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Transportation, Storage, Communications and Other Utilities Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 174. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries de transports, entreposage, communications et autres services d'utilité publique, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	181	2.6	1,135.2	6.8	423.3	5.6	571.1	9.0	73.7	9.8	49.2	10.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1,061	15.2	4,597.4	27.6	1,752.4	23.1	2,076.5	32.8	271.6	36.2	153.0	33.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corpo- rations déclarantes	1,242	17.8	5,732.6	34.4	2,175.7	28.7	2,647.6	41.8	345.3	46.0	202.2	44.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	5,723	82.2	10,915.1	65.6	5,400.1	71.3	3,680.4	58.2	404.8	54.0	255.2	55.8
Total	6,965	100.0	16,647.7	100.0	7,575.8	100.0	6,328.0	100.0	750.1	100.0	457.4	100.0

TABLE 175. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Wholesale Trade Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 175. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, commerce de gros, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	1,061	5.5	2,173.4	28.1	601.4	22.1	5,104.9	27.7	167.6	33.2	151.1	33.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	5,548	29.0	4,670.3	60.3	1,791.9	65.8	11,515.2	62.5	282.7	56.0	247.3	55.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	6,609	34.5	6,843.7	88.4	2,393.3	87.9	16,620.1	90.2	450.3	89.2	398.4	89.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	12,562	65.5	894.0	11.6	329.2	12.1	1,802.3	9.8	54.4	10.8	48.5	10.9
Total	19,171	100.0	7,737.7	100.0	2,722.5	100.0	18,422.4	100.0	504.7	100.0	446.9	100.0

TABLE 176. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Retail Trade Industry, 1966

TABLEAU 176. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, commerce de détail, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	224	.9	1,061.4	19.1	635.0	26.8	2,516.8	17.6	121.6	31.1	112.1	33.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	4,087	16.2	3,201.6	57.6	1,234.4	52.0	8,848.5	62.0	188.3	48.1	150.3	44.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	4,311	17.1	4,263.0	76.7	1,869.4	78.8	11,365.3	79.6	309.9	79.2	262.4	77.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	20,839	82.9	1,296.0	23.3	503.9	21.2	2,916.9	20.4	81.4	20.8	76.7	22.6
Total	25,150	100.0	5,559.0	100.0	2,373.3	100.0	14,282.2	100.0	391.3	100.0	339.1	100.0

TABLE 177. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Finance Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 177. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, finances, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	1,441	2.3	8,686.9	11.6	3,910.6	20.5	670.0	9.3	247.7	15.3	75.3	14.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	10,814	17.4	25,321.9	33.8	10,373.2	54.4	2,487.8	34.6	636.1	39.4	124.4	23.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	12,255	19.7	34,008.8	45.4	14,283.8	74.9	3,157.8	43.9	883.8	54.7	199.7	37.6
Other corporations - Autres corporations....	49,812	80.3	40,837.9	54.6	4,777.0	25.1	4,034.7	56.1	732.4	45.3	331.1	62.4
Total	62,067	100.0	74,846.7	100.0	19,060.8	100.0	7,192.5	100.0	1,616.2	100.0	530.8	100.0

TABLE 178. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Services to Business Management Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 178. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, services de gestion, 1966

Non-resident ownership Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over - et plus	109	2.4	155.6	22.3	92.1	30.8	157.6	19.3	15.9	20.8	13.1	22.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	442	9.6	339.6	48.8	122.0	40.8	395.5	48.3	35.2	45.9	25.0	42.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	551	12.0	495.2	71.1	214.1	71.6	553.1	67.6	51.1	66.7	38.1	64.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	4,036	88.0	201.1	28.9	85.1	28.4	264.8	32.4	25.5	33.3	20.6	35.1
Total	4,587	100.0	696.3	100.0	299.2	100.0	817.9	100.0	76.6	100.0	58.7	100.0

TABLE 179. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Government, Personal and Miscellaneous Services Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 179. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, services gouvernementaux, personnels et divers, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	181	.9	433.1	14.4	153.0	16.8	322.8	12.0	33.9	23.8	27.1	27.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2,125	10.1	1,648.3	54.8	468.5	51.2	1,261.6	46.7	61.1	42.8	32.7	32.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	2,306	11.0	2,081.4	69.3	621.5	68.0	1,584.4	58.7	95.0	66.6	59.8	59.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	18,690	89.0	924.0	30.7	292.6	32.0	1,115.3	41.3	47.6	33.4	40.2	40.2
Total	20,996	100.0	3,005.4	100.0	914.1	100.0	2,699.7	100.0	142.6	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 180. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Services Industries, 1966

TABLEAU 180. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des services, 1966

Non-resident ownership — Appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over — et plus	290	1.1	588.7	15.9	245.1	20.2	480.4	13.7	49.8	22.7	40.2	25.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	2,567	10.1	1,987.9	53.7	590.5	48.7	1,657.1	47.1	96.3	43.9	57.7	36.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	2,857	11.2	2,576.6	69.6	835.6	68.9	2,137.5	60.8	146.1	66.7	97.9	61.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	22,726	88.8	1,125.1	30.4	377.7	31.1	1,380.1	39.2	73.1	33.3	60.8	38.3
Total	25,583	100.0	3,701.7	100.0	1,213.3	100.0	3,517.6	100.0	219.2	100.0	158.7	100.0

**Report
For 1967**

**Rapport
de 1967**

**Part 1 — Partie 1
CORPORATIONS**



61-
210

CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT

LOI SUR LES DÉCLARATIONS DES CORPORATIONS ET DES SYNDICATS OUVRIERS



CANADA

ANNUAL REPORT
of the
Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce
under the
Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
(Part I. Corporations)

RAPPORT ANNUEL
du
ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce
présenté conformément à la
Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers
(Partie I. Corporations)

1967

Published by Authority of
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Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce

Dominion Bureau of Statistics
Walter E. Duffett
Dominion Statistician

Publication autorisée par
l'honorable Jean-Luc Pépin
ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce

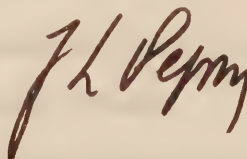
Bureau fédéral de la statistique
Walter E. Duffett
Statisticien fédéral

*To His Excellency, The Right Honourable Roland Michener, C.C., Governor General of
Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour of presenting to your Excellency the Sixth Annual Report under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary of information filed under Part I of the statute by corporations for their fiscal periods ending in 1967.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "J. L. Pepin". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce

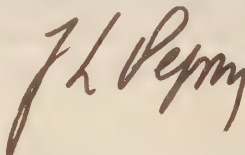
Ottawa, Canada
December, 1969

A son Excellence, le très honorable Roland Michener, C.C. Gouverneur général du Canada.

Monsieur le Gouverneur général,

J'ai l'honneur de présenter à Votre Excellence le rapport prévu par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Ce rapport, le sixième de la série, comprend le résumé statistique des déclarations que les corporations visées par la partie I de ladite loi ont produites pour leur année financière close en 1967.

Veillez agréer, Monsieur le Gouverneur général, l'assurance de mon profond respect.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'J. L. Pepin'. The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

Le ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce

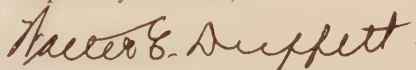
Ottawa, Canada
Décembre, 1969

*The Honourable Jean-Luc Pépin,
Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour to submit the Sixth Annual Report (Part I) under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary and analysis of information filed by corporations for the fiscal years ending in 1967.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Maurice E. Duffett". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized 'M' and 'D'.

Dominion Statistician

Ottawa, Canada
December, 1969

*A l'honorable Jean-Luc Pépin,
Ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Monsieur le Ministre,

J'ai l'honneur de vous présenter, conformément à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, le sixième rapport annuel (Partie I) qui constitue le résumé statistique et l'analyse des renseignements déposés par les corporations pour leur exercice financier qui s'est terminé en 1967.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le ministre, l'expression de mes sentiments dévoués.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Hector E. Duffett". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Statisticien fédéral

Ottawa, Canada
Décembre, 1969

FOREWORD

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, Chapter 26, 10-11 Elizabeth II, was passed by Parliament in April, 1962 and is administered by the Dominion Statistician under the authority of the Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce. The purpose of the Act is to collect financial and other information on the affairs of certain corporations and labour unions carrying on activities in Canada. Such information was considered necessary to evaluate the extent and effects of non-resident ownership and control of corporations in Canada and the extent and effects of the association of Canadians with international labour unions.

The Act applies only to corporations with gross revenues during a reporting period in excess of \$500,000 or assets in excess of \$250,000. Crown corporations and corporations operating under the authority of such Government of Canada statutes as the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Bank Act, the Loan Companies Act, the Small Loans Act, the Radio Act and the Railway Act are exempted to avoid duplication of returns where substantially the same kind of information was considered to be available under other federal legislation. Similarly, the legislation applies to every labour union in Canada having a local in Canada and 100 or more members resident in Canada.

The corporation returns are divided into confidential and non-confidential sections. The non-confidential section of the return includes information on the incorporation, officers and directors, and ownership of the corporation's issued share capital. The confidential section of the return includes financial statements of the corporation and a schedule of selected payments to non-residents for dividends, interest and certain business services.

Labour unions affected by the legislation are required to provide similar kinds of information, also divided into the two parts. In the non-confidential section, the union furnishes a copy of its constitution, names of its officers, number of members and certain information on locals, trusteeships and collective agreements. The confidential section of the return includes the union's financial statements and information on the dues and assessments received by international unions from members of those unions resident in Canada.

The non-confidential part of the return required for both corporations and labour unions is available to the public. The labour union returns are retained by the Department of Labour and the corporation returns by the Department of Consumer and Corporate Affairs. Some of the information contained in this part of the labour union return has been published in annual

AVANT-PROPOS

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, Chap. 26, 10-11 Elisabeth II, a été adoptée en 1962. La mise en application en est confiée au Statisticien fédéral qui relève du Ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce. Cette loi a pour but de recueillir des renseignements d'ordre financier et autre sur les affaires de certaines sociétés et certains syndicats ouvriers exerçant leur activité au Canada, renseignements considérés comme nécessaires pour juger dans quelle mesure des sociétés canadiennes appartiennent à des non-résidents ou sont sous leur dépendance et quelles sont les incidences et pour constater combien de Canadiens appartiennent à des syndicats ouvriers internationaux et quels en sont les effets.

La Loi ne s'applique qu'aux sociétés dont le revenu brut perçu au cours de l'exercice financier était supérieur à \$500,000 ou dont l'actif dépassait \$250,000. La Loi dispense les sociétés de la Couronne et les compagnies exerçant leur activité en vertu d'une loi fédérale canadienne telle que la Loi sur les compagnies d'assurance canadiennes et britanniques, la Loi sur les banques, la Loi sur les compagnies de prêt, la Loi sur les petits prêts, la Loi sur la radio ou la Loi sur les chemins de fer de l'obligation de produire ces déclarations si elles doivent fournir sensiblement les mêmes renseignements aux termes d'autres lois fédérales. La Loi s'applique d'autre part à tous les syndicats établis au Canada qui y possèdent une section et qui comptent 100 adhérents ou plus ayant leur résidence au Canada.

La déclaration des sociétés comporte une partie confidentielle et une partie non confidentielle. La partie non confidentielle comprend des renseignements sur la constitution, sur la composition du conseil d'administration et les dirigeants ainsi que sur les détenteurs des actions émises par la société. La partie confidentielle de la déclaration a trait aux états financiers de la société et contient une liste de certains versements effectués à des non-résidents à titre de dividendes, d'intérêts et en contrepartie de certains services.

Les syndicats ouvriers auxquels s'applique la Loi sont tenus de fournir des renseignements analogues en deux parties. Dans la partie non confidentielle, à laquelle le syndicat joint une copie de son acte constitutif, il produit les noms des membres du bureau, le nombre d'adhérents et certains renseignements concernant les sections locales, la tutelle administrative et les conventions collectives. La section confidentielle de la déclaration concerne les états financiers des syndicats et des renseignements sur les cotisations perçues par les syndicats internationaux de leurs membres résidant au Canada.

La partie non confidentielle de la déclaration exigée des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers est accessible au public. Les déclarations des syndicats ouvriers sont gardées dans les archives du ministère du Travail, celles des sociétés vont au ministère de la Consommation et des Corporations. Certains renseignements que renferme la section non confidentielle de la

reports under the Act, Part II Labour Unions. The inter-corporate ownership aspect of the corporation information has been released in a publication "Inter-Corporate Ownership, 1965", (DBS Catalogue No. 61-507). This publication indicates the holding of more than 10 per cent of the voting shares of a corporation by another corporation, the percentage of shares so held and the country of incorporation of the holding corporation.

The financial statements required of corporations under the Act consist of a balance sheet, a statement of income and expense, and a statement of surplus. Supporting schedules are also required to be attached to the financial statements including a reconciliation of net income as per financial statements with taxable income, continuity of the fixed assets accounts and computations of capital cost allowances claimed, dividends received indicating whether taxable or non-taxable, and cost of sales. The financial statements required of corporations under the Act are virtually identical with those submitted to the Department of National Revenue for corporation income tax purposes.

In order that unnecessary reporting of financial information by corporations might be prevented and that duplication in the tabulation and publication of corporation financial statistics might be avoided, the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act was amended in 1965. The amendment relieved corporations from filing a financial statement under this Act, if the corporation had filed a financial statement under the Income Tax Act. At the same time, access to corporation income tax returns was made available to the Dominion Statistician. A joint program of corporation financial statistics was then developed that would provide the Department of National Revenue with statistical information on the taxation of corporate income and at the same time provide data for statistical purposes.

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act requires that the Dominion Statistician prepare an annual report summarizing both the confidential and non-confidential information submitted by corporations and labour unions. The first report was released in July 1965 covering fiscal periods of corporations and labour unions ending in 1962. Subsequent annual reports under the Act are released in two parts, Part I relating to corporations and Part II relating to labour unions.

D.A. TRAQUAIR

*Director,
Corporations and Labour Union
Returns Act Administration.*

déclaration des syndicats ouvriers ont été publiés sous forme de bulletins annuels en vertu de la partie II de la Loi sur les syndicats ouvriers. Un ouvrage intitulé: "Inter-Corporate Ownership, 1965", (B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 61-507) traite de l'aspect inter-corporatif des renseignements fournis par les corporations. Figurent dans cette publication toutes les sociétés dont plus de 10 p.100 des actions donnant droit au vote sont détenues par une autre, avec indication de la proportion des actions ainsi détenues et du pays dans lequel la société détentrice est légalement constituée.

Les états financiers exigés des sociétés en vertu de la Loi sont le bilan, l'état des revenus et des dépenses et l'état de l'excédent auxquels s'ajoutent des documents à l'appui, soit la conciliation du revenu net des états financiers avec le revenu imposable, le relevé des immobilisations et le calcul des déductions pour amortissement, l'état des dividendes reçus avec indication si imposables ou non, et le coût de ventes ou frais d'opérations. Les états financiers exigés des sociétés en vertu de la Loi sont pratiquement identiques à ceux que celles-ci déposent au ministère du Revenu national pour fins d'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés.

Afin d'éviter que les sociétés ne produisent sans nécessité des déclarations sur leur situation financière et pour empêcher le double emploi dans les tableaux et publications relatifs à la statistique financière des sociétés, la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers a été modifiée en 1965. La modification dégageait les sociétés de l'obligation de faire la déclaration financière prévue par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers si elles avaient fait la déclaration d'impôt prévue par la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Par la même occasion, on autorisait le Statisticien fédéral à prendre connaissance des déclarations d'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés. On mit ensuite au point un programme de statistique financière des sociétés permettant de fournir au ministère du Revenu national des statistiques sur l'imposition du revenu des sociétés et d'obtenir en même temps d'autres renseignements statistiques.

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers prévoit la rédaction, par le Statisticien fédéral, d'un rapport annuel qui résume les renseignements, tant confidentiels que non confidentiels, fournis par les sociétés et les syndicats ouvriers. Le premier rapport, publié en juillet 1965, couvrait l'exercice comptable des sociétés et des syndicats ouvriers qui s'est terminé en 1962. Les rapports annuels suivants seront publiés en deux parties: la première ayant trait aux sociétés et la deuxième, aux syndicats ouvriers.

D.A. TRAQUAIR

*Le Directeur de la division
des déclarations des
corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers.*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Introduction	11
... About the Statistics	15
Description of Tables	15
Classification	16
Other Adjustments and Modifications	18
Highlights	20
Introduction	20
Mining	22
Primary Metal	24
Machinery and Equipment	25
Petroleum, Coal and Chemical Products	27
Construction	30
Trade	30
Summary	32
Statistical Appendix	33
List of Tables	35

TABLE DES MATIÈRES

	Page
Introduction	11
... À propos des statistiques	15
Description des tableaux	15
Classification	16
Autres ajustements et modifications	18
Points saillants	20
Introduction	20
Industries minières	22
Métaux primaires	24
Machinerie et matériel	25
Produits du pétrole et du charbon et produits chimiques	27
Construction	30
Commerce	30
Sommaire	32
Annexe statistique	33
Liste des tableaux	35

INTRODUCTION

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act (CALURA) was passed in 1962 to enable assessment of the relative importance of non-resident dominated corporations in the Canadian corporate community. The Act requires that approximately 20 per cent of the corporations in Canada file annual returns disclosing specified details of ownership including inter-corporate relationships. Financial information approximating that filed under the Income Tax Act is also required. Exempted from the provisions of CALURA are relatively small corporations and corporations required to divulge similar information under other pieces of legislation.

Annual reports have been published for 1962 and subsequent years. For the first year, 1962, 24,508 returns were processed. For 1963, the second year, 26,646 returns were processed and the third edition, 1964, covered substantially the same number of respondents, 26,763. The discontinuity between the number of respondents in 1962 and 1963 was partially attributable to increasing familiarity of the corporate community with the reporting requirements of the legislation. The effects of this learning process are not distinguishable from other types of changes in the data and therefore changes in the relative significance of non-resident dominated corporations between 1962 and 1963 are not apparent. Nevertheless the 1962 tabulations may be used but only in stringently qualified contexts.

Between 1964 and 1965, another significant discontinuity resulted from legislative amendments passed in 1965 which were primarily designed to simplify reporting. The amendments relieved a corporation from filing CALURA financial statements if substantially the same material was filed under the Income Tax Act. At the same time, the Dominion Statistician was given access to corporation income tax returns. A joint program for processing corporation financial statistics was developed to provide the Department of National Revenue with statistical information on the taxation of corporate income and, at the same time, some CALURA requirements were satisfied. As a result of processing the corporation tax returns, a large number of additional respondents have been assisted in the completion of ownership returns required by the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. The number of ownership returns processed increased from 26,763 in 1964 to 37,780 in 1965.

As an additional result of processing tax returns, taxable Canadian corporations not required to file ownership returns have been identified. The financial

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, à laquelle on réfère en anglais sous le vocable "CALURA" mais qu'on appellera "la Loi" ci-après, fut adoptée en 1962 par le Parlement afin de permettre d'estimer l'importance relative des firmes contrôlées par des non-résidents dans l'économie canadienne. Dans sa formule originale, la Loi obligeait environ 20 p. 100 des firmes exerçant des activités au Canada à soumettre un rapport annuel donnant des informations sur l'origine et le contrôle de leur capital-actions et en particulier sur les relations d'affiliation, parenté ou propriété entre firmes. La Loi obligeait en outre ces entreprises à déclarer certaines informations de nature financière similaires à celle qu'elles devaient rapporter au ministère du Revenu national aux termes de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Les firmes de taille modeste ainsi que celles qui étaient déjà obligées de rapporter des informations similaires à d'autres organismes fédéraux n'étaient pas frappées par cette Loi.

Des rapports annuels furent publiés pour 1962 et les années suivantes. Pour la première année 1962, 24,508 rapports furent analysés contre 26,646, en 1963 et 26,763 en 1964. La différence dans le nombre de firmes déclarantes en 1962 et 1963 est due en bonne part à la plus grande familiarité des milieux d'affaires avec les exigences de la Loi. Il est malheureusement impossible entre ces deux années d'isoler cette discontinuité dans les séries des changements qu'on cherche à mesurer. On ne peut donc en faire qu'un usage limité. C'est pourquoi les chiffres de 1962 n'apparaîtront pas dans ce rapport ni dans les suivants.

Entre 1964 et 1965 une autre discontinuité importante s'est produite à la suite d'amendements passés en 1965 afin de simplifier la tâche des compagnies déclarantes. Ces amendements relevaient de l'obligation de soumettre un rapport aux termes de la Loi toute firme qui avait déjà rapporté des renseignements financiers similaires en vertu de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Ces amendements accordaient au Statisticien fédéral l'usage des rapports d'impôt sur le revenu des corporations. Un programme commun d'analyse de statistiques financières des corporations fut mis en marche afin de donner au ministère du Revenu national des statistiques sur l'imposition des corporations et pour satisfaire en même temps aux exigences de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. L'un des résultats les plus importants de ces amendements fut que, grâce aux informations additionnelles, se présenta la possibilité d'aider un grand nombre de firmes à satisfaire aux exigences de la Loi. Par conséquent on enregistra une importante augmentation dans le nombre de corporations déclarantes en 1965. Cette augmentation de 26,763 en 1964 à 37,780 en 1965 introduisit une autre discontinuité dans les séries.

Un autre résultat de l'analyse des rapports d'impôt sur le revenu fut de permettre d'identifier certaines firmes canadiennes imposables non obligées de déclarer

statistics of these "other corporations" (as they are referred to in the tables) when combined with the CALURA data provides a greatly improved approximation of the size of the domestic corporate community. Since these additional corporations are virtually all dominated by Canadians, a closer approximation of the significance of non-resident dominated corporations is achievable. This improvement has been effected in preparing material for 1965, 1966 and 1967.

This, the 1967 edition, is the sixth report in this series. The 1962 material has been shown to be inconsistent with any subsequent year. The years 1963 and 1964, are consistent one with the other but inconsistent with subsequent years. For 1965, 1966 and 1967 the material presented has been prepared on a consistent and improved basis. With the completion of these three years on a uniform basis a summary review and updating is appropriate to provide evidence of rates of change in the relative significance of non-resident corporations.

Since its inception in 1963, the primary objective of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act Administration has been to document the extent and relative significance of non-resident ownership of Canadian industry. Initial legislation permitted the determination of the extent of non-resident interest, but it exempted Canadian corporations which held approximately one half of the Canadian controlled assets from reporting. An effect of a 1965 amendment was to remove this obstacle to the determination of a more representative corporate universe.

Considerable stability was found to exist in the proportion of corporate assets owned by non-resident dominated corporations. In terms of corporate assets, relative significance of non-resident ownership is about 25 per cent; i.e. about 25 per cent of total assets are owned by non-resident dominated corporations.

In retrospect, the stability of proportions might be expected under any but the most extreme economic conditions. Total assets of Canadian corporations are approaching \$200 billion. By comparison, Gross

l'identité de ceux qui possèdent leur capital-actions. Les statistiques financières de ces "autres corporations" (comme on les nomme dans les tableaux) permettent de mieux estimer la taille du secteur corporatif des affaires lorsqu'elles sont combinées avec les données obtenues aux termes de la Loi. Ces "autres corporations" étant pratiquement toutes contrôlées par des Canadiens, une approximation plus valable de l'importance du contrôle étranger sur notre économie est rendue possible. Les chiffres de 1965, 1966 et 1967 s'en trouvent donc améliorés.

Bref voici le rapport de 1967, le sixième de cette série. Les données de 1962 n'étant pas comparables avec celles des années suivantes n'y figurent pas. Les données de 1963 et 1964 sont comparables entr'elles mais ne le sont pas avec celles des années suivantes. Les données de 1965, 1966 et 1967 sont comparables entr'elles et sont d'une qualité supérieure aux statistiques des années précédentes. Il semble donc opportun en ce moment de procéder à une revue et à une remise à jour des données de cette série afin de mieux montrer les changements qui se sont produits dans le contrôle de notre économie par des étrangers. Les principaux tableaux donnent des statistiques pour les années 1963 à 1967. Les tableaux supplémentaires concernant les paiements à des non-résidents ne couvrent que les années 1965, 1966 et 1967.

Depuis 1963, date du début de ses activités, l'administration de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers a eu comme objectif principal de fournir des données sur l'étendue et l'importance du degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents à l'intérieur de l'économie canadienne. La Loi, telle qu'initialement conçue, permettait de déterminer l'étendue de la participation des non-résidents mais exonérait de l'obligation de soumettre un rapport certaines corporations canadiennes qui possédaient à peu près la moitié de l'actif total des corporations à contrôle canadien. Un effet de l'amendement de 1965 fut de supprimer cet obstacle à la détermination d'un univers plus représentatif de l'ensemble des corporations.

Avec la détermination d'un univers plus satisfaisant de l'ensemble des corporations, il devint possible d'observer une grande stabilité dans la proportion de l'actif total de toutes les corporations détenue par les firmes dominées par des non-résidents. En termes d'actif de l'ensemble des corporations l'importance relative de l'appartenance à des non-résidents est d'environ 25 p. 100; c'est-à-dire qu'environ 25 p. 100 de l'actif total est possédé par des corporations dominées par des non-résidents.

Avec le recul des années, la stabilité de cette proportion paraît normale et prévisible à moins de changements graves dans les conditions économiques. L'actif total des corporations canadiennes approche en

National Product is now approaching a rate of \$72 billion annually and Business Gross Fixed Capital formation is taking place at a rate of about \$13.5 billion annually.¹

Similarly, the assets of non-resident dominated corporations are approaching \$50 billion. Current rates of exports are \$18 billion per year and imports, \$19 billion.² To generate sufficient capital to significantly influence the existing non-resident position in a short interval of time would require extreme fluctuations in the trade position and large reallocations of domestic spending.

With reference to the primary objective of determining extent of non-resident involvement, non-residents own more than 50 per cent of the voting shares in corporations which in turn own about 25 per cent of Canadian corporate assets. Under normal economic conditions, this proportion is stable because of the size of the industrial structure relative to other variables through which change would be expected to be effected.

Since the overall structure of Canadian industry is subject to a high degree of stability, it is possible to emphasize some aspects of non-resident influence at the expense of others for relatively short intervals of time. In one section of the 1963 report corporations were grouped according to the amounts of assets which they owned. This led to the observation that non-resident dominated corporations tend to occur with greater frequency among large corporations. The 1964 report documented non-resident participation in terms of the extent to which corporations are non-resident owned. The first table of the 1964 report showed that almost 90 per cent of the corporations reporting were either completely non-resident owned or completely Canadian owned for all intents and purposes. In 1964 only 3,463 of 26,763 corporations reported non-resident ownership in excess of 5 per cent and less than 95 per cent.

The 1965 report included the first results of the expanded coverage and greater emphasis was placed on the relative significance of non-residents in particular industries. Also for the first time in the 1965 report, it was possible to show the distribution of corporate taxable income among provinces and industries.

effet les \$200 milliards. Par comparaison le produit national brut approche maintenant les \$72 milliards et la formation brute de capital fixe atteint environ \$13.5 milliards par année¹.

Quand à l'actif des corporations dominées par des non-résidents, il approche les \$50 milliards ce qui est considérablement plus que les \$18 milliards d'exportations et les \$19 milliards d'importations par année². Il faudrait des fluctuations considérables dans la balance commerciale et une réorientation radicale de la dépense domestique pour générer tout le capital suffisant à changer fortement la proportion de contrôle étranger pendant un court intervalle de temps.

En rapport avec l'objectif principal de déterminer l'étendue du contrôle par des non-résidents on peut dire que les non-résidents possèdent plus de 50 p. 100 des actions à droit de vote de corporations qui, à leur tour, possèdent environ 25 p. 100 de l'actif total de l'ensemble des corporations canadiennes. Sous des conditions économiques normales, cette proportion est maintenue stable par le rapport existant entre la taille de l'appareil industriel ou économique et la taille des autres agrégats à travers lesquels les changements d'appartenance se produisent.

Comme la structure globale de l'économie canadienne est soumise à un degré élevé de stabilité, on peut mettre plus d'emphasis sur certains aspects de l'influence des non-résidents aux dépens d'autres aspects pour des intervalles de temps relativement courts. Ainsi, dans une partie du rapport de 1963 les corporations furent groupées par tranches d'actif, ce qui a amené l'observation que la fréquence relative de la présence de corporations dominées par des non-résidents est beaucoup plus élevée dans les tranches d'actif les plus fortes. Le rapport de 1964 a analysé un aspect de la participation des non-résidents en termes de degrés auxquels les entreprises appartiennent à des non-résidents. Le premier tableau du rapport de 1964 montre que presque 90 p. 100 des corporations déclarantes étaient ou bien complètement possédées par des non-résidents ou bien complètement possédées par des Canadiens à toutes fins pratiques. En 1964, seulement 3,463 des 26,763 corporations rapportèrent un degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents plus élevé que 5 p. 100 mais moins élevé que 95 p. 100.

Le rapport de 1965 comprend les chiffres d'un grand nombre de corporations qui ont soumis une déclaration pour la première fois. L'aspect de l'appartenance à des non-résidents retenu pour une analyse plus approfondie en fut la répartition industrielle. La répartition du revenu imposable des corporations entre provinces et industries devint aussi possible pour la même année.

¹ DBS Catalogue No. 11-003, "Canadian Statistical Review", October, 1969.

² *Ibid.*

¹ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 11-003F, "Revue statistique du Canada", octobre, 1969.

² *Ibid.*

The 1966 report is the most extensive in the series. It features attempts to document similarities and dissimilarities between resident and non-resident owned firms using not only material reported under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act and the Income Tax Act but also series developed in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Non-resident control is explored in depth with specific reference to geographic origin of non-resident interests. Financial ratios of manufacturing industries are tabulated and the provincial distribution of taxable income is again studied.

In this, the 1967 report, the extent of non-resident interest in individual industries is again emphasized in the tables with reference to changes over the last five years. Also featured in this report is a capsule description of those qualifications which have been found to be most significant over the period of the last six years.

In summary, it has been possible to explore many aspects of Canadian commerce while satisfying the primary objective of documenting the extent and relative significance of non-resident ownership. In the near future it is expected that some aspects which have already been explored will be updated. These might include the distribution of taxable income with respect to provinces with particular emphasis on the difference between taxable income and book profits. Research is also being carried out on the reconciliation of the financial data of these reports with other data being developed in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Finally, it is likely that some other aspect of Canadian industry will achieve significance as economic conditions change. By shortening the time interval between the time data becomes available and the date of publication of reports it is possible to place more emphasis on current economic developments. Research into the operation of statistical systems is being continuously undertaken. The effectiveness of recent improvements in the production process is reflected in the publication of three reports since early December, 1969, based on data for 1965, 1966 and 1967 respectively.

Le rapport de 1966 est le plus considérable pour cette série. Il rend compte d'études poursuivies sur les similarités et les différences de comportement entre firmes possédées par des résidents et par des non-résidents, utilisant non seulement le matériel rapporté aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers et aux termes de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu mais aussi d'autres séries statistiques produites à l'intérieur du Bureau. Le contrôle par des non-résidents y est aussi exploré en profondeur quant au pays ou à la région d'où s'exerce le contrôle par des étrangers. On y analyse aussi certains ratios financiers des industries de la fabrication et on y procède encore à une répartition par provinces du revenu imposable.

Dans le présent rapport, celui de 1967, l'étendue de l'appartenance à des non-résidents dans chaque industrie fait de nouveau l'objet d'une analyse particulière mais sous l'angle cependant des variations qui se sont produites au cours des cinq dernières années. Le rapport reprend aussi une description des modifications et restrictions des statistiques de cette période qui ont été jugées les plus importantes.

En résumé, il fut possible d'explorer plusieurs aspects de l'économie canadienne en plus de rencontrer l'objectif principal qui consiste à estimer l'étendue et l'importance de l'appartenance à des non-résidents. Il est bien probable que certains aspects qui furent déjà explorés seront revus et remis à jour prochainement. Parmi ces aspects, il y a la répartition du revenu imposable entre les provinces tenant compte de la différence entre revenu imposable et bénéfice comptable. Certains projets de recherche sur la conciliation des données financières de ce rapport avec d'autres séries statistiques produites par le Bureau pourront constituer un matériel intéressant pour les rapports à venir. Enfin, il est probable que certains autres aspects et traits de l'appareil productif canadien auront subi des changements importants par suite de l'évolution des conditions économiques. Ayant réussi à raccourcir l'intervalle de temps entre la cueillette des données et la date de publication de ces rapports, on pourra traiter des développements récents dans la situation économique. Enfin l'analyse des opérations même de l'Administration produit ses effets et l'efficacité en est reflétée par le fait qu'en l'espace de quelques mois il fut possible de publier les rapports de 1965, 1966 et 1967.

... ABOUT THE STATISTICS

Description of Tables

The principal set of tables for this, the 1967 report, is based on the Standard Industrial Classification¹ and summarizes selected financial statement items according to whether or not reporting corporations are non-resident dominated. Also included are comparable data for taxable corporations which are exempt from CALURA and as a result do not report their ownership. These are referred to as "other corporations".

The method of determining non-resident ownership has been consistently applied since 1962 and was described in detail in the 1962 report. It essentially involves the identification of ownership relationships between corporations. Corporations are grouped whenever they have common ownership or when they are linked by other share capital relationships. When there exists an inter-corporate ownership link of at least 10 per cent of outstanding voting rights, corporate complexes are defined. A publication, "Inter-Corporate Ownership, 1967"² lists the ownership complexes defined by corporations reporting ownership information under the Act in 1965 and 1967.

After all corporate linkages have been defined, the degree of non-resident ownership of any corporation is determined by calculating the proportion of non-resident ownership of the corporations in which no other corporations own in excess of 10 per cent of the voting shares. This proportion of non-resident ownership is applied to subsidiaries. The process of calculating the ultimate degree of non-resident ownership is performed for all reporting corporations with such linkages.

The ultimate degree of non-resident ownership is used to classify financial information such as assets, equity, sales and profits to ownership groups. In these tables, if a corporation is at least 50 per cent non-resident owned it is considered to be non-resident dominated and all of its assets, equity, sales and profits are classified as 50 per cent and over non-resident owned.

¹ DBS Catalogue No. 12-501, "Standard Industrial Classification Manual".

² DBS Catalogue Nos. 61-507 and 61-508, "Inter-Corporate Ownership", 1965 and 1967.

... A PROPOS DES STATISTIQUES

Description des tableaux

Pour les principaux tableaux de ce rapport on utilise une classification articulée d'après la Classification type des industries¹. Ces tableaux fournissent des statistiques sur certains postes des états financiers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents ou à des résidents. Les données correspondantes d'autres corporations qui sont imposables mais exonérées de l'obligation de soumettre un rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers y sont aussi rapportées. On réfère à ces dernières comme étant les "autres corporations".

Cette méthode de déterminer l'appartenance à des non-résidents a été appliquée avec consistance depuis 1962. Le rapport de cette année-là la décrit en détail. Fondamentalement, cette méthode consiste à retracer les relations de propriété existant entre firmes. Les corporations sont groupées quand se présentent une appartenance commune tout aussi bien que d'autres liens de parenté ou propriété. Quand des firmes possèdent 10 p. 100 ou plus des actions à droit de vote émises d'autres firmes, on établit des complexes inter-corporatifs. Une publication intitulée "Liens de parenté entre firmes, 1967"² donne une liste de ces complexes ou familles dressée d'après les informations rapportées par les entreprises aux termes de la Loi en 1965 et 1967.

Après avoir recensé tous ces liens de propriété entre entreprises, le degré d'appartenance d'une corporation à des non-résidents est déterminé en calculant la proportion d'appartenance à des non-résidents des corporations dans lesquelles aucune autre société ne possède plus de 10 p. 100 des actions à droit de vote. Cette proportion d'appartenance à des non-résidents est appliquée aux filiales. Le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents ultime est ainsi établi pour toutes les corporations rapportant de tels liens.

Le degré ultime ou final d'appartenance à des non-résidents est utilisé afin de classer dans les différents groupes d'appartenance des informations financières telles que l'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les ventes et les bénéfices. Dans ces tableaux, si une corporation est possédée à 50 p. 100 ou plus par des non-résidents, elle est considérée dominée par des non-résidents et tout son actif, son avoir, ses ventes et ses bénéfices sont classés comme étant 50 p. 100 ou plus possédés par des non-résidents.

¹ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 12-501F, "Manuel de la classification type des industries".

² B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 61-507, "Inter-Corporate Ownership, 1965", et 61-508 "Liens de parenté entre firmes, 1967".

Four basic financial statement items, assets, equity, sales and profits, have been tabulated. The assets of a corporation are those items owned by the corporation as a legal entity. Included are cash, receivables, inventories, net fixed assets, investment in other corporations and other assets. The amounts tabulated were those shown on the corporations' balance sheets after deducting allowances for doubtful accounts and accumulated depreciation.

The amount tabulated for shareholders' equity was the shareholders' ownership investment as represented by the total of all issued share capital, the earnings retained in the business (or minus any deficit), and other net worth values segregated from retained earnings.

Normally, the sales figure tabulated for trade and manufacturing corporations was the gross revenue derived from the principal source of operations. In the case of corporations deriving their main income from rents, dividends or interest, the total income was tabulated as sales.

Profits include operating profits, investment income if any, capital gains, dividend income, profits on the disposal of fixed assets and any other type of non-recurring, extraneous profits which may have been credited directly to the retained earnings account. Profits were tabulated after deducting allowances for depreciation but before income tax provisions or dividend declarations.

Classification

The Standard Industrial Classification is the basis for the presentation of material in this report. The objective of the Standard Industrial Classification is to provide a common framework for comparison of data from diverse sources. The classification consists of a hierarchy of divisions, groups and industries. There are 11 divisions the largest of which is usually manufacturing by various criteria of size. Each division is subdivided into groups; e.g., the Trade Division is subdivided into Major Group 1 - Wholesale trade and Major Group 2 - Retail trade. Major groups are subdivided to industries; e.g., the major group Mineral Fuels in the Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells Division is subdivided to industries 061 - Coal Mines, 063 - Petroleum and Gas Wells, 065 - Natural Gas Processing Plants and 066 - Oil Shale and Bituminous Sand Pits. This arrangement provides the basic structure for the tables.

Quatre postes principaux des états financiers, l'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les ventes et les bénéfices ont été retenus pour compilation. L'actif d'une société est l'ensemble des biens ou créances que la société possède comme entité légale. On y inclut l'encaisse, les comptes à recevoir, les inventaires, les immobilisations nettes, les placements et tous les autres actifs. Les montants compilés sont ceux que montre le bilan d'une corporation après déduction des créances douteuses et de l'amortissement accumulé.

Le concept de l'avoir des actionnaires utilisé réfère aussi à la notion usuelle. L'avoir comprend les titres de propriété constituant la totalité du capital-actions émis, le surplus accumulé de l'entreprise (qu'il soit positif ou négatif) et les autres postes de valeur nette séparés du surplus accumulé.

Généralement le chiffre des ventes pour les corporations faisant partie des branches de la fabrication et du commerce est le revenu brut dérivé de leurs activités principales. Dans le cas de corporations, dont le revenu provient principalement de loyers, dividendes ou intérêts, le revenu total est assimilé aux ventes.

Les bénéfices comprennent les profits d'opération, les revenus de placement, les gains de capital, les dividendes reçus, le profit (ou perte) réalisé sur la vente d'immobilisations et tous les autres types de bénéfices extraordinaires. Ces bénéfices extraordinaires sont parfois crédités directement au compte de surplus accumulé par les répondants. Les bénéfices furent compilés après déduction de l'amortissement, mais avant les déductions pour impôt sur le revenu et avant la distribution de dividendes.

Classification

La Classification type des industries est à la base de la présentation des statistiques contenues dans ce rapport. L'objectif de la Classification type des industries est de dresser une structure ou cadre commun pour la présentation et la comparaison de données provenant de diverses sources. Cette classification consiste en un ensemble hiérarchisé de branches, groupes et industries. Il y a 11 branches dont la plus importante est la fabrication. Chaque branche est sub-divisée en groupes; par exemple, la branche du commerce est sub-divisée en deux groupes, le commerce de gros et le commerce de détail. Quant aux groupes ils sont fragmentés en industries; par exemple, le groupe des minéraux combustibles qui fait lui même partie de la branche des mines, carrières et puits de pétrole est sub-divisé en quatre industries, soit les mines de charbon (industrie 061), les puits de pétrole et de gaz naturel (industrie 063), les usines de traitement du gaz naturel (industrie 065), les carrières ou lits de schistes et sables bitumineux. Cette classification fournit la structure de base pour les tableaux qui suivront.

While the Standard Industrial Classification provides a uniform structure for diverse statistical reports, it is only infrequently that the entire structure is employed. Usually, detail at the industry level is only compiled within selected divisions, e.g., Division 5 — Manufacturing Industries. In other divisions such as Division 8 — Trade, data are presented at the major group level. In some, e.g. Division 2 — Forestry and Division 3 — Fishing and Trapping, data are only classified to the division level. Decisions as to the level to which data will be classified are based on criteria of significance which may differ for differing types of statistics; e.g., the classification used for wage statistics may differ from the classification used for financial statistics. This employment of dissimilar aggregation procedures sometimes makes direct comparisons between series difficult. Of perhaps equal significance, the aggregation procedure employed often influences the highlight comment for a given series.

The highlight comment is characteristically concerned with the most significant components of a set of statistics. Significance is determined by ranking the various classifications according to criteria which may only be implicit. These criteria commonly concern the size of a number such as asset size, rates of change such as growth in employment, proportionate significance such as percentage of non-resident ownership and so on. The magnitudes to which the criteria are applied are often a function of the classification scheme employed. For example, if all data are aggregated to the division level and the criteria selected for ranking all classes (i.e., divisions) is taxable income, then the top ranking class will be manufacturing. Presumably highlight comments would be primarily concerned with this division.

Assume that instead of aggregating to the division level, data are aggregated to the major group level only. Again assume that the ranking criteria is taxable income. In this case the top ranking class will be the major group, Wholesale Trade of the Trade Division. In second place will be Retail Trade, the only other group in the Trade Division. Highlight comment in this instance would feature trade, not manufacturing. It is apparent that the relative significance of classes is a function of both the criteria selected and the classification scheme employed.

In the 1966 report of this series, a 49 class scheme was employed to achieve maximum consistency with similar schemes employed in the construction of other series published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In selecting areas for highlight comment in the 1967 edition, attention was again directed to the 1966 classification even though a more detailed scheme is employed in this report. It is emphasized that the relative significance of industries discussed in the highlight comment is very much a function of this election.

Même si la Classification type des industries fournit une structure uniforme pour les divers rapports statistiques il est assez rare que toute la structure soit intégralement employée. D'habitude le détail au niveau de l'industrie n'est compilé qu'à l'intérieur de certaines branches, telle la fabrication. Dans d'autres branches, par exemple le commerce, les données sont souvent présentées au niveau du groupe d'industries seulement. Pour certaines autres branches, disons la forêt ou bien la pêche et la chasse, les données sont généralement classifiées au seul niveau de la branche. Les critères pour établir le niveau auquel on classifiera les données varient d'après l'importance des statistiques, en fonction de leur usage et suivant les difficultés rencontrées lors de la collection des données. Ces critères changent évidemment d'un relevé ou d'un recensement à l'autre. L'utilisation de critères différents pour la compilation des données rend souvent difficiles les comparaisons entre séries et influe sur l'analyse et les commentaires formulés sur cette série.

Les commentaires traitent habituellement des plus importantes composantes d'une série statistique. L'importance des composantes est déterminée après l'agrégation des données en un certain nombre de classes et leur arrangement en un certain ordre d'après les critères choisis. Ces critères peuvent être la taille de certains agrégats, des proportions ou encore des taux de variation. La taille non seulement absolue mais aussi relative des agrégats est souvent fonction de ces critères. Par exemple, si toutes les données sont ramassées au niveau de la branche et si les critères choisis pour arranger ces classes ou branches est le revenu imposable alors la principale classe sera la fabrication et les commentaires concerneront surtout cette division.

Cependant, si au lieu de compiler les données au niveau de la branche on les compilait au niveau du groupe suivant toujours le même critère, le revenu imposable, alors la principale catégorie industrielle sera le commerce de gros qui fait partie de la branche du commerce. En deuxième place on trouvera le commerce de détail le seul autre groupe de la même branche. Les commentaires traiteraient alors surtout du commerce et non de la fabrication. Il est donc apparent que l'importance relative des classes est fonction et des critères choisis et de la structure de classification employée.

Dans le rapport de la présente série pour 1966 une classification à 49 classes fut utilisée afin d'obtenir le maximum de comparabilité avec les autres enquêtes et relevés effectués par le Bureau. Pour le rapport de 1967 la classification de 1966 a été utilisée quoique modifiée légèrement pour obtenir plus de détail. Rappelons encore que l'importance relative des industries dont on discute dans le commentaire, est largement le résultat de cette classification.

Another qualification in the application of the Standard Industrial Classification to company financial statistics involves the degree to which data are aggregated before being classified. The establishment, typically a factory, mine, store or similar unit, is the basis for the Standard Industrial Classification. Reporting to CALURA is done by corporations which may consist of one or more establishments. In the case of corporations with a number of establishments, all of the establishments need not be in the same or related kinds of activity. In addition, there are generally insufficient data available to disaggregate returns. Therefore, the entire corporation must be assigned to a specific classification on the basis of what appears to be its dominant activity. Since multi-establishment companies are generally large, the change in the classification of them may significantly disrupt the time series in which they are included. For example, in the agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping industries, assets of predominantly foreign-owned corporations were shown in previous reports to have dropped from \$148.1 million in 1964 to \$74.1 million in 1965. This change resulted from corporations being reclassified; e.g., from forestry to manufacturing.

This type of difficulty has been considered in preparing the tables of this report. Whenever possible, firms of a significant size have been classified to the same industry for 1963 to 1967 unless there is significant evidence of a change in their nature of business. This imposition of consistency does not in any way alleviate the qualification that distortions will occur because significant establishments are associated with large corporations whose principal activity is in a different industry.

In summary, any ranking of industries on the basis of statistics in this report is subject to distortion on account of classification difficulties which are not unique to this series. Adjustments to previously published material have been effected to insure consistency and are not to be considered a complete solution of these problems.

Other Adjustments and Modifications

The reclassification of data to insure the uniform inclusion of significant corporations in their 1966 industrial class is the most significant departure from previously published material. Other adjustments and qualifications primarily involve only the financial sector of the corporate community.

Inter-corporate relationships are a prominent feature of Canadian business. In many cases, these relationships result in multiplication of assets when unconsolidated financial statements are added. The financial statements of parents will include invest-

Une autre remarque ou réserve ayant trait à l'application de la Classification type des industries aux statistiques financières des corporations ressort du niveau d'agrégation des données avant leur classification. En effet la Classification type des industries prévoit que l'unité de base pour la compilation des statistiques est l'établissement. L'unité de base utilisée pour la présente Loi est la corporation laquelle consiste en un ou plusieurs établissements. Dans le cas de sociétés ayant un certain nombre d'établissements, ceux-ci n'occuperont pas nécessairement tous le même champ d'activité. Il est pratiquement impossible de désagréger les données financières d'une société entre ses divers établissements. C'est pourquoi il faut classer la société tout entière à l'une ou l'autre catégorie d'après ce qui semble être son activité principale. Comme les sociétés à établissements multiples sont généralement très grosses les changements de classification qui consistent à faire passer l'une de ces sociétés d'une classe à une autre peuvent créer de véritables clivages dans les séries. Par exemple, pour les branches de l'agriculture, de la forêt et de la pêche et du piégeage, l'actif des sociétés contrôlées par des étrangers tombe soudainement de \$148.1 millions en 1964 à \$74.1 millions en 1965. Ce changement fut le résultat du transfert de certaines sociétés de la branche de l'exploitation forestière à celle de la fabrication.

Les difficultés de ce genre furent prises en considération lors de la préparation des tableaux de ce rapport. Autant que possible les sociétés de taille importante furent classifiées dans la même industrie pour toutes les années de 1963 à 1967 à moins de changement évident et important dans la nature de leurs activités. La continuité ainsi imposée ne corrige cependant pas la limitation amenée par l'agrégation d'établissements ayant des activités de nature souvent différente.

En résumé, tout arrangement d'industries à partir des statistiques de base de ce rapport est sujet à des distortions dues à des difficultés de la classification qui ne sont pas propres à ces séries. Enfin quand il le fallait des ajustements furent effectués aux données déjà publiées afin d'assurer une plus grande comparabilité.

Autres ajustements et modifications

La reclassification des données afin d'assurer plus de continuité dans les compilations quant à l'inclusion des corporations considérables dans les mêmes classes industrielles qu'en 1966 est le principal changement de procédure dans la compilation du matériel publié. Les autres ajustements et restrictions ont trait à peu près uniquement au secteur financier.

Les liens inter-corporatifs constituent l'un des traits dominants des milieux d'affaires au Canada. Dans plusieurs cas, ces liens résultent en une certaine duplication de l'actif total lors des compilations car les états financiers de la compagnie parente comprennent les

ment in subsidiaries and the subsidiaries may report substantially the same investment classified by type of asset. This pyramiding is most evident in the financial sector where the assets of many corporations are virtually all securities of affiliates. In some instances these holding companies have no affiliates with tangible interests in Canada. During World War II it was common for European based international corporations to incorporate affiliates in Canada for the protection of subsidiaries in other countries. One significant modification to previously published data for the Finance Division involved the deletion of such corporations which have no tangible Canadian operations or interests. This adjustment is necessary to improve the assessment of the size of the community within which non-resident participation is to be measured. Insurance companies and similar institutions constitute another group of corporations considered sufficiently unique to be excluded from the definition of the corporate community for purposes of measuring non-resident participation.

Other major discontinuities occur from time to time as concepts of classification of corporations change. Such a change occurred in 1966 when large numbers of inactive or insignificant corporations required to file income tax returns were transferred from classifications characterized by tangible assets to classifications characterized by financial or intangible assets. While these movements appear as significant discontinuities in the number of corporations included in a given class, they have no significant effect on other class statistics such as assets, equity, sales and profits.

placements dans les filiales et ces filiales rapportent des montants correspondants sous d'autres postes d'actif de leurs états financiers. Cet effet de pyramidage est le plus évident dans le secteur financier, là où l'actif d'un grand nombre de corporations est constitué presque seulement de titres de propriété et de dette de corporations affiliées. En certains cas, ces compagnies de type *holding* n'ont pas d'affiliées ayant des intérêts tangibles au Canada. Pendant la seconde guerre mondiale, il était fréquent que des compagnies internationales basées en Europe incorporent certains véhicules ou corporations au Canada afin de protéger leurs filiales en d'autres pays. Une modification assez importante par rapport au matériel publiée les années précédentes pour le groupe des finances concerne l'exclusion de telles sociétés qui n'ont pas d'intérêt ou d'actif tangible au Canada ou qui ne rapportent pas d'opérations au pays. Cet ajustement est nécessaire afin d'améliorer l'estimation de taille des agrégats par rapport auxquels la participation des non-résidents peut être mesurée. Les compagnies d'assurance et autres institutions semblables constituent un autre groupe de corporations considérées assez différentes pour être exclues de la définition donnée du secteur corporatif aux fins de mesurer la participation des non-résidents aux activités économiques.

D'autres discontinuités importantes arrivent de temps à autre à mesure que les concepts et la classification des sociétés changent. Un tel changement s'est produit en 1966 quand un grand nombre de corporations inactives de petite taille obligées de soumettre un rapport d'impôt sur le revenu furent transférées d'industries à caractère tangible, ou disons non financier, à d'autres industries à caractère proprement financier ou possédant des actifs intangibles. Ces changements produisirent des discontinuités sérieuses dans le nombre de sociétés incluses dans une classe ou l'autre mais ils n'eurent pratiquement pas d'effet sur les autres agrégats des classes concernées tels l'actif, l'avoir des actionnaires, les ventes et les bénéfices.

HIGHLIGHTS

Introduction

The industries chosen for highlight comments in this report were selected with primary reference to the proportions of various industrial sectors which were non-resident controlled. Other criteria of economic significance which were employed included the aggregate taxable income of an industry, the level and rate of increase in employment and three other inter-related characteristics for which data were taken from the 1961 input-output tables.¹ These were the dollar value added in an industry, the primary input coefficients (or proportion of total inputs which were not intermediate goods) and the wage and salary coefficients (or proportion of total production paid in wages and salaries).

The selection of these criteria required the use of an industry classification which would be compatible with the system employed in publishing employment and other types of data. It has already been indicated that the 49 class scheme employed in the 1966 report of this series was found to be suitable in this respect.

In 1966, 14 industries reported assets less than half of which were owned by resident dominated corporations. Of these 14, 6 failed to rank high by any of the other criteria employed. Therefore, for purposes of this report, these 6 were not singled out for special attention.

Two of the 8 remaining industries, petroleum and chemicals, are inter-related, the petroleum industry providing raw materials for chemicals. In 1966 chemicals ranked sixth in terms of taxable income. Therefore these were singled out for highlight comment.

Three other non-resident dominated industries were closely related. These were transportation equipment, machinery manufacturing and electrical products, all part of the machinery and equipment group. All 3 of these industries were among the top 11 in terms of taxable income and 2 were among the top 10 in numbers employed. This group was also represented in the top 10 industries in terms of wages and salary coefficients.

POINTS SAILLANTS

Introduction

Les commentaires pour ce sixième rapport annuel de la série ont trait d'abord aux résultats d'un classement selon la proportion de contrôle étranger à l'intérieur de divers secteurs industriels. Ces commentaires portent aussi sur les résultats d'un rangement à l'intérieur des séries statistiques selon certains autres critères d'ordre économique. Ces critères comprennent le revenu imposable total d'une industrie, le niveau et le taux de croissance de l'emploi et trois autres caractéristiques inter-reliées qui furent tirées des tableaux inter-industriels de 1961¹. Ces trois caractéristiques étaient la valeur ajoutée en termes monétaires dans une industrie, le coefficient d'intrants primaires (ou proportion du total des intrants autres que l'intrant intermédiaire) et le coefficient de traitements et salaires (ou proportion de la production totale payée en traitements et salaires).

Le choix de ces critères nécessitait l'usage d'une classification industrielle qui n'était pas incompatible avec la structure industrielle utilisée pour publier des données sur l'emploi et d'autres types de statistiques. Comme on l'a déjà dit, la structure industrielle à 49 classes déjà utilisée pour le rapport de 1966 fut reprise pour celui de 1967.

En 1966, il y avait 14 catégories industrielles dans lesquels les non-résidents possédaient 50 p. 100 ou plus de l'actif. De ces 14 classes industrielles, 6 étaient d'importance mineure à en juger par n'importe lequel des critères employés. C'est pourquoi les commentaires ne leur accordent aucune attention particulière.

Deux des 8 autres industries, soit celles des produits du pétrole et du charbon et puis des produits chimiques et produits connexes sont en quelque sorte inter-reliées du fait que l'industrie des produits du pétrole et du charbon vend à l'industrie des produits chimiques une bonne part de ses matières premières. En 1966, l'industrie des produits chimiques s'est rangée sixième en termes de revenu imposable. C'est pourquoi elles réapparaîtront dans les commentaires qui suivent.

Des 8 industries dominées par des non-résidents 3 autres étaient aussi reliées entr'elles: les industries de la fabrication du matériel de transport, de la fabrication de machinerie et de la fabrication de produits électriques. Elles seront toutes 3 traitées plus loin comme faisant partie du groupement de la machinerie et du matériel. Toutes 3 étaient aussi parmi les 11 plus importantes industries en termes de revenu imposable et 2 étaient parmi les plus importantes en termes de nombre d'employés. Ce groupement était aussi représenté parmi les 10 plus importants secteurs ou catégories industriels en termes de coefficients de traitements et salaires.

¹ DBS Catalogue No. 15-501, "The Input-Output Structure of the Canadian Economy, 1961".

¹ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 15-501, "The Input-Output Structure of the Canadian Economy, 1961".

Primary metal manufacturing was another of the non-resident dominated industries which ranked high on the basis of other characteristics. This industry was the fourth largest in terms of taxable income.

Finally, of the 8 non-resident dominated industries which were important by the other criteria of significance, 2 were in the mining division. Various groupings within the mining division occur near the top of the other rankings and this coupled with the relatively small number of mining industries led to the inclusion of the whole division.

In brief then, the highlights were selected with primary reference to degree of non-resident ownership supplemented by rankings according to other criteria of economic significance. This procedure resulted in the selection of inter-related mining and manufacturing groups in which non-residents usually held the dominant interest.

In order to prevent inordinate concentration on non-resident participation, reference was also made to other divisions in which Canadian dominance is most apparent. These include finance, transportation, communication and utilities, construction and trade. The results in the finance division are subject to the qualifications of the preceding section. The transportation, communication and other utilities division is dominated by a relatively small number of large corporations which are subject to various reporting requirements. At one extreme are government owned enterprises some of which are exempt from either the Income Tax Act or the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. At the other extreme, some corporations assigned to this division are subject to the provisions of both Acts. The most significant class of the data pertaining to this division in this report is the "other corporations" class to which one half to two thirds of the financial aggregates have been allocated. With this range of reporting procedures, unqualified generalizations cannot be made. Therefore, by elimination, highlight comments about domestically dominated industries were primarily directed towards construction and trade divisions.

L'industrie de la fabrication des métaux primaires est une autre des industries dominées par des non-résidents; elle s'élevait parmi les premiers rangs sur la base des caractéristiques autres que le revenu imposable. En termes de revenu imposable elle était aussi l'une des 4 plus importantes industries.

Finalement, des 8 industries dominées par des non-résidents, qui avaient quelque importance selon les critères autres que l'appartenance à des non-résidents, 2 faisaient partie de la branche des mines. Différentes catégories industrielles issues de cette branche se retrouvent parmi les plus importantes industries pour les classements selon des critères autres que l'appartenance à des non-résidents. Ceci ajouté au fait qu'il y a dans cette branche un très petit nombre d'industries a amené à inclure toute la branche dans le champ des commentaires.

Bref, les commentaires ont trait d'abord au degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents et puis à divers rangements ou classements selon d'autres critères d'ordre économique. Cette procédure a amené le choix d'un certain nombre de groupements industriels des branches des mines et de la fabrication qui étaient reliés l'un à l'autre et dans lesquels les non-résidents détenaient habituellement un fort pourcentage de l'actif.

En plus de ces commentaires portant surtout sur les non-résidents, d'autres commentaires supplémentaires furent formulés sur d'autres branches dans lesquelles les Canadiens détenaient un intérêt majoritaire. Ces branches comprennent les finances, les transports, les communications et services d'utilité publique, la construction et le commerce. Les résultats de la branche des finances sont sujets aux limitations et réserves formulées à la section précédente. La branche des transports, communications et autres services d'utilité publique est dominée par un nombre relativement petit de très grosses corporations qui sont déjà obligées de rapporter des statistiques à divers organismes fédéraux. A l'une des extrêmes, on rencontre les entreprises possédées par le gouvernement dont certaines sont exonérées de l'obligation de soumettre un rapport ou bien aux termes de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu ou bien aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. A l'autre extrême, quelques corporations faisant partie de cette branche sont soumises aux dispositions des deux lois. Les statistiques les plus importantes et les plus significatives de cette branche sont rapportées sous la rubrique "autres corporations". Les statistiques financières furent attribuées à cette classe ou rubrique dans une proportion variant de une demi aux deux tiers. Cette limitation restreint forcément l'interprétation éventuelle des données de cette branche. C'est pourquoi les commentaires portant sur les secteurs industriels dominés par des Canadiens traitent surtout de la construction et du commerce.

Mining

Industries which are based on natural resources are among the most significant in Canada by virtually any criteria of significance. Four divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification are devoted to the treatment of resource based activity. These are (1) Agriculture, (2) Forestry, (3) Fishing and trapping and (4) Mines, quarries and oil wells. Of these, the corporate business community with which this report deals is of most significance in the mining division.

The mining division is classified into five major groups of industries. These are (a) metal mines, (b) mineral fuels, (c) non-metal mines except coal mines, (d) quarries and sand pits and (e) services incidental to mining. Specific tables of this report are devoted to each of these groups as well as to the division as a whole.

In terms of assets, the mineral fuels group is the most significant in the mining division. In 1967, the assets of corporations in the mineral fuels classifications amounted to \$4.6 billion of a division total of \$11.1 billion. The second ranking group in terms of assets was metal mines with \$4.4 billion. These two groups constitute about 80 per cent of the total mining division.

In terms of sales, the ranking of the two large mining subgroups is reversed. Metal mining corporations reported 1967 sales of \$1.7 billion. The mineral fuels group accounted for \$1.2 billion. In total this constitutes about three quarters of the division total of \$3.7 billion.

Virtually all of the sales and assets reported by taxable Canadian corporations in 1967 were accounted for by firms filing returns under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act as well. These corporations reported 97.4 per cent of mining division assets and 96.3 per cent of sales.

Overall, 60 per cent of the assets of the mining division belonged to corporations which were at least 50 per cent non-resident owned. This proportion remained relatively constant over the interval 1963 to 1967. Assets of the division increased from an estimated \$7.0 billion in 1963 to \$11.1 billion in 1967. Assets of the non-resident dominated corporations increased correspondingly from \$4.2 billion in 1963 to \$6.6 billion in 1967.

The relative significance of non-resident dominated corporations is not distributed evenly with respect to different types of mining. In the metal

Industries minières

Les industries dont l'activité est fondée sur l'exploitation des ressources naturelles sont parmi les plus importantes au Canada quel que soit le critère choisi pour en déterminer l'importance. Quatre branches de la Classification type des industries ont trait à la répartition des activités basées sur les ressources naturelles. Ces branches sont: (1) l'agriculture, (2) l'exploitation forestière, (3) la pêche et le trappage et (4) les mines, carrières et puits de pétrole. De ces branches, la formule de la corporation comme cadre pour l'exercice des activités est la plus importante dans le domaine des mines.

La branche des mines est subdivisée en cinq groupes d'industries. Ces groupes sont: (a) les minéraux métalliques, (b) les minéraux combustibles, (c) les minéraux non métalliques à l'exclusion du charbon, (d) les carrières et sablières, (e) les services miniers. Certains tableaux de ce rapport ont trait à chacun de ces groupes tout autant qu'à la branche dans son ensemble.

En termes d'actif, le groupe des minéraux combustibles est le plus considérable dans la branche des mines. En 1967, l'actif des sociétés du groupe des minéraux combustibles a atteint le chiffre de \$4.6 milliards sur un total de \$11.1 milliards pour l'ensemble de la branche. Le deuxième groupe en importance en termes d'actif était le groupe des minéraux métalliques avec un actif de \$4.4 milliards. Ces deux groupes cumulaient environ 80 p. 100 de l'actif total de la branche.

En termes de ventes, le classement des deux plus considérables groupes de minéraux est renversé. Les corporations faisant partie du groupe des minéraux métalliques rapportèrent en 1967 des ventes s'élevant à \$1.7 milliard. Celles du groupe des minéraux combustibles en rapportèrent \$1.2 milliard. Ensemble ces deux groupes totalisèrent les trois quarts des ventes de \$3.7 milliards de la branche des mines.

Pratiquement toutes les ventes et tout l'actif rapportés en 1967 par les corporations minières canadiennes imposables le furent par des firmes qui ont aussi soumis un rapport aux termes de la Loi. Ces entreprises ont rapporté 97.4 p. 100 de l'actif total et 96.3 p. 100 des ventes de la branche des mines.

Globalement, 60 p. 100 de l'actif de la branche des mines appartient à des corporations qui sont possédées par des non-résidents dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100. Cette proportion est restée relativement stable de 1963 à 1967. L'actif de cette branche est passé d'à peu près \$7.0 milliards en 1963 à \$11.1 milliards en 1967. L'actif des corporations dominées par des non-résidents a aussi augmenté de \$4.2 milliards en 1963 à \$6.6 milliards en 1967.

L'importance relative des entreprises dominées par des non-résidents n'est pas la même à l'intérieur de chacun des groupes de la branche des mines. Dans le

mining group, these corporations reported 42.0 per cent of assets in 1967. In mineral fuels they reported 81.6 per cent, in non-metal mines, 84.9 per cent, in quarries and sand pits, 10.8 per cent and in services incidental to mining, 24.3 per cent. In the metal mining group which was dominated by residents overall, the non-resident dominated corporations accounted for assets of \$1.2 billion in iron mining. This was 86.1 per cent of the total of \$1.4 billion for this class.

A distribution on sales yields similar results. Overall, 55.9 per cent of the sales of the mining division were reported by non-resident dominated corporations. This too has changed but little from 1963 when non-resident dominated corporations reported \$1.1 billion of an estimated total of \$2.1 billion.

The relative significance again varies with respect to different types of mining. In the metal mining group, non-resident dominated corporations reported 39.5 per cent of total sales. In mineral fuels they reported 86.2 per cent, in non-metal mines 81.3 per cent, in quarries and sand pits 6.7 per cent and in services incidental to mining 22.8 per cent. In the iron mining class of the metal mining group, the non-resident dominated firms accounted for 95.0 per cent of sales.

In summary, non-residents dominated the mining division with intensive concentration noted in mineral fuels and iron mining. Non-resident dominance also extended to non-metal mines where corporations which were at least 50 per cent non-resident owned accounted for 84.9 per cent of assets and 81.3 per cent of sales. This group is of lesser significance since it accounts for less than 10 per cent of the assets or sales of the division.

The relative stability of non-resident and resident proportions over the interval 1963 to 1967 reflects a relatively uniform rate of growth of the two classes. Sales in metal mining increased by 75.0 per cent although the iron mining classification showed an increase of only 60.3 per cent. The mineral fuels category increased by 78.7 per cent, non-metal mines, 51.6 per cent, quarries and sand pits, 115.6 per cent and services, 71.5 per cent. The rate of increase for the division as a whole was 75.4 per cent.

groupe des minéraux métalliques, ces entreprises ont rapporté 42.0 p. 100 de l'actif en 1967. Dans le groupe des minéraux combustibles leur part s'est élevée à 81.6 p. 100, dans le groupe des minéraux non métalliques à 84.9 p. 100, dans le groupe des carrières et sablières à 10.8 p. 100 et dans le groupe des services miniers à 24.3 p. 100. A l'intérieur du groupe des minéraux métalliques, groupe dominé par des résidents, l'industrie des mines de fer était contrôlée par des non-résidents dans une proportion de 86.1 p. 100, soit \$1.2 milliard sur un total de \$1.4 milliard d'actif.

La répartition des ventes donne des résultats à peu près similaires. En gros, 55.9 p. 100 des ventes de la branche des mines furent rapportées par des corporations dominées par des non-résidents. Ce pourcentage aussi a changé depuis 1963 mais dans des proportions assez peu élevées, les corporations dominées par des non-résidents ayant alors rapporté des ventes de \$1.1 milliard sur un total estimé à \$2.1 milliards.

L'importance relative varie encore selon les différents types de minéraux exploités à en juger par les ventes. Dans le groupe des minéraux métalliques, les firmes appartenant en majorité à des non-résidents ont rapporté 39.5 p. 100 du total des ventes. Dans l'industrie des minéraux combustibles, elles en rapportèrent 86.2 p. 100, dans l'industrie des minéraux non métalliques 81.3 p. 100, dans l'industrie des carrières et sablières 6.7 p. 100 et dans les services miniers 22.8 p. 100. A l'intérieur du groupe des minéraux métalliques l'industrie des mines de fer a connu une participation des étrangers très élevée, ces derniers accumulant 95.0 p. 100 des ventes.

Bref, en 1967 les non-résidents contrôlaient la branche des mines avec une concentration particulièrement intensive dans le groupe des minéraux combustibles et l'industrie des mines de fer. La domination des non-résidents s'étendait aussi aux minéraux non métalliques où les corporations contrôlées par l'étranger dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 ou plus ont contribué pour 84.9 p. 100 de l'actif et 81.3 p. 100 des ventes. Ce groupe était cependant de moindre importance car son actif et ses ventes n'atteignaient pas 10 p. 100 et de l'actif des ventes de la branche.

Cette stabilité dans la proportion des résidents et non-résidents de 1963 à 1967 reflète des taux de croissance assez uniformes pour chacun de ces deux groupes ou classes d'entreprises. La croissance des ventes a atteint un maximum de 115.6 p. 100 dans l'industrie des carrières et sablières et un minimum de 51.6 p. 100 dans le groupe des minéraux non métalliques, la moyenne pour la branche étant 75.4 p. 100. La croissance des ventes fut plus uniforme entre secteurs pour les groupes des minéraux combustibles, des minéraux métalliques et des services miniers, soit respectivement 78.7 p. 100, 75.0 p. 100 et 71.5 p. 100. Pour la partie du groupe des minéraux métalliques qui consiste en l'industrie des mines de fer, l'augmentation n'en fut que de 60.3 p. 100 cependant.

Primary Metal

Closely related to the mining division are a number of manufacturing industries primarily engaged in processing mining production. These are treated in the tables under the sub-groupings (a) iron and steel mills (including steel pipe and tube mills), (b) iron foundries and (c) other primary metal industries which include aluminum rolling, casting and extruding, copper and alloy casting and extruding, etc.

The iron and steel mills category includes four main types of establishments; (a) those engaged in manufacturing pig iron and ferro alloys, (b) steel works primarily engaged in manufacturing ingots, steel castings and in continuous casting of steel, (c) rolling mills primarily engaged in hot and cold rolling of steel into primary shapes and (d) coke ovens operated in connection with blast furnaces. In some cases, the blast furnace, steel mill, rolling mill and coke oven, or some combination of two or more of them are carried on as one integrated operation and the manufacturing processes may be carried beyond the rolling mill stage. The relevant corporations may also own establishments engaged in other unrelated activities.

The iron and steel mills group is dominated by 10 corporations which own approximately 90 per cent of the assets of the group. Of these 10, 7 are owned by Canadians to the extent of at least 70 per cent. Of the 3 which are dominated by non-residents, 2 have Canadian minority ownership in excess of 35 per cent. Virtually all of the assets in the class belong to corporations required to report under CALURA.

Total iron and steel mill assets in 1967 amounted to \$2.3 billion of which \$1.8 billion were reported by Canadian dominated corporations. In terms of assets, the relative significance of non-resident dominated firms has dropped from about 27 per cent in 1963 to about 22 per cent in 1967. On the basis of sales the relative significance of the non-resident firms has been constant at about 27 per cent. Profits for the classification have widely fluctuated during the five-year interval with a pronounced tendency to decline. In the non-resident dominated group, profits were \$36.3 million in 1963, the high for the period. In 1967 this had declined to \$3.9 million. For the resident dominated group, 1965 was the high point at \$221.3 million. In 1967 profits for this group were \$133.4 million.

Iron foundries include firms primarily engaged in manufacturing iron castings, including cast iron pipe and fittings. It is a relatively small class with

Métaux primaires

Un certain nombre d'industries de la fabrication sont apparentées de près à la branche des mines du fait qu'elles transforment la production de cette branche. Dans les tableaux, les résultats pour ces industries figurent sous les rubriques (a) industries du fer et de l'acier (y inclus la fabrication des tubes et tuyaux d'acier); (b) fonderies de fer et (c) autres industries de la fabrication des métaux primaires, ce qui inclut le laminage, le moulage et le refoulage de l'aluminium et puis le moulage et le refoulage du cuivre et de ses alliages, etc.

L'industrie du fer et de l'acier comprend quatre types principaux d'établissements: (a) ceux qui s'occupent principalement de la fabrication de la fonte brute et des ferro-alliages; (b) les aciéries qui fabriquent des lingots et des moulages et font le coulage en continu de l'acier; (c) ceux qui font le laminage à chaud ou à froid de l'acier pour en faire des profilés primaires; et (d) les cokeries qui desservent les hauts fourneaux. Dans certains cas, le haut fourneau, l'aciérie, la laminerie et la cokerie sont associés (deux opérations ou plus) dans un même établissement intégré et la transformation peut s'y effectuer au-delà du laminage. Comme pour les autres industries les sociétés ou corporations peuvent posséder des établissements engagés dans des types d'activités non connexes.

L'industrie du fer et de l'acier est nettement dominée par 10 corporations qui possèdent à peu près 90 p. 100 de l'actif de ce groupe. De ces 10, 7 sont possédées par des Canadiens dans une proportion d'au moins 70 p. 100. Des 3 autres, 2 sont à fort intérêt minoritaire canadien c'est-à-dire en excédent de 35 p. 100. Pratiquement tout l'actif de cette industrie est inclus dans le présent rapport, les firmes ayant à peu près toutes à soumettre un rapport aux termes de la Loi.

Le total de l'actif de cette industrie s'est élevé en 1967 à \$2.3 milliards dont \$1.8 milliard était rapporté par des sociétés possédées par des Canadiens. En termes d'actif, l'importance relative des firmes dominées par des non-résidents est tombée d'à peu près 27 p. 100 en 1963 à environ 22 p. 100 en 1967. En termes de ventes, cependant, l'importance relative des firmes non-résidentes est demeurée constante à 27 p. 100 approximativement. Les profits de cette industrie ont fluctué énormément pendant cette intervalle de cinq ans avec une tendance prononcée à la baisse. Dans le groupe de corporations dominées par des non-résidents, les profits se sont élevés à \$36.3 millions en 1963 qui fut la meilleure année de la période. En 1967, ce montant est baissé à \$3.9 millions. Pour le groupe de corporations dominées par des résidents, la meilleure année fut 1965 avec des profits de \$221.3 millions. En 1967, ils s'élevèrent à \$133.4 millions pour ce même groupe.

Les fonderies de fer comprennent les établissements qui s'occupent principalement de la fabrication des moulages de fer et des tuyaux et raccords moulés en

1967 assets of \$210.3 million and sales of \$262.6 million. Overall, iron foundries too are dominated by Canadians but the relative significance of non-resident dominated corporations has increased markedly during the five-year review period. In 1963, non-resident dominated corporations accounted for about 15 per cent of assets and about 11 per cent of sales for the group. For 1967 these shares were 33 per cent and 22 per cent respectively.

Other primary metal industries include a broad spectrum of establishments processing aluminum, copper, zinc, tin, lead, nickel, titanium, etc. In terms of assets, this is the largest of the three primary metal classes and in terms of sales, this class grew the fastest from 1963 - 1967. Virtually all firms of significant size in this class report under CALURA.

Non-ferrous metal processors are dominated by 10 corporations each with assets of at least \$20 million. In total these 10 account for \$2.6 billion of a total of \$2.8 billion in the class in 1967. Of these 10, 6 are dominated by non-residents. Canadians have a minority interest of at least 25 per cent in 3 of the non-resident dominated concerns.

Although the non-ferrous metals group is dominated by firms which are predominantly non-resident owned, the margin of significance has declined over the five-year review period. In 1963, corporations which were at least 50 per cent non-resident owned accounted for about 92 per cent of assets and 90 per cent of sales for this group. In 1967 the proportions were 85 per cent and 80 per cent respectively. This change reflects the relatively rapid growth of the Canadian dominated sector. The assets and sales of corporations which were less than 50 per cent non-resident owned increased by 165 per cent and 100 per cent respectively. For non-resident dominated corporations, assets, increased by 24 per cent and sales by 43 per cent. A large proportion of the growth in the Canadian dominated class has resulted from the introduction of new companies.

Machinery and Equipment

Machinery and equipment manufacturing is concentrated in three major groups of the Standard Industrial Classification. These are (a) machinery industries (except electrical machinery), (b) transportation equipment industries and (c) electrical products industries. Within each of these major groups a number of subgroups are identifiable in the tables of this report.

fonte. C'est une industrie d'assez petite taille dont l'actif en 1967 n'atteignait que \$210.3 millions et les ventes \$262.6 millions. Les fonderies de fer sont nettement dominées par des Canadiens mais l'importance relative des non-résidents s'est fortement accrue pendant cet intervalle de cinq ans. En 1963, les corporations dominées par des non-résidents affichaient environ 15 p. 100 de l'actif et environ 11 p. 100 des ventes du groupe. En 1967, ces proportions s'élevaient à 33 p. 100 et 22 p. 100 respectivement.

La classe ou industrie des autres métaux primaires comprend un vaste ensemble d'établissements traitant l'aluminium, le cuivre, le zinc, l'étain, le plomb, le nickel, le titane, etc. En termes d'actif, c'est la plus considérable des trois industries des métaux primaires et en termes de ventes, c'est celle qui a crû le plus rapidement de 1963 à 1967. Des firmes de quelque importance faisant partie de cette industrie, pratiquement toutes doivent soumettre un rapport aux termes de la Loi.

Le groupe d'entreprises traitant les métaux non ferreux est dominé par 10 corporations dont chacune possède un actif s'élevant à au moins \$20 millions. Au total, ces 10 entreprises possèdent un actif s'élevant à \$2.6 milliards sur un total de \$2.8 milliards pour l'industrie en 1967. De ces 10 corporations, 6 sont dominées par des non-résidents. Les Canadiens possèdent des intérêts minoritaires d'au moins 25 p. 100 dans 3 des entreprises contrôlées par des non-résidents.

Quoique le groupe des métaux non ferreux soit dominé par des firmes appartenant en majorité à des non-résidents, la proportion de contrôle étranger a décliné au cours de la période de cinq ans allant de 1963 à 1967. Au début de cette période les corporations possédées à plus de 50 p. 100 par des non-résidents, s'approprièrent 92 p. 100 de l'actif et contribuaient pour 90 p. 100 des ventes du groupe. A la fin de la période ces proportions étaient tombées respectivement à 85 et 80 p. 100. Ce changement reflète la croissance relative rapide de la partie de ce groupe dominée par des Canadiens. L'actif et les ventes des corporations qui appartenaient à des résidents dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100 ont grimpé de 165 p. 100 et 100 p. 100 respectivement. Pour les entreprises dominées par des non-résidents, l'actif s'est accru de 24 p. 100 et les ventes de 43 p. 100. La naissance de nouvelles entreprises est responsable en large part de cette croissance de la partie du secteur dominée par des Canadiens.

Machinerie et matériel

La Classification type des industries répartit la fabrication de machinerie, de matériel et d'"équipement" en trois groupes qui sont (a) machinerie autre qu'électrique (b) matériel de transport et (c) appareils et matériel électriques. A l'intérieur de ces trois groupes, on retrouve un certain nombre de sous-groupes qu'on peut identifier dans les tableaux de ce rapport.

The machinery industries are subclassified into (a) agricultural equipment, (b) commercial refrigeration and air conditioning equipment and (c) miscellaneous machinery and equipment manufacturers. The miscellaneous category includes office and store machinery such as typewriters, cash registers, coin-operated vending machines, mechanical computing machines, and scales and balances as well as machinery and equipment designed for use in construction and mining, textile machinery, pulp and paper machinery and a variety of similar products.

The transportation equipment industries include (a) aircraft and parts manufacturers, (b) motor vehicle manufacturers together with motor vehicle parts and accessories manufacturers, (c) truck body and trailer manufacturers and (d) a miscellaneous category. In this instance the miscellaneous group includes railroad rolling stock, shipbuilding and repair, boat building and repair, as well as any other transportation equipment manufacturers not included elsewhere.

The third group, electrical products, covers a broad spectrum including (a) manufacturers of small electrical appliances, (b) manufacturers of major appliances (electric and non-electric), (c) manufacturers of household radio and television receivers, (d) communications equipment manufacturers, (e) manufacturers of industrial electrical equipment, (f) battery manufacturers and (g) manufacturers of miscellaneous electrical products including electric wire and cable. In this group classification difficulties are pronounced. Many establishments engaged in the manufacture of electrical equipment are part of large corporations which file one return. These corporations must therefore be classified to only the one subclass in which their dominant establishments belong. The subclassification tables must therefore be considered to be representative of corporations having a dominant activity in a class in question. They cannot necessarily be considered the results of only the manufacturing activity from which their names are derived.

The category "Miscellaneous machinery and equipment manufacturers" dominates the machinery manufacturing group. Three quarters of the assets and two thirds of the sales of the group occur in this category which is experiencing an increase in the relative significance of non-resident participation. The proportion of assets held by 50 per cent and over non-resident owned firms increased from approximately 76 per cent in 1963 to 84 per cent in 1967. The sales proportion increased from 73 per cent to

Les industries de la fabrication de machinerie autre qu'électrique sont classifiées en trois industries: (a) matériel agricole, (b) matériel frigorifique et de conditionnement de l'air et (c) machinerie et matériel divers. Cette dernière catégorie comprend les machines de bureau et de magasin telles que machines à écrire, caisses enregistreuses, distributeurs automatiques à sous, machines à calculer à fonctionnement mécanique et balances. Sont aussi inclus les établissements qui s'occupent principalement de la production de machines et matériel spéciaux pour la construction, pour l'extraction minière, pour la fabrication de textiles et de pâtes et papier et de la production d'autres machines servant à une variété d'usages similaires.

Le groupe des industries de la fabrication du matériel de transport comprend (a) les manufacturiers d'avions et de pièces d'avions, (b) les manufacturiers de véhicules automobiles, de moteurs et autres pièces ou accessoires, (c) les manufacturiers de carrosseries de camions et remorques et (d) les manufacturiers d'autre matériel de transport divers. Cette dernière industrie englobe les établissements s'occupant de la fabrication de matériel roulant de chemin de fer, de construction et de réparation de navires, de construction et de réparation d'embarcations ainsi que de tout autre matériel de transport non inclus dans les autres industries de la fabrication du matériel de transport.

Quand au troisième groupe, celui des produits électriques, il couvre une gamme très variée d'établissements fabriquant (a) de petits appareils électriques, (b) de gros appareils électriques, (c) des appareils électroménagers de radio et de télévision, (d) du matériel de télécommunication, (e) du matériel électrique industriel, (f) des batteries, (g) des produits électriques divers y compris cables et fils électriques. La structure de la classification industrielle est très difficile à respecter pour ce groupe. Un grand nombre d'établissements s'occupant de la fabrication de matériel électrique font partie d'entreprises gigantesques qui ne soumettent qu'un seul rapport. Comme pour le présent rapport les chiffres sont compilés sur une base de corporation et non d'établissement, il faut attribuer toutes les activités d'une corporation à une industrie, celle du type dominant d'activité en question. Dans les tableaux qui suivront, les statistiques reflètent donc l'activité totale de la firme et non pas seulement l'activité dominante indiquée par le nom de l'industrie.

L'industrie de la fabrication de machinerie et matériel divers domine les statistiques du groupe de la fabrication de machinerie. Les trois quarts de l'actif et les deux tiers des ventes du groupement proviennent de cette industrie. La participation des non-résidents dans cette industrie s'est accrue pendant la période allant de 1963 à 1967. La proportion de l'actif détenue par les firmes possédées à 50 p. 100 et plus par des non-résidents a augmenté de 76 p. 100 en 1963 à 84 p. 100 en 1967. Leur proportion des ventes a augmenté de 73

80 per cent during the same interval. The increasing significance of non-residents in the miscellaneous category reflects the relatively rapid growth of some computer manufacturers who are included in this class.

The transportation equipment group is divided into two non-resident dominated enclaves and two subclasses in which resident dominated concerns have a significant share. The dominant class in the group is motor vehicle manufacturers which together with the associated parts businesses accounts for about 60 per cent of the assets and three quarters of the sales of the group. Corporations which are at least 50 per cent non-resident owned account for in excess of 95 per cent of the business in the motor vehicle industries.

Similarly, the aircraft and parts manufacturing industry is also dominated by corporations which are at least 50 per cent non-resident owned. These corporations account for approximately 90 per cent of the activity in this industry. The aircraft industry accounts for about one half of the non-automotive components of the transportation group.

Of lesser significance in the transportation group are the other industries which are divided approximately evenly between corporations which are more than 50 per cent non-resident owned and corporations which are less than 50 per cent non-resident owned.

The classification difficulties with the electrical products group are sufficiently acute to prohibit unqualified generalizations about any individual class. However, the dominance of the industrial electrical equipment class to the extent of more than 90 per cent by 50 per cent and over non-resident owned firms is extreme and is therefore likely to be significant. Overall, about two thirds of the business in the electrical products group is done by corporations in the non-resident dominated category.

Petroleum, Coal and Chemical Products

The petroleum and coal products group is in part related to both the mineral fuels group of the mining division from which it derives raw materials and to the chemical products group to which it often supplies products for further processing. In all three groups, mineral fuels, petroleum and coal and chemicals, corporations which are owned to the extent of at least 50 per cent by non-residents are dominant. More than 80 per cent of the sales and assets in each group are reported by such corporations.

p. 100 à 80 p. 100 pendant ce même temps. L'importance accrue des non-résidents dans cette industrie reflète en bonne part la croissance rapide des manufacturiers d'ordinateurs qu'on a inclus dans cette classe.

Le groupe de la fabrication du matériel de transport comprend deux industries dans lesquelles les non-résidents ont une participation majoritaire et deux autres industries dans lesquelles ce sont les Canadiens qui dominent. L'industrie la plus importante de ce groupe est sans aucun doute l'industrie de la fabrication des véhicules automobiles (industrie qui inclut aussi les fabricants de pièces et accessoires); cette industrie cumule 60 p. 100 de l'actif et les trois quarts des ventes de ce groupe. Les entreprises qui appartiennent à des non-résidents dans une proportion de 50 p. 100 ou plus s'approprient plus de 95 p. 100 des affaires de cette industrie.

L'industrie de la fabrication des avions et pièces d'avions est aussi dominée par des corporations possédées à plus de 50 p. 100 par des non-résidents. A peu près 90 p. 100 des activités de cette industrie sont le fait de ces corporations dominées par des non-résidents. L'industrie des avions et pièces est responsable d'environ la moitié des ventes du groupe à l'exclusion de l'industrie des véhicules automobiles et pièces.

De moindre importance dans ce même groupe du matériel de transport, on retrouve l'industrie de la fabrication d'autre matériel de transport. Les activités de cette industrie sont réparties moitié moitié entre les résidents et les non-résidents.

Les difficultés de classement à l'intérieur du groupe de la fabrication des produits électriques sont assez graves pour inciter le lecteur à se garder de faire des généralisations globales à propos d'une industrie en particulier. Cependant, la domination de l'industrie de la fabrication du matériel électrique industriel dans une proportion de plus de 90 p. 100 par des firmes contrôlées par des non-résidents est assez considérable pour rester significative. En gros, environ les deux tiers des activités du groupe des produits électriques industriels est le fait de corporations dominées par des non-résidents.

Produits du pétrole et du charbon et produits chimiques

Le groupe des produits du pétrole et du charbon est en large part relié à la fois au groupe des minéraux combustibles de la branche des mines duquel proviennent ses matières premières et au groupe des produits chimiques de la branche de la fabrication auquel une bonne part de sa production est écoulée. Pour ces trois groupes, minéraux combustibles, produits du pétrole et du charbon et produits chimiques, les corporations qui sont possédées à plus de 50 p. 100 par des étrangers dominent. Plus de 80 p. 100 des ventes et de l'actif de chacun de ces groupes est rapporté par des entreprises appartenant à des étrangers.

The petroleum and coal products group mainly consists of large international oil companies which have extensive refining establishments. Products include gasoline, fuel oils, lubricating oils, illuminating oils and other petroleum derivatives. Because of the capital intensity and scale of refining processes, virtually all refining establishments are included in the petroleum refineries class. However, refineries typically belong to corporations which exhibit a degree of vertical integration which in turn results in the inclusion of other types of establishments in this category. The resultant overstatement of petroleum refining is accompanied therefore in part by understatements in mineral fuels and chemicals.

Virtually 100 per cent of sales and assets in the refining industry were reported by corporations which were at least 50 per cent non-resident owned. Canadian dominated concerns have not had a significant share of the industry at any time in the review period.

For purposes of this report, the chemical products group is divided into 7 subsections. The first, manufacturers of mixed fertilizers includes corporations with principal establishments engaged in manufacturing super phosphates and mixed fertilizers. Non-resident participation has increased significantly over the five-year period under review. In 1967, 3 corporations each of which had assets in excess of \$10 million accounted for about two thirds of the total assets in the class. The proportions of voting shares owned by non-residents in these companies were 19 per cent, 55 per cent and 100 per cent.

The relative significance of non-residents has increased in the manufacturers of pharmaceuticals and medicines subsection as well. This industry is substantially more fragmented with the largest 13 corporations owning approximately one half of the assets. These corporations all have assets of between \$5 million and \$25 million. Twelve of the 13 are owned by non-residents to the extent of at least 50 per cent.

Paint and varnish manufacturers are primarily oriented towards the production of paints, varnishes, lacquers, enamels and shellac. The industry also includes the manufacturing of products such as putty, filler, oil stain and thinner. The largest 6 corporations, all of which have assets in excess of \$5 million, account for about two thirds of the industry assets. All have non-resident ownership of at least 50 per cent. Three have minority participation by Canadians to the extent of at least 25 per cent.

Le groupe des produits du pétrole et du charbon consiste principalement en de vastes compagnies de pétrole internationales intégrées et à forte capacité de raffinage. Les produits de cette industrie comprennent l'essence, le mazout, les huiles lubrifiantes, le pétrole lampant et d'autres dérivés du pétrole. A cause de l'intensité du capital et de l'échelle des opérations de raffinage, pratiquement tous les établissements de raffinage sont inclus dans l'industrie des raffineries de pétrole. Cependant, les raffineries appartiennent typiquement à des corporations à intégration verticale poussée, ce qui amène l'inclusion d'autres types d'établissements dans les statistiques de cette industrie. Le résultat de tout ceci est une surestimation importante des statistiques des raffineries de pétrole ainsi qu'une sous-estimation tout aussi importante des statistiques des industries des minéraux combustibles et des produits chimiques.

Pratiquement 100 p. 100 des ventes et de l'actif de l'industrie des raffineries de pétrole étaient rapportés par des corporations possédées par des non-résidents à 50 p. 100 ou plus. Les entreprises possédées par des Canadiens ne constituaient qu'une part insignifiante de l'industrie pour toute la durée de la période 1963 à 1967.

Quant au groupe des produits chimiques il a été divisé en 7 industries ou catégories aux fins de ce rapport. La première industrie, la fabrication d'engrais mélangés, comprend les corporations qui s'occupent principalement de la fabrication des superphosphates et d'engrais mélangés. La part des activités attribuable aux non-résidents s'est accrue énormément pendant cette période de 5 ans. En 1967, 3 sociétés possédant chacune pour plus de \$10 millions d'actif détenaient environ les deux tiers du total de l'actif de cette industrie. Les proportions d'actions à droit de vote de ces compagnies détenues par des non-résidents étaient respectivement 19 p. 100, 50 p. 100 et 100 p. 100.

L'importance des non-résidents a augmenté considérablement dans la fabrication des produits pharmaceutiques et médicaux aussi. La concentration des entreprises est moins forte dans cette industrie que dans la précédente, les 13 plus grandes corporations se partageant approximativement la moitié de l'actif de l'industrie. Ces corporations ont toutes un actif variant de \$5 à \$25 millions. Douze de ces 13 corporations sont possédées par des non-résidents dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100.

L'industrie de la fabrication de peintures et vernis produit principalement des peintures, vernis, laques, émaux et gomme-laque. Elle comprend aussi la fabrication des mastics, matières de charge, couleurs à l'huile et diluants. Les 6 plus grandes corporations, toutes ayant un actif de plus de \$5 millions, cumulent environ les deux tiers de l'actif de cette industrie. Toutes les cinq sont possédées par des non-résidents dans une proportion d'au moins 50 p. 100. La participation minoritaire des Canadiens s'élève au moins à 25 p. 100 dans trois de ces cinq entreprises.

Non-resident dominated manufacturers account for more than 90 per cent of the soap and cleaning compounds industry which is dominated by four corporations each of which has assets exceeding \$10 million. Canadian participation is less than 10 per cent in each of these corporations which, taken together, account for about 80 per cent of the assets in the subsection.

Manufacturers of toilet preparations are primarily engaged in manufacturing perfumes, cosmetics, lotions, hair dressings, toothpaste, etc. The industry is well fragmented by comparison with the other subsections of the chemicals group which have been discussed. The largest 12 firms account for only 60 per cent of the industry assets. Ten of the 12 are owned to the extent of at least 95 per cent by non-residents. The other two are completely resident owned. The industry is characterized by rapid growth of sales, assets and profits and also by a high return. Return on assets has been consistently maintained at between 15 and 20 per cent per year for the five-year period under review.

The sixth subsection includes manufacturers of industrial chemicals. Of the 7 classes into which the chemical group has been divided, this class is the largest. The assets of \$1 billion are approximately 40 per cent of the group total. This industry too is dominated by corporations which are at least 50 per cent non-resident owned. The largest 8 corporations, all of which have assets in excess of \$25 million, own about half of the total assets of the class. Seven of these are owned by non-residents. Of these 7, only 2 have a significant minority interest owned by Canadians.

The remaining subsection in the chemicals group is a residual classification for those chemical industries not included in the other 6 classes. Included are explosives and ammunition manufacturers, manufacturers of plastics and synthetic resins and manufacturers of germicides, inks, matches, adhesives, polishes, etc. These too, tend to be dominated by a relatively small number of corporations which tend to be non-resident owned. The largest 4 corporations in the class account for in excess of one third of the assets. They are all more than 50 per cent owned by non-residents although significant minority interests held in Canada were reported by 3 of the 4 companies.

Les entreprises appartenant à plus de 50 p. 100 à des non-résidents dominent à plus de 90 p. 100 l'industrie de savons et des composés de nettoyage. Quatre corporations possédant un actif de plus de \$10 millions dominaient cette industrie. La participation canadienne est moins de 10 p. 100 dans chacune de ces quatre corporations qui, prises ensemble, s'approprient plus de 80 p. 100 de l'actif de cette industrie.

Les manufacturiers de produits de toilette fabriquent principalement des parfums, cosmétiques, lotions, préparations pour les cheveux, pâtes dentifrices et autres préparations pour la toilette. Cette industrie est fragmentée en un grand nombre de producteurs en comparaison avec les industries du groupe des produits chimiques déjà couverts. Les 12 firmes les plus considérables de cette industrie en contrôlent seulement 60 p. 100 de l'actif. Dix de ces 12 entreprises sont possédées par des non-résidents dans une proportion de plus de 95 p. 100. Les deux autres sont complètement possédées par des Canadiens. Cette industrie se distingue par la croissance rapide des ventes, de l'actif et des bénéfices ainsi que par un rendement sur l'investissement élevé. Le rendement sur l'actif a été constamment maintenu à des taux variant de 15 à 20 p. 100 pour chacune des cinq années de la période allant de 1963 à 1967.

La sixième industrie de ce groupe est celle de la fabrication de produits chimiques industriels. Dans 7 classes formant le groupe des produits chimiques, celle-ci est la plus considérable. L'actif, à \$1 milliard, constitue environ 40 p. 100 de l'actif total de ce groupe. Cette industrie aussi est dominée par des corporations appartenant à des étrangers à plus de 50 p. 100. Les 8 plus grandes sociétés, chacune possédant un actif excédant \$25 millions, possèdent environ la moitié de l'actif total de cette industrie. Sept de ces 8 corporations appartiennent à des non-résidents. De ces 7, seulement 2 ont une participation minoritaire canadienne de quelque importance.

L'autre catégorie de ce groupe est un pot-pourri rassemblant tous les produits chimiques non inclus dans les 6 classes précédentes. On retrouve ici les manufacturiers d'explosifs et de munitions, de matières plastiques et de résines synthétiques, d'insecticides, de germicides, d'encres, d'allumettes, d'adhésifs et colles, de substances à polir et d'appâts pour le cuir. Cette industrie aussi est dominée par un nombre relativement petit de corporations dont une bonne partie appartient à des non-résidents. Les 4 plus grandes sociétés de cette industrie en cumulent plus du tiers de l'actif. Ces 4 corporations sont toutes possédées par des non-résidents à plus de 50 p. 100 quoiqu'on enregistre des intérêts minoritaires canadiens assez importants dans 3 de ces 4 compagnies.

Construction

The construction division is another significant branch of economic activity. Construction companies in Canada earn approximately 4 per cent of corporate taxable income,² they employ directly in excess of 5 per cent of the work force,³ and they account for between 7 and 8 per cent of domestic value added⁴ according to diverse sources in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

The industry is characterized by a large number of firms which are usually dominated by Canadians. Most of these firms are relatively small with about 12,000 or 75 per cent exempt from the reporting requirements of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act because of their size. However, the corporations which do file ownership returns account for about 80 per cent of construction activity, that is, they own about 80 per cent of assets and account for about 80 per cent of sales and profits.

While domestic dominance is characteristic of the industry, non-resident interest is significant at about 15 per cent. During the five-year review period, assets of non-resident dominated construction companies increased by 140 per cent and sales increased by 104 per cent. This growth was primarily achieved by the development of corporations in the business throughout the period. Equity increased by only 22 per cent and the number of corporations in this class remained relatively constant. The ratio of profit to equity increased from 12 per cent in 1963 to 25 per cent in 1967.

By comparison, Canadian dominated construction companies which were not exempt from filing ownership returns showed an asset growth of 110 per cent and a growth in sales of 109 per cent over the five-year period. Equity grew by 83 per cent and the number of corporations involved changed from 652 to 1,116. Profit on equity moved from 10 per cent to 23 per cent.

Trade

In this report the trade division is divided into wholesale trade and retail trade. By many criteria of significance, these two are amongst the most important industries in the domestic economy. In 1967 the

Construction

La branche de la construction représente une part importante des activités économiques canadiennes. En 1967, les entreprises de construction ont gagné environ 4 p. 100 du revenu imposable des corporations au Canada², elles ont employé directement plus de 5 p. 100 de la main-d'oeuvre totale³, et elles ont produit entre 7 et 8 p. 100 de la valeur ajoutée domestiques⁴ d'après diverses sources de statistiques du B.F.S.

Cette industrie est caractérisée par un très grand nombre de firmes qui sont en très large part dominées par des Canadiens. La plupart de ces firmes sont relativement petites et 75 p. 100 — ou 12,000 — sont exonérées de l'obligation de rapporter des statistiques en vertu de la Loi à cause de leur petite taille. Cependant, celles qui soumettent une déclaration rapportent environ 80 p. 100 de l'actif, des ventes et des bénéfices de l'industrie.

Même si l'appartenance à des résidents est forte dans cette industrie les non-résidents n'en contrôlent pas moins de 15 p. 100. De 1963 à 1967, l'actif des compagnies de construction dominées par des non-résidents a augmenté de 140 p. 100 et leurs ventes de 104 p. 100. Cette croissance a été réalisée surtout grâce au développement des corporations et non pas tellement par suite de naissances de nouvelles entreprises pendant cette période. Pour les non-résidents l'avoir des actionnaires a augmenté de 22 p. 100 et le nombre de compagnies est resté relativement stable. Rapprochée de l'accroissement considérable des activités, l'augmentation relativement faible de l'avoir a produit un accroissement considérable du rendement sur l'avoir des actionnaires pour les étrangers. Ce rendement est passé de 12 p. 100 en 1963 à 25 p. 100 en 1967.

Par comparaison, les compagnies de construction dominées par des Canadiens qui n'étaient pas exonérées de l'obligation de soumettre une déclaration sur leur appartenance ont connu un accroissement de leur actif de 110 p. 100 et un accroissement de leurs ventes de 109 p. 100 pendant cette période de cinq ans. L'avoir des actionnaires cependant s'est accru de 83 p. 100. Le nombre de corporations ayant soumis une déclaration est passée de 652 à 1,116 pendant ce temps. Quant à leur rendement sur l'avoir des actionnaires il est passé de 10 p. 100 à 23 p. 100 pendant cette période.

Commerce

Dans ce rapport, la branche du commerce est divisée en deux groupes, le commerce de gros et le commerce de détail. Utilisant différents critères de rangement ou classement, on retrouve généralement ces

² DBS Catalogue No. 61-208, "Corporation Taxation Statistics, 1966".

³ DBS Catalogue No. 72-002, "Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, August 1969".

⁴ DBS Catalogue No. 15-501, "The Input-Output Structure of the Canadian Economy, 1961".

² B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 61-208, "Statistique fiscale des sociétés, 1966".

³ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 72-002, "Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries", août 1969.

⁴ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 15-501, "The Input-Output Structure of the Canadian Economy, 1961".

wholesale trade group realized approximately 11 per cent of the taxable income of all Canadian corporations.⁵ The retail trade group accounted for an additional 9 per cent so about one dollar of taxable income in five was earned by the trade division. In terms of employment, the division accounts for approximately 17 per cent of the industrial total in Canada which makes it second to only manufacturing as an employer.⁶ Not only is trade a significant employer in terms of numbers of people employed, but it is also among the fastest growing sectors with recent annual rates of growth in employment of about 4 per cent.⁷

Both trade groups are characterized by large numbers of corporations most of which are exempt from the reporting provisions of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by virtue of their relatively small size. In 1967, about 14,000 of 21,000 wholesale corporations were exempt and 21,000 out of 26,000 retail corporations were exempt. Nevertheless, the corporations required to report under the Act accounted for 88.4 per cent of wholesale trade assets and 77.3 per cent retail trade assets. It may therefore be assumed that the data collected for 1963 and 1964, while not complete, was representative of the trade groups insofar as major financial characteristics are concerned.

The trade groups have traditionally been dominated by Canadians. In 1967, corporations which were more than 50 per cent resident owned accounted for 71.5 per cent of the assets and 72.9 per cent of the sales in wholesaling. Similarly, resident dominated corporations accounted for 79.6 per cent of assets and 82.3 per cent of sales in retailing in 1967. These proportions have been relatively constant throughout the review period.

The trade groups are not only characterized by stability of resident, non-resident proportions, but those corporations filing returns under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act have also maintained a relatively constant rate of profits relative to equity. For the five-year period, the return on equity for wholesale trade corporations ranged from 14.9 per cent in 1963 to 18.8 per cent in 1966. For retail trade the five-year low was experienced in 1965 at 13.9 per cent and the high of 16.7 per cent occurred in 1967. These rates are computed before provision for income taxes.

deux groupes parmi les classes d'activité domestiques les plus importantes. En 1967, le groupe du commerce de gros a produit environ 11 p. 100 du revenu imposable de toutes les corporations canadiennes⁵. Le groupe du commerce de détail a contribué pour un autre 9 p. 100 du revenu imposable total ce qui monte à 20 p. 100 la part de ce revenu gagnée par la branche du commerce. Cette branche a aussi absorbé 17 p. 100 de la main-d'oeuvre employée au Canada ce qui contribue à rendre cette branche l'une des plus importantes de la Classification type des industries⁶. Non seulement le commerce est-il, après la fabrication, la branche employant le plus grand nombre de personnes mais c'est aussi celle où l'emploi augmente le plus rapidement soit environ 4 p. 100 par année⁷.

Le commerce de gros et le commerce de détail sont tous deux caractérisés par un grand nombre de sociétés dont la plupart sont exonérées de l'obligation de soumettre un rapport aux termes de la Loi à cause de leur petite taille. En 1967, à peu près 14,000 des 21,000 corporations s'occupant de commerce de gros étaient exonérées et 21,000 des 26,000 compagnies de commerce de détail l'étaient aussi. Néanmoins, les corporations obligées de soumettre un rapport aux termes de la Loi possédaient 88.4 p. 100 de l'actif du groupe du commerce de gros et 77.3 p. 100 de l'actif du groupe du commerce de détail. On peut alors supposer que les données recueillies pour 1963 et 1964, quoiqu'elles fussent incomplètes, étaient représentatives de la branche du commerce en entier pour tous les principaux postes des états financiers.

La branche du commerce est traditionnellement demeurée un domaine largement dominé par des Canadiens. En 1967, les sociétés appartenant à 50 p. 100 et plus à des Canadiens cumulaient 71.5 p. 100 de l'actif et 72.9 p. 100 des ventes du commerce de gros. De la même façon, 79.6 p. 100 de l'actif et 82.3 p. 100 des ventes du commerce de détail étaient le fait de corporations canadiennes pour la même année. Ces proportions sont restées relativement constantes pendant toute la période.

La branche du commerce est caractérisée non seulement par la stabilité des proportions d'appartenance à des résidents et à des non-résidents mais aussi par le fait que les corporations ayant soumis un rapport aux termes de la Loi ont maintenu un rendement sur l'avoir des actionnaires relativement constant. Au cours de la période, le rendement sur l'avoir des actionnaires a varié d'un minimum de 14.9 p. 100 en 1963 à un maximum de 18.8 p. 100 en 1966 pour le commerce de gros. Les pourcentages correspondants pour le commerce de détail furent le plus bas en 1965 à 13.9 p. 100 et le plus haut en 1967 à 16.7 p. 100. Ces taux annuels ont été calculés avant déduction de l'impôt sur le revenu.

⁵ DBS Catalogue No. 61-208, *op. cit.*

⁶ DBS Catalogue No. 72-002, *op. cit.*

⁷ *Ibid.*

⁵ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 61-208, *op. cit.*

⁶ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 72-002, *op. cit.*

⁷ *Ibid.*

Again using "reporting corporations" as representative of the trade division, five-year growth rates may be computed. Growth in wholesale trade sales over the five-year period amounted to 51.2 per cent. This sales growth was accompanied by a 53.9 per cent increase in assets which resulted in a relatively uniform ratio of sales to assets for the review period. Retail sales grew by 55.2 per cent over the same interval and assets increased by 47.1 per cent, again maintaining relative stability in the ratio of sales to assets.

In short, the trade division has been characterized by both rapid growth in sales throughout the review period and relative stability in financial relationships. Both the growth and relative stability have been evident in wholesale and retail trade groups.

Summary

In these highlights, industries have been ranked in terms of economic significance. The criteria employed included taxable income, employment and selected other input-output relationships. Eight non-resident dominated industries are significant by these criteria. They are mineral fuels, other mining, petroleum, chemicals, primary metal manufacturing, transportation equipment, machinery and electrical products manufacturing. All other industries are either Canadian dominated or relatively insignificant by the criteria employed. Therefore, the extent to which non-resident control is significant must be derived in part from the economic significance of this relatively small number of industries.

In this group the proportion of Canadian interest is negligible in petroleum, relatively stable in mineral fuels and other mining and increasing in primary metals. Chemicals, transportation equipment, machinery and electrical products, are each characterized by a large number of products usually produced by a small number of large corporations. Some of these are Canadian controlled. The relative significance of the Canadian interest in this context is dependent on the relative rates of change in sales of dissimilar products. These rates might fluctuate widely over relatively short intervals of time and a longer time series may be required to discern the underlying tendency for Canadian interest to increase or decrease in relative significance in these industries.

Si on utilise encore les corporations déclarantes comme étant représentatives de l'ensemble de la branche du commerce, on trouvera que la croissance des ventes du commerce de gros a été de 51.2 p. 100 pendant ces cinq ans. Cette croissance des ventes a été accompagnée par une augmentation de 53.9 p. 100 de l'actif, ce qui a produit un ratio de ventes par rapport à l'actif assez uniforme pour toute la période. Les ventes au détail ont augmenté de 55.2 p. 100 pendant le même intervalle, et l'actif a augmenté de 47.1 p. 100 maintenant encore une certaine stabilité dans le ratio ventes/actif.

Bref, la branche du commerce a été caractérisée par une croissance rapide des ventes pendant toute la période et une stabilité relative de certains ratios financiers. Cette croissance et cette stabilité furent remarquées dans chacun des groupes du commerce de gros et du commerce de détail.

Sommaire

Pour formuler les commentaires, les catégories industrielles furent rangées d'abord selon la proportion de l'actif total de l'industrie détenue par des non-résidents et puis selon d'autres critères de classement, soit le revenu imposable, le nombre d'employés et certains rapports tirés des tableaux inter-industriels. Huit catégories industrielles dominées par des non-résidents sont importantes d'après ces critères: les minéraux combustibles, les mines diverses, les produits du pétrole et du charbon, les produits chimiques et produits connexes, la fabrication des métaux primaires, le matériel de transport, la machinerie et enfin les produits électriques. Toutes les autres catégories industrielles sont ou bien dominées par des Canadiens ou bien assez peu importantes selon les critères utilisés. L'étendue ou importance du contrôle exercé par des non-résidents sur l'appareil productif canadien doit donc être estimée en bonne part en fonction de l'ascendant de ce petit nombre de catégorie industrielles sur l'économie canadienne.

Parmi ces huit catégories industrielles la part d'appartenance à des Canadiens est infime pour les produits du pétrole et du charbon, relativement stable pour les minéraux combustibles et les mines diverses et enfin croissante pour les métaux primaires. Les industries fabriquant des produits chimiques et produits connexes, du matériel de transport, de la machinerie et des produits électriques sont caractérisées par une diversification poussée de la production ainsi que par la concentration d'une large part de la production en un petit nombre de grosses firmes dont quelques-unes sont à contrôle canadien. L'importance relative de l'appartenance à des Canadiens dans ce contexte dépend des taux de croissance des ventes. Ces taux peuvent fluctuer violemment en de courts intervalles de temps et par conséquent une estimation valable des tendances vers un contrôle plus ou moins poussé par des non-résidents requiert une série couvrant plus d'un cycle économique.

STATISTICAL APPENDIX



ANNEXE STATISTIQUE

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES

Table	Page
DIVISION 1. AGRICULTURE	
1. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the AGRICULTURE Industry, 1963 - 1967	42
DIVISION 2. FORESTRY	
2. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FORESTRY Industry, 1963 - 1967	42
DIVISION 3. FISHING AND TRAPPING	
3. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FISHING AND TRAPPING Industries, 1963 - 1967	43
4. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents, TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING Industries, 1963 - 1967 ..	43
DIVISION 4. MINING, QUARRYING AND OIL WELLS	
5. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the GOLD MINE Industry, 1963 - 1967	44
6. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the IRON MINE Industry, 1963 - 1967	44
7. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the OTHER METAL MINING Industries, 1963 - 1967	45
8. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL METAL MINING Industries, 1963 - 1967	45
9. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COAL MINE Industry, 1963 - 1967	46
10. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the OIL AND GAS WELL Industries, 1963 - 1967	46
11. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MINERAL FUELS Industries, 1963 - 1967	47
12. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the NON-METAL MINING Industry, 1963 - 1967	47
13. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the QUARRIES Industry, 1963 - 1967	48
14. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MINING SERVICES Industry, 1963 - 1967	48
15. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL OTHER MINING Industries, 1963 - 1967	49
16. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MINING Industry, 1963 - 1967	49
DIVISION 5. MANUFACTURING	
17. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MEAT PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	50
18. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the DAIRY PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	50
19. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FISH PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	51
20. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CANNERS Industries, 1963 - 1967	51

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES

Tableau	Page
BRANCHE 1. AGRICULTURE	
1. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AGRICULTURE, 1963 - 1967	42
BRANCHE 2. EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE	
2. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, 1963 - 1967	42
BRANCHE 3. PÊCHE ET PIÉGEAGE	
3. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PÊCHE ET PIÉGEAGE, 1963 - 1967	43
4. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE L'AGRICULTURE, DE L'EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE ET DE LA PÊCHE ET DU PIÉGEAGE, 1963 - 1967	43
BRANCHE 4. MINES, CARRIÈRES ET Puits DE PÉTROLE	
5. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINES D'OR, 1963 - 1967	44
6. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINES DE FER, 1963 - 1967	44
7. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINES MÉTALLIQUES DIVERSES, 1963 - 1967	45
8. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1963 - 1967	45
9. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINES DE CHARBON, 1963 - 1967	46
10. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, Puits DE PÉTROLE ET DE GAZ, 1963 - 1967	46
11. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINÉRAUX COMBUSTIBLES, 1963 - 1967	47
12. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1963 - 1967	47
13. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CARRIÈRES, 1963 - 1967	48
14. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SERVICES MINIERs, 1963 - 1967	48
15. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINES DIVERSES, 1963 - 1967	49
16. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINES, 1963 - 1967	49
BRANCHE 5. FABRICATION	
17. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DE LA VIANDE, 1963 - 1967	50
18. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS LAITIERS, 1963 - 1967	50
19. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU POISSON, 1963 - 1967	51
20. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CONSERVES DE FRUITS ET LÉGUMES, 1963 - 1967	51

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES — Continued

Table	Page
21. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the GRAIN MILLS Industry, 1963 - 1967	52
22. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BAKERY PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	52
23. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	53
24. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL FOOD Industry, 1963 - 1967	53
25. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SOFT DRINKS Industry, 1963 - 1967	54
26. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the DISTILLERY Industry, 1963 - 1967	54
27. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BREWERY Industry, 1963 - 1967	55
28. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WINERY Industry, 1963 - 1967	55
29. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL BEVERAGE Industries, 1963 - 1967	56
30. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL FOOD AND BEVERAGES Industry, 1963 - 1967	56
31. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOBACCO PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	57
32. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the RUBBER PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	57
33. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the LEATHER PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	58
34. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COTTON AND WOOLLEN MILLS Industries, 1963 - 1967	58
35. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SYNTHETIC TEXTILES Industry, 1963 - 1967	59
36. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER PRIMARY TEXTILE Industries, 1963 - 1967	59
37. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	60
38. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL TEXTILE MILLS Industries, 1963 - 1967	60
39. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the HOSIERY MILLS Industry, 1963 - 1967	61
40. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER KNITTING MILLS Industries, 1963 - 1967	61
41. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL KNITTING MILLS Industries, 1963 - 1967	62
42. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MEN'S CLOTHING Industry, 1963 - 1967	62
43. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WOMEN'S CLOTHING Industry, 1963 - 1967	63

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — suite

Tableau	Page
21. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MINOTERIES, 1963 - 1967	52
22. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BOULANGERIES, 1963 - 1967	52
23. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES, 1963 - 1967	53
24. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES, 1963 - 1967	53
25. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICANTS D'EAU GAZEUSE, 1963 - 1967	54
26. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, DISTILLERIES, 1963 - 1967	54
27. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BRASSERIES, 1963 - 1967	55
28. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DU VIN, 1963 - 1967	55
29. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE BOISSONS, 1963 - 1967	56
30. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION D'ALIMENTS ET DE BOISSONS, 1963 - 1967	56
31. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU TABAC, 1963 - 1967	57
32. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CAOUTCHOUC, 1963 - 1967	57
33. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CUIR, 1963 - 1967	58
34. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FILATURE ET TISSAGE DU COTON ET DE LA LAINE, 1963 - 1967	58
35. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE FIBRES ET DE TISSUS SYNTHÉTIQUES, 1963 - 1967	59
36. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'AUTRES TEXTILES PRIMAIRES, 1963 - 1967	59
37. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'AUTRES TEXTILES NON PRIMAIRES, 1963 - 1967	60
38. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DE FILATURE ET DE TISSAGE, 1963 - 1967	60
39. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRIQUES DE BAS ET CHAUSSETTES, 1963 - 1967	61
40. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES FABRIQUES DE TRICOTS, 1963 - 1967	61
41. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DU TRICOT, 1963 - 1967	62
42. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, VÊTEMENTS POUR HOMMES, 1963 - 1967	62
43. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, VÊTEMENTS POUR FEMMES, 1963 - 1967	63

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES — Continued

Table	Page
44. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FUR GOODS Industry, 1963 - 1967	63
45. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FOUNDATION GARMENTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	64
46. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER CLOTHING Industries, 1963 - 1967	64
47. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL CLOTHING Industries, 1963 - 1967	65
48. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL TEXTILE Industries, 1963 - 1967	65
49. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SAWMILLS Industry, 1963 - 1967	66
50. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the VENEER AND PLYWOOD Industries, 1963 - 1967	66
51. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PLANING MILLS Industry, 1963 - 1967	67
52. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WOODEN BOXES Industry, 1963 - 1967	67
53. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COFFINS AND CASES Industries, 1963 - 1967	68
54. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MISCELLANEOUS WOOD PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	68
55. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL WOOD Industry, 1963 - 1967	69
56. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE Industry, 1963 - 1967	69
57. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the OFFICE FURNITURE Industry, 1963 - 1967	70
58. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER FURNITURE Industries, 1963 - 1967	70
59. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL FURNITURE Industries, 1963 - 1967	71
60. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PULP AND PAPER MILLS Industries, 1963 - 1967	71
61. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PAPER BOXES AND BAGS Industries, 1963 - 1967	72
62. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER PAPER PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	72
63. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL PAPER AND ALLIED Industries, 1963 - 1967	73
64. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COMMERCIAL PRINTING Industry, 1963 - 1967	73
65. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the ENGRAVING AND ALLIED Industries, 1963 - 1967	74
66. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PUBLISHING Industry only, 1963 - 1967	74

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — suite

Tableau	Page
44. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ARTICLES EN FOURRURE, 1963 - 1967	63
45. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CORSETS ET SOUTIENS-GORGE, 1963 - 1967	64
46. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES INDUSTRIES DU VÊTEMENT, 1963 - 1967	64
47. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE VÊTEMENTS, 1963 - 1967	65
48. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES TEXTILES, 1963 - 1967	65
49. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SCIERIES, 1963 - 1967	66
50. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PLACAGES ET CONTRE-PLAQUÉS, 1963 - 1967	66
51. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ATELIERS DE RABOTAGE, 1963 - 1967	67
52. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRIQUES DE BOÎTES EN BOIS, 1963 - 1967	67
53. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CERCUEILS ET TOMBEAUX, 1963 - 1967	68
54. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRIQUES DE PRODUITS DIVERS EN BOIS, 1963 - 1967	68
55. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DU BOIS, 1963 - 1967	69
56. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MEUBLES DE MAISON, 1963 - 1967	69
57. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MEUBLES DE BUREAU, 1963 - 1967	70
58. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES MEUBLES, 1963 - 1967	70
59. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE MEUBLES, 1963 - 1967	71
60. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PÂTES ET PAPIERS, 1963 - 1967	71
61. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BOÎTES ET SACS EN PAPIER, 1963 - 1967	72
62. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES PRODUITS DU PAPIER, 1963 - 1967	72
63. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1963 - 1967	73
64. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, IMPRESSIONS COMMERCIALES, 1963 - 1967	73
65. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, GRAVURE ET INDUSTRIES CONNEXES, 1963 - 1967	74
66. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ÉDITION SEULEMENT, 1963 - 1967	74

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES - Continued

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES - suite

Table	Page
67. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PUBLISHING AND PRINTING Industries, 1963 - 1967	75
68. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL PRINTING, PUBLISHING AND ALLIED Industries, 1963 - 1967	75
69. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the IRON AND STEEL MILLS Industries, 1963 - 1967	76
70. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the IRON FOUNDRIES Industry, 1963 - 1967	76
71. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SMELTING AND REFINING Industries, 1963 - 1967	77
72. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL PRIMARY METALS Industries, 1963 - 1967	77
73. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BOILER AND PLATE Industries, 1963 - 1967	78
74. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the STRUCTURAL STEEL Industry, 1963 - 1967	78
75. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS Industry, 1963 - 1967	79
76. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the METAL STAMPING Industry, 1963 - 1967	79
77. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WIRE AND WIRE PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	80
78. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the HARDWARE AND TOOLS Industries, 1963 - 1967	80
79. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the HEATING EQUIPMENT Industry, 1963 - 1967	81
80. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MACHINE SHOPS Industry, 1963 - 1967	81
81. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MISCELLANEOUS METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1963 - 1967	82
82. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL METAL FABRICATING Industries, 1963 - 1967	82
83. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	83
84. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATION Industry, 1963 - 1967	83
85. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER MACHINERY Industries, 1963 - 1967	84
86. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MACHINERY Industries, 1963 - 1967	84
87. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the AIRCRAFT AND PARTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	85
88. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MOTOR VEHICLES AND PARTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	85
89. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TRUCK BODIES Industry, 1963 - 1967	86

Tableau	Page
67. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ÉDITION ET IMPRESSION, 1963 - 1967	75
68. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES D'IMPRESSION, D'ÉDITION ET DES ACTIVITÉS CONNEXES, 1963 - 1967	75
69. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIES DU FER ET DE L'ACIER, 1963 - 1967	76
70. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FONDERIES, 1963 - 1967	76
71. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FONTE ET AFFINAGE DES MÉTAUX, 1963 - 1967	77
72. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DES MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1963 - 1967	77
73. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CHAUDIÈRES ET PLAQUES, 1963 - 1967	78
74. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ACIER DE CHARPENTE, 1963 - 1967	78
75. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FER FORGÉ, 1963 - 1967	79
76. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ESTAMPAGE DES MÉTAUX, 1963 - 1967	79
77. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FILS MÉTALLIQUES ET PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1963 - 1967	80
78. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE QUINCAILLERIE ET D'OUTILS, 1963 - 1967	80
79. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, APPAREILS DE CHAUFFAGE, 1963 - 1967	81
80. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ATELIERS D'USINAGE, 1963 - 1967	81
81. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES DIVERS, 1963 - 1967	82
82. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES, 1963 - 1967	82
83. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, INSTRUMENTS AGRICOLES, 1963 - 1967	83
84. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ÉQUIPEMENT DE RÉFRIGÉRATION, 1963 - 1967	83
85. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES MACHINES, 1963 - 1967	84
86. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE MACHINERIE, 1963 - 1967	84
87. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AVIONS ET PIÈCES, 1963 - 1967	85
88. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, VÉHICULES AUTOMOBILES ET PIÈCES, 1963 - 1967	85
89. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CARROSSERIES DE CAMIONS, 1963 - 1967	86

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES — Continued

Table	Page
90. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MISCELLANEOUS TRANSPORTATION Industries, 1963 - 1967	86
91. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT Industries, 1963 - 1967	87
92. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SMALL ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES Industry, 1963 - 1967	87
93. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MAJOR APPLIANCES Industry, 1963 - 1967	88
94. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the RADIO AND TELEVISION RECEIVERS Industries, 1963 - 1967	88
95. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT Industry, 1963 - 1967	89
96. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the INDUSTRIAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Industry, 1963 - 1967	89
97. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BATTERY MANUFACTURERS Industry, 1963 - 1967	90
98. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the MISCELLANEOUS ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Industries, 1963 - 1967	90
99. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	91
100. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the CEMENT MANUFACTURING Industry, 1963 - 1967	91
101. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the CONCRETE MANUFACTURING Industry, 1963 - 1967	92
102. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the READY-MIX CONCRETE Industry, 1963 - 1967	92
103. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the CLAY PRODUCTS Industry, 1963 - 1967	93
104. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	93
105. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	94
106. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	94
107. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PETROLEUM REFINERIES Industry, 1963 - 1967	95
108. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	95
109. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	96
110. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the FERTILIZERS Industry, 1963 - 1967	96
111. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PHARMACEUTICALS Industry, 1963 - 1967	97

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — suite

Tableau	Page
90. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT DIVERS, 1963 - 1967	86
91. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DU MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1963 - 1967	87
92. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PETITS APPAREILS ÉLECTRIQUES, 1963 - 1967	87
93. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, GROS APPAREILS 1963 - 1967	88
94. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, APPAREILS DE RADIO ET DE TÉLÉVISION, 1963 - 1967	88
95. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MATÉRIEL DE TÉLÉCOMMUNICATION, 1963 - 1967	89
96. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUE INDUSTRIEL, 1963 - 1967	89
97. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MANUFACTURIERS DE BATTERIES, 1963 - 1967	90
98. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, APPAREILS ÉLECTRIQUES DIVERS, 1963 - 1967	90
99. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION D'APPAREILS ET DE MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUES, 1963 - 1967	91
100. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MANUFACTURIERS DE CIMENT, 1963 - 1967	91
101. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, MANUFACTURIERS DE PRODUITS EN BÉTON, 1963 - 1967	92
102. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIE DU BÉTON PRÉPARÉ, 1963 - 1967	92
103. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DE L'ARGILE, 1963 - 1967	93
104. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, VERRE ET ARTICLES EN VERRE, 1963 - 1967	93
105. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1963 - 1967	94
106. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DES PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1963 - 1967	94
107. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, RAFFINERIES DE PÉTROLE, 1963 - 1967	95
108. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES DÉRIVÉS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1963 - 1967	95
109. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DES PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1963 - 1967	96
110. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ENGRAIS, 1963 - 1967	96
111. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS PHARMACEUTIQUES, 1963 - 1967	97

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES — Continued

Table	Page
112. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PAINT AND VARNISH Industries, 1963 - 1967	97
113. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SOAP AND CLEANING COMPOUNDS Industries, 1963 - 1967	98
114. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOILET PREPARATIONS Industry, 1963 - 1967	98
115. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS Industry, 1963 - 1967	99
116. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER CHEMICALS Industries, 1963 - 1967	99
117. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS Industries, 1963 - 1967	100
118. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SCIENTIFIC AND PROFESSIONAL EQUIPMENT Industries, 1963 - 1967	100
119. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the JEWELLERY AND SILVERWARE Industries, 1963 - 1967	101
120. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the BROOM, BRUSH AND MOP Industries, 1963 - 1967	101
121. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SPORTING GOODS AND TOYS Industries, 1963 - 1967	102
122. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in OTHER MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963 - 1967	102
123. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963 - 1967	103
124. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL MANUFACTURING Industries, 1963 - 1967	103

DIVISION 6. CONSTRUCTION

125. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the CONSTRUCTION Industry, 1963 - 1967	104
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DIVISION 7. TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, COMMUNICATION AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES

126. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS Industries, 1963 - 1967	104
127. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the PUBLIC UTILITIES Industry, 1963 - 1967	105
128. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, COMMUNICATION AND OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES Industries, 1963 - 1967	105

DIVISION 8. TRADE

129. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the WHOLESALE TRADE Industry, 1963 - 1967	106
130. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the RETAIL TRADE Industry, 1963 - 1967	106

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — suite

Tableau	Page
112. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PEINTURES ET VERNIS, 1963 - 1967	97
113. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SAVONS ET PRODUITS NETTOYANTS, 1963 - 1967	98
114. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DE TOILETTE, 1963 - 1967	98
115. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, PRODUITS CHIMIQUES INDUSTRIELS, 1963 - 1967	99
116. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES PRODUITS CHIMIQUES, 1963 - 1967	99
117. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE PRODUITS CHIMIQUES ET AUTRES PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1963 - 1967	100
118. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, INSTRUMENTS SCIENTIFIQUES ET PROFESSIONNELS, 1963 - 1967	100
119. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BIJOUTERIES ET ORFÈVRES, 1963 - 1967	101
120. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, BALAIS, BROSSES ET VADROUILLES, 1963 - 1967	101
121. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ARTICLES DE SPORTS ET JOUETS, 1963 - 1967	102
122. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, AUTRES FABRICATIONS DIVERSES, 1963 - 1967	102
123. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIÈRES DIVERSES, 1963 - 1967	103
124. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIÈRES, 1963 - 1967	103

BRANCHE 6. CONSTRUCTION

125. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, CONSTRUCTION, 1963 - 1967	104
--	-----

BRANCHE 7. TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE, COMMUNICATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE

126. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE ET COMMUNICATIONS, 1963 - 1967	104
127. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1963 - 1967	105
128. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DE TRANSPORTS, ENTREPOSAGE, COMMUNICATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1963 - 1967	105

BRANCHE 8. COMMERCE

129. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1963 - 1967	106
130. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1963 - 1967	106

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES — Concluded

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES — fin

Table	Page
DIVISION 9. FINANCE	
131. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the DEPOSIT ACCEPTING INSTITUTIONS Industries, 1963 - 1967	107
132. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the CREDIT AGENCIES Industries, 1963 - 1967	107
133. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the SECURITY DEALERS Industries, 1963 - 1967	108
134. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the INVESTMENT COMPANIES Industries, 1963 - 1967	108
135. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE AND OTHER Industries, 1963 - 1967	109
136. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL FINANCE Industries, 1963 - 1967	109
DIVISION 10. SERVICES	
137. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL SERVICES Industries, 1963 - 1967	110
TOTAL NON-FINANCIAL	
138. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the TOTAL NON-FINANCIAL Industries, 1963 - 1967	110
TOTAL	
139. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents, TOTAL Industries, 1963 - 1967	111

Tableau	Page
BRANCHE 9. FINANCES	
131. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, INSTITUTIONS RECUEILLANT DES DÉPÔTS, 1963 - 1967	107
132. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE CRÉDIT, 1963 - 1967	107
133. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, COURTIERS EN VALEURS, 1963 - 1967	108
134. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1963 - 1967	108
135. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ASSUREURS, AGENTS D'IMMEUBLES ET AUTRES, 1963 - 1967	109
136. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES FINANCES, 1963 - 1967	109
BRANCHE 10. SERVICES	
137. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES SERVICES, 1963 - 1967	110
TOTAL SAUF LES FINANCES	
138. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES NON FINANCIÈRES, 1963 - 1967	110
TOTAL	
139. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES, 1963 - 1967	111

TABLE 1. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Agriculture Industry, 1963-1967
TABEAU 1. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, agriculture, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	22	—	15.5	—	9.6	—	7.4	—	.6	—
	1964	20	—	13.2	—	7.0	—	9.2	—	.9	—
	1965	27	.9	18.5	3.7	10.2	4.9	10.9	3.5	.6	4.8
	1966	36	1.1	23.7	4.6	9.8	5.8	14.8	4.2	1.1	6.5
	1967	37	1.1	25.9	4.0	10.9	5.3	13.8	3.3	.7	4.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	154	—	119.8	—	51.8	—	59.4	—	3.4	—
	1964	159	—	130.2	—	60.5	—	60.8	—	3.7	—
	1965	368	11.9	213.5	42.1	89.5	42.6	107.5	34.8	3.2	25.6
	1966	488	14.8	264.4	51.4	99.4	58.9	173.1	48.8	8.4	49.7
	1967	609	17.7	343.8	53.3	126.1	61.7	218.2	51.5	9.2	56.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	176	—	135.3	—	61.4	—	66.8	—	4.0	—
	1964	179	—	143.4	—	67.5	—	70.0	—	4.6	—
	1965	395	12.8	232.0	45.8	99.7	47.5	118.4	38.3	3.8	30.4
	1966	524	15.9	288.1	56.0	109.2	64.7	187.9	53.0	9.5	56.2
	1967	646	18.8	369.7	57.3	137.0	67.0	232.0	54.8	9.9	60.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	2,690	87.2	275.0	54.2	110.1	52.5	190.4	61.7	8.7	69.6
	1966	2,780	84.1	226.5	44.0	59.7	35.3	166.3	47.0	7.4	43.8
	1967	2,782	81.2	275.6	42.7	67.5	33.0	191.4	45.2	6.4	39.3
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	3,085	100.0	507.0	100.0	209.8	100.0	308.8	100.0	12.5	100.0
	1966	3,304	100.0	514.6	100.0	168.9	100.0	354.2	100.0	16.9	100.0
	1967	3,428	100.0	645.3	100.0	204.5	100.0	423.4	100.0	16.3	100.0

TABLE 2. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Forestry Industry, 1963-1967
TABEAU 2. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, exploitation forestière, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident		1963	25	—	78.2	—	41.2	—	55.6	—	6.7	—
		1964	23	—	86.4	—	58.2	—	65.3	—	18.7	—
		1965	26	1.8	55.0	17.6	35.7	24.5	37.7	11.5	5.3	28.2
		1966	25	2.0	37.6	14.2	25.8	23.4	35.5	10.7	2.6	19.4
		1967	29	2.3	51.7	18.7	37.0	31.6	43.6	13.1	1.2	11.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	135	—	102.8	—	42.9	—	110.2	—	3.6	—
		1964	124	—	107.2	—	43.6	—	104.0	—	8.1	—
		1965	184	12.8	173.9	55.5	84.9	58.4	163.6	50.0	10.0	53.2
		1966	189	14.9	153.0	57.9	64.6	58.6	190.7	57.3	9.0	67.2
		1967	178	14.2	146.7	53.0	61.2	52.2	170.7	51.1	6.8	63.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.		1963	160	—	181.0	—	84.1	—	165.8	—	10.3	—
		1964	147	—	193.6	—	101.8	—	169.3	—	26.8	—
		1965	210	14.6	228.9	73.1	120.6	82.9	201.3	61.5	15.3	81.4
		1966	214	16.9	190.6	72.1	90.4	82.0	226.2	68.0	11.6	86.6
		1967	207	16.5	198.4	71.7	98.2	83.8	214.3	64.2	8.0	74.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	1,225	85.4	84.1	26.9	24.9	17.1	125.8	38.5	3.5	18.6
		1966	1,053	83.1	73.7	27.9	19.9	18.0	106.3	32.0	1.8	13.4
		1967	1,051	83.5	78.4	28.3	19.0	16.2	119.5	35.8	2.8	25.9
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	1,435	100.0	313.0	100.0	145.5	100.0	327.1	100.0	18.8	100.0
		1966	1,267	100.0	264.3	100.0	110.3	100.0	332.5	100.0	13.4	100.0
		1967	1,258	100.0	276.8	100.0	117.2	100.0	333.8	100.0	10.8	100.0

TABLE 3. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fishing and Trapping Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 3. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, pêche et piégeage, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1966	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1967	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	3	—	.9	—	.4	—	1.7	—	.2	—
	1964	6	—	1.8	—	.7	—	2.2	—	.2	—
	1965	12	5.3	5.6	25.5	2.1	30.9	3.6	17.6	—	—
	1966	25	10.5	11.4	42.5	4.1	45.6	8.0	32.1	-1	—
	1967	25	10.2	12.7	43.5	4.3	45.7	7.5	31.6	—	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	3	—	.9	—	.4	—	1.7	—	.2	—
	1964	6	—	1.8	—	.7	—	2.2	—	.2	—
	1965	12	5.3	5.6	25.5	2.1	30.9	3.6	17.6	—	—
	1966	25	10.5	11.4	42.5	4.1	45.6	8.0	32.1	-1	—
	1967	25	10.2	12.7	43.5	4.3	45.7	7.5	31.6	—	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	215	94.7	16.4	74.5	4.7	69.1	16.8	82.4	.7	100.0
	1966	212	89.5	15.4	57.5	4.9	54.4	16.9	67.9	.8	—
	1967	220	89.8	16.5	56.5	5.1	54.3	16.2	68.4	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	227	100.0	22.0	100.0	6.8	100.0	20.4	100.0	.7	100.0
	1966	237	100.0	26.8	100.0	9.0	100.0	24.9	100.0	.7	100.0
	1967	245	100.0	29.2	100.0	9.4	100.0	23.7	100.0	—	—

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 4. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents, Total Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 4. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de l'agriculture, de l'exploitation forestière et de la pêche et du piégeage, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	47	—	93.7	—	50.8	—	63.0	—	7.3	—
	1964	43	—	99.8	—	65.2	—	74.5	—	19.6	—
	1965	53	1.1	73.6	8.7	45.9	12.7	48.6	7.4	5.9	18.4
	1966	61	1.3	61.3	7.6	35.6	12.4	50.3	7.1	3.7	11.9
	1967	66	1.3	77.6	8.2	47.9	14.5	57.4	7.3	1.9	7.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	292	—	223.5	—	95.1	—	171.3	—	7.2	—
	1964	289	—	239.1	—	104.8	—	167.0	—	12.0	—
	1965	564	11.9	393.1	46.7	176.5	48.7	274.7	41.9	13.2	41.3
	1966	702	14.6	428.8	53.2	168.1	58.3	371.8	52.2	17.3	55.8
	1967	812	16.5	503.2	52.9	191.5	57.8	396.4	50.8	16.0	59.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	339	—	317.2	—	145.9	—	234.3	—	14.5	—
	1964	332	—	338.9	—	170.0	—	241.5	—	31.6	—
	1965	617	13.0	466.7	55.4	222.4	61.4	323.3	49.3	19.1	59.7
	1966	763	15.9	490.1	60.8	203.7	70.7	422.1	59.3	21.0	67.7
	1967	878	17.8	580.8	61.1	239.4	72.3	453.8	58.1	17.9	66.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	4,130	87.0	375.3	44.6	139.7	38.6	333.0	50.7	12.9	40.3
	1966	4,045	84.1	315.6	39.2	84.5	29.3	289.5	40.7	10.0	32.3
	1967	4,053	82.2	370.5	38.9	91.7	27.7	327.1	41.9	9.2	33.9
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	4,747	100.0	842.0	100.0	362.1	100.0	656.3	100.0	32.0	100.0
	1966	4,808	100.0	805.7	100.0	288.2	100.0	711.6	100.0	31.0	100.0
	1967	4,931	100.0	951.3	100.0	331.1	100.0	780.9	100.0	27.1	100.0

TABLE 5. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Gold Mine Industry, 1963-1967
TABLÉAU 5. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, mines d'or, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	11	—	109.4	—	103.5	—	35.0	—	16.9	—
	1964	12	—	122.5	—	105.2	—	29.8	—	14.9	—
	1965	8	4.0	98.1	16.6	93.2	17.1	25.8	22.2	13.2	—
	1966	10	8.5	104.4	18.7	99.3	19.3	27.1	24.6	12.0	28.5
	1967	8	7.9	243.5	43.6	237.4	45.3	40.9	36.0	18.6	46.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	79	—	412.4	—	383.3	—	99.2	—	32.8	—
	1964	71	—	423.1	—	384.9	—	90.9	—	35.0	—
	1965	120	59.4	484.9	82.1	443.9	81.7	90.0	77.5	27.8	—
	1966	98	83.8	452.1	81.1	414.7	80.5	82.9	75.2	30.1	71.5
	1967	76	75.3	312.0	55.9	284.3	54.2	72.5	63.8	21.4	53.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	90	—	521.8	—	486.8	—	134.2	—	49.7	—
	1964	83	—	545.6	—	490.1	—	120.7	—	49.9	—
	1965	128	63.4	583.0	98.7	537.1	98.8	115.8	99.7	41.0	—
	1966	108	92.3	556.5	99.8	514.0	99.8	110.0	99.8	42.1	100.0
	1967	84	83.2	555.5	99.5	521.7	99.5	113.4	99.8	40.0	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	74	36.6	7.5	1.3	6.7	1.2	.4	.3	.1	—
	1966	9	7.7	1.0	.2	.8	.2	.2	.2	.0	—
	1967	17	16.8	3.0	.5	2.7	.5	.2	.2	.0	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	202	100.0	590.5	100.0	543.8	100.0	116.2	100.0	40.9	—
	1966	117	100.0	557.5	100.0	514.8	100.0	110.2	100.0	42.1	100.0
	1967	101	100.0	558.5	100.0	524.4	100.0	113.6	100.0	40.0	100.0

TABLE 6. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Iron Mine Industry, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 6. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, mines de fer, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	22	—	1,055.5	—	274.3	—	275.2	—	37.1	—
	1964	23	—	1,025.2	—	293.7	—	381.1	—	72.5	—
	1965	25	32.9	1,110.0	87.5	369.1	—	432.3	93.9	61.6	—
	1966	25	42.4	1,199.2	86.3	314.8	—	457.0	95.3	41.2	—
	1967	16	38.1	1,241.8	86.2	412.7	78.3	453.4	95.0	52.0	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	21	—	136.9	—	108.9	—	22.7	—	7.4	—
	1964	20	—	138.5	—	111.7	—	25.9	—	8.1	—
	1965	32	42.1	156.5	12.3	130.0	—	28.1	6.1	6.2	—
	1966	30	50.8	189.9	13.7	132.8	—	22.5	4.7	5.5	—
	1967	23	54.8	199.2	13.8	114.1	21.6	24.1	5.0	3.5	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	43	—	1,192.4	—	383.2	—	297.9	—	44.5	—
	1964	43	—	1,163.7	—	405.4	—	407.0	—	80.6	—
	1965	57	75.0	1,266.5	99.8	499.1	—	460.4	100.0	67.8	—
	1966	55	93.2	1,389.1	100.0	447.6	—	479.5	100.0	46.7	—
	1967	39	92.9	1,441.0	100.0	526.8	99.9	477.5	100.0	55.5	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	19	25.0	2.2	.2	1.5	—	.1	—	—	—
	1966	4	6.8	.6	.0	1.1	—	.2	—	—	—
	1967	3	7.1	.6	.0	.5	.1	—	—	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	76	100.0	1,268.7	100.0	497.6	—	460.5	100.0	67.7	—
	1966	59	100.0	1,389.7	100.0	446.5	—	479.7	100.0	46.6	—
	1967	42	100.0	1,441.6	100.0	527.3	100.0	477.5	100.0	55.3	—

TABLE 7. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Other Metal Mining Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 7. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, mines métalliques diverses, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	37	—	161.6	—	79.3	—	51.8	—	6.5	—
	1964	36	—	168.1	—	89.2	—	59.7	—	15.2	—
	1965	50	8.7	180.3	10.3	75.8	5.7	51.3	7.0	9.9	—
	1966	45	14.0	256.6	12.9	139.0	9.3	81.4	9.4	11.2	—
	1967	36	12.9	353.6	14.9	255.2	14.7	190.7	16.7	60.1	17.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	149	—	1,245.5	—	1,005.9	—	480.1	—	171.1	—
	1964	148	—	1,392.6	—	1,102.7	—	584.2	—	217.5	—
	1965	273	47.6	1,537.8	88.3	1,244.7	92.8	683.8	92.9	263.2	—
	1966	261	81.3	1,732.8	86.9	1,354.7	90.5	781.0	90.5	283.9	—
	1967	212	75.7	1,940.6	81.5	1,421.8	81.9	905.0	79.3	293.2	82.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	186	—	1,407.1	—	1,085.2	—	531.9	—	177.6	—
	1964	184	—	1,560.7	—	1,191.9	—	643.9	—	232.7	—
	1965	323	56.3	1,718.1	98.6	1,320.5	98.5	735.1	99.9	273.1	—
	1966	306	95.3	1,989.4	99.8	1,493.7	99.8	862.4	99.9	295.1	—
	1967	248	88.6	2,294.2	96.4	1,677.0	96.6	1,095.7	96.0	353.3	99.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	251	43.7	25.2	1.4	20.4	1.5	.9	.1	- 2.4	—
	1966	15	4.7	4.0	.2	3.6	.2	1.0	.1	- .1	—
	1967	32	11.4	85.8	3.6	58.3	3.4	46.1	4.0	.6	.2
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	574	100.0	1,743.3	100.0	1,340.9	100.0	736.0	100.0	270.7	—
	1966	321	100.0	1,993.4	100.0	1,497.3	100.0	863.4	100.0	295.0	—
	1967	280	100.0	2,380.0	100.0	1,735.3	100.0	1,141.8	100.0	353.9	100.0

TABLE 8. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Metal Mining Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 8. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des minéraux métalliques, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	70	—	1,326.5	—	457.1	—	362.0	—	60.5	—
	1964	71	—	1,315.8	—	488.1	—	470.6	—	102.6	—
	1965	83	9.7	1,388.4	38.5	538.2	22.6	509.4	38.8	84.7	—
	1966	80	16.1	1,560.2	39.6	553.1	22.5	565.5	38.9	64.4	—
	1967	60	14.2	1,838.9	42.0	905.3	32.5	685.0	39.5	130.7	29.1
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	249	—	1,794.8	—	1,498.1	—	602.0	—	211.3	—
	1964	239	—	1,954.2	—	1,599.3	—	701.0	—	260.6	—
	1965	425	49.9	2,179.2	60.5	1,818.5	76.3	801.9	61.1	297.3	—
	1966	389	78.3	2,374.8	60.3	1,902.2	77.4	886.4	61.0	319.5	—
	1967	311	73.5	2,451.8	56.0	1,820.2	65.3	1,001.6	57.8	318.1	70.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	319	—	3,121.3	—	1,955.2	—	964.0	—	271.8	—
	1964	310	—	3,270.0	—	2,087.4	—	1,171.6	—	363.2	—
	1965	508	59.6	3,567.6	99.0	2,356.7	98.9	1,311.3	99.9	382.0	—
	1966	469	94.4	3,935.0	99.9	2,455.3	99.9	1,451.9	99.9	383.9	—
	1967	371	87.7	4,290.7	98.0	2,725.5	97.8	1,686.6	97.3	448.8	99.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	344	40.4	34.9	1.0	25.6	1.1	1.4	.1	- 2.7	—
	1966	28	5.6	5.6	.1	3.3	.1	1.4	.1	- .2	—
	1967	52	12.3	89.4	2.0	61.5	2.2	46.2	2.7	.4	.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	852	100.0	3,602.5	100.0	2,382.3	100.0	1,312.7	100.0	379.3	—
	1966	497	100.0	3,940.6	100.0	2,458.6	100.0	1,453.3	100.0	383.7	—
	1967	423	100.0	4,380.1	100.0	2,787.0	100.0	1,732.8	100.0	449.2	100.0

TABLE 9. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Coal Mine Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 9. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents mines de charbon, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	5	—	26.2	—	12.8	—	12.8	—	1.1	—
	1964	5	—	32.3	—	18.0	—	14.8	—	1.8	—
	1965	4	5.9	18.1	33.7	8.1	29.1	6.6	22.4	.5	31.3
	1966	5	9.8	32.7	47.1	14.5	46.0	21.0	49.4	1.2	66.6
	1967	7	14.0	37.0	36.6	16.0	33.6	21.0	31.6	.9	27.3
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	23	—	28.3	—	16.0	—	16.2	—	.5	—
	1964	23	—	31.8	—	17.0	—	17.8	—	.8	—
	1965	27	39.7	33.1	61.6	18.7	67.3	20.4	69.1	1.0	62.5
	1966	23	45.1	35.1	50.5	16.5	52.4	19.3	45.4	.5	27.8
	1967	19	38.0	62.1	61.5	30.9	64.9	43.6	65.5	2.4	72.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	28	—	54.5	—	28.8	—	29.0	—	1.6	—
	1964	28	—	64.1	—	35.0	—	32.6	—	2.6	—
	1965	31	45.6	51.2	95.3	26.8	96.4	27.0	91.5	1.5	93.8
	1966	28	54.9	67.8	97.6	31.0	98.4	40.3	94.8	1.7	94.4
	1967	26	52.0	99.1	98.1	46.9	98.5	64.6	97.1	3.3	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	37	54.4	2.5	4.7	1.0	3.6	2.5	8.5	.1	6.2
	1966	23	45.1	1.7	2.4	.5	1.6	2.2	5.2	.1	5.6
	1967	24	48.0	1.9	1.9	.7	1.5	1.9	2.9	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	68	100.0	53.7	100.0	27.8	100.0	29.5	100.0	1.6	100.0
	1966	51	100.0	69.5	100.0	31.5	100.0	42.5	100.0	1.8	100.0
	1967	50	100.0	101.0	100.0	47.6	100.0	66.5	100.0	3.3	100.0

TABLE 10. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Oil and Gas Well Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 10. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, puits de pétrole et de gaz, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	160	—	2,318.8	—	1,609.8	—	541.8	—	117.3	—
	1964	138	—	2,542.0	—	1,764.2	—	575.4	—	127.4	—
	1965	160	23.7	2,876.8	81.5	1,926.6	82.7	709.2	87.3	121.8	—
	1966	146	25.8	3,143.4	77.5	1,994.9	77.0	816.3	84.2	148.2	75.5
	1967	178	26.0	3,722.7	82.6	2,262.6	81.7	1,006.9	89.4	170.3	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	113	—	459.1	—	297.5	—	89.6	—	15.2	—
	1964	107	—	509.0	—	338.3	—	90.2	—	25.6	—
	1965	132	19.5	608.8	17.3	377.4	16.2	91.8	11.3	29.9	—
	1966	146	25.8	890.5	22.0	590.1	22.8	145.4	15.0	48.1	24.5
	1967	135	19.8	750.5	16.7	492.2	17.8	108.7	9.7	44.3	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	273	—	2,777.9	—	1,907.3	—	631.4	—	132.5	—
	1964	245	—	3,051.0	—	2,102.5	—	665.6	—	153.0	—
	1965	292	43.2	3,485.6	98.8	2,304.0	98.9	801.0	98.6	151.7	—
	1966	292	51.6	4,033.9	99.3	2,585.0	99.8	961.7	99.2	196.3	100.0
	1967	313	45.8	4,473.2	99.3	2,754.8	99.5	1,115.6	99.1	214.6	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	384	56.8	40.7	1.2	25.3	1.1	11.1	1.4	.8	—
	1966	273	48.4	20.4	.5	4.8	.2	7.7	.8	—	—
	1967	370	54.2	32.5	.7	13.3	.5	10.5	.9	2.3	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	676	100.0	3,526.3	100.0	2,329.3	100.0	812.1	100.0	150.9	—
	1966	565	100.0	4,054.3	100.0	2,589.8	100.0	969.4	100.0	196.3	100.0
	1967	683	100.0	4,505.7	100.0	2,768.1	100.0	1,126.1	100.0	212.3	—

TABLE 11. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Mineral Fuels Industries, 1963 - 1967

TABLEAU 11. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des minéraux combustibles, 1963 - 1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	165	—	2,345.0	—	1,622.6	—	554.6	—	118.4	—
	1964	143	—	2,574.3	—	1,782.2	—	590.2	—	129.2	—
	1965	164	22.0	2,894.9	80.9	1,934.7	82.1	715.8	85.1	122.3	—
	1966	151	24.5	3,176.1	77.0	2,009.4	76.7	837.3	82.7	149.4	75.4
	1967	185	25.2	3,759.7	81.7	2,278.6	80.9	1,027.9	86.2	171.2	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	136	—	487.4	—	313.5	—	105.8	—	15.7	—
	1964	130	—	540.8	—	355.3	—	108.0	—	26.4	—
	1965	159	21.4	641.9	17.9	395.1	16.8	112.2	13.3	30.9	—
	1966	169	27.4	925.6	22.5	606.6	23.1	164.7	16.3	48.6	24.5
	1967	154	21.0	812.6	17.6	523.1	18.6	152.3	12.8	46.7	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	301	—	2,832.4	—	1,936.1	—	660.4	—	134.1	—
	1964	273	—	3,115.1	—	2,137.5	—	698.2	—	155.6	—
	1965	323	43.4	3,536.8	98.8	2,330.8	98.9	828.0	98.4	153.2	—
	1966	320	51.9	4,101.7	99.5	2,616.0	99.8	1,002.0	99.0	198.0	99.9
	1967	339	46.2	4,572.3	99.3	2,801.7	99.5	1,180.2	99.0	217.9	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	421	56.6	43.2	1.2	26.3	1.1	13.6	1.6	.7	—
	1966	296	48.1	22.1	.5	5.3	.2	10.1	1.0	.1	.1
	1967	394	53.8	34.4	.7	14.0	.5	12.4	1.0	2.3	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	744	100.0	3,580.0	100.0	2,357.1	100.0	841.6	100.0	152.5	—
	1966	616	100.0	4,123.8	100.0	2,621.3	100.0	1,012.1	100.0	198.1	100.0
	1967	733	100.0	4,606.7	100.0	2,815.7	100.0	1,192.6	100.0	215.6	—

TABLE 12. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Non-metal Mining Industry, 1963 - 1967

TABLEAU 12. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, minéraux non métalliques, 1963 - 1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	31	—	337.6	—	236.2	—	172.7	—	49.3	—
	1964	31	—	389.4	—	255.0	—	207.2	—	54.8	—
	1965	34	23.5	472.8	72.3	326.2	69.7	233.2	75.4	62.3	—
	1966	38	31.6	638.4	83.0	441.8	81.9	283.2	82.0	75.9	—
	1967	38	33.3	778.6	84.9	524.7	83.9	294.4	81.2	62.7	87.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	26	—	126.9	—	112.0	—	64.0	—	1.8	—
	1964	27	—	156.6	—	120.4	—	75.3	—	15.9	—
	1965	35	24.1	168.1	25.7	132.1	28.2	71.7	23.2	13.4	—
	1966	35	29.2	126.2	16.4	96.3	17.8	58.6	17.0	11.8	—
	1967	33	29.0	133.8	14.6	98.8	15.8	64.4	17.8	9.4	13.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	57	—	464.5	—	348.2	—	236.7	—	51.1	—
	1964	58	—	546.0	—	375.4	—	283.5	—	70.7	—
	1965	69	47.6	640.9	98.0	458.3	97.9	304.9	98.6	75.7	—
	1966	73	60.8	764.6	99.4	538.1	99.7	341.8	99.0	87.7	—
	1967	71	62.3	912.4	99.5	623.5	99.7	358.8	99.0	72.1	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	76	52.4	13.0	2.0	9.7	2.1	4.4	1.4	.1	—
	1966	47	39.2	4.3	.6	1.4	.3	3.4	1.0	.1	—
	1967	43	37.7	4.3	.5	1.6	.3	3.5	1.0	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	145	100.0	653.9	100.0	468.0	100.0	309.3	100.0	75.6	—
	1966	120	100.0	768.9	100.0	539.5	100.0	345.2	100.0	87.6	—
	1967	114	100.0	916.7	100.0	625.1	100.0	362.3	100.0	72.1	100.0

TABLE 13. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Quarries Industry, 1963-1967
TABLEAU 13. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, carrières, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	15	—	15.0	—	18.8	—	8.5	—	1.1	—
	1964	13	—	13.5	—	8.8	—	7.0	—	2.1	—
	1965	8	2.2	11.5	9.2	7.4	15.2	6.2	5.4	1.1	14.9
	1966	11	2.6	15.2	10.9	8.2	16.5	9.4	6.9	1.7	18.7
	1967	12	2.6	15.1	10.8	10.6	19.4	9.1	6.7	1.1	11.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	101	—	72.8	—	27.7	—	56.6	—	2.2	—
	1964	89	—	69.6	—	26.6	—	58.8	—	3.7	—
	1965	135	36.3	93.2	75.0	34.0	69.8	89.1	77.6	5.4	72.9
	1966	135	32.5	97.5	69.7	33.9	68.2	96.3	71.0	6.6	72.5
	1967	138	29.9	94.3	67.5	34.2	62.5	94.8	69.9	7.2	74.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	116	—	87.8	—	36.5	—	65.1	—	3.3	—
	1964	102	—	83.1	—	35.4	—	65.8	—	5.8	—
	1965	143	38.5	104.7	84.2	41.4	85.0	95.3	83.0	6.5	87.8
	1966	146	35.1	112.7	80.6	42.1	84.7	105.7	77.9	8.3	91.2
	1967	150	32.5	109.4	78.3	44.8	81.9	103.9	76.6	8.3	85.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	228	61.5	19.6	15.8	7.3	15.0	19.5	17.0	.9	12.2
	1966	270	64.9	27.2	19.4	7.6	15.3	30.0	22.1	.8	8.8
	1967	312	67.5	30.3	21.7	9.9	18.1	31.8	23.4	1.4	14.4
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	371	100.0	124.3	100.0	48.7	100.0	114.8	100.0	7.4	100.0
	1966	416	100.0	139.9	100.0	49.7	100.0	135.7	100.0	9.1	100.0
	1967	462	100.0	139.7	100.0	54.7	100.0	135.7	100.0	9.9	100.0

TABLE 14. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Mining Services Industry, 1963-1967
TABLEAU 14. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, services miniers, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	56	—	163.7	—	96.4	—	36.1	—	3.7	—
	1964	59	—	189.4	—	100.0	—	75.7	—	4.1	—
	1965	78	4.5	194.9	31.7	71.8	19.4	50.0	24.5	4.8	—
	1966	81	5.2	224.3	28.9	93.2	21.0	69.3	28.0	4.3	—
	1967	105	6.0	250.5	24.3	59.3	9.6	70.9	22.8	— .8	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	151	—	177.6	—	129.2	—	88.0	—	7.2	—
	1964	143	—	180.4	—	132.6	—	90.4	—	3.9	—
	1965	284	16.3	332.2	54.0	243.3	65.9	120.5	58.9	2.6	—
	1966	356	22.7	461.3	59.3	294.1	66.1	136.7	55.1	5.9	—
	1967	461	26.6	654.2	63.4	468.5	75.7	196.7	63.3	15.5	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	207	—	341.3	—	225.6	—	124.1	—	10.9	—
	1964	202	—	369.8	—	232.6	—	166.1	—	8.0	—
	1965	362	20.8	527.1	85.7	315.1	85.3	170.5	83.4	7.4	—
	1966	437	27.9	685.6	88.2	387.3	87.1	206.0	83.1	10.2	—
	1967	566	32.6	904.7	87.7	527.8	85.3	267.6	86.1	14.7	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,380	79.2	87.8	14.3	54.1	14.7	34.0	16.6	— 5.4	—
	1966	1,130	72.1	92.0	11.8	57.3	12.9	41.8	16.9	— 7.4	—
	1967	1,170	67.4	127.2	12.3	91.3	14.7	43.2	13.9	— 12.2	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,742	100.0	614.9	100.0	369.2	100.0	204.5	100.0	2.0	—
	1966	1,567	100.0	777.6	100.0	444.6	100.0	247.8	100.0	2.8	—
	1967	1,736	100.0	1,031.9	100.0	619.1	100.0	310.8	100.0	2.5	—

TABLE 15. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Other Mining Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 15. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des mines diverses, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	102	—	516.3	—	341.4	—	217.3	—	54.1	—
	1964	103	—	592.3	—	363.8	—	289.9	—	61.0	—
	1965	120	5.3	679.3	48.8	405.4	45.8	289.5	46.1	68.2	—
	1966	130	6.2	877.9	52.1	543.2	52.6	361.9	49.7	81.9	—
	1967	155	6.7	1,044.2	50.0	594.6	45.8	374.4	46.3	63.0	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	278	—	377.3	—	268.9	—	208.6	—	11.2	—
	1964	259	—	406.6	—	279.6	—	225.5	—	23.5	—
	1965	454	20.1	593.4	42.6	409.4	46.2	281.3	44.7	21.4	—
	1966	526	25.0	685.0	40.6	424.3	41.0	291.6	40.0	24.3	—
	1967	632	27.3	882.3	42.3	601.5	46.3	355.9	44.0	32.1	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	380	—	893.6	—	610.3	—	425.9	—	65.3	—
	1964	362	—	998.9	—	643.4	—	515.4	—	84.5	—
	1965	574	25.4	1,272.7	91.4	814.8	92.0	570.8	90.8	89.6	—
	1966	656	31.2	1,562.9	92.7	967.5	93.6	653.5	89.7	106.2	—
	1967	787	34.0	1,926.5	92.3	1,196.1	92.1	730.3	90.3	95.1	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,684	74.6	120.4	8.6	71.1	8.0	57.8	9.2	4.6	—
	1966	1,447	68.8	123.5	7.3	66.3	6.4	75.2	10.3	6.7	—
	1967	1,525	66.0	161.8	7.7	102.8	7.9	78.5	9.7	10.8	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	2,258	100.0	1,393.1	100.0	885.9	100.0	628.6	100.0	85.0	—
	1966	2,103	100.0	1,686.4	100.0	1,033.8	100.0	728.7	100.0	99.5	—
	1967	2,312	100.0	2,088.3	100.0	1,298.9	100.0	808.8	100.0	84.3	—

TABLE 16. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Mining Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 16. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des mines, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	337	—	4,187.8	—	2,421.1	—	1,133.9	—	233.0	—
	1964	317	—	4,482.4	—	2,634.1	—	1,350.7	—	292.8	—
	1965	367	9.5	4,962.5	57.9	2,878.2	51.2	1,514.6	54.4	275.2	—
	1966	361	11.2	5,614.2	57.5	3,105.7	50.8	1,764.7	55.3	295.7	—
	1967	400	11.5	6,642.8	60.0	3,778.5	54.7	2,087.3	55.9	364.9	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	663	—	2,659.5	—	2,080.5	—	916.4	—	238.2	—
	1964	628	—	2,901.6	—	2,234.2	—	1,034.5	—	310.5	—
	1965	1,038	27.0	3,414.6	39.8	2,624.1	46.6	1,195.5	43.0	349.5	—
	1966	1,084	33.7	3,985.4	40.9	2,933.1	48.0	1,342.7	42.0	392.4	—
	1967	1,097	31.7	4,146.7	37.4	2,944.8	42.7	1,509.8	40.4	396.9	—
Reporting corporations - Total - corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	1,000	—	6,847.3	—	4,501.6	—	2,050.3	—	471.2	—
	1964	945	—	7,384.0	—	4,868.3	—	2,385.2	—	603.3	—
	1965	1,405	36.5	8,377.1	97.7	5,502.3	97.8	2,710.1	97.4	624.7	—
	1966	1,445	44.9	9,599.6	98.4	6,038.8	98.8	3,107.4	97.3	688.1	—
	1967	1,497	43.2	10,789.5	97.4	6,723.3	97.4	3,597.1	96.3	761.8	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	2,449	63.5	198.5	2.3	123.0	2.2	72.8	2.6	- 7.9	—
	1966	1,771	55.1	151.2	1.6	74.9	1.2	86.7	2.7	- 6.8	—
	1967	1,971	56.8	285.6	2.6	178.3	2.6	137.1	3.7	- 12.7	—
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	3,854	100.0	8,575.6	100.0	5,625.3	100.0	2,782.9	100.0	616.8	—
	1966	3,216	100.0	9,750.8	100.0	6,113.7	100.0	3,194.1	100.0	681.3	—
	1967	3,468	100.0	11,075.1	100.0	6,901.6	100.0	3,734.2	100.0	749.1	—

TABLE 17. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Meat Products Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 17. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits de la viande, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	7	—	43.1	—	29.8	—	218.4	—	1.4	—
	1964	6	—	46.2	—	32.6	—	237.0	—	3.4	—
	1965	9	2.6	50.9	13.5	35.3	17.7	259.0	14.7	4.5	—
	1966	12	3.6	83.3	19.5	43.5	19.9	341.1	17.3	9.0	24.1
	1967	15	4.4	95.5	21.5	48.4	21.9	350.4	17.6	5.2	22.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	160	—	248.7	—	130.9	—	1,252.4	—	21.0	—
	1964	159	—	277.6	—	148.8	—	1,259.7	—	27.4	—
	1965	195	55.2	309.2	82.3	160.5	80.7	1,446.7	82.0	26.0	—
	1966	203	60.2	334.0	78.3	171.9	78.6	1,609.4	81.5	27.9	74.8
	1967	220	64.1	341.1	76.9	170.4	77.0	1,619.0	81.3	17.4	76.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	167	—	291.8	—	160.7	—	1,470.8	—	22.4	—
	1964	165	—	323.8	—	181.4	—	1,496.7	—	30.8	—
	1965	204	57.8	360.1	95.8	195.8	98.4	1,705.7	96.7	30.5	—
	1966	215	63.8	417.3	97.8	215.4	98.5	1,950.5	98.8	36.9	98.9
	1967	235	68.5	436.6	98.4	218.8	98.9	1,969.4	98.9	22.6	99.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	149	42.2	15.8	4.2	3.2	1.6	57.9	3.3	—	—
	1966	122	36.2	9.3	2.2	3.2	1.5	24.2	1.2	—	1.1
	1967	108	31.5	7.2	1.6	2.5	1.1	21.8	1.1	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	353	100.0	375.9	100.0	199.0	100.0	1,763.6	100.0	30.4	—
	1966	337	100.0	426.6	100.0	218.6	100.0	1,974.7	100.0	37.3	100.0
	1967	343	100.0	443.8	100.0	221.3	100.0	1,991.2	100.0	22.8	100.0

TABLE 18. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Dairy Products Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 18. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits laitiers, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	11	—	99.0	—	68.2	—	220.5	—	12.9	—
	1964	12	—	103.8	—	71.3	—	237.7	—	22.4	—
	1965	12	1.6	110.0	28.1	68.5	33.0	246.7	23.1	15.7	50.8
	1966	13	2.0	128.1	37.9	79.1	43.0	285.6	33.4	16.8	57.1
	1967	13	2.7	138.1	38.6	78.7	42.3	316.8	33.7	17.6	52.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	213	—	207.0	—	109.6	—	585.1	—	14.2	—
	1964	205	—	212.4	—	107.7	—	608.1	—	16.2	—
	1965	241	32.2	209.1	53.4	105.4	50.9	592.2	55.5	12.7	41.1
	1966	235	36.4	187.0	55.4	94.2	51.2	508.9	59.6	11.6	39.5
	1967	241	49.8	199.1	55.7	97.6	52.4	567.6	60.4	14.9	44.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes,	1963	224	—	306.0	—	177.8	—	805.6	—	27.1	—
	1964	217	—	316.2	—	179.0	—	845.8	—	38.6	—
	1965	253	33.8	319.1	81.5	173.9	83.9	838.9	78.6	28.4	91.9
	1966	248	38.4	315.1	93.3	173.3	94.2	794.5	93.0	28.4	96.6
	1967	254	52.5	337.2	94.3	176.3	94.7	884.4	94.1	32.5	97.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	495	66.2	72.2	18.5	33.4	16.1	228.6	21.4	2.5	8.1
	1966	397	61.6	22.5	6.7	10.6	5.8	60.2	7.0	1.0	3.4
	1967	230	47.5	20.3	5.7	9.9	5.3	55.6	5.9	—	2.7
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	748	100.0	391.3	100.0	207.3	100.0	1,067.5	100.0	30.9	100.0
	1966	645	100.0	337.6	100.0	183.9	100.0	854.7	100.0	29.4	100.0
	1967	484	100.0	357.5	100.0	186.2	100.0	940.0	100.0	33.4	100.0

TABLE 19. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fish Products Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 19. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits du poisson, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963 13	—	37.5	—	13.0	—	50.1	—	.9	—
	1964 14	—	36.0	—	13.6	—	61.7	—	.7	—
	1965 19	9.4	36.5	20.0	15.0	19.8	52.3	18.5	1.2	14.0
	1966 17	7.8	39.0	20.0	16.2	21.2	65.0	21.6	1.3	14.0
	1967 18	10.1	44.3	19.1	17.0	20.8	71.1	24.1	— .5	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963 56	—	116.9	—	48.9	—	166.0	—	6.4	—
	1964 56	—	125.2	—	51.9	—	177.5	—	3.7	—
	1965 64	31.7	133.7	73.2	56.1	74.1	207.0	73.3	6.9	80.2
	1966 75	34.2	148.6	76.3	57.6	75.5	220.2	73.2	7.7	82.8
	1967 83	46.3	181.0	78.1	62.4	76.4	209.8	71.1	2.0	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963 69	—	134.4	—	61.9	—	216.1	—	7.3	—
	1964 70	—	161.2	—	65.5	—	239.2	—	4.4	—
	1965 83	41.1	170.2	93.2	71.1	93.9	239.3	91.8	8.1	94.2
	1966 92	42.0	187.6	96.3	73.8	96.7	285.2	94.8	9.0	96.8
	1967 101	56.4	223.3	97.2	79.4	97.2	280.9	95.2	1.5	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965 119	58.9	12.4	6.8	4.6	6.1	23.1	8.2	.5	5.8
	1966 127	58.0	7.3	3.7	2.5	3.3	15.5	5.2	.3	3.2
	1967 78	43.6	6.6	2.8	2.3	2.8	14.2	4.8	— .1	—
Total	1963 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965 202	100.0	182.6	100.0	75.7	100.0	282.4	100.0	8.6	100.0
	1966 219	100.0	194.9	100.0	76.3	100.0	300.7	100.0	9.3	100.0
	1967 179	100.0	231.9	100.0	81.7	100.0	295.1	100.0	1.4	—

TABLE 20. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fruit and Vegetable Canners Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 20. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, conserveries de fruits et légumes, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963 24	—	155.9	—	94.3	—	229.0	—	10.1	—
	1964 26	—	161.0	—	98.9	—	202.7	—	11.9	—
	1965 29	13.5	176.7	61.2	108.7	74.1	242.5	57.5	16.4	69.5
	1966 30	14.7	199.1	62.2	117.1	73.4	268.7	61.2	15.2	74.8
	1967 33	17.1	231.4	67.4	128.2	78.0	303.1	65.2	15.2	80.4
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963 80	—	83.5	—	27.0	—	135.3	—	3.7	—
	1964 73	—	82.2	—	27.0	—	136.7	—	5.3	—
	1965 86	40.0	102.2	35.5	33.4	22.8	164.4	39.0	6.4	27.1
	1966 85	41.7	112.0	35.0	38.0	23.8	155.7	35.4	4.5	22.2
	1967 84	43.5	103.9	30.2	32.7	19.9	147.0	31.6	3.3	17.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963 104	—	239.4	—	121.3	—	364.3	—	13.8	—
	1964 99	—	243.2	—	125.9	—	339.4	—	17.2	—
	1965 115	53.5	279.1	96.7	142.1	96.9	406.9	96.5	22.8	96.6
	1966 115	56.4	311.1	97.2	155.1	97.2	424.4	96.6	19.7	97.0
	1967 117	60.6	335.3	97.6	160.9	97.9	450.1	96.8	18.5	97.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965 100	46.5	9.5	3.3	4.5	3.1	14.9	3.5	.8	3.4
	1966 89	43.6	8.8	2.8	4.5	2.8	15.0	3.5	.6	3.0
	1967 76	39.4	8.1	2.4	3.5	2.1	15.0	3.2	.4	2.1
Total	1963 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964 —	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965 215	100.0	288.6	100.0	146.6	100.0	421.8	100.0	23.6	100.0
	1966 204	100.0	319.9	100.0	159.6	100.0	439.4	100.0	20.3	100.0
	1967 193	100.0	343.4	100.0	164.4	100.0	465.1	100.0	18.9	100.0

TABLE 21. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Grain Mills Industry, 1963-1967
TABLEAU 21. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, minoteries, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profit — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	10	—	100.4	—	58.2	—	206.4	—	14.1	—
	1964	10	—	102.8	—	59.5	—	236.4	—	17.2	—
	1965	12	2.8	102.8	25.7	63.2	31.8	143.1	18.6	16.6	49.5
	1966	11	2.8	120.2	31.4	66.0	35.0	265.4	36.1	16.3	50.3
	1967	9	2.5	128.6	30.9	66.7	34.4	255.3	34.9	11.8	52.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	131	—	229.0	—	111.0	—	468.2	—	10.0	—
	1964	131	—	238.4	—	115.7	—	600.0	—	15.7	—
	1965	153	35.4	257.0	64.4	117.8	59.2	537.7	69.8	15.6	46.6
	1966	162	41.6	240.5	62.8	114.4	60.7	422.9	57.6	14.9	46.0
	1967	185	51.5	268.7	64.7	120.6	62.3	437.3	59.8	10.2	45.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	141	—	329.4	—	169.2	—	674.6	—	24.1	—
	1964	141	—	341.2	—	175.2	—	836.4	—	32.9	—
	1965	165	38.2	359.8	90.1	181.0	91.0	680.8	88.4	32.2	96.1
	1966	173	44.4	360.7	94.2	180.4	95.7	688.3	93.7	31.2	96.3
	1967	194	54.0	397.3	95.6	187.3	96.7	692.6	94.7	22.0	97.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	267	61.8	39.7	9.9	18.0	9.0	89.3	11.6	1.3	3.9
	1966	217	55.6	22.2	5.8	8.1	4.3	46.5	6.3	1.2	3.7
	1967	165	46.0	18.5	4.4	6.3	3.3	38.9	5.3	.6	2.7
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	432	100.0	399.5	100.0	199.0	100.0	770.1	100.0	33.5	100.0
	1966	390	100.0	382.9	100.0	188.5	100.0	734.8	100.0	32.4	100.0
	1967	359	100.0	415.8	100.0	193.6	100.0	731.5	100.0	22.6	100.0

TABLE 22. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Bakery Products Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 22. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, boulangeries, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	5	—	37.6	—	27.1	—	57.8	—	6.3	—
	1964	5	—	38.9	—	25.7	—	62.8	—	7.9	—
	1965	6	1.0	38.6	12.4	26.3	16.1	65.7	13.8	7.1	20.3
	1966	7	1.2	40.1	11.6	23.3	13.5	71.2	13.0	6.8	19.5
	1967	8	1.4	51.7	14.1	29.8	17.8	84.1	13.8	5.9	24.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	93	—	228.3	—	114.6	—	318.3	—	24.1	—
	1964	91	—	227.8	—	113.5	—	334.6	—	19.1	—
	1965	114	19.7	245.0	78.9	125.8	76.8	346.0	72.9	26.1	74.8
	1966	130	21.4	280.2	80.7	138.8	80.3	414.2	75.5	26.4	75.9
	1967	125	21.5	285.8	78.1	126.8	75.5	455.3	74.7	16.2	68.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	98	—	265.9	—	141.7	—	376.1	—	30.4	—
	1964	96	—	266.7	—	139.2	—	397.4	—	27.0	—
	1965	120	20.7	283.6	91.3	152.1	92.9	411.7	86.7	33.2	95.1
	1966	137	22.6	320.3	92.3	162.1	93.8	485.4	88.5	33.2	95.4
	1967	133	22.9	337.5	92.2	156.6	93.3	539.4	88.5	22.1	92.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	460	79.3	27.1	8.7	11.7	7.1	63.4	13.3	1.7	4.9
	1966	470	77.4	26.8	7.7	10.7	6.2	63.2	11.5	1.6	4.6
	1967	448	77.1	28.4	7.8	11.2	6.7	69.9	11.5	1.7	7.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	580	100.0	310.7	100.0	163.8	100.0	475.1	100.0	34.9	100.0
	1966	607	100.0	347.1	100.0	172.8	100.0	548.6	100.0	34.8	100.0
	1967	581	100.0	365.9	100.0	167.8	100.0	609.3	100.0	23.8	100.0

TABLE 23. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Food Products Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 23. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres produits alimentaires, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	62	—	294.6	—	161.7	—	457.5	—	32.5	—
	1964	55	—	294.3	—	168.3	—	476.3	—	37.2	—
	1965	59	16.3	318.2	45.9	180.6	45.1	493.6	48.7	39.3	52.0
	1966	59	16.0	339.1	45.5	184.4	46.0	523.7	49.9	43.6	47.9
	1967	67	20.0	370.9	45.7	218.4	48.1	574.4	52.5	44.0	51.3
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	97	—	325.4	—	188.6	—	456.4	—	34.8	—
	1964	96	—	320.5	—	201.8	—	469.9	—	38.2	—
	1965	109	30.1	359.5	51.8	214.5	53.6	493.5	48.6	35.7	47.3
	1966	108	29.3	390.4	52.4	210.1	52.5	497.9	47.4	46.6	51.1
	1967	103	30.7	426.5	52.5	230.9	50.9	493.9	45.1	41.0	47.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	159	—	620.0	—	350.3	—	913.9	—	67.3	—
	1964	151	—	614.8	—	370.1	—	946.2	—	75.4	—
	1965	168	46.4	677.7	97.7	395.1	98.7	987.1	97.3	75.0	99.3
	1966	167	45.3	729.5	97.9	394.5	98.5	1,021.6	97.3	90.2	99.0
	1967	170	50.7	797.4	98.2	449.3	99.0	1,068.3	97.6	85.0	99.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	194	53.6	15.6	2.3	5.2	1.3	27.3	2.7	.5	.7
	1966	202	54.7	15.8	2.1	6.2	1.5	28.8	2.7	.9	1.0
	1967	165	49.3	14.7	1.8	4.6	1.0	26.4	2.4	.8	.9
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	362	100.0	693.3	100.0	400.3	100.0	1,014.4	100.0	75.5	100.0
	1966	369	100.0	745.3	100.0	400.7	100.0	1,050.4	100.0	91.1	100.0
	1967	335	100.0	812.1	100.0	453.9	100.0	1,094.7	100.0	85.8	100.0

TABLE 24. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Food Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 24. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de produits alimentaires, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	132	—	768.1	—	452.3	—	1,439.7	—	78.2	—
	1964	128	—	783.0	—	469.9	—	1,514.6	—	100.7	—
	1965	146	5.0	833.7	31.5	497.6	35.8	1,502.9	25.9	100.8	42.5
	1966	149	5.4	948.9	34.4	529.6	37.8	1,820.7	30.8	109.0	42.8
	1967	163	6.6	1,060.6	35.7	587.3	40.0	1,955.2	31.9	99.3	47.5
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	830	—	1,438.8	—	730.6	—	3,381.7	—	114.2	—
	1964	811	—	1,484.1	—	766.4	—	3,586.5	—	125.6	—
	1965	962	33.3	1,606.0	61.2	813.5	58.4	3,787.5	65.4	129.4	54.5
	1966	998	36.0	1,692.7	61.5	825.0	58.9	3,829.2	64.9	139.6	54.8
	1967	1,041	42.1	1,806.1	60.8	841.4	57.3	3,930.0	64.2	105.0	50.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	962	—	2,206.9	—	1,182.9	—	4,821.4	—	192.4	—
	1964	939	—	2,267.1	—	1,236.3	—	5,101.1	—	226.3	—
	1965	1,108	38.3	2,449.7	92.7	1,311.1	94.2	5,290.4	91.3	230.2	97.0
	1966	1,147	41.4	2,641.6	95.9	1,354.6	96.7	5,649.9	95.7	248.6	97.6
	1967	1,204	48.7	2,866.7	96.5	1,428.7	97.3	5,885.2	96.1	204.3	97.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,784	61.7	192.2	7.3	80.6	5.8	504.5	8.7	7.2	3.0
	1966	1,624	58.6	112.7	4.1	45.8	3.3	253.4	4.3	6.0	2.4
	1967	1,270	51.3	103.7	3.5	40.3	2.7	241.6	3.9	4.5	2.2
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	2,892	100.0	2,641.9	100.0	1,391.7	100.0	5,794.9	100.0	237.4	100.0
	1966	2,771	100.0	2,754.3	100.0	1,400.4	100.0	5,903.3	100.0	254.6	100.0
	1967	2,474	100.0	2,970.4	100.0	1,469.0	100.0	6,126.8	100.0	208.8	100.0

TABLE 25. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Soft Drinks Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 25. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabricants d'eau gazeuse, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	9	—	70.1	—	53.9	—	83.3	—	12.3	—
	1964	9	—	75.8	—	57.1	—	98.3	—	16.3	—
	1965	10	2.9	85.7	48.3	63.5	57.2	103.2	44.5	16.6	66.4
	1966	10	3.1	91.4	49.8	61.2	57.5	113.3	44.0	16.7	64.0
	1967	11	3.4	99.9	49.7	66.3	57.2	141.8	46.5	20.7	72.4
Under 50% non-résident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	63	—	44.3	—	28.7	—	62.1	—	3.6	—
	1964	64	—	47.2	—	30.8	—	69.1	—	5.3	—
	1965	99	28.5	67.0	37.7	35.9	32.3	87.9	37.9	6.1	24.4
	1966	116	35.9	71.0	38.6	35.9	33.7	108.6	42.2	7.9	30.3
	1967	127	39.6	80.1	39.9	40.5	34.9	124.0	40.7	6.5	22.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	72	—	114.4	—	82.6	—	145.4	—	15.9	—
	1964	73	—	123.0	—	87.9	—	167.4	—	21.6	—
	1965	109	31.4	132.7	86.0	99.4	89.5	191.1	82.4	22.7	90.8
	1966	126	39.0	162.4	88.4	97.1	91.2	221.9	86.2	24.6	94.3
	1967	138	43.0	180.0	89.6	106.8	92.1	265.8	87.2	27.2	95.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	238	68.6	24.8	14.0	11.7	10.5	40.7	17.6	2.3	9.2
	1966	197	61.0	21.4	11.6	9.4	8.8	35.5	13.8	1.5	5.7
	1967	183	57.0	21.0	10.4	9.1	7.9	38.9	12.8	1.4	4.9
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	347	100.0	177.5	100.0	111.1	100.0	231.8	100.0	25.0	100.0
	1966	323	100.0	183.8	100.0	106.5	100.0	257.4	100.0	26.1	100.0
	1967	321	100.0	201.0	100.0	115.9	100.0	304.7	100.0	28.6	100.0

TABLE 26. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Distillery Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 26. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, distilleries, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	4	—	53.1	—	26.8	—	21.4	—	14.4	—
	1964	6	—	61.1	—	26.5	—	22.0	—	4.6	—
	1965	6	20.7	61.6	17.3	27.6	17.5	36.8	11.5	8.1	9.4
	1966	4	18.2	65.9	17.1	32.2	16.7	39.2	10.6	10.1	9.8
	1967	5	21.7	76.5	19.2	38.4	20.5	43.5	10.9	11.5	10.8
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	16	—	254.3	—	100.6	—	255.7	—	66.1	—
	1964	13	—	272.2	—	115.3	—	258.7	—	72.6	—
	1965	16	55.2	293.3	82.6	129.8	82.5	282.6	88.5	78.5	90.6
	1966	18	81.8	319.1	82.9	161.1	83.3	331.0	89.4	92.8	90.2
	1967	16	69.6	322.0	80.7	148.7	79.4	356.9	89.0	94.7	88.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	20	—	307.4	—	127.4	—	277.1	—	80.5	—
	1964	19	—	333.3	—	141.8	—	280.7	—	77.2	—
	1965	22	75.9	354.9	99.9	157.4	100.0	319.4	100.0	86.6	100.0
	1966	22	100.0	385.0	100.0	193.3	100.0	370.2	100.0	102.9	100.0
	1967	21	91.3	398.5	99.9	187.1	99.9	400.4	99.9	106.2	99.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	7	24.1	1.3	1.1	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1966	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1967	2	8.7	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.3
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	29	100.0	355.2	100.0	157.4	100.0	319.4	100.0	86.6	100.0
	1966	22	100.0	385.0	100.0	193.3	100.0	370.2	100.0	102.9	100.0
	1967	23	100.0	398.7	100.0	187.3	100.0	400.7	100.0	106.5	100.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 27. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Brewery Industry, 1963 - 1967
TABLEAU 27. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, brasseries, 1963 - 1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1966	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1967	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	43	—	345.0	—	207.4	—	296.2	—	39.1
	1964	43	—	354.4	—	197.8	—	336.1	—	47.8
	1965	40	85.1	349.2	99.9	190.3	99.9	287.3	99.8	42.8
	1966	40	90.9	346.4	99.8	193.7	99.8	246.0	99.2	37.2
	1967	41	95.3	375.3	99.9	191.5	99.9	351.0	99.9	66.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	43	—	345.0	—	207.4	—	296.2	—	39.1
	1964	43	—	354.4	—	197.8	—	336.1	—	47.8
	1965	40	85.1	349.2	99.9	190.3	99.9	287.3	99.8	42.8
	1966	40	90.9	346.4	99.8	193.7	99.8	246.0	99.2	37.2
	1967	41	95.3	375.3	99.9	191.5	99.9	351.0	99.9	66.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	7	14.9	.4	.1	.1	.6	.2	—	—
	1966	4	9.1	.7	.2	.4	1.9	.8	.2	.5
	1967	2	4.7	.3	.1	.1	.4	.1	—	—
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	47	100.0	349.6	100.0	190.4	100.0	287.9	100.0	42.8
	1966	44	100.0	347.1	100.0	194.1	100.0	247.9	100.0	37.4
	1967	43	100.0	375.6	100.0	191.6	100.0	351.4	100.0	66.1

TABLE 28. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Winery Industry, 1963 - 1967
TABLEAU 28. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication du vin, 1963 - 1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—	—
	1966	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—	—
	1967	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	13	—	25.9	—	16.0	—	21.0	—	4.6
	1964	12	—	28.4	—	17.2	—	21.8	—	4.4
	1965	12	60.0	29.0	93.5	17.0	95.0	21.2	93.4	3.7
	1966	17	77.3	46.8	98.9	31.1	100.0	25.6	99.2	4.0
	1967	17	81.0	38.2	80.4	21.3	73.7	24.5	87.2	3.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	13	—	25.9	—	16.0	—	21.0	—	4.6
	1964	12	—	28.4	—	17.2	—	21.8	—	4.4
	1965	12	60.0	29.0	93.5	17.0	95.0	21.2	93.4	3.7
	1966	17	77.3	46.8	98.9	31.1	100.0	25.6	99.2	4.0
	1967	17	81.0	38.2	80.4	21.3	73.7	24.5	87.2	3.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	8	40.0	2.0	6.5	.9	5.0	1.5	6.6	—
	1966	5	22.7	.5	1.1	—	.2	.8	—	—
	1967	4	19.0	9.3	19.6	7.6	26.3	3.6	12.8	.4
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	20	100.0	31.0	100.0	17.9	100.0	22.7	100.0	3.7
	1966	22	100.0	47.3	100.0	31.1	100.0	25.8	100.0	4.0
	1967	21	100.0	47.5	100.0	28.9	100.0	28.1	100.0	4.1

¹ Included with "Other corporations". - Compris dans le groupe "Autres corporations".

TABLE 29. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Beverage Industries, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 29. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de boissons, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	13	-	123.2	-	80.7	-	104.7	-	26.7	-
	1964	15	-	136.9	-	83.6	-	120.3	-	20.9	-
	1965	16	3.6	147.4	16.1	91.1	19.1	139.9	16.2	24.8	15.7
	1966	15	3.7	160.7	16.7	95.7	18.2	153.8	17.1	26.9	15.8
	1967	17	4.2	180.3	17.6	107.0	20.4	186.7	17.2	32.3	15.7
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	135	-	669.5	-	352.7	-	635.0	-	113.4	-
	1964	132	-	702.2	-	361.1	-	685.7	-	130.1	-
	1965	167	37.7	738.5	80.9	373.0	78.2	679.0	78.8	131.0	82.8
	1966	188	45.7	779.8	80.9	419.3	79.9	709.9	78.7	141.8	83.2
	1967	201	49.2	815.6	79.8	402.0	76.8	856.5	79.0	171.1	83.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	148	-	792.7	-	433.4	-	739.7	-	140.1	-
	1964	147	-	839.1	-	444.7	-	806.0	-	151.0	-
	1965	183	41.3	885.9	97.0	464.1	97.3	818.9	95.0	155.8	98.5
	1966	203	49.4	940.5	97.6	515.0	98.1	863.7	95.8	168.7	99.0
	1967	218	53.4	995.9	97.4	509.0	97.2	1,043.2	96.2	203.4	99.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	260	58.7	27.4	3.0	12.7	2.7	42.9	5.0	2.3	1.5
	1966	208	50.6	22.7	2.4	10.0	1.9	37.6	4.2	1.7	1.0
	1967	190	46.6	26.8	2.6	14.8	2.8	41.6	3.8	1.9	.9
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	443	100.0	913.3	100.0	476.8	100.0	861.8	100.0	158.1	100.0
	1966	411	100.0	963.2	100.0	525.0	100.0	901.3	100.0	170.4	100.0
	1967	408	100.0	1,022.7	100.0	523.8	100.0	1,084.8	100.0	205.3	100.0

TABLE 30. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Food and Beverages Industry, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 30. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication d'aliments et de boissons, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	145	-	891.3	-	533.0	-	1,544.4	-	104.9	-
	1964	143	-	919.9	-	553.5	-	1,634.9	-	121.6	-
	1965	162	4.9	981.1	27.6	588.6	31.5	1,642.8	24.7	125.6	31.7
	1966	164	5.2	1,109.6	29.9	625.3	32.5	1,974.5	29.0	135.9	32.0
	1967	180	6.2	1,240.9	31.1	694.3	34.8	2,141.9	29.7	131.6	31.8
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	965	-	2,108.3	-	1,083.3	-	4,016.8	-	227.6	-
	1964	943	-	2,186.3	-	1,127.5	-	4,272.1	-	255.7	-
	1965	1,129	33.8	2,354.5	66.2	1,186.7	63.5	4,466.7	67.1	260.5	65.9
	1966	1,186	37.2	2,472.5	66.5	1,244.3	64.6	4,539.1	66.7	281.4	66.2
	1967	1,242	43.1	2,621.7	65.6	1,243.4	62.4	4,786.5	66.4	276.1	66.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	1,110	-	2,999.6	-	1,616.3	-	5,561.2	-	332.5	-
	1964	1,086	-	3,106.2	-	1,681.0	-	5,907.0	-	377.3	-
	1965	1,291	38.7	3,335.6	93.8	1,775.3	95.0	6,109.5	91.8	386.1	97.6
	1966	1,350	42.4	3,582.1	96.4	1,869.6	97.1	6,513.6	95.7	417.3	98.2
	1967	1,422	49.3	3,862.6	96.7	1,937.7	97.2	6,928.4	96.1	407.7	98.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	2,044	61.3	219.6	6.2	93.2	5.0	547.3	8.2	9.4	2.4
	1966	1,832	57.6	135.4	3.6	55.8	2.9	291.0	4.3	7.7	1.8
	1967	1,460	50.7	130.5	3.3	55.1	2.8	283.2	3.9	6.4	1.5
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	3,335	100.0	3,555.2	100.0	1,868.5	100.0	6,656.8	100.0	395.5	100.0
	1966	3,182	100.0	3,717.5	100.0	1,925.4	100.0	6,804.6	100.0	425.0	100.0
	1967	2,882	100.0	3,993.1	100.0	1,992.8	100.0	7,211.6	100.0	414.1	100.0

TABLE 31. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Tobacco Products Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 31. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits du tabac, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000'000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	18	—	318.9	—	158.3	—	479.0	—	27.3	—
	1964	16	—	349.4	—	168.2	—	334.1	—	28.5	—
	1965	17	46.0	345.0	83.3	178.7	79.2	332.8	80.6	29.0	69.2
	1966	17	58.6	337.8	82.1	185.7	78.2	374.0	80.5	31.3	—
	1967	17	73.9	400.4	83.6	195.3	78.2	386.0	79.8	36.9	77.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	7	—	58.2	—	37.0	—	81.2	—	9.2	—
	1964	5	—	57.6	—	41.1	—	77.6	—	9.4	—
	1965	7	18.9	68.9	16.6	46.8	20.7	79.9	19.4	12.9	30.8
	1966	6	20.7	73.2	17.8	51.4	21.7	89.9	19.3	10.7	—
	1967	6	26.1	78.7	16.4	54.5	21.8	98.0	20.2	10.6	22.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé-	1963	25	—	377.1	—	195.3	—	560.2	—	36.5	—
clarantes.	1964	21	—	407.0	—	209.3	—	411.7	—	37.9	—
	1965	24	64.9	413.9	99.9	225.5	99.9	412.7	100.0	41.9	100.0
	1966	23	79.3	411.0	99.9	237.1	99.9	463.9	99.8	42.0	—
	1967	23	100.0	479.1	100.0	249.8	100.0	484.0	100.0	47.5	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	13	35.1	.5	.1	.3	.1	.1	—	—	—
	1966	6	20.7	.3	.1	.2	.1	.8	.2	.1	—
	1967	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	37	100.0	414.4	100.0	225.8	100.0	412.8	100.0	41.9	100.0
	1966	29	100.0	411.3	100.0	237.3	100.0	464.7	100.0	41.9	—
	1967	23	100.0	479.1	100.0	249.8	100.0	484.0	100.0	47.5	100.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 32. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Rubber Products Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 32. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits du caoutchouc, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	30	—	302.8	—	179.3	—	427.7	—	24.3	—
	1964	31	—	340.6	—	196.8	—	489.1	—	21.6	—
	1965	31	35.2	369.3	92.4	193.6	93.2	514.9	90.9	29.5	90.2
	1966	31	34.8	439.8	93.7	210.3	94.3	601.9	92.4	37.6	90.4
	1967	32	34.4	465.2	92.4	227.8	93.3	665.5	90.9	40.3	89.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	16	—	22.9	—	8.5	—	41.4	—	2.7	—
	1964	13	—	21.7	—	8.5	—	44.7	—	2.0	—
	1965	21	23.9	28.0	7.0	13.3	6.4	48.4	8.5	3.1	9.5
	1966	23	25.9	27.2	5.8	11.9	5.3	45.8	7.0	3.7	8.9
	1967	21	22.6	34.6	6.9	15.2	6.2	60.5	8.3	4.7	10.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	46	—	325.7	—	187.8	—	469.1	—	27.0	—
	1964	44	—	362.3	—	205.3	—	533.8	—	23.6	—
	1965	52	59.1	397.3	99.4	206.9	99.6	563.3	99.4	32.6	99.7
	1966	54	60.7	467.0	99.5	222.2	99.6	647.7	99.4	41.3	99.3
	1967	53	57.0	499.8	99.3	243.0	99.5	726.0	99.2	45.0	99.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	36	40.9	2.5	.6	.8	.4	3.5	.6	.1	.3
	1966	35	39.3	2.4	.5	1.0	.4	4.2	.6	.3	.7
	1967	40	43.0	3.3	.7	1.1	.5	5.5	.8	.2	.4
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	88	100.0	399.8	100.0	207.7	100.0	566.8	100.0	32.7	100.0
	1966	89	100.0	469.4	100.0	223.2	100.0	651.9	100.0	41.6	100.0
	1967	93	100.0	503.1	100.0	244.1	100.0	731.5	100.0	45.2	100.0

TABLE 33. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Leather Products Industry, 1963-1967

TABEAU 33. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits du cuir, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	17	—	36.1	—	14.0	—	58.0	—	1.0	—
	1964	18	—	36.8	—	15.0	—	56.8	—	2.0	—
	1965	21	5.3	39.2	20.7	17.0	22.0	67.3	19.9	3.4	35.4
	1966	23	6.0	44.5	20.9	18.7	22.5	69.2	18.4	3.8	32.2
	1967	23	6.0	45.2	21.9	21.1	25.1	64.1	17.5	1.7	17.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	133	—	104.0	—	48.4	—	194.7	—	5.0	—
	1964	128	—	112.3	—	46.9	—	212.1	—	6.7	—
	1965	150	38.1	127.8	67.5	54.2	70.0	229.8	67.9	6.1	63.6
	1966	168	44.1	148.3	69.8	58.8	70.6	269.5	71.5	7.7	65.3
	1967	164	43.0	141.6	68.8	58.9	70.0	266.4	72.5	7.7	78.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	150	—	140.1	—	62.4	—	252.7	—	6.0	—
	1964	146	—	149.1	—	61.9	—	268.9	—	8.7	—
	1965	171	43.4	167.0	88.2	71.2	92.0	297.1	87.8	9.5	99.0
	1966	191	50.1	192.8	90.7	77.5	93.1	338.7	89.9	11.5	97.5
	1967	187	49.0	186.8	90.7	80.0	95.1	330.5	90.0	9.4	95.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	223	56.6	22.3	11.8	6.2	8.0	41.1	12.2	.1	1.0
	1966	190	49.9	19.7	9.3	5.7	6.9	38.2	10.1	.3	2.5
	1967	195	51.0	19.2	9.3	4.1	4.9	36.6	10.0	.4	4.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	394	100.0	189.3	100.0	77.4	100.0	338.2	100.0	9.6	100.0
	1966	381	100.0	212.5	100.0	83.2	100.0	376.9	100.0	11.8	100.0
	1967	382	100.0	206.0	100.0	84.1	100.0	367.1	100.0	9.8	100.0

TABLE 34. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Cotton and Woollen Mills Industries, 1963-1967

TABEAU 34. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, filature et tissage du coton et de la laine, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	10	—	29.5	—	17.9	—	38.3	—	2.8	—
	1964	12	—	34.5	—	18.2	—	40.2	—	2.5	—
	1965	12	12.6	39.1	12.7	20.0	12.1	43.0	10.8	3.2	14.0
	1966	13	12.9	48.4	13.0	23.1	11.9	55.4	12.6	3.5	15.8
	1967	12	13.0	47.4	11.4	25.6	13.2	57.0	14.0	4.2	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	48	—	203.2	—	118.4	—	296.2	—	16.2	—
	1964	45	—	211.6	—	122.5	—	339.6	—	23.8	—
	1965	54	56.9	265.8	86.4	144.9	87.6	350.4	88.4	19.5	85.6
	1966	59	58.4	320.0	86.3	169.7	87.6	380.4	86.4	18.5	83.3
	1967	55	57.8	363.5	87.7	165.7	85.7	343.9	84.8	- 2.0	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	58	—	232.7	—	136.3	—	334.5	—	19.0	—
	1964	57	—	246.1	—	140.7	—	379.8	—	26.3	—
	1965	66	69.5	304.9	99.1	164.9	99.7	393.4	99.2	22.7	99.6
	1966	72	71.3	368.4	99.3	192.8	99.5	435.8	99.0	22.0	99.1
	1967	67	72.8	410.9	99.1	191.3	98.9	400.9	98.8	2.2	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	29	30.5	2.9	.9	.5	.3	3.1	.8	.1	.4
	1966	29	28.7	2.7	.7	1.0	.5	4.2	1.0	.2	.9
	1967	25	27.2	3.9	.9	2.2	1.1	4.8	1.2	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	95	100.0	307.8	100.0	165.4	100.0	396.5	100.0	22.8	100.0
	1966	101	100.0	371.1	100.0	193.8	100.0	440.0	100.0	22.2	100.0
	1967	92	100.0	414.8	100.0	193.5	100.0	405.7	100.0	2.2	—

TABLE 35. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Synthetic Textiles Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 35. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication de fibres et de tissus synthétiques, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident		1963	13	—	294.3	—	182.9	—	287.6	—	46.3	—
		1964	15	—	381.2	—	207.0	—	368.8	—	44.9	—
		1965	19	33.9	437.5	86.2	263.3	91.9	367.3	79.1	50.4	93.1
		1966	18	30.0	512.0	84.6	274.0	87.7	405.1	79.3	47.4	95.4
		1967	16	28.1	521.0	85.0	272.7	86.0	382.1	74.5	29.0	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	17	—	40.9	—	20.0	—	77.1	—	5.2	—
		1964	15	—	52.6	—	21.1	—	84.0	—	4.5	—
		1965	21	37.5	68.7	13.5	22.7	7.9	95.0	20.4	3.6	6.7
		1966	25	41.7	91.1	15.1	37.8	12.1	103.5	20.2	2.1	4.2
		1967	30	52.6	91.3	14.9	44.1	13.9	129.8	25.3	2.4	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes		1963	30	—	335.2	—	202.9	—	364.7	—	51.5	—
		1964	30	—	433.8	—	228.1	—	452.8	—	49.4	—
		1965	40	71.4	506.2	99.7	286.0	99.8	462.3	99.5	54.0	99.8
		1966	43	71.7	603.1	99.7	311.8	99.8	508.6	99.5	49.5	99.6
		1967	46	80.7	612.3	99.9	316.8	99.9	511.9	99.8	31.4	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	16	28.6	1.3	.3	.5	.2	2.2	.5	.1	.2
		1966	17	28.3	1.6	.3	.7	.2	2.4	.5	.2	.4
		1967	11	19.3	.8	.1	.3	.1	1.0	.2	.1	—
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	56	100.0	507.5	100.0	286.5	100.0	464.5	100.0	54.1	100.0
		1966	60	100.0	604.7	100.0	312.5	100.0	511.0	100.0	49.7	100.0
		1967	57	100.0	613.1	100.0	317.1	100.0	512.9	100.0	31.3	—

TABLE 36. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Primary Textile Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 36. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication d'autres textiles primaires, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	20	—	33.3	—	19.4	—	43.6	—	2.9	—
	1964	18	—	30.0	—	18.3	—	40.0	—	3.0	—
	1965	25	11.2	38.2	21.6	20.9	20.7	47.4	20.8	2.8	19.3
	1966	26	11.6	44.1	22.4	22.6	22.0	63.4	24.6	3.7	30.3
	1967	28	13.0	60.8	27.8	28.7	27.8	85.3	30.9	5.1	42.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	61	—	104.7	—	68.4	—	128.1	—	10.8	—
	1964	64	—	126.7	—	72.3	—	151.4	—	12.9	—
	1965	75	33.6	129.7	73.2	75.9	75.4	164.8	72.3	10.9	75.2
	1966	74	33.2	138.2	70.1	72.4	70.6	172.4	67.0	8.0	65.6
	1967	76	35.4	146.1	66.7	70.0	67.7	171.0	62.0	6.3	52.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1963	81	—	138.0	—	87.8	—	171.7	—	13.7	—
	1964	82	—	156.7	—	90.6	—	191.4	—	15.9	—
	1965	100	44.8	167.9	94.8	96.8	96.1	212.2	93.1	13.7	94.5
	1966	100	44.8	182.3	92.5	95.0	92.6	235.8	91.6	11.7	95.9
	1967	104	48.4	206.9	94.5	98.7	95.5	256.3	92.9	11.4	95.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	123	55.2	9.3	5.2	3.9	3.9	15.8	6.9	.8	5.5
	1966	123	55.2	14.7	7.5	7.6	7.4	21.7	8.4	.5	4.1
	1967	111	51.6	12.0	5.5	4.6	4.5	19.6	7.1	.6	5.0
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	223	100.0	177.2	100.0	100.7	100.0	228.0	100.0	14.5	100.0
	1966	223	100.0	197.0	100.0	102.6	100.0	257.5	100.0	12.2	100.0
	1967	215	100.0	218.9	100.0	103.3	100.0	275.9	100.0	12.0	100.0

TABLE 37. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Textile Products Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 37. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication d'autres textiles non primaires, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	12	—	27.3	—	20.9	—	40.3	—	3.9	—
	1964	14	—	29.6	—	20.3	—	43.0	—	3.8	—
	1965	16	4.7	51.5	42.5	18.5	37.5	46.2	25.8	2.1	31.8
	1966	18	6.4	59.1	44.6	17.8	35.7	85.2	37.4	2.5	32.9
	1967	17	5.7	53.6	41.2	13.3	28.2	78.8	33.9	6.4	55.6
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	58	—	42.9	—	20.0	—	84.1	—	3.2	—
	1964	54	—	40.3	—	20.4	—	85.7	—	3.5	—
	1965	67	19.7	49.1	40.5	21.8	44.1	94.7	52.9	3.2	48.5
	1966	74	26.1	57.8	43.6	25.0	50.1	111.7	49.0	4.1	53.9
	1967	81	26.9	60.9	46.9	27.4	58.0	122.2	52.5	4.0	34.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	70	—	70.2	—	40.9	—	124.4	—	7.1	—
	1964	68	—	69.9	—	40.7	—	128.7	—	7.3	—
	1965	83	24.4	100.6	83.0	40.3	81.6	140.9	78.7	5.3	80.3
	1966	92	32.5	116.9	88.2	42.8	85.8	196.9	86.4	6.6	86.8
	1967	98	32.6	114.5	88.1	40.7	86.2	201.0	86.4	10.4	90.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	257	75.6	20.6	17.0	9.1	18.4	38.1	21.3	1.3	19.7
	1966	191	67.5	15.7	11.8	7.1	14.2	31.0	13.6	1.0	13.2
	1967	203	67.4	15.5	11.9	6.5	13.8	31.6	13.6	1.1	9.6
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	340	100.0	121.2	100.0	49.4	100.0	179.0	100.0	6.6	100.0
	1966	283	100.0	132.6	100.0	49.9	100.0	227.9	100.0	7.6	100.0
	1967	301	100.0	130.0	100.0	47.2	100.0	232.6	100.0	11.5	100.0

TABLE 38. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Textile Mills Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 38. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des Industries de filature et de tissage, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	55	—	384.5	—	241.2	—	409.8	—	55.9	—
	1964	59	—	475.3	—	263.8	—	492.0	—	54.2	—
	1965	72	10.1	566.3	50.8	322.8	53.6	503.9	38.7	58.5	59.7
	1966	75	11.2	663.6	50.8	337.5	51.2	609.1	42.4	57.1	62.3
	1967	73	11.0	682.8	49.6	340.3	51.5	603.1	42.3	44.7	78.4
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	184	—	391.6	—	226.7	—	585.5	—	35.4	—
	1964	178	—	431.2	—	236.3	—	660.7	—	44.7	—
	1965	217	30.4	513.3	46.1	265.3	44.1	704.8	55.6	37.1	37.9
	1966	232	34.8	607.1	46.5	304.9	46.3	768.0	53.5	32.7	35.6
	1967	242	36.4	661.8	48.1	307.3	46.5	766.9	53.7	10.8	19.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	239	—	776.1	—	467.9	—	995.3	—	91.3	—
	1964	237	—	906.5	—	500.1	—	1,152.7	—	98.9	—
	1965	289	40.5	1,079.6	96.9	588.1	97.7	1,208.7	95.3	95.6	97.6
	1966	307	46.0	1,270.7	97.3	642.4	97.5	1,377.1	95.9	89.8	97.9
	1967	315	47.4	1,344.6	97.7	647.6	98.0	1,370.0	96.0	55.5	97.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	425	59.5	34.1	3.1	13.9	2.3	59.3	4.7	2.4	2.4
	1966	360	54.0	34.7	2.7	16.4	2.5	59.3	4.1	1.9	2.1
	1967	350	52.6	32.2	2.3	13.5	2.0	57.1	4.0	1.5	2.6
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	714	100.0	1,113.7	100.0	602.0	100.0	1,268.0	100.0	98.0	100.0
	1966	667	100.0	1,305.4	100.0	658.8	100.0	1,436.4	100.0	91.7	100.0
	1967	665	100.0	1,376.8	100.0	661.1	100.0	1,427.1	100.0	57.0	100.0

TABLE 39. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Hosiery Mills Industry, 1963 - 1967

TABLEAU 39. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabriques de bas et chaussettes, 1963 - 1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	6	—	16.7	—	7.1	—	17.7	—	.1	—
	1964	6	—	16.1	—	6.6	—	19.5	—	.5	—
	1965	4	3.4	17.9	34.6	7.6	40.2	20.5	26.1	1.2	38.7
	1966	5	4.9	18.7	36.7	9.1	44.2	24.6	30.6	2.6	—
	1967	5	5.4	19.9	35.4	9.6	42.3	25.7	31.6	1.3	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	32	—	16.1	—	6.1	—	29.3	—	.6	—
	1964	34	—	18.3	—	7.0	—	33.7	—	1.0	—
	1965	48	40.7	26.5	51.3	9.0	47.6	46.7	59.4	1.9	61.3
	1966	48	46.6	27.3	53.7	10.1	49.0	47.7	59.3	1.7	—
	1967	51	54.8	32.9	58.4	12.0	52.9	49.9	61.3	1.7	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	38	—	32.8	—	13.2	—	47.0	—	.7	—
	1964	40	—	34.4	—	13.6	—	53.2	—	1.5	—
	1965	52	44.1	44.4	85.9	16.6	87.8	67.2	85.5	3.1	100.0
	1966	53	51.5	46.0	90.4	19.2	93.2	72.3	89.9	4.3	—
	1967	56	60.2	52.8	93.8	21.6	95.2	75.6	92.9	3.0	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	66	55.9	7.3	14.1	2.3	12.2	11.4	14.5	—	—
	1966	50	48.5	4.9	9.6	1.4	6.8	8.1	10.1	— .1	—
	1967	37	39.8	3.5	6.2	1.1	4.8	5.8	7.1	— .3	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	118	100.0	51.7	100.0	18.9	100.0	78.6	100.0	3.1	100.0
	1966	103	100.0	50.9	100.0	20.6	100.0	80.4	100.0	4.2	—
	1967	93	100.0	56.3	100.0	22.7	100.0	81.4	100.0	2.7	—

TABLE 40. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Knitting Mills Industries, 1963 - 1967

TABLEAU 40. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres fabriques de tricots, 1963 - 1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	13	—	15.2	—	8.0	—	23.1	—	1.5	—
	1964	12	—	16.5	—	8.8	—	25.8	—	1.6	—
	1965	10	4.6	16.9	11.6	8.9	12.5	25.5	12.2	2.0	22.7
	1966	10	4.5	19.8	13.1	9.5	13.0	29.6	13.2	1.8	20.5
	1967	12	5.4	19.4	12.7	10.1	13.6	28.1	12.1	1.3	19.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	75	—	82.2	—	44.0	—	133.5	—	5.5	—
	1964	80	—	87.0	—	45.4	—	138.1	—	4.9	—
	1965	107	48.8	117.6	80.6	59.3	83.6	167.7	79.9	6.7	76.2
	1966	111	49.5	120.6	79.5	59.0	80.8	174.9	78.3	6.6	75.0
	1967	110	49.8	122.8	80.3	60.2	80.8	185.9	79.9	5.2	78.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé-	1963	88	—	97.4	—	52.0	—	156.6	—	7.0	—
clarantes.	1964	92	—	103.5	—	54.2	—	163.9	—	6.5	—
	1965	117	53.4	134.5	92.2	68.2	96.1	193.2	92.1	8.7	98.9
	1966	121	54.0	140.4	92.6	68.5	93.8	204.5	91.5	8.4	95.5
	1967	122	55.2	142.2	93.0	70.3	94.4	214.0	92.0	6.5	98.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	102	46.6	11.3	7.8	2.8	3.9	16.6	7.9	.1	1.1
	1966	103	46.0	11.3	7.4	4.5	6.2	19.1	8.5	.4	4.5
	1967	99	44.8	10.7	7.0	4.2	5.6	18.6	8.0	.1	1.5
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	219	100.0	145.8	100.0	71.0	100.0	209.8	100.0	8.8	100.0
	1966	224	100.0	151.7	100.0	73.0	100.0	223.6	100.0	8.8	100.0
	1967	221	100.0	152.9	100.0	74.5	100.0	232.6	100.0	6.6	100.0

TABLE 41. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Knitting Mills Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 41. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries du tricot, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963 19	-	31.9	-	15.1	-	40.8	-	1.6	-
	1964 18	-	32.6	-	15.4	-	45.3	-	2.1	-
	1965 14	4.2	34.8	17.6	16.5	18.3	45.9	15.9	3.2	26.9
	1966 15	4.6	38.5	19.0	18.6	19.9	54.2	17.8	4.4	33.8
	1967 17	5.4	39.3	18.8	19.8	20.4	53.8	17.1	2.6	-
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963 107	-	98.3	-	50.1	-	162.8	-	6.1	-
	1964 114	-	105.3	-	52.4	-	171.8	-	5.9	-
	1965 155	45.9	144.1	73.0	68.4	76.1	214.4	74.4	8.6	72.3
	1966 159	48.6	147.9	73.0	69.1	73.8	222.6	73.3	8.3	63.9
	1967 161	51.3	155.7	74.4	72.2	74.3	235.8	75.1	6.9	-
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963 126	-	130.2	-	65.2	-	203.6	-	7.7	-
	1964 132	-	137.9	-	67.8	-	217.1	-	8.0	-
	1965 169	50.1	178.9	90.6	84.9	94.4	260.3	90.3	11.8	99.2
	1966 174	53.2	186.4	92.0	87.7	93.7	276.8	91.1	12.7	97.7
	1967 178	56.7	195.0	93.2	92.0	94.7	289.6	92.2	9.5	-
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965 168	49.9	18.6	9.4	5.0	5.6	28.1	9.7	1.1	.8
	1966 153	46.8	16.2	8.0	5.9	6.3	27.2	8.9	.3	2.3
	1967 136	43.3	14.2	6.8	5.2	5.3	24.4	7.8	-.2	-
Total	1963 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965 337	100.0	197.5	100.0	89.9	100.0	288.4	100.0	11.9	100.0
	1966 327	100.0	202.6	100.0	93.6	100.0	304.0	100.0	13.0	100.0
	1967 314	100.0	209.2	100.0	97.2	100.0	314.0	100.0	9.3	-

TABLE 42. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Men's Clothing Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 42. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, vêtements pour hommes, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Avoir		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963 7	-	18.0	-	10.8	-	31.1	-	3.5	-
	1964 7	-	18.5	-	12.9	-	30.9	-	4.2	-
	1965 9	1.6	22.8	9.6	14.5	14.7	38.6	9.0	3.6	32.4
	1966 11	2.1	27.7	11.7	17.0	17.9	48.3	11.0	4.0	35.1
	1967 13	2.7	29.8	13.1	18.3	19.4	49.6	11.3	3.7	33.6
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963 152	-	126.2	-	51.7	-	233.2	-	5.2	-
	1964 163	-	143.9	-	57.2	-	265.2	-	5.8	-
	1965 195	34.8	183.6	77.2	70.6	71.6	329.8	76.8	6.3	56.8
	1966 198	37.5	177.7	75.0	65.2	68.6	324.0	74.0	6.2	54.4
	1967 203	41.8	172.0	75.4	67.3	71.2	332.3	75.5	6.9	62.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963 159	-	144.2	-	62.5	-	264.3	-	8.7	-
	1964 170	-	162.4	-	70.1	-	296.1	-	10.0	-
	1965 204	36.4	206.4	86.8	85.1	86.3	368.4	85.8	9.9	89.2
	1966 209	39.6	205.4	86.7	82.2	86.5	372.3	85.0	10.2	89.5
	1967 216	44.5	201.8	88.5	85.6	90.6	381.9	86.8	10.6	96.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965 357	63.6	31.5	13.2	13.5	13.7	60.8	14.2	1.2	10.8
	1966 319	60.4	31.6	13.3	12.8	13.5	65.8	15.0	1.2	10.5
	1967 269	55.5	26.3	11.5	8.9	9.4	58.0	13.2	.4	3.6
Total	1963 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965 561	100.0	237.9	100.0	98.6	100.0	429.2	100.0	11.1	100.0
	1966 528	100.0	237.0	100.0	95.0	100.0	438.1	100.0	11.4	100.0
	1967 485	100.0	228.1	100.0	94.5	100.0	439.9	100.0	11.0	100.0

TABLE 43. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Women's Clothing Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 43. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, vêtements pour femmes, 1963-1967

	Statement of Financial Results, 1963-1967										
	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	7	—	3.1	—	1.8	—	5.0	—	.1	—
	1964	8	—	4.3	—	2.6	—	7.0	—	.9	—
	1965	7	1.0	4.0	2.8	2.0	3.6	8.7	2.6	.4	5.9
	1966	8	1.2	5.3	3.2	2.2	3.5	9.2	2.3	.3	3.9
	1967	9	1.4	6.5	3.9	2.9	4.2	12.4	2.9	.5	5.1
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	194	—	82.6	—	35.7	—	200.4	—	4.9	—
	1964	194	—	88.3	—	37.4	—	214.5	—	4.6	—
	1965	234	34.3	102.0	72.3	40.4	71.8	247.7	73.1	5.2	76.5
	1966	260	38.3	124.5	74.9	47.5	75.1	304.5	75.9	6.2	80.5
	1967	273	42.3	129.3	78.0	53.1	77.7	339.1	79.7	8.8	89.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	201	—	85.7	—	37.5	—	205.4	—	5.0	—
	1964	202	—	92.6	—	40.0	—	221.5	—	5.5	—
	1965	241	35.3	106.0	75.1	42.4	75.4	256.4	75.7	5.6	82.4
	1966	268	39.5	129.8	78.1	49.7	78.6	313.7	78.2	6.5	84.4
	1967	282	43.7	135.8	81.9	56.0	81.9	351.5	82.6	9.3	94.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	442	64.7	35.1	24.9	13.8	24.6	82.5	24.3	1.2	17.6
	1966	410	60.5	36.3	21.9	13.5	21.4	87.3	21.8	1.2	15.6
	1967	364	56.3	30.0	18.1	12.4	18.1	73.8	17.4	.5	5.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	683	100.0	141.1	100.0	56.2	100.0	338.9	100.0	6.8	100.0
	1966	678	100.0	166.1	100.0	63.2	100.0	401.0	100.0	7.7	100.0
	1967	646	100.0	165.8	100.0	68.4	100.0	425.3	100.0	9.8	100.0

TABLE 44. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fur Goods Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 44. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, articles en fourrure, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1966	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	1	—
	1967	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	1	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	30	—	11.2	—	5.4	—	26.0	—	.3
	1964	24	—	13.3	—	4.3	—	23.2	—	.3
	1965	33	13.3	18.6	47.9	6.0	47.6	29.6	50.5	.3
	1966	41	16.7	26.2	58.1	7.5	53.2	37.9	56.7	.9
	1967	38	19.0	24.6	61.2	7.1	56.3	41.5	63.7	.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	30	—	16.2	—	5.4	—	26.0	—	.3
	1964	24	—	13.3	—	4.3	—	23.2	—	.3
	1965	33	13.3	18.6	47.9	6.0	47.6	29.6	50.5	.3
	1966	41	16.7	26.2	58.1	7.5	53.2	37.9	56.7	.9
	1967	38	19.0	24.6	61.2	7.1	56.3	41.5	63.7	.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	215	86.7	20.2	52.1	6.6	52.4	29.0	49.5	.6
	1966	204	83.3	18.9	41.9	6.6	46.8	28.9	43.3	.3
	1967	162	81.0	15.6	38.8	5.5	43.7	23.7	36.3	.2
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	248	100.0	38.8	100.0	12.6	100.0	58.6	100.0	.9
	1966	245	100.0	45.1	100.0	14.1	100.0	66.8	100.0	1.2
	1967	200	100.0	40.2	100.0	12.6	100.0	65.2	100.0	1.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" Group. - Compris dans le groupe "moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 45. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Foundation Garments Industry, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 45. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, corsets et soutiens-gorge, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	8	-	12.8	-	7.0	-	16.0	-	1.2	-
	1964	7	-	13.2	-	7.6	-	17.6	-	1.4	-
	1965	7	18.9	15.0	44.8	8.4	42.8	18.4	35.2	1.7	47.2
	1966	7	17.5	17.6	46.6	9.0	43.1	20.4	35.0	1.4	48.3
	1967	7	13.5	18.1	49.7	9.4	47.0	20.4	37.2	1.0	47.6
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	14	-	13.8	-	8.4	-	24.0	-	1.3	-
	1964	16	-	15.1	-	9.0	-	27.7	-	1.6	-
	1965	19	51.4	17.9	53.4	10.7	54.6	32.2	61.5	1.8	50.0
	1966	18	45.0	18.9	50.0	11.4	54.5	35.1	60.2	1.5	51.7
	1967	18	34.6	15.6	42.9	9.3	46.5	29.1	53.0	.9	42.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	22	-	26.6	-	15.4	-	40.0	-	2.5	-
	1964	23	-	28.3	-	16.6	-	45.3	-	3.0	-
	1965	26	70.3	32.9	98.2	19.1	97.4	50.6	96.7	3.5	97.2
	1966	25	62.5	36.5	96.6	20.4	97.6	55.5	95.2	2.9	100.0
	1967	25	48.1	33.7	92.6	18.7	93.5	49.5	90.2	1.9	90.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	11	29.7	.6	1.8	.5	2.6	1.7	3.3	.1	2.8
	1966	15	37.5	1.3	3.4	.5	2.4	2.8	4.8	-	-
	1967	27	51.9	2.7	7.4	1.3	6.5	5.4	9.8	.2	9.5
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	37	100.0	33.5	100.0	19.6	100.0	52.3	100.0	3.6	100.0
	1966	40	100.0	37.8	100.0	20.9	100.0	58.3	100.0	2.9	100.0
	1967	52	100.0	36.4	100.0	20.0	100.0	54.9	100.0	2.1	100.0

TABLE 46. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Clothing Industries, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 46. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres industries du vêtement, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	6	-	5.2	-	3.1	-	7.2	-	.2	-
	1964	8	-	7.0	-	4.1	-	10.6	-	.4	-
	1965	9	2.8	6.9	9.5	4.3	12.8	11.8	8.2	.3	10.0
	1966	10	3.4	7.9	10.4	4.9	14.2	12.5	8.2	.8	22.9
	1967	10	3.4	7.5	10.0	4.9	13.6	12.6	8.3	.3	8.8
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	79	-	36.9	-	16.6	-	75.2	-	2.3	-
	1964	74	-	36.8	-	17.7	-	75.7	-	2.5	-
	1965	92	28.8	47.0	64.5	21.3	63.4	92.1	64.3	2.0	66.7
	1966	96	32.3	52.5	68.9	23.7	68.9	104.1	68.4	2.2	62.8
	1967	98	33.6	52.5	70.0	25.3	70.3	104.4	68.9	2.9	85.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	85	-	42.1	-	19.7	-	82.4	-	2.5	-
	1964	82	-	43.8	-	21.8	-	86.3	-	2.9	-
	1965	101	31.6	53.9	74.0	25.6	76.2	103.9	72.5	3.3	76.7
	1966	106	35.7	60.4	79.3	28.6	83.1	116.6	76.6	2.0	85.7
	1967	108	37.0	60.0	80.0	30.2	83.9	117.0	77.2	3.2	94.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	219	68.4	18.9	26.0	8.0	23.8	39.5	27.5	.7	23.3
	1966	191	64.3	15.8	20.7	5.8	16.9	35.7	23.4	.5	14.3
	1967	184	63.0	15.0	20.0	5.8	16.1	34.6	22.8	.2	5.9
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	320	100.0	72.8	100.0	33.6	100.0	143.4	100.0	3.0	100.0
	1966	297	100.0	76.2	100.0	34.4	100.0	152.3	100.0	3.5	100.0
	1967	292	100.0	75.0	100.0	36.0	100.0	151.6	100.0	3.4	100.0

TABLE 47. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Clothing Industries, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 47. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de vêtements, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	28	—	39.1	—	22.7	—	59.3	—	5.0	—
	1964	30	—	43.0	—	27.2	—	66.1	—	6.9	—
	1965	32	1.7	48.7	9.3	29.2	13.2	77.5	7.6	6.0	23.6
	1966	37	2.1	62.6	11.1	33.9	14.9	93.7	8.4	6.8	25.5
	1967	40	2.4	65.3	12.0	35.8	15.5	99.9	8.8	5.7	20.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	469	—	275.7	—	117.8	—	558.8	—	14.0	—
	1964	471	—	297.4	—	125.6	—	606.3	—	14.8	—
	1965	573	31.0	369.1	70.4	149.0	67.6	731.4	71.5	15.6	61.4
	1966	612	34.2	395.7	70.4	154.5	67.9	802.3	71.9	16.7	62.5
	1967	629	37.5	390.7	71.6	161.8	69.9	841.7	74.0	20.1	73.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	497	—	314.8	—	140.5	—	618.1	—	19.0	—
	1964	501	—	340.4	—	152.8	—	672.4	—	21.7	—
	1965	605	32.7	417.8	79.7	178.2	80.8	808.9	79.1	21.6	85.0
	1966	649	36.3	458.3	81.5	188.4	82.8	896.0	80.3	23.5	88.0
	1967	669	39.9	456.0	83.6	197.6	85.4	941.6	82.8	25.8	94.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,244	67.3	106.3	20.3	42.4	19.2	213.5	20.9	3.8	15.0
	1966	1,139	63.7	103.9	18.5	39.2	17.2	220.5	19.7	3.2	12.0
	1967	1,006	60.1	89.5	16.4	33.9	14.6	195.3	17.2	1.5	5.5
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,849	100.0	524.1	100.0	220.6	100.0	1,022.4	100.0	25.4	100.0
	1966	1,788	100.0	562.2	100.0	227.6	100.0	1,116.5	100.0	26.7	100.0
	1967	1,675	100.0	545.5	100.0	231.5	100.0	1,136.9	100.0	27.3	100.0

TABLE 48. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Textile Industries, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 48. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries textiles, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	102	—	455.5	—	279.0	—	509.9	—	62.5	—
	1964	107	—	550.9	—	306.4	—	603.4	—	63.2	—
	1965	118	4.1	649.8	35.4	368.5	40.4	627.3	24.3	67.6	49.9
	1966	127	4.6	764.7	36.9	390.0	39.8	757.0	26.5	68.3	52.0
	1967	130	4.9	787.4	36.9	395.9	40.0	756.8	26.3	53.0	56.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	760	—	765.6	—	394.6	—	1,307.1	—	55.5	—
	1964	763	—	833.9	—	414.3	—	1,438.8	—	65.4	—
	1965	945	32.6	1,026.5	55.9	482.6	52.9	1,650.7	64.0	61.4	45.4
	1966	1,003	36.0	1,150.7	55.6	528.5	53.9	1,792.9	62.8	57.7	43.9
	1967	1,032	38.9	1,208.2	56.7	541.3	54.7	1,844.4	64.1	37.8	40.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	862	—	1,221.1	—	673.6	—	1,817.0	—	118.0	—
	1964	870	—	1,384.8	—	720.7	—	2,042.2	—	128.6	—
	1965	1,063	36.7	1,676.3	91.3	851.1	93.3	2,278.0	88.3	129.0	95.3
	1966	1,130	40.6	1,915.4	92.5	918.5	93.7	2,549.9	89.3	126.0	95.9
	1967	1,162	43.8	1,995.6	93.6	937.2	94.7	2,601.2	90.4	90.8	97.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,837	63.3	159.0	8.7	61.4	6.7	300.8	11.7	6.3	4.7
	1966	1,652	59.4	154.8	7.5	61.5	6.3	307.0	10.7	5.4	4.1
	1967	1,492	56.2	135.9	6.4	52.6	5.3	276.8	9.6	2.8	3.0
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	2,900	100.0	1,835.0	100.0	912.5	100.0	2,578.8	100.0	135.3	100.0
	1966	2,782	100.0	2,070.2	100.0	980.0	100.0	2,856.9	100.0	131.4	100.0
	1967	2,654	100.0	2,131.5	100.0	989.8	100.0	2,878.0	100.0	93.6	100.0

TABLE 49. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Sawmills Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 49. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, scieries, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	27	—	205.7	—	128.4	—	169.5	—	25.3	—
	1964	30	—	237.0	—	142.4	—	229.2	—	33.6	—
	1965	38	4.0	270.8	32.2	90.9	27.6	170.3	21.6	7.4	23.6
	1966	44	5.1	251.9	29.3	91.4	26.2	183.1	21.0	— 2.2	—
	1967	42	5.1	271.0	29.6	82.9	25.1	179.8	20.5	— 11.4	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	304	—	322.9	—	144.0	—	392.0	—	20.9	—
	1964	307	—	359.9	—	155.2	—	431.4	—	21.5	—
	1965	385	40.9	522.5	62.2	222.6	67.5	544.9	69.2	22.4	71.6
	1966	380	44.3	563.6	65.5	240.9	69.2	620.2	71.0	30.0	—
	1967	386	47.1	606.3	66.1	234.5	70.9	632.8	72.2	29.3	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	331	—	528.6	—	272.4	—	561.5	—	46.2	—
	1964	337	—	596.9	—	297.6	—	660.6	—	55.1	—
	1965	423	44.9	793.3	94.4	313.5	95.1	715.2	90.8	29.8	95.2
	1966	424	49.4	815.5	94.8	332.3	95.4	803.3	92.0	27.8	—
	1967	428	52.2	877.3	95.7	317.4	96.0	812.6	92.7	17.9	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	520	55.1	46.9	5.6	16.0	4.9	72.3	9.2	1.5	4.8
	1966	435	50.6	44.4	5.2	16.0	4.6	70.1	8.0	2.2	—
	1967	392	47.8	39.3	4.3	13.3	4.0	63.7	7.3	1.6	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	943	100.0	840.2	100.0	329.5	100.0	787.5	100.0	31.3	100.0
	1966	859	100.0	859.9	100.0	348.3	100.0	873.4	100.0	30.0	—
	1967	820	100.0	916.6	100.0	330.7	100.0	876.3	100.0	19.5	—

TABLE 50. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Veneer and Plywood Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 50. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, placages et contre-plaqués, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	11	—	47.4	—	21.5	—	44.5	—	4.4	—
	1964	9	—	55.8	—	35.5	—	32.0	—	3.9	—
	1965	8	11.3	91.5	40.8	15.6	52.0	90.6	35.5	6.2	—
	1966	7	10.9	115.1	41.0	48.5	45.6	115.3	47.7	7.0	61.4
	1967	9	14.1	91.8	34.6	43.5	43.4	110.8	40.5	6.6	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	31	—	113.2	—	37.8	—	144.2	—	11.5	—
	1964	26	—	118.3	—	37.3	—	130.1	—	9.2	—
	1965	34	47.9	130.1	58.0	40.9	46.6	161.2	63.1	6.6	—
	1966	38	59.4	163.8	58.4	57.4	53.9	124.1	51.3	4.3	37.7
	1967	38	59.3	171.6	64.7	56.6	56.5	159.7	58.4	4.7	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	42	—	160.6	—	59.3	—	188.7	—	15.9	—
	1964	35	—	174.1	—	72.8	—	162.1	—	13.1	—
	1965	42	59.2	221.6	98.8	86.5	98.6	251.8	98.6	12.8	—
	1966	45	70.3	278.9	99.4	105.9	99.5	239.4	99.0	11.3	99.1
	1967	47	73.4	263.4	99.3	100.1	99.9	270.5	98.9	11.3	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	29	40.8	2.8	1.2	1.2	1.4	3.5	1.4	—	.1
	1966	19	29.7	1.6	.6	.5	.5	2.4	1.0	.1	.9
	1967	17	26.6	1.8	.7	.1	.1	3.1	1.1	—	.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	71	100.0	224.4	100.0	87.7	100.0	255.3	100.0	12.7	—
	1966	64	100.0	280.5	100.0	106.4	100.0	241.8	100.0	11.4	100.0
	1967	64	100.0	265.2	100.0	100.2	100.0	273.6	100.0	11.2	—

TABLE 51. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Planing Mills Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 51. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ateliers de rabotage, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	10	—	7.8	—	2.5	—	12.3	—	.6	—
	1964	7	—	5.8	—	1.1	—	9.9	—	.3	—
	1965	9	1.6	7.4	3.8	1.7	2.4	11.7	3.7	.3	4.2
	1966	9	1.6	10.0	5.3	1.4	2.1	13.1	4.3	—	2
	1967	10	2.1	9.8	4.7	1.8	2.3	15.5	4.6	—	4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	143	—	133.3	—	54.4	—	204.4	—	5.9	—
	1964	131	—	147.6	—	56.3	—	221.2	—	7.8	—
	1965	166	29.9	153.4	78.6	60.8	84.3	248.7	78.4	6.3	87.5
	1966	160	29.0	137.9	72.5	54.8	82.3	217.4	71.8	5.2	—
	1967	175	36.3	173.8	83.0	66.2	86.4	272.2	80.7	10.0	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	153	—	141.1	—	56.9	—	216.7	—	6.5	—
	1964	138	—	153.4	—	57.4	—	231.1	—	8.1	—
	1965	175	31.5	160.8	82.4	62.5	86.7	260.4	82.1	6.6	91.7
	1966	169	30.6	147.9	77.8	56.2	84.4	230.5	76.1	5.0	—
	1967	185	38.4	183.6	87.7	68.0	88.7	287.7	85.3	9.6	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	380	68.5	34.3	17.6	9.6	13.3	56.7	17.9	.6	8.3
	1966	384	69.4	42.1	22.2	10.4	15.6	72.3	23.9	2.3	—
	1967	297	61.6	25.8	12.3	8.7	11.3	49.5	14.7	1.3	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	555	100.0	195.1	100.0	72.1	100.0	317.1	100.0	7.2	100.0
	1966	553	100.0	190.0	100.0	66.6	100.0	302.8	100.0	7.3	—
	1967	482	100.0	209.4	100.0	76.7	100.0	337.2	100.0	10.9	—

TABLE 52. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Wooden Boxes Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 52. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabriques de boîtes en bois, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Ávoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1966	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1967	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	14	—	6.6	—	3.8	—	13.4	—	.6
	1964	14	—	7.0	—	3.9	—	13.4	—	.6
	1965	17	27.4	11.1	76.6	5.3	80.3	21.1	80.5	1.2
	1966	19	35.8	14.8	86.0	6.3	88.7	27.2	84.7	1.6
	1967	21	41.2	16.7	87.4	7.2	91.1	29.7	85.6	1.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	14	—	6.6	—	3.8	—	13.4	—	.6
	1964	14	—	7.0	—	3.9	—	13.4	—	.6
	1965	17	27.4	11.1	76.6	5.3	80.3	21.1	80.5	1.2
	1966	19	35.8	14.8	86.0	6.3	88.7	27.2	84.7	1.6
	1967	21	41.2	16.7	87.4	7.2	91.1	29.7	85.6	1.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	45	72.6	3.4	23.4	1.3	19.7	5.1	19.5	.1
	1966	34	64.2	2.4	14.0	.8	11.3	4.9	15.3	.1
	1967	30	58.8	2.4	12.6	.7	8.9	5.0	14.4	.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	62	100.0	14.5	100.0	6.6	100.0	26.2	100.0	1.3
	1966	53	100.0	17.2	100.0	7.1	100.0	32.1	100.0	1.7
	1967	51	100.0	19.1	100.0	7.9	100.0	34.7	100.0	1.6

TABLE 53. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Coffins and Caskets Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 53. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, cercueils et tombes, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1966	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1967	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	9	9.1	-	7.3	-	9.2	-	.5	-
	1964	9	9.4	-	7.4	-	8.4	-	.4	-
	1965	11	32.4	8.4	75.7	5.6	78.9	8.7	69.6	.2
	1966	11	39.3	8.1	79.4	5.6	83.6	10.4	77.0	.4
	1967	10	31.2	8.3	74.1	5.8	80.6	10.9	73.6	.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	9	9.1	-	7.3	-	9.2	-	.5	-
	1964	9	9.4	-	7.4	-	8.4	-	.4	-
	1965	11	32.4	8.4	75.7	5.6	78.9	8.7	69.6	.2
	1966	11	39.3	8.1	79.4	5.6	83.6	10.4	77.0	.4
	1967	10	31.2	8.3	74.1	5.8	80.6	10.9	73.6	.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	23	67.6	2.7	24.3	1.5	21.1	3.8	30.4	.1
	1966	17	60.7	2.1	20.6	1.1	16.4	3.1	23.0	.1
	1967	22	68.8	2.9	25.9	1.4	19.4	3.9	26.4	.1
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	34	100.0	11.1	100.0	7.1	100.0	12.5	100.0	.3
	1966	28	100.0	10.2	100.0	6.7	100.0	13.5	100.0	.5
	1967	32	100.0	11.2	100.0	7.2	100.0	14.8	100.0	.4

TABLE 54. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Miscellaneous Wood Products Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 54. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabriques de produits divers en bois, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	9	6.7	-	2.8	-	6.4	-	.5	-
	1964	8	6.8	-	3.9	-	6.9	-	.8	-
	1965	11	6.2	10.0	16.6	4.9	15.9	11.1	15.6	.7
	1966	12	5.2	11.6	16.5	5.6	16.5	12.2	14.4	.8
	1967	12	4.4	12.6	18.0	6.3	19.9	12.7	14.7	.6
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	31	29.2	-	13.2	-	34.5	-	1.8	-
	1964	37	34.9	-	15.8	-	42.0	-	1.9	-
	1965	39	21.9	39.1	64.8	20.2	65.6	44.7	62.9	2.4
	1966	38	16.3	43.1	61.3	22.2	65.3	47.0	55.5	2.7
	1967	34	12.4	38.0	54.2	17.8	56.1	42.2	48.8	1.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	40	35.9	-	16.0	-	40.9	-	2.3	-
	1964	45	41.7	-	19.7	-	48.9	-	2.7	-
	1965	50	28.1	49.1	81.4	25.1	81.5	55.8	78.5	3.1
	1966	50	21.5	54.7	77.8	27.8	81.8	59.2	69.9	3.5
	1967	46	16.8	50.6	72.2	24.1	76.0	54.9	63.5	2.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	128	71.9	11.2	18.6	5.7	18.5	15.3	21.5	.6
	1966	183	78.5	15.6	22.2	6.2	18.2	25.5	30.1	.2
	1967	228	83.2	19.5	27.8	7.6	24.0	31.6	36.5	.6
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	178	100.0	60.3	100.0	30.8	100.0	71.1	100.0	3.7
	1966	233	100.0	70.3	100.0	34.0	100.0	84.7	100.0	3.7
	1967	274	100.0	70.1	100.0	31.7	100.0	86.5	100.0	2.7

TABLE 55. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Wood Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 55. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries du bois, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	57	—	267.6	—	155.2	—	232.7	—	30.8	—
	1964	54	—	305.4	—	182.9	—	278.0	—	38.6	—
	1965	66	3.6	379.6	28.2	143.1	26.8	283.8	19.3	14.6	25.8
	1966	72	4.0	388.6	27.2	146.9	25.8	323.7	20.9	5.4	9.9
	1967	73	4.2	385.2	25.6	134.6	24.3	318.8	19.6	- 4.6	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	532	—	614.3	—	260.5	—	797.7	—	41.2	—
	1964	524	—	677.1	—	275.9	—	846.5	—	41.4	—
	1965	652	35.4	864.6	64.3	355.4	66.6	1,029.1	70.0	39.1	69.2
	1966	646	36.1	931.3	65.2	387.2	68.0	1,046.3	67.6	44.2	80.9
	1967	664	38.6	1,014.7	68.1	388.1	70.0	1,147.5	70.7	47.5	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	589	—	881.9	—	415.7	—	1,030.4	—	72.0	—
	1964	578	—	982.5	—	458.8	—	1,124.5	—	80.0	—
	1965	718	39.0	1,244.2	92.5	498.5	93.4	1,312.9	89.3	53.7	95.0
	1966	718	40.1	1,319.9	92.4	534.1	93.8	1,370.0	88.5	49.6	90.8
	1967	737	42.8	1,399.9	93.9	522.7	94.3	1,466.3	90.3	42.9	—
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,125	61.0	101.4	7.5	35.3	6.6	156.8	10.7	2.8	5.0
	1966	1,072	59.9	108.2	7.6	35.0	6.2	178.3	11.5	5.0	9.2
	1967	986	57.2	91.7	6.1	31.7	5.7	156.8	9.7	3.4	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,843	100.0	1,345.6	100.0	533.8	100.0	1,469.7	100.0	56.5	100.0
	1966	1,790	100.0	1,428.1	100.0	569.1	100.0	1,548.3	100.0	54.6	100.0
	1967	1,723	100.0	1,491.6	100.0	554.4	100.0	1,623.1	100.0	46.3	—

TABLE 56. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Household Furniture Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 56. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, meubles de maison, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	11	—	10.1	—	7.0	—	17.5	—	.8	—
	1964	11	—	10.6	—	7.4	—	16.9	—	.9	—
	1965	12	1.8	10.7	7.0	6.9	10.8	17.4	6.8	.8	10.5
	1966	12	1.9	11.9	6.9	7.1	10.5	19.0	6.5	1.0	10.6
	1967	12	1.8	12.7	7.0	9.4	13.4	22.3	7.3	1.4	16.7
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	136	—	80.9	—	35.6	—	126.0	—	4.2	—
	1964	128	—	89.9	—	39.1	—	137.7	—	7.0	—
	1965	161	24.5	107.1	70.6	46.8	73.0	170.8	67.1	6.0	79.0
	1966	188	29.5	126.3	73.8	50.4	74.3	205.5	70.4	6.6	70.3
	1967	183	28.1	131.5	72.4	51.2	72.8	213.9	69.8	5.6	66.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	147	—	91.0	—	42.6	—	143.5	—	5.0	—
	1964	139	—	100.5	—	46.5	—	154.6	—	7.9	—
	1965	173	26.3	117.8	77.6	53.7	83.8	188.2	73.9	6.8	89.5
	1966	200	31.4	138.2	80.7	57.5	84.8	224.5	76.9	7.6	80.9
	1967	195	29.9	144.2	79.4	60.6	86.2	236.2	77.1	7.0	83.3
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	484	73.7	34.1	22.4	10.4	16.2	66.6	26.1	.8	10.5
	1966	436	68.6	33.1	19.3	10.3	15.2	67.5	23.1	1.8	19.1
	1967	457	70.1	37.4	20.6	9.7	13.8	70.1	22.9	1.4	16.7
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	657	100.0	151.9	100.0	64.1	100.0	254.8	100.0	7.6	100.0
	1966	636	100.0	171.3	100.0	67.8	100.0	292.0	100.0	9.4	100.0
	1967	652	100.0	181.6	100.0	70.3	100.0	306.3	100.0	8.4	100.0

TABLE 57. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Office Furniture Industry, 1963-1967

TABEAU 57. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, meubles de bureau, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	4	—	6.1	—	1.7	—	7.8	—	.5	—
	1964	4	—	5.6	—	1.9	—	6.7	—	.6	—
	1965	7	18.9	9.3	34.0	3.4	29.6	12.8	32.7	.9	39.1
	1966	6	19.4	12.1	38.3	4.1	31.8	15.3	34.4	1.9	46.4
	1967	7	20.6	16.3	46.2	6.1	41.8	25.7	48.6	2.2	59.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	10	—	12.6	—	6.9	—	18.8	—	.9	—
	1964	7	—	12.4	—	6.1	—	16.1	—	.8	—
	1965	11	29.7	16.5	60.2	7.4	64.3	23.4	59.9	1.2	52.2
	1966	10	32.2	18.3	57.9	8.3	64.3	27.0	60.7	2.1	51.2
	1967	10	29.4	17.5	49.6	8.1	55.5	23.8	45.0	1.4	37.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	14	—	18.7	—	8.6	—	26.6	—	1.4	—
	1964	11	—	18.0	—	8.0	—	22.8	—	1.4	—
	1965	18	48.6	25.8	94.2	10.8	93.9	36.2	92.6	2.1	91.3
	1966	16	51.6	30.4	96.2	12.4	96.1	42.3	95.1	4.0	97.6
	1967	17	50.0	33.8	95.8	14.2	97.3	49.5	93.6	3.6	97.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	19	51.4	1.6	5.8	.7	6.1	2.9	7.4	.2	8.7
	1966	15	48.4	1.2	3.8	.5	3.9	2.2	4.9	.1	2.4
	1967	17	50.0	1.5	4.2	.4	2.7	3.4	6.4	.1	2.7
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	37	100.0	27.4	100.0	11.5	100.0	39.1	100.0	2.3	100.0
	1966	31	100.0	31.6	100.0	12.9	100.0	44.5	100.0	4.1	100.0
	1967	34	100.0	35.3	100.0	14.6	100.0	52.9	100.0	3.7	100.0

TABLE 58. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Furniture Industries, 1963-1967

TABEAU 58. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres meubles, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	8	—	17.3	—	14.2	—	21.2	—	1.7	—
	1964	9	—	19.0	—	14.0	—	22.3	—	1.5	—
	1965	9	3.4	20.8	21.8	15.4	30.3	26.0	18.2	1.8	34.0
	1966	9	4.7	22.8	21.0	16.8	29.4	28.5	17.7	2.7	32.9
	1967	10	4.8	23.4	20.4	15.8	26.7	29.7	16.8	1.4	20.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	54	—	50.3	—	24.4	—	67.6	—	1.8	—
	1964	56	—	54.5	—	26.8	—	72.1	—	3.8	—
	1965	74	28.0	59.6	62.3	30.0	58.9	88.1	61.8	2.6	49.0
	1966	81	41.9	76.2	70.2	37.0	64.8	113.1	70.3	4.9	59.8
	1967	93	44.2	81.7	71.1	40.0	67.7	126.6	71.5	5.2	74.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	62	—	67.6	—	38.6	—	88.8	—	3.5	—
	1964	65	—	73.5	—	40.8	—	94.4	—	5.3	—
	1965	83	31.4	80.4	84.1	45.4	89.2	114.1	80.0	4.4	83.0
	1966	90	46.6	99.0	91.2	53.8	94.2	141.6	88.0	7.6	92.7
	1967	103	49.0	105.1	91.5	55.8	94.4	156.3	88.3	6.6	94.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	181	68.6	15.2	15.9	5.5	10.8	28.6	20.0	.9	17.0
	1966	103	53.4	9.6	8.8	3.3	5.8	19.3	12.0	.6	7.3
	1967	107	51.0	9.8	8.5	3.3	5.6	20.7	11.7	.4	5.7
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	264	100.0	95.6	100.0	50.9	100.0	142.7	100.0	5.3	100.0
	1966	193	100.0	108.6	100.0	57.1	100.0	160.9	100.0	8.2	100.0
	1967	210	100.0	114.9	100.0	59.1	100.0	177.0	100.0	7.0	100.0

TABLE 59. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Furniture Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 59. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de meubles, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	23	—	33.5	—	22.8	—	46.5	—	3.0	—
	1964	24	—	35.2	—	23.3	—	45.9	—	3.0	—
	1965	28	2.9	40.8	14.8	25.7	20.3	56.3	12.9	3.5	23.0
	1966	27	3.1	46.8	15.0	28.0	20.3	62.8	12.6	5.6	25.8
	1967	29	3.2	52.4	15.8	31.3	21.7	77.7	14.5	5.0	26.2
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	200	—	143.8	—	67.0	—	212.4	—	6.9	—
	1964	191	—	156.8	—	72.0	—	225.9	—	11.6	—
	1965	246	25.7	183.2	66.7	84.2	66.6	282.1	64.6	9.8	64.5
	1966	279	32.5	220.8	70.9	95.7	69.5	345.6	69.5	13.6	62.7
	1967	286	32.0	230.8	69.6	99.3	69.0	364.3	67.9	12.2	63.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	223	—	177.3	—	89.8	—	258.9	—	9.9	—
	1964	215	—	192.0	—	95.3	—	271.8	—	14.6	—
	1965	274	28.6	224.0	81.5	109.9	86.9	338.4	77.5	13.3	87.5
	1966	306	35.6	267.6	85.9	123.7	89.8	408.4	82.1	19.2	88.5
	1967	315	35.2	283.2	85.4	130.6	90.7	442.0	82.4	17.2	90.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	684	71.4	50.9	18.5	16.6	13.1	98.2	22.5	1.9	12.5
	1966	554	64.4	43.9	14.1	14.1	10.2	89.0	17.9	2.5	11.5
	1967	581	64.8	48.6	14.6	13.4	9.3	94.2	17.6	1.9	9.9
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	958	100.0	274.9	100.0	126.5	100.0	436.6	100.0	15.2	100.0
	1966	860	100.0	311.5	100.0	137.8	100.0	497.4	100.0	21.7	100.0
	1967	896	100.0	331.8	100.0	144.0	100.0	536.2	100.0	19.1	100.0

TABLE 60. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Pulp and Paper Mills Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 60. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, pâtes et papiers, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	33	—	1,476.1	—	854.0	—	842.0	—	119.6	—
	1964	34	—	1,629.7	—	950.7	—	933.2	—	167.9	—
	1965	36	42.4	1,758.9	38.6	991.8	37.5	1,068.9	40.6	145.9	36.8
	1966	34	34.4	2,008.1	39.9	1,061.8	39.8	1,136.6	42.4	180.7	46.4
	1967	36	36.4	2,119.8	38.0	1,067.1	37.7	1,140.0	40.3	71.8	26.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	40	—	2,180.5	—	1,502.4	—	1,298.8	—	241.8	—
	1964	39	—	2,598.2	—	1,608.5	—	1,407.6	—	282.6	—
	1965	37	43.5	2,793.7	61.4	1,654.4	62.5	1,563.6	59.4	250.7	63.2
	1966	42	42.4	3,030.0	60.1	1,606.0	60.2	1,539.0	57.5	209.0	53.6
	1967	44	44.4	3,441.0	61.8	1,745.2	61.6	1,664.9	58.9	192.5	72.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	73	—	3,656.6	—	2,356.4	—	2,140.8	—	361.4	—
	1964	73	—	4,227.9	—	2,559.2	—	2,340.8	—	450.5	—
	1965	73	85.9	4,552.6	100.0	2,646.2	100.0	2,632.5	100.0	396.6	100.0
	1966	76	76.8	5,038.1	100.0	2,667.8	100.0	2,675.6	99.9	389.7	100.0
	1967	80	80.8	5,560.8	99.8	2,812.3	99.3	2,804.9	99.2	264.3	99.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	12	14.1	8.8	—	3	—	1.2	—	—	—
	1966	23	23.2	2.0	—	7	—	2.4	1	—	—
	1967	19	19.2	10.9	2	18.4	7	23.0	8	2.3	9
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	85	100.0	4,553.4	100.0	2,646.5	100.0	2,633.7	100.0	396.6	100.0
	1966	99	100.0	5,040.1	100.0	2,668.5	100.0	2,678.0	100.0	389.7	100.0
	1967	99	100.0	5,571.7	100.0	2,830.7	100.0	2,827.9	100.0	266.6	100.0

TABLE 61. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Paper Boxes and Bags Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 61. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, boîtes et de sacs en papier, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	14	—	49.1	—	33.0	—	81.0	—	6.9	—
	1964	15	—	61.2	—	41.0	—	97.8	—	9.0	—
	1965	15	8.5	59.9	30.9	42.0	36.7	102.1	31.1	9.9	45.8
	1966	17	9.7	67.9	29.9	45.0	37.6	119.9	32.6	10.8	43.9
	1967	15	8.6	64.7	27.7	43.4	35.0	116.5	29.1	9.2	36.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	71	—	111.1	—	63.6	—	183.5	—	11.5	—
	1964	67	—	112.9	—	66.0	—	198.8	—	12.4	—
	1965	72	40.7	124.5	64.2	68.4	59.8	208.0	63.5	11.1	51.4
	1966	82	46.9	150.0	66.1	71.6	59.7	231.2	62.8	13.4	54.5
	1967	89	51.2	160.8	68.8	77.4	62.3	267.6	66.9	15.3	61.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	85	—	160.2	—	96.6	—	264.5	—	18.4	—
	1964	82	—	174.1	—	107.0	—	296.6	—	21.4	—
	1965	87	49.2	184.4	95.1	110.4	96.5	310.1	94.6	21.0	97.2
	1966	99	56.6	217.9	96.0	116.6	97.3	351.1	95.4	24.2	98.4
	1967	104	59.8	225.5	96.5	120.8	97.3	384.1	96.0	24.5	98.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	90	50.8	9.6	4.9	4.0	3.5	17.7	5.4	.6	2.8
	1966	76	43.4	9.1	4.0	3.2	2.7	17.0	4.6	.4	1.6
	1967	70	40.2	8.1	3.5	3.3	2.7	16.2	4.0	.5	2.0
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	177	100.0	194.0	100.0	114.4	100.0	327.8	100.0	21.6	100.0
	1966	175	100.0	227.0	100.0	119.8	100.0	368.1	100.0	24.6	100.0
	1967	174	100.0	233.6	100.0	124.1	100.0	400.3	100.0	25.0	100.0

TABLE 62. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Paper Products Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 62. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres produits du papier, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	34	—	104.1	—	75.5	—	127.6	—	13.5	—
	1964	36	—	135.1	—	95.4	—	145.3	—	15.3	—
	1965	37	20.8	133.0	64.3	91.2	73.4	178.2	59.7	11.8	59.6
	1966	39	22.6	142.8	66.9	96.8	73.0	186.6	61.3	12.9	62.3
	1967	37	22.5	158.6	66.1	104.6	70.8	202.5	59.4	14.1	65.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	45	—	95.4	—	68.4	—	106.3	—	9.9	—
	1964	45	—	85.1	—	60.6	—	103.2	—	13.4	—
	1965	50	28.1	60.5	29.2	30.8	24.8	101.6	34.0	5.9	29.8
	1966	54	31.2	62.8	29.4	32.3	24.3	104.3	34.3	7.1	34.3
	1967	60	36.6	74.8	31.2	40.9	27.7	127.2	37.3	7.3	33.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	79	—	199.5	—	143.9	—	233.9	—	23.4	—
	1964	81	—	220.2	—	156.0	—	248.5	—	28.7	—
	1965	87	48.9	193.5	93.5	122.0	98.2	279.8	93.7	17.7	89.4
	1966	93	53.8	205.6	96.3	129.1	97.3	290.9	95.6	20.0	96.6
	1967	97	59.1	233.4	97.3	145.5	98.5	329.7	96.7	21.4	98.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	91	51.1	13.4	6.5	2.2	1.8	18.9	6.3	2.1	10.6
	1966	80	46.2	7.8	3.7	3.6	2.7	13.3	4.4	.7	3.4
	1967	67	40.9	6.5	2.7	2.2	1.5	11.3	3.3	.3	1.4
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	178	100.0	206.9	100.0	124.2	100.0	298.7	100.0	19.8	100.0
	1966	173	100.0	213.4	100.0	132.7	100.0	304.2	100.0	20.7	100.0
	1967	164	100.0	239.9	100.0	147.7	100.0	341.0	100.0	21.7	100.0

TABLE 63. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Paper and Allied Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 63. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de papier et de produits connexes, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	81	-	1,629.3	-	962.5	-	1,050.6	-	140.0	-
	1964	85	-	1,826.0	-	1,087.1	-	1,176.3	-	192.2	-
	1965	88	20.0	1,951.8	39.4	1,125.0	39.0	1,349.2	41.4	167.6	38.3
	1966	90	20.1	2,218.8	40.5	1,203.6	41.2	1,443.1	43.1	204.4	47.0
	1967	88	20.1	2,343.0	38.8	1,215.1	39.2	1,459.0	40.9	95.1	30.4
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	156	-	2,387.0	-	1,634.5	-	1,588.6	-	263.1	-
	1964	151	-	2,796.2	-	1,735.0	-	1,709.6	-	308.5	-
	1965	159	36.1	2,978.8	60.1	1,753.7	60.8	1,873.2	57.4	267.6	61.1
	1966	178	39.9	3,242.8	59.2	1,709.7	58.5	1,874.5	55.9	229.5	52.7
	1967	193	44.2	3,676.7	60.8	1,863.7	60.0	2,059.7	57.7	215.1	68.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	237	-	4,016.3	-	2,597.0	-	2,639.2	-	403.1	-
	1964	236	-	4,622.2	-	2,822.1	-	2,885.9	-	500.7	-
	1965	247	56.1	4,930.6	99.5	2,878.7	99.8	3,222.4	98.8	435.2	99.4
	1966	268	60.0	5,461.6	99.7	2,913.5	99.7	3,317.6	99.0	433.9	99.7
	1967	281	64.3	6,019.7	99.6	3,078.8	99.2	3,518.7	98.6	310.2	99.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	193	43.9	23.7	.5	6.5	.2	37.8	1.2	2.7	.6
	1966	179	40.0	18.9	.3	7.5	.3	32.7	1.0	1.1	.3
	1967	156	35.7	25.5	.4	23.7	.8	50.5	1.4	3.1	1.0
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	440	100.0	4,954.3	100.0	2,885.2	100.0	3,260.2	100.0	437.9	100.0
	1966	447	100.0	5,480.5	100.0	2,921.0	100.0	3,350.3	100.0	435.0	100.0
	1967	437	100.0	6,045.2	100.0	3,102.5	100.0	3,569.2	100.0	313.3	100.0

TABLE 64. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Commercial Printing Industry, 1966-1967

TABLEAU 64. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, impressions commerciales, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	21	-	47.7	-	35.2	-	36.8	-	4.8	-
	1964	20	-	48.0	-	33.8	-	40.3	-	5.0	-
	1965	25	2.1	50.9	16.8	36.1	22.0	44.8	10.0	5.4	19.6
	1966	28	2.3	60.5	17.8	42.7	23.4	57.0	11.2	6.0	17.5
	1967	25	1.9	57.0	15.8	39.4	20.9	55.3	10.0	5.2	15.6
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	165	-	152.4	-	82.8	-	229.7	-	13.2	-
	1964	153	-	157.4	-	86.1	-	238.9	-	15.6	-
	1965	190	15.8	179.4	59.3	96.7	58.8	281.6	62.8	17.7	64.4
	1966	213	17.4	210.5	61.9	110.0	60.2	329.7	64.5	22.8	66.7
	1967	227	17.2	228.4	63.3	117.3	62.3	362.7	65.4	23.2	69.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	186	-	200.1	-	118.0	-	266.5	-	18.0	-
	1964	173	-	205.4	-	119.9	-	279.2	-	20.6	-
	1965	215	17.9	230.3	76.1	132.8	80.8	326.4	72.8	23.1	84.0
	1966	241	19.7	271.0	79.7	152.7	83.6	386.7	75.7	28.8	84.2
	1967	252	19.1	285.4	79.1	156.7	83.2	418.0	75.4	28.4	85.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	985	82.1	72.3	23.9	31.5	19.2	121.8	27.2	4.4	16.0
	1966	981	80.3	68.9	20.3	30.0	16.4	124.4	24.3	5.4	15.8
	1967	1,065	80.9	75.2	20.9	31.6	16.8	136.7	24.6	5.0	15.0
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	1,206	100.0	302.6	100.0	164.3	100.0	448.2	100.0	27.5	100.0
	1966	1,222	100.0	339.9	100.0	182.7	100.0	511.1	100.0	34.2	100.0
	1967	1,317	100.0	360.6	100.0	188.3	100.0	554.7	100.0	33.4	100.0

TABLE 65. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Engraving and Allied Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 65. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, gravure et industries connexes, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1966	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1967	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident										
1963	24	—	16.3	—	10.7	—	26.4	—	1.8	—
1964	26	—	18.7	—	11.7	—	30.3	—	2.3	—
1965	36	15.2	26.9	67.6	16.7	74.9	34.1	59.2	3.9	79.6
1966	39	19.4	28.5	70.5	15.8	76.0	42.6	66.7	3.5	81.4
1967	43	22.4	33.8	76.5	19.6	80.7	47.5	70.4	4.0	81.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.										
1963	24	—	16.3	—	10.7	—	26.4	—	1.8	—
1964	26	—	18.7	—	11.7	—	30.3	—	2.3	—
1965	36	15.2	26.9	67.6	16.7	74.9	34.1	59.2	3.9	79.6
1966	39	19.4	28.5	70.5	15.8	76.0	42.6	66.7	3.5	81.4
1967	43	22.4	33.8	76.5	19.6	80.7	47.5	70.4	4.0	81.6
Other corporations - Autres corporations										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	201	84.8	12.9	32.4	5.6	25.1	23.5	40.8	1.0	20.4
1966	162	80.6	11.9	29.5	5.0	24.0	21.3	33.3	.8	18.6
1967	149	77.6	10.4	23.5	4.7	19.3	20.0	29.6	.9	18.4
Total										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	237	100.0	39.8	100.0	22.3	100.0	57.6	100.0	4.9	100.0
1966	201	100.0	40.4	100.0	20.8	100.0	63.9	100.0	4.3	100.0
1967	192	100.0	44.2	100.0	24.3	100.0	67.5	100.0	4.9	100.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 66. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Publishing Industry only, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 66. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, édition seulement, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident										
1963	13	—	25.7	—	10.2	—	36.2	—	3.3	—
1964	11	—	25.5	—	10.1	—	37.3	—	4.0	—
1965	15	4.0	33.8	50.3	14.3	51.2	45.7	49.8	6.4	—
1966	15	5.5	37.5	52.6	16.0	67.5	54.1	49.5	7.1	—
1967	14	5.6	39.3	53.7	18.0	67.9	60.6	49.8	7.4	77.9
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident										
1963	19	—	11.0	—	6.2	—	15.7	—	.8	—
1964	18	—	11.6	—	6.0	—	18.4	—	1.7	—
1965	28	7.5	18.7	27.8	9.4	33.7	23.6	25.7	2.6	—
1966	34	12.4	22.9	32.1	4.9	20.7	38.4	35.1	1.4	—
1967	38	15.3	24.1	32.9	6.8	25.7	45.3	37.2	2.1	22.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.										
1963	32	—	36.7	—	16.4	—	51.9	—	4.1	—
1964	29	—	37.1	—	16.1	—	55.7	—	5.7	—
1965	43	11.5	52.5	78.1	23.7	84.9	69.3	75.5	9.0	—
1966	49	17.9	60.4	84.7	20.9	88.2	92.5	84.6	8.5	—
1967	52	20.9	63.4	86.6	24.8	93.6	105.9	87.0	9.5	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	332	88.5	14.7	21.9	4.2	15.1	22.5	24.5	- .7	—
1966	225	82.1	10.9	15.3	2.8	11.8	16.9	15.4	- .2	—
1967	197	79.1	9.8	13.4	1.7	6.4	15.8	13.0	—	—
Total										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	375	100.0	67.2	100.0	27.9	100.0	91.8	100.0	8.3	—
1966	274	100.0	71.3	100.0	23.7	100.0	109.4	100.0	8.3	—
1967	249	100.0	73.2	100.0	26.5	100.0	121.7	100.0	9.5	100.0

TABLE 67. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Publishing and Printing Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 67. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, édition et impression, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	8	—	9.4	—	3.4	—	8.1	—	.7	—
	1964	8	—	5.2	—	2.3	—	5.5	—	.8	—
	1965	8	1.7	7.5	1.8	3.8	1.5	9.4	2.2	1.1	2.0
	1966	11	2.0	16.0	3.7	5.9	2.2	23.2	4.9	1.5	2.8
	1967	8	1.3	12.9	2.8	4.3	1.4	19.7	3.9	1.2	2.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	85	—	313.6	—	189.4	—	336.6	—	41.6	—
	1964	80	—	314.7	—	189.0	—	347.9	—	46.3	—
	1965	93	19.7	364.7	89.6	232.3	91.9	375.6	87.6	51.1	93.6
	1966	94	17.4	386.0	89.4	249.8	93.6	406.7	85.6	50.9	95.0
	1967	102	17.1	405.1	86.9	270.6	91.1	411.1	82.0	47.7	89.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	93	—	323.0	—	192.8	—	344.7	—	42.3	—
	1964	88	—	319.9	—	191.3	—	353.4	—	47.1	—
	1965	101	21.4	372.2	91.4	236.1	93.4	385.0	89.8	52.2	95.6
	1966	105	19.4	402.0	93.1	255.7	95.8	429.9	90.5	52.4	97.8
	1967	110	18.4	418.0	89.7	274.9	92.5	430.8	85.9	48.9	91.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	372	78.6	35.0	8.6	16.8	6.6	43.9	10.2	2.4	4.4
	1966	437	80.6	29.6	6.9	11.3	4.2	45.2	9.5	1.2	2.2
	1967	488	81.6	48.1	10.3	22.4	7.5	70.8	14.1	4.3	8.1
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	473	100.0	407.2	100.0	252.9	100.0	428.9	100.0	54.6	100.0
	1966	542	100.0	431.6	100.0	267.0	100.0	475.1	100.0	53.6	100.0
	1967	598	100.0	466.1	100.0	297.3	100.0	501.6	100.0	53.2	100.0

TABLE 68. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 68. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries d'impression, d'édition et des activités connexes, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	42	—	82.8	—	48.8	—	81.1	—	8.8	—
	1964	39	—	78.7	—	46.2	—	83.1	—	9.8	—
	1965	48	2.1	92.2	11.3	54.2	11.6	99.9	9.7	12.9	13.5
	1966	54	2.4	114.0	12.9	64.6	13.1	134.3	11.6	14.6	14.5
	1967	49	2.1	109.9	11.6	62.0	11.6	136.9	11.0	13.9	13.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	293	—	493.3	—	289.1	—	608.4	—	57.4	—
	1964	277	—	502.4	—	292.8	—	635.5	—	65.9	—
	1965	347	15.2	589.6	72.2	355.1	76.0	714.9	69.7	75.3	79.0
	1966	380	17.0	647.9	73.4	380.5	77.0	817.4	70.5	78.6	78.3
	1967	408	17.3	690.6	73.2	414.0	77.1	865.1	69.4	76.8	76.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	335	—	576.1	—	337.9	—	689.5	—	66.2	—
	1964	316	—	581.1	—	359.0	—	718.6	—	73.7	—
	1965	395	17.3	681.8	83.5	409.3	87.6	814.8	79.4	88.2	92.5
	1966	434	19.4	761.9	86.3	445.1	90.1	951.7	82.1	93.2	92.8
	1967	457	19.4	800.5	84.8	476.0	88.7	1002.0	80.4	90.7	89.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,890	82.7	135.0	16.5	58.1	12.4	211.7	20.6	7.1	7.5
	1966	1,805	80.6	121.3	13.7	49.1	9.9	207.8	17.9	7.2	7.2
	1967	1,899	80.6	143.6	15.2	60.4	11.3	243.5	19.6	10.3	10.2
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	2,285	100.0	816.8	100.0	467.4	100.0	1,026.5	100.0	95.3	100.0
	1966	2,239	100.0	883.2	100.0	494.2	100.0	1,159.5	100.0	100.4	100.0
	1967	2,356	100.0	944.1	100.0	536.4	100.0	1,245.5	100.0	101.0	100.0

TABLE 69. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Iron and Steel Mills Industries, 1963-1967

TABLERAU 69. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, industries du fer et de l'acier, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	17	—	416.1	—	230.9	—	337.8	—	36.3	—
	1964	18	—	467.9	—	238.9	—	405.8	—	20.9	—
	1965	19	18.4	518.9	26.1	246.3	21.8	400.1	26.3	26.7	12.1
	1966	14	11.3	498.1	23.2	243.1	20.4	424.3	27.6	11.1	6.1
	1967	17	18.3	512.4	22.0	264.9	21.0	405.2	27.4	3.9	2.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	26	—	1,087.7	—	709.5	—	864.0	—	173.9	—
	1964	27	—	1,284.1	—	808.3	—	1,011.4	—	170.1	—
	1965	28	27.2	1,467.7	73.7	879.2	78.0	1,113.5	73.3	194.6	87.8
	1966	29	23.4	1,642.7	76.5	948.3	79.4	1,097.3	71.4	169.6	93.5
	1967	33	35.5	1,812.8	77.8	992.9	78.9	1,067.9	72.1	129.5	96.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	43	—	1,503.8	—	940.4	—	1,201.8	—	210.2	—
	1964	45	—	1,752.0	—	1,047.2	—	1,417.2	—	191.0	—
	1965	47	45.6	1,986.6	99.8	1,125.5	99.8	1,513.6	99.6	221.3	99.9
	1966	43	34.7	2,140.8	99.7	1,191.4	99.8	1,521.6	99.0	180.7	99.6
	1967	50	53.8	2,325.2	99.8	1,257.8	99.9	1,473.1	99.5	133.4	99.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	56	54.4	4.1	.2	1.8	.2	5.9	.4	.2	.1
	1966	81	65.3	7.0	.3	2.7	.2	14.9	1.0	.8	.4
	1967	43	46.2	3.8	.2	1.2	.1	7.6	.5	.4	.3
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	103	100.0	1,990.7	100.0	1,127.3	100.0	1,519.5	100.0	221.5	100.0
	1966	124	100.0	2,147.8	100.0	1,194.1	100.0	1,536.5	100.0	181.5	100.0
	1967	93	100.0	2,329.0	100.0	1,259.0	100.0	1,480.7	100.0	133.8	100.0

TABLE 70. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Iron Foundries Industry, 1963-1967

TABLERAU 70. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fonderies, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident		1963	7	—	15.6	—	12.2	—	17.1	—	.8	—
		1964	6	—	14.0	—	11.1	—	17.2	—	1.3	—
		1965	7	6.2	15.9	11.4	12.5	19.0	21.7	9.8	1.8	18.6
		1966	8	7.7	42.6	23.9	36.2	37.1	38.7	15.3	3.7	18.0
		1967	10	9.5	69.3	33.0	36.8	36.7	57.9	22.0	3.5	23.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	28	—	85.1	—	40.0	—	137.6	—	4.4	—
		1964	28	—	97.4	—	42.5	—	155.2	—	9.3	—
		1965	43	38.0	117.6	84.2	50.3	76.3	188.4	85.4	7.5	77.3
		1966	50	48.1	130.3	73.0	59.2	60.7	205.5	81.1	16.6	80.5
		1967	55	52.4	136.9	65.1	61.6	61.3	197.1	75.1	11.0	74.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.		1963	35	—	100.7	—	52.2	—	154.7	—	5.2	—
		1964	34	—	111.4	—	53.6	—	172.4	—	10.6	—
		1965	50	44.2	133.5	95.6	62.8	95.3	210.1	95.2	9.3	95.9
		1966	58	55.8	172.9	96.9	95.4	97.8	244.2	96.4	20.3	98.5
		1967	65	61.9	206.2	98.1	98.4	98.0	255.0	97.1	14.5	98.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	63	55.8	6.1	4.4	3.1	4.7	10.5	4.8	.4	4.1
		1966	46	44.2	5.6	3.1	2.1	2.2	9.2	3.6	.3	1.5
		1967	40	38.1	4.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	7.6	2.9	.2	1.4
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	113	100.0	139.6	100.0	65.9	100.0	220.6	100.0	9.7	100.0
		1966	104	100.0	178.5	100.0	97.5	100.0	253.4	100.0	20.6	100.0
		1967	105	100.0	210.3	100.0	100.4	100.0	262.6	100.0	14.7	100.0

TABLE 71. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Smelting and Refining Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 71. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fonte et affinage des métaux, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	22	—	1,944.3	—	1,057.3	—	938.4	—	168.3	—
	1964	24	—	2,084.6	—	1,175.6	—	1,107.3	—	312.2	—
	1965	28	16.7	2,242.5	87.3	1,294.4	88.5	1,253.1	81.3	379.3	92.7
	1966	30	18.2	2,322.7	85.5	1,358.1	87.9	1,318.0	80.5	278.0	88.6
	1967	28	17.6	2,410.2	84.9	1,333.3	86.8	1,340.5	80.1	276.2	88.1
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	29	—	158.4	—	100.1	—	120.2	—	21.1	—
	1964	35	—	170.8	—	106.8	—	178.1	—	24.3	—
	1965	43	25.6	218.8	8.5	113.4	7.7	210.6	13.7	26.8	6.6
	1966	56	33.9	301.5	11.1	133.2	8.6	263.3	16.1	35.0	11.1
	1967	58	36.5	420.6	14.8	200.0	13.0	318.7	19.1	36.2	11.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	51	—	2,102.7	—	1,157.4	—	1,058.6	—	189.4	—
	1964	59	—	2,255.4	—	1,282.4	—	1,285.4	—	336.5	—
	1965	71	42.3	2,461.3	95.8	1,407.8	96.2	1,463.7	95.0	406.1	99.3
	1966	86	52.1	2,624.2	96.6	1,491.3	96.5	1,581.3	96.6	313.0	99.7
	1967	86	54.1	2,830.8	99.7	1,533.3	99.8	1,659.2	99.2	312.4	99.6
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	97	57.7	107.2	4.2	56.3	3.8	77.2	5.0	2.7	.7
	1966	79	47.9	93.4	3.4	54.4	3.5	55.9	3.4	.8	.3
	1967	73	45.9	8.2	.3	3.6	.2	14.2	.8	1.4	.4
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	168	100.0	2,568.5	100.0	1,464.1	100.0	1,540.9	100.0	408.8	100.0
	1966	165	100.0	2,717.6	100.0	1,545.7	100.0	1,637.2	100.0	313.8	100.0
	1967	159	100.0	2,839.0	100.0	1,536.9	100.0	1,673.4	100.0	313.8	100.0

TABLE 72. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Primary Metals Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 72. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries des métaux primaires, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	46	—	2,376.0	—	1,300.4	—	1,293.3	—	205.4	—
	1964	48	—	2,566.6	—	1,425.6	—	1,530.3	—	334.3	—
	1965	54	14.0	2,777.4	59.1	1,553.2	58.5	1,674.9	51.0	407.8	63.7
	1966	52	13.2	2,863.4	56.8	1,637.4	57.7	1,781.0	52.0	292.8	56.7
	1967	55	15.4	2,992.0	55.6	1,635.0	56.5	1,803.5	52.8	283.5	61.3
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	83	—	1,331.2	—	849.6	—	1,121.8	—	199.4	—
	1964	90	—	1,552.3	—	957.6	—	1,344.7	—	203.7	—
	1965	114	29.7	1,304.0	38.4	1,042.9	39.2	1,512.5	46.1	228.9	35.8
	1966	135	34.4	2,074.5	41.1	1,140.7	40.2	1,566.1	45.7	221.2	42.9
	1967	146	40.9	2,370.3	44.1	1,254.5	43.3	1,583.7	46.3	176.7	38.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	129	—	3,707.2	—	2,150.0	—	2,415.1	—	404.8	—
	1964	138	—	4,118.9	—	2,383.2	—	2,875.0	—	538.0	—
	1965	168	43.7	4,581.4	97.5	2,596.1	97.7	3,187.4	97.1	636.7	99.5
	1966	187	47.6	4,937.9	97.9	2,778.1	97.9	3,347.1	97.7	514.0	99.6
	1967	201	56.3	5,362.3	99.7	2,889.5	99.8	3,387.2	99.1	460.2	99.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	216	56.3	117.4	2.5	61.2	2.3	93.6	2.9	3.3	.5
	1966	206	52.4	106.0	2.1	59.2	2.1	80.0	2.3	1.9	.4
	1967	156	43.7	16.0	.3	6.8	.2	29.5	.9	2.1	.5
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	384	100.0	4,698.8	100.0	2,657.3	100.0	3,281.0	100.0	640.0	100.0
	1966	393	100.0	5,043.9	100.0	2,837.3	100.0	3,427.1	100.0	515.9	100.0
	1967	357	100.0	5,378.3	100.0	2,896.3	100.0	3,416.7	100.0	462.3	100.0

TABLE 73. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Boiler and Plate Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 73. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, chaudières et plaques, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	5	—	29.1	—	13.3	—	39.0	—	1.4	—
	1964	4	—	36.7	—	13.9	—	38.5	—	2.8	—
	1965	7	12.5	46.2	60.5	15.6	54.2	52.3	53.6	3.8	63.4
	1966	8	15.4	57.9	66.3	21.8	61.8	91.5	66.6	5.7	78.1
	1967	9	15.5	66.1	68.9	24.7	63.3	88.2	66.5	6.3	81.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	25	—	21.8	—	10.7	—	31.7	—	1.4	—
	1964	24	—	23.3	—	11.7	—	35.3	—	1.8	—
	1965	23	41.1	26.2	34.3	12.3	42.7	38.5	39.5	2.0	33.3
	1966	30	57.7	27.9	32.0	12.9	36.5	43.5	31.7	1.6	21.9
	1967	32	55.2	27.8	29.0	13.6	34.9	40.5	30.6	1.4	18.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	30	—	50.9	—	24.0	—	70.7	—	2.8	—
	1964	28	—	60.0	—	25.6	—	73.8	—	4.6	—
	1965	30	53.6	72.4	94.8	27.9	96.9	90.8	93.1	5.8	96.7
	1966	38	73.1	85.8	98.3	34.7	98.3	135.0	98.3	7.3	100.0
	1967	41	70.7	93.9	97.9	38.3	98.2	128.7	97.1	7.7	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	26	46.4	4.0	5.2	.9	3.1	6.7	6.9	.2	3.3
	1966	14	26.9	1.5	1.7	.6	1.7	2.4	1.7	—	—
	1967	17	29.3	2.0	2.1	.7	1.8	3.9	2.9	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	56	100.0	76.4	100.0	28.8	100.0	97.5	100.0	6.0	100.0
	1966	52	100.0	87.3	100.0	35.3	100.0	137.4	100.0	7.3	100.0
	1967	58	100.0	95.9	100.0	39.0	100.0	132.6	100.0	7.7	100.0

TABLE 74. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Structural Steel Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 74. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, acier de charpente, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1964	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1965	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	1	—
	1966	4	3.6	59.9	15.0	15.9	10.4	40.4	9.8	6.2	18.8
	1967	4	4.4	77.1	19.5	18.8	11.7	36.1	8.6	6.3	27.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	37	—	181.3	—	99.7	—	222.4	—	7.2	—
	1964	37	—	211.2	—	106.7	—	250.4	—	14.3	—
	1965	48	62.3	291.1	98.6	132.2	99.2	332.9	98.1	33.1	99.4
	1966	57	50.9	328.7	82.2	130.4	85.3	361.0	87.3	26.1	79.4
	1967	55	60.4	305.1	77.4	134.7	83.5	368.5	87.8	16.1	69.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	37	—	181.3	—	99.7	—	222.4	—	7.2	—
	1964	37	—	211.2	—	106.7	—	250.4	—	14.3	—
	1965	48	62.3	291.1	98.6	132.2	99.2	332.9	98.1	33.1	99.4
	1966	1	54.5	388.6	97.2	146.3	95.7	401.4	97.1	32.3	98.2
	1967	59	64.8	382.2	96.9	153.5	95.2	404.6	96.4	22.4	96.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	29	37.7	4.1	1.4	1.0	.8	6.3	1.9	.2	.6
	1966	51	45.5	11.1	2.8	6.5	4.3	12.1	2.9	.6	1.8
	1967	32	35.2	12.3	3.1	7.7	4.8	14.9	3.6	.9	3.9
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	77	100.0	295.2	100.0	133.2	100.0	339.2	100.0	33.3	100.0
	1966	112	100.0	399.7	100.0	152.8	100.0	413.5	100.0	32.9	100.0
	1967	91	100.0	394.5	100.0	161.2	100.0	419.5	100.0	23.3	100.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 75. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Ornamental Iron Works Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 75. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fer forgé, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	17	—	21.7	—	10.4	—	26.9	—	1.1	—
	1964	18	—	24.5	—	12.0	—	35.0	—	1.5	—
	1965	24	6.3	30.5	25.1	11.5	27.2	42.9	22.2	1.8	32.7
	1966	26	8.6	32.7	23.1	14.4	31.0	49.7	22.0	3.0	33.0
	1967	23	7.2	31.3	27.9	13.7	36.9	47.8	24.5	2.3	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	59	—	52.0	—	23.1	—	78.7	—	2.4	—
	1964	54	—	52.8	—	23.9	—	72.8	—	2.6	—
	1965	83	22.0	69.7	57.2	23.9	56.5	111.1	57.5	3.0	54.6
	1966	94	31.1	94.3	66.6	27.2	58.7	148.6	65.9	5.7	62.6
	1967	97	30.3	77.1	68.7	19.5	52.6	127.7	65.3	1.1	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	76	—	73.7	—	33.5	—	105.6	—	3.5	—
	1964	72	—	77.3	—	35.9	—	107.8	—	4.1	—
	1965	107	28.3	100.2	82.3	35.4	83.7	154.0	79.7	4.8	87.3
	1966	120	39.7	127.0	89.7	41.6	89.7	198.3	87.9	8.7	95.6
	1967	120	37.5	108.4	96.6	33.2	89.5	175.5	89.8	1.2	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	271	71.7	21.5	17.7	6.9	16.3	39.2	20.3	.7	12.7
	1966	182	60.3	14.6	10.3	4.8	10.3	27.3	12.1	.4	4.4
	1967	200	62.5	3.8	3.4	3.9	10.5	19.9	10.2	7.7	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	378	100.0	121.7	100.0	42.3	100.0	193.2	100.0	5.5	100.0
	1966	302	100.0	141.6	100.0	46.4	100.0	225.6	100.0	9.1	100.0
	1967	320	100.0	112.2	100.0	37.1	100.0	195.4	100.0	8.9	—

TABLE 76. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Metal Stamping Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 76. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, estampage des métaux, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident		1963	33	—	194.4	—	133.0	—	256.6	—	26.4	—
		1964	37	—	210.1	—	134.5	—	285.8	—	29.8	—
		1965	45	7.4	241.0	55.6	144.0	65.1	302.2	50.0	34.6	72.6
		1966	49	8.0	279.0	56.0	159.8	64.0	370.9	49.9	40.4	68.5
		1967	54	7.6	392.1	62.6	181.8	64.9	411.1	51.6	42.6	70.2
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	100	—	104.2	—	53.3	—	176.2	—	6.8	—
		1964	107	—	125.8	—	58.3	—	196.4	—	9.1	—
		1965	146	24.2	155.9	35.9	64.0	28.9	239.6	39.6	10.6	22.2
		1966	160	26.3	182.5	36.6	76.8	30.8	306.8	41.2	16.4	27.8
		1967	177	25.1	193.3	30.9	83.8	29.9	309.8	38.9	15.6	25.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.		1963	133	—	298.6	—	186.3	—	432.8	—	33.2	—
		1964	144	—	335.9	—	192.8	—	482.2	—	38.9	—
		1965	191	31.6	396.9	91.5	208.0	94.0	541.8	89.6	45.2	94.8
		1966	209	34.3	461.5	92.6	236.6	94.8	677.7	91.1	56.8	96.3
		1967	231	32.7	585.4	93.5	265.6	94.8	720.9	90.5	58.2	95.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	413	68.4	36.9	8.5	13.2	6.0	62.6	10.4	2.5	5.2
		1966	401	65.7	36.9	7.4	12.9	5.2	66.0	8.9	2.2	3.7
		1967	475	67.3	41.0	6.5	14.6	5.2	75.7	9.5	2.5	4.1
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	604	100.0	433.8	100.0	221.2	100.0	604.4	100.0	47.7	100.0
		1966	610	100.0	498.4	100.0	249.5	100.0	743.7	100.0	59.0	100.0
		1967	706	100.0	626.4	100.0	280.2	100.0	796.6	100.0	60.7	100.0

TABLE 77. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Wire and Wire Products Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 77. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fils métalliques et produits connexes, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	28	—	60.1	—	43.2	—	77.3	—	10.2	—
	1964	28	—	64.2	—	39.7	—	93.2	—	10.4	—
	1965	34	17.2	86.2	52.7	47.1	55.3	121.1	57.0	14.1	68.5
	1966	40	21.4	108.5	56.0	61.7	63.1	133.8	55.4	14.0	63.7
	1967	33	18.6	75.3	37.4	47.4	42.0	87.8	37.7	9.1	50.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	38	—	56.5	—	32.1	—	77.2	—	6.5	—
	1964	36	—	70.2	—	38.3	—	85.6	—	9.6	—
	1965	45	22.7	67.4	41.2	33.9	39.8	75.5	35.5	5.9	28.6
	1966	50	26.7	75.5	38.9	32.1	32.9	90.8	37.6	7.2	32.7
	1967	55	31.1	113.3	56.3	58.8	52.1	122.8	52.8	8.0	44.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations dé-	1963	66	—	116.6	—	75.3	—	154.5	—	16.7	—
clarantes.	1964	64	—	134.4	—	78.0	—	178.8	—	20.0	—
	1965	79	39.9	153.6	93.9	81.0	95.1	196.6	92.5	20.0	97.1
	1966	90	48.1	184.0	94.9	93.8	96.0	224.6	93.0	21.2	96.4
	1967	88	49.7	188.6	93.7	106.2	94.1	210.6	90.5	17.1	94.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	119	60.1	10.0	6.1	4.2	4.9	15.9	7.5	.6	2.9
	1966	97	51.9	9.9	5.1	3.9	4.0	17.0	7.0	.8	3.6
	1967	89	50.3	12.6	6.3	6.6	5.9	22.2	9.5	1.1	6.0
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	198	100.0	163.6	100.0	85.2	100.0	212.5	100.0	20.6	100.0
	1966	187	100.0	193.9	100.0	97.7	100.0	241.6	100.0	22.0	100.0
	1967	177	100.0	201.2	100.0	112.8	100.0	232.8	100.0	18.2	100.0

TABLE 78. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Hardware and Tools Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 78. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, fabrication de quincaillerie et d'outils, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	34	—	62.0	—	43.6	—	79.4	—	12.2	—
	1964	38	—	77.5	—	52.1	—	100.8	—	11.2	—
	1965	41	11.9	87.2	56.3	72.7	67.1	114.7	55.2	12.4	69.3
	1966	46	12.1	95.1	57.8	63.6	64.8	113.5	51.0	10.7	59.4
	1967	48	10.8	97.0	54.6	64.6	61.2	119.0	48.3	11.8	57.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-resident	1963	48	—	37.0	—	21.2	—	54.8	—	3.9	—
	1964	48	—	34.0	—	19.2	—	50.7	—	4.1	—
	1965	68	19.7	47.3	30.5	26.6	24.5	62.6	30.1	4.1	22.9
	1966	72	19.0	45.9	27.9	25.0	25.5	71.6	32.1	5.2	28.9
	1967	83	18.6	52.0	29.2	29.3	27.7	81.7	33.1	6.4	30.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations dé-clarantes.	1963	82	—	99.0	—	64.8	—	134.2	—	16.1	—
	1964	86	—	111.5	—	71.3	—	151.5	—	15.3	—
	1965	109	31.6	134.5	86.8	99.3	91.6	177.3	85.3	16.5	92.2
	1966	118	31.1	141.0	85.7	88.6	90.3	185.1	83.1	15.9	88.3
	1967	131	29.4	149.0	83.8	93.9	88.9	200.7	81.4	18.2	87.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	236	68.4	20.5	13.2	9.1	8.4	30.6	14.7	1.4	7.8
	1966	262	68.9	23.6	14.3	9.5	9.7	37.6	16.9	2.1	11.7
	1967	315	70.6	28.9	16.2	11.7	11.1	45.9	18.6	2.5	12.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	345	100.0	155.0	100.0	108.4	100.0	207.9	100.0	17.9	100.0
	1966	380	100.0	164.6	100.0	98.1	100.0	222.7	100.0	18.0	100.0
	1967	446	100.0	177.9	100.0	105.6	100.0	246.6	100.0	20.7	100.0

TABLE 79. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Heating Equipment Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 79. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, appareils de chauffage, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	15	—	28.4	—	17.5	—	40.9	—	2.7	—
	1964	13	—	34.5	—	22.2	—	53.1	—	2.0	—
	1965	16	13.0	38.3	34.3	18.9	35.5	63.2	47.0	1.7	—
	1966	18	16.5	40.5	34.6	13.0	26.1	63.5	47.1	2.0	—
	1967	18	19.5	35.3	30.4	22.7	36.8	57.1	42.8	2.4	35.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	28	—	43.4	—	20.7	—	57.7	—	3.7	—
	1964	26	—	59.7	—	28.9	—	60.2	—	4.2	—
	1965	34	27.7	67.3	60.2	32.1	60.4	61.9	46.0	2.9	—
	1966	29	26.6	71.3	60.8	35.0	70.3	61.3	45.5	2.8	—
	1967	32	34.8	76.3	65.6	37.2	60.3	68.4	51.3	4.3	63.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	43	—	71.8	—	38.2	—	98.6	—	6.4	—
	1964	39	—	94.2	—	51.1	—	113.3	—	6.2	—
	1965	50	40.7	105.6	94.5	51.0	95.9	125.1	93.0	1.2	—
	1966	47	43.1	111.8	95.4	48.0	96.4	124.8	92.6	1.8	—
	1967	50	54.3	111.6	96.0	59.9	97.1	125.5	94.1	6.7	98.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	73	59.3	6.1	5.5	2.2	4.1	9.4	7.0	1.1	—
	1966	62	56.9	5.4	4.6	1.8	3.6	10.0	7.4	1.2	—
	1967	42	45.7	4.6	4.0	1.8	2.9	7.9	5.9	1.1	1.5
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	123	100.0	111.7	100.0	53.2	100.0	134.5	100.0	1.1	—
	1966	109	100.0	117.2	100.0	49.8	100.0	134.8	100.0	1.0	—
	1967	92	100.0	116.2	100.0	61.7	100.0	133.4	100.0	6.8	100.0

TABLE 80. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Machine Shops Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 80. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, ateliers d'usinage, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident		1963	4	—	3.6	—	2.0	—	6.0	—	.2	—
		1964	4	—	2.7	—	1.7	—	3.9	—	.5	—
		1965	4	.6	2.1	2.4	1.2	3.3	2.3	1.6	.1	—
		1966	3	.4	1.4	1.3	.6	1.4	1.7	1.0	.2	2.2
		1967	4	.5	3.3	2.8	.8	1.7	2.9	1.5	.1	1.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	42	—	24.1	—	10.5	—	38.6	—	1.9	—
		1964	51	—	26.8	—	11.1	—	40.8	—	2.0	—
		1965	86	13.7	43.4	49.4	16.5	44.8	72.1	51.1	3.2	—
		1966	110	15.7	58.2	54.6	22.5	51.8	94.8	55.4	5.0	54.3
		1967	122	16.1	65.7	56.4	26.3	54.4	113.7	58.4	6.3	62.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.		1963	46	—	27.7	—	12.5	—	44.6	—	2.1	—
		1964	55	—	29.5	—	12.8	—	44.7	—	2.5	—
		1965	90	14.3	45.5	51.8	17.7	48.1	74.4	52.7	3.1	—
		1966	113	16.1	59.6	55.9	23.1	53.2	96.5	56.4	5.2	56.5
		1967	126	16.6	69.0	59.2	27.1	56.1	116.6	59.9	6.4	63.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	539	85.7	42.4	48.2	19.1	51.9	66.7	47.3	3.3	—
		1966	591	83.9	47.1	44.1	20.3	46.8	74.6	43.6	4.0	43.5
		1967	635	83.4	47.6	40.8	21.2	43.9	78.2	40.1	3.7	36.6
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	629	100.0	87.9	100.0	36.8	100.0	141.1	100.0	6.4	—
		1966	704	100.0	106.7	100.0	43.4	100.0	171.1	100.0	9.2	100.0
		1967	761	100.0	116.6	100.0	48.3	100.0	194.8	100.0	10.1	100.0

TABLE 81. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Miscellaneous Metal Fabricating Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 81. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits métalliques divers, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	66	—	150.3	—	78.4	—	213.3	—	11.0	—
	1964	58	—	149.2	—	77.1	—	214.5	—	11.2	—
	1965	79	21.6	183.2	62.8	83.8	63.1	247.9	62.0	13.7	71.0
	1966	77	19.4	175.3	56.2	85.7	59.0	266.3	56.0	13.9	44.4
	1967	80	20.3	181.0	56.8	94.1	60.1	270.5	55.4	12.6	56.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	54	—	63.9	—	38.3	—	82.6	—	5.6	—
	1964	58	—	80.7	—	42.1	—	113.3	—	4.7	—
	1965	68	18.5	83.6	28.7	37.5	28.3	120.3	30.1	4.7	24.3
	1966	84	21.1	113.8	36.5	52.4	36.0	170.7	35.9	15.7	50.2
	1967	91	23.1	116.8	36.6	54.4	34.8	180.2	36.9	8.4	37.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	120	—	214.2	—	116.7	—	295.9	—	16.6	—
	1964	116	—	229.9	—	119.2	—	327.8	—	15.9	—
	1965	147	40.1	266.8	91.5	121.3	91.4	368.2	92.1	18.4	95.3
	1966	161	40.5	289.1	92.7	138.1	95.0	437.0	91.9	29.6	94.6
	1967	171	43.4	297.8	93.4	148.5	94.9	450.7	92.3	21.0	93.3
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	220	59.9	24.7	8.5	11.4	8.6	31.4	7.9	.9	4.7
	1966	237	59.5	22.7	7.3	7.3	5.0	38.3	8.1	1.7	5.4
	1967	223	56.6	21.1	6.6	8.0	5.1	37.4	7.7	1.5	6.7
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	367	100.0	291.5	100.0	132.7	100.0	399.5	100.0	19.3	100.0
	1966	398	100.0	311.8	100.0	145.4	100.0	475.3	100.0	31.3	100.0
	1967	394	100.0	318.9	100.0	156.5	100.0	488.1	100.0	22.5	100.0

TABLE 82. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Metal Fabricating Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 82. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de produits métalliques, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	204	—	573.5	—	351.0	—	763.5	—	66.9	—
	1964	201	—	609.0	—	361.0	—	834.9	—	70.1	—
	1965	251	9.0	728.5	41.9	403.2	47.9	965.3	41.5	79.9	50.7
	1966	271	9.5	850.3	42.1	436.5	47.5	1,131.3	40.9	92.1	48.5
	1967	273	9.0	958.5	44.4	468.6	46.7	1,120.6	39.4	93.5	52.3
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	429	—	560.3	—	300.0	—	795.8	—	37.7	—
	1964	440	—	674.9	—	332.4	—	895.4	—	51.8	—
	1965	600	21.6	838.1	48.3	370.7	44.0	1,095.6	47.0	68.2	43.2
	1966	686	24.0	998.1	49.4	414.3	45.1	1,349.1	48.8	85.7	45.2
	1967	744	24.4	1,027.2	47.5	457.6	45.7	1,413.3	49.8	65.3	36.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	633	—	1,133.8	—	651.0	—	1,559.3	—	104.6	—
	1964	641	—	1,283.9	—	693.4	—	1,730.3	—	121.9	—
	1965	831	30.6	1,566.6	90.2	773.9	91.9	2,060.9	88.5	148.1	93.9
	1966	957	33.5	1,848.4	91.5	850.8	92.6	2,480.4	89.7	177.8	93.7
	1967	1,017	33.4	1,985.7	91.9	926.2	92.4	2,533.9	89.2	158.8	88.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,926	69.4	170.3	9.8	67.9	8.1	269.0	11.5	9.7	6.1
	1966	1,897	66.5	172.8	8.5	67.6	7.4	285.3	10.3	12.0	6.3
	1967	2,028	66.6	174.1	8.1	76.2	7.6	305.9	10.8	20.1	11.2
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	2,777	100.0	1,736.9	100.0	841.8	100.0	2,329.9	100.0	157.8	100.0
	1966	2,854	100.0	2,021.2	100.0	918.4	100.0	2,765.7	100.0	189.8	100.0
	1967	3,045	100.0	2,159.8	100.0	1,002.4	100.0	2,839.8	100.0	178.9	100.0

TABLE 83. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Agricultural Implements Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 83. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire a des non-résidents, Instruments aratoires, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....		1963	5	—	127.0	—	75.7	—	220.8	—	21.7	—
		1964	5	—	131.7	—	82.1	—	245.2	—	23.3	—
		1965	5	5.3	140.8	44.8	86.9	52.6	261.5	48.5	24.5	76.4
		1966	7	7.3	159.1	41.5	98.0	50.7	319.9	48.0	24.0	53.1
		1967	8	8.2	160.7	37.8	106.3	52.6	325.9	49.6	21.6	61.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	21	—	233.6	—	149.1	—	156.3	—	11.6	—
		1964	21	—	205.7	—	161.7	—	198.0	—	26.5	—
		1965	28	29.4	167.8	53.4	76.2	46.1	269.7	50.0	7.3	22.7
		1966	35	36.4	217.6	56.8	93.6	48.4	337.0	50.6	20.7	45.8
		1967	42	42.8	259.8	61.1	94.5	46.7	324.4	49.4	13.3	38.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.		1963	25	—	360.6	—	224.8	—	377.1	—	33.3	—
		1964	26	—	337.4	—	243.8	—	443.2	—	49.8	—
		1965	33	34.7	308.6	98.2	163.1	98.7	531.2	98.5	31.8	99.1
		1966	42	43.7	376.7	98.3	191.6	99.1	656.9	98.6	44.7	98.9
		1967	50	51.0	420.5	98.9	200.8	99.3	650.3	99.0	34.9	99.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	62	65.3	5.8	1.8	2.2	1.3	8.2	1.5	.3	.9
		1966	54	56.3	6.4	1.7	1.7	.9	9.0	1.4	.5	1.1
		1967	48	49.0	4.8	1.1	1.5	.7	6.9	1.0	.1	.3
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	95	100.0	314.4	100.0	165.3	100.0	539.4	100.0	32.1	100.0
		1966	96	100.0	383.1	100.0	193.3	100.0	665.9	100.0	45.2	100.0
		1967	98	100.0	425.3	100.0	202.3	100.0	657.2	100.0	35.0	100.0

TABLE 84. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Commercial Refrigeration Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 84. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, équipement de réfrigération, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	10	—	17.2	—	9.4	—	28.1	—	2.6	—
	1964	10	—	17.2	—	7.4	—	32.9	—	3.1	—
	1965	11	24.5	19.1	52.5	8.7	66.4	37.6	56.4	3.8	79.2
	1966	11	27.5	24.1	69.4	10.5	89.7	37.9	69.4	3.5	97.2
	1967	9	25.7	22.1	59.4	9.9	66.0	44.2	61.2	3.6	76.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	6	—	8.0	—	2.0	—	9.6	—	.6	—
	1964	5	—	5.4	—	2.8	—	11.0	—	.9	—
	1965	10	22.2	15.3	42.0	3.7	28.3	25.2	37.8	1.0	20.8
	1966	9	22.5	8.5	24.5	.3	2.6	12.9	23.6	—	—
	1967	7	20.0	13.2	35.5	4.4	29.3	24.5	34.0	1.1	23.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	16	—	25.2	—	11.4	—	37.7	—	3.2	—
	1964	15	—	22.6	—	10.2	—	43.9	—	4.0	—
	1965	21	46.5	34.4	94.5	12.4	94.7	62.8	94.2	4.8	100.0
	1966	20	50.0	32.6	93.9	10.8	92.3	50.8	93.0	3.5	97.2
	1967	16	45.7	35.3	94.9	14.3	95.3	68.7	95.2	4.7	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	24	53.3	2.0	5.5	.7	5.3	3.9	5.8	—	—
	1966	20	50.0	2.1	6.1	.9	7.7	3.8	7.0	.1	2.8
	1967	19	54.3	1.9	5.1	.7	4.7	3.5	4.8	—	—
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	45	100.0	36.4	100.0	13.1	100.0	66.7	100.0	4.8	100.0
	1966	40	100.0	34.7	100.0	11.7	100.0	54.6	100.0	3.6	100.0
	1967	35	100.0	37.2	100.0	15.0	100.0	72.2	100.0	4.7	100.0

TABLE 85. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Machinery Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 85. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres machines, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	125	—	570.8	—	328.9	—	711.8	—	74.6	—
	1964	135	—	639.5	—	345.7	—	811.9	—	85.9	—
	1965	154	22.3	767.9	77.9	385.8	82.4	950.5	75.0	92.5	91.5
	1966	164	23.3	925.9	80.1	428.4	83.8	1,099.2	76.2	97.9	86.8
	1967	178	27.6	1,031.1	84.1	483.3	86.4	1,229.1	80.0	102.2	89.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	102	—	141.7	—	60.0	—	198.9	—	8.7	—
	1964	98	—	144.5	—	61.5	—	210.6	—	9.4	—
	1965	131	19.0	178.6	18.1	70.4	15.0	255.4	20.1	6.9	6.8
	1966	146	20.8	192.1	16.6	70.8	13.8	281.7	19.5	13.3	11.8
	1967	145	22.5	161.4	13.2	67.5	12.1	255.6	16.6	11.0	9.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	227	—	712.5	—	388.9	—	910.7	—	83.3	—
	1964	233	—	784.0	—	407.2	—	1,022.5	—	95.3	—
	1965	285	41.3	946.5	96.0	456.2	97.4	1,205.9	95.1	99.4	98.3
	1966	310	44.1	1,118.0	96.7	499.2	97.6	1,380.9	95.7	111.2	98.6
	1967	323	50.1	1,192.5	97.3	550.8	98.5	1,484.7	96.6	113.2	99.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	405	58.7	39.1	4.0	12.1	2.6	62.0	4.9	1.7	1.7
	1966	393	55.9	37.9	3.3	12.3	2.4	62.8	4.3	1.6	1.4
	1967	322	49.9	33.1	2.7	8.4	1.5	51.9	3.4	1.1	1.0
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	690	100.0	985.6	100.0	468.3	100.0	1,267.9	100.0	101.1	100.0
	1966	703	100.0	1,155.9	100.0	511.5	100.0	1,443.7	100.0	112.8	100.0
	1967	645	100.0	1,225.6	100.0	559.2	100.0	1,536.6	100.0	114.3	100.0

TABLE 86. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Machinery Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 86. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de machinerie 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	140	—	715.0	—	414.0	—	960.7	—	98.9	—
	1964	150	—	788.4	—	435.2	—	1,090.0	—	112.3	—
	1965	170	20.5	927.7	69.4	481.3	74.4	1,249.6	66.6	120.8	87.6
	1966	182	21.7	1,109.1	70.5	536.9	74.9	1,457.0	67.3	125.4	77.6
	1967	195	25.1	1,213.9	71.9	599.5	77.2	1,599.2	70.6	127.4	82.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	128	—	383.3	—	211.1	—	364.8	—	20.9	—
	1964	124	—	355.6	—	226.0	—	419.6	—	36.8	—
	1965	169	20.3	361.7	27.1	150.4	23.3	550.3	29.4	15.2	11.0
	1966	190	22.6	418.2	26.6	164.7	23.0	631.6	29.2	34.0	21.0
	1967	194	24.9	434.4	25.7	166.4	21.4	604.5	26.7	25.3	16.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes,	1963	268	—	1,098.3	—	625.1	—	1,325.5	—	119.8	—
	1964	274	—	1,144.0	—	661.2	—	1,509.6	—	149.1	—
	1965	339	40.8	1,289.4	96.5	631.7	97.7	1,799.9	96.0	136.0	98.6
	1966	372	44.3	1,527.3	97.1	701.6	97.9	2,088.6	96.5	159.4	98.6
	1967	389	50.0	1,648.3	97.6	765.9	98.6	2,203.7	97.3	152.7	99.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	491	59.2	47.0	3.5	15.0	2.3	74.1	4.0	2.0	1.4
	1966	467	55.7	46.4	2.9	14.9	2.1	75.6	3.5	2.2	1.4
	1967	389	50.0	39.8	2.4	10.6	1.4	62.3	2.7	1.3	.8
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	830	100.0	1,336.4	100.0	646.7	100.0	1,874.0	100.0	138.0	100.0
	1966	839	100.0	1,573.7	100.0	716.5	100.0	2,164.2	100.0	161.6	100.0
	1967	778	100.0	1,688.1	100.0	776.5	100.0	2,266.0	100.0	154.0	100.0

TABLE 87. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Aircraft and Part Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 87. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, avions et pièces, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	21	—	382.8	—	211.4	—	373.7	—	19.9	—
	1964	20	—	428.6	—	223.6	—	439.8	—	17.7	—
	1965	20	27.4	477.0	93.3	217.5	93.7	452.9	93.0	6.4	—
	1966	22	31.4	605.1	91.8	248.1	93.7	501.2	90.5	9.6	86.5
	1967	22	29.7	700.2	91.6	254.6	93.1	657.6	91.8	19.8	90.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	16	—	29.7	—	15.7	—	30.7	—	1.3	—
	1964	16	—	29.7	—	15.8	—	36.0	—	1.6	—
	1965	16	21.9	31.6	6.2	14.3	6.2	30.8	6.3	1.3	—
	1966	20	28.6	52.4	8.0	15.9	6.0	49.4	8.9	1.2	10.8
	1967	22	29.7	61.8	8.1	18.3	6.7	55.5	7.7	1.2	5.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	37	—	412.5	—	227.1	—	404.4	—	21.2	—
	1964	36	—	458.3	—	239.4	—	475.8	—	19.3	—
	1965	36	49.3	508.6	99.5	231.8	99.9	483.7	99.3	7.7	—
	1966	42	60.0	657.5	99.8	264.0	99.7	550.6	99.4	10.8	97.3
	1967	44	59.4	762.0	99.7	272.9	99.8	713.1	99.5	21.0	96.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	37	50.7	2.3	.5	.3	.1	3.6	.7	.1	—
	1966	28	40.0	1.5	.2	.7	.3	3.1	.6	.3	2.7
	1967	30	40.6	2.0	.3	.6	.2	3.8	.5	.8	3.7
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	73	100.0	510.9	100.0	232.1	100.0	487.3	100.0	7.6	—
	1966	70	100.0	659.0	100.0	264.7	100.0	553.7	100.0	11.1	100.0
	1967	74	100.0	764.0	100.0	273.5	100.0	716.9	100.0	21.8	100.0

TABLE 88. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Motor Vehicles and Parts Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 88. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, véhicules automobiles et pièces, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	55	—	922.6	—	551.9	—	1,965.0	—	223.7	—
	1964	64	—	1,081.3	—	639.8	—	2,274.1	—	187.6	—
	1965	71	33.5	1,375.6	95.4	680.0	96.2	2,995.6	96.5	213.9	97.8
	1966	79	39.9	1,656.2	95.7	661.7	95.8	3,344.3	96.6	143.9	95.7
	1967	86	43.6	1,905.3	95.7	757.3	95.7	3,989.1	96.7	179.5	96.4
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	38	—	58.7	—	27.8	—	109.7	—	7.8	—
	1964	37	—	48.0	—	22.2	—	92.8	—	3.6	—
	1965	48	22.6	59.2	4.1	23.2	3.3	96.4	3.1	4.7	2.1
	1966	45	22.7	67.5	3.9	25.9	3.8	109.1	3.1	6.1	4.1
	1967	49	24.9	79.1	4.0	32.0	4.0	129.3	3.1	6.5	3.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	93	—	981.3	—	579.7	—	2,074.7	—	231.5	—
	1964	101	—	1,129.3	—	662.0	—	2,366.9	—	191.2	—
	1965	119	56.1	1,434.8	99.5	703.2	99.5	3,092.0	99.6	218.6	99.9
	1966	124	62.6	1,723.7	99.6	687.6	99.6	3,453.4	99.7	150.0	99.8
	1967	135	68.5	1,984.4	99.7	789.3	99.7	4,118.4	99.8	186.0	99.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	93	43.9	7.7	.5	3.5	.5	12.9	.4	.3	.1
	1966	74	37.4	7.3	.4	3.1	.4	11.9	.3	.3	.2
	1967	62	31.5	5.7	.3	2.0	.3	9.6	.2	.1	.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	212	100.0	1,442.5	100.0	706.7	100.0	3,104.9	100.0	218.9	100.0
	1966	198	100.0	1,731.0	100.0	690.7	100.0	3,465.3	100.0	150.3	100.0
	1967	197	100.0	1,990.1	100.0	791.3	100.0	4,128.0	100.0	186.1	100.0

TABLE 89. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Truck Bodies Industry, 1963-1967

TABLERAU 89. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, carrosseries de camions, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	7	—	28.0	—	15.1	—	25.4	—	1.9	—
	1964	8	—	30.1	—	16.0	—	35.4	—	2.1	—
	1965	10	8.7	36.3	46.7	18.0	55.9	45.3	38.8	3.1	59.6
	1966	9	7.5	52.1	59.4	24.3	65.3	65.2	48.5	6.6	68.7
	1967	14	9.1	57.3	57.2	28.0	65.6	75.6	45.1	7.5	74.2
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	27	—	23.1	—	10.9	—	44.2	—	.9	—
	1964	25	—	27.3	—	11.0	—	51.2	—	1.4	—
	1965	33	28.7	35.5	45.7	12.9	40.1	60.0	51.4	1.7	32.7
	1966	43	35.8	29.8	34.0	11.0	29.6	57.6	42.8	2.6	27.1
	1967	54	35.1	35.0	34.9	12.4	29.0	75.3	44.9	2.2	21.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	34	—	51.1	—	26.0	—	69.6	—	2.8	—
	1964	33	—	57.4	—	27.0	—	86.6	—	3.5	—
	1965	43	37.4	71.8	92.4	30.9	96.0	105.3	90.2	4.8	92.3
	1966	52	43.3	81.9	93.4	35.3	94.9	122.8	91.3	9.2	95.8
	1967	68	44.2	92.3	92.1	40.4	94.6	150.9	90.0	9.7	96.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	72	62.6	5.9	7.6	1.3	4.0	11.5	9.8	.4	7.7
	1966	68	56.7	5.8	6.6	1.9	5.1	11.7	8.7	.4	4.2
	1967	86	55.8	7.9	7.9	2.3	5.4	16.7	10.0	.4	4.0
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	115	100.0	77.7	100.0	32.2	100.0	116.8	100.0	5.2	100.0
	1966	120	100.0	87.7	100.0	37.2	100.0	134.5	100.0	9.6	100.0
	1967	154	100.0	100.2	100.0	42.7	100.0	167.6	100.0	10.1	100.0

TABLE 90. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Miscellaneous Transportation Industries, 1963-1967

TABLERAU 90. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, matériel de transport divers, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	13	—	88.5	—	51.0	—	94.3	—	7.5	—
	1964	11	—	105.1	—	52.6	—	116.1	—	7.9	—
	1965	14	6.2	163.3	40.6	51.2	32.2	175.3	37.5	8.2	—
	1966	13	5.9	189.5	39.2	51.5	29.0	196.7	37.8	7.6	25.9
	1967	16	7.2	199.0	42.5	52.2	28.8	180.4	31.5	.3	1.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	40	—	151.5	—	95.2	—	190.3	—	13.7	—
	1964	40	—	171.1	—	99.7	—	205.4	—	16.5	—
	1965	49	21.7	226.7	56.4	104.9	66.1	274.6	58.8	20.7	—
	1966	61	27.6	282.1	58.3	121.9	68.6	302.7	58.2	21.2	72.1
	1967	65	29.3	257.4	55.0	125.1	69.0	372.4	65.0	28.3	98.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes,	1963	53	—	240.0	—	146.2	—	284.6	—	21.2	—
	1964	51	—	276.2	—	152.3	—	321.5	—	24.4	—
	1965	63	27.9	390.0	97.0	156.1	98.3	449.9	96.3	28.9	—
	1966	74	33.5	471.6	97.5	173.4	97.6	499.4	96.0	28.8	98.0
	1967	81	36.5	456.4	97.5	177.3	97.8	552.8	96.5	28.6	99.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	163	72.1	12.0	3.0	2.7	1.7	17.3	3.7	—	—
	1966	147	66.5	12.2	2.5	4.2	2.4	20.7	4.0	.6	2.0
	1967	141	63.5	11.7	2.5	3.9	2.2	20.3	3.5	.3	1.0
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	226	100.0	402.0	100.0	158.8	100.0	467.2	100.0	28.7	—
	1966	221	100.0	483.8	100.0	177.6	100.0	520.1	100.0	29.4	100.0
	1967	222	100.0	468.1	100.0	181.2	100.0	573.1	100.0	28.9	100.0

TABLE 91. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Transport Equipment Industries, 1963 - 1967

TABLEAU 91. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication du matériel de transport, 1963 - 1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident										
1963	96	—	1,421.9	—	829.4	—	2,458.3	—	253.1	—
1964	103	—	1,645.1	—	932.0	—	2,865.5	—	215.3	—
1965	115	18.4	2,052.2	84.4	966.8	85.6	3,669.2	87.8	251.5	88.9
1966	123	20.2	2,502.9	84.5	985.6	84.3	4,107.4	87.9	167.7	83.7
1967	138	21.3	2,861.7	86.2	1,092.2	84.7	4,902.8	87.8	207.1	83.9
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident										
1963	121	—	263.0	—	149.6	—	375.0	—	23.7	—
1964	118	—	276.1	—	148.7	—	385.4	—	23.1	—
1965	146	23.3	353.1	14.5	155.1	13.7	461.7	11.1	28.5	10.9
1966	169	27.7	431.8	14.6	174.7	14.9	518.8	11.1	31.1	15.5
1967	190	29.4	433.2	13.0	187.8	14.6	632.4	11.3	38.2	15.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.										
1963	217	—	1,684.9	—	979.0	—	2,833.3	—	276.8	—
1964	221	—	1,921.2	—	1,080.7	—	3,250.9	—	238.4	—
1965	261	41.7	2,405.3	98.9	1,121.9	99.3	4,130.9	98.9	260.9	99.8
1966	292	47.9	2,934.7	99.1	1,160.3	99.2	4,626.2	99.0	198.8	99.2
1967	328	50.7	3,294.9	99.2	1,280.0	99.3	5,535.2	99.1	245.3	99.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	365	58.3	27.8	1.1	7.9	.7	45.3	1.1	.4	.2
1966	317	52.1	26.8	.9	9.9	.8	47.4	1.0	1.6	.8
1967	319	49.3	27.5	.8	8.7	.7	50.4	.9	1.6	.6
Total										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	626	100.0	2,433.1	100.0	1,129.8	100.0	4,176.2	100.0	260.4	100.0
1966	609	100.0	2,961.5	100.0	1,170.2	100.0	4,673.6	100.0	200.4	100.0
1967	647	100.0	3,322.4	100.0	1,288.7	100.0	5,585.6	100.0	246.9	100.0

TABLE 92. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Small Electrical Appliances Industry, 1963 - 1967

TABLEAU 92. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, petits appareils électriques, 1963 - 1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident										
1963	20	—	40.4	—	23.7	—	50.4	—	4.4	—
1964	17	—	39.7	—	23.2	—	53.7	—	4.9	—
1965	19	28.4	46.3	74.8	26.4	73.4	60.4	66.8	6.2	72.1
1966	19	25.3	52.0	77.6	28.7	79.7	70.5	72.7	6.6	86.9
1967	18	31.6	58.4	82.3	33.0	85.9	81.4	75.7	6.8	87.2
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident										
1963	15	—	11.4	—	7.0	—	22.9	—	1.6	—
1964	14	—	14.6	—	8.1	—	26.4	—	2.1	—
1965	14	20.9	13.7	22.1	8.4	23.3	27.1	30.0	2.3	26.7
1966	17	22.7	12.1	18.1	5.3	14.7	21.5	22.2	.9	11.8
1967	14	24.5	10.4	14.6	4.6	12.0	22.1	20.6	.7	9.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.										
1963	35	—	51.8	—	30.7	—	73.3	—	6.0	—
1964	31	—	54.3	—	31.3	—	80.1	—	7.0	—
1965	33	49.3	60.0	96.9	34.8	96.7	87.5	96.8	8.5	98.8
1966	36	48.0	64.1	95.7	34.0	94.4	92.0	94.9	7.5	98.7
1967	32	56.1	68.8	96.9	37.6	97.9	103.5	96.3	7.5	96.2
Other corporations - Autres corporations										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	34	50.7	1.9	3.1	1.2	3.3	2.9	3.2	.1	1.2
1966	39	52.0	2.9	4.3	2.0	5.6	4.9	5.1	.1	1.3
1967	25	43.9	2.2	3.1	.8	2.1	4.0	3.7	.3	3.8
Total										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	67	100.0	61.9	100.0	36.0	100.0	90.4	100.0	8.6	100.0
1966	75	100.0	67.0	100.0	36.0	100.0	96.9	100.0	7.6	100.0
1967	57	100.0	71.0	100.0	38.4	100.0	107.5	100.0	7.8	100.0

TABLE 93. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Major Appliances Industry, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 93. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, gros appareils, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident										
1963	9	—	80.7	—	48.0	—	104.8	—	1.0	—
1964	7	—	73.3	—	24.8	—	112.9	—	3.4	—
1965	7	21.2	77.2	57.9	26.2	51.5	130.4	57.7	2.5	62.5
1966	7	25.0	83.2	58.2	29.8	54.9	136.2	56.8	.2	11.1
1967	7	33.3	77.6	58.5	27.5	56.0	141.6	60.6	1.3	50.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident										
1963	18	—	56.7	—	27.2	—	98.7	—	1.5	—
1964	17	—	61.7	—	26.2	—	95.2	—	4.8	—
1965	15	45.5	55.5	41.6	24.4	47.9	94.7	41.9	1.5	37.5
1966	14	50.0	59.1	41.4	24.3	44.7	102.8	42.9	1.6	88.9
1967	14	66.7	55.0	41.5	21.6	44.0	91.9	39.4	1.3	50.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.										
1963	27	—	137.4	—	75.2	—	203.5	—	2.5	—
1964	24	—	135.0	—	51.0	—	208.1	—	8.2	—
1965	22	66.7	132.7	99.5	50.6	99.4	225.1	99.6	4.0	100.0
1966	21	75.0	142.3	99.6	54.1	99.6	239.0	99.7	1.8	100.0
1967	21	100.0	132.6	100.0	49.1	100.0	233.5	100.0	2.6	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	11	33.3	.7	.5	.3	.6	.9	.4	—	—
1966	7	25.0	.5	.4	.2	.4	.8	.3	—	—
1967	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	33	100.0	133.4	100.0	50.9	100.0	226.0	100.0	4.0	100.0
1966	28	100.0	142.8	100.0	54.3	100.0	239.8	100.0	1.8	100.0
1967	21	100.0	132.6	100.0	49.1	100.0	233.5	100.0	2.6	100.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 94. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Radio and Television Receivers Industries, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 94. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, appareils de radio et de télévision, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident										
1963	5	—	56.6	—	17.1	—	44.4	—	1.5	—
1964	5	—	61.6	—	25.5	—	51.1	—	1.4	—
1965	5	23.8	44.5	31.5	21.2	40.7	71.6	38.0	4.9	49.5
1966	6	26.1	59.8	46.1	24.4	47.4	98.7	61.5	5.5	—
1967	7	36.8	65.8	42.6	26.1	45.9	123.2	58.1	4.9	70.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident										
1963	9	—	36.1	—	13.1	—	53.0	—	4.0	—
1964	8	—	27.8	—	13.1	—	52.5	—	3.5	—
1965	9	42.9	58.2	41.2	13.2	25.1	62.2	33.0	.9	9.1
1966	9	39.1	69.4	53.6	27.1	52.6	60.8	37.9	3.7	—
1967	8	42.1	88.2	57.2	30.5	53.7	87.6	41.3	1.9	27.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.										
1963	14	—	92.7	—	30.2	—	97.4	—	5.5	—
1964	13	—	89.4	—	38.7	—	103.6	—	4.9	—
1965	14	66.7	102.7	72.7	34.3	65.8	133.8	71.0	5.8	58.6
1966	15	65.2	129.2	99.7	51.5	100.0	159.5	98.4	9.2	—
1967	15	78.9	154.0	99.8	56.6	99.6	210.8	99.4	6.8	97.1
Other corporations - Autres corporations										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	7	33.3	38.5	27.3	17.8	34.2	54.6	29.0	4.1	41.4
1966	8	34.8	.4	.3	—	—	.9	.6	.2	—
1967	4	21.1	.3	.2	.2	.4	1.2	.6	.2	2.9
Total										
1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1965	21	100.0	141.2	100.0	52.1	100.0	188.4	100.0	9.9	100.0
1966	23	100.0	129.6	100.0	51.5	100.0	160.4	100.0	9.0	—
1967	19	100.0	154.3	100.0	56.8	100.0	212.0	100.0	7.0	100.0

TABLE 95. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Communications Equipment Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 95. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, matériel de télécommunication, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident		1963	32	—	102.3	—	50.5	—	166.2	—	12.1	—
		1964	33	—	117.4	—	57.2	—	184.0	—	15.0	—
		1965	31	19.5	119.2	33.0	60.8	33.5	194.6	31.3	17.7	52.2
		1966	36	20.7	207.9	37.4	87.4	33.7	290.4	34.9	22.1	52.9
		1967	43	29.1	247.6	41.3	116.5	37.8	338.6	38.1	21.8	71.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	25	—	192.5	—	101.2	—	348.7	—	20.7	—
		1964	28	—	205.6	—	111.1	—	371.4	—	23.4	—
		1965	35	22.0	234.4	65.0	118.1	65.2	414.5	66.7	15.8	46.6
		1966	42	24.1	290.9	52.4	149.9	57.7	470.8	56.5	16.8	40.2
		1967	36	24.3	290.8	48.6	166.3	54.0	473.5	53.3	7.8	25.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé-clarantes.		1963	57	—	294.8	—	151.7	—	514.9	—	32.8	—
		1964	61	—	323.0	—	168.3	—	555.4	—	38.4	—
		1965	66	41.5	353.6	98.0	178.9	98.7	609.1	98.0	33.5	98.8
		1966	78	44.8	498.8	89.8	237.3	91.4	761.2	91.4	38.9	93.1
		1967	79	53.4	538.4	89.9	282.8	91.8	812.1	91.4	29.6	96.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	93	58.5	7.2	2.0	2.4	1.3	12.5	2.0	.4	1.2
		1966	96	55.2	56.5	10.2	22.2	8.6	71.9	8.6	2.9	6.9
		1967	69	46.6	60.3	10.1	25.1	8.2	76.1	8.6	1.1	3.6
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	159	100.0	360.8	100.0	181.3	100.0	621.6	100.0	33.9	100.0
		1966	174	100.0	555.3	100.0	259.5	100.0	833.1	100.0	41.8	100.0
		1967	148	100.0	598.7	100.0	307.9	100.0	888.2	100.0	30.7	100.0

TABLE 96. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Industrial Electrical Equipment Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 96. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, matériel électrique industriel, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	40	—	373.7	—	251.6	—	538.3	—	35.1	—
	1964	38	—	427.3	—	282.7	—	583.2	—	46.7	—
	1965	45	40.2	485.6	93.0	295.8	97.8	671.0	94.5	50.5	97.3
	1966	44	48.3	539.4	95.8	315.1	97.9	747.9	95.1	60.1	97.4
	1967	48	36.4	597.2	95.7	335.8	97.1	784.4	94.0	37.0	93.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	15	—	30.8	—	10.1	—	26.5	—	2.6	—
	1964	17	—	24.1	—	5.0	—	31.2	—	.8	—
	1965	21	18.7	32.0	6.1	5.3	1.8	30.7	4.3	.9	1.7
	1966	25	21.7	17.2	3.1	5.1	1.6	29.7	3.8	.9	1.5
	1967	28	21.2	22.1	3.5	8.4	2.4	40.3	4.8	2.6	6.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé-clarantes.	1963	55	—	404.5	—	261.7	—	564.8	—	37.7	—
	1964	55	—	451.4	—	287.7	—	614.4	—	45.9	—
	1965	66	58.9	517.6	99.1	301.1	99.6	701.7	98.8	51.4	99.0
	1966	69	60.0	556.6	98.9	320.2	99.5	777.6	98.9	61.0	98.9
	1967	76	57.6	619.3	99.2	344.2	99.5	824.7	98.8	39.6	99.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	46	41.1	4.6	.9	1.1	.4	8.2	1.2	1.5	1.0
	1966	46	40.0	6.0	1.1	1.7	.5	9.0	1.1	.7	1.1
	1967	56	42.4	5.3	.8	1.6	.5	9.6	1.2	.2	.5
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	112	100.0	522.2	100.0	302.2	100.0	709.9	100.0	51.9	100.0
	1966	115	100.0	562.6	100.0	321.9	100.0	786.6	100.0	61.7	100.0
	1967	132	100.0	624.6	100.0	345.8	100.0	834.3	100.0	39.8	100.0

TABLE 97. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Battery Manufacturers Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 97. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, manufacturiers de batteries, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	11	—	26.0	—	15.1	—	32.5	—	1.4	—
	1964	11	—	26.5	—	16.2	—	36.6	—	2.4	—
	1965	9	37.5	27.3	96.8	17.8	97.8	39.6	97.1	2.3	95.8
	1966	9	45.0	29.0	97.3	18.4	98.4	43.7	97.8	2.6	100.0
	1967	8	57.1	28.8	97.6	19.5	99.0	42.3	97.5	2.9	100.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
	1966	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1967	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—	2	—
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	11	—	26.0	—	15.1	—	32.5	—	1.4	—
	1964	11	—	26.5	—	16.2	—	36.6	—	2.4	—
	1965	9	37.5	27.3	96.8	17.8	97.8	39.6	97.1	2.3	95.8
	1966	9	45.0	29.0	97.3	18.4	98.4	43.7	97.8	2.6	100.0
	1967	8	57.1	28.8	97.6	19.5	99.0	42.3	97.5	2.9	100.0
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	15	62.5	.9	3.2	.4	2.2	1.2	2.9	.1	4.2
	1966	11	55.0	.8	2.7	.3	1.6	1.0	2.2	—	—
	1967	6	42.9	.7	2.4	.2	1.0	1.1	2.5	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	24	100.0	28.2	100.0	18.2	100.0	40.8	100.0	2.4	100.0
	1966	20	100.0	29.8	100.0	18.7	100.0	44.7	100.0	2.6	100.0
	1967	14	100.0	29.5	100.0	19.7	100.0	43.4	100.0	2.9	100.0

² Included with "Other corporations". - Compris dans "Autres corporations".

TABLE 98. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Miscellaneous, Electrical Equipment Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 98. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, appareils électriques divers, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	37	—	106.9	—	45.1	—	144.1	—	4.3	—
	1964	36	—	103.7	—	46.6	—	154.6	—	10.4	—
	1965	41	22.9	124.1	55.0	54.5	55.0	187.1	53.3	17.2	63.0
	1966	45	23.7	162.1	59.0	78.6	62.6	260.7	58.7	28.7	73.4
	1967	52	26.0	174.9	59.8	93.3	64.8	276.7	62.6	25.8	73.5
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	29	—	67.2	—	34.0	—	114.7	—	4.5	—
	1964	37	—	82.6	—	39.6	—	134.3	—	5.3	—
	1965	41	22.9	93.7	41.5	42.1	42.4	150.3	42.8	9.6	35.2
	1966	42	22.1	104.3	37.9	44.5	35.5	168.3	37.9	10.1	25.8
	1967	43	21.5	108.7	37.1	48.3	33.5	148.2	33.6	8.9	25.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	66	—	174.1	—	79.1	—	258.8	—	8.8	—
	1964	73	—	186.3	—	86.2	—	288.9	—	15.7	—
	1965	82	45.8	217.8	96.5	96.6	97.4	337.4	96.1	26.8	98.2
	1966	87	45.8	266.4	96.9	123.1	98.1	429.0	96.6	38.8	99.2
	1967	95	47.5	283.6	96.9	141.6	98.3	424.9	96.2	34.7	98.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	97	54.2	7.9	3.5	2.6	2.6	13.8	3.9	.5	1.8
	1966	103	54.2	8.6	3.1	2.4	1.9	15.2	3.4	.3	.8
	1967	105	52.5	9.1	3.1	2.5	1.7	16.7	3.8	.4	1.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	179	100.0	225.7	100.0	99.2	100.0	351.2	100.0	27.3	100.0
	1966	190	100.0	275.0	100.0	125.5	100.0	444.2	100.0	39.1	100.0
	1967	200	100.0	292.7	100.0	144.1	100.0	441.6	100.0	35.1	100.0

TABLE 99. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Electrical Products Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 99. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication d'appareils et de matériel électrique, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	154	—	786.6	—	451.1	—	1,080.7	—	59.8	—
	1964	147	—	849.5	—	476.2	—	1,176.1	—	84.2	—
	1965	157	26.4	924.1	62.7	502.8	67.9	1,354.8	60.8	101.4	73.5
	1966	166	26.6	1,133.4	64.3	582.4	67.2	1,648.1	63.2	125.8	76.9
	1967	183	31.0	1,250.4	65.7	651.7	67.7	1,788.3	64.8	100.5	79.8
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	111	—	394.7	—	192.6	—	664.5	—	34.9	—
	1964	121	—	416.4	—	203.2	—	711.0	—	38.3	—
	1965	135	22.7	487.5	33.1	211.4	28.6	779.7	35.0	30.9	22.4
	1966	149	23.8	553.0	31.4	256.2	29.5	853.9	32.8	34.0	20.8
	1967	142	24.0	575.2	30.2	279.6	29.1	863.7	31.3	23.3	18.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	265	—	1,181.3	—	643.7	—	1,745.2	—	94.7	—
	1964	268	—	1,265.9	—	679.4	—	1,887.1	—	122.5	—
	1965	292	49.1	1,411.6	95.8	714.2	96.5	2,134.5	95.8	132.3	95.9
	1966	315	50.4	1,686.4	95.7	838.6	96.7	2,502.0	96.0	159.8	97.7
	1967	325	55.0	1,825.6	95.9	931.3	96.8	2,652.0	96.1	123.8	98.3
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	303	50.9	61.9	4.2	25.7	3.5	94.0	4.2	5.6	4.1
	1966	310	49.6	75.7	4.3	28.8	3.3	103.7	4.0	3.8	2.3
	1967	266	45.0	77.8	4.1	30.5	3.2	108.5	3.9	2.1	1.7
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	595	100.0	1,473.5	100.0	739.9	100.0	2,228.5	100.0	137.9	100.0
	1966	625	100.0	1,762.1	100.0	867.4	100.0	2,605.7	100.0	163.6	100.0
	1967	591	100.0	1,903.4	100.0	961.8	100.0	2,760.5	100.0	125.9	100.0

TABLE 100. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Cement Manufacturing Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 100. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, manufacturiers de ciment, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	4	—	166.6	—	82.0	—	67.5	—	6.7	—
	1964	4	—	177.9	—	87.9	—	65.5	—	9.8	—
	1965	4	19.0	154.2	31.5	77.4	27.0	55.6	26.8	8.5	20.9
	1966	5	20.0	316.3	57.4	157.0	55.8	114.2	51.1	15.1	—
	1967	5	23.8	337.2	56.4	168.2	55.7	122.8	68.8	9.5	61.7
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	6	—	153.8	—	93.8	—	70.9	—	18.8	—
	1964	7	—	165.2	—	106.9	—	85.4	—	23.8	—
	1965	11	52.4	324.6	66.3	201.4	70.2	149.4	72.1	31.7	77.9
	1966	7	28.0	233.2	42.4	123.9	44.1	107.9	48.2	26.6	—
	1967	7	33.3	247.6	41.4	125.5	41.5	52.0	29.2	5.4	35.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	10	—	320.4	—	175.8	—	138.4	—	25.5	—
	1964	11	—	343.1	—	194.8	—	150.9	—	33.6	—
	1965	15	71.4	478.8	97.8	278.8	97.2	205.0	98.9	40.2	98.8
	1966	12	48.0	549.5	99.8	280.9	99.9	222.1	99.3	41.7	—
	1967	12	57.1	584.8	97.8	293.7	97.2	174.8	98.0	14.9	96.8
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	6	28.6	11.0	2.2	7.9	2.8	2.3	1.1	.5	1.2
	1966	13	52.0	1.1	.2	.4	.1	1.6	.7	.1	—
	1967	9	42.9	12.9	2.2	8.4	2.8	3.6	2.0	.5	3.2
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	21	100.0	489.8	100.0	286.7	100.0	207.3	100.0	40.7	100.0
	1966	25	100.0	550.6	100.0	281.3	100.0	223.7	100.0	41.6	—
	1967	21	100.0	597.7	100.0	302.1	100.0	178.4	100.0	15.4	100.0

TABLE 101. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Concrete Manufacturing Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 101. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, manufacturiers de produits en béton, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	4	—	6.8	—	4.2	—	7.9	—	.3	—
	1964	5	—	8.4	—	4.4	—	10.0	—	.1	—
	1965	4	1.0	6.3	4.4	1.9	4.4	11.5	6.1	.5	10.9
	1966	3	.8	7.0	4.4	1.9	3.5	12.2	6.0	.5	5.1
	1967	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	78	—	73.4	—	22.6	—	86.3	—	.7	—
	1964	79	—	87.4	—	27.6	—	102.5	—	3.1	—
	1965	116	29.9	113.5	78.4	33.4	76.7	149.3	79.0	4.0	86.9
	1966	118	31.1	117.0	73.3	36.1	67.1	155.6	77.1	8.7	88.8
	1967	120	30.5	123.1	82.4	43.1	82.3	161.3	80.9	8.2	85.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	82	—	80.2	—	26.8	—	94.2	—	1.0	—
	1964	84	—	95.8	—	32.0	—	112.5	—	3.2	—
	1965	120	30.9	119.8	82.8	35.3	81.1	160.8	85.1	4.5	97.8
	1966	121	31.9	124.0	77.7	38.0	70.6	167.8	83.1	9.2	93.9
	1967	120	30.5	123.1	82.4	43.1	82.3	161.3	80.9	8.2	85.4
Other corporations - Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	268	69.1	24.9	17.2	8.2	18.9	28.2	14.9	.1	2.2
	1966	258	68.1	35.5	22.3	15.8	29.4	34.2	16.9	.6	6.1
	1967	273	69.5	26.3	17.6	9.3	17.7	38.0	19.1	1.4	14.6
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	388	100.0	144.7	100.0	43.5	100.0	189.0	100.0	4.6	100.0
	1966	379	100.0	159.5	100.0	53.8	100.0	202.0	100.0	9.8	100.0
	1967	393	100.0	149.4	100.0	52.4	100.0	199.3	100.0	9.6	100.0

¹ Included with "Under 50% non-resident" group. - Compris dans le groupe "Moins de 50% non-résident".

TABLE 102. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Ready-Mix Concrete Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 102. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, Industrie du béton préparé, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
		No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	3	—	10.4	—	.6	—	7.8	—	.6	—
	1964	3	—	11.6	—	.7	—	11.5	—	.1	—
	1965	6	2.9	14.2	9.5	.9	—	17.3	8.8	.1	1.4
	1966	8	3.6	15.5	7.3	.9	1.1	18.9	6.2	.1	—
	1967	11	4.4	20.0	8.6	1.8	2.0	29.0	7.6	.8	5.2
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	57	—	84.0	—	43.0	—	115.2	—	9.3	—
	1964	59	—	70.7	—	34.8	—	96.8	—	5.4	—
	1965	101	48.8	125.0	83.4	47.9	—	162.5	83.0	6.5	92.9
	1966	103	46.6	183.9	86.8	76.2	93.9	262.3	86.4	12.5	—
	1967	110	43.6	197.7	85.1	85.2	92.9	325.4	85.3	13.7	88.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	60	—	94.4	—	42.4	—	123.0	—	8.7	—
	1964	62	—	82.3	—	34.1	—	108.3	—	5.3	—
	1965	107	51.7	139.2	92.9	47.8	—	179.8	91.8	6.6	94.3
	1966	111	50.2	199.4	94.1	77.1	95.0	281.2	92.6	12.4	—
	1967	121	48.0	217.7	93.7	87.0	94.9	354.4	92.9	14.5	93.5
Other corporations - Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	100	48.3	10.7	7.1	2.6	—	16.0	8.2	.4	5.7
	1966	110	49.8	12.5	5.9	4.1	5.0	22.6	7.4	.9	—
	1967	131	52.0	14.7	6.3	4.7	5.1	27.2	7.1	1.0	6.5
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	207	100.0	149.9	100.0	50.4	—	195.8	100.0	7.0	100.0
	1966	221	100.0	211.9	100.0	81.2	100.0	303.8	100.0	13.3	—
	1967	252	100.0	232.4	100.0	91.7	100.0	381.6	100.0	15.5	100.0

TABLE 103. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Clay Products Industry, 1963 - 1967

TABLEAU 103. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits de l'argile, 1963 - 1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	11	—	19.8	—	9.1	—	18.9	—	1.4	—
	1964	10	—	18.5	—	10.2	—	20.1	—	1.7	—
	1965	12	11.2	27.6	34.7	18.2	39.1	24.1	36.0	2.0	40.0
	1966	10	9.7	23.1	31.1	15.0	34.5	25.8	35.0	1.8	40.0
	1967	9	10.5	24.5	32.6	13.8	33.0	24.7	30.8	.9	14.8
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	28	—	33.7	—	21.8	—	24.7	—	1.0	—
	1964	26	—	34.8	—	21.8	—	28.9	—	2.2	—
	1965	35	32.7	43.1	54.3	24.3	52.3	36.4	54.4	2.8	56.0
	1966	38	36.9	46.8	62.9	27.1	62.3	41.3	56.0	2.6	57.8
	1967	36	41.8	46.7	62.1	26.1	62.5	50.1	62.5	5.0	81.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	39	—	53.5	—	30.9	—	43.6	—	2.4	—
	1964	36	—	53.3	—	32.0	—	49.0	—	3.9	—
	1965	47	43.9	70.7	89.0	42.5	91.4	60.5	90.4	4.8	96.0
	1966	48	46.6	69.9	94.0	42.1	96.8	67.1	91.0	4.4	97.8
	1967	45	52.3	71.2	94.7	39.9	95.5	74.8	93.3	5.9	96.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	60	56.1	8.7	11.0	4.0	8.6	6.4	9.6	.2	4.0
	1966	55	53.4	4.5	6.0	1.4	3.2	6.6	9.0	.1	2.2
	1967	41	47.7	4.0	5.3	1.9	4.5	5.4	6.7	.2	3.3
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	107	100.0	79.4	100.0	46.5	100.0	66.9	100.0	5.0	100.0
	1966	103	100.0	74.4	100.0	43.5	100.0	73.7	100.0	4.5	100.0
	1967	86	100.0	75.2	100.0	41.8	100.0	80.2	100.0	6.1	100.0

TABLE 104. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Glass and Glass Products Industries, 1963 - 1967

TABLE 104. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, verre et articles en verre, 1963 - 1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	8	—	63.9	—	44.4	—	60.3	—	5.0	—
	1964	10	—	66.9	—	46.8	—	68.2	—	6.0	—
	1965	12	11.4	62.6	47.4	39.9	48.5	70.9	43.6	6.0	51.3
	1966	13	15.1	98.7	57.2	46.6	51.1	81.9	45.2	4.0	38.1
	1967	15	16.8	109.1	53.8	49.4	52.2	78.9	41.6	.4	7.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	17	—	59.5	—	37.7	—	75.7	—	6.0	—
	1964	16	—	62.1	—	39.4	—	79.7	—	6.5	—
	1965	17	16.2	63.4	48.0	40.4	49.2	81.2	49.9	5.5	47.0
	1966	21	24.4	68.8	39.9	42.9	47.1	91.3	50.4	6.2	59.0
	1967	20	22.5	88.9	43.9	43.6	46.0	102.7	54.1	4.7	90.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	25	—	123.4	—	82.1	—	136.0	—	11.0	—
	1964	26	—	129.0	—	86.2	—	147.9	—	12.5	—
	1965	29	27.6	126.0	95.4	80.3	97.7	152.1	93.5	11.5	98.3
	1966	34	39.5	167.5	97.1	89.5	98.2	173.2	95.6	10.2	97.1
	1967	35	39.3	198.0	97.7	93.0	98.2	181.6	95.7	5.1	98.1
Other Corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	76	72.4	6.1	4.6	1.9	2.3	10.5	6.5	.2	1.7
	1966	52	60.5	5.0	2.9	1.6	1.8	8.0	4.4	.3	2.9
	1967	54	60.7	4.7	2.3	1.7	1.8	8.2	4.3	.1	1.9
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	105	100.0	132.1	100.0	82.2	100.0	162.6	100.0	11.7	100.0
	1966	86	100.0	172.5	100.0	91.1	100.0	181.2	100.0	10.5	100.0
	1967	89	100.0	202.7	100.0	94.7	100.0	189.8	100.0	5.2	100.0

TABLE 105. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 105. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres produits minéraux non métalliques, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	38	—	171.6	—	109.4	—	197.9	—	26.7	—
	1964	37	—	175.8	—	119.0	—	205.1	—	36.8	—
	1965	37	18.6	185.8	81.7	124.7	87.3	244.6	87.4	33.1	95.7
	1966	32	18.6	182.9	85.5	129.3	88.6	208.5	86.0	33.1	95.4
	1967	38	23.0	213.0	88.0	148.1	91.3	230.7	87.3	32.1	96.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	26	—	22.7	—	9.9	—	16.8	—	.9	—
	1964	19	—	19.9	—	8.4	—	16.3	—	.9	—
	1965	27	13.6	27.9	12.3	11.0	7.7	20.8	7.4	1.5	4.3
	1966	30	17.4	18.6	8.7	9.8	6.7	20.8	8.6	1.3	3.7
	1967	26	15.8	17.0	7.0	7.8	4.8	20.0	7.6	1.1	3.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	64	—	194.3	—	119.3	—	214.7	—	27.6	—
	1964	56	—	195.7	—	127.4	—	221.4	—	37.7	—
	1965	64	32.2	213.7	94.0	135.7	95.0	265.4	94.8	34.6	100.0
	1966	62	36.0	201.5	94.2	139.1	95.3	229.3	94.6	34.4	99.1
	1967	64	38.8	230.1	95.0	155.9	96.1	250.7	94.9	33.2	99.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	135	67.8	13.7	6.0	7.1	5.0	14.6	5.2	—	—
	1966	110	64.0	12.5	5.8	6.9	4.7	13.1	5.4	.3	.9
	1967	101	61.2	12.0	5.0	6.4	3.9	13.6	5.1	.1	.3
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	199	100.0	227.4	100.0	142.8	100.0	280.0	100.0	34.6	100.0
	1966	172	100.0	214.0	100.0	146.0	100.0	242.4	100.0	34.7	100.0
	1967	165	100.0	242.1	100.0	162.3	100.0	264.3	100.0	33.3	100.0

TABLE 106. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 106. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication des produits minéraux non métalliques, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	68	—	439.1	—	248.5	—	360.3	—	39.5	—
	1964	69	—	459.0	—	267.6	—	380.4	—	54.3	—
	1965	75	7.3	450.7	36.9	262.0	40.2	424.0	38.5	50.4	48.6
	1966	71	7.2	643.5	46.6	350.7	50.3	461.5	37.6	54.4	47.6
	1967	80	8.0	707.0	47.1	382.5	51.4	487.9	37.7	43.8	51.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	212	—	427.1	—	228.8	—	389.6	—	36.7	—
	1964	206	—	440.2	—	238.9	—	409.6	—	41.9	—
	1965	307	29.9	697.4	57.0	358.4	54.9	599.5	54.4	51.9	50.0
	1966	317	32.2	668.3	48.3	316.0	45.4	679.2	55.4	57.9	50.6
	1967	317	31.5	717.9	47.9	330.1	44.3	709.6	54.9	37.9	44.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	280	—	866.2	—	477.3	—	749.9	—	76.2	—
	1964	275	—	899.2	—	506.5	—	790.0	—	96.2	—
	1965	382	37.2	1,148.1	93.9	620.4	95.1	1,023.5	92.9	102.3	98.6
	1966	388	39.4	1,311.8	94.9	666.7	95.7	1,140.7	93.0	112.3	98.2
	1967	397	39.5	1,424.9	95.0	712.6	95.7	1,197.5	92.6	81.7	96.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	645	62.8	75.2	6.1	31.7	4.9	78.2	7.1	1.4	1.4
	1966	598	60.6	71.1	5.1	30.2	4.3	86.1	7.0	2.1	1.8
	1967	609	60.5	74.6	5.0	32.4	4.3	96.1	7.4	3.4	4.0
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,027	100.0	1,223.3	100.0	652.1	100.0	1,101.7	100.0	103.7	100.0
	1966	986	100.0	1,382.9	100.0	696.9	100.0	1,226.8	100.0	114.4	100.0
	1967	1,006	100.0	1,499.5	100.0	745.0	100.0	1,293.6	100.0	85.1	100.0

TABLE 107. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Petroleum Refineries Industry 1963-1967

TABLEAU 107. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, raffineries de pétrole, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	19	—	3,484.4	—	2,268.4	—	2,529.0	—	111.0	—
	1964	17	—	3,251.2	—	2,203.5	—	2,680.3	—	183.4	—
	1965	18	37.5	3,511.8	99.8	2,312.4	99.8	2,991.0	99.6	223.3	99.5
	1966	17	38.7	3,757.0	98.1	2,590.0	99.2	3,035.7	98.0	295.8	99.3
	1967	19	50.0	4,055.7	100.0	2,703.9	100.0	3,217.4	99.8	342.9	100.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	7	—	12.9	—	8.8	—	16.1	—	1.1	—
	1964	7	—	14.6	—	9.8	—	19.3	—	1.8	—
	1965	6	12.5	5.7	.2	4.3	.2	11.0	.4	1.1	.5
	1966	6	13.6	5.5	.1	3.9	.1	12.1	.4	1.1	.4
	1967	5	13.2	2.0	—	1.1	—	3.5	.1	.1	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	26	—	3,497.3	—	2,277.2	—	2,545.1	—	112.1	—
	1964	24	—	3,265.8	—	2,213.3	—	2,699.6	—	185.2	—
	1965	24	50.0	3,511.5	100.0	2,316.7	100.0	3,002.0	100.0	224.4	100.0
	1966	23	32.3	3,762.5	98.2	2,593.9	99.3	3,047.8	98.4	296.9	99.7
	1967	24	63.2	4,057.7	100.0	2,705.0	100.0	3,220.9	99.9	343.0	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	24	50.0	1.3	—	.5	—	1.4	—	—	—
	1966	21	47.7	67.9	1.8	17.4	.7	48.2	1.6	.8	.3
	1967	14	36.8	1.3	—	.1	—	1.7	.1	—	—
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	48	100.0	3,518.8	100.0	2,317.2	100.0	3,003.4	100.0	224.4	100.0
	1966	44	100.0	3,830.4	100.0	2,611.3	100.0	3,096.0	100.0	297.7	100.0
	1967	38	100.0	4,059.0	100.0	2,705.1	100.0	3,222.6	100.0	343.0	100.0

TABLE 108. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 108. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres dérivés du pétrole et du charbon, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices	
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	5	—	21.0	—	11.8	—	16.9	—	2.3	—
	1964	6	—	21.9	—	12.5	—	18.9	—	2.0	—
	1965	7	22.6	23.5	82.8	14.4	89.4	20.8	79.7	1.4	82.3
	1966	7	20.6	21.6	73.5	14.1	77.9	20.7	71.6	1.5	71.4
	1967	7	24.1	43.2	78.4	23.8	84.4	24.0	63.9	2.1	60.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	6	—	4.8	—	.8	—	2.2	—	.1	—
	1964	6	—	5.7	—	1.2	—	5.0	—	.4	—
	1965	7	22.6	3.7	13.0	1.2	7.5	3.8	14.6	.2	11.8
	1966	8	23.5	6.1	20.7	3.3	18.2	5.6	19.4	.3	14.3
	1967	9	31.1	5.3	9.6	3.2	11.3	6.1	16.2	.2	5.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	10	—	25.8	—	12.6	—	19.1	—	2.4	—
	1964	12	—	27.6	—	13.7	—	23.9	—	2.4	—
	1965	14	45.2	27.2	95.8	15.6	96.9	24.6	94.3	1.6	94.1
	1966	15	44.1	27.7	94.2	17.4	96.1	26.3	91.0	1.8	85.7
	1967	16	55.2	48.5	88.0	27.0	95.7	30.1	80.1	2.3	65.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	17	54.8	1.2	4.2	.5	3.1	1.5	5.7	.1	5.9
	1966	19	55.9	1.7	5.8	.7	3.9	2.6	9.0	.3	14.3
	1967	13	44.8	6.6	12.0	1.2	4.3	7.5	19.9	1.2	34.3
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	31	100.0	28.4	100.0	16.1	100.0	26.1	100.0	1.7	100.0
	1966	34	100.0	29.4	100.0	18.1	100.0	28.9	100.0	2.1	100.0
	1967	29	100.0	55.1	100.0	28.2	100.0	37.6	100.0	3.5	100.0

TABLE 109. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 109. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication des produits du pétrole et du charbon, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	24	—	3,505.4	—	2,280.1	—	2,545.8	—	113.3	—
	1964	23	—	3,273.1	—	2,216.1	—	2,699.2	—	185.4	—
	1965	25	31.6	3,535.1	99.6	2,326.7	99.8	3,011.8	99.4	224.7	99.4
	1966	24	30.8	3,778.6	97.9	2,604.1	99.0	3,056.4	97.8	297.3	99.1
	1967	26	38.8	4,099.0	99.6	2,727.8	99.8	3,241.4	99.4	345.0	99.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	12	—	17.7	—	9.6	—	18.3	—	1.2	—
	1964	13	—	20.3	—	11.0	—	24.3	—	2.2	—
	1965	13	16.5	9.4	.3	5.5	.2	14.8	.5	1.3	.6
	1966	14	17.9	11.6	.3	7.2	.3	17.7	.6	1.4	.5
	1967	14	20.9	7.2	.2	4.3	.2	9.6	.3	.4	.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	36	—	3,523.1	—	2,289.7	—	2,564.1	—	114.5	—
	1964	36	—	3,293.4	—	2,227.1	—	2,723.5	—	187.6	—
	1965	38	48.1	3,544.5	99.9	2,332.2	100.0	3,026.6	99.9	226.0	100.0
	1966	38	48.7	3,790.2	98.2	2,611.3	99.3	3,074.1	98.4	298.7	99.6
	1967	40	59.7	4,106.2	99.8	2,732.1	100.0	3,251.0	99.7	345.4	99.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	41	51.9	2.5	.1	1.0	—	2.9	.1	.1	—
	1966	40	51.3	69.6	1.8	18.1	.7	50.8	1.6	1.1	.4
	1967	27	40.3	7.9	.2	1.2	—	9.2	.3	1.1	.3
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	79	100.0	3,547.2	100.0	2,333.2	100.0	3,029.5	100.0	226.1	100.0
	1966	78	100.0	3,859.8	100.0	2,629.4	100.0	3,124.9	100.0	299.8	100.0
	1967	67	100.0	4,114.1	100.0	2,733.3	100.0	3,260.2	100.0	346.5	100.0

TABLE 110. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Fertilizers Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 110. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, engrais, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	6	—	12.1	—	4.8	—	11.8	—	.3	—
	1964	10	—	14.4	—	4.5	—	15.2	—	—	—
	1965	19	48.7	21.5	63.1	4.7	65.3	22.8	64.4	—	—
	1966	20	46.5	48.9	74.2	13.8	82.1	24.4	53.5	.2	—
	1967	23	57.5	82.2	77.1	19.6	82.0	30.7	56.5	.6	—
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	8	—	24.1	—	6.9	—	55.9	—	.8	—
	1964	10	—	27.7	—	7.7	—	63.4	—	.6	—
	1965	10	25.7	11.4	33.4	2.2	30.5	11.6	32.8	—	—
	1966	14	32.6	15.3	23.2	2.0	11.9	18.6	40.8	—	.2
	1967	11	27.5	23.6	22.2	4.1	17.2	22.9	42.2	—	.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations dé- clarantes,	1963	14	—	36.2	—	11.7	—	67.7	—	1.1	—
	1964	20	—	42.1	—	12.2	—	78.6	—	.6	—
	1965	29	74.4	32.9	96.5	6.9	95.8	34.4	97.2	—	—
	1966	34	79.1	64.2	97.4	15.8	94.0	43.0	94.3	—	—
	1967	34	85.0	105.8	99.3	23.7	99.2	53.6	98.7	—	.2
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	10	25.6	1.2	3.5	.3	4.2	1.0	2.8	—	—
	1966	9	20.9	1.7	2.6	1.0	6.0	2.6	5.7	.2	—
	1967	6	15.0	.7	.7	.2	.8	.7	1.3	.1	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	39	100.0	34.1	100.0	7.2	100.0	35.4	100.0	—	—
	1966	43	100.0	65.9	100.0	16.8	100.0	45.6	100.0	.2	—
	1967	40	100.0	106.5	100.0	23.9	100.0	54.3	100.0	—	.1

TABLE 111. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Pharmaceuticals Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 111. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits pharmaceutiques, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident		1963	54	—	137.3	—	96.6	—	179.8	—	23.0	—
		1964	53	—	145.8	—	95.4	—	194.5	—	23.6	—
		1965	54	23.8	160.7	77.0	114.3	83.4	194.0	74.5	29.1	84.4
		1966	58	30.0	205.8	83.1	137.8	89.8	262.4	82.5	33.6	90.1
		1967	57	35.4	211.3	82.2	145.7	89.3	282.1	81.8	33.4	89.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	22	—	29.7	—	17.9	—	33.3	—	2.3	—
		1964	21	—	29.5	—	17.1	—	35.5	—	3.8	—
		1965	26	11.4	36.3	17.4	17.1	12.5	47.7	18.3	4.6	13.3
		1966	26	13.5	34.5	13.9	12.8	8.3	45.3	14.2	3.6	9.6
		1967	28	17.4	39.2	15.3	14.7	9.0	53.6	15.5	3.6	9.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.		1963	76	—	167.0	—	114.5	—	213.1	—	25.3	—
		1964	74	—	175.3	—	112.5	—	230.0	—	27.4	—
		1965	80	35.2	197.0	94.4	131.4	95.9	241.7	92.8	33.7	97.7
		1966	84	43.5	240.3	97.0	150.6	98.1	307.7	96.7	37.2	99.7
		1967	85	52.8	250.5	97.5	160.4	98.3	335.7	97.3	37.0	98.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	147	64.8	11.6	5.6	5.6	4.1	18.7	7.2	.8	2.3
		1966	109	56.5	7.5	3.0	2.9	1.9	10.4	3.3	.1	.3
		1967	76	47.2	6.3	2.5	2.7	1.7	9.2	2.7	.4	1.1
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	227	100.0	208.6	100.0	137.0	100.0	260.4	100.0	34.5	100.0
		1966	193	100.0	247.8	100.0	153.5	100.0	318.1	100.0	37.3	100.0
		1967	161	100.0	256.8	100.0	163.1	100.0	344.9	100.0	37.4	100.0

TABLE 112. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Paint and Varnish Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 112. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, peintures et vernis, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	26	—	107.5	—	73.1	—	150.2	—	10.2	—
	1964	24	—	104.4	—	78.1	—	158.4	—	18.5	—
	1965	23	17.1	98.5	76.4	66.6	82.1	136.7	71.9	9.1	71.6
	1966	27	22.5	115.1	76.2	72.4	78.5	157.3	71.5	10.3	74.1
	1967	28	23.0	132.0	79.8	79.7	82.9	167.1	74.2	9.6	75.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	32	—	28.5	—	18.4	—	47.4	—	3.1	—
	1964	28	—	30.6	—	19.2	—	50.3	—	3.7	—
	1965	30	22.2	23.7	18.4	13.2	16.3	42.7	22.5	3.3	26.0
	1966	31	25.8	30.3	20.1	17.9	19.4	51.6	23.4	3.3	23.7
	1967	31	25.4	27.8	16.8	15.0	15.6	46.4	20.6	3.1	24.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	58	—	136.0	—	91.5	—	197.6	—	13.3	—
	1964	52	—	135.0	—	97.3	—	208.7	—	22.2	—
	1965	53	39.3	122.2	94.8	79.8	98.4	179.4	94.4	12.4	97.6
	1966	58	48.3	145.4	96.3	90.3	97.9	208.9	94.9	13.6	97.8
	1967	59	48.4	159.8	96.6	94.7	98.5	213.5	94.8	12.7	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	82	60.7	6.7	5.2	1.3	1.6	10.7	5.6	.3	2.4
	1966	62	51.7	5.6	3.7	1.9	2.1	11.3	5.1	.3	2.2
	1967	63	51.6	5.6	3.4	1.4	1.5	11.8	5.2	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	135	100.0	128.9	100.0	81.1	100.0	190.1	100.0	12.7	100.0
	1966	120	100.0	151.0	100.0	92.2	100.0	220.2	100.0	13.9	100.0
	1967	122	100.0	165.4	100.0	96.1	100.0	225.3	100.0	12.7	100.0

TABLE 113. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Soap and Cleaning Compounds Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 113. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, savons et produits nettoyants, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	14	—	98.0	—	63.9	—	174.4	—	15.6	—
	1964	15	—	102.9	—	67.3	—	179.9	—	16.0	—
	1965	15	15.0	119.1	90.9	71.6	92.5	193.4	89.2	18.0	96.8
	1966	17	18.5	116.9	91.3	70.2	92.8	208.8	90.0	18.2	95.3
	1967	17	20.5	142.2	92.5	73.0	93.0	221.4	90.5	21.8	95.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	15	—	8.3	—	4.5	—	20.2	—	1.1	—
	1964	12	—	6.2	—	3.0	—	12.4	—	.9	—
	1965	17	17.0	7.6	5.8	4.1	5.3	15.3	7.1	.5	2.7
	1966	16	17.4	7.3	5.7	4.0	5.3	15.3	6.6	.7	3.7
	1967	16	19.3	7.8	5.1	4.4	5.6	16.1	6.6	.8	3.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	29	—	106.3	—	68.4	—	194.6	—	16.7	—
	1964	27	—	109.1	—	70.3	—	192.3	—	16.9	—
	1965	32	32.0	126.7	96.7	75.7	97.8	208.7	96.3	18.5	99.5
	1966	33	35.9	124.2	97.0	74.2	98.1	224.1	96.6	18.9	99.0
	1967	33	39.8	150.0	97.6	77.4	98.6	237.5	97.1	22.6	99.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	68	68.0	4.3	3.3	1.7	2.2	8.1	3.7	.1	.5
	1966	59	64.1	3.9	3.0	1.4	1.9	7.9	3.4	.2	1.0
	1967	50	60.2	3.7	2.4	1.1	1.4	7.1	2.9	.2	.9
Total.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	100	100.0	131.0	100.0	77.4	100.0	216.8	100.0	18.6	100.0
	1966	92	100.0	128.1	100.0	75.6	100.0	232.0	100.0	19.1	100.0
	1967	83	100.0	153.7	100.0	78.5	100.0	244.6	100.0	22.8	100.0

TABLE 114. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Toilet Preparations Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 114. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits de toilette, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	28	—	42.2	—	28.8	—	64.4	—	8.1	—
	1964	27	—	44.9	—	30.7	—	75.5	—	9.3	—
	1965	36	41.4	65.0	84.8	43.5	87.4	103.0	81.1	12.6	93.3
	1966	36	42.9	71.9	84.6	48.6	87.6	110.5	80.7	14.5	96.0
	1967	34	41.0	77.9	82.2	50.8	84.4	117.6	78.8	15.0	97.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	6	—	7.9	—	4.3	—	17.5	—	.6	—
	1964	5	—	8.6	—	5.1	—	17.6	—	1.2	—
	1965	5	5.7	9.3	12.1	5.5	11.0	20.4	16.1	.9	6.7
	1966	6	7.1	9.9	11.7	5.8	10.4	21.7	15.8	.5	3.3
	1967	6	7.2	13.5	14.2	8.2	13.6	26.0	17.4	.4	2.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	34	—	50.1	—	33.1	—	81.9	—	8.7	—
	1964	32	—	53.5	—	35.8	—	93.1	—	10.5	—
	1965	41	47.1	74.3	96.9	49.0	98.4	123.4	97.2	13.5	100.0
	1966	42	50.0	81.8	96.3	54.4	98.0	132.2	96.5	15.0	99.3
	1967	40	48.2	91.4	96.4	59.0	98.0	143.6	96.2	15.4	100.0
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	46	52.9	2.4	3.1	.8	1.6	3.5	2.8	—	—
	1966	42	50.0	3.1	3.7	1.1	2.0	4.8	3.5	.1	.7
	1967	43	51.8	3.4	3.6	1.2	2.0	5.7	3.8	—	—
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	87	100.0	76.7	100.0	49.8	100.0	126.9	100.0	13.5	100.0
	1966	84	100.0	84.9	100.0	55.5	100.0	137.0	100.0	15.1	100.0
	1967	83	100.0	94.8	100.0	60.2	100.0	149.3	100.0	15.4	100.0

TABLE 115. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Industrial Chemicals Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 115. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, produits chimiques industriels, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident		1963	36	—	426.3	—	242.5	—	365.6	—	46.6	—
		1964	39	—	542.5	—	327.5	—	487.2	—	53.5	—
		1965	42	38.2	608.4	80.2	382.4	79.2	531.1	83.3	62.7	89.7
		1966	46	26.9	720.6	82.1	393.4	79.4	616.1	83.7	65.8	92.6
		1967	48	36.1	797.8	79.9	453.2	81.7	594.9	83.1	53.7	91.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	8	—	49.4	—	35.3	—	38.8	—	6.2	—
		1964	10	—	35.3	—	17.5	—	17.5	—	1.2	—
		1965	17	15.4	35.8	4.7	6.8	1.4	14.8	2.3	1.1	1.6
		1966	19	11.1	27.0	3.1	9.5	1.9	18.6	2.5	1.4	2.0
		1967	18	13.5	66.4	6.7	10.1	1.8	21.0	2.9	1.1	1.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.		1963	44	—	475.7	—	277.8	—	404.4	—	52.8	—
		1964	49	—	577.8	—	345.0	—	504.7	—	54.7	—
		1965	59	53.6	644.2	84.9	389.2	80.6	545.9	85.6	63.8	91.3
		1966	65	38.0	747.6	85.2	402.9	81.3	634.7	86.2	67.2	94.6
		1967	66	49.6	864.2	86.6	463.3	83.5	615.9	86.0	54.8	93.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	51	46.4	115.0	15.1	93.6	19.4	92.1	14.4	6.1	8.7
		1966	106	62.0	129.7	14.8	92.4	18.7	102.0	13.8	3.8	5.4
		1967	67	50.4	133.3	13.4	91.3	16.5	100.1	14.0	3.8	6.5
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	110	100.0	759.2	100.0	482.8	100.0	638.0	100.0	69.9	100.0
		1966	171	100.0	877.3	100.0	495.3	100.0	736.7	100.0	71.0	100.0
		1967	133	100.0	997.5	100.0	554.6	100.0	716.0	100.0	58.6	100.0

TABLE 116. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Chemicals Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 116. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres produits chimiques, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....		1963	72	—	444.9	—	278.7	—	495.4	—	55.0	—
		1964	72	—	501.0	—	286.6	—	549.9	—	65.9	—
		1965	86	23.9	550.4	86.7	325.2	88.7	616.6	82.3	63.9	89.8
		1966	81	29.2	577.8	89.1	331.9	90.4	649.3	84.3	66.3	92.3
		1967	81	25.7	628.8	87.4	354.3	89.3	664.0	80.9	55.3	88.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	43	—	45.6	—	22.5	—	60.8	—	3.8	—
		1964	47	—	50.8	—	25.5	—	77.8	—	4.6	—
		1965	51	14.2	65.9	10.4	33.9	9.2	101.3	13.5	6.5	9.1
		1966	52	18.8	58.5	9.0	31.3	8.5	100.2	13.0	5.3	7.4
		1967	62	19.6	73.0	10.1	34.7	8.8	123.9	15.1	6.3	10.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.		1963	115	—	490.5	—	301.2	—	556.2	—	58.8	—
		1964	119	—	551.8	—	312.1	—	627.7	—	70.5	—
		1965	137	38.1	616.3	97.1	359.1	97.9	717.9	95.8	70.4	98.9
		1966	133	48.0	636.3	98.1	363.2	98.9	749.5	97.3	71.6	99.7
		1967	143	45.3	701.8	97.5	389.0	98.1	787.9	96.0	61.6	98.7
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	223	61.9	18.6	2.9	7.6	2.1	31.1	4.2	.8	1.1
		1966	144	52.0	12.3	1.9	4.2	1.1	21.1	2.7	.2	.3
		1967	173	54.7	18.2	2.5	7.4	1.9	33.1	4.0	.8	1.3
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	360	100.0	634.9	100.0	366.7	100.0	749.0	100.0	71.2	100.0
		1966	277	100.0	648.6	100.0	367.4	100.0	770.6	100.0	71.8	100.0
		1967	316	100.0	720.0	100.0	396.4	100.0	821.0	100.0	62.4	100.0

TABLE 117. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Chemicals and Chemical Products Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 117. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total de la fabrication de produits chimiques et autres produits connexes, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....	1963	236	—	1,268.3	—	788.4	—	1,441.6	—	158.8	—
	1964	240	—	1,455.9	—	890.1	—	1,660.6	—	186.8	—
	1965	275	26.0	1,623.6	82.3	1,008.3	83.9	1,797.6	81.1	195.4	88.6
	1966	285	29.1	1,857.0	84.3	1,068.1	85.1	2,028.8	82.5	208.9	91.5
	1967	288	30.7	2,072.2	83.0	1,176.4	85.7	2,077.8	81.3	189.3	90.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	134	—	193.5	—	109.8	—	273.9	—	17.9	—
	1964	133	—	188.7	—	95.1	—	274.5	—	16.0	—
	1965	156	14.7	190.0	9.6	82.8	6.9	253.8	11.4	16.9	7.7
	1966	164	16.7	182.8	8.3	83.3	6.6	271.3	11.0	14.6	6.4
	1967	172	18.3	251.3	10.1	91.3	6.6	310.0	12.1	14.6	7.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	370	—	1,461.8	—	898.2	—	1,715.5	—	176.7	—
	1964	373	—	1,644.6	—	985.2	—	1,935.1	—	202.8	—
	1965	431	40.7	1,813.6	91.9	1,091.1	90.8	2,051.4	92.5	212.3	96.3
	1966	449	45.8	2,039.8	92.6	1,151.4	91.7	2,300.1	93.5	223.5	97.9
	1967	460	49.0	2,323.5	93.1	1,267.7	92.3	2,387.8	93.4	203.9	97.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	627	59.3	159.9	8.1	110.8	9.2	165.3	7.5	8.2	3.7
	1966	531	54.2	163.8	7.4	104.9	8.3	160.1	6.5	4.9	2.1
	1967	478	51.0	171.2	6.9	105.1	7.7	167.6	6.6	5.3	2.5
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,058	100.0	1,973.5	100.0	1,201.9	100.0	2,216.7	100.0	220.5	100.0
	1966	980	100.0	2,203.6	100.0	1,256.3	100.0	2,460.2	100.0	228.4	100.0
	1967	938	100.0	2,494.7	100.0	1,372.8	100.0	2,555.4	100.0	209.2	100.0

TABLE 118. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 118. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, instruments scientifiques et professionnels, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....		1963	48	—	135.1	—	84.3	—	198.9	—	21.4	—
		1964	49	—	141.0	—	89.6	—	208.6	—	23.7	—
		1965	54	19.2	163.7	81.5	105.1	85.6	236.7	80.8	27.8	92.4
		1966	60	24.2	200.6	83.5	113.9	86.2	266.1	81.8	28.8	92.0
		1967	58	23.9	171.7	66.6	91.9	65.8	259.0	68.4	31.1	83.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	17	—	22.3	—	13.3	—	27.1	—	2.5	—
		1964	16	—	20.9	—	11.3	—	26.8	—	1.7	—
		1965	20	7.1	24.5	12.2	13.3	10.8	33.6	11.5	1.9	6.3
		1966	22	8.9	28.4	11.8	14.2	10.7	39.3	12.1	1.7	5.4
		1967	27	11.1	33.8	13.1	15.9	11.4	48.4	12.8	1.8	4.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.		1963	65	—	157.4	—	97.6	—	226.0	—	23.9	—
		1964	65	—	161.9	—	100.9	—	235.4	—	25.4	—
		1965	74	26.3	188.2	93.7	118.4	96.4	270.3	92.3	29.7	98.7
		1966	82	33.1	229.0	95.3	128.1	96.9	305.4	93.9	30.5	97.4
		1967	85	35.0	205.5	79.7	107.8	77.2	307.4	81.2	32.9	88.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	207	73.7	12.7	6.3	4.4	3.6	22.5	7.7	.4	1.3
		1966	166	66.9	11.2	4.7	4.1	3.1	19.8	6.1	.8	2.6
		1967	158	65.0	52.2	20.3	31.8	22.8	71.2	18.8	4.4	11.8
Total.....		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	281	100.0	200.9	100.0	122.8	100.0	292.8	100.0	30.1	100.0
		1966	248	100.0	240.2	100.0	132.2	100.0	325.2	100.0	31.3	100.0
		1967	243	100.0	257.7	100.0	139.6	100.0	378.6	100.0	37.3	100.0

TABLE 119. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Jewellery and Silverware Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 119. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, bijouteries et orfèvreries, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....		1963	10	—	17.9	—	12.0	—	26.8	—	.4	—
		1964	10	—	18.3	—	12.3	—	30.2	—	1.1	—
		1965	10	5.4	18.4	35.6	12.6	49.4	28.9	36.0	1.1	34.4
		1966	11	5.9	22.4	42.8	16.0	56.3	43.2	49.5	2.4	60.0
		1967	14	7.7	30.4	49.9	19.8	60.6	53.0	53.5	4.0	69.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	29	—	17.4	—	6.8	—	25.1	—	1.0	—
		1964	27	—	16.5	—	6.6	—	26.2	—	1.3	—
		1965	41	22.3	21.8	42.2	8.5	33.3	34.0	42.3	1.7	53.1
		1966	43	23.3	18.2	34.8	8.0	28.2	26.4	30.2	1.1	27.5
		1967	44	24.0	19.1	31.4	8.6	26.3	27.7	27.9	1.3	22.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes,		1963	39	—	35.3	—	18.8	—	51.9	—	1.4	—
		1964	37	—	34.8	—	18.9	—	56.4	—	2.4	—
		1965	51	27.7	40.2	77.8	21.1	82.7	62.9	78.3	2.8	87.5
		1966	54	29.2	40.6	77.6	24.0	84.5	69.6	79.7	3.5	87.5
		1967	58	31.7	49.5	81.3	28.4	86.9	80.7	81.4	5.3	91.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	133	72.3	11.5	22.2	4.4	17.3	17.4	21.7	.4	12.5
		1966	131	70.8	11.7	22.4	4.4	15.5	17.7	20.3	.5	12.5
		1967	125	68.3	11.4	18.7	4.3	13.1	18.5	18.6	.5	8.6
Total.....		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	184	100.0	51.7	100.0	25.5	100.0	80.3	100.0	3.2	100.0
		1966	185	100.0	52.3	100.0	28.4	100.0	87.3	100.0	4.0	100.0
		1967	183	100.0	60.9	100.0	32.7	100.0	99.2	100.0	5.8	100.0

TABLE 120. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Broom, Brush and Mop Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 120. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, balais, brosses et vadrouilles, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....		1963	7	—	11.7	—	7.1	—	18.5	—	1.6	—
		1964	8	—	13.0	—	7.7	—	21.2	—	1.9	—
		1965	8	18.6	12.6	50.4	8.6	58.5	23.1	54.1	2.1	75.0
		1966	7	17.9	11.1	45.1	8.1	55.9	18.2	46.3	1.0	66.7
		1967	6	14.3	11.0	44.5	8.2	56.9	19.0	45.7	1.5	62.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	9	—	6.4	—	3.9	—	10.8	—	.3	—
		1964	10	—	7.7	—	4.4	—	12.6	—	.5	—
		1965	14	32.6	10.9	43.6	5.6	38.1	16.9	39.6	.7	25.0
		1966	15	38.5	12.7	51.6	6.2	42.7	19.3	49.1	.5	33.3
		1967	15	35.7	12.0	48.6	5.7	39.6	19.7	47.3	.8	33.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.		1963	16	—	18.1	—	11.0	—	29.3	—	1.9	—
		1964	18	—	20.7	—	12.1	—	33.8	—	2.4	—
		1965	22	51.2	23.5	94.0	14.2	96.6	40.0	93.7	2.8	100.0
		1966	22	56.4	23.8	96.7	14.3	98.6	37.5	95.4	1.5	100.0
		1967	21	50.0	23.0	93.1	13.9	96.5	38.7	93.0	2.3	95.8
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	21	48.8	1.5	6.0	.5	3.4	2.7	6.3	—	—
		1966	17	43.6	.8	3.3	.2	1.4	1.8	4.6	—	—
		1967	21	50.0	1.7	6.9	.5	3.5	2.9	7.0	.1	4.2
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	43	100.0	25.0	100.0	14.7	100.0	42.7	100.0	2.8	100.0
		1966	39	100.0	24.6	100.0	14.5	100.0	39.3	100.0	1.5	100.0
		1967	42	100.0	24.7	100.0	14.4	100.0	41.6	100.0	2.4	100.0

TABLE 121. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Sporting Goods and Toys Industries, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 121. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, articles de sports et jouets, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices			
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%		
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	15	—	76.1	—	15.4	—	38.0	—	—	1.5	—
	1964	18	—	79.2	—	13.5	—	36.7	—	—	—	—
	1965	22	12.5	56.7	52.5	—	10.6	—	38.6	34.6	—	25.8
	1966	22	14.4	56.6	52.3	—	8.7	—	41.8	34.3	1.0	32.3
	1967	24	18.3	61.6	56.4	2.3	10.4	45.6	37.5	2.0	43.5	—
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	28	—	30.8	—	12.8	—	49.0	—	1.8	—	—
	1964	27	—	35.6	—	14.8	—	54.0	—	1.9	—	—
	1965	34	19.3	42.4	39.3	14.4	—	62.7	56.1	—	.9	—
	1966	33	21.5	44.3	41.0	16.0	—	70.0	57.4	2.1	67.7	—
	1967	32	24.4	41.9	38.3	17.4	78.7	67.0	55.1	2.4	52.2	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	43	—	106.9	—	28.2	—	87.0	—	—	.3	—
	1964	45	—	114.8	—	28.3	—	90.7	—	—	1.9	—
	1965	56	31.8	99.1	91.8	3.8	—	101.3	90.7	—	24.9	—
	1966	55	35.9	100.9	93.3	7.3	—	111.8	91.7	3.1	100.0	—
	1967	56	42.7	103.5	94.7	19.7	89.1	112.6	92.6	4.4	95.7	—
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	120	68.2	8.8	8.2	3.5	—	10.4	9.3	—	.2	—
	1966	98	64.1	7.2	6.7	2.5	—	10.1	8.3	—	—	—
	1967	75	57.3	5.8	5.3	2.4	10.9	9.0	7.4	—	.2	4.3
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	176	100.0	107.9	100.0	7.3	—	111.7	100.0	—	24.7	—
	1966	153	100.0	108.1	100.0	9.8	—	121.9	100.0	3.1	100.0	—
	1967	131	100.0	109.3	100.0	22.1	100.0	121.6	100.0	4.6	100.0	—

TABLE 122. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 122. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, autres fabrications diverses, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	59	—	80.9	—	46.9	—	99.2	—	9.9	—
	1964	61	—	79.6	—	42.4	—	98.8	—	10.4	—
	1965	69	5.9	94.9	33.6	51.7	40.7	111.6	30.2	11.9	51.5
	1966	77	6.7	99.8	32.7	58.0	42.8	122.6	29.0	14.3	53.0
	1967	78	6.8	103.6	32.0	61.9	42.9	130.7	28.3	14.9	52.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	120	—	87.0	—	41.5	—	125.5	—	5.1	—
	1964	121	—	97.0	—	45.5	—	126.7	—	7.0	—
	1965	169	14.5	129.9	45.9	55.0	43.4	166.7	45.1	8.7	37.7
	1966	184	16.1	143.5	47.1	55.5	41.0	190.7	45.2	9.3	34.4
	1967	202	17.5	158.5	49.0	62.3	43.2	227.8	49.2	11.6	40.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	179	—	167.9	—	88.4	—	224.7	—	15.0	—
	1964	182	—	176.6	—	87.9	—	225.5	—	17.4	—
	1965	238	20.4	224.8	79.5	106.7	84.1	278.3	75.3	20.6	89.2
	1966	261	22.8	243.3	79.8	113.5	83.8	313.3	74.2	23.6	87.4
	1967	280	24.3	262.1	81.0	124.2	86.1	358.5	77.5	26.5	93.3
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	927	79.6	57.8	20.5	20.1	15.9	91.3	24.7	2.5	10.8
	1966	885	77.2	61.7	20.2	21.9	16.2	108.8	25.8	3.4	12.6
	1967	872	75.7	61.5	19.0	20.1	13.9	104.2	22.5	1.9	6.7
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,165	100.0	282.6	100.0	126.8	100.0	369.6	100.0	23.1	100.0
	1966	1,146	100.0	305.0	100.0	135.4	100.0	422.1	100.0	27.0	100.0
	1967	1,152	100.0	323.6	100.0	144.3	100.0	462.7	100.0	28.4	100.0

TABLE 123. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 123. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries manufacturières diverses, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	139	—	321.7	—	165.7	—	381.4	—	31.8	—
	1964	146	—	331.1	—	165.5	—	395.5	—	37.1	—
	1965	163	8.8	346.3	51.8	167.4	56.3	438.9	48.9	17.0	49.3
	1966	177	10.0	390.5	53.5	187.3	58.5	491.9	49.4	47.5	71.0
	1967	180	10.3	378.3	48.7	184.1	52.2	507.3	46.0	53.7	68.4
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	203	—	163.9	—	78.3	—	237.5	—	10.7	—
	1964	201	—	177.7	—	82.6	—	246.3	—	12.4	—
	1965	278	15.1	229.6	34.4	96.7	32.6	313.9	35.0	13.9	40.3
	1966	297	16.8	247.1	33.8	99.9	31.2	345.7	34.7	14.7	22.0
	1967	320	18.3	265.3	34.2	109.9	31.1	390.6	35.4	17.6	22.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	342	—	485.6	—	244.0	—	618.9	—	42.5	—
	1964	347	—	508.8	—	248.1	—	641.8	—	49.5	—
	1965	441	23.9	575.9	86.2	264.1	88.9	752.8	83.9	30.9	89.6
	1966	474	26.8	637.6	87.3	287.2	89.7	837.6	84.1	62.2	93.0
	1967	500	28.6	643.6	82.9	294.0	83.3	897.9	81.4	71.5	91.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,408	76.1	92.2	13.8	33.0	11.1	144.3	16.1	3.6	10.4
	1966	1,297	73.2	92.6	12.7	33.1	10.3	158.2	15.9	4.7	7.0
	1967	1,251	71.4	132.6	17.1	59.1	16.7	205.8	18.6	7.0	8.9
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	1,849	100.0	668.1	100.0	297.1	100.0	897.1	100.0	34.5	100.0
	1966	1,771	100.0	730.2	100.0	320.3	100.0	995.8	100.0	66.9	100.0
	1967	1,751	100.0	776.2	100.0	353.1	100.0	1,103.7	100.0	78.5	100.0

TABLE 124. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Manufacturing Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 124. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries manufacturières, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices —	
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	1,622	—	15,425.3	—	9,181.5	—	15,715.5	—	1,430.1	—
	1964	1,644	—	16,420.6	—	9,748.7	—	17,334.1	—	1,760.3	—
	1965	1,863	8.7	18,200.8	55.4	10,357.5	58.2	19,541.7	51.6	1,881.4	59.9
	1966	1,956	9.4	20,593.3	56.4	11,262.1	59.4	21,903.9	53.2	1,918.8	59.9
	1967	2,039	9.9	22,362.6	56.7	11,809.5	59.2	23,535.5	53.8	1,816.7	61.0
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	4,495	—	10,432.1	—	5,952.3	—	13,089.5	—	1,051.7	—
	1964	4,441	—	11,446.5	—	6,309.5	—	14,173.6	—	1,192.8	—
	1965	5,574	25.9	13,193.0	40.1	6,805.9	38.2	15,956.6	42.1	1,191.5	38.0
	1966	5,990	28.6	14,500.1	39.7	7,125.2	37.5	17,054.4	41.5	1,221.7	38.1
	1967	6,254	30.3	15,779.6	40.0	7,559.8	37.9	18,009.7	41.2	1,088.0	36.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	6,117	—	25,857.4	—	15,133.8	—	28,805.0	—	2,481.8	—
	1964	6,085	—	27,867.1	—	16,058.2	—	31,507.7	—	2,953.1	—
	1965	7,437	34.6	31,393.8	95.5	17,163.4	96.4	35,498.3	93.7	3,072.9	97.9
	1966	7,946	38.0	35,093.4	96.1	18,387.3	96.9	38,958.3	94.7	3,140.5	98.0
	1967	8,293	40.2	38,142.2	96.7	19,369.3	97.1	41,545.2	95.0	2,904.7	97.6
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	14,068	65.4	1,482.5	4.5	641.2	3.6	2,382.7	6.3	66.2	2.1
	1966	12,988	62.0	1,429.7	3.9	596.6	3.1	2,196.2	5.3	63.7	2.0
	1967	12,333	59.8	1,319.8	3.3	572.8	2.9	2,182.5	5.0	72.5	2.4
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	21,505	100.0	32,876.3	100.0	17,804.6	100.0	37,881.0	100.0	3,135.1	100.0
	1966	20,934	100.0	36,523.1	100.0	18,983.9	100.0	41,154.5	100.0	3,204.2	100.0
	1967	20,626	100.0	39,462.0	100.0	19,942.1	100.0	43,727.7	100.0	2,977.2	100.0

TABLE 125. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Construction Industry, 1963-1967
TABLEAU 125. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, construction, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	140	—	278.6	—	96.0	—	456.2	—	11.9	—
	1964	126	—	292.7	—	104.4	—	449.7	—	13.7	—
	1965	142	.9	355.3	9.9	99.4	11.2	616.6	10.5	16.9	10.7
	1966	148	1.0	566.3	13.0	106.3	10.3	914.1	12.4	29.7	11.9
	1967	152	.9	669.7	14.0	117.0	9.7	930.8	11.4	29.1	10.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	1,877	—	1,554.7	—	446.5	—	2,643.4	—	47.4	—
	1964	1,790	—	1,695.9	—	422.2	—	2,698.1	—	54.4	—
	1965	2,920	19.1	2,467.7	68.7	553.9	62.4	3,835.5	65.0	99.5	63.0
	1966	3,424	23.0	3,053.3	70.2	685.2	66.5	4,969.7	67.2	163.6	65.6
	1967	3,753	23.2	3,267.8	68.3	818.6	67.5	5,520.2	67.3	188.4	66.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	2,017	—	1,833.3	—	542.5	—	3,099.6	—	59.3	—
	1964	1,916	—	1,988.6	—	526.6	—	3,147.8	—	68.1	—
	1965	3,062	20.0	2,823.0	78.6	653.3	73.6	4,432.1	75.5	116.4	73.7
	1966	3,572	24.0	3,619.6	83.2	791.5	76.8	5,883.8	79.6	193.3	77.5
	1967	3,905	24.1	3,937.5	82.3	935.6	77.2	6,451.0	78.7	217.5	76.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	12,269	80.0	768.0	21.4	234.5	26.4	1,447.7	24.5	41.5	26.3
	1966	11,285	76.0	730.0	16.8	239.3	23.2	1,504.4	20.4	56.2	22.5
	1967	12,283	75.9	847.1	17.7	276.5	22.8	1,742.9	21.3	65.4	23.1
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	15,331	100.0	3,591.0	100.0	887.8	100.0	5,899.8	100.0	157.9	100.0
	1966	14,857	100.0	4,349.6	100.0	1,030.8	100.0	7,388.2	100.0	249.5	100.0
	1967	16,188	100.0	4,784.6	100.0	1,212.1	100.0	8,193.9	100.0	282.9	100.0

TABLE 126. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Transportation, Storage and Communications Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 126. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, transports, entreposage et communications, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
	No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident	1963	141	—	452.3	—	200.8	—	319.1	—	37.5	—
	1964	132	—	489.5	—	221.4	—	420.4	—	44.6	—
	1965	159	2.3	847.3	6.1	313.1	4.9	438.9	8.4	59.0	11.8
	1966	159	2.4	914.8	6.2	327.7	4.9	450.3	7.9	58.3	9.1
	1967	152	2.3	939.5	6.0	329.0	4.8	475.0	7.8	60.1	9.7
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	652	—	2,903.6	—	894.6	—	1,224.4	—	153.7	—
	1964	639	—	3,002.0	—	970.6	—	1,299.5	—	184.4	—
	1965	898	13.3	2,993.1	21.4	952.2	15.1	1,687.1	32.5	195.9	39.3
	1966	994	14.9	2,899.9	19.8	1,023.8	15.2	1,568.5	27.6	183.1	28.4
	1967	1,116	16.7	3,163.2	20.4	1,108.7	16.0	1,854.0	30.5	202.1	32.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	793	—	3,355.9	—	1,095.4	—	1,543.5	—	191.2	—
	1964	771	—	3,491.5	—	1,192.0	—	1,719.9	—	229.0	—
	1965	1,057	15.6	3,840.4	27.5	1,265.3	20.0	2,126.0	40.9	254.9	51.1
	1966	1,133	17.3	3,814.7	26.0	1,351.5	20.1	2,018.8	35.5	241.4	37.5
	1967	1,268	19.0	4,102.7	26.4	1,437.7	20.8	2,329.0	38.3	262.2	42.5
Other corporations — Autres corporations	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	5,703	84.4	10,129.3	72.5	5,054.1	80.0	3,069.0	59.1	244.3	48.9
	1966	5,525	82.7	10,866.3	74.0	5,381.1	79.9	3,672.0	64.5	402.3	62.5
	1967	5,394	81.0	11,467.3	73.6	5,458.1	79.2	3,744.6	61.7	354.2	57.5
Total	1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1965	6,760	100.0	13,969.7	100.0	6,319.4	100.0	5,195.0	100.0	499.2	100.0
	1966	6,678	100.0	14,681.0	100.0	6,732.6	100.0	5,690.8	100.0	643.7	100.0
	1967	6,662	100.0	15,570.0	100.0	6,895.8	100.0	6,073.6	100.0	616.4	100.0

TABLE 127. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Public Utilities Industry, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 127. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, services d'utilité publique, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	24	-	223.4	-	94.6	-	67.2	-	15.3	-
	1964	22	-	208.8	-	85.4	-	52.5	-	11.7	-
	1965	22	6.3	212.8	11.7	84.3	11.3	57.8	10.7	14.1	13.7
	1966	22	7.7	220.4	11.2	95.6	11.3	112.8	17.7	15.4	14.5
	1967	19	7.1	159.1	7.3	83.5	8.8	106.1	14.9	10.8	8.8
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	67	-	1,475.2	-	661.2	-	380.9	-	61.7	-
	1964	70	-	1,472.3	-	577.2	-	416.7	-	80.5	-
	1965	75	21.3	1,588.6	87.6	656.4	87.9	473.8	87.3	88.4	85.8
	1966	67	23.3	1,697.5	86.3	728.6	86.4	508.0	79.7	88.5	83.2
	1967	70	26.0	1,988.3	91.8	853.5	90.2	589.3	83.0	110.5	90.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations dé- clarantes.	1963	91	-	1,698.6	-	755.8	-	448.1	-	77.0	-
	1964	92	-	1,681.1	-	662.6	-	469.2	-	92.2	-
	1965	97	27.6	1,801.4	99.3	740.7	99.2	531.6	98.0	102.5	99.5
	1966	89	31.0	1,917.9	97.5	824.2	97.7	620.8	97.4	103.9	97.7
	1967	89	33.1	2,147.4	99.1	937.0	99.0	695.4	97.9	121.3	99.2
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	254	72.4	13.1	.7	6.1	.8	10.7	2.0	.5	.5
	1966	198	69.0	48.8	2.5	19.0	2.3	16.4	2.6	2.5	2.3
	1967	180	66.9	20.1	.9	9.1	1.0	14.9	2.1	1.0	.8
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	351	100.0	1,814.5	100.0	746.8	100.0	542.3	100.0	103.0	100.0
	1966	287	100.0	1,966.7	100.0	843.2	100.0	637.2	100.0	106.4	100.0
	1967	269	100.0	2,167.5	100.0	946.1	100.0	710.3	100.0	122.3	100.0

TABLE 128. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Transportation, Storage, Communications and Other Utilities Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 128. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries de transports, entreposage, communications et autres services d'utilité publique, 1963-1967

			Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		
			No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....			1963	165	—	675.7	—	295.4	—	386.3	—	52.8	—
			1964	154	—	698.3	—	306.8	—	472.9	—	56.3	—
			1965	181	2.5	1,060.1	6.7	397.4	5.6	496.7	8.7	73.1	12.1
			1966	181	2.6	1,135.2	6.8	423.3	5.6	563.1	8.9	73.7	9.8
			1967	171	2.5	1,098.6	6.2	412.5	5.3	581.1	8.6	70.9	9.6
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident			1963	719	—	4,378.8	—	1,555.8	—	1,605.3	—	215.4	—
			1964	709	—	4,474.3	—	1,547.8	—	1,716.2	—	264.9	—
			1965	973	13.7	4,581.7	29.0	1,608.6	22.8	2,160.9	37.6	284.3	47.2
			1966	1,061	15.2	4,597.4	27.6	1,752.4	23.1	2,076.5	32.8	271.6	36.2
			1967	1,186	17.1	5,151.5	29.0	1,962.2	25.0	2,443.3	36.0	312.6	42.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.			1963	884	—	5,054.5	—	1,851.2	—	1,991.6	—	268.2	—
			1964	863	—	5,172.6	—	1,854.6	—	2,189.1	—	321.2	—
			1965	1,154	16.2	5,641.8	35.7	2,006.0	28.4	2,657.6	46.3	357.4	59.3
			1966	1,242	17.8	5,732.6	34.4	2,175.7	28.7	2,639.6	41.7	345.3	46.0
			1967	1,357	19.6	6,250.1	35.2	2,374.7	30.3	3,024.4	44.6	383.5	51.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....			1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
			1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
			1965	5,957	83.8	10,142.4	64.3	5,060.2	71.6	3,079.7	53.7	244.8	40.7
			1966	5,723	82.2	10,915.1	65.6	5,400.1	71.3	3,688.4	58.3	404.8	54.0
			1967	5,574	80.4	11,487.4	64.8	5,467.2	69.7	3,759.5	55.4	355.2	48.1
Total.....			1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
			1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
			1965	7,111	100.0	15,784.2	100.0	7,066.2	100.0	5,737.3	100.0	602.2	100.0
			1966	6,965	100.0	16,647.7	100.0	7,575.8	100.0	6,328.0	100.0	750.1	100.0
			1967	6,931	100.0	17,737.5	100.0	7,841.9	100.0	6,783.9	100.0	738.7	100.0

TABLE 129. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Wholesale Trade Industry, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 129. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, commerce de gros, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident		1963	791	—	1,565.3	—	490.8	—	3,869.2	—	100.9	—
		1964	786	—	1,615.6	—	490.8	—	3,880.7	—	112.6	—
		1965	997	4.8	1,961.0	26.7	543.9	21.0	4,661.7	27.3	148.8	32.0
		1966	1,061	5.5	2,173.4	28.1	601.4	22.1	5,104.9	27.7	167.6	33.2
		1967	1,160	5.6	2,396.9	28.5	678.3	23.0	5,344.2	27.1	147.6	28.9
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	3,593	—	3,258.9	—	1,343.3	—	7,864.3	—	173.2	—
		1964	3,713	—	3,552.9	—	1,422.1	—	8,447.8	—	212.3	—
		1965	5,201	25.2	4,432.2	60.4	1,679.0	65.0	10,638.8	62.2	262.4	56.4
		1966	5,548	29.0	4,670.3	60.3	1,791.9	65.8	11,515.2	62.5	282.7	56.0
		1967	5,845	28.3	5,029.2	59.9	1,905.4	64.7	12,398.3	62.8	303.1	59.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.		1963	4,384	—	4,824.2	—	1,834.1	—	11,733.5	—	274.1	—
		1964	4,499	—	5,168.5	—	1,912.9	—	12,328.5	—	324.9	—
		1965	6,198	30.0	6,393.2	87.1	2,222.9	86.0	15,300.5	89.5	411.2	88.4
		1966	6,609	34.5	6,843.7	88.4	2,393.3	87.9	16,620.1	90.2	450.3	89.2
		1967	7,005	33.9	7,426.1	88.4	2,583.7	87.7	17,742.5	89.9	450.7	88.2
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	14,494	70.0	944.8	12.9	362.0	14.0	1,794.6	10.5	53.8	11.6
		1966	12,562	65.5	894.0	11.6	329.2	12.1	1,802.3	9.8	54.4	10.8
		1967	13,678	66.1	976.9	11.6	363.3	12.3	1,983.5	10.1	60.1	11.8
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	20,692	100.0	7,338.0	100.0	2,584.9	100.0	17,095.1	100.0	465.0	100.0
		1966	19,171	100.0	7,737.7	100.0	2,722.5	100.0	18,422.4	100.0	504.7	100.0
		1967	20,683	100.0	8,403.0	100.0	2,947.0	100.0	19,726.0	100.0	510.8	100.0

TABLE 130. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Retail Trade Industry, 1963-1967

TABLÉAU 130. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, commerce de détail, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident		1963	182	—	808.2	—	526.9	—	1,858.2	—	74.9	—
		1964	182	—	830.6	—	548.6	—	1,981.2	—	84.2	—
		1965	206	.9	926.4	17.7	577.1	25.6	2,224.2	18.1	89.5	28.6
		1966	224	.9	1,061.4	19.1	635.0	26.8	2,516.8	17.6	121.6	31.1
		1967	259	1.0	1,251.1	20.4	730.8	28.0	2,755.0	17.7	123.6	28.3
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	2,584	—	2,410.3	—	952.1	—	6,103.4	—	144.6	—
		1964	2,436	—	2,358.1	—	991.4	—	6,323.8	—	150.9	—
		1965	3,717	15.4	2,960.9	56.4	1,131.2	50.1	7,990.0	64.9	147.7	47.2
		1966	4,087	16.2	3,201.6	57.6	1,234.4	52.0	8,848.5	62.0	188.3	48.1
		1967	4,285	16.6	3,482.1	56.9	1,339.5	51.3	9,607.3	61.8	222.2	50.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.		1963	2,766	—	3,218.5	—	1,479.0	—	7,966.6	—	219.5	—
		1964	2,618	—	3,188.7	—	1,540.0	—	8,305.0	—	235.1	—
		1965	3,923	16.3	3,887.3	74.1	1,708.3	75.7	10,214.2	83.0	237.2	75.8
		1966	4,311	17.1	4,263.0	76.7	1,869.4	78.8	11,365.3	79.6	309.9	79.2
		1967	4,544	17.6	4,733.2	77.3	2,070.3	79.3	12,362.3	79.5	345.8	79.1
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	20,011	83.7	1,357.7	25.9	549.4	24.3	2,095.9	17.0	75.7	24.2
		1966	20,839	82.9	1,296.0	23.3	503.9	21.2	2,916.9	20.4	81.4	20.8
		1967	21,325	82.4	1,389.8	22.7	539.1	20.7	3,195.6	20.5	91.1	20.9
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	24,034	100.0	5,245.0	100.0	2,257.7	100.0	12,310.1	100.0	312.9	100.0
		1966	25,150	100.0	5,559.0	100.0	2,373.3	100.0	14,282.2	100.0	391.3	100.0
		1967	25,869	100.0	6,123.0	100.0	2,609.4	100.0	15,557.9	100.0	436.9	100.0

TABLE 131. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Deposit Accepting Institutions Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 131. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, institutions recueillant des dépôts, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	20	.6	155.0	.4	18.8	.7	12.5	.8	1.5	.4
1966	19	.5	393.3	1.1	68.5	3.2	32.1	1.5	6.2	2.4
1967	17	4.8	409.7	1.0	69.6	2.9	33.9	1.3	6.2	1.9
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	584	16.3	4,093.5	11.1	725.9	25.9	282.6	19.0	68.7	20.5
1966	167	4.6	3,695.1	9.9	352.2	16.3	315.8	14.3	37.9	14.8
1967	159	44.4	3,805.3	9.0	358.2	15.0	316.3	12.2	37.5	11.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations dé-clarantes.										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	604	16.9	4,248.5	11.5	744.7	26.6	295.1	19.8	70.2	20.9
1966	186	5.1	4,088.4	11.0	420.7	19.5	347.9	15.8	44.1	17.2
1967	176	49.2	4,215.0	10.0	427.8	17.9	350.2	13.5	43.7	13.2
Other corporations - Autres corporations										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	2,973	83.1	32,743.8	88.5	2,051.0	73.4	1,191.9	80.2	265.1	79.1
1966	3,435	94.9	33,229.5	89.0	1,736.0	80.5	1,854.1	84.2	212.6	82.8
1967	182	50.8	38,015.8	90.0	1,962.4	82.1	2,237.0	86.5	286.9	86.8
Total										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	3,577	100.0	36,992.3	100.0	2,795.7	100.0	1,487.0	100.0	335.3	100.0
1966	3,621	100.0	37,317.9	100.0	2,156.7	100.0	2,202.0	100.0	256.7	100.0
1967	358	100.0	42,230.8	100.0	2,390.2	100.0	2,587.2	100.0	330.6	100.0

TABLE 132. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Credit Agencies Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 132. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, sociétés de crédit, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	54	5.3	2,171.9	33.2	187.6	26.3	165.1	29.1	57.3	43.4
1966	55	6.2	2,371.9	34.4	201.0	28.6	190.6	30.2	30.7	35.8
1967	56	6.8	2,654.1	40.5	267.5	34.8	231.0	34.3	41.3	37.9
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	291	28.5	3,042.9	46.6	397.5	55.7	245.3	43.2	48.0	36.3
1966	283	31.8	2,901.6	42.1	355.2	50.6	254.9	40.3	23.8	27.8
1967	337	41.1	2,822.7	43.1	373.2	48.5	268.3	39.8	34.6	31.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations dé-clarantes.										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	345	33.8	5,214.8	79.8	585.1	82.0	410.4	72.3	105.3	79.7
1966	338	38.0	5,273.5	76.5	556.2	79.2	445.5	70.5	54.5	63.6
1967	393	47.9	5,476.8	83.6	640.7	83.3	499.3	74.1	75.9	69.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	675	66.2	1,322.8	20.2	128.5	18.0	157.5	27.7	26.8	20.3
1966	552	62.0	1,623.4	23.5	145.7	20.8	186.8	29.5	31.2	36.4
1967	427	52.1	1,071.8	16.4	128.4	16.7	174.1	25.9	33.0	30.3
Total										
1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1965	1,020	100.0	6,537.6	100.0	713.6	100.0	567.9	100.0	132.1	100.0
1966	890	100.0	6,896.9	100.0	701.9	100.0	632.3	100.0	85.7	100.0
1967	820	100.0	6,548.6	100.0	769.1	100.0	673.4	100.0	108.9	100.0

TABLE 133. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Security Dealers Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 133. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, courtiers en valeurs, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	13	1.9	38.6	3.2	6.1	5.3	13.9	5.5	2.2
	1966	13	1.9	33.1	2.4	4.4	2.9	19.7	8.1	.3
	1967	18	2.5	51.0	3.0	11.4	8.3	21.6	8.2	1.3
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	235	33.6	1,143.6	94.7	97.9	85.3	216.3	86.1	27.5
	1966	234	34.4	1,249.1	90.5	125.3	82.2	206.6	85.1	15.3
	1967	234	31.9	1,613.8	95.1	115.1	84.2	221.1	83.7	18.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	248	35.5	1,182.2	97.9	104.0	90.6	230.2	91.6	29.7
	1966	247	36.3	1,282.2	92.9	129.7	85.1	226.3	93.2	15.6
	1967	252	34.4	1,664.8	98.1	126.5	92.5	242.7	91.9	19.3
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	450	64.5	25.7	2.1	10.8	9.4	21.1	8.4	2.1
	1966	434	63.7	97.8	7.1	22.7	14.9	16.6	6.8	20.5
	1967	480	65.6	31.6	1.9	10.3	7.5	21.3	8.1	.6
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	698	100.0	1,207.9	100.0	114.8	100.0	251.3	100.0	31.8
	1966	681	100.0	1,380.0	100.0	152.4	100.0	242.9	100.0	36.1
	1967	732	100.0	1,696.4	100.0	136.8	100.0	264.0	100.0	19.9

TABLE 134. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Investment Companies Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 134. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, sociétés de placement, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident.....	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	673	3.6	4,187.6	28.5	3,226.2	29.8	269.7	27.8	70.6
	1966	772	2.6	4,677.1	27.1	3,336.2	27.1	256.8	24.8	183.5
	1967	827	2.6	5,210.0	27.0	3,712.5	26.7	298.2	23.4	218.2
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	4,032	21.9	9,551.3	64.9	7,053.9	65.2	622.6	64.1	430.2
	1966	4,728	16.2	11,310.0	65.4	8,348.8	67.9	667.6	64.6	470.0
	1967	5,214	16.4	12,380.3	64.2	9,265.0	66.6	778.4	61.0	488.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	4,705	25.5	13,738.9	93.4	10,280.1	95.0	892.3	91.9	500.8
	1966	5,500	18.8	15,987.1	92.5	11,685.0	95.0	924.4	89.4	653.5
	1967	6,041	19.0	17,590.3	91.2	12,977.5	93.3	1,076.6	84.4	706.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations.....	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	13,761	74.5	977.7	6.6	539.9	5.0	79.1	8.1	33.6
	1966	23,802	81.2	1,301.2	7.5	615.4	5.0	109.5	10.6	34.4
	1967	25,714	81.0	1,705.1	8.8	938.8	6.7	199.4	15.6	80.2
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	18,466	100.0	14,716.6	100.0	10,820.0	100.0	971.4	100.0	534.4
	1966	29,302	100.0	17,288.3	100.0	12,300.4	100.0	1,033.9	100.0	687.9
	1967	31,755	100.0	19,295.4	100.0	13,916.3	100.0	1,276.0	100.0	787.1

TABLE 135. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Insurance, Real Estate and Other Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 135. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, assureurs, agents d'immeubles et autres, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
50% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	546	2.1	1,034.4	13.2	265.0	15.6	138.3	8.9	17.9
	1966	581	2.2	1,198.6	13.3	298.8	15.8	161.0	8.5	26.8
	1967	614	2.3	1,258.4	13.1	294.7	15.1	186.5	9.0	28.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	4,935	19.3	5,280.3	67.3	1,062.2	62.3	925.5	59.2	78.7
	1966	5,400	20.7	6,165.0	68.4	1,191.3	62.8	1,042.8	55.3	89.4
	1967	5,925	22.2	6,924.5	71.9	1,392.4	71.1	1,283.1	62.1	123.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	5,481	21.4	6,314.7	80.5	1,327.2	77.9	1,063.8	68.1	96.6
	1966	5,981	22.9	7,363.6	81.7	1,490.1	78.6	1,203.8	63.8	116.2
	1967	6,539	24.5	8,182.9	85.0	1,687.1	86.2	1,469.6	71.1	151.9
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	20,082	78.6	1,527.5	19.5	377.6	22.1	498.7	31.9	42.8
	1966	20,191	77.1	1,647.5	18.3	406.7	21.4	684.1	36.2	51.8
	1967	20,125	75.5	1,448.5	15.0	270.4	13.8	595.9	28.9	37.3
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	25,563	100.0	7,842.2	100.0	1,704.8	100.0	1,562.5	100.0	139.4
	1966	26,172	100.0	9,011.1	100.0	1,896.8	100.0	1,887.9	100.0	168.0
	1967	26,664	100.0	9,631.4	100.0	1,957.5	100.0	2,065.5	100.0	189.2

TABLE 136. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Finance Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 136. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des finances, 1963-1967

	Corporations		Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices	
	No. - Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
0% and over non-resident - et plus non-résident	1963	963	-	6,246.7	-	3,344.6	-	587.7	-	227.5
	1964	1,012	-	6,373.9	-	3,155.7	-	428.3	-	120.7
	1965	1,306	2.7	7,587.5	11.3	3,703.7	22.9	599.5	12.4	149.5
	1966	1,440	2.4	8,674.0	12.1	3,908.9	22.7	660.2	11.0	247.5
	1967	1,532	2.5	9,583.2	12.1	4,355.7	22.7	771.2	11.2	325.0
Under 50% non-resident - Moins de 50% non-résident	1963	6,566	-	15,566.7	-	6,479.7	-	1,685.4	-	663.2
	1964	6,805	-	17,962.5	-	7,241.4	-	1,788.7	-	608.0
	1965	10,077	20.4	23,111.6	34.3	9,337.4	57.9	2,292.3	47.3	653.1
	1966	10,812	17.8	25,320.8	35.2	10,372.8	60.3	2,487.7	41.5	636.4
	1967	11,869	19.7	27,546.6	34.7	11,503.9	60.0	2,867.2	41.8	702.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	7,529	-	21,813.4	-	9,824.3	-	2,273.1	-	890.7
	1964	7,817	-	24,336.4	-	10,397.1	-	2,217.0	-	728.7
	1965	11,383	23.1	30,699.1	45.6	13,041.1	80.8	2,891.8	59.7	802.6
	1966	12,252	20.2	33,994.8	47.3	14,281.7	83.0	3,147.9	52.5	883.9
	1967	13,401	22.2	37,129.8	46.8	15,859.6	82.7	3,638.4	53.0	1,027.7
Other corporations - Autres corporations	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	37,941	76.9	36,597.5	54.4	3,107.8	19.2	1,948.3	40.3	370.4
	1966	48,414	79.8	37,899.4	52.7	2,926.5	17.0	2,851.1	47.5	350.5
	1967	46,928	77.8	42,272.8	53.2	3,310.3	17.3	3,227.7	47.0	438.0
Total	1963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1965	49,324	100.0	67,296.6	100.0	16,148.9	100.0	4,840.1	100.0	1,173.0
	1966	60,666	100.0	71,894.2	100.0	17,208.2	100.0	5,999.0	100.0	1,234.4
	1967	60,329	100.0	79,402.6	100.0	19,169.9	100.0	6,866.1	100.0	1,465.7

TABLE 137. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Services Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 137. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des services, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....		1963	209	—	368.4	—	153.3	—	284.7	—	26.3	—
		1964	218	—	432.3	—	182.9	—	332.8	—	42.8	—
		1965	246	1.2	418.5	12.5	168.4	14.9	354.5	12.4	30.2	18.8
		1966	290	1.1	588.7	15.9	245.1	20.2	480.4	13.7	49.8	22.7
		1967	334	1.4	743.5	17.3	312.7	21.7	667.1	16.0	63.9	24.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	1,400	—	1,159.6	—	411.5	—	887.3	—	53.1	—
		1964	1,469	—	1,269.9	—	434.3	—	903.4	—	57.3	—
		1965	2,284	10.7	1,748.1	52.3	521.7	46.0	1,267.0	44.2	72.5	45.2
		1966	2,567	10.1	1,987.9	53.7	590.5	48.7	1,657.1	47.1	96.3	44.0
		1967	2,891	12.5	2,330.4	54.2	719.2	49.9	1,919.3	46.2	110.8	43.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.		1963	1,609	—	1,528.0	—	564.8	—	1,172.0	—	79.4	—
		1964	1,687	—	1,702.2	—	617.2	—	1,236.2	—	100.1	—
		1965	2,530	11.9	2,166.6	64.8	690.1	60.9	1,621.5	56.6	102.7	64.0
		1966	2,857	11.2	2,576.6	69.6	835.6	68.9	2,137.5	60.8	146.1	66.7
		1967	3,225	13.9	3,073.9	71.5	1,031.9	71.6	2,586.4	62.2	174.7	67.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	18,764	88.1	1,179.5	35.2	443.8	39.1	1,242.6	43.4	57.8	36.0
		1966	22,726	88.8	1,125.1	30.4	377.7	31.1	1,380.1	39.2	73.1	33.3
		1967	19,958	86.1	1,225.4	28.5	408.8	28.4	1,571.3	37.8	82.7	32.1
Total.....		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	21,294	100.0	3,346.1	100.0	1,133.9	100.0	2,864.1	100.0	160.5	100.0
		1966	25,583	100.0	3,701.7	100.0	1,213.3	100.0	3,517.6	100.0	219.2	100.0
		1967	23,183	100.0	4,299.3	100.0	1,440.7	100.0	4,157.7	100.0	257.4	100.0

TABLE 138. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents in the Total Non-financial Industries, 1963-1967

TABLEAU 138. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, total des industries non-financières, 1963-1967

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$' 000, 000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident.....		1963	3,493	—	23,403.0	—	13,215.8	—	23,767.0	—	1,937.2	—
		1964	3,470	—	24,872.3	—	14,081.5	—	25,876.6	—	2,382.3	—
		1965	4,055	3.4	27,958.2	36.0	15,067.8	39.9	29,458.6	34.6	2,521.0	46.0
		1966	4,282	3.5	31,793.8	37.4	16,414.5	40.7	33,298.2	35.0	2,660.6	44.1
		1967	4,581	3.8	35,242.8	38.0	17,887.2	41.4	35,958.4	35.0	2,618.6	43.8
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	15,623	—	26,077.4	—	12,837.1	—	33,285.9	—	1,930.8	—
		1964	15,475	—	27,938.3	—	13,466.3	—	35,464.4	—	2,255.1	—
		1965	22,271	18.8	33,191.3	42.8	15,100.9	40.1	43,319.0	50.8	2,420.6	44.1
		1966	24,463	20.3	36,424.8	42.8	16,280.8	40.4	47,835.9	50.4	2,633.9	43.7
		1967	26,123	21.4	39,690.5	42.7	17,441.0	40.3	51,804.3	50.5	2,638.0	44.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.		1963	19,116	—	49,480.4	—	26,052.9	—	57,052.9	—	3,868.0	—
		1964	18,945	—	52,810.6	—	27,547.8	—	61,341.0	—	4,637.4	—
		1965	26,326	22.2	61,149.5	78.8	30,168.7	80.0	72,777.6	85.4	4,941.6	90.1
		1966	28,745	23.8	68,218.6	80.2	32,695.3	81.1	81,134.1	85.4	5,294.5	87.8
		1967	30,704	25.2	74,933.3	80.7	35,328.2	81.7	87,762.7	85.5	5,256.6	87.9
Other corporations — Autres corporations.....		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	92,242	77.8	16,448.7	21.2	7,553.8	20.0	12,449.0	14.6	544.8	9.9
		1966	91,939	76.2	16,856.7	19.8	7,606.2	18.9	13,864.5	14.6	736.8	12.2
		1967	91,175	74.8	17,902.5	19.3	7,897.7	18.3	14,899.5	14.5	723.5	12.1
Total.....		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	118,568	100.0	77,598.2	100.0	37,722.5	100.0	85,226.6	100.0	5,486.4	100.0
		1966	120,684	100.0	85,075.3	100.0	40,301.5	100.0	94,998.6	100.0	6,031.3	100.0
		1967	121,879	100.0	92,835.8	100.0	43,225.9	100.0	102,662.2	100.0	5,980.1	100.0

**TABLE 139. Majority or Minority Ownership of Corporations in Canada by Non-residents,
Total All Industries, 1963-1967**

**TABLEAU 139. Corporations au Canada selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents,
total des industries, 1963-1967**

		Corporations		Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		
		No. — Nomb.	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
50% and over non-resident — et plus non-résident		1963	4,456	—	29,649.7	—	16,560.4	—	24,354.7	—	2,164.7	—
		1964	4,482	—	31,246.2	—	17,237.2	—	26,304.9	—	2,503.0	—
		1965	5,361	3.2	35,545.7	24.5	18,771.5	34.8	30,058.1	33.4	2,670.5	40.1
		1966	5,722	3.2	40,467.8	25.8	20,323.4	35.3	33,958.4	33.6	2,908.1	40.0
		1967	6,113	3.4	44,826.0	26.0	22,242.9	35.6	36,729.6	33.5	2,943.6	39.5
Under 50% non-resident — Moins de 50% non-résident		1963	22,189	—	41,644.1	—	19,316.8	—	34,971.3	—	2,594.0	—
		1964	22,280	—	45,900.8	—	20,707.7	—	37,253.1	—	2,863.1	—
		1965	32,348	19.3	56,302.9	38.9	24,438.3	45.4	45,611.3	50.6	3,073.7	46.2
		1966	35,275	19.4	61,745.6	39.3	26,653.6	46.4	50,323.6	49.8	3,270.3	45.0
		1967	37,992	20.8	67,237.1	39.1	28,944.9	46.4	54,671.5	49.9	3,340.7	44.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations dé- clarantes.		1963	26,645	—	71,293.8	—	35,877.2	—	59,326.0	—	4,758.7	—
		1964	26,762	—	77,147.0	—	37,944.9	—	63,558.0	—	5,366.1	—
		1965	37,709	22.5	91,848.6	63.4	43,209.8	80.2	75,669.4	84.0	5,744.2	86.3
		1966	40,997	22.6	102,213.4	65.1	46,977.0	81.7	84,282.0	83.4	6,178.4	85.0
		1967	44,105	24.2	112,063.1	65.1	51,187.8	82.0	91,401.1	83.4	6,284.3	84.4
Other corporations — Autres corporations		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	130,183	77.5	53,046.2	36.6	10,661.6	19.8	14,397.3	16.0	915.2	13.7
		1966	140,353	77.4	54,756.1	34.9	10,532.7	18.3	16,715.6	16.6	1,087.3	15.0
		1967	138,103	75.8	60,175.3	34.9	11,208.0	18.0	18,127.2	16.6	1,161.5	15.6
Total		1963	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1964	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		1965	167,892	100.0	144,894.8	100.0	53,871.4	100.0	90,066.7	100.0	6,659.4	100.0
		1966	181,350	100.0	156,969.5	100.0	57,509.7	100.0	100,997.6	100.0	7,265.7	100.0
		1967	182,208	100.0	172,238.4	100.0	62,395.8	100.0	109,528.3	100.0	7,445.8	100.0

Report
For 1968

Rapport
de 1968

Part 1 — Partie 1
CORPORATIONS



1-
210

CORPORATIONS AND LABOUR UNIONS RETURNS ACT
LOI SUR LES DÉCLARATIONS DES CORPORATIONS ET DES SYNDICATS OUVRIERS



ANNUAL REPORT
of the
Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce
under the
Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act
(Part I. Corporations)

RAPPORT ANNUEL
du
ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce
présenté conformément à la
Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers
(Partie I. Corporations)

1968

Published by Authority of
The Honourable Jean-Luc Pépin
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Dominion Bureau of Statistics
Walter E. Duffett
Dominion Statistician

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l'honorable Jean-Luc Pépin
ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce

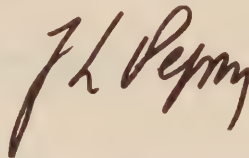
Bureau fédéral de la statistique
Walter E. Duffett
Statisticien fédéral

*To His Excellency, The Right Honourable Roland Michener, C.C., Governor General of
Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour of presenting to your Excellency the Seventh Annual Report under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary of information filed under Part I of the statute by corporations for their fiscal periods ending in 1968.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "J L Pepin". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style with a large initial "J" and "L".

Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce

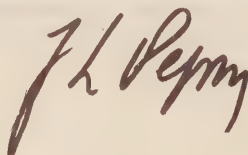
Ottawa, Canada
December, 1970

A son Excellence, le très honorable Roland Michener, C.C. Gouverneur général du Canada.

Monsieur le Gouverneur général,

J'ai l'honneur de présenter à Votre Excellence le rapport prévu par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers. Ce rapport, le septième de la série, comprend le résumé statistique des déclarations que les corporations visées par la partie I de ladite loi ont produites pour leur année financière close en 1968.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le Gouverneur général, l'assurance de mon profond respect.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "J. L. Pepin". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

Le ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce

Ottawa, Canada
Décembre, 1970

*The Honourable Jean-Luc Pépin,
Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Sir:

I have the honour to submit the Seventh Annual Report (Part I) under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act containing a statistical summary and analysis of information filed by corporations for the fiscal years ending in 1968.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Walter E. Duffett". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial 'W' and a long, sweeping underline.

Dominion Statistician

Ottawa, Canada
December, 1970

*A l'honorable Jean-Luc Pépin,
Ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce,
Ottawa, Canada.*

Monsieur le Ministre,

J'ai l'honneur de vous présenter, conformément à la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, le septième rapport annuel (Partie I) qui constitue le résumé statistique et l'analyse des renseignements déposés par les corporations pour leur exercice financier qui s'est terminé en 1968.

Veuillez agréer, Monsieur le ministre, l'expression de mes sentiments dévoués.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Maurice E. Duffett". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Statisticien fédéral

Ottawa, Canada
Décembre, 1970

SYMBOLS

The interpretation of the symbols used in the tables throughout this publication is as follows:

- .. figures not available
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable
- nil or zero
- amount too small to be expressed
- ^p preliminary figures
- ^r revised figures
- ^x confidential

SIGNES CONVENTIONNELS

Les signes utilisés dans les tableaux de cette publication sont interprétés comme suit:

- .. nombres indisponibles
- ... n'ayant pas lieu de figurer
- néant ou zéro
- nombres infimes
- ^p nombres provisoires
- ^r nombres rectifiés
- ^x confidentiel

FOREWORD

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, Chapter 26, 10-11 Elizabeth II, was passed by Parliament in April, 1962 and is administered by the Dominion Statistician under the authority of the Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce. The purpose of the Act is to collect financial and other information on the affairs of certain corporations and labour unions carrying on activities in Canada. Such information was considered necessary to evaluate the extent and effects of non-resident ownership and control of corporations in Canada and the extent and effects of the association of Canadians with international labour unions.

The Act applies only to corporations with gross revenues during a reporting period in excess of \$500,000 or assets in excess of \$250,000. Crown corporations and corporations operating under the authority of such Government of Canada statutes, as the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Bank Act, the Loan Companies Act, the Small Loans Act, the Radio Act and the Railway Act are exempted to avoid duplication of returns where substantially the same kind of information was considered to be available under other federal legislation. Similarly, the legislation applies to every labour union in Canada having a local in Canada and 100 or more members resident in Canada.

The corporation returns are divided into confidential and non-confidential sections. The non-confidential section of the return includes information on the incorporation, officers and directors, and ownership of the corporation's issued share capital. The confidential section of the return includes financial statements of the corporation and a schedule of selected payments to non-residents for dividends, interest and certain business services.

Labour unions affected by the legislation are required to provide similar kinds of information, also divided into the two parts. In the non-confidential section, the union furnishes a copy of its constitution, names of its officers, number of members and certain information on locals, trusteeships and collective agreements. The confidential section of the return includes the union's financial statements and information on the dues and assessments received by international unions from members of those unions resident in Canada.

The non-confidential part of the return required for both corporations and labour unions is available to the public. The labour union returns are retained by the Department of Labour and the corporation returns by the Department of Consumer and Corporate Affairs. Some of the information contained in this part of the labour union return has been published in annual

AVANT-PROPOS

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers, Chap. 26, 10-11 Elisabeth II, a été adoptée en 1962. La mise en application en est confiée au Statisticien fédéral qui relève du Ministre de l'Industrie et du Commerce. Cette loi a pour but de recueillir des renseignements d'ordre financier et autre sur les affaires de certaines sociétés et certains syndicats ouvriers exerçant leur activité au Canada, renseignements considérés comme nécessaires pour juger dans quelle mesure des sociétés canadiennes appartiennent à des non-résidents ou sont sous leur dépendance et quelles en sont les incidences et pour constater combien de Canadiens appartiennent à des syndicats ouvriers internationaux et quels en sont les effets.

La Loi ne s'applique qu'aux sociétés dont le revenu brut perçu au cours de l'exercice financier était supérieur à \$500,000 ou dont l'actif dépassait \$250,000. La Loi dispense les sociétés de la Couronne et les compagnies exerçant leur activité en vertu d'une loi fédérale canadienne, telle que la Loi sur les compagnies d'assurance canadiennes et britanniques, la Loi sur les banques, la Loi sur les compagnies de prêt, la Loi sur les petits prêts, la Loi sur la radio ou la Loi sur les chemins de fer de l'obligation de produire ces déclarations si elles doivent fournir sensiblement les mêmes renseignements aux termes d'autres lois fédérales. La Loi s'applique d'autre part à tous les syndicats établis au Canada qui y possèdent une section et qui comptent 100 adhérents ou plus ayant leur résidence au Canada.

La déclaration des sociétés comporte une partie confidentielle et une partie non confidentielle. La partie non confidentielle comprend des renseignements sur la constitution, sur la composition du conseil d'administration et les dirigeants ainsi que sur les détenteurs des actions émises par la société. La partie confidentielle de la déclaration a trait aux états financiers de la société et contient une liste de certains versements effectués à des non-résidents à titre de dividendes, d'intérêts et en contrepartie de certains services.

Les syndicats ouvriers auxquels s'applique la Loi sont tenus de fournir des renseignements analogues en deux parties. Dans la partie non confidentielle, à laquelle le syndicat joint une copie de son acte constitutif, il produit les noms des membres du bureau, le nombre d'adhérents et certains renseignements concernant les sections locales, la tutelle administrative et les conventions collectives. La section confidentielle de la déclaration concerne les états financiers des syndicats et des renseignements sur les cotisations perçues par les syndicats internationaux de leurs membres résidant au Canada.

La partie non confidentielle de la déclaration exigée des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers est accessible au public. Les déclarations des syndicats ouvriers sont gardées dans les archives du ministère du Travail, celles des sociétés vont au ministère de la Consommation et des Corporations. Certains renseignements que renferme la section non confidentielle de la

reports under the Act, Part II Labour Unions. The inter-corporate ownership aspect of the corporation information has been released in a publication "Inter-Corporate Ownership, 1967", (DBS Catalogue No. 61-508). This publication indicates the holding of more than 10 per cent of the voting shares of a corporation by another corporation, the percentage of shares so held and the country of incorporation of the holding corporation.

The financial statements required of corporations under the Act consist of a balance sheet, a statement of income and expense, and a statement of surplus. Supporting schedules are also required to be attached to the financial statements including a reconciliation of net income as per financial statements with taxable income, continuity of the fixed assets accounts and computations of capital cost allowances claimed, dividends received indicating whether taxable or non-taxable, and cost of sales. The financial statements required of corporations under the Act are virtually identical with those submitted to the Department of National Revenue for corporation income tax purposes.

In order that unnecessary reporting of financial information by corporations might be prevented and that duplication in the tabulation and publication of corporation financial statistics might be avoided, the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act was amended in 1965. The amendment relieved corporations from filing a financial statement under this Act, if the corporation had filed a financial statement under the Income Tax Act. At the same time, access to corporation income tax returns was made available to the Dominion Statistician. A joint program of corporation financial statistics was then developed that would provide the Department of National Revenue with statistical information on the taxation of corporate income and at the same time provide data for statistical purposes.

The Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act requires that the Dominion Statistician prepare an annual report summarizing both the confidential and non-confidential information submitted by corporations and labour unions. The first report was released in July 1965 covering fiscal periods of corporations and labour unions ending in 1962. Subsequent annual reports under the Act are released in two parts, Part I relating to corporations and Part II relating to labour unions.

A.S. FOTI

*Director,
Corporations and Labour Unions
Returns Act Administration.*

déclaration des syndicats ouvriers ont été publiés sous forme de bulletins annuels en vertu de la partie II de la Loi sur les syndicats ouvriers. Un ouvrage intitulé: "Inter-Corporate Ownership, 1967", (B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 61-508) traite de l'aspect inter-corporatif des renseignements fournis par les corporations. Figurent dans cette publication toutes les sociétés dont plus de 10 p.100 des actions donnant droit au vote sont détenues par une autre, avec indication de la proportion des actions ainsi détenues et du pays dans lequel la société détentrice est légalement constituée.

Les états financiers exigés des sociétés en vertu de la Loi sont le bilan, l'état des revenus et des dépenses et l'état de l'excédent auxquels s'ajoutent des documents à l'appui, soit la conciliation du revenu net des états financiers avec le revenu imposable, le relevé des immobilisations et le calcul des déductions pour amortissement, l'état des dividendes reçus avec indication si impossibles ou non, et le coût de ventes ou frais d'opérations. Les états financiers exigés des sociétés en vertu de la Loi sont pratiquement identiques à ceux que celles-ci déposent au ministère du Revenu national pour fins d'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés.

Afin d'éviter que les sociétés ne produisent sans nécessité des déclarations sur leur situation financière et pour empêcher le double emploi dans les tableaux et publications relatifs à la statistique financière des sociétés, la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers a été modifiée en 1965. La modification dégageait les sociétés de l'obligation de faire la déclaration financière prévue par la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers si elles avaient fait la déclaration d'impôt prévue par la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu. Par la même occasion, on autorisait le Statisticien fédéral à prendre connaissance des déclarations d'impôt sur le revenu des sociétés. On mit ensuite au point un programme de statistique financière des sociétés permettant de fournir au ministère du Revenu national des statistiques sur l'imposition du revenu des sociétés et d'obtenir en même temps d'autres renseignements statistiques.

La Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers prévoit la rédaction, par le Statisticien fédéral, d'un rapport annuel qui résume les renseignements, tant confidentiels que non confidentiels, fournis par les sociétés et les syndicats ouvriers. Le premier rapport, publié en juillet 1965, couvrait l'exercice comptable des sociétés et des syndicats ouvriers qui s'est terminé en 1962. Les rapports annuels suivants seront publiés en deux parties: la première ayant trait aux sociétés et la deuxième, aux syndicats ouvriers.

A.S. FOTI

*Le Directeur de la division
des déclarations des
corporations et des
syndicats ouvriers.*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
General Review of 1968	11
About the Statistics	15
Coverage	15
Discontinuities	16
Intercompany Ownership	17
Principal Characteristics	17
Industrial Classification	18
Country of Control	19
About the Statistics — Ownership and Control	22
Industrial Research and Development	24
Foreign Ownership and Corporation Size	26
Distribution of Taxable Income with Respect to Regions	34
Manufacturing	38
Mining	40
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Trapping	41
Construction	41
Trade	41
Finance	42
Other Industries	42
Statistical Appendices	45
Statistical Tables	47
List of Statistical Tables	179

LIST OF STATEMENTS

Statement	
1. Percentage of Assets Represented by Non-resident-owned Corporations by Industrial Sectors, 1965-1968	15
2. Assets of Reporting Corporations classified under the Category "Unspecified Foreign Control"	21
3. Current Intramural R & D Expenditures, by Industry and Ownership Groups, 1967	25
4. Assets of Non-resident-owned Reporting Corporations, by Asset Size Groups and by Industrial Sectors, 1968	28
5. Sales of Non-resident-owned Reporting Corporations, by Asset Size Groups and by Industrial Sectors, 1968	30
6. Average Asset Size of Foreign-owned and All Corporations, by Industries, Non-financial Industries Only, 1968	33

TABLE DES MATIÈRES

	Page
Vue d'ensemble pour 1968	11
A propos des statistiques	15
Champ d'application	15
Discontinuités	16
Liens de parenté entre firmes	17
Caractéristiques principales	17
Classification industrielle	18
Pays de provenance du contrôle	19
A propos des statistiques — appartenance et contrôle	22
Recherche et développement industriels	24
Appartenance à des non-résidents et taille le des corporations	26
Répartition du revenu imposable selon les régions	34
Fabrication	38
Mines	40
Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	41
Construction	41
Commerce	41
Finances	42
Autres industries	42
Annexes statistiques	45
Tableaux statistiques	47
Liste des tableaux statistiques	179

LISTE DES ÉTATS

État	
1. Répartition procentuelle de l'actif des corporations appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par secteurs industriels, 1965-1968	15
2. Actif des corporations déclarantes classées sous la catégorie "Contrôle étranger non spécifié"	21
3. Dépenses courantes intra-muros de R & D, par groupe industriel et type de propriété, 1967	25
4. Actif des corporations déclarantes possédé par des firmes appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif et par secteurs industriels, 1968	28
5. Ventes des corporations déclarantes possédées par des firmes appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif et par secteurs industriels, 1968	30
6. Moyenne de l'actif des corporations d'appartenance étrangère et de toutes les corporations, par branches d'activité, industries non financières seulement, 1968	33

TABLE OF CONTENTS — Concluded

LIST OF STATEMENTS — Concluded

Statement	Page
7. Comparison of Book Profit Before Taxes with Taxable Income, by Industry, 1966	36
8. Percentage of Corporation Taxable Income Earned in Each Industrial Sector and Region Attributable to Non-resident-owned companies, 1965-1968 Average	38
9. Percentage of Taxable Income of Foreign-owned Corporations Attributable to Each Geographical Region by Industrial Sectors, 1965-1968 Average	43

LIST OF GRAPHS

Graph	
1. Proportion of the Assets of Reporting Corporations Held by Non-resident-owned Firms, by Industrial Sectors, 1968	13
2. Assets of Corporations by Country in Which Control is Held, 1968	20
3. Assets of Reporting Corporations by Asset Size Groups and by Minority-Majority Non-resident Ownership, Non-financial Industries, 1968	27
4. Sales of Reporting Corporations by Asset Size Groups and by Minority-Majority Non-resident Ownership, Non-financial Industries, 1968	27
5. Proportion of Taxable Income of Reporting Corporations Contributed by Non-resident-owned Firms, by Region, Mining and Manufacturing Industries, 1965-1968 Average	37

TABLE DES MATIÈRES — fin

LISTE DES ÉTATS — fin

État	Page
7. Comparaison du bénéfice comptable avant impôts et du revenu imposable, par branche d'activité, 1966	36
8. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable réalisé par des corporations appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par régions géographiques et par secteurs industriels, moyenne des années 1965 à 1968	38
9. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable des corporations appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par régions géographiques et par secteurs industriels, moyenne des années 1965 à 1968	43

LISTE DES GRAPHIQUES

Graphique	
1. Proportion de l'actif des corporations déclarantes possédé par des firmes appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, 1968	13
2. Actif des corporations avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1968	20
3. Actif des corporations déclarantes par tranche de taille de l'actif selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, industries non financières, 1968	27
4. Ventes des corporations déclarantes par tranches de taille de l'actif selon l'appartenance majoritaire ou minoritaire à des non-résidents, industries non financières, 1968	27
5. Proportion du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes contribué par des firmes appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par région, industries minières et manufacturières, moyenne des années 1965 à 1968	37

GENERAL REVIEW OF 1968

Foreign ownership of non-financial corporations¹ in Canada increased again in 1968. The proportion of the assets of non-financial corporations belonging to foreign-owned² corporations reporting under CALURA rose by one percentage point in 1968 to 39 per cent. This reflected the third successive annual increase since 1965, when CALURA data were first collected on their present basis.

In 1968 there was an increase of \$4.2 billion in the assets of non-financial corporations owned abroad, half of which was attributable to higher foreign ownership in the manufacturing industries, where the foreign-owned proportion grew by 1 percentage point to 58 per cent. This compared with a negligible increase in 1967 and an increase of 1 percentage point in 1966. Of the \$2.1 billion of assets gained by foreign-owned manufacturing companies in 1968 about a third related to the petroleum and coal products industry. With this exception, the growth of foreign-owned assets was fairly general throughout the manufacturing industries. In 3 industries, however, the foreign-owned proportion declined. In chemicals, it fell by 2 percentage points to 81 per cent as Canadian-owned enterprise (including provincially-owned corporations in the heavy water industry) expanded somewhat more rapidly; in electrical products by 2 percentage points to 64 per cent owing to the more rapid growth of Canadian-owned companies particularly in the communications equipment industry; and in the primary metals industry only slightly to 55 per cent. Increases of 2 percentage points or more were recorded in the foreign ownership of corporate assets in 7 manufacturing industries including metal fabricating where there was a 2 percentage point rise to 47 per cent; wood industries where a 5 percentage point increase, to 31 per cent, resulted in part from new inflows of foreign investment; non-metallic mineral products (by 5 percentage points to 52 per cent) which was, to some extent, attributable to increased investment in affiliates by a major foreign-owned company; and textile mills where there was a 2 per-

¹ Because of the exemption of large segments of the finance industries under CALURA and other problems connected with the measurement of their foreign ownership (described on page 26) the textual analysis in this report deals only with the non-financial industries. Statistical information relating to financial corporations, however, is provided in all appendices.

² Throughout this report the term "foreign-owned" has been used as an abbreviated method of describing corporations whose voting stock is 50 per cent or more owned by non-residents. For information on the concepts of foreign ownership and control used in the report see page 22.

VUE D'ENSEMBLE POUR 1968

L'appartenance étrangère des corporations non financières¹ au Canada augmenta encore en 1968. Le pourcentage des actifs des corporations non financières d'appartenance étrangère², déclarantes à CALURA, s'éleva de 1 p. 100 en 1968 pour atteindre 39 p. 100. Ceci reflète le troisième accroissement annuel successif depuis 1965; année où les données de CALURA furent, pour la première fois, recueillies selon la procédure actuelle.

En 1968 il y eut une augmentation de \$4.2 milliards dans les actifs des corporations non financières détenues par des étrangers, la moitié de celle-ci fut attribuable à une appartenance étrangère plus élevée dans l'industrie manufacturière, où la proportion des corporations d'appartenance étrangère a crû par 1 p. 100 jusqu'à 58 p. 100. Ceci peut être comparé à un négligeable accroissement en 1967 et à celui de 1 p. 100 en 1966. Des \$2.1 milliards d'actifs gagnés par les compagnies manufacturières appartenant à des étrangers, environ le tiers se rapporte à l'industrie des produits du pétrole et du charbon. Excepté ceci, la croissance des actifs des sociétés d'appartenance étrangère fut assez générale dans l'industrie manufacturière. Dans 3 industries, cependant, la proportion des corporations d'appartenance étrangère baissa. Dans les produits chimiques, elle déclina de 2 p. 100 jusqu'à 81 p. 100 alors que les entreprises d'appartenance canadienne (y compris celles de l'industrie de l'eau lourde appartenant au(x) gouvernement(s) provincial(aux)) se développaient un peu plus rapidement; dans les appareils électriques, la proportion baissa de 2 p. 100 à 64 p. 100 comme conséquence d'une croissance plus rapide des compagnies d'appartenance canadienne particulièrement dans l'industrie des biens d'équipement pour les communications; finalement dans l'industrie de la fabrication des métaux primaires, la proportion déclina légèrement jusqu'à 55 p. 100. Des accroissements de 2 p. 100 et plus furent enregistrés dans l'appartenance étrangère des actifs des corporations dans 7 industries manufacturières y compris les produits métalliques où il y eut une augmentation de 2 p. 100 pour atteindre 47 p. 100; dans les industries du bois où un 5 p. 100 d'accroissement amena la proportion à 31 p. 100,

¹ Étant donné, qu'une fraction importante du secteur des finances est dispensée de produire les déclarations exigées par CALURA, et en raison des problèmes impliqués directement par l'évaluation de l'appartenance étrangère (décrite à la page 26) de ces industries, la partie analytique du texte de ce rapport concerne seulement les industries non financières. Néanmoins, les renseignements d'ordre statistique se référant aux corporations financières sont fournis dans toutes les annexes de ce rapport.

² Dans tout ce rapport l'expression "appartenance étrangère" a été employée comme formule abrégée pour définir les corporations dont les actions à vote sont en proportion de 50 p. 100 ou plus détenues par des non-résidents. En page 22 est fournie une description des concepts "appartenance étrangère" et "contrôle" tels qu'utilisés dans le présent rapport.

centage point increase to 52 per cent. In 1968 the assets of foreign-owned manufacturing corporations represented about half of the assets of all foreign-owned corporations in the non-financial industries.

In mining, foreign ownership increased by nearly 3 percentage points to 63 per cent in 1968 following a gain of over 2 percentage points in 1967 and a slight decline in 1966. The total assets of foreign-owned mining companies rose by \$0.7 billion to \$7.4 billion in 1968. About half of this expansion occurred among mineral fuels mining companies, where foreign ownership grew to 82 per cent as a result mainly of normal business expansion (arising from the growth of retained earnings, revaluations, etc.) but to some extent because of important new foreign investment in both coal and oil mining. Additional foreign investment particularly in potash mining and other mining exploration partly accounted for the significant increase of almost \$0.3 billion in the assets of foreign-owned "other mining" companies which totalled \$1.3 billion in 1968. As a result of this increase, the proportion of the total assets of "other mining" companies attributable to the foreign-owned sector increased from 50 per cent in 1967 to 57 per cent in 1968. In the metal mining industry foreign-owned companies increased their share of total assets from 42 per cent in 1967 to 44 per cent in 1968.

Increased foreign ownership was recorded in all other industrial sectors but 2. In the agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping sector, the assets of foreign-owned companies reporting under CALURA declined by \$10 million to \$69 million when they represented 6 per cent of total corporate assets in the sector, or 2 percentage points less than in 1967. In construction non-resident-owned corporations accounted for less than 14 per cent of total corporate assets in 1968, or moderately less than in 1967. Largely as a result of the establishment of new corporations foreign ownership of the wholesale trade increased significantly during 1968. At \$2.9 billion, the assets of foreign-owned corporations in 1968 comprised 31 per cent of corporate assets in the industry or about 3 percentage points more than in 1967. In retail trade foreign-owned corporations raised their share of corporate assets by a further percentage point to 21 per cent in 1968 while a sharp expansion in the assets of non-resident-owned companies in the service industries gave rise to a 3 percentage point increase to 20 per cent. In transportation, storage, communication and public

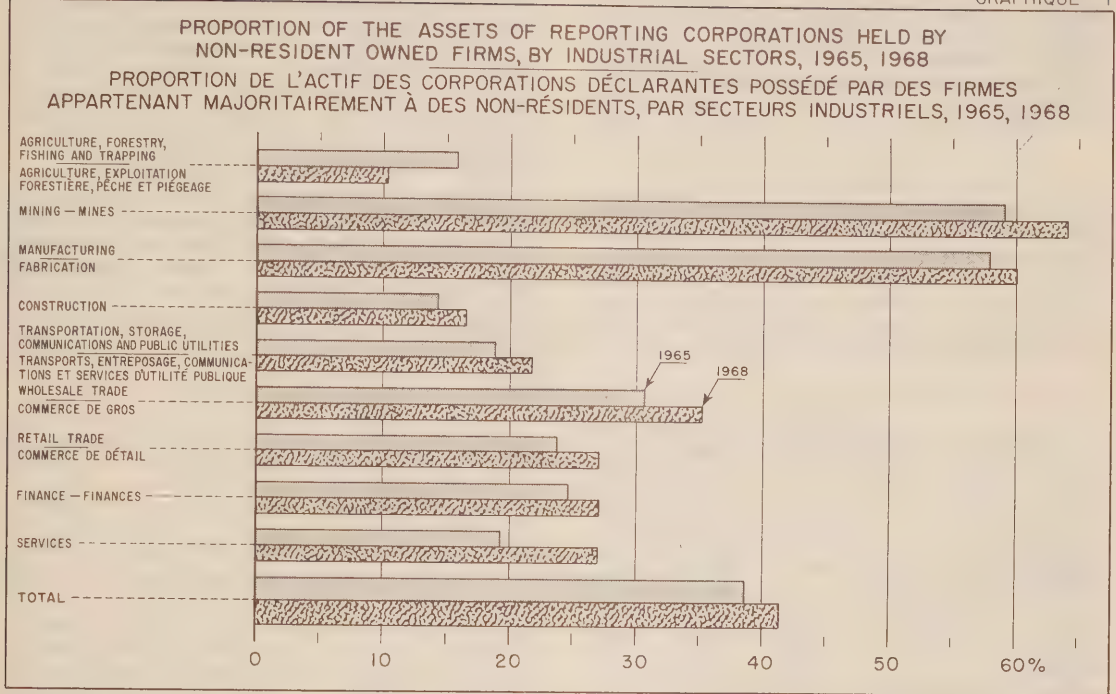
résultat dû en partie à de nouveaux investissements étrangers; dans les minéraux métalliques, la proportion crût jusqu'à 52 p. 100 ce qui était attribuable jusqu'à un certain point aux investissements accrus dans les filiales par une importante compagnie d'appartenance étrangère; enfin dans les filatures et tissages il y eut un 2 p. 100 d'augmentation pour atteindre 52 p. 100. En 1968 le total des actifs des corporations d'appartenance étrangère dans l'industrie manufacturière se montait à \$24.5 milliards ou environ 48 p. 100 des actifs de toutes les corporations d'appartenance étrangère dans les industries non financières.

Dans les minéraux l'appartenance étrangère augmenta de près de 3 p. 100 jusqu'à 63 p. 100 en 1968 après un gain de plus de 2 p. 100 l'année précédente et une légère diminution en 1966. Les actifs réunis des compagnies d'appartenance étrangère de cette industrie s'élevèrent de \$0.7 milliard à \$7.4 milliards en 1968. A peu près la moitié de cette croissance se réalisa parmi les compagnies de combustibles minéraux où l'appartenance étrangère grossi jusqu'à 82 p. 100 résultant principalement d'une expansion économique normale (augmentation des bénéfices accumulés, réévaluations, etc.), mais aussi, jusqu'à un certain point, d'importants nouveaux investissements dans les houillères et les puits de pétrole. L'investissement étranger additionnel surtout dans les mines de potasse et autres prospections minières compta en partie pour l'augmentation significative de presque \$0.3 milliard dans les actifs des "autres compagnies minières" lesquelles totalisèrent \$1.3 milliard en 1968. Comme résultat de cet accroissement, la proportion des actifs totaux de ces compagnies relativement au secteur d'appartenance étrangère augmenta de 50 p. 100 en 1967 à 57 p. 100 en 1968. Dans l'industrie des minéraux métalliques les compagnies d'appartenance étrangère accrurent leur part des actifs totaux de 42 p. 100 (1967) à 44 p. 100 (1968).

Une appartenance étrangère accrue fut enregistrée dans tous les autres secteurs industriels excepté 2. Dans le secteur couvrant l'agriculture, les exploitations forestières, la pêche et le piégeage, les actifs des corporations d'appartenance étrangère déclarantes sous CALURA baissèrent de \$10 millions à \$69 millions alors qu'ils représentaient 6 p. 100 des actifs corporatifs dans ce secteur, soit 2 p. 100 de moins qu'en 1967. Dans le secteur de la construction, les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents comptaient pour moins que 14 p. 100 du total des actifs corporatifs en 1968, soit légèrement moins qu'en 1967. Ceci est en grande partie le résultat de l'accroissement significatif de nouvelles corporations d'appartenance étrangère dans le commerce de gros durant 1968. A \$2.9 milliards, les actifs des corporations étrangères comprenaient en 1968 les 31 p. 100 des actifs corporatifs de l'industrie de cette année-là soit environ 3 p. 100 de plus qu'en 1967. Dans le commerce de détail les corporations d'appartenance étrangère élevèrent leur part des actifs corporatifs par 1 p. 100 à 21 p. 100 en 1968 tandis qu'une vigoureuse expansion des actifs des compagnies appartenant aux non-résidents dans l'industrie des services donna

GRAPH — I

GRAPHIQUE — I



utilities (only 36 per cent covered by CALURA in terms of assets), the assets of foreign-owned reporting corporations rose from 6 per cent in 1967 to 8 per cent in 1968.

Most of the 1968 increases represented growth in United States ownership and, to a lesser extent, in ownership by residents of the United Kingdom. The year was also notable, however, for increased ownership by other foreign countries including Japan. Long-term investment by foreign companies in Canadian subsidiaries and branches in 1968, as recorded in the Canada's balance of international payments, involved a net capital inflow of \$590 million or somewhat less than the post-war high of \$710 million recorded in 1966. In part, the 1968 inflows for direct investment were associated with a large hydro-electric project and the take-over of existing assets including a large brewing concern. Foreigners and Canadians also have significant portfolio and short-term investments in foreign-controlled companies in Canada and the CALURA assets data reflect changes in these items as well as in direct investment. In addition, the CALURA figures take account of changes due to asset revaluation, and investment through retained earnings. To some extent, it should be noted, the data also reflect changes in intercorporate obligations which are not directly relevant to the underlying structure of foreign

lieu à un accroissement de 3 p. 100 pour atteindre 20 p. 100. Dans les transports, l'entreposage, les communications et les services d'utilité publique (donc seulement 36 p. 100 en termes d'actifs est couvert par CALURA), les actifs des corporations déclarantes et appartenant à des non-résidents augmentèrent de 6 p. 100 en 1967 à 8 p. 100 pour 1968.

Bien entendu, la plupart des accroissements de 1968 représentaient la croissance de la propriété américaine, et jusqu'à un certain point, celle des résidents du Royaume-Uni. L'année fut aussi remarquable, cependant, dans l'augmentation de l'appartenance par d'autres pays étrangers y compris le JAPON. L'investissement à long terme par les compagnies étrangères dans leurs filiales et succursales canadiennes pour 1968, comme inscrit dans la balance des paiements internationaux du Canada, impliqua un influx net de capitaux de \$590 millions soit quelque peu moins que le sommet élevé de \$710 millions d'après guerre enregistré en 1966. En partie, l'influx de 1968 dans l'investissement direct était relié à un grand projet hydro-électrique et la prise d'actifs existants y compris un vaste complexe de brasseries. Les étrangers et les Canadiens ont aussi des investissements de portefeuille et à court terme significatifs dans les compagnies contrôlées par les étrangers au Canada et les données de CALURA concernant les actifs, reflètent les changements dans ces types d'investissement précédents. De plus les chiffres de CALURA tiennent compte des changements dus aux réévaluations d'actifs ainsi que de l'investissement découlant des bénéfices accumulés. Jusqu'à un

ownership in Canada. Corporate reorganization involving the creation of new subsidiaries (or liquidation of existing ones) often leads, in itself, to increases (or decreases) in corporate totals which would not appear in consolidated statements.

Care should be exercised, therefore, in interpreting changes in these foreign ownership and control statistics and, wherever possible, reference should be made to other indicators such as the CALURA series on sales and the series on the book value of long-term investment published in Canada's international investment position.³

For the most part, changes in foreign ownership recorded in the sales data for 1968 corresponded with those shown in the assets data. The foreign-owned share of sales in non-financial industries grew by 1 percentage point to 36 per cent reflecting, *inter alia*, increases of 1 percentage point in manufacturing (to 55 per cent); of 4 percentage points in mining (to 60 per cent); of 2 percentage points in wholesale trade (to 29 per cent); and 2 percentage points in retail trade (to 20 per cent). It will be noted, however, that in some industries, such as services, increases in the foreign-owned share of assets where not accompanied by a commensurate growth of foreign-owned sales, while the reverse situation held true in other industries, such as metal mining. Such divergent movements, may be attributable, in part, to market influences, including differences in performance, as well as to the fact that there is usually some lag between the time new investment takes place until the time it is reflected in increased sales.

The number of reporting Canadian corporations owned abroad was 412 higher in 1968, at 6,527. This represented 3.4 per cent of all corporations or about the same proportion as in 1967.

The profits of non-financial companies owned abroad grew sharply in 1968 to \$3,182 million, an increase of \$564 million over the 1967 level. This reflected higher earnings by companies in general, as well as the higher performance of foreign-owned companies whose share rose by 3 percentage points to 47 per cent. In comparison, in 1967 (a year when profits were generally lower) foreign-owned profits declined moderately both in total and as a proportion of total profits in the non-financial industries. The expansion of non-resident owned profits in 1968 was fairly widespread industrially, and was reflected in a broadly corresponding

certain point, il devrait être noté, les données reflètent aussi les changements dans les obligations inter-corporatives qui ne sont pas directement pertinentes à la structure qui sous-tend la propriété étrangère au Canada. La réorganisation corporative impliquant la création de nouvelles filiales (ou leur élimination) implique souvent en, elle-même, une augmentation (ou diminution) des totaux corporatifs, lesquels n'apparaissent pas dans les états consolidés.

Ainsi un grand soin devrait être apporté dans l'interprétation des changements dans les statistiques ayant trait au contrôle et à l'appartenance étrangers et toutes les fois que c'est possible, on devrait se référer à d'autres indicateurs tels que les séries de CALURA sur les ventes et celles sur la valeur aux livres des investissements à long-terme publiées dans la situation de l'investissement international au Canada³.

Pour la plupart, les changements dans l'appartenance étrangère enregistrés dans les données des ventes pour 1968 correspondaient avec ceux montrés dans les données des actifs. Les ventes dans les industries non financières appartenant aux étrangers augmentèrent de 1 p. 100 à 36 p. 100 reflétant les accroissements en pourcentage d'une unité (à 55 p. 100) dans l'industrie manufacturière, de 4 unités (à 60 p. 100) dans les mines, de 2 unités (à 29 p. 100) dans le commerce de gros et dans celui de détail (à 20 p. 100). Il sera noté cependant, que dans certaines industries, telle que celle des services les augmentations dans la part des actifs appartenant à des étrangers n'étaient pas accompagnées par une croissance proportionnée des ventes des corporations appartenant aux étrangers, alors que la situation inverse est vraie dans les autres industries, telle que celle des minéraux métalliques. De tels mouvements divergents, peuvent être attribués, en partie, aux influences du marché, y compris les différences dans le rendement aussi bien qu'au fait qu'il y a habituellement un certain retard entre le temps où le nouvel investissement a lieu jusqu'à celui qui est reflété par des ventes accrues.

Le nombre des corporations canadiennes déclarantes appartenant aux étrangers était de 6,527 en 1968 avec une augmentation de 412 sur l'année précédente. Ceci représentait 3.4 p. 100 de toutes les corporations, soit à peu près la même proportion qu'en 1967.

Les profits des compagnies non financières appartenant aux non-résidents augmentèrent remarquablement en 1968, pour atteindre \$3,182 millions, soit \$564 millions de plus que le montant de 1967. Ceci reflète des bénéfices plus élevés pour toutes les compagnies, aussi bien qu'un rendement plus élevé de la part de celles d'appartenance étrangère dont leur proportion s'établit à 47 p. 100 (accroissement de 3 p. 100). Par comparaison, en 1967, (une année où les profits furent généralement plus faibles) les profits des corporations d'appartenance étrangère baissèrent modérément à la fois comme total et comme proportion des profits totaux dans les industries non

³ Included with DBS publications with the catalogue prefix 67.

³ Compris dans les publications du B.F.S. dont le préfixe du catalogue est 67.

growth of taxable income. Nearly 47 per cent of the taxable income of non-financial companies accrued to foreign-owned companies in 1968, compared with nearly 45 per cent in 1967.

More detailed information on the principal characteristics of Canadian corporations by degree of foreign ownership and industry for the years 1963 to 1968 is provided in Appendix 1 of this report.

financières. L'augmentation des profits des corporations appartenant à des non-résidents fut, en 1968 assez bien répandue dans l'industrie, et était reflétée parallèlement par une forte croissance du revenu imposable. Près de 47 p. 100 du revenu imposable des compagnies non financières provenaient des compagnies appartenant à des non-résidents en 1968 contre presque 45 p. 100 en 1967.

Des renseignements plus détaillés sur les principales caractéristiques des corporations canadiennes par degré d'appartenance étrangère et par industrie pour les années allant de 1963 à 1968 sont donnés dans l'Annexe 1 de ce rapport.

STATEMENT 1. Percentage of Assets Represented by Non-resident-owned Corporations, by Industrial Sectors, 1965-1968

ÉTAT 1. Répartition procentuelle de l'actif des corporations appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par secteurs industriels, 1965-1968

Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels	Non-resident-owned corporations — Corporations appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents				Assets — Actif 1968	
					All corporations — Toutes les corporations	% covered by reporting corporations — % représenté par les corporations déclarantes
	1965	1966	1967	1968		
	%				\$'000,000	%
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	8.8	7.7	8.3	6.4	1,080.3	61.5
Mining — Mines	57.9	57.5	60.0	62.8	11,720.0	97.8
Manufacturing — Fabrication	55.4	56.4	56.7	58.1	42,163.0	96.7
Construction	9.9	13.0	14.0	13.6	5,199.4	82.1
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communications et services d'utilité publique	6.7	6.8	6.2	7.8	18,957.5	35.9
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	26.7	28.1	28.5	31.4	9,373.3	89.2
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	17.7	19.1	20.4	21.2	6,815.0	78.1
Services	12.5	15.9	17.3	19.7	4,841.8	73.1
Non-financial — Total — Non financières	36.0	37.4	38.0	39.4	100,150.3	81.1
Finance — Finances	11.3	12.1	12.1	12.6	89,764.1	46.4
Total	24.5	25.8	26.0	26.7	189,914.4	64.7

ABOUT THE STATISTICS

Coverage

The data on foreign-owned and controlled corporations contained in this report relate, of course, only to corporations reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. Important segments of the corporate universe in Canada are exempt from reporting under the Act, because of their small size; because they operate under various Acts governing banking, insurance, trust and loan, radio and television broadcasting, air and water transportation, railway, telegraph,

A PROPOS DES STATISTIQUES

Champ d'application

Les données sur les corporations possédées et contrôlées par des non-résidents se réfèrent bien entendu, seulement aux sociétés déclarantes à CALURA. Une partie importante de l'univers des sociétés au Canada est dispensée de déclarer à CALURA, et ce, pour un certain nombre de raisons telles que: la taille trop petite des sociétés; les activités exercées par certaines sociétés sont déjà contrôlées par d'autres Lois concernant les banques, les assurances, les compagnies de fiducies, les

telephone and express companies and co-operative credit societies; because they are agents of the Government of Canada, of a province, or of a foreign country; because they are owned by a foreign government, or because they are non-profit organizations such as those established for the furtherance of a religious or other charitable purposes. Since 1965, when CALURA obtained access to corporate financial statements filed under the Income Tax Act, financial data for exempt small companies, corporations reporting under regulatory legislation and the proprietary Crown corporations have been included in this report under the heading "other corporations". In 1968 such corporations, which are considered to be largely Canadian controlled, numbered 145,218, or 76 per cent of corporations in Canada, had combined assets of \$67 billion (or 35 per cent of the total) had sales of \$20 billion (17 per cent), and taxable income of \$0.8 billion (17 per cent).

These other corporations are included in the universe covered in all sections excepting those dealing with taxable income and asset size. They are treated as being Canadian owned, which will tend to overstate percentages relating to Canadian ownership, and to understate those relating to foreign ownership.

The inclusion of these corporations permits a considerably improved assessment of the relative magnitude of foreign-owned companies. However, it should be recognized that these data do not cover the operations of several important crown corporations, such as the provincially-owned hydro-electric undertakings, unincorporated business (which is particularly important to such industries as agriculture, forestry, fishing, construction, merchandising and certain service industries) and of the government and personal sectors (in providing, for example, educational, health and welfare services, housing and public utilities of various sorts).

Discontinuities

Since annual reports under CALURA were first published for 1962 significant discontinuities have arisen in the statistical series because of major improvements in the coverage of the corporate universe. For 1962, 24,508 returns were processed, for 1963, 26,646 and for 1964, 26,762 or substantially the same number as in 1963. The discontinuity between the number of respondents in 1962 and 1963 was partially attributable to increasing familiarity of the corporate community with the reporting requirements of the legislation. The effects of this learning process are not distinguishable from other types of changes in the data and therefore changes in the relative significance of non-resident-owned corporations between

prêts, les communications par radio et T.V., les transports par air et par eau, le télégraphe, le téléphone et les messages express, les sociétés co-opératives de crédit; certaines sociétés sont des agents du Gouvernement du Canada, d'un gouvernement provincial ou d'un pays étranger; certaines autres sont propriété d'un gouvernement étranger ou bien sont des sociétés à but non lucratif comme celles promouvant des objectifs religieux ou de bienfaisance. Depuis 1965, quand CALURA obtint l'accès aux états financiers des corporations exigés en vertu de la Loi de l'Impôt sur le Revenu, les données financières concernant les petites sociétés et celles déclarantes sous d'autres Lois ainsi que les sociétés de la Couronne ont été incluses dans ce rapport sous le titre "autres corporations". En 1968 le nombre de ces corporations, lesquelles sont considérées comme étant contrôlées principalement par des Canadiens, s'établissait à 145,218 (76 p. 100 de toutes les sociétés au Canada), elles avaient des actifs combinés au montant de \$67 milliards (35 p. 100 de tous les actifs), leurs ventes totalisaient \$20 milliards (17 p. 100), et \$0.8 milliard (17 p. 100) en revenu imposable.

Ces autres corporations sont comprises dans l'univers couvert par toutes les sections, exceptées celles traitant du revenu imposable et des tailles d'actif. Ces autres corporations sont considérées comme étant possédées par des Canadiens, ce qui tend à surévaluer les pourcentages reliés à l'appartenance canadienne, et à sous-évaluer ceux reliés à la propriété étrangère.

L'inclusion de ces corporations améliore grandement l'évaluation de l'importance relative des compagnies d'appartenance étrangère. Cependant on doit reconnaître que ces données ne couvrent pas les activités de plusieurs et importantes sociétés de la Couronne (exemple: les centrales hydro-électriques), les activités des entreprises individuelles, (ces dernières sont particulièrement importantes dans des industries comme l'agriculture, l'exploitation forestière, la pêche, la construction, la commercialisation des produits et certaines industries des services) et les activités des secteurs gouvernementaux et des soins personnels (exemple: service d'éducation, de santé et d'assistance publique, et les divers secteurs publics comme l'habitation, le voirie, etc.).

Discontinuités

Depuis que les rapports annuels furent publiés pour 1962 et les années suivantes par CALURA, des discontinuités importantes apparaissent dans les séries statistiques, causées par d'importantes améliorations en vue d'une meilleure appréciation de l'univers corporatif. Pour la première année 1962, 24,508 rapports furent analysés contre 26,646, en 1963 et 26,762 en 1964 soit à peu près le même nombre pour ces deux dernières années. La différence dans le nombre de firmes déclarantes en 1962 et 1963 est due, en bonne part, à la plus grande familiarité des milieux d'affaires avec les exigences de la Loi. Il est malheureusement impossible, entre ces deux années, d'isoler cette discontinuité dans les séries des changements qu'on cherche à mesurer; il en découle

1962 and 1963 are not apparent. Nevertheless the 1962 tabulations may still be useful in stringently qualified contexts.

Another significant discontinuity occurred between 1964 and 1965 as a result of the 1965 amendment to CALURA. As a result of access to corporation tax returns, thus provided, a large number of additional respondents were assisted in the completion of ownership returns required by the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act. The number of ownership returns tabulated increased from 26,762 in 1964 to 37,706 in 1965. (The number of reporting corporations in 1968 was 47,066, or about a quarter of corporations in Canada.)

A further discontinuity in the percentage data resulted from the inclusion of financial statistics for "other corporations" since 1965. The 1962 material then, is not consistent with any subsequent year. The year 1963 is consistent with 1964, but neither is consistent with subsequent years. Since 1965, the material presented has been prepared on a consistent and improved basis.

Intercompany Ownership

The method of determining non-resident ownership has been consistently applied since 1962 and is described in detail on page 22 of this report. It involves essentially the identification of ownership relationships between corporations. Corporations are grouped whenever they have common ownership or when they are linked by other share capital relationships. When there exists an intercompany ownership link of at least 10 per cent of outstanding voting rights, corporate complexes are defined. A publication, "Inter-Corporate Ownership, 1967"⁴ lists the ownership complexes defined by corporations reporting ownership information under the Act in 1967.

After all corporate linkages have been defined, the degree of non-resident ownership of any corporation is determined by calculating the proportion of non-resident ownership of the corporations in which no other corporations own in excess of 10 per cent of the voting shares. This proportion of non-resident ownership is applied to subsidiaries. The process of calculating the ultimate degree of non-resident ownership is performed for all reporting corporations with such linkages.

Principal Characteristics

The 5 principal characteristics used in this report (assets, equity, sales, profits and taxable income) are briefly described below:

⁴ DBS Catalogue No. 61-508, "Inter-Corporate Ownership, 1967".

que les changements entre 1962 et 1963, dans la position relative des corporations appartenant à des non-résidents n'apparaissent point. Néanmoins les tableaux de 1962 peuvent être encore utilisés mais seulement avec beaucoup de réserves.

Entre 1964 et 1965 une autre discontinuité importante s'est produite à la suite d'amendements passés en 1965 afin de simplifier la tâche des compagnies déclarantes. L'un des résultats les plus importants de ces amendements fut que, grâce aux informations additionnelles, se présenta la possibilité d'aider un grand nombre de firmes à satisfaire aux exigences de la Loi. Par conséquent on enregistra une importante augmentation dans le nombre de corporations déclarantes en 1965. Cette augmentation de 26,762 en 1964 à 37,706 en 1965 introduisit une autre discontinuité dans les séries. (En 1968, le nombre de sociétés déclarantes s'est élevé à 47,066 soit environ le quart des corporations au Canada.)

Une discontinuité supplémentaire dans les pourcentages découla de l'inclusion des statistiques financières des "autres corporations" à partir de 1965. Les données de 1962 ne sont pas ainsi comparables avec celles des années suivantes. Les données de 1963 et 1964 sont comparables entre elles mais ne le sont pas avec celles des années postérieures. Les données de 1965 et années suivantes sont comparables entre elles et sont d'une qualité supérieure aux statistiques des années précédentes.

Liens de parenté entre firmes

Cette méthode de déterminer l'appartenance à des non-résidents a été appliquée avec comparabilité depuis 1962 et le rapport de cette année-là la décrit en détail, voir aussi page 22 du présent rapport. Fondamentalement, cette méthode consiste à retracer les relations de propriété existant entre firmes. Les corporations sont groupées toutes les fois que se présente une appartenance commune tout aussi bien que d'autres liens de parenté ou propriété. Quand des firmes possèdent 10 p. 100 ou plus des actions à droit de vote émises par d'autres firmes, on établit des complexes intercorporatifs. Une publication intitulée "Liens de parenté entre firmes, 1967"⁴ donne une liste de ces complexes ou familles dressée d'après les informations rapportées par les entreprises aux termes de la Loi en 1967.

Après avoir recensé tous ces liens de propriété entre entreprises, le degré d'appartenance d'une corporation à des non-résidents est déterminé en calculant la proportion d'appartenance à des non-résidents des corporations dans lesquelles aucune autre société ne possède plus de 10 p. 100 des actions à droit de vote. Cette proportion d'appartenance à des non-résidents est appliquée aux filiales. L'ultime degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents est ainsi établi pour toutes les corporations rapportant de tels liens.

Caractéristiques principales

Les 5 caractéristiques principales utilisées dans ce rapport (actif, avoir, ventes, bénéfices, revenu imposable) sont décrites brièvement ci-dessous:

⁴ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 61-508 "Liens de parenté entre entreprises, 1967".

Assets

Included are cash, receivables, inventories, fixed assets net of depreciation and amortization, investments in other corporations and other assets. The amounts tabulated were those shown on the corporations' balance sheets after deducting allowances for doubtful accounts and accumulated depreciation.

Equity

The amount tabulated for shareholders' equity was the shareholders' ownership investment as represented by the total of all issued share capital, the earnings retained in the business (or minus any deficit), and other net worth values segregated from retained earnings.

Sales

The sales figure tabulated for trade and manufacturing corporations was the gross revenue derived from the principal source of operations except where corporations derived their main income from rents, dividends or interest; then the total income was tabulated as sales.

Profits

Profits include operating profits, investment income, if any, capital gains, dividend income, profits on the disposal of fixed assets and any other type of non-recurring, extraneous profits which may have been credited directly to the retained earnings account. Profits were tabulated after deducting allowances for depreciation but before income tax provisions or dividend declarations.

Taxable Income

Taxable income is the amount submitted by the corporation as being earned in the taxation year after the deduction of any losses carried forward. When provincial distributions are involved only positive values are taken into account. The returns are accepted as submitted before assessment by the Department of National Revenue.

Industrial Classification

The industrial classification of the statistics contained in this report is based on the Standard Industrial Classification.⁵ Thirty-eight industrial classes are employed in this report which correspond approximately to the Major Group level of the Standard Industrial Classification. Significant exceptions occur in the agriculture, forestry, fishing and services divisions. The agriculture, forestry and fishing divisions are grouped together. Services are shown as a single class as well.

A qualification in the application of the Standard Industrial Classification to company financial statistics involves the degree to which

Actif

L'actif d'une société est l'ensemble des biens ou créances que la société possède comme entité légale. On y inclut l'encaisse, les comptes à recevoir, les inventaires, les immobilisations nettes, les placements et tous les autres actifs. Les montants compilés sont ceux que montre le bilan d'une corporation après déduction des créances douteuses et de l'amortissement accumulé.

Avoir

Le concept de l'avoir des actionnaires utilisé réfère aussi à la notion usuelle. L'avoir comprend les titres de propriété constituant la totalité du capital-actions émis, le surplus accumulé de l'entreprise (qu'il soit positif ou négatif) et les autres postes de valeur nette séparés du surplus accumulé.

Ventes

Généralement le chiffre des ventes pour les corporations faisant partie des branches de la fabrication et du commerce est le revenu brut dérivé de leurs activités principales. Dans le cas de corporations, dont le revenu provient principalement de loyers, dividendes ou intérêts, le revenu total est assimilé aux ventes.

Bénéfices

Les bénéfices comprennent les profits d'opération, les revenus de placement, les gains de capital, les dividendes reçus, le profit (ou perte) réalisé sur la vente d'immobilisations et tous les autres types de bénéfices extraordinaires. Ces bénéfices extraordinaires sont parfois crédités directement au compte de surplus accumulé par les répondants. Les bénéfices furent compilés après déduction de l'amortissement, mais avant les déductions pour impôt sur le revenu et avant la distribution de dividendes.

Revenu imposable

Le revenu imposable est le montant que les sociétés déclarent avoir gagné au cours de leur exercice fiscal moins les pertes d'années antérieures appliquées au présent exercice. De ces montants nets seulement ceux qui sont positifs sont compilés lorsqu'intervient toute répartition par province. Ce revenu imposable ne comprend pas les corrections ou rectifications faites par le ministère du Revenu national.

Classification industrielle

Pour les tableaux de ce rapport on utilise la Classification type des industries⁵. Aux fins du présent rapport on utilise 38 classes ou catégories industrielles, lesquelles correspondent de près aux groupes d'industries de la classification type des industries. Toutefois il faut noter certaines exceptions importantes pour l'agriculture, l'exploitation forestière, la pêche et les services; pour ces activités les données sont compilées au niveau de la branche.

Une remarque ou réserve ayant trait à l'application de la Classification type des industries aux statistiques financières des corporations ressort du

⁵ DBS Catalogue No. 12-501 "Standard Industrial Classification Manual".

⁵ B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 12-501 F, "Manuel de la Classification type des industries".

data are aggregated before being classified. The establishment, typically a factory, mine, store or similar unit, is the basis for the Standard Industrial Classification. Corporations, of course, may consist of one or more establishments. In the case of corporations with a number of establishments, all of the establishments need not be in the same or related kinds of activity, but the entire corporation must be assigned to a specific classification on the basis of what appears to be its dominant activity. Since multi-establishment companies are generally large, a change in their classification may significantly disrupt the time series in which they are included. For example, in the agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping industries, assets of predominantly foreign-owned corporations were shown in previous reports to have dropped from \$148.1 million in 1964 to \$74.1 million in 1965. This change resulted from corporations being reclassified; e.g., from forestry to manufacturing.

This type of difficulty has been considered in preparing the tables of this report. Whenever possible, firms of a significant size have been classified to the same industry for 1963 to 1968 unless there is significant evidence of a change in their nature of business. This imposition of consistency does not in any way alleviate the qualification that distortions will occur because significant establishments are associated with large corporations whose principal activity is in a different industry.

In summary, any ranking of industries of the basis of statistics in this report is subject to distortion on account of classification difficulties relating to the company unit. Adjustments to previously published material have been effected to help insure comparability.

COUNTRY OF CONTROL

The overwhelming importance of United States-controlled companies when compared with those controlled in other foreign countries is emphasized in Appendix 4, which provides details of the assets of Canadian corporations, according to country of control, in 1968.

United States-controlled companies accounted for three quarters of the assets of all foreign-controlled companies in the non-financial industries in 1968. Some 51 per cent of the mining industry, 43 per cent of manufacturing and significant proportions of wholesale (19 per cent) and retail trade (17 per cent) and services (12 per cent) were controlled by United States residents. In all industries which were predominantly foreign controlled except tobacco products, primary metal manufacturing and non-metallic mineral products United States-controlled companies were paramount. Companies controlled in the United States owned over 50 per cent of the assets of 7 major industries; rubber products (84 per cent); petroleum and coal products (76 per cent); transport equipment

niveau d'agrégation des données avant leur classification. En effet la Classification type des industries prévoit que l'unité de base pour la compilation des statistiques est l'établissement. Les corporations peuvent comprendre, évidemment, un ou plusieurs établissements. Dans le cas de sociétés ayant un certain nombre d'établissements, ceux-ci n'occuperont pas nécessairement tous le même champ d'activité mais il faut classer la société tout entière à l'une ou l'autre catégorie d'après ce qui semble être son activité principale. Comme les sociétés à établissements multiples sont généralement très grosses les changements de classification qui consistent à faire passer l'une de ces sociétés d'une classe à une autre peuvent créer de véritables clivages dans les séries. Par exemple, pour les branches de l'agriculture, de la forêt et de la pêche et du piégeage, l'actif des sociétés contrôlées par des étrangers a tombé soudainement de \$148.1 millions en 1964 à \$74.1 millions en 1965. Ce changement fut le résultat du transfert de certaines sociétés de la branche de l'exploitation forestière à celle de la fabrication.

Les difficultés de ce genre furent prises en considération lors de la préparation des tableaux de ce rapport. Autant que possible les sociétés de taille importante furent classifiées dans la même industrie pour toutes les années de 1963 à 1968 à moins de changement évident et important dans la nature de leurs activités. La continuité ainsi imposée ne corrige cependant pas la limitation amenée par l'agrégation d'établissements ayant des activités de nature souvent différente.

En résumé, tout arrangement d'industries à partir des statistiques de base de ce rapport est sujet à des distortions dues à des difficultés de la classification qui sont reliées à l'unité déclarante. Enfin, quand il le fallait, des ajustements furent affectués aux données déjà publiées afin d'assurer une plus grande comparabilité.

PAYS DE PROVENANCE DU CONTRÔLE

L'importance écrasante des compagnies contrôlées par les États-Unis sur celles qui sont contrôlées par les autres pays étrangers est soulignée dans l'Annexe 4, qui donne la ventilation des actifs des sociétés canadiennes, selon le pays de provenance du contrôle, pour 1968.

En 1968, les trois-quarts des actifs de toutes les compagnies contrôlées par des non-résidents dans les industries autres que celle de la finance, l'étaient par des résidents des États-Unis. Quelques 51 p. 100 dans l'industrie minière, 43 p. 100 de l'industrie manufacturière et des proportions significatives du commerce de gros (19 p. 100), du commerce de détail (17 p. 100) et des services (12 p. 100) étaient contrôlés par des résidents des États-Unis. Dans toutes les industries où le contrôle étranger était dominant, exception faite: des produits du tabac, de la fabrication des métaux primaires et des produits minéraux non-métalliques, les compagnies contrôlées par les États-Unis étaient prédominantes. Les compagnies contrôlées aux États-Unis contribuèrent pour plus de 50 p. 100 des actifs des 7 industries majeures, à

(73 per cent); mineral fuels mining (67 per cent); machinery (65 per cent); electrical products (58 per cent); and chemicals (57 per cent).

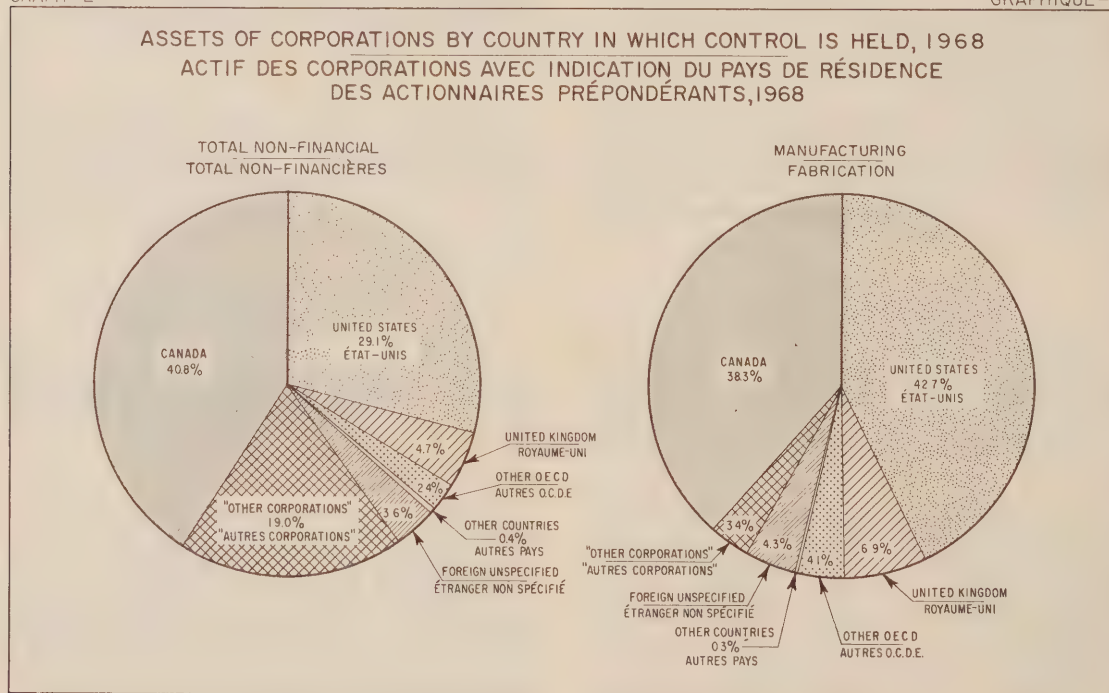
Over four fifths of the assets of United States-controlled non-financial corporations (totalling \$29.2 billion) were located in the manufacturing and mining industries. Manufacturing alone accounted for \$18.0 billion or 62 per cent of this investment while mining accounted for a further \$6.0 billion or 20 per cent. The largest United States-controlled investments were in petroleum and coal products manufacturing (\$3.6 billion) and related mineral fuels mining (\$3.3 billion). United States-controlled corporations in transportation equipment manufacturing were the next most important (\$2.6 billion) followed by paper and allied industries (\$1.9 billion), wholesale trade (\$1.8 billion), metal mining (\$1.8 billion), chemicals (\$1.6 billion) and primary metal manufacturing (\$1.5 billion). In addition there were 7 other industries where United States-controlled corporations had assets in excess of \$750 million.

savoir: les produits du caoutchouc (84 p. 100), les produits du pétrole et du charbon (76 p. 100), le matériel de transport (73 p. 100), les minéraux combustibles (67 p. 100), la machinerie (65 p. 100), les appareils électriques (58 p. 100), et les produits chimiques (57 p. 100).

Plus des quatre cinquièmes des actifs des sociétés non financières contrôlées par les États-Unis (totalisant \$29.2 milliards) se trouvaient dans les industries minières et manufacturières. L'industrie manufacturière seule, totalisait \$18.0 milliards ou 62 p. 100 de cet investissement tandis que les mines y ajoutaient un autre \$6.0 milliards ou 20 p. 100. Les plus grands investissements contrôlés par les États-Unis se trouvaient dans les industries des produits du pétrole et du charbon (\$3.6 milliards) et dans les combustibles minéraux (\$3.3 milliards) ensuite et dans un ordre décroissant les États-Unis contrôlaient l'industrie du matériel de transport (\$2.6 milliards) suivit de celle du papier et produits connexes (\$1.9 milliard), du commerce de gros (\$1.8 milliard), des minéraux métalliques (\$1.7 milliard), des produits chimiques (\$1.5 milliard) et de la fabrication des métaux primaires (\$1.5 milliard). En plus, il y avait 7 autres industries où les États-Unis contrôlaient des sociétés totalisant des actifs d'au-delà de \$750 millions.

GRAPH-2

GRAPHIQUE-2



United Kingdom resident-controlled non-financial companies with assets of \$4.7 billion or about 5 per cent of the assets of all non-financial companies in Canada. In the manufacturing industries, where United Kingdom control

Les compagnies non financières contrôlées par les résidents du Royaume-Uni totalisaient des actifs de \$4.7 milliards soit environ 5 p. 100 du total des actifs de celles au Canada. Dans les industries manufacturières où le Royaume-Uni contrôlait environ

amounted to 7 per cent in total, the tobacco products industry was most important in relative terms with assets controlled in the United Kingdom accounting for 48 per cent of industry assets. Next most important were chemicals (21 per cent), transport equipment, reflecting major investments in the aircraft industry, (14 per cent) and non-metallic mineral products (10 per cent). United Kingdom-controlled companies represented less than 10 per cent of corporate assets in every other industry although they had significant investments in several other industries notably wholesale trade. About three quarters of the assets of United Kingdom-controlled corporations in the non-financial sector were located in 9 industries. These were wholesale trade (\$657 million), chemicals (\$577 million), transport equipment (\$474 million), primary metals (\$381 million), paper and allied industries (\$376 million), mineral fuels (\$267 million), retail trade (\$259 million), tobacco products (\$242 million) and construction (\$211 million).

Non-financial corporations controlled by "other foreign countries" had combined assets of \$6.4 billion at the end of 1968 accounting for about 6 per cent of the sector's assets. Included in this category, it should be noted, are the assets of corporations controlled abroad but which it was not possible to allocate to any one foreign country. The total assets of such non-financial corporations amounted to \$3.6 billion at the end of 1968 and accounted for 3.6 per cent of the assets of all non-financial corporations. As shown in Statement 2, "unspecified foreign-controlled corporations" were of most importance in mining, particularly of metals, in related manufacturing industries, notably of primary metals and non-metallic mineral products, in transportation and services.

7 p. 100 du total, l'industrie des produits du tabac était la plus importante, relativement, avec des actifs contrôlés au Royaume-Uni s'établissant à 48 p. 100 des actifs totaux de cette industrie. Les plus importantes ensuite étaient celles des produits chimiques (21 p. 100), du matériel de transport (14 p. 100) reflétant les importants investissements de l'industrie des constructions aéronautiques, et des produits minéraux non métalliques (10 p. 100). Les compagnies contrôlées par le Royaume-Uni représentaient moins que 10 p. 100 des actifs des sociétés dans chacune des autres industries bien qu'il y avait des investissements significatifs dans plusieurs industries particulièrement le commerce de gros. Enfin les trois quarts environ des actifs des sociétés contrôlées par le Royaume-Uni dans les secteurs autres que celui de la finance étaient localisés dans 9 industries. Celles-ci étaient; le commerce de gros (\$657 millions), les produits chimiques (\$577 millions), le matériel de transport (\$474 millions), la fabrication des métaux primaires (\$381 millions), le papier et produits connexes (\$376 millions), les minéraux combustibles (\$267 millions), le commerce de détail (\$259 millions), les produits du tabac (\$242 millions) et la construction (\$211 millions).

Les sociétés non financières contrôlées par les "autres pays étrangers" avaient des actifs conjugués de \$6.4 milliards à la fin de 1968 comptant pour environ 6 p. 100 des actifs de ce secteur. Dans cette dernière catégorie se trouvent les actifs des sociétés contrôlées à l'étranger pour les quelles il était impossible des les imputer à un de ces pays là. Le total des actifs de ces sociétés non financières s'établissait à \$3.6 milliards à la fin de 1968 et comptait pour 3.6 p. 100 des actifs de toutes les sociétés non financières. Comme il est montré dans l'Etat 2, "contrôle étranger non spécifié" le plus importante partie des sociétés contrôlées par l'étranger se trouvait dans les minéraux, en particulier les minéraux métalliques, dans les industries associées à la fabrication, principalement les produits des métaux primaires et ceux des minéraux non métalliques, dans l'industrie des transports et celle des services.

STATEMENT 2. Assets of Reporting Corporations classified under the Category "Unspecified Foreign Control", 1968

ÉTAT 2. Actif des corporations déclarantes classées sous la catégorie "Contrôle étranger non spécifié", 1968

Industry - Branche d'activité	Assets - Actif	
	\$'000,000	%
Metal mining - Minéraux métalliques	497.2	9.2
Mineral fuels - Minéraux combustibles	209.8	3.9
Other mining - Autres mines	201.7	3.7
Mining - Total - Mines	908.7	16.8
Paper and allied industries - Fabrication de papier et de produits connexes	124.3	2.3
Printing, publishing and allied industries - Impression, édition et activités connexes	86.0	1.6
Primary metal - Métaux primaires	1,215.7	22.4
Metal fabricating - Fabrication de produits métalliques	44.0	.8
Non-metallic mineral products - Produits minéraux non métalliques	256.5	4.7
Other manufacturing industries - Autres industries manufacturières	100.9	1.9
Manufacturing - Total - Fabrication	1,827.4	33.7
Transportation - Transports	436.4	8.1
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique	63.4	1.2
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros	98.8	1.8
Services	240.1	4.4
Other non-financial industries - Autres industries non financières	48.0	.9
Non-financial - Total - Non financières	3,622.8	66.9
Finance - Finances	1,791.9	33.1
Total	5,414.7	100.0

Non-financial corporations controlled in OECD countries of Europe other than the United Kingdom accounted for assets of \$2.4 billion or 2.4 per cent of the assets of all non-financial corporations. Most of these assets were concentrated in the petroleum and natural gas industries. Companies controlled in these countries accounted for \$1,045 million or 22 per cent of assets in the petroleum and coal products industry and for \$287 million or 6 per cent of mineral fuels mining. In addition there were important investments in tobacco products, non-metallic mineral products (\$185 million or 12 per cent), various other mining and manufacturing industries, and wholesale trade (\$250 million or 3 per cent). Most of these assets were controlled in 5 countries, namely, the Netherlands, France, Belgium, Switzerland and Germany (in that order of importance).

Non-financial corporations identified as being controlled in a foreign country other than the United States or an OECD country in Europe had assets of \$0.4 billion or 0.4 per cent of total non-financial corporations. This control group had significant assets in wholesale trade (\$134 million), in manufacturing (\$119 million), about half of which were in the wood industries, and mining (\$105 million) particularly of metal products.

ABOUT THE STATISTICS—OWNERSHIP AND CONTROL

Care should be taken to distinguish the concept of control used in Appendix 4 from the concept of ownership used elsewhere in this report. A company is considered to be foreign controlled if 50 per cent or more of its voting rights are known to be held outside Canada and/or by one or more Canadian companies which are, in turn, foreign controlled. Geographically, control of a Canadian company is ascribed to the foreign country where the majority of the company's voting stock is actually held or where the majority of the voting stock of its Canadian parent company is held. The whole of the corporation (whether measured in such terms as total assets, sales, profits or equity) is assigned to one or other country of control.

It will, of course, be recognized that in some instances, particularly where share ownership is widely diffused, effective control may exist without the parent company or its subsidiaries holding 50 per cent or more of a company's voting rights. Similarly effective control may be exercised through means other than the ownership of voting rights, such as licensing and franchise agreements and monopolistic marketing arrangements. The concept of control employed in this report does not take account of such cases. The concept, then is one of potential control through ownership of voting rights and the degree, if any, of local autonomy permitted in practice is not relevant.

Les sociétés non financières contrôlées dans les pays de l'O.C.D.E. d'Europe (Royaume-Uni excepté) totalisaient des actifs de \$2.4 milliards ou 2.4 p. 100 des actifs de toutes les sociétés non financières. La plupart de ces actifs étaient concentrés dans les industries des produits du pétrole et du gaz naturel. Les firmes contrôlées dans ces pays totalisaient \$1,045 millions soit 22 p. 100 des actifs de l'industrie des produits du pétrole et du charbon et dans celle des produits des combustibles minéraux à \$287 millions soit 6 p. 100. De plus il y avait d'importants investissements dans les produits du tabac (\$96 millions ou 19 p. 100), dans les produits minéraux non métalliques (\$185 millions ou 12 p. 100), dans diverses autres industries minières ou manufacturières, et dans le commerce de gros (\$250 millions ou 3 p. 100). La plupart de ces actifs étaient contrôlés dans 5 pays, nommément, les Pays-Bas, la France, la Belgique, la Suisse et l'Allemagne (en ordre d'importance décroissante).

Les sociétés non financières identifiées comme étant contrôlées dans un pays étranger autre que les États-Unis ou un des pays européens membres de l'O.C.D.E. avaient des actifs totalisant \$0.4 milliard soit 0.4 p. 100 du total de celui des sociétés non financières. Ce groupe contrôlait des actifs assez importants dans le commerce de gros (\$134 millions), dans les industries manufacturières (\$119 millions), (environ la moitié de ces dernières étant les industries du bois) et dans les industries minières (\$105 millions) particulièrement les produits métalliques.

A PROPOS DES STATISTIQUES—CONTRÔLE ET APPARTENANCE

On devrait soigneusement distinguer le concept de contrôle employé dans l'Annexe 4 de celui d'appartenance utilisé ailleurs dans le rapport. Une compagnie est considérée contrôlée par l'étranger s'il est connu que 50 p. 100 ou plus de ses actions à vote sont détenues en dehors du Canada et/ou par une ou plusieurs compagnies canadiennes, lesquelles sont, à leur tour, contrôlées par l'étranger. Géographiquement, le contrôle d'une compagnie canadienne est attribué au pays étranger où la majorité des actions à vote de la compagnie (ou de sa société mère canadienne) est réellement détenue. L'ensemble de la société (qu'elle soit évaluée en termes tels que les actifs totaux, les profits ou l'avoir des actionnaires) est attribuée au pays de provenance du contrôle.

Il faut reconnaître que dans quelques exemples, particulièrement là où les actions sont très dispersées, un contrôle effectif peut exister sans que la compagnie mère ou ses filiales détiennent 50 p. 100 ou plus des actions à vote de la compagnie en question. De façon semblable un contrôle réel peut être exercé par d'autres moyens que celui de la propriété des actions à vote, tels que les accords concernant les franchises et patentes ainsi que les dispositifs monopolistiques de mise en marché. Le concept de contrôle employé dans ce rapport ne prend pas en considération de tels cas. Ainsi le concept en est un de contrôle potentiel par la propriété des actions à vote et le degré, si cela existe, d'autonomie locale permise en pratique n'est pas relevé.

Under the concept of ownership used in the CALURA report each corporation is classified according to the percentage of its voting rights which are owned by non-residents either directly or through other Canadian corporations and the whole of the corporation is assigned to this particular degree of foreign ownership. Where a Canadian corporation A is reported as a shareholder of another Canadian corporation B, the percentage of non-resident ownership in B is adjusted to take account of any non-resident ownership in A. This operation is illustrated in the example given below.

Sous le concept d'appartenance utilisé dans le rapport CALURA chaque société est classée suivant le pourcentage de ses actions à vote qui sont détenues par des non-résidents soit directement ou soit par d'autres sociétés canadiennes et la société toute entière est attribuée à ce degré particulier d'appartenance étrangère. Quand une firme canadienne A est déclarée comme actionnaire d'une autre société canadienne B, le pourcentage d'appartenance étrangère dans B est modifié de façon à prendre en considération toute appartenance étrangère dans A. Cette procédure est illustrée dans l'exemple ci-dessous:

Shareholder — Actionnaire	Reported holdings of company B's shares — Avoirs déclarés des actions de la compagnie B	Final ownership of company — Appartenance finale de compagnie	
		A	B
		per cent — pour-cent	
Non-residents — Non résidents	10	60	40
Canadians — Canadiens:			
Company — A — Compagnie	50	...	...
Other — Autres	40	40	60
Total	100	100	100

It will be seen that non-residents' holdings in company B are initially reported as 10 per cent. However, a further 50 per cent of B's stock is held by company A which in turn is 60 per cent owned by non-residents. Non-resident interest in B through ownership of A is calculated to be 30 per cent (60 per cent of 50) giving a final non-resident ownership of 40 per cent.

It will also be noted that our example illustrates the fact that foreign control of a corporation may exist despite the fact that foreigners own less than 50 per cent of its voting rights. Company B is foreign controlled even though it is only 40 per cent foreign owned.

Throughout this report the term "foreign-owned" has been used as an abbreviated method of describing corporations whose voting stock is 50 per cent or more owned by non-residents.

A comparison of the data on foreign-controlled corporations with the assets data given in Appendix 1 for corporations which were 50 per cent or more owned by non-residents shows that overall there was little difference between the two series in 1968. Both foreign ownership and control in 1968 were greatest in mining, particularly of mineral fuels, and manufacturing, particularly of petroleum and coal products, rubber products, tobacco products, transport equipment, chemicals, machinery and electrical products. Similarly both Canadian ownership and control were predominant

On voit que les avoirs en actions des non-résidents dans la compagnie B sont initialement déclarés à 10 p. 100. Cependant un 50 p. 100 supplémentaire des valeurs de B est détenu par la compagnie A laquelle à son tour est à 60 p. 100 possédée par des non-résidents. L'intérêt étranger dans B par l'appartenance de A est calculé être 30 p. 100 (60 p. 100 de 50) donnant une appartenance étrangère finale de 40 p. 100.

On notera aussi que notre exemple illustre le fait que le contrôle étranger d'une société peut exister en dépit du fait que les non-résidents possèdent moins que 50 p. 100 de ses actions à vote. La compagnie B est contrôlée par l'étranger bien qu'elle soit seulement à 40 p. 100 possédée par l'étranger.

Dans tout ce rapport le terme "possédé par l'étranger" a été employé comme une méthode abrégée pour décrire les sociétés dont l'ensemble des actions à vote appartenant à des non-résidents est de 50 p. 100 ou plus.

Une comparaison des données sur les sociétés contrôlées par l'étranger avec les actifs donnés dans l'Annexe 1 pour les sociétés qui étaient à 50 p. 100 ou plus possédées par des non-résidents montre qu'en général il y avait peu de différence entre les 2 séries en 1968. Pour cette année-là l'appartenance et le contrôle étranger étaient les plus importants dans les activités minières, en particulier dans les minéraux combustibles; dans les industries manufacturières, particulièrement dans les produits du pétrole et du charbon, les produits du caoutchouc, les produits du tabac, le matériel de transport, les produits chimiques,

in all other major industries and in certain manufacturing industries (notably leather products, furniture, food and beverages, printing, publishing and allied industries, wood and paper and allied industries). Only in the 3 mining industries and associated non-metallic mineral products manufacturing were there significant differences. In each case foreign-controlled corporations had a greater proportion of industry assets than corporations which were 50 per cent or more foreign owned. (In the case of the metal mining industry the difference amounted to almost 8 percentage points.)

INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Foreign-owned companies are estimated to have accounted for 60 per cent of all intramural research and development expenditures⁶ incurred by companies in Canada during 1967. Out of total expenditure of \$292 million, some \$128 million or 44 per cent was attributable to United States-owned companies, \$48 million, or about 16 per cent, to companies owned in other foreign countries, and \$102 million or 35 per cent to Canadian-owned companies other than crown corporations, industrial associations, research institutes and unidentified sources. Approximately \$14 million or 5 per cent was attributable to this latter group.

R & D expenditure by foreign-owned companies as by all sources was largely concentrated in 3 industrial groups. In both the chemical based, and machinery and transportation equipment industries, foreign-owned companies accounted for 87 per cent of R & D expenditure and in the electrical industries for 53 per cent. Canadian-owned corporations were particularly important in the metals industries, where they were responsible for 84 per cent of total expenditure and were dominant in mines and oil and gas wells (56 per cent), other manufacturing (58 per cent) and other non-manufacturing (54 per cent).

A striking difference in the source of financing of intramural R & D is noticeable between the different ownership groups. Funds provided by the companies themselves financed the bulk of expenditures for all groups. The proportions for all companies and for United States-owned companies were both 77 per cent. However, the propor-

la machinerie et les appareils et matériel électriques. Similairement, l'appartenance et le contrôle canadiens étaient tous les deux à la fois prédominants dans toutes les autres industries importantes et dans certaines industries manufacturières (notamment les produits du cuir, les meubles, les aliments et boissons, l'imprimerie, l'édition et les industries associées, le bois et papier et produits connexes). C'est seulement dans les 3 industries minières et dans l'industrie manufacturière des produits minéraux non métalliques qu'il y avait des différences significatives. Dans chaque cas les sociétés contrôlées par l'étranger avaient une plus grande proportion des actifs de l'industrie que celles qui appartenaient à des étrangers à raison de 50 p. 100 ou plus. (Dans le cas de l'industrie des minéraux métalliques la différence pouvait aller jusqu'à 8 p. 100.)

RECHERCHE ET DÉVELOPPEMENT INDUSTRIELS

La proportion des dépenses faites au Canada pour la Recherche et le Développement industriels⁶ par les firmes d'appartenance étrangère est estimée à 60 p. 100 de l'ensemble des dépenses intra-muros effectuées à ce titre au pays durant l'année 1967. Le total des dépenses s'établissait à \$292 millions, de ceci quelques \$128 millions (44 p. 100) étaient imputables aux firmes d'appartenance américaine, \$48 millions (environ 16 p. 100) étaient attribuables aux firmes d'appartenance étrangère, États-Unis exceptés, \$102 millions (35 p. 100) provenaient de firmes d'appartenance canadienne excluant environ \$14 millions (5 p. 100), lesquels étaient imputables aux sociétés de la Couronne, aux associations industrielles, institutions de recherches et autres sources non identifiées.

Les dépenses dans la Recherche et le Développement provenant des firmes d'appartenance étrangère et autres origines étaient fortement concentrées en trois groupes d'industries. Dans, à la fois, les industries de produits chimiques et celles de la machinerie et d'équipement de transport, les dépenses des firmes d'appartenance étrangère totalisaient 87 p. 100 des dépenses de Recherche et de Développement dans ce secteur alors que cette proportion était de 53 p. 100 dans les industries des appareils et du matériel électriques. Dans l'industrie métallique les corporations d'appartenance canadienne étaient responsables pour 84 p. 100 des dépenses totales de Recherche et de Développement dans ce secteur, ce qui est particulièrement remarquable. Enfin dans les mines et les puits de pétrole et de gaz, dans les autres industries manufacturières, et dans les autres industries non manufacturières, les corporations d'appartenance canadienne étaient prépondérantes dans les proportions respectives suivantes: 56, 58 et 54 p. 100.

Parmi les différents groupes d'appartenance les moyens de financement de la Recherche et du Développement intra-muros varient considérablement. La masse des dépenses pour tous les groupes fut payée par des fonds provenant des compagnies engagées dans la Recherche et le Développement. La proportion pour toutes les firmes y compris celles d'appartenance

⁶ Expenditures for work performed within the reporting company.

⁶ Dépenses rattachées au travail exécuté au sein de la corporation déclarante.

tion for Canadian-owned companies was as high as 87 per cent, and for companies owned in other foreign countries as low as 55 per cent. The second most important source of funds was the Canadian government which financed 14 per cent of all R & D expenditure, 15 per cent of expenditure by United States-owned companies, a high 33 per cent of expenditure by other foreign-owned companies and a low 6 per cent of expenditure by Canadian-owned companies.

It will be noted that the statistics given above (further details of which are provided in Statement 3) relate only to intramural research and development expenditures. The survey covers all firms known to be financially supporting R & D. However, it excludes non-profit and educational institutions, the federal government and a number of industries whose composition or activities indicate no substantial involvement in R & D. These industries are: agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping, publishing, trade, finance, insurance, real estate, and the community, business and personal industries (except for the engineering and scientific services and trade associations).

More extended information on the 1967 survey (the first to provide ownership data) will be found in the publication "Industrial Research and Development Expenditures in Canada, 1967" (DBS Catalogue No. 13-532, Occasional).

américaine fut de 77 p. 100. Cependant, la proportion pour les firmes d'appartenance canadienne était aussi élevée que 87 p. 100 alors que celle concernant les autres firmes d'appartenance étrangère fut de 55 p. 100 seulement. La seconde source importante de financement était le gouvernement canadien qui finança 14 p. 100 de toutes les dépenses de Recherche et de Développement dont 15 p. 100 des dépenses effectuées par les firmes d'appartenance américaine, 33 p. 100 de celles des autres firmes d'appartenance étrangère et seulement 6 p. 100 des dépenses faites par les firmes d'appartenance canadienne.

On remarquera que les statistiques ci-dessus (une ventilation plus détaillée est donnée dans l'État 3), concernent seulement les dépenses intramuros de Recherche et de Développement. L'enquête couvre toutes les firmes connues pour donner leur appui financier aux travaux de Recherche et de Développement. D'autre part cela exclut les établissements d'enseignement sans but lucratif, le gouvernement fédéral et un certain nombre d'industries dont leur nature ou leur composition indique qu'elles ne sont pas sérieusement engagées dans la Recherche et le Développement. Ces dernières sont: l'agriculture, l'exploitation forestière, la pêche et le piégeage, l'édition, le commerce, la finance, les assurances, l'immeuble, les services communautaires commerciaux et personnels (exceptés les services du génie et scientifiques et les associations professionnelles).

Une documentation plus fouillée sur l'enquête de 1967 (la première à fournir des données sur l'appartenance) se trouve dans la publication "Dépenses au titre de la recherche et du développement industriels au Canada, 1967" (Numéro de catalogue 13-532 - hors série - B.F.S.).

STATEMENT 3. Current Intramural R & D Expenditures, by Industry and Ownership Group, 1967

ÉTAT 3. Dépenses courantes intra-muros de R & D, par groupe industriel et type de propriété, 1967

Industrial group — Groupe industriel	Country of ownership — Pays d'appartenance						Total
	Foreign — Étranger			Canada	Un- classified — Non classées	Other ¹ — Autres ¹	
	United States — États- Unis	Other — Autres	Total				
Millions of dollars — Millions de dollars							
Mines and wells — Mines et puits.....			4.0	7.0	.1	1.5	12.6
Chemical based — A base chimique	45.2	11.3	56.5	4.1	.5	3.9	65.0
Wood based — A base de bois	7.5	.7	8.2	8.6	.2	2.5	19.5
Metals — Métaux	2.7	.9	3.6	20.6	.1	.1	24.4
Machinery and transportation equipment — Machines et matériel de transport	30.7	18.0	48.7	6.6	.8	—	56.1
Electrical — Électrique	34.6	14.6	49.2	42.5	.6	—	92.3
Other manufacturing — Autres industries manufacturières	4.5	.6	5.1	7.7	.3	.1	13.2
Other non-manufacturing — Autres industries non manufacturières .....	..	..	.8	5.3	.6	3.1	9.8
Total	127.9	48.2	176.1	102.4	3.2	11.2	292.9
Per cent — Pour-cent							
Mines and wells — Mines et puits.....			31.7	55.6	.8	11.9	100.0
Chemical based — A base chimique	69.5	17.4	86.9	6.3	.8	6.0	100.0
Wood based — A base de bois	38.5	3.6	42.1	44.1	1.0	12.8	100.0
Metals — Métaux	11.1	3.7	14.8	84.4	.4	.4	100.0
Machinery and transportation equipment — Machines et matériel de transport	54.7	32.1	86.8	11.8	1.4	—	100.0
Electrical — Électrique	37.5	15.8	53.3	46.0	.7	—	100.0
Other manufacturing — Autres industries manufacturières	34.1	4.5	38.6	58.3	2.3	.8	100.0
Other non-manufacturing — Autres industries non manufacturières .....	..	..	8.2	54.1	6.1	31.6	100.0
Total	43.6	16.5	60.1	35.0	1.1	3.8	100.0

¹ Industrial associations, research institutes and Crown corporations. — Associations industrielles, instituts de recherche et corporations de la Couronne.

FOREIGN OWNERSHIP AND CORPORATION SIZE

A study of foreign ownership and corporation size for the years 1965 through 1968 underlines the importance to the Canadian economy of a few very large foreign-owned corporations, particularly those in the mining and manufacturing industries. At the end of 1968, it is shown, foreign ownership was even more heavily concentrated in a small number of very large corporations than Canadian ownership was, and although the relative importance of very large corporations has been increasing at a fairly rapid rate in recent years, the importance of very large foreign-owned corporations has been increasing more rapidly. In general, reporting foreign-owned corporations were more heavily represented in large-scale industries than reporting Canadian-owned corporations were and conversely occurred with less frequency in small-scale industries. In all non-financial industries except communications the assets of foreign-owned corporations were significantly higher on average than the industry average.

The second statistical appendix of this report provides detailed information on foreign ownership of corporations reporting under CALURA according to asset size (for the major characteristics, by industry, for the years 1965 through 1968). Additional information is given in the charts and statements below.

(A maximum of 9 size groupings was employed in Appendix 2 but in a number of instances the need to prevent disclosure of confidential data made it necessary to combine size groups. To preserve as much detail as possible no attempt was made to impose the same classification on all industry groups.)

It will be noted that the analysis contained in this report refers only to non-financial industries (although details of the financial industries may be found in Appendix 2). The financial industries have been excluded because of major differences in the financial structure of the resident and non-resident owned corporations composing them. A study of the detailed financial data of corporations reporting to CALURA with assets of \$5 million and over in the financial industries shows that, at the end of 1967, investments in, and claims against affiliates represented 50 per cent of the assets of non-resident-owned corporations and 27 per cent of resident-owned corporations. Significant differences also existed in the non-financial industries but not of this proportion. At the end of 1967, 17 per cent of the assets of non-resident-owned companies compared with 20 per cent of the assets of resident-owned companies were made up of such claims and investments. (Of course, there exists a great variety of

L'APPARTENANCE A DES NON-RESIDENTS ET LA TAILLE DES CORPORATIONS

Une étude de l'appartenance à des non-résidents et de la taille des corporations pour les années allant de 1965 à 1968 fait ressortir l'importance d'un petit groupe de très grosses corporations d'appartenance étrangère dans l'économie canadienne et en particulier dans les secteurs des mines et de la fabrication. A la fin de 1968, la concentration était plus forte parmi les firmes appartenant en majorité à des non-résidents que parmi celles appartenant en majorité à des résidents. L'importance relative des grosses corporations a augmenté rapidement au cours des dernières années, surtout pour les grosses corporations étrangères. De façon générale les corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents étaient plus fortement représentées dans les industries de production de masse que ne l'étaient les sociétés déclarantes appartenant à des Canadiens mais elles apparaissaient avec une fréquence beaucoup plus basse parmi les industries produisant sur une plus petite échelle. Dans toutes les industries non financières, excepté les communications, l'actif moyen des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents était sensiblement plus élevé que la moyenne des actifs pour chacune de ces industries.

L'annexe deuxième de ce rapport donne des statistiques détaillées sur l'appartenance à des non-résidents en rapport avec la taille des actifs des corporations déclarantes. Les statistiques financières principales y sont distribuées par industrie pour les années allant de 1965 à 1968. Certaines données additionnelles figurent dans les tableaux et les graphiques ci-dessous.

(Un maximum de 9 tranches de taille fut employé dans l'Annexe 2 mais dans certains cas il a fallu combiner les tranches de taille afin d'éviter de publier des données confidentielles. On a dû encourir une certaine hétérogénéité afin de conserver le plus de détails possible.)

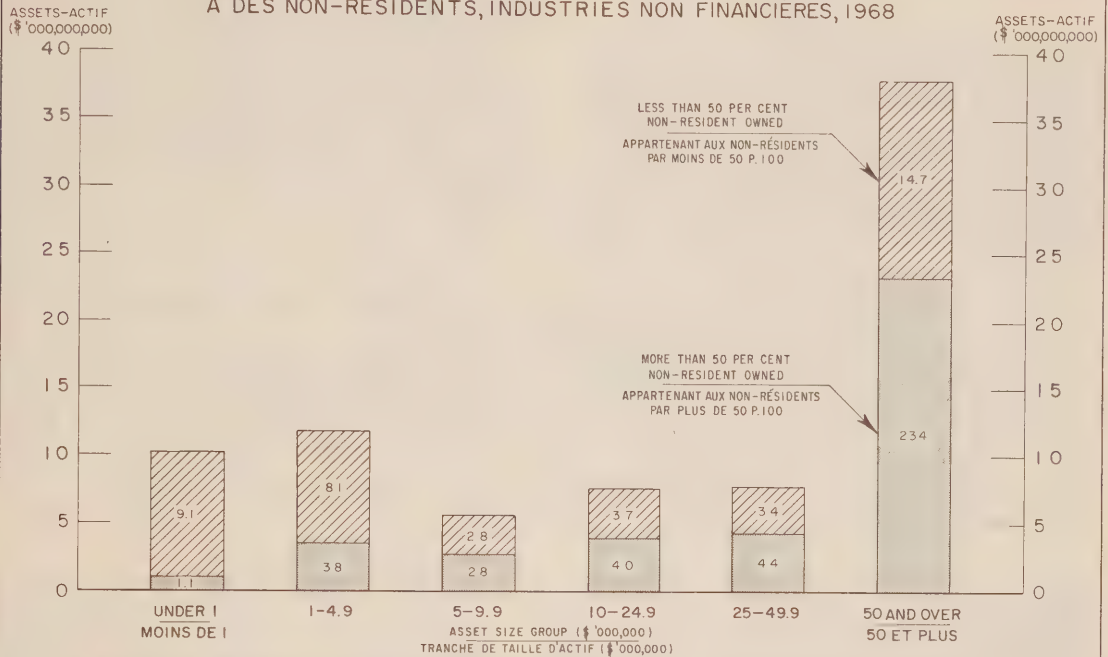
Quoique des statistiques soient publiées à l'Annexe 2 pour les industries financières, on ne s'occupera que des industries non financières dans le présent rapport. Les industries financières ne font l'objet d'aucun commentaire à cause de différences majeures dans la structure financière des corporations appartenant à des résidents d'une part et à des non-résidents d'autre part. Une analyse portant sur certaines données financières détaillées des sociétés déclarantes possédant un actif de \$5 millions ou plus montre, qu'en 1967, dans les industries financières les placements dans les filiales et les autres dûs de ces filiales représentaient 50 p. 100 de l'actif des sociétés appartenant à des non-résidents et 27 p. 100 de l'actif des corporations appartenant à des résidents. Des différences importantes existent aussi pour les industries non financières mais dans une proportion beaucoup moins forte. A la fin de 1967, pour ces dernières, 17 p. 100 de l'actif des corporations appartenant à des non-résidents était constitué de placements et titres de propriété dans les filiales

GRAPH-3 and 4

GRAPHIQUE-3 et 4

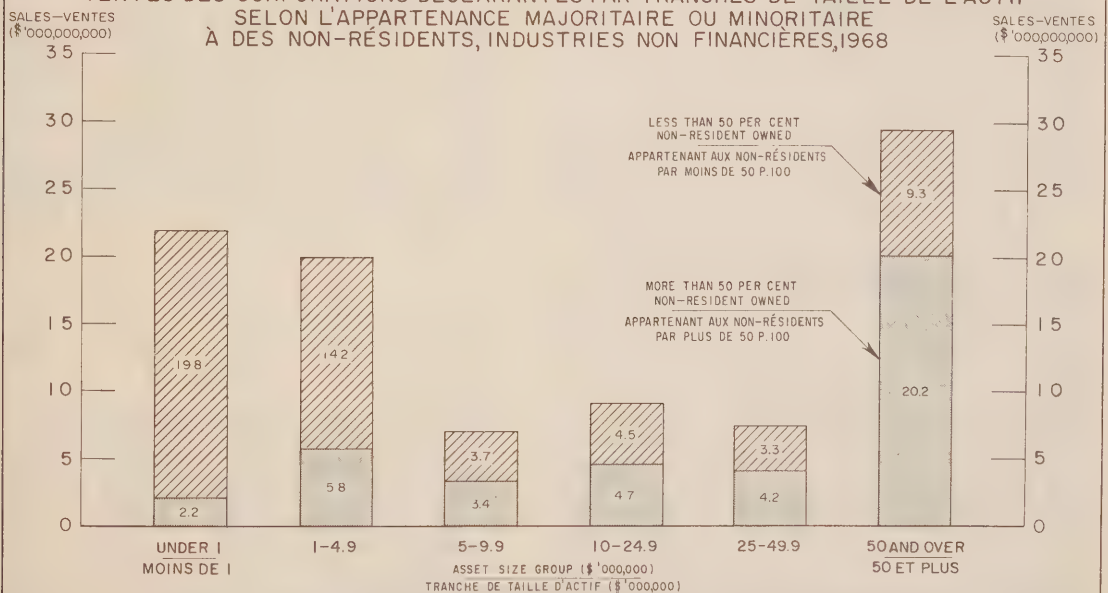
ASSETS OF REPORTING CORPORATIONS BY ASSET SIZE GROUPS AND BY MINORITY-MAJORITY NON-RESIDENT OWNERSHIP, NON-FINANCIAL INDUSTRIES, 1968

ACTIF DES CORPORATIONS DÉCLARANTES PAR TRANCHE DE TAILLE DE L'ACTIF SELON L'APPARTENANCE MAJORITAIRE OU MINORITAIRE À DES NON-RÉSIDENTS, INDUSTRIES NON FINANCIÈRES, 1968



SALES OF REPORTING CORPORATIONS BY ASSET SIZE GROUPS AND BY MINORITY-MAJORITY NON-RESIDENT OWNERSHIP, NON-FINANCIAL INDUSTRIES, 1968

VENTES DES CORPORATIONS DÉCLARANTES PAR TRANCHES DE TAILLE DE L'ACTIF SELON L'APPARTENANCE MAJORITAIRE OU MINORITAIRE À DES NON-RÉSIDENTS, INDUSTRIES NON FINANCIÈRES, 1968



financial structures among industries and corporations; it is likely, in some instances, that the proportion of total assets made up of investments in affiliates will differ considerably from these averages.)

The exemption from CALURA of crown corporations and corporations reporting under various regulatory acts excludes a number of largely Canadian-controlled industries such as banking, trust and loan companies, insurance and railways which are notable for the large size of the corporations composing them. Further difficulty is created by the exemption from CALURA of very small corporations.

vis-à-vis une proportion de 20 p.100 pour les corporations appartenant à des résidents. Il existe évidemment une grande variété de structures financières entre les industries et entre les corporations elles-mêmes. (Il est donc probable que dans certains cas la proportion de l'actif constitué de placements et titres de propriété dans les filiales variera considérablement autour de ces moyennes.)

Un certain nombre de grosses corporations appartenant majoritairement surtout à des Canadiens dans des secteurs tels que les banques, les compagnies de fiducie et de prêt, les compagnies d'assurance et les chemins de fer—ainsi que les très petites corporations—sont exonérées de déclarer sous les termes de la Loi.

STATEMENT 4. Assets of Non-resident-owned Reporting Corporations, by Asset Size Groups and by Industrial Sectors, 1968

ÉTAT 4. Actif des corporations déclarantes possédés par des firmes appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif et par secteurs industriels, 1968

Industrial sectors Secteurs Industriels	Asset size groups – Tranches de taille de l'actif						
	Under \$1,000,000 — Moins de \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000- 4,999,999	\$5,000,000- 9,999,999	\$10,000,000- 24,999,999	\$25,000,000- 49,999,999	\$50,000,000 and over et plus	Total
Millions of dollars – Millions de dollars							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping – Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	24.1	44.8	1	—	—	—	68.9
Mining – Mines	72.7	310.4	306.0	856.9	865.7	4,946.8	7,358.5
Manufacturing – Fabrication	431.0	1,960.3	1,573.1	1,985.9	2,365.5	16,163.5	24,479.3
Construction	32.9	108.1	74.8	182.8	256.9	2	655.5
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities – Transports, entreposage, com- munications et services d'utilité publique	35.5	148.9	184.1	128.8	322.6	660.2	1,480.1
Wholesale trade – Commerce de gros	337.6	836.4	435.5	513.3	374.6	442.1	2,939.5
Retail trade – Commerce de détail	76.9	204.6	89.1	134.0	131.4	806.9	1,442.9
Services	102.1	210.0	122.8	161.2	106.9	252.1	955.1
Non-financial – Total – Non financières	1,112.8	3,823.5	2,785.4	3,962.9	4,423.6	23,271.6	39,379.8
Finance – Finances	429.8	1,228.8	830.3	1,189.7	1,150.5	6,494.5	11,323.6
Total	1,542.6	5,052.3	3,615.7	5,152.6	5,574.1	29,766.1	50,703.4
Per cent – Pour-cent							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping – Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	35.0	65.0	1	—	—	—	100.0
Mining – Mines	1.0	4.2	4.2	11.6	11.8	67.2	100.0
Manufacturing – Fabrication	1.8	8.0	6.4	8.1	9.7	66.0	100.0
Construction	5.0	16.5	11.4	27.9	39.2	2	100.0
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities – Transports, entreposage, com- munications et services d'utilité publique	2.4	10.1	12.4	8.7	21.8	44.6	100.0
Wholesale trade – Commerce de gros	11.5	28.5	14.8	17.5	12.7	15.0	100.0
Retail trade – Commerce de détail	5.3	14.2	6.2	9.3	9.1	55.9	100.0
Services	10.7	22.0	12.9	16.9	11.2	26.3	100.0
Non-financial – Total – Non financières	2.8	9.7	7.1	10.1	11.2	59.1	100.0
Finance – Finances	3.8	10.9	7.3	10.5	10.2	57.3	100.0
Total	3.0	10.0	7.1	10.2	11.0	58.7	100.0

¹ Included in the \$1,000,000-\$4,999,999 group. — Compris dans le groupe \$1,000,000-\$4,999,999.

² Included in the \$25,000,000-\$49,999,999 group. — Compris dans le groupe \$25,000,000-\$49,999,999.

Caution should therefore be used in interpreting the asset size data particularly for the finance industries and those industries where there are significant exemptions.

Non-resident ownership of the Canadian economy is largely concentrated in a small number of very large corporations. In 1968, there were 276 foreign-owned corporations in non-financial industries with assets of \$25 million or more, representing some 6 per cent of all foreign-owned corporations in the non-financial industries reporting to CALURA. These 276 corporations had combined assets of \$27.7 billion or 70 per cent of the assets of all non-resident-owned corporations and 28 per cent of the assets of all non-financial corporations, both reporting and non-reporting. This reflected a greater degree of concentration, in terms of both numbers and assets than was demonstrated by resident-owned corporations. (The 186 Canadian-owned corporations of this asset size in 1968 represented less than 1 per cent of all reporting Canadian-owned corporations and had assets of \$18.0 billion or 43 per cent of their assets.)

By far the greatest proportion of reporting foreign-owned corporations in 1968 (3,928 or 81 per cent) were small, with assets of less than \$5 million. Their combined assets of \$4.9 billion, however, accounted for less than 13 per cent of all foreign-owned assets. In contrast, reporting Canadian-owned corporations were even more heavily represented by small corporations. The 26,961 corporations with assets of less than \$5 million in 1968 had combined assets of \$17.2 billion and accounted for 97.0 per cent and 41.1 per cent of all Canadian-owned corporations, in terms of numbers and assets respectively. Corporations with assets of between \$5 million and \$25 million comprised 657 or 13 per cent of all non-resident-owned companies and had total assets of \$6.8 billion or 17 per cent of foreign-owned assets.

Further evidence that very large companies were of greater importance to the foreign owned than to the Canadian owned sector is shown by the sales data. Foreign owned corporations with assets of \$25 million and over accounted for 60 per cent (or \$24.4 billion) of the sales of all foreign-controlled non-financial corporations (as compared with 70 per cent of their assets). The sales of very large Canadian-owned corporations (totalling \$12.6 billion) comprised only 23 per

Il faut donc se garder de tirer des conclusions définitives dans l'interprétation des données sur les tranches de taille particulièrement pour les industries du secteur financier ainsi que pour toutes les autres industries pour lesquelles la proportion de sociétés déclarantes est assez faible.

L'appartenance à des non-résidents dans l'économie canadienne est fortement concentrée dans un petit nombre de très grosses sociétés. En 1968 il y avait 276 sociétés possédant un actif de \$25 millions ou plus qui appartenaient à des non-résidents dans les industries non financières, ce qui représentait quelques 6 p. 100 du nombre total de sociétés déclarantes non financières appartenant à des non-résidents. Ces 276 corporations cumulaient un actif total de \$27.7 milliards ou 70 p. 100 de l'actif de toutes les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents ou bien encore 28 p. 100 de l'actif de toutes les corporations non financières, déclarantes ou non. Ceci reflète un degré de concentration beaucoup plus grand en termes de nombre de corporations et d'actif que ce n'était le cas pour les sociétés appartenant à des résidents. (Les 186 corporations appartenant à des résidents qui atteignaient cette taille d'actif en 1968 représentaient moins de 1 p. 100 de toutes les corporations appartenant à des résidents et elles possédaient un actif global de \$18.0 milliards soit 43 p. 100 de l'actif total des corporations déclarantes appartenant à des résidents.)

En 1968, la très grande majorité des corporations déclarantes appartenant à des non-résidents étaient de taille plus modeste cependant. En effet, 3,928 de ces sociétés (81 p. 100) avaient un actif inférieur à \$5 millions. Ces compagnies possédaient un actif global de \$4.9 milliards, ce qui équivalait à seulement 13 p. 100 de l'actif total de toutes les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents. Quant aux corporations déclarantes appartenant à des Canadiens, elles étaient plus fortement représentées dans le groupe des petites corporations possédant un actif de \$5 millions ou moins. Les 26,961 sociétés de cette tranche de taille appartenant à des Canadiens cumulaient un actif total de \$17.2 milliards. En nombre, elles représentaient 97.0 p. 100 du nombre total de sociétés appartenant à des Canadiens et en actif elles représentaient 41.1 p. 100 de l'actif total de ces sociétés. Les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents avec un actif compris entre \$5 et \$25 millions étaient au nombre de 657 en 1968. Ce nombre égalait 13 p. 100 du nombre total de corporations appartenant à des non-résidents et l'actif de ces 657 corporations se chiffrait à \$6.8 milliards ou 17 p. 100 de l'actif total des corporations appartenant à des non-résidents.

Une preuve supplémentaire que les très grosses compagnies avaient une plus grande importance parmi les corporations d'appartenance étrangère que dans la catégorie des corporations d'appartenance canadienne, nous est fournie par les montants des ventes. La part des corporations d'appartenance étrangère ayant des actifs supérieurs à \$25 millions dans le total des ventes effectuées par toutes les corporations non financières contrôlées par les étrangers s'élevait à 60 p. 100 (ou \$24.4 milliards) alors que la proportion

cent of total Canadian-owned sales. Sales of Canadian-owned corporations with assets of less than \$5 million accounted for 62 per cent of the Canadian-owned total compared with 20 per cent for the corresponding foreign-owned category.

de leurs actifs était de 70 p. 100. Les ventes de très grandes corporations d'appartenance canadienne (totalisant \$12.6 milliards) contribuèrent seulement pour 23 p. 100 au total des ventes de toutes les corporations d'appartenance canadienne. Les ventes des corporations d'appartenance canadiennes inférieures à \$5 millions d'actif contribuèrent pour 62 p. 100 des ventes totales effectuées par toutes les corporations d'appartenance canadienne alors que la contribution de la catégorie correspondante dans les corporations d'appartenance étrangère s'établissa à 20 p. 100.

STATEMENT 5. Sales of Non-resident-owned Reporting Corporations, by Asset Size Groups and by Industrial Sectors, 1968

ÉTAT 5. Ventes des corporations déclarantes possédées par des firmes appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par tranches de taille de l'actif et par secteurs industriels, 1968

Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels	Asset size groups — Tranches de taille de l'actif						Total
	Under \$1,000,000 — Moins de \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000- 4,999,999	\$5,000,000- 9,999,999	\$10,000,000- 24,999,999	\$25,000,000- 49,999,999	\$50,000,000 and over — et plus	
Millions of dollars — Millions de dollars							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	18.4	42.6	¹	—	—	—	61.0
Mining — Mines	38.7	70.1	134.7	261.3	185.3	1,725.5	2,415.6
Manufacturing — Fabrication	735.7	2,911.8	2,034.2	2,649.7	2,703.9	14,876.6	25,911.9
Construction	84.1	205.9	129.1	354.9	122.1	²	896.1
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, commu- nications et services d'utilité publique	56.6	184.1	153.8	107.1	69.8	155.3	726.7
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	801.8	1,626.1	711.8	979.1	792.0	1,302.4	6,213.2
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	255.2	554.8	158.2	194.4	187.2	2,072.6	3,422.4
Services	188.8	219.6	43.8	113.6	138.5	28.1	732.4
Non-financial — Total — Non financières	2,179.3	5,815.0	3,365.6	4,660.1	4,198.8	20,160.5	40,379.3
Finance — Finances	80.4	137.7	51.8	104.9	78.7	467.6	921.1
Total	2,259.7	5,952.7	3,417.4	4,765.0	4,277.5	20,628.1	41,300.4
Per cent — Pour-cent							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	30.2	69.8	¹	—	—	—	100.0
Mining — Mines	1.6	2.9	5.6	10.8	7.7	71.4	100.0
Manufacturing — Fabrication	2.8	11.2	7.9	10.2	10.4	57.5	100.0
Construction	9.4	23.0	14.4	39.6	13.6	²	100.0
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, commu- nications et services d'utilité publique	7.8	25.3	21.2	14.7	9.6	21.4	100.0
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	12.9	26.1	11.5	15.8	12.7	21.0	100.0
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	7.5	18.2	4.6	5.7	5.5	60.5	100.0
Services	25.8	30.0	6.0	15.5	13.9	3.8	100.0
Non-financial — Total — Non financières	5.4	14.4	8.3	11.5	10.4	50.0	100.0
Finance — Finances	8.7	14.9	5.6	11.4	8.5	50.9	100.0
Total	5.5	14.4	8.3	11.5	10.4	49.9	100.0

¹ Included in the \$1,000,000-\$4,999,999 group. — Compris dans le groupe \$1,000,000-\$4,999,999.

² Included in the \$25,000,000-\$49,999,999 group — Compris dans le groupe \$25,000,000-\$49,999,999.

The predominance of very large corporations was most pronounced in the mining and manufacturing industries where the combined assets of all reporting corporations with assets of \$25 million and over accounted for 70 per cent and 65 per cent respectively of the total assets of these industries. Small corporations (with assets below \$5 million) were important in agriculture, forestry

La prédominance des très grosses corporations était la plus prononcée dans les secteurs des mines et de la fabrication; l'actif global de toutes les corporations déclarantes possédant un actif de \$25 millions ou plus s'élevait à 70 p. 100 et 65 p. 100 respectivement de l'actif total dans ces industries. Les petites corporations (c'est-à-dire celles qui possédaient un actif inférieur à \$5 millions) prenaient

and fishing where they represented 48 per cent of total assets, in construction (48 per cent), in trade (45 per cent) and in services (46 per cent).

In all industry groups except agriculture, forestry and fishing, foreign-owned companies were more heavily concentrated in the high asset sizes than were domestically-owned companies.

Some 40 per cent of the assets of very large corporations reporting under CALURA were attributable to manufacturing and 12 per cent to mining. In the case of foreign-owned corporations the weight of these industries was even greater; manufacturing accounted for 52 per cent of the assets of all very large foreign-owned corporations and mining for 16 per cent.

Within the manufacturing sector the importance of very large foreign-owned companies was even more pronounced. Over three quarters of the sector's foreign-owned assets belonged to companies with assets of \$25 million and over. Some 56 per cent was attributable to the 5 largest manufacturing industries, namely, petroleum and coal products (almost 100 per cent foreign owned), transportation equipment (87 per cent) chemicals (81 per cent), primary metals (55 per cent) and paper and allied industries (39 per cent). In 4 of these 5 industries the very largest companies were, almost without exception, foreign owned.

In the petroleum and coal products industry there were 14 corporations (all foreign-owned petroleum refineries) which had assets of \$50 million or over. Together they accounted for \$4.7 billion or 99 per cent of the industry's assets and \$3.4 billion or 99 per cent of its sales. (The 3 largest integrated oil companies alone had \$2.9 billion of assets.)

In the transportation equipment industry the 7 corporations with assets of \$100 million and over were all foreign owned. They accounted for \$1.9 billion or 55 per cent of total assets and \$4.4 billion or 66 per cent of total sales. (The 4 largest corporations in the motor vehicles and parts industry had combined assets of \$1.5 billion.) In chemicals 12 out of the 13 companies with assets of \$50 million and over were foreign owned. In total these 13 companies had assets of \$1.3 billion or 46 per cent of the industry's total and sales of \$0.9 billion or 33 per cent of the industry's sales. (Four companies, all foreign owned had assets of over \$100 million with a combined total of \$0.7 billion.) Five of the 10 companies with assets of \$100 million and over in the primary metal industry were foreign-owned. These 5 companies accounted for \$2.7 billion or 47 per cent of total assets and \$1.3 billion or 36 per cent of

de l'importance dans l'agriculture, l'exploitation forestière et la pêche, secteur où elles représentaient 48 p. 100 de l'actif total, dans la construction (48 p. 100), dans le commerce (45 p. 100) et dans les services (46 p. 100).

Dans tous les secteurs industriels excepté l'agriculture, l'exploitation forestière, et la pêche, les compagnies appartenant à des non-résidents étaient plus fortement concentrées dans les tranches de taille supérieures que ne l'étaient les compagnies appartenant à des résidents.

Quelques 40 p. 100 de l'actif global des très grosses corporations déclarantes étaient rattachés à la fabrication et 12 p. 100 aux mines. Dans le cas de corporations appartenant à des non-résidents, l'importance de ces secteurs industriels est encore plus élevée. En effet les proportions s'y élèvent à 52 p. 100 pour le secteur de la fabrication et à 16 p. 100 pour le secteur des mines.

Dans le secteur de la fabrication l'importance des très grosses compagnies d'appartenance étrangère était même plus marquée. Plus des trois-quarts des actifs du secteur des corporations d'appartenance étrangère provenaient des compagnies ayant chacune un actif de \$25 millions et plus. Quelques 56 p. 100 de ces actifs appartenaient aux 5 plus grosses industries manufacturières, notamment, les produits du pétrole et du charbon (à presque 100 p. 100 d'appartenance étrangère), le matériel de transport (à 87 p. 100), les produits chimiques (à 81 p. 100), la fabrication des métaux primaires (à 55 p. 100), et l'industrie du papier et des produits connexes (39 p. 100). Dans 4 de ces 5 industries les très grosses compagnies appartenaient, en presque totalité, à des non-résidents.

Dans l'industrie du pétrole et du charbon il y avait 14 corporations (qui étaient toutes des raffineries de pétrole d'appartenance étrangère) lesquelles avaient chacune un actif de \$50 millions et plus. Ensemble, elles représentaient \$4.7 milliards soit 99 p. 100 des actifs de l'industrie et \$3.4 milliards soit 99 p. 100 de ses ventes. (Les 3 plus grandes compagnies pétrolières intégrées avaient, à elles seules, \$2.9 milliards d'actifs.)

Dans l'industrie du matériel de transport les 7 sociétés avec un actif de \$100 millions ou plus étaient toutes possédées majoritairement par des non-résidents. L'actif total de ces 7 corporations s'élevait à \$1.9 milliard ou 55 p. 100 de l'actif total et leurs ventes à \$4.4 milliards ou 66 p. 100 des ventes totales de cette industrie. (Quatre de ces 7 corporations dans l'industrie des véhicules automobiles et des pièces d'autos possédaient un actif combiné de \$1.5 milliard.) Dans l'industrie des produits chimiques 12 des 13 compagnies possédant un actif de \$50 millions ou plus appartenaient à des étrangers. En tout, ces 13 compagnies possédaient un actif de \$1.3 milliard ou 46 p. 100 de l'actif total de cette industrie et des ventes de \$0.9 milliard ou 33 p. 100 des ventes totales de cette même industrie. (Quatre compagnies, toutes appartenant à des non-résidents, avec un actif de \$100 millions ou plus totalisaient \$0.7 milliard en actifs.) Cinq des 10 compagnies du secteur de la

total sales. The 2 largest companies in the primary metal industry each with assets in excess of \$1 billion were both foreign owned. Of the 4 largest companies in the paper and allied industries, which had combined assets of \$1.8 billion, 3 were Canadian owned.

In the mining industry foreign-owned corporations with assets of \$25 million and over had combined assets of \$5.8 billion or 79 per cent of the industry's foreign-owned assets at the end of 1968. In the oil and gas wells industry (83 per cent foreign owned) the 2 Canadian and 10 foreign-owned companies with assets in excess of \$100 million accounted for combined assets of \$2.5 billion or 53 per cent of the industry's assets. The 5 companies of this size engaged in iron mining (4 of which were foreign owned) had combined assets of \$1.2 billion or 85 per cent of the industry's total while in other metal mining the 5 companies of this size (4 of which were Canadian owned) accounted for assets of \$1.3 billion or 52 per cent of the total. In other mining (57 per cent foreign owned) only 2 companies had assets in excess of \$100 million; both were foreign owned.

The concentration of both foreign- and Canadian-owned corporations in the highest asset size increased significantly over the 4 years 1965 to 1968 (the longest period for which comparable data are available). The proportion of the assets of all CALURA non-financial corporations represented by corporations with assets of \$25 million and over increased by 3 percentage points to 56 per cent at the end of 1968. All of this increase occurred in the \$100 million and over size group. (In fact, there was a modest decrease in the \$25 million to \$100 million group.) There was a corresponding decline in the relative importance of both small- and intermediate-sized corporations. Corporations with assets of less than \$5 million possessed only 27 per cent of the assets of all CALURA corporations in 1968 compared with 29 per cent in 1965, while the share of corporations in the \$5 million to \$25 million group fell by 1 percentage point to 16 per cent.

In general, this pattern was even more pronounced among the foreign-owned corporations. The total assets of corporations of \$25 million and over increased from \$18.5 billion or 66 per cent of all foreign-owned assets in 1965 to \$27.8

première transformation des métaux qui possédaient un actif de \$100 millions ou plus appartenait à des non-résidents. La somme de l'actif de ces 5 corporations appartenant à des non-résidents s'élevait à \$2.7 milliards ou 47 p. 100 de l'actif total et leurs ventes à \$1.3 milliard ou 36 p. 100 des ventes totales de cette industrie. Les 2 plus grosses compagnies de l'industrie de la première transformation des métaux possédaient chacune un actif supérieur à un milliard de dollars et toutes 2 appartenait à des étrangers. Des 4 plus grosses sociétés de l'industrie des pâtes et papiers qui avaient un actif total de \$1.8 milliard, 3 appartenait à des Canadiens.

Dans le secteur des mines, les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents qui possédaient un actif de \$25 millions et plus affichaient un actif total de \$5.8 milliards ou 79 p. 100 de l'actif total des corporations appartenant à des non-résidents à la fin de 1968. Dans l'industrie des puits de pétrole et de gaz naturel (83 p. 100 appartenant à des non-résidents) les 2 compagnies canadiennes et les 10 sociétés appartenant à des étrangers possédant un actif de plus de \$100 millions affichaient un actif total de \$2.5 milliards ou 53 p. 100 de l'actif total de ce secteur industriel. Les 5 corporations de cette tranche de taille qui faisaient partie de l'industrie des mines de fer (4 de ces 5 sociétés appartenait à des non-résidents) possédaient un actif total s'élevant à \$1.2 milliard ou 85 p. 100 de l'actif total de cette industrie alors que les 5 sociétés de cette tranche de taille faisant partie de l'industrie des autres mines métalliques (4 de ces 5 compagnies appartenait à des Canadiens) possédaient un actif total de \$1.3 milliard soit 52 p. 100 du total pour l'industrie. Dans l'industrie des autres mines (57 p. 100 appartenant à des non-résidents) seulement 2 compagnies possédaient un actif de \$100 millions ou plus; toutes deux appartenait majoritairement à des étrangers.

La concentration des compagnies appartenant à des résidents tout aussi bien qu'à des non-résidents dans la tranche de taille supérieure s'est fortement accrue au cours des 4 années de la période allant de 1965 à 1968 (la plus longue période pour laquelle des données sont disponibles sur une base comparable). La proportion de l'actif de toutes les corporations déclarantes non financières représentée par les sociétés possédant un actif de \$25 millions ou plus a augmenté de 3 p. 100 à 56 p. 100 à la fin de 1968. Toute cette augmentation s'est produite dans la tranche de taille de \$100 millions ou plus. (En fait, il s'est produit une baisse correspondante dans les tranches de taille de \$25 à \$100 millions.) Également il y avait une diminution correspondante dans l'importance relative des corporations de tailles petites et moyennes. Les corporations dont l'actif était inférieur à \$5 millions possédaient seulement 27 p. 100 de l'actif de toutes les corporations déclarantes en 1968 comparé à 29 p. 100 en 1965; tandis que la part des corporations dans le groupe des \$5 millions à \$25 millions baissa de 1 p. 100 jusqu'à 16 p. 100.

En général, ces proportions et ces changements étaient encore plus prononcés pour les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents. L'actif total des corporations de la tranche de \$25 millions ou plus partit de \$18.5 milliards ou 66 p. 100 de l'actif total

billion or 70 per cent in 1968. (Comparable percentages for the over \$100 million group were 42 per cent in 1965 and over 45 per cent in 1968; an increase of 3 percentage points or slightly less than for all corporations in this size group.)

Small and intermediate corporations declined sharply in importance during this period. The assets of small corporations comprised only 12 per cent of total foreign-owned assets in 1968 compared with 14 per cent in 1965 and those of intermediate corporations 17 per cent (20 per cent in 1965).

In general, foreign-owned corporations occurred with greater frequency in large-scale industries. Statement 6 lists the 25 non-financial industries according to average asset size per corporation.

des corporations appartenant à des non-résidents en 1965 pour atteindre \$27.8 milliards ou 70 p. 100 en 1968. (Les pourcentages correspondants pour la tranche de taille de \$100 millions ou plus étaient 42 p. 100 en 1965 et plus de 45 p. 100 en 1968; un accroissement de 3 p. 100, soit légèrement moins que pour toutes les corporations dans cette tranche de taille.)

Les sociétés de taille petite et moyenne, ont vu leur importance décliner rapidement pendant cette période. L'actif des petites corporations ne s'élevait qu'à 12 p. 100 de l'actif total des corporations appartenant à des non-résidents en 1968 comparé à 14 p. 100 en 1965; quant aux corporations de taille moyenne, les pourcentages correspondants ne s'y élevaient qu'à 17 p. 100 en 1968 (20 p. 100 en 1965).

De façon générale les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents étaient relativement plus nombreuses dans les industries de production de masse. L'État 6 donne une liste des 25 industries non financières selon la taille moyenne de l'actif des corporations dans cette industrie.

**STATEMENT 6. Average Asset Size of Foreign-owned and All Corporations, by Industries,
Non-financial Industries Only, 1968**

**ÉTAT 6. Moyenne de l'actif des corporations d'appartenance étrangère et de toutes les corporations,
par branches d'activité, industries non financières seulement, 1968**

Industries in decreasing order of assets size Branches d'activité par ordre décroissant de taille d'actif	Average assets — Moyenne de l'actif		Foreign-owned corporations as a per cent of total all corporations ¹	
	All corporations ¹	Foreign- owned corporations	Corporations d'appartenance étrangère en proportion du total de toutes les corporations ¹	
	Toutes les corporations ¹	Corporations d'appartenance étrangère	Corporations	Assets Actif
	\$'000,000		%	
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	80.7	197.9	40.7	99.7
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	19.2	24.9	65.4	84.5
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	14.7	31.5	20.7	44.2
Primary metal — Métaux primaires	14.7	52.4	15.5	55.2
Paper and allied industries — Fabrication de papier et de produits connexes	14.3	26.8	20.9	38.9
Public utilities — Services d'utilité publique	8.3	14.7	8.9	15.7
Communications	7.4	2.1	1.3	4
Mineral fuels — Minéraux combustibles	6.7	20.5	26.8	82.3
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	5.7	17.0	31.2	93.1
Transport equipment — Fabrication de matériel de transport	5.1	19.9	22.2	87.0
Electrical products — Fabrication d'appareils et de matériel électrique	3.3	7.1	29.6	64.0
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et autres produits connexes	3.0	7.7	32.2	81.4
Beverages — Breuvages	2.8	10.8	4.6	17.8
Textile mills — Usine de filature et de tissage	2.1	9.7	11.2	52.0
Machinery — Fabrication de machinerie	2.1	6.2	24.9	72.2
Transportation — Transports	1.9	7.2	2.2	8.4
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non métalliques	1.7	10.2	8.5	51.6
Storage — Entreposage	1.4	8.6	4.0	24.7
Food — Produits alimentaires	1.3	6.7	6.8	36.0
Other mining — Autres mines .....	.9	7.3	6.8	57.1
Wood industries — Produits du bois .....	.9	6.6	4.2	30.8
Knitting mills — Usine de tricot .....	.7	2.1	7.0	21.9
Metal fabricating — Fabrication de produits métalliques .....	.7	3.5	9.7	46.7
Leather products — Produits du cuir .....	.6	1.8	7.1	22.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing — Fabrication diverse .....	.5	2.5	11.1	53.9
Furniture industries — Fabrication de meubles .....	.4	2.0	3.8	18.8
Printing, publishing and allied industries — Impression, édition et activités connexes .....	.4	3.3	2.6	21.0
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros .....	.4	2.4	5.6	31.4
Clothing industries — Industries du vêtement .....	.3	1.9	2.4	13.2
Construction .....	.3	5.1	.8	13.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage .....	.2	1.0	1.3	6.4
Retail trade — Commerce de détail .....	.2	4.8	1.1	21.2
Services .....	.2	2.7	1.4	19.7
Non-financial — Total — Non financières .....	.8	8.1	3.8	39.4

¹ Includes corporations not reporting under CALURA. — Comprend les corporations dispensées de déclarer à CALURA.

It will be seen that non-resident-owned corporations were particularly well represented (in terms of numbers) in non-financial industries where average corporation size exceeded \$3 million. There were 12 industries in this category in 1968 and in only one case (the communications industry) did the percentage of non-resident-owned firms in an industry fall below their percentage in non-financial industries as a whole. In all other cases non-resident-owned corporations were significantly better represented (in terms of numbers). Moreover, in 10 industries (all except communications and public utilities) non-resident-owned corporations accounted for at least two fifths of their industries' assets (and in 6 of these at least four-fifths). In the industries where average corporation size was less than \$3 million the picture was more mixed. In some cases such as transportation, beverages and storage there was a very high concentration of Canadian-owned firms, in others, notably machinery and textile mills, there were significant levels of foreign ownership. In all 7 industries where average size was less than \$0.5 million, however, foreign-owned companies constituted an insignificant proportion of the industry total and although non-resident-owned firms were more important in terms of assets, in no case did they represent more than one third of their industry's total.

In all non-financial industries except communications the assets of foreign-owned corporations were significantly higher on average than the industry average, and the average size of all foreign-owned corporations (\$8.1 million) was almost 10 times higher than the average for all corporations.

DISTRIBUTION OF TAXABLE INCOME WITH RESPECT TO REGIONS

The extent and influence of foreign ownership on industrial structure and activity within the regions of Canada is a subject of considerable interest. Unfortunately most of the information contained in corporation financial statements is not easily attributable to geographical regions and other measures are not readily available. Two important exceptions exist, however. In the past DBS has undertaken a number of studies⁷ (based on the manufacturing establishment as the reporting unit) which have provided some insight into the regional distribution of foreign control in the manufacturing industry as measured in terms of such indicators as the number of persons employed, salaries and wages paid, value added by manufacture and value of factory shipments.

On verra que les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents étaient particulièrement bien représentées en nombre dans les industries non financières où la taille moyenne de la corporation excédait \$3 millions. Il y avait 12 industries dans cette catégorie en 1968 et le pourcentage de firmes appartenant à des non-résidents était plus bas que le pourcentage pour les industries financières dans le cas d'une seule de ces 12 industries, les communications. Dans tous les autres cas les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents étaient sensiblement mieux représentées en nombre. De plus dans 10 industries (toutes les 12 de cette catégorie excepté les communications et les services d'utilité publique) les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents représentaient au moins les deux cinquièmes de l'actif total de leur industrie et dans 6 de ces industries elles contribuaient au moins pour les quatre cinquièmes. Dans les industries où la taille moyenne des corporations était inférieure à \$3 millions la situation était plus floue. Pour certaines industries comme les transports, les boissons et l'entreposage, il y avait une forte concentration d'appartenance à des Canadiens et pour d'autres industries, par exemple la machinerie et les filatures, il y avait une forte participation par des non-résidents. Dans toutes les 7 industries où la taille moyenne était inférieure à \$0.5 million, cependant, les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents constituaient une proportion négligeable du total de l'industrie et quoique les firmes appartenant à des non-résidents étaient plus importantes en termes d'actif, en aucun cas elles ne représentaient plus du tiers de l'actif total de l'industrie.

Dans toutes les industries non financières excepté les communications, l'actif moyen du groupe de corporations dominées par des non-résidents était sensiblement plus élevé que la moyenne pour l'industrie. La taille moyenne de toutes les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents (\$8.1 millions) était presque 10 fois plus élevée que la moyenne pour toutes les corporations.

RÉPARTITION DU REVENU IMPOSABLE SELON LES RÉGIONS

L'étendue et l'influence de l'appartenance étrangère sur la structure et l'activité industrielle pour chaque région du Canada est un sujet de grand intérêt. Malheureusement, il est difficile d'imputer à chaque région géographique la plupart des renseignements montrés dans les états financiers des sociétés, et d'autres mesures ne sont pas présentement accessibles. Néanmoins, il existe deux exceptions, le B.F.S.a, dans le passé, entrepri un certain nombre d'études⁷ (basées sur l'établissement industriel comme l'unité déclarante) qui ont donné un aperçu de la répartition régionale du contrôle étranger dans l'industrie manufacturière. Cette répartition est évaluée sous forme d'indicateurs, tels que: le nombre de personnes employées, les traitements et salaires payés, la valeur ajoutée par l'établissement, et la valeur des expéditions par les manufactures.

⁷ See "The Canadian Balance of International Payments 1963, 1964 and 1965 and International Investment Position" (DBS Catalogue No. 67-201).

⁷ Voir *The Balance of International Payments 1963, 1964 and 1965 and International Investment Position*, (B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 67-201).

Taxable income statistics also permit an approximate distribution of corporate activity provincially and provide the basis for identifying the proportion of this activity that accrues to foreign-owned corporations. Taxable income data provide the only currently available indicator of the regional impact of foreign ownership which encompasses corporate activity in all industries. They have the additional advantage of being net of intercorporate duplication.

However taxable income statistics are also subject to a number of important qualifications. It should be noted that the administrative formula, from which the data are derived, provides only an approximate allocation of taxable income. For taxation purposes it is assumed that the proportion of a corporation's taxable income attributable to a particular province is the same as the proportion of the gross revenue earned and salaries and wages paid by the corporation in that province. Corporations are not required to apportion their income to provinces on the basis of the location in which it is actually earned and, indeed, such an allocation could not be accomplished by the many corporations that have diverse activities in a number of provinces.

Taxable income incorporates a number of special provisions, such as depletion and capital cost allowances which differ significantly by industry and so make interindustry comparisons difficult.

Taxation legislation, through special provisions, particularly during the last decade, has been used to an increasing extent as an instrument of government policy. As this use of taxation legislation is extended, book profits and taxable income begin to diverge, the difference dependent upon the degree to which corporations are affected by these special provisions pertaining to such characteristics as the industry in which the firm operates, the scope of the firms' operations, the geographical location, ownership and other factors.

The DBS publication "Corporation Taxation Statistics", (Catalogue No. 61-208), provides a detailed reconciliation of book profit with taxable income, and indicates the magnitude of the main provisions of the Income Tax Act as well as the magnitude of the main items of income and expenditure which are treated differently in the Income Tax Act than in company books. The comparison of book profit before taxes with taxable income for 1966, which is given in Statement 7, indicates the extent to which these items do diverge. It will be noted that the relationship between the two items varies significantly from one year to another, particularly in resource-based industries.

Les statistiques de l'impôt sur le revenu donnent aussi une répartition provinciale approximative de l'activité des sociétés ainsi qu'une base pour évaluer la part de cette activité afférente aux corporations d'appartenance étrangère. Les données de l'impôt sur le revenu fournissent actuellement le seul indicateur de l'impact régional de l'appartenance étrangère que l'on puisse obtenir. Il englobe l'activité de chaque société dans toutes les industries. Ces données ont de plus l'avantage d'être à l'abri de tout double emploi entre les sociétés.

Cependant on doit apporter d'importantes réserves aux statistiques de l'impôt sur le revenu. Il doit être noté que la formule administrative, à l'origine des données, donne seulement une approximation du revenu imposable. Dans un but fiscal, il est supposé que la proportion du revenu imposable imputable à une province en particulier est la même que la proportion du revenu brut gagné et des salaires et traitements payés par la corporation en question dans cette province. Les corporations ne sont pas tenues de répartir leur revenu par province sur la base de l'endroit où il est effectivement gagné; vraiment une telle répartition ne pourrait être faite par les nombreuses corporations qui ont des activités diverses dans plusieurs provinces.

Le revenu imposable contient un nombre de clauses particulières, telles que celles concernant les déductions pour l'amortissement et l'épuisement qui varient considérablement pour chaque industrie et rend ainsi difficiles les comparaisons inter-industrielles.

La législation fiscale, par des dispositions spéciales, en particulier durant la dernière décennie, a été employée de façon croissante comme un instrument de politique gouvernementale. Au fur et à mesure que la législation fiscale s'étend, une différence apparaît entre le profit comptable et le revenu imposable celle-ci étant fonction du degré auquel les sociétés sont touchées par ces dispositions relatives à des facteurs tels que: l'industrie où la firme exerce son activité, l'étendue de cette dernière, la localisation géographique, l'appartenance, etc.

La publication du B.F.S. "Statistiques fiscales des sociétés", (numéro de catalogue 61-208), présente une conciliation détaillée du profit comptable et du revenu imposable, de même que l'ordre de grandeur de l'effet fiscal des dispositions principales de la Loi de l'Impôt sur le Revenu et des principales différences entre le traitement comptable requis par la loi et les livres de la société. La comparaison entre le profit comptable avant impôt et le revenu imposable pour 1966 (présentée dans l'État 7.) indique l'étendue de l'écart entre eux. On verra que le rapport entre ces deux éléments varie remarquablement d'une année à l'autre, particulièrement dans les industries primaires.

STATEMENT 7. Comparison of Book Profit Before Taxes with Taxable Income, by Industry, 1966

ÉTAT 7. Comparaison du bénéfice comptable avant impôts et du revenu imposable, par branche d'activité, 1966

Industry — Branche d'activité	Book profit	Taxable income	Taxable income/ book profit
	Bénéfice comptable	Revenu imposable	Revenu imposable/ bénéfice comptable
	\$'000,000		%
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	396	15	4
Mineral fuels — Minéraux combustibles	197	20	10
Other mining — Autres minéraux	117	33	28
Agriculture	20	7	35
Primary metal — Fabrication des métaux primaires	521	186	36
Petroleum and coal products — Produits de pétrole et du charbon	300	107	36
Paper and allied industries — Papier et produits connexes	433	159	37
Finance — Finances	1,264	506	40
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non métalliques	115	57	50
Other manufacturing industries — Autres industries manufacturières	1,840	1,361	74
Other industries — Autres industries	3,447	2,158	63
Total	7,386	4,103	56

The taxable income data for provinces cover only positive amounts of taxable income; corporations having taxable incomes are included but those sustaining losses are excluded. (Corporations incurring losses are not required, for taxation purposes, to apportion their losses provincially.) During 1968, total losses of reporting corporations amounted to \$604 million or 15 per cent of net taxable income of \$4,082 million. Total losses of foreign-owned corporations were \$233 million or 11 per cent of net taxable income while Canadian corporations had losses of \$371 million or 18 per cent. (An industrial allocation of losses can be obtained by comparing Canada totals given in Appendix 3, which exclude losses, and the net taxable income data given in Appendix 1.) In addition non-taxable corporations, are not included.

Taxable income as a measure of foreign ownership is also subject to many of the qualifications applicable to profits data. For example, taxable income like profits, is, to some extent, influenced by the capital structure of a corporation. In addition taxable income like profits is more subject to cyclical fluctuation, as well as random variations resulting from changes in taxation law and practices. This may make it unreliable as a short-term indicator of changes in the structure of foreign ownership.

Finally, it will be noted, the exemptions from CALURA reporting requirements reduce coverage of taxable income to 80 per cent for all industries

Les données du revenu imposable pour les provinces couvrent seulement les montants positifs de ce dit revenu; les corporations faisant des profits imposables sont comprises, évidemment, tandis que celles subissant des pertes en sont exclues. (Ces dernières ne sont pas requises de répartir par province leurs pertes.) Pendant l'année 1968, le total des pertes des corporations déclarantes s'établissait à \$604 millions soit 15 p. 100 du revenu imposable net de \$4,082 millions. Le total des pertes des corporations d'appartenance étrangère était de \$233 millions soit 11 p. 100 du revenu net imposable tandis que les corporations canadiennes avaient des pertes de \$371 millions soit 18 p. 100. (Une répartition industrielle des pertes peut être obtenue en comparant les totaux du Canada donnés à l'Annexe 3, qui excluent les pertes et les données du revenu imposable net montrées dans l'Annexe 1.) De plus les corporations non imposables, ne sont pas comprises.

Le revenu imposable comme une mesure de l'appartenance étrangère est aussi assujéti à plusieurs des réserves qui s'appliquent aux données des profits. Par exemple, le revenu imposable tout comme les profits est, jusqu'à un certain point, influé par la structure capitaliste d'une corporation. De plus, le revenu imposable comme les profits est plus influençable aux fluctuations cycliques, aussi bien qu'aux variations aléatoires résultant des modifications dans les lois et pratiques fiscales. Tout ceci rend peu sûr le revenu imposable, comme un indicateur à court terme, des changements dans la structure d'appartenance étrangère.

Enfin, on devra noter, les exemptions de déclarations à CALURA pour certaines corporations qui réduisent la couverture du revenu imposable à 80

excluding insurance carriers. These exemptions are very serious for some industries e.g. coverage is only 10 per cent for the deposit accepting institutions, 15 to 30 per cent for communications, and 55 to 60 per cent for insurance and real estate agencies.

Foreign ownership of the Canadian economy can be measured in terms of many indicators, each of which has its own unique characteristics and relevance. These measures may differ significantly in the indication which they give of the importance of foreign ownership. Of the 6 indicators used in this report, taxable income is the one which suggests the highest level of foreign ownership. In 1968 non-resident corporations reporting to CALURA accounted for 3 per cent of corporations in terms of numbers, 27 per cent (assets), 37 per cent (equity), 35 per cent (sales), 41 per cent (profits) and 42 per cent net (taxable income). Figures for taxable income excluding losses would probably be slightly lower.

Appendix 3 provides a regional distribution of taxable income of reporting corporations by ownership status and industry for the years 1965 to 1968. Additional information is provided in the statements and charts below.

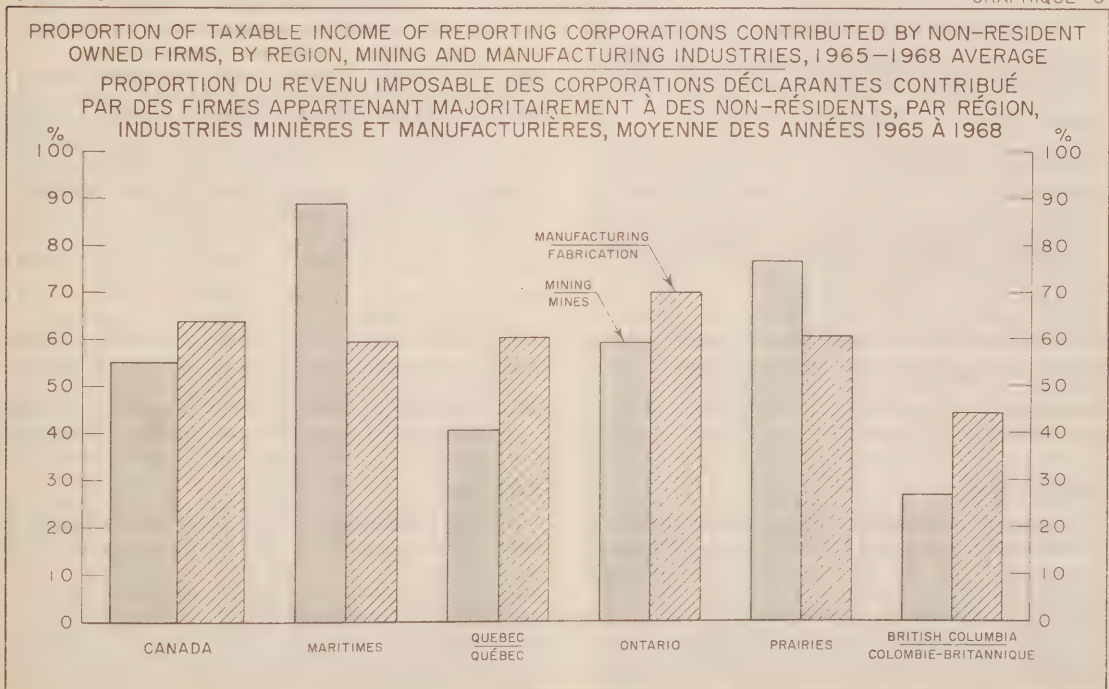
p. 100 pour toutes les industries, exception faite des compagnies d'assurances. Ces exemptions sont très importantes pour quelques industries i.e. la couverture est seulement de 10 p. 100 pour les institutions financières acceptant des dépôts, 15 à 30 p. 100 pour les communications, et 55 à 60 p. 100 pour les agences immobilières et d'assurances.

L'appartenance étrangère de l'économie canadienne peut être évaluée sous forme de nombreux indicateurs, chacun d'eux ayant des caractéristiques uniques et une signification particulière. Ces indicateurs peuvent différer de façon significative dans les renseignements qu'ils donnent de l'importance de l'appartenance étrangère. Des 6 indicateurs employés dans ce rapport, le revenu imposable est celui qui suggère le niveau le plus élevé d'appartenance étrangère. En 1968 le pourcentage des corporations déclarantes à CALURA, appartenant à des non-résidents s'établissait à 3 p. 100 du nombre total des corporations; le pourcentage en termes d'actifs s'élevait à 27 p. 100, celui en termes d'avoir à 37 p. 100, en termes de ventes 35 p. 100, en termes de profits 41 p. 100 et enfin à 42 p. 100 en termes de revenu imposable net. Les chiffres pour le revenu imposable excluant les pertes, doivent être probablement légèrement plus bas.

L'Annexe 3 présente une répartition régionale du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes par statut d'appartenance et par industrie pour les années 1965 à 1968. Des renseignements supplémentaires sont fournis dans les états et graphiques ci-dessous.

GRAPH - 5

GRAPHIQUE - 5



It will be seen that the relative importance of foreign ownership among the 5 main regions of Canada varied substantially according to industry during this period. However, with few exceptions, foreign- and Canadian-owned companies respectively were dominant in every region in those industries which they clearly dominated at the national level. This was the case, for example, for 13 of the 16 manufacturing industries which were either two thirds or more Canadian or foreign owned. As might be expected, too, Ontario and Quebec, as the two most important centres of industrial activity were, for the most part, also the most important centres of foreign ownership. In the case of Ontario this also reflected the fact that foreign ownership in that province was higher than the national rate in the manufacturing and mining sectors and either close to, or above average in most other sectors. Foreign ownership in Quebec was somewhat below national levels in all but 2 of the 9 sectors (services and utilities).

On verra que l'importance relative de l'appartenance étrangère parmi les 5 principales régions canadiennes varia considérablement selon l'industrie considérée pendant la période. Cependant, à part quelques exceptions, il y avait une forte corrélation entre la domination par une industrie d'appartenance étrangère ou canadienne au niveau national et la même au niveau régional. C'était le cas, par exemple, pour 13 des 16 industries manufacturières qui étaient soit aux deux tiers et plus canadiennes soit aux deux tiers et plus d'appartenance étrangère. Comme on peut s'y attendre, l'Ontario et le Québec, les deux plus importants centres d'activité industrielle, étaient également les centres les plus considérables d'appartenance étrangère. Dans le cas de l'Ontario, cette qualification reflétait le fait que l'appartenance étrangère était dans cette province plus élevée que le pourcentage au niveau national dans les secteurs de la fabrication et des mines et au-dessus ou très près de la moyenne dans la plupart des autres secteurs. L'appartenance étrangère au Québec se trouvait quelque peu au-dessous des niveaux nationaux dans tous les secteurs, excepté 2 (les services et les services d'utilité publique).

Statement 8. Percentage of Corporation Taxable Income Earned in Each Industrial Sector and Region Attributable to Non-resident-owned Companies, 1965-1968 Average

État 8. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable réalisé par des corporations appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par régions géographiques et par secteurs industriels, moyenne des années 1965 à 1968

Industrial sectors Secteurs industriels	Maritimes	Québec	Ontario	Prairies	B.C. — C.-B.	Canada
	per cent — pour-cent					
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	42.9	—	14.3	6.2	25.2	20.7
Mining — Mines	88.8	40.6	59.3	76.5	26.7	55.0
Manufacturing — Fabrication	59.6	60.3	70.0	60.5	44.1	63.8
Construction	9.7	12.1	19.0	23.0	42.6	20.6
Transportation, storage, communications and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communications et services d'utilité publique	16.2	44.0	20.9	19.3	12.0	22.1
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	17.6	32.2	39.7	38.5	30.8	35.7
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	30.4	27.2	36.3	52.2	40.5	37.4
Finance — Finances.....	21.8	22.3	25.6	28.3	26.7	30.6
Services	24.4	41.9	39.1	40.6	27.8	38.7

Manufacturing

Foreign ownership of the manufacturing industries as measured by taxable income, averaged 64 per cent over the 4-year period under review; a somewhat higher proportion than the 55 to 58 per cent obtained for assets and the 52 to 55 per cent for sales. In only one region, British Columbia, did Canadian-owned companies earn a greater proportion of taxable income than foreign-

Fabrication

L'appartenance étrangère des industries manufacturières, mesurée par le revenu imposable, était en moyenne de 64 p. 100 pendant la période de 4 années actuellement considérée; une proportion quelque peu plus élevée que les 55 à 58 p. 100 obtenus pour les actifs et les 52 à 55 p. 100 pour les ventes. Dans une région seulement, la Colombie-Britannique, les compagnies d'appartenance canadienne réalisèrent

owned ones. Non-resident ownership was highest in Ontario at 70 per cent followed by the Prairies (61 per cent), Quebec (60 per cent), Atlantic Provinces (60 per cent) and British Columbia (44 per cent).

In 8 of the 21 manufacturing industries separately identified in this report foreign-owned corporations accounted for more than half of taxable income earned in each region. In the case of the petroleum and coal products industry practically all taxable income in every region was attributable to foreign-owned companies. Included in this category were such major industries as chemicals (where foreign ownership ranged between 94 per cent for British Columbia and 88 per cent for the Atlantic Provinces); transport equipment (ranging from 94 per cent for Ontario to 57 per cent for British Columbia); machinery (95 per cent, Atlantic Provinces, to 66 per cent, Prairies); and electrical products (93 per cent, British Columbia, to 81 per cent, Atlantic Provinces). Also involved were textile mills, rubber and tobacco products.

Five other industries, beverages, leather products, wood, furniture and printing, publishing and allied industries, were predominantly Canadian owned in every region. In each of these industries except one Canadian-owned companies accounted for more than two thirds of each region's taxable income. (Foreign-owned companies contributed 36 per cent of taxable income earned in Ontario's furniture industry.)

In the food, paper, primary metals, metal fabrication and miscellaneous manufacturing industries the contribution to taxable income by foreign-owned corporations was higher than that of Canadian-owned companies in most regions. Conversely in the non-metallic minerals, knitting mills and clothing industry, Canadian-owned corporations, generally, contributed the major portion.

Ontario was the most important centre of foreign-owned manufacturing activity. Some 58 per cent of the taxable income accruing to foreign-owned corporations in this industry was earned in Ontario. This was about two and a half times the proportion contributed by Quebec, the next most important province and reflected the pre-eminence of Ontario as Canada's principal centre of manufacturing and the fact that a larger proportion of Ontario's taxable income originated with foreign-owned corporations.

Foreign ownership was most important in Ontario and Quebec (in that order) in three quarters of all manufacturing industries identified separately. Except for the petroleum and coal products industry

une plus grande proportion de revenu imposable que celles d'appartenance étrangère. L'appartenance étrangère était la plus élevée en Ontario avec 70 p. 100, suivi par les Prairies (61 p. 100), le Québec (60 p. 100), les Provinces de l'Atlantique (60 p. 100) et la Colombie-Britannique (44 p. 100).

Dans 8 des 21 industries manufacturières identifiées séparément dans ce rapport, les corporations d'appartenance étrangère étaient responsables pour plus que la moitié du revenu imposable gagné dans chaque région. Dans le cas de l'industrie des produits du pétrole et du charbon, pratiquement la totalité du revenu imposable dans chaque région pour cette industrie était d'appartenance étrangère. Dans cette catégorie on peut inclure des industries majeures telle que celle des produits chimiques (où l'appartenance étrangère était entre 94 p. 100 pour la Colombie-Britannique et 88 p. 100 pour les Provinces de l'Atlantique); le matériel de transport (s'échelonnant entre 94 p. 100 pour l'Ontario et 57 p. 100 pour la Colombie-Britannique); la machinerie (95 p. 100 pour les Provinces de l'Atlantique à 66 p. 100 pour les Prairies); et les appareils électriques (93 p. 100 pour la Colombie-Britannique à 81 p. 100 pour les Provinces de l'Atlantique). Les industries de filature et tissage, des produits du caoutchouc et du tabac étaient aussi incluses dans cette catégorie.

Cinq autres industries, les boissons, les produits du cuir, du bois, les industries du meuble, de l'impression et de l'édition étaient en majeure partie d'appartenance canadienne dans chaque région. Dans chacune de ces industries, excepté une, les compagnies d'appartenance canadienne comptaient pour plus que les deux tiers du revenu imposable de chaque région. (Les compagnies d'appartenance étrangère contribuèrent pour 36 p. 100 du revenu imposable réalisé dans l'industrie du meuble de l'Ontario.)

Dans les industries de l'alimentation, du papier, de la fabrication des métaux primaires et diverses autres industries manufacturières, la contribution au revenu imposable par les corporations d'appartenance étrangère était plus élevée que celle des compagnies d'appartenance canadienne dans la plupart des régions. Réciproquement dans les industries des produits minéraux non métalliques, des fabriques de tricot, et du vêtement, les corporations d'appartenance canadienne y contribuèrent pour la plus grosse partie.

L'Ontario est le plus important centre de l'activité manufacturière d'appartenance étrangère. Quelque 58 p. 100 du revenu imposable provenant des corporations d'appartenance étrangère dans l'industrie manufacturière furent gagnés en Ontario. Ceci était environ 2 fois et demi la proportion de la contribution du Québec, la deuxième province en importance et était le reflet de la prédominance de l'Ontario comme le principal centre manufacturier du Canada comme du fait que la plus grande proportion du revenu imposable de l'Ontario provenait de sociétés d'appartenance étrangère.

L'appartenance étrangère était la plus importante en Ontario et au Québec (respectivement par ordre de grandeur) dans les trois quarts de toutes les industries manufacturières identifiées séparément. Exception

where the Prairie Provinces had a small edge over Ontario, Ontario and Quebec were the leading centres of foreign-owned manufacturing activity in all foreign-owned industries, and, indeed in all very large industries. (In the case of tobacco products, however, the usual order of importance was reversed with Quebec taking precedence over Ontario.)

A comparison of establishment-based data for the value of factory shipments from foreign-controlled manufacturing plants⁷ during 1961 with the taxable income data for 1965 to 1968 seems to indicate that, overall, there was little change in the relative distribution of foreign-controlled manufacturing activity between regions during this period.

There were only 3 manufacturing industries in which foreign-owned companies earned a greater proportion of their taxable income in regions other than Ontario or Quebec. These were the wood industries where British Columbia accounted for almost three quarters; the clothing industries and petroleum and coal products where the Prairies were most important. In each case, however, Ontario and Quebec were the second and third most important sources.

Mining⁸

The proportion of taxable income contributed by non-resident-owned corporations in the mining industries reached 55 per cent on average during the 1965-1968 period. Regionally, 89 per cent was attributable to foreign-owned companies in the Atlantic provinces, 76 per cent in the Prairies, 59 per cent in Ontario, 51 per cent in Quebec but only 27 per cent in British Columbia.

The contribution of foreign-owned corporations to regional taxable income varied significantly between the 3 main mining industries. In mineral fuels mining foreign-owned firms earned over four fifths of taxable income in every region. In metal mining their contribution was low in all regions except the Atlantic Provinces where it reached 89 per cent. In other mining foreign-owned companies earned over half of taxable income in every region but the range of their contribution was very wide (between 57 per cent in British Columbia and 91 per cent in the Atlantic Provinces). For each of the principal mining industries, the proportion of non-resident ownership for Canada as a whole, as measured by taxable income, was fairly similar to the corresponding percentage as derived from assets.

⁷ See "The Canadian Balance of International Payments 1963, 1964 and 1965 and International Investment Position" (DBS Catalogue No. 67-201).

⁸ Readers are reminded of the very low and volatile relationship which exists between taxable income and book profit in the mining industries (particularly metal mining).

faite pour l'industrie des produits du pétrole et du charbon où les Provinces des Prairies avaient un petit avantage sur l'Ontario, l'Ontario et le Québec étaient les centres importants de l'activité manufacturière d'appartenance étrangère dans toutes les industries de cette dernière catégorie, et, aussi dans toutes les très grandes industries. (Dans le cas des produits du tabac, cependant, l'ordre habituel de grandeur était inversé au profit du Québec.)

Une comparaison entre les données par établissement pour les valeurs d'expédition par usine provenant des établissements manufacturiers⁷ durant 1961 et les données du revenu imposable semble indiquer que d'une façon générale, il y eut peu de changement dans la répartition relative entre les régions de l'activité manufacturière contrôlée par l'étranger pendant cette période.

Il y avait seulement 3 industries de fabrication où les compagnies d'appartenance étrangère gagnèrent une plus grande proportion de leur revenu imposable dans les régions autres que l'Ontario ou le Québec. Celles-ci étaient les industries du bois où la Colombie-Britannique en était responsable pour presque les trois quarts; les industries du vêtement où les Prairies venaient en premier, ainsi que pour les produits du pétrole et du charbon. Dans chaque cas, cependant, l'Ontario et le Québec étaient la seconde ou troisième source importante.

Mines⁸

La contribution par les corporations appartenant à des non-résidents dans la proportion du revenu imposable des industries minières atteignit 55 p. 100, en moyenne, durant la période de 1965 à 1968. Relativement aux régions, 89 p. 100 étaient imputables aux compagnies d'appartenance étrangère dans les Provinces de l'Atlantique, 76 p. 100 dans les Prairies, 59 p. 100 en Ontario, 51 p. 100 au Québec mais seulement 27 p. 100 en Colombie-Britannique.

La contribution des corporations d'appartenance étrangère au revenu imposable régional variait de façon significative entre les 3 principales industries minières. Dans les combustibles minéraux les firmes d'appartenance étrangère gagnèrent plus des quatre cinquièmes du revenu imposable dans chaque région. Dans les minéraux métalliques leur contribution était basse dans toutes les régions excepté les Provinces de l'Atlantique où elle atteignit 89 p. 100. Dans les autres minéraux les firmes d'appartenance étrangère gagnèrent plus de la moitié du revenu imposable dans chaque région mais l'échelonnement de leur contribution était très important (allant de 57 p. 100 en Colombie-Britannique à 91 p. 100 dans les Provinces de l'Atlantique). Pour chacune des principales industries minières, la proportion de l'appartenance étrangère pour le Canada en entier, mesuré par le revenu imposable, était assez semblable au pourcentage correspondant découlant des actifs.

⁷ Voir *The Balance of International Payments 1963, 1964 and 1965 and International Investment Position*, (B.F.S. numéro de catalogue 67-201).

⁸ Les lecteurs se souviendront du rapport très faible et inconstant existant entre le revenu imposable et le profit comptable dans les industries minières (spécialement minéraux métalliques).

Most foreign-owned taxable income from mining was derived from the Prairies, Quebec, and Ontario, which accounted for 38 per cent, 25 per cent and 21 per cent of the Canadian total, compared with 8 per cent for each of the other regions.

Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Trapping

In the agriculture, forestry and fishing and trapping sector,⁹ the proportion of taxable income contributed by resident-owned corporations over the 4 years reached 79 per cent on average. The regional contribution ranged from 100 per cent (Quebec), to 94 per cent (Prairies), 86 per cent (Ontario), 75 per cent (British Columbia) and 57 per cent (Atlantic Provinces). The inclusion of corporations exempt from CALURA reporting requirements and of unincorporated business, which is of particular importance in these industries, would tend to raise these percentages further. Coverage of corporate taxable income by CALURA reporting corporations ranged from 70 to 90 per cent in this sector during 1965 to 1968.

Construction

In the construction industry, resident-owned firms accounted for four fifths of the taxable income of CALURA reporting corporations. Over the 1965-1968 period, the proportion of regional taxable income contributed by resident-owned firms was highest in the Maritimes at 90 per cent. From there the average declined, east to west, to 88 per cent in Quebec, 81 per cent in Ontario, 77 per cent in the Prairies and 57 per cent in British Columbia.

Some 36 per cent of foreign-owned activity in this industry was located in Ontario, 27 per cent in British Columbia and 22 per cent in the Prairies. Corporations reporting under CALURA accounted for approximately three quarters of the taxable income of construction companies during this period. In addition, it should be noted, a substantial part of the construction industry is made up of unincorporated business.

Trade

Both the wholesale and retail components of trade showed practically the same percentage contribution to taxable income by resident-owned firms over the period, at 64 and 63 per cent respectively. The underlying regional patterns were different, however. In wholesale trade the proportions were 82 per cent for the Maritimes, 69 per cent for British Columbia, 68 per cent for Quebec, 62 per cent for the Prairies and 60 per cent for Ontario. In the retail trade the proportion was highest in Quebec at 73 per cent, reached 70 per

⁹ It has been thought useful at this stage to switch the emphasis of discussion from foreign to Canadian ownership.

La plus grosse part du revenu imposable d'appartenance étrangère provenant de l'industrie minière était réalisée dans les Prairies, le Québec et l'Ontario; ces régions comptaient respectivement pour 38 p. 100, 25 p. 100 et 21 p. 100 du total pour le Canada, tandis que les autres régions comptaient chacune pour seulement 8 p. 100.

Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage

Dans les secteurs de l'agriculture, de l'exploitation forestière, de la pêche et du piégeage⁹, la proportion de la contribution par les corporations d'appartenance canadienne au revenu imposable pour les 4 années atteignit seulement 79 p. 100 en moyenne. La contribution par région s'établit de près de 100 p. 100 pour le Québec à 57 p. 100 pour les Provinces de l'Atlantique avec 94 p. 100 pour les Prairies, 86 p. 100 pour l'Ontario, 75 p. 100 pour la Colombie-Britannique. L'inclusion des corporations dispensées de remplir les exigences de CALURA ajouté au commerce non incorporé, significative pour cette industrie, devrait élever davantage ces pourcentages. La couverture du revenu imposable par les corporations déclarantes à CALURA s'étendait de 70 à 90 p. 100 dans ce secteur durant la période de 1965 à 1968.

Construction

Dans l'industrie de la construction, les firmes appartenant aux résidents comptaient pour les quatre cinquièmes du revenu imposable des corporations déclarant à CALURA. Pendant la période 1965-1968, la contribution à la proportion du revenu imposable pour les firmes appartenant à des résidents était la plus élevée dans les Maritimes (90 p. 100). Mais la moyenne déclinait en allant vers l'ouest 88 p. 100 au Québec, 81 p. 100 en Ontario, 77 p. 100 dans les Prairies et 57 p. 100 en Colombie-Britannique.

Quelque 36 p. 100 de l'activité d'appartenance étrangère dans cette industrie étaient localisés en Ontario, 27 p. 100 en Colombie-Britannique et 22 p. 100 dans les Prairies. Les corporations déclarant à CALURA comptaient pour approximativement les trois-quarts du revenu imposable des compagnies de construction durant cette période. De plus, il faut remarquer, une part substantielle de l'industrie de la construction est formé d'entreprises non incorporées.

Commerce

A la fois, le commerce de gros et de détail montraient presque le même pourcentage de contribution au revenu imposable (64 et 63 p. 100 respectivement) par des firmes appartenant aux résidents, durant la période considérée. La répartition régionale était très différente cependant. Dans le commerce de gros, les proportions étaient de 82 p. 100 pour les Maritimes, 69 p. 100 pour la Colombie-Britannique, 68 p. 100 pour le Québec, 62 p. 100 pour les Prairies et 60 p. 100 pour l'Ontario. Dans le commerce de détail, la proportion la plus élevée était au Québec avec 73 p. 100;

⁹ On a pensé qu'il serait utile, à ce stage, d'inverser la portée de la discussion en passant de l'appartenance étrangère à l'appartenance canadienne.

cent in the Maritimes, 64 per cent in Ontario, 60 per cent in British Columbia and finally decreased to 48 per cent in the Prairies. It should be noted, though, that CALURA reporting companies accounted for about 80 per cent of total corporate taxable income in retail trade, an industry where unincorporated business plays an important role.

Finance

Little significance can be attached to figures for the finance industries where only 40-45 per cent of taxable income was covered by CALURA reporting corporations. Canadian-owned firms accounted for 70 per cent of the taxable income generated by reporting corporations during the period. Variation among regions was very narrow, from 72 to 78 per cent. It is believed that these percentages would have been substantially higher if the non-reporting firms had been included as well, since most of the non-reporting firms in the finance sector are resident owned. In the deposit accepting institutions (including banks), where only 10 per cent of taxable income was covered by reporting corporations, practically all reporting corporations were owned by residents.

Credit agencies, covered at 65-70 per cent, recorded a higher contribution from foreign-owned firms than from resident-owned firms for Canada as a whole, for the Atlantic region, for the Prairies and British Columbia.

For security dealers coverage of taxable income was 90-95 per cent and the non-resident contribution to taxable income was rather low (maximum 10 per cent) in all regions. For investment companies coverage of taxable income reached 85-90 per cent. The average contribution to taxable income by resident-owned firms in this industry stood between 75-95 per cent for every region over the period.

Other Industries

Little significance can be attached to the taxable income data for the transportation and communications industry as only 55 per cent and 15 to 30 per cent respectively of the taxable income of these industries were covered by CALURA corporations. The available evidence, however, suggests that resident-owned companies played a very substantial role in all regions in both industries.

In the storage and public utilities industries, Canadian-owned companies were dominant in every region except Quebec (for public utilities) where foreign-owned firms contributed 63 per cent of taxable income.

en Ontario, 60 p. 100 en Colombie-Britannique et tombait finalement à 48 p. 100 dans les Prairies. Il devrait être noté cependant que les corporations déclarant à CALURA représentaient environ 80 p. 100 du revenu imposable total gagné par les corporations dans le commerce de détail, une industrie où l'entreprise non incorporée joue un rôle de premier plan.

Finances

Peu d'importance peut être attachée aux chiffres pour les industries des finances où seulement 40 à 45 p. 100 du revenu imposable était couvert par les corporations déclarant à CALURA et que les firmes d'appartenance canadienne comptaient pour 70 p. 100 du revenu imposable réalisé par les corporations déclarantes pendant cette période. Les variations selon les régions étaient très faibles, de 72 à 78 p. 100. On est porté à penser que ces pourcentages auraient été substantiellement plus élevés si les corporations non déclarantes avaient été incluses, depuis que la plupart de ces sociétés dans le secteur financier étaient et sont encore d'appartenance canadienne. Dans les institutions financières de dépôt (y compris les banques), où seulement 10 p. 100 du revenu imposable étaient couverts par les corporations déclarantes, pratiquement toutes ces corporations appartenaient à des résidents.

Les agences de crédit, couvertes à 65-70 p. 100, enregistraient une contribution plus élevée des firmes d'appartenance étrangère que de celles appartenant à des résidents, que ce soit pour le Canada en entier, pour la région Atlantique, pour les Prairies ou pour la Colombie-Britannique.

Pour les vendeurs de valeurs mobilières la couverture du revenu imposable était 90-95 p. 100 et la contribution par les non-résidents au revenu imposable était plutôt faible (maximum 10 p. 100) dans toutes les régions. Pour les sociétés de placement la couverture du revenu imposable atteignit 85 à 90 p. 100. La contribution moyenne, dans cette industrie, au revenu imposable par des firmes appartenant à des résidents s'établissa entre 75 et 95 p. 100 pour chaque région pendant toute la période.

Autres industries

Peu de signification peut être déduit des données du revenu imposable pour l'industrie des transports et communications car seulement 55 p. 100 et 15 à 30 p. 100 respectivement du revenu imposable de ces industries étaient couvertes par les corporations déclarant à CALURA. L'évidence immédiate suggère, cependant, que les compagnies appartenant aux résidents jouèrent un rôle très important dans toutes les régions et pour les deux industries.

Dans les industries de l'entreposage et des services d'utilité publique, les compagnies d'appartenance canadienne dominaient dans chaque région excepté le Québec (pour les services d'utilité publique) où les firmes d'appartenance étrangère contribuaient pour 63 p. 100 du revenu imposable.

The non-resident contribution was relatively high for the services industries at 34-42 per cent, somewhat lower for the Maritimes (about 26 per cent) and higher for Quebec (about 41 per cent). Coverage of corporate taxable income was about 65 per cent for services. A significant proportion of this sector is made up of unincorporated business.

Enfin, la contribution des non-résidents fut aussi relativement élevée pour les industries des services à 34-42 p. 100, quelque peu plus basse pour les Maritimes (environ 26 p. 100) et plus élevée pour le Québec (environ 41 p. 100). La couverture du revenu imposable concernant les sociétés enregistrées était d'environ 65 p. 100 dans les services. Une proportion importante de ce secteur est formée d'entreprises individuelles et de sociétés en nom collectif.

Statement 9. Percentage of Taxable Income of Foreign-owned Corporations Attributable to Each Geographical Region by Industrial Sectors, 1965 - 1968 Average

État 9. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable des corporations appartenant majoritairement à des non-résidents, par régions géographiques et par secteurs industriels, moyenne des années 1965 à 1968

Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels	Maritimes	Québec	Ontario	Prairies	B.C. — C.-B.	Canada
	per cent — pour-cent					
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	6.5	—	13.0	4.3	76.2	100.0
Mining — Mines	8.0	24.9	21.2	38.1	7.8	100.0
Manufacturing — Fabrication	2.7	23.7	58.2	8.7	6.7	100.0
Construction	3.6	12.1	35.7	22.1	26.5	100.0
Transportation, storage, communications and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communications et services d'utilité publique	8.3	29.9	23.4	30.1	8.3	100.0
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	2.6	22.5	48.6	17.0	9.3	100.0
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	6.9	15.8	37.5	25.5	14.3	100.0
Finance — Finances	4.3	23.3	45.4	17.7	9.3	100.0
Services	1.9	30.5	39.3	15.3	13.0	100.0

STATISTICAL APPENDICES



ANNEXES STATISTIQUES

STATISTICAL TABLES



TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES

TABLE 1.01. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND TRAPPING, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.01. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, AGRICULTURE, EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, PÊCHE ET PIÈGEAGE, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	44	68.3	8.1	43.3	11.9	41.1	6.3	4.9	15.3	28.2
	1966	52	54.4	6.8	32.4	11.3	42.2	5.9	3.0	9.6	2.6
	1967	56	69.3	7.3	45.5	13.7	43.5	5.6	1.9	7.0	1.3
	1968	57	55.6	5.2	32.0	—	41.9	5.0	4.0	9.8	3.0
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1966	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1967	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1968	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	10	5.8	.7	2.5	.7	7.7	1.2	.9	2.8	.2
	1966	10	7.4	.9	3.0	1.0	8.3	1.2	.7	2.3	.7
	1967	12	9.2	1.0	2.5	.8	14.0	1.8	.2	.7	.3
	1968	14	13.3	1.2	—	—	19.1	2.2	.6	1.5	.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	47	93.7	—	50.8	—	63.0	—	7.3	—	..
	1964	43	99.8	—	65.2	—	74.5	—	19.6	—	..
	1965	54	74.1	8.8	45.8	12.6	48.8	7.5	5.8	18.1	4.6
	1966	62	61.8	7.7	35.4	12.3	50.5	7.1	3.7	11.9	3.3
	1967	68	78.5	8.3	48.0	14.5	57.5	7.4	2.1	7.7	1.6
	1968	71	68.9	6.4	31.4	—	61.0	7.2	4.6	11.3	3.3
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	9	68.7	8.2	51.6	14.3	14.5	2.2	7.1	22.2	3.8
	1966	14	69.4	8.6	49.7	17.2	15.8	2.2	2.0	6.5	1.8
	1967	12	78.9	8.3	50.8	15.3	18.1	2.3	2.1	7.7	1.4
	1968	15	95.1	8.8	64.6	—	37.2	4.4	9.0	22.1	8.5
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	20	21.9	2.6	10.4	2.9	17.1	2.6	3.0	9.4	2.3
	1966	22	23.4	2.9	7.9	2.7	25.4	3.6	3.4	11.0	2.7
	1967	24	40.6	4.3	18.4	5.6	27.4	3.5	2.1	7.7	1.7
	1968	22	33.8	3.1	17.6	—	19.9	2.3	1.3	3.2	.9
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	534	301.9	35.8	114.5	31.6	242.9	37.0	6.4	20.0	3.3
	1966	665	335.4	41.6	110.4	38.4	330.5	46.4	11.7	37.7	5.0
	1967	774	382.8	40.2	122.0	36.8	350.7	44.9	11.6	43.0	5.3
	1968	928	466.8	43.2	151.1	—	386.0	45.2	14.7	36.1	7.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	292	223.5	—	95.1	—	171.3	—	7.2	—	..
	1964	289	239.1	—	104.8	—	167.0	—	10.0	—	..
	1965	563	392.5	46.6	176.5	48.8	274.5	41.8	16.5	51.6	9.4
	1966	701	425.2	53.1	168.0	58.3	371.7	52.2	17.1	55.2	9.5
	1967	810	502.3	52.8	191.2	57.7	396.2	50.7	15.8	58.4	8.4
	1968	965	595.7	55.1	233.3	—	443.1	51.9	25.0	61.4	16.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes,	1963	339	317.2	—	145.9	—	234.3	—	14.5	—	..
	1964	332	338.9	—	170.0	—	241.5	—	31.6	—	..
	1965	617	466.6	55.4	222.3	61.4	323.3	49.3	22.3	69.7	14.0
	1966	763	490.0	60.8	203.4	70.6	422.2	59.3	20.8	67.1	12.8
	1967	878	580.8	61.1	239.2	72.2	453.7	58.1	17.9	66.1	10.0
	1968	1,036	664.6	61.5	264.7	—	504.1	59.1	29.6	72.7	19.7
Other — Autres	1965	4,130	375.4	44.6	139.8	38.6	333.0	50.7	9.7	30.3	1.6
	1966	4,045	315.7	39.2	84.8	29.4	289.4	40.7	10.2	32.9	5.3
	1967	4,053	370.5	38.9	91.9	27.8	327.2	41.9	9.2	33.9	5.0
	1968	4,355	415.7	38.5	113.0	—	348.6	40.9	11.1	27.3	5.3
Total	1965	4,747	842.0	100.0	362.1	100.0	656.3	100.0	32.0	100.0	15.6
	1966	4,808	805.7	100.0	288.2	100.0	711.6	100.0	31.0	100.0	18.1
	1967	4,931	951.3	100.0	331.1	100.0	780.9	100.0	27.1	100.0	15.0
	1968	5,391	1,080.3	100.0	377.7	—	852.7	100.0	40.7	100.0	25.0

1 Included in "95% and over" group. — Compris dans le groupe "95% et plus".

TABLE 1.02. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL MINING, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.02. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	29	787.1	21.9	185.7	7.8	302.6	23.1	35.9	—	4.0
	1966	26	883.3	22.5	136.5	5.6	328.9	22.6	15.3	—	35.9
	1967	18	1,047.4	23.9	351.8	12.7	430.1	24.8	65.9	—	2.6
	1968	21	1,090.8	24.3	394.6	13.6	553.2	29.5	109.4	—	8.5
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	19	451.9	12.5	248.7	10.4	165.6	12.6	34.7	—	7.5
	1966	16	450.8	11.4	252.6	10.2	164.0	11.3	32.3	—	4.9
	1967	17	506.7	11.6	304.1	10.9	179.8	10.4	46.6	—	4.8
	1968	14	535.1	11.9	356.2	12.3	190.6	10.2	57.3	—	12.4
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	35	149.3	4.1	103.7	4.4	41.3	3.1	14.1	—	4.6
	1966	38	226.0	5.7	164.1	6.7	72.4	5.0	16.8	—	4.3
	1967	25	284.9	6.5	249.1	8.9	75.2	4.3	18.5	—	.6
	1968	28	358.5	8.0	307.6	10.6	99.9	5.3	22.3	—	.9
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	70	1,326.5	—	457.1	—	362.0	—	60.5	—	..
	1964	71	1,315.8	—	488.1	—	470.6	—	102.6	—	..
	1965	83	1,388.3	38.5	338.1	22.6	509.5	38.8	84.7	—	16.1
	1966	80	1,560.1	39.6	553.2	22.5	565.3	38.9	64.4	—	26.7
	1967	60	1,839.0	42.0	905.0	32.5	685.1	39.5	131.0	—	8.0
	1968	63	1,984.4	44.2	1,058.4	36.5	843.7	45.0	189.0	—	21.8
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	91	1,026.3	28.5	874.9	36.7	406.9	31.0	149.2	—	28.9
	1966	74	1,012.7	25.7	817.5	33.3	390.5	26.9	107.3	—	11.0
	1967	72	808.3	18.5	606.1	21.7	319.7	18.4	99.8	—	9.3
	1968	53	856.6	19.1	652.5	22.5	298.3	15.9	85.3	—	6.7
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	192	1,006.2	27.9	825.6	34.7	378.0	28.8	146.3	—	29.5
	1966	188	1,224.3	31.1	963.2	39.2	471.4	32.4	208.1	—	32.1
	1967	136	1,514.6	34.6	1,117.0	40.1	642.8	37.1	212.7	—	41.2
	1968	91	1,493.3	33.2	1,066.4	36.8	670.6	35.8	215.6	—	47.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	141	146.1	4.1	117.5	4.9	16.9	1.3	1.9	—	1.0
	1966	127	137.8	3.5	121.6	4.9	24.6	1.7	4.2	—	.3
	1967	103	128.9	2.9	97.2	3.5	39.2	2.3	5.8	—	1.8
	1968	61	80.9	1.8	61.5	2.1	33.1	1.8	4.9	—	1.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	249	1,794.8	—	1,498.1	—	602.0	—	211.3	—	..
	1964	239	1,954.2	—	1,599.3	—	701.0	—	260.6	—	..
	1965	424	2,178.6	60.5	1,818.0	76.3	801.8	61.1	297.4	—	57.4
	1966	389	2,374.8	60.3	1,902.3	77.4	886.5	61.0	319.6	—	42.8
	1967	311	2,451.8	56.0	1,820.3	65.3	1,001.7	57.8	318.3	—	52.3
	1968	205	2,430.8	54.1	1,780.4	61.4	1,002.0	53.5	305.8	—	55.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes,	1963	319	3,121.3	—	1,955.2	—	964.0	—	271.8	—	..
	1964	310	3,270.0	—	2,087.4	—	1,171.6	—	363.2	—	..
	1965	507	3,566.9	99.0	2,356.1	98.9	1,311.3	99.9	382.1	—	73.5
	1966	469	3,934.9	99.9	2,455.5	99.9	1,451.8	99.9	384.0	—	16.1
	1967	371	4,290.8	98.0	2,725.3	97.8	1,686.8	97.3	449.3	—	60.3
	1968	268	4,415.2	98.3	2,838.8	97.9	1,845.7	98.5	494.8	—	77.2
Other — Autres	1965	345	35.6	1.0	26.2	1.1	1.4	.1	2.8	—	3.2
	1966	28	5.7	.1	3.1	.1	1.5	.1	.3	—	.6
	1967	52	89.3	2.0	61.7	2.2	46.0	2.7	.1	—	.7
	1968	37	76.9	1.7	60.3	2.1	27.7	1.5	.1	—	.6
Total	1965	852	3,602.5	100.0	2,382.3	100.0	1,312.7	100.0	379.3	—	70.3
	1966	497	3,940.6	100.0	2,458.6	100.0	1,453.3	100.0	383.7	—	15.5
	1967	423	4,380.1	100.0	2,787.0	100.0	1,732.8	100.0	449.2	—	58.6
	1968	305	4,492.1	100.0	2,899.1	100.0	1,873.4	100.0	494.7	—	76.6

TABLE 1.03. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MINERAL FUELS, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.03. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX COMBUSTIBLES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 79	1,245.4	34.9	875.4	37.2	465.9	55.4	64.0	—	5.0	—
	1966 84	1,458.5	35.4	995.3	37.9	504.7	49.9	78.4	39.6	18.7	—
	1967 102	1,585.8	34.4	1,040.1	36.9	589.7	49.4	88.7	—	14.1	—
	1968 110	1,774.5	35.9	1,121.9	37.8	678.4	52.9	92.0	—	14.0	—
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 47	1,235.5	34.5	788.0	33.4	182.5	21.7	38.1	—	—	—
	1966 36	1,388.9	33.7	815.0	31.1	277.8	27.4	56.2	28.4	—	—
	1967 47	1,710.9	37.1	995.9	35.4	351.6	29.5	66.4	—	—	—
	1968 53	1,983.2	40.1	1,143.1	38.4	394.7	30.7	78.7	—	—	—
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 38	413.5	11.5	271.4	11.5	67.4	8.0	20.1	—	—	—
	1966 31	328.7	8.0	199.0	7.6	54.7	5.4	14.9	7.5	—	—
	1967 36	463.0	10.1	242.5	8.6	86.3	7.2	15.9	—	—	—
	1968 35	308.7	6.3	153.9	5.2	45.5	3.5	11.5	—	—	—
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963 165	2,345.0	—	1,622.6	—	554.6	—	118.4	—	..	..
	1964 143	2,574.3	—	1,782.2	—	590.2	—	129.2	—	..	..
	1965 164	2,894.4	80.9	1,934.8	82.1	715.8	85.1	122.2	—	3.5	—
	1966 151	3,176.1	77.1	2,009.3	76.6	837.2	82.7	149.5	75.5	18.6	—
	1967 185	3,759.7	81.6	2,278.5	80.9	1,027.6	86.1	171.0	—	13.4	—
	1968 198	4,066.4	82.3	2,418.9	81.4	1,118.6	87.1	182.2	—	5.4	—
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 29	144.1	4.0	105.4	4.5	23.0	2.7	8.5	—	—	—
	1966 41	323.4	7.8	217.0	8.3	62.3	6.2	19.3	9.7	—	—
	1967 25	251.9	5.5	181.1	6.4	61.5	5.2	21.9	—	—	—
	1968 26	247.3	5.0	185.0	6.2	37.2	2.9	20.8	—	—	—
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 45	382.9	10.7	233.3	9.9	57.9	6.9	20.4	—	1.9	—
	1966 54	515.8	12.5	335.5	12.8	76.9	7.6	27.8	14.0	—	—
	1967 51	469.8	10.2	283.3	10.1	60.6	5.1	19.4	—	1.1	—
	1968 51	437.5	8.9	256.2	8.6	52.9	4.1	23.6	—	1.4	—
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 85	114.9	3.2	57.5	2.4	31.4	3.7	2.0	—	—	—
	1966 74	86.2	2.1	53.9	2.1	25.5	2.5	1.3	7.7	—	—
	1967 78	90.8	2.0	58.8	2.1	30.1	2.5	5.5	—	—	—
	1968 92	161.0	3.3	103.7	3.5	61.3	4.8	4.3	—	—	—
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963 136	487.4	—	313.5	—	105.8	—	15.7	—	..	..
	1964 130	540.8	—	355.3	—	108.0	—	26.4	—	..	..
	1965 159	641.9	17.9	396.2	16.8	112.3	13.3	30.9	—	3.3	—
	1966 169	925.4	22.4	606.4	23.2	164.7	16.3	48.4	24.4	2.1	—
	1967 154	812.5	17.7	523.2	18.6	152.2	12.8	46.8	—	5.2	—
	1968 169	845.8	17.2	544.9	18.3	151.4	11.8	48.7	—	1.3	—
Reporting corporations - Total- Corporations déclarantes.	1963 301	2,832.4	—	1,936.1	—	660.4	—	134.1	—	..	..
	1964 273	3,115.1	—	2,137.5	—	698.2	—	155.6	—	..	..
	1965 323	3,536.3	98.8	2,331.0	98.9	828.1	98.4	153.1	—	3.8	—
	1966 320	4,101.5	99.5	2,615.7	98.8	1,001.9	99.0	197.9	99.9	20.7	—
	1967 339	4,572.2	99.3	2,801.7	99.5	1,179.8	98.9	217.8	—	18.6	—
	1968 367	4,912.2	99.5	2,963.8	99.7	1,270.0	98.9	230.9	—	6.7	—
Other - Autres	1965 421	43.7	1.2	26.1	1.1	13.5	1.6	—	—	—	—
	1966 296	22.3	.5	5.6	.2	10.2	1.0	—	—	—	—
	1967 394	34.5	.7	14.0	.5	12.8	1.1	—	—	—	—
	1968 371	26.1	.5	7.8	.3	13.6	1.1	—	—	—	—
Total	1965 744	3,580.0	100.0	2,357.1	100.0	841.6	100.0	152.5	—	2.4	—
	1966 616	4,123.8	100.0	2,621.3	100.0	1,012.1	100.0	198.1	100.0	19.6	—
	1967 733	4,606.7	100.0	2,815.7	100.0	1,192.6	100.0	215.6	—	18.1	—
	1968 738	4,938.3	100.0	2,971.6	100.0	1,283.6	100.0	229.1	—	4.9	—

TABLE 1.04. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, OTHER MINING, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.04. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, AUTRES MINES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	69	490.0	35.2	290.8	32.8	214.6	34.1	57.3	—	30.1
	1966	79	668.8	39.7	396.0	38.3	272.8	37.4	65.9	—	30.6
	1967	93	779.4	37.3	423.6	32.6	267.2	33.0	41.0	—	22.3
	1968	97	930.5	40.6	476.1	35.1	317.7	36.9	55.0	—	23.4
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	21	98.6	7.1	69.7	7.9	57.2	9.1	9.3	—	5.2
	1966	17	62.9	3.7	41.0	4.0	33.3	4.6	5.5	—	3.0
	1967	20	101.4	4.9	81.8	6.3	56.4	7.0	11.3	—	2.1
	1968	27	136.6	6.0	101.3	7.5	65.9	7.7	18.3	—	3.5
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	30	90.6	6.5	44.9	5.1	17.6	2.8	1.7	—	1.5
	1966	34	146.3	8.7	106.2	10.3	55.8	7.7	10.7	—	1.1
	1967	42	163.4	7.8	89.1	6.9	51.0	6.3	10.6	—	1.4
	1968	54	240.5	10.5	107.0	7.9	69.6	8.1	12.4	—	1.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	102	516.3	—	341.4	—	217.3	—	54.1	—	..
	1964	103	592.3	—	363.8	—	289.9	—	61.0	—	..
	1965	120	679.2	48.8	405.4	45.8	289.4	46.0	68.3	—	36.8
	1966	130	878.0	52.1	543.2	52.6	361.9	49.7	82.1	—	34.7
	1967	155	1,044.2	50.0	594.5	45.8	374.6	46.3	62.9	—	25.8
	1968	178	1,307.6	57.1	684.4	50.5	453.2	52.7	85.7	—	25.6
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	41	73.4	5.3	59.0	6.7	9.1	1.4	.5	—	.5
	1966	67	162.9	9.7	89.9	8.7	23.5	3.2	5.7	—	.4
	1967	77	207.2	9.9	155.7	12.0	42.4	5.2	11.9	—	.1
	1968	100	170.2	7.4	118.6	8.7	37.2	4.3	4.2	—	1.2
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	135	285.8	20.5	215.1	24.2	94.7	15.1	10.9	—	1.7
	1966	127	241.7	14.3	173.0	16.7	68.8	9.4	9.3	—	2.3
	1967	175	362.9	17.4	256.4	19.7	91.4	11.3	7.7	—	.5
	1968	190	309.9	13.5	239.7	17.7	83.2	9.7	8.9	—	3.2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	278	234.4	16.8	135.3	15.3	177.7	28.3	9.8	—	4.5
	1966	332	280.2	16.6	161.4	15.6	199.4	27.4	9.2	—	2.7
	1967	380	312.1	14.9	189.4	14.6	222.0	27.5	12.4	—	4.5
	1968	430	344.1	15.1	226.8	16.7	204.5	23.8	11.0	—	5.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	278	377.3	—	268.9	—	208.6	—	11.2	—	..
	1964	259	406.6	—	279.6	—	225.5	—	23.5	—	..
	1965	454	593.6	42.6	409.4	46.2	281.5	44.8	21.2	—	6.7
	1966	526	684.8	40.6	424.3	41.0	291.7	40.0	24.2	—	5.4
	1967	632	882.2	42.2	601.5	46.3	355.8	44.0	32.0	—	3.9
	1968	720	824.2	36.0	585.1	43.1	324.9	37.8	24.1	—	7.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	380	893.6	—	610.3	—	425.9	—	65.3	—	..
	1964	362	998.9	—	643.4	—	515.4	—	84.5	—	..
	1965	574	1,272.8	91.4	814.8	92.0	570.9	90.8	89.5	—	43.5
	1966	656	1,562.8	92.7	967.5	93.6	653.6	89.7	106.3	—	40.1
	1967	787	1,926.4	92.2	1,196.0	92.1	730.4	90.3	94.9	—	29.7
	1968	898	2,131.8	93.1	1,269.5	93.6	778.1	90.5	109.8	—	33.4
Other — Autres	1965	1,684	120.3	8.6	71.1	8.0	57.7	9.2	4.5	—	4.8
	1966	1,447	123.6	7.3	66.3	6.4	75.1	10.3	6.8	—	6.9
	1967	1,525	161.9	7.8	102.9	7.9	78.4	9.7	10.6	—	10.9
	1968	1,722	157.8	6.9	87.4	6.4	81.8	9.5	5.0	—	3.7
Total	1965	2,258	1,393.1	100.0	885.9	100.0	628.6	100.0	85.0	—	38.7
	1966	2,103	1,686.4	100.0	1,033.8	100.0	728.7	100.0	99.5	—	33.2
	1967	2,312	2,088.3	100.0	1,298.9	100.0	808.8	100.0	84.3	—	18.8
	1968	2,620	2,289.6	100.0	1,356.9	100.0	859.9	100.0	104.8	—	29.7

TABLE 1.05. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL MINING, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.05. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 177	2,522.5	29.5	1,351.9	24.0	983.1	35.3	157.2	—	39.1	—
	1966 189	3,010.6	30.8	1,527.8	25.0	1,106.4	34.7	159.6	—	13.4	—
	1967 213	3,412.6	30.9	1,815.5	26.3	1,287.0	34.5	195.6	—	39.0	—
	1968 228	3,795.7	32.4	1,992.5	27.5	1,549.3	38.5	256.4	—	46.0	—
75-94.9%.....	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 87	1,786.0	20.8	1,106.4	19.7	405.3	14.6	82.1	—	12.0	—
	1966 69	1,902.6	19.5	1,108.6	18.1	475.1	14.9	94.0	—	7.6	—
	1967 84	2,319.0	20.9	1,381.8	20.0	587.8	15.7	124.3	—	6.8	—
	1968 94	2,655.0	22.7	1,600.7	22.1	651.2	16.2	154.3	—	7.2	—
50-74.9%.....	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 103	653.4	7.6	420.0	7.5	126.3	4.5	35.9	—	5.3	—
	1966 103	701.0	7.2	469.3	7.7	182.9	5.7	42.4	—	5.6	—
	1967 103	911.3	8.2	580.7	8.4	212.5	5.7	45.0	—	1.4	—
	1968 117	907.7	7.7	568.5	7.9	215.0	5.4	46.2	—	.4	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel.....	1963 337	4,187.8	—	2,421.1	—	1,133.9	—	233.0	—	..	..
	1964 317	4,482.4	—	2,634.1	—	1,350.7	—	292.8	—	..	..
	1965 367	4,961.9	57.9	2,878.3	51.2	1,514.7	54.4	275.2	—	56.4	—
	1966 361	5,614.2	57.5	3,105.7	50.8	1,764.4	55.3	296.0	—	26.6	—
	1967 400	6,642.9	60.0	3,778.0	54.7	2,087.3	55.9	364.9	—	47.2	—
	1968 439	7,358.4	62.8	4,161.7	57.5	2,415.5	60.1	456.9	—	52.8	—
25-49.9%.....	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 161	1,243.8	14.5	1,039.3	18.5	439.0	15.8	158.2	—	27.4	—
	1966 182	1,499.0	15.4	1,124.4	18.4	476.3	14.9	132.3	—	11.1	—
	1967 174	1,267.4	11.4	942.9	13.7	423.6	11.3	133.6	—	8.9	—
	1968 179	1,274.1	10.9	956.1	13.2	372.7	9.3	110.3	—	4.9	—
5-24.9%.....	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 372	1,674.9	19.5	1,274.0	22.6	530.6	19.1	177.6	—	33.1	—
	1966 369	1,981.8	20.3	1,471.7	24.1	617.1	19.3	245.2	—	35.3	—
	1967 362	2,347.3	21.2	1,656.7	24.0	794.8	21.3	239.8	—	41.8	—
	1968 332	2,240.7	19.1	1,562.3	21.7	806.7	20.1	248.1	—	51.7	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%.....	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 504	495.4	5.8	310.3	5.5	226.0	8.1	13.7	—	3.9	—
	1966 533	504.2	5.2	336.9	5.5	249.5	7.8	14.7	—	3.9	—
	1967 561	531.8	4.8	345.4	5.0	291.3	7.8	23.7	—	10.7	—
	1968 583	586.0	5.0	392.0	5.4	298.9	7.4	20.2	—	7.9	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel.....	1963 663	2,659.5	—	2,080.5	—	916.4	—	238.2	—	..	..
	1964 628	2,901.6	—	2,234.2	—	1,034.5	—	310.5	—	..	..
	1965 1,037	3,414.1	39.8	2,623.6	46.6	1,195.6	43.0	349.5	—	64.4	—
	1966 1,084	3,985.0	40.9	2,933.0	48.0	1,342.9	42.0	392.2	—	50.3	—
	1967 1,097	4,146.5	37.4	2,945.0	42.7	1,509.7	40.4	397.1	—	61.4	—
	1968 1,094	4,100.8	35.0	2,910.4	40.3	1,478.3	36.8	378.6	—	64.5	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 1,000	6,847.3	—	4,501.6	—	2,050.3	—	471.2	—	..	..
	1964 945	7,384.0	—	4,868.3	—	2,385.2	—	603.3	—	..	..
	1965 1,404	8,376.0	97.7	5,501.9	97.8	2,710.3	97.4	624.7	—	120.8	—
	1966 1,445	9,599.2	98.4	6,038.7	98.8	3,107.3	97.3	688.2	—	76.9	—
	1967 1,497	10,789.4	97.4	6,723.0	97.4	3,597.0	96.3	762.0	—	108.6	—
	1968 1,533	11,459.2	97.8	7,072.1	97.8	3,893.8	96.9	835.5	—	117.3	—
Other — Autres	1965 2,450	199.6	2.3	123.4	2.2	72.6	2.6	7.9	—	9.4	—
	1966 1,771	151.6	1.6	75.0	1.2	86.8	2.7	6.9	—	8.6	—
	1967 1,971	285.7	2.6	178.6	2.6	137.2	3.7	12.9	—	12.1	—
	1968 2,130	260.8	2.2	155.5	2.2	123.1	3.1	6.9	—	6.1	—
Total	1965 3,854	8,575.6	100.0	5,625.3	100.0	2,782.9	100.0	616.8	—	111.4	—
	1966 3,216	9,750.8	100.0	6,113.7	100.0	3,194.1	100.0	681.3	—	68.3	—
	1967 3,468	11,075.1	100.0	6,901.6	100.0	3,734.2	100.0	749.1	—	96.5	—
	1968 3,663	11,720.0	100.0	7,227.6	100.0	4,016.9	100.0	828.6	—	111.2	—

TABLE 1.06. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FOOD, 1963-1968

**TABLEAU 1.06. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES,
1963 - 1968**

[illegible]

TABLE 1.07. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, BEVERAGES, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.07. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, BREUVAGES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable		
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968											
75-94.9%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968											
50-74.9%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968											
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	13 15 17 15 17 18	123.2 136.9 148.4 160.7 180.2 193.8	— — 16.2 16.7 17.6 17.8	80.7 83.6 91.7 95.8 106.9 117.6	— — 19.2 18.2 20.4 21.4	104.7 120.3 141.0 153.7 186.8 201.8	— — 16.4 17.1 17.2 17.1	26.7 20.9 24.8 26.9 32.3 33.3	— — 15.7 15.8 15.7 15.0 22.7 25.4 30.2 32.2	16.2 16.7 17.3 16.2
25-49.9%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968											
5-24.9%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968											
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968											
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	135 132 167 188 201 209	669.5 702.2 738.6 779.7 815.6 877.4	— — 80.9 80.9 79.8 80.5	352.7 361.1 372.9 419.0 402.1 422.2	— — 78.2 79.9 76.8 77.1	635.0 685.7 678.9 709.9 856.3 944.4	— — 78.7 78.7 79.0 80.0	113.4 130.1 131.1 141.9 171.0 188.1	— — 82.9 83.3 83.3 84.5 115.4 125.1 143.1 165.8	82.4 82.3 81.9 83.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	148 147 184 203 218 227	792.7 839.1 887.0 940.4 995.8 1,071.2	— — 97.1 97.6 97.4 98.3	433.4 444.7 464.6 514.8 509.0 539.8	— — 97.4 98.1 97.2 98.5	739.7 806.0 819.9 863.6 1,043.1 1,146.2	— — 95.1 95.8 96.2 97.1	140.1 151.0 155.9 168.8 203.3 221.4	— — 98.6 99.1 99.0 99.5 138.1 150.5 173.3 198.0	98.6 99.0 99.2 99.5
Other — Autres	1965 1966 1967 1968	259 208 190 164	26.3 22.8 26.9 18.4	2.9 2.4 2.6 1.7	12.2 10.2 14.8 8.5	2.6 1.9 2.8 1.5	41.9 37.7 41.7 34.5	4.9 4.2 3.8 2.9	2.2 1.6 2.0 1.1	1.4 .9 1.0 .5	2.0 1.5 1.4 1.0	1.4 1.0 .8 .5
Total	1965 1966 1967 1968	443 411 408 391	913.3 963.2 1,022.7 1,089.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	476.8 525.0 523.8 548.3	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	861.8 901.3 1,084.8 1,180.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	158.1 170.4 205.3 222.5	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	140.1 152.0 174.7 199.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0

TABLE 1.08. Corporations in Canada by Degrees of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL FOOD AND BEVERAGES, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.08. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES ET DES BREUVAGES, 1963-1968

REMARKS ON THE RETURNS, 1963-1968												
Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965	129	794.9	22.4	482.0	25.8	1,382.3	20.8	106.0	26.8	96.7	30.3
	1966	129	937.9	25.2	536.2	27.9	1,745.5	25.6	121.2	28.5	105.0	31.9
	1967	142	1,064.2	26.7	600.7	30.1	1,904.0	26.4	118.1	—	105.2	31.6
	1968	148	1,128.1	26.8	625.7	29.8	1,803.6	23.9	108.9	24.6	103.8	27.2
75-94.9%	1963	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965	10	58.3	1.6	32.2	1.7	109.6	1.6	7.4	1.9	6.7	2.1
	1966	9	24.4	.7	7.8	.4	59.8	.9	1.7	.4	1.8	.5
	1967	9	27.2	.7	11.1	.6	71.7	1.0	2.8	—	2.6	.8
	1968	7	29.2	.7	11.0	.5	69.9	.9	1.5	.3	2.0	.5
50-74.9%	1963	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965	24	128.8	3.6	75.0	4.0	151.9	2.3	12.2	3.1	7.4	2.3
	1966	26	147.3	4.0	81.3	4.2	169.1	2.5	12.8	3.0	9.0	2.7
	1967	29	149.5	3.7	82.3	4.1	166.3	2.3	10.7	—	9.6	2.9
	1968	31	158.0	3.8	95.2	4.5	177.5	2.3	19.8	4.5	12.1	3.2
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	145	891.3	—	533.0	—	1,544.4	—	104.9	—	..	..
	1964	143	919.9	—	553.5	—	1,634.9	—	121.6	—	..	..
	1965	163	982.0	27.6	589.2	31.5	1,643.8	24.7	125.6	31.8	110.8	34.7
	1966	164	1,109.6	29.9	625.3	32.5	1,974.4	29.0	135.7	31.9	115.8	35.1
	1967	180	1,240.9	31.1	694.1	34.8	2,142.0	29.7	131.6	—	117.4	35.3
	1968	186	1,315.3	31.3	731.9	34.8	2,051.0	27.1	130.2	29.4	117.9	30.9
25-49.9%	1963	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965	23	129.9	3.7	52.0	2.8	171.9	2.6	43.3	10.9	42.2	13.2
	1966	30	153.5	4.1	70.0	3.6	212.0	3.1	50.7	11.9	49.5	15.0
	1967	18	23.0	.6	6.8	.3	46.9	.7	— .3	—	.1	—
	1968	12	30.6	.7	21.4	1.0	34.6	.5	1.4	.3	1.1	.3
5-24.9%	1963	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965	80	785.6	22.1	378.4	20.3	897.2	13.5	99.0	25.0	71.4	22.3
	1966	79	811.9	21.8	393.4	20.4	800.2	11.8	97.0	22.8	63.6	19.3
	1967	105	1,028.8	25.8	434.3	21.8	1,180.5	16.4	143.8	—	129.9	39.1
	1968	101	1,018.5	24.2	433.0	20.6	1,210.6	16.0	167.6	37.9	147.6	38.7
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965	1,026	1,439.2	40.5	756.0	40.4	3,397.6	51.0	118.0	29.9	88.9	27.8
	1966	1,077	1,506.9	40.6	780.8	40.6	3,526.9	51.8	133.8	31.6	93.1	28.4
	1967	1,119	1,569.9	39.2	802.6	40.3	3,558.7	49.3	132.3	—	79.8	24.0
	1968	1,118	1,671.8	39.8	834.9	39.7	3,888.3	51.5	133.0	30.0	105.2	27.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	965	2,108.3	—	1,083.3	—	4,016.8	—	227.6	—	..	..
	1964	943	2,186.3	—	1,127.5	—	4,272.1	—	255.7	—	..	..
	1965	1,129	2,354.7	66.3	1,186.4	63.5	4,466.7	67.1	260.3	65.8	202.5	63.3
	1966	1,186	2,472.3	66.5	1,244.2	64.6	4,539.1	66.7	281.5	66.3	206.2	62.7
	1967	1,242	2,621.7	65.6	1,243.7	62.4	4,786.1	66.4	275.8	—	209.8	63.1
	1968	1,231	2,720.9	64.7	1,289.3	61.3	5,133.5	68.0	302.0	68.2	233.9	66.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	1,110	2,999.6	—	1,616.3	—	5,561.2	—	332.5	—	..	..
	1964	1,086	3,106.2	—	1,681.0	—	5,907.0	—	377.3	—	..	..
	1965	1,292	3,336.7	93.9	1,775.6	95.0	6,110.5	91.8	385.9	97.6	313.3	98.0
	1966	1,350	3,581.9	96.4	1,869.5	97.1	6,513.5	95.7	417.2	98.2	322.0	97.8
	1967	1,422	3,862.6	96.7	1,937.8	97.2	6,928.1	96.1	407.4	—	327.2	98.4
	1968	1,417	4,036.2	96.0	2,021.2	96.1	7,184.5	95.1	432.2	97.6	371.8	97.5
Other — Autres	1965	2,043	218.5	6.1	92.9	5.0	546.2	8.2	9.6	2.4	6.3	2.0
	1966	1,832	135.6	3.6	55.9	2.9	291.1	4.3	7.8	1.8	7.1	2.2
	1967	1,460	130.5	3.3	55.0	2.8	283.5	3.9	6.7	—	5.3	1.6
	1968	1,454	167.8	4.0	81.7	3.9	371.1	4.9	10.4	2.4	9.6	2.5
Total	1965	3,335	3,555.2	100.0	1,868.5	100.0	6,656.7	100.0	395.5	100.0	319.6	100.0
	1966	3,182	3,717.5	100.0	1,925.4	100.0	6,804.6	100.0	425.0	100.0	329.1	100.0
	1967	2,882	3,993.1	100.0	1,992.8	100.0	7,211.6	100.0	414.1	—	332.5	100.0
	1968	2,871	4,204.0	100.0	2,102.9	100.0	7,555.6	100.0	442.6	100.0	381.4	100.0

TABLE 1.09. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOBACCO PRODUCTS, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.09. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU TABAC, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
75 -94.9%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
50 -74.9%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	18	318.9	—	158.3	—	479.0	—	27.3	—	..
	1964	16	349.4	—	168.2	—	334.1	—	28.5	—	..
	1965	17	345.0	83.3	178.8	79.2	332.8	80.6	29.1	—	25.6
	1966	17	337.8	82.1	185.6	78.2	374.2	80.6	31.3	—	22.3
	1967	17	400.4	83.6	195.5	78.2	386.0	79.8	37.0	77.7	33.1
	1968	17	422.9	84.5	204.5	78.1	416.4	80.1	37.7	82.7	36.8
25 -49.9%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
5 -24.9%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	7	58.2	—	37.0	—	81.2	—	9.2	—	..
	1964	5	57.6	—	41.1	—	77.6	—	9.4	—	..
	1965	7	68.8	16.6	46.8	20.7	79.9	19.4	13.0	—	12.8
	1966	6	73.2	17.8	51.3	21.6	89.9	19.3	10.7	—	10.5
	1967	5	78.7	16.4	54.4	21.8	98.0	20.2	10.6	22.3	10.5
	1968	5	77.1	15.4	56.8	21.8	102.7	19.8	7.8	17.1	7.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	25	377.1	—	195.3	—	560.2	—	36.5	—	..
	1964	21	407.0	—	209.3	—	411.7	—	37.9	—	..
	1965	24	413.8	99.9	225.6	99.9	412.7	100.0	42.1	—	38.4
	1966	23	411.0	99.9	236.9	99.8	464.1	99.9	42.0	—	32.8
	1967	22	479.1	100.0	249.9	100.0	484.0	100.0	47.6	100.0	43.6
	1968	22	500.0	99.9	261.3	99.9	519.1	99.9	45.5	99.8	44.3
Other — Autres	1965	13	.6	.1	.2	.1	.1	—	.2	—	.1
	1966	6	.3	.1	.4	.2	.6	.1	.1	—	.1
	1967	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1968	4	.4	.1	.2	.1	.6	.1	.1	.2	—
Total	1965	37	414.4	100.0	225.8	100.0	412.8	100.0	41.9	—	38.5
	1966	29	411.3	100.0	237.3	100.0	464.7	100.0	41.9	—	32.7
	1967	23	479.1	100.0	249.9	100.0	484.0	100.0	47.6	100.0	43.6
	1968	26	500.4	100.0	261.5	100.0	519.7	100.0	45.6	100.0	44.3

TABLE 1.11. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, LEATHER PRODUCTS, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.11. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CUIR, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
75-94.9%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
50-74.9%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	17	36.1	-	14.0	-	58.0	-	1.0	-	..
	1964	18	36.8	-	15.0	-	56.8	-	2.0	-	..
	1965	21	39.2	20.7	16.9	21.8	67.5	20.0	3.3	34.4	2.8
	1966	23	44.5	20.9	18.8	22.6	69.3	18.4	3.7	31.4	2.4
	1967	23	45.1	21.9	21.1	25.1	64.1	17.5	1.7	17.3	1.5
	1968	27	49.3	22.0	23.3	25.7	86.3	21.4	3.6	25.2	3.5
25-49.9%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
5-24.9%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	133	104.0	-	48.4	-	194.7	-	5.0	-	..
	1964	128	112.3	-	46.9	-	212.1	-	6.7	-	..
	1965	150	128.0	67.6	34.2	70.1	229.7	67.9	6.1	63.5	5.4
	1966	168	148.4	69.9	58.9	70.8	269.4	71.5	7.7	65.2	5.7
	1967	164	141.7	68.8	58.8	69.9	266.5	72.6	7.8	79.6	6.1
	1968	166	156.3	69.7	62.8	69.4	281.8	69.9	10.1	70.6	8.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	150	140.1	-	62.4	-	252.7	-	6.0	-	..
	1964	146	149.1	-	61.9	-	268.9	-	8.7	-	..
	1965	171	167.2	88.3	71.1	91.9	297.2	87.9	9.4	97.9	8.2
	1966	191	192.9	90.8	77.7	93.4	338.7	89.9	11.4	96.6	8.1
	1967	187	186.8	90.7	79.9	95.0	330.6	90.1	9.5	96.9	7.6
	1968	193	205.6	91.7	86.1	95.1	368.1	91.3	13.7	95.8	12.4
Other - Autres	1965	223	22.1	11.7	6.3	8.1	41.0	12.1	.2	2.1	.3
	1966	190	19.6	9.2	5.5	6.6	38.2	10.1	.4	3.4	.5
	1967	195	19.2	9.3	4.2	5.0	36.5	9.9	.3	3.1	.2
	1968	189	18.6	8.3	4.4	4.9	35.0	8.7	.6	4.2	.4
Total	1965	394	189.3	100.0	77.4	100.0	338.2	100.0	9.6	100.0	8.5
	1966	381	212.5	100.0	83.2	100.0	376.9	100.0	11.8	100.0	8.6
	1967	382	206.0	100.0	84.1	100.0	367.1	100.0	9.8	100.0	7.8
	1968	382	224.2	100.0	90.5	100.0	403.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	10.0

TABLE 1.12. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TEXTILE MILLS, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.12. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, USINES DE FILATURE ET DE TISSAGE, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	49	166.7	15.0	77.9	12.9	181.5	14.3	11.1	8.7	13.4
	1966	50	190.1	14.6	84.0	12.8	240.6	16.7	11.1	9.6	..
	1967	51	197.2	14.3	86.3	13.1	243.8	17.1	12.9	8.7	..
	1968	51	226.0	15.8	104.8	15.1	276.1	17.3	20.6	13.7	..
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	8	177.6	15.9	121.2	20.1	161.9	12.8	25.3	18.9	29.2
	1966	8	194.9	14.9	127.3	19.2	203.5	14.2	26.3	14.3	..
	1967	4	194.6	14.1	128.2	19.4	186.3	13.1	19.9	8.6	..
	1968	9	206.8	14.5	133.6	19.2	228.4	14.3	23.7	22.5	..
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	15	222.0	20.0	123.8	20.6	160.4	12.6	21.8	11.3	17.4
	1966	17	278.6	21.3	126.3	19.2	165.4	11.5	19.7	10.3	..
	1967	18	291.1	21.2	125.9	19.0	172.9	12.1	11.8	2.6	..
	1968	17	310.6	21.7	130.0	18.8	204.9	12.8	17.3	11.6	..
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	55	384.5	..	241.2	..	409.8	..	55.9	..	..
	1964	59	475.3	..	263.8	..	492.0	..	54.2	..	..
	1965	72	566.3	50.9	322.9	53.6	503.8	39.7	58.2	38.9	60.0
	1966	75	663.6	50.8	337.6	51.2	609.5	42.4	57.1	34.2	..
	1967	73	682.9	49.6	340.4	51.5	603.0	42.3	44.6	19.9	..
	1968	77	743.4	52.0	368.4	53.1	709.4	44.4	61.6	47.8	..
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	8	32.0	2.9	24.8	4.1	24.7	1.9	1.5	1.1	..
	1966	7	32.4	2.5	20.3	3.1	18.9	1.3	..	..	..
	1967	10	40.9	3.0	18.9	2.9	26.3	1.8	..	..	..
	1968	8	35.1	2.5	21.3	3.1	17.7	1.1	- 3.0	- 2.6	..
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	5	7.3	..	3.7	..	8.2	..	..	..	..
	1966	6	15.6	1.2	8.0	1.2	22.3	1.6	1.0	..	..
	1967	6	17.0	1.2	7.9	1.2	21.9	1.5	..	..	..
	1968	7	17.9	1.3	9.4	1.4	27.4	1.7	2.6	2.1	..
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	203	473.1	42.4	236.6	39.4	670.3	53.0	34.9	23.3	35.9
	1966	219	559.0	42.8	276.5	42.0	727.0	50.6	31.0	16.4	..
	1967	226	603.9	43.9	280.5	42.4	713.7	50.4	10.6	- 2.2	..
	1968	234	595.0	41.5	275.7	39.8	776.8	48.6	18.0	10.6	..
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	184	391.6	..	226.7	..	585.5	..	35.4	..	..
	1964	178	431.2	..	236.3	..	660.7	..	44.7	..	..
	1965	216	512.4	46.0	265.1	44.1	703.2	55.5	37.2	23.9	36.9
	1966	232	607.0	46.5	304.8	46.3	768.2	53.5	32.6	16.7	..
	1967	242	661.8	48.1	307.3	46.5	766.9	53.7	10.7	- 2.5	..
	1968	249	648.0	45.3	306.4	44.3	821.9	51.4	17.1	10.1	..
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	239	776.1	..	467.9	..	995.3	..	91.3	..	..
	1964	237	906.5	..	500.1	..	1,152.7	..	96.9	..	..
	1965	288	1,078.7	96.9	588.0	97.7	1,207.0	95.2	95.4	97.3	96.9
	1966	307	1,270.6	97.3	642.4	97.5	1,377.7	95.9	89.7	97.8	..
	1967	315	1,344.7	97.7	647.7	98.0	1,369.9	96.0	55.3	17.4	..
	1968	326	1,391.4	97.3	674.8	97.4	1,531.3	95.8	78.7	57.9	..
Other - Autres	1965	426	35.0	3.1	14.0	2.3	61.0	4.8	2.6	2.0	3.1
	1966	360	34.8	2.7	16.4	2.5	58.7	4.1	2.0	1.5	..
	1967	350	32.1	2.3	13.4	2.0	57.2	4.0	1.7	1.6	..
	1968	359	38.2	2.7	17.8	2.6	67.5	4.2	2.7	2.1	..
Total	1965	714	1,113.7	100.0	602.0	100.0	1,268.0	100.0	98.0	64.8	100.0
	1966	667	1,305.4	100.0	658.8	100.0	1,436.4	100.0	91.7	52.4	..
	1967	665	1,376.8	100.0	661.1	100.0	1,427.1	100.0	57.0	19.0	..
	1968	685	1,429.6	100.0	692.6	100.0	1,598.8	100.0	81.4	63.0	..

TABLE 1.13. Corporations in Canada by Degree or Non-resident Ownership, KNITTING MILLS, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.13. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, USINES DE TRICOT, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
		No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963											
	1964											
	1965											
	1966											
	1967											
	1968											
Not available - Non disponible												
75-94.9%	1963											
	1964											
	1965											
	1966											
	1967											
	1968											
Not available - Non disponible												
50-74.9%	1963											
	1964											
	1965											
	1966											
	1967											
	1968											
Not available - Non disponible												
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	19	31.9	-	15.1	-	40.8	-	1.6	-	..	
	1964	18	32.6	-	15.4	-	45.3	-	2.1	-	..	
	1965	14	34.7	17.6	16.5	18.4	45.9	15.9	3.1	26.0	3.0	34.9
	1966	15	38.4	19.0	18.5	19.8	54.1	17.8	4.3	33.1	3.2	-
	1967	17	39.3	18.8	19.8	20.4	53.8	17.1	2.6	-	2.4	-
	1968	21	44.7	21.9	24.7	25.3	60.5	18.2	5.1	33.1	4.9	37.1
25-49.9%	1963											
	1964											
	1965											
	1966											
	1967											
	1968											
Not available - Non disponible												
5-24.9%	1963											
	1964											
	1965											
	1966											
	1967											
	1968											
Not available - Non disponible												
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963											
	1964											
	1965											
	1966											
	1967											
	1968											
Not available - Non disponible												
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	107	98.3	-	50.1	-	162.8	-	6.1	-	..	
	1964	114	105.3	-	52.4	-	171.8	-	5.9	-	..	
	1965	155	144.2	73.0	68.5	76.1	214.3	74.3	8.6	72.3	5.6	65.1
	1966	159	147.8	72.9	69.1	73.8	222.5	73.2	8.5	65.4	6.3	-
	1967	161	155.8	74.5	72.3	74.4	236.0	75.2	6.8	-	5.1	-
	1968	157	145.7	71.6	68.3	70.1	248.7	74.9	10.0	65.0	8.2	62.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	126	130.2	-	65.2	-	203.6	-	7.7	-	..	
	1964	132	137.9	-	67.8	-	217.1	-	8.0	-	..	
	1965	169	178.9	90.6	85.0	94.5	260.2	90.2	11.7	98.3	8.6	100.0
	1966	174	186.2	91.9	87.6	93.6	276.6	91.0	12.8	98.5	9.5	-
	1967	178	195.1	93.3	92.1	94.8	289.8	92.3	9.4	-	7.5	-
	1968	178	190.4	93.5	93.0	95.4	309.2	93.1	15.1	98.1	13.1	99.2
Other - Autres	1965	168	18.6	9.4	4.9	5.5	28.2	9.8	.2	1.7	-	-
	1966	153	16.4	8.1	6.0	6.4	27.4	9.0	.2	1.5	-.2	-
	1967	136	14.1	6.7	5.1	5.2	24.2	7.7	-.1	-	-.1	-
	1968	121	13.2	6.5	4.5	4.6	22.9	6.9	.3	1.9	.1	.8
Total	1965	337	197.5	100.0	89.9	100.0	288.4	100.0	11.9	100.0	8.6	100.0
	1966	327	202.6	100.0	93.6	100.0	304.0	100.0	13.0	100.0	9.3	-
	1967	314	209.2	100.0	97.2	100.0	314.0	100.0	9.3	-	7.4	-
	1968	299	203.6	100.0	97.5	100.0	332.1	100.0	15.4	100.0	13.2	100.0

TABLE 1.14. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.14. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIES DU VÊTEMENT, 1963 - 1968

[illegible]

TABLE 1.15. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL TEXTILE INDUSTRIES, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.15. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DU TEXTILE, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	82	218.1	11.9	107.1	11.7	258.6	10.0	16.6	12.3	13.8
	1966	86	251.3	12.1	116.6	11.9	326.6	11.4	17.0	12.9	14.3
	1967	91	261.3	12.3	120.7	12.2	336.4	11.7	16.6	17.7	11.9
	1968	93	303.2	13.8	148.1	14.4	384.9	12.5	27.7	—	20.0
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	13	189.9	10.3	125.2	13.7	179.6	7.0	26.2	19.3	19.8
	1966	12	207.3	10.0	132.2	13.5	223.4	7.8	27.6	21.1	15.6
	1967	9	208.1	9.8	133.8	13.5	206.5	7.2	21.2	22.7	9.9
	1968	16	231.6	10.5	146.8	14.3	270.5	8.7	27.2	—	26.2
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	23	241.7	13.2	136.2	14.9	188.9	7.3	24.6	18.2	13.9
	1966	29	306.0	14.8	141.3	14.4	207.2	7.3	23.5	17.9	13.5
	1967	30	318.0	14.8	141.5	14.3	213.7	7.4	15.2	16.2	5.5
	1968	28	328.5	14.9	136.0	13.2	225.9	7.3	17.4	—	11.7
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	102	455.5	—	279.0	—	509.9	—	62.5	—	..
	1964	107	550.9	—	306.4	—	603.4	—	63.2	—	..
	1965	118	649.7	35.4	368.5	40.3	627.1	24.3	67.4	49.8	47.5
	1966	127	764.6	36.9	390.1	39.8	757.2	26.5	68.1	51.9	43.4
	1967	130	787.4	36.9	396.0	40.0	756.6	26.3	53.0	56.6	27.3
	1968	137	863.3	39.2	430.9	41.9	881.3	28.5	72.3	—	57.9
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	14	35.9	2.0	25.9	2.8	32.6	1.3	2.0	1.5	.5
	1966	15	37.2	1.8	21.7	2.2	29.0	1.0	1.2	.9	.3
	1967	18	46.0	2.2	20.5	2.1	35.4	1.2	.4	.4	.2
	1968	16	38.9	1.8	22.8	2.2	25.4	.8	- 3.0	—	2.2
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	19	26.0	1.4	11.7	1.3	30.4	1.2	1.4	1.0	.6
	1966	18	32.2	1.6	15.3	1.6	50.2	1.8	1.1	.8	—
	1967	15	23.4	1.1	11.3	1.1	33.0	1.1	.2	.2	—
	1968	19	30.0	1.4	13.5	1.3	49.2	1.6	2.6	—	2.3
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	910	963.4	52.5	444.8	48.8	1,585.4	61.4	58.0	42.9	42.2
	1966	970	1,081.2	52.2	491.5	50.1	1,713.7	60.0	55.3	42.1	35.6
	1967	999	1,138.8	53.4	509.6	51.5	1,776.1	61.8	36.8	39.4	20.1
	1968	1,029	1,136.5	51.5	507.7	49.3	1,873.7	60.5	54.0	—	39.3
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	760	765.6	—	394.6	—	1,307.1	—	55.5	—	..
	1964	763	833.9	—	414.3	—	1,438.8	—	65.4	—	..
	1965	943	1,025.3	55.9	482.4	52.9	1,648.4	63.9	61.4	45.4	43.3
	1966	1,003	1,150.6	55.6	528.5	53.9	1,792.9	62.8	57.6	43.8	36.7
	1967	1,032	1,208.2	56.7	541.4	54.7	1,844.5	64.1	37.4	40.0	20.3
	1968	1,064	1,205.4	54.7	544.0	52.8	1,948.3	62.9	53.6	—	43.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	862	1,221.1	—	673.6	—	1,817.0	—	118.0	—	..
	1964	870	1,384.8	—	720.7	—	2,042.2	—	128.6	—	..
	1965	1,061	1,675.0	91.3	850.9	93.2	2,275.5	88.2	128.8	95.2	90.8
	1966	1,130	1,915.2	92.5	918.6	93.7	2,550.1	89.3	125.7	95.7	80.1
	1967	1,162	1,995.6	93.6	937.4	94.7	2,601.1	90.4	90.4	96.6	47.6
	1968	1,201	2,068.7	93.9	974.9	94.7	2,829.6	91.4	125.9	—	101.7
Other - Autres	1965	1,839	160.3	8.7	61.6	6.8	303.3	11.8	6.5	4.8	5.3
	1966	1,652	155.0	7.5	61.4	6.3	306.8	10.7	5.7	4.3	3.8
	1967	1,492	135.9	6.4	52.4	5.3	276.9	9.6	3.2	3.4	2.4
	1968	1,413	133.4	6.1	54.3	5.3	265.1	8.6	5.9	—	4.3
Total	1965	2,900	1,835.3	100.0	912.5	100.0	2,578.8	100.0	135.3	100.0	96.1
	1966	2,782	2,070.2	100.0	980.0	100.0	2,856.9	100.0	131.4	100.0	83.9
	1967	2,654	2,131.5	100.0	989.8	100.0	2,878.0	100.0	93.6	100.0	50.0
	1968	2,614	2,202.1	100.0	1,029.2	100.0	3,094.7	100.0	131.8	—	106.0

TABLE 1.16. Corporations In Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership. WOOD INDUSTRIES, 1963-1968
TABLEAU 1.16. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU BOIS, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 34	145.1	10.7	27.7	5.2	99.1	6.7	3.8	6.7	2.3	7.5
	1966 36	145.3	10.1	37.2	6.5	90.9	5.9	3.3	5.5	1.6	4.5
	1967 38	163.0	10.9	33.6	6.1	106.0	6.5	10.7	—	5.5	—
	1968 32	156.1	10.6	41.4	7.2	130.0	7.7	3.9	3.3	6.0	6.0
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 10	60.7	4.5	40.7	7.6	55.2	3.8	5.2	9.2	4.3	14.1
	1966 15	75.7	5.3	46.0	8.1	67.8	4.4	2.2	4.0	2.5	7.1
	1967 17	71.1	4.8	44.6	8.0	70.3	4.3	3.2	—	2.4	—
	1968 16	72.3	4.9	43.5	7.6	77.1	4.6	6.8	5.8	5.4	5.4
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 22	173.9	13.0	74.9	14.0	129.4	8.8	5.7	10.1	2.5	8.1
	1966 21	167.7	11.8	63.7	11.2	165.1	10.6	3.0	5.5	2.8	2.3
	1967 18	151.2	10.1	56.3	10.2	142.4	8.8	2.8	—	2.1	—
	1968 21	227.2	15.4	77.7	13.6	167.0	9.9	17.3	14.7	11.4	11.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 57	267.6	—	155.2	—	232.7	—	30.8	—	..	..
	1964 54	305.4	—	182.9	—	278.0	—	38.6	—	..	..
	1965 66	379.7	28.2	143.3	26.8	283.7	19.3	14.7	26.0	9.1	29.7
	1966 72	388.7	27.2	146.9	25.8	323.8	20.9	5.5	10.0	4.9	13.9
	1967 73	385.3	25.8	134.5	24.3	318.7	19.6	4.7	—	1.0	—
	1968 69	455.6	30.8	162.6	28.4	374.1	22.2	28.0	23.8	22.8	23.0
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 10	140.8	10.5	87.4	16.4	105.4	7.2	13.6	24.1	2.5	8.1
	1966 12	165.8	11.6	109.1	19.2	117.3	7.6	13.4	24.5	5.1	14.4
	1967 11	196.1	13.1	94.8	17.1	127.1	7.8	11.8	—	3.9	—
	1968 15	158.8	10.7	72.0	12.6	106.6	6.3	15.2	12.9	14.7	14.8
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 26	54.6	4.1	22.1	4.1	57.1	3.9	3.4	6.0	1.7	5.5
	1966 29	84.6	5.9	18.7	3.3	83.0	5.4	2.9	5.3	1.7	4.8
	1967 26	68.4	4.6	12.6	2.3	63.2	3.9	2.2	—	1.1	—
	1968 30	74.2	5.0	28.9	5.1	90.5	5.4	6.5	5.5	4.8	4.8
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 616	669.2	49.7	245.8	46.1	866.6	58.9	22.4	39.6	15.8	51.7
	1966 605	680.8	47.7	259.5	45.6	846.0	54.6	27.8	51.0	21.4	60.7
	1967 627	750.2	50.3	280.6	50.6	957.2	59.0	35.6	—	28.5	—
	1968 620	697.5	47.3	278.7	48.7	964.6	57.1	63.7	54.0	54.9	55.4
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 532	614.3	—	260.5	—	797.7	—	41.2	—	..	..
	1964 524	677.1	—	275.9	—	846.5	—	41.4	—	..	..
	1965 652	864.6	64.3	355.3	66.6	1,029.1	70.0	39.4	69.7	20.0	65.3
	1966 646	931.2	65.2	387.3	68.1	1,046.3	67.6	44.1	80.8	28.2	79.9
	1967 664	1,014.7	68.0	388.0	70.0	1,147.5	70.7	47.6	—	32.3	—
	1968 665	930.5	63.0	379.6	66.4	1,161.7	68.8	85.4	72.4	74.4	75.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 589	881.9	—	415.7	—	1,030.4	—	72.0	—	..	..
	1964 578	982.5	—	458.8	—	1,124.5	—	80.0	—	..	..
	1965 718	1,244.3	92.5	498.6	93.4	1,312.8	89.3	54.1	95.7	29.1	95.0
	1966 718	1,319.9	92.4	534.2	93.9	1,370.1	88.5	49.6	90.8	33.1	93.8
	1967 737	1,400.0	93.9	522.5	94.3	1,466.2	90.3	42.9	—	31.3	—
	1968 734	1,386.1	93.8	542.2	94.8	1,535.8	91.0	113.4	96.2	97.2	98.0
Other — Autres	1965 1,125	101.3	7.5	35.2	6.6	156.9	10.7	2.4	4.3	1.5	5.0
	1966 1,072	108.2	7.6	34.9	6.1	178.2	11.5	5.0	9.2	2.2	6.2
	1967 986	91.6	6.1	31.9	5.7	156.9	9.7	3.4	—	2.2	—
	1968 925	91.3	6.2	29.7	5.2	152.9	9.0	4.6	3.8	2.0	2.0
Total	1965 1,843	1,345.6	100.0	533.8	100.0	1,469.7	100.0	56.5	100.0	30.6	100.0
	1966 1,790	1,428.1	100.0	569.1	100.0	1,548.3	100.0	54.6	100.0	35.3	100.0
	1967 1,723	1,491.6	100.0	554.4	100.0	1,623.1	100.0	46.3	—	33.5	—
	1968 1,659	1,477.4	100.0	571.9	100.0	1,688.7	100.0	118.0	100.0	99.2	100.0

TABLE 1.17. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FURNITURE INDUSTRIES, 1963 - 1968

TABLEAU 1.17. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIES DE MEUBLES, 1963-1968

[illegible]

TABLE 1.18. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.18. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 56	964.4	19.5	622.6	21.6	819.2	25.1	98.3	22.5	90.0	39.2
	1966 54	1,056.9	19.3	653.8	22.4	869.6	26.0	88.9	20.4	76.4	—
	1967 55	1,133.2	18.8	646.6	20.8	876.9	24.5	71.5	—	38.5	—
	1968 60	1,288.2	20.1	658.1	20.5	961.3	24.4	62.3	—	22.1	14.5
75%-94.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 19	693.2	14.0	330.7	11.5	382.0	11.7	52.4	12.0	30.6	13.3
	1966 19	802.3	14.6	409.9	14.0	396.7	11.8	75.7	17.4	29.1	—
	1967 22	896.0	14.8	494.9	16.0	451.7	12.7	29.7	—	21.2	—
	1968 20	828.7	13.0	515.1	16.0	520.5	13.2	59.8	—	37.0	24.2
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 13	294.2	5.9	171.6	5.9	147.9	4.5	16.4	3.7	9.3	4.0
	1966 17	359.6	6.6	139.8	4.8	176.7	5.3	39.6	9.1	6.1	—
	1967 11	313.8	5.2	73.6	2.4	130.4	3.7	- 6.3	—	- 4.2	—
	1968 13	372.1	5.8	66.3	2.1	121.8	3.1	- 5.3	—	.4	.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 81	1,629.3	—	962.5	—	1,050.6	—	140.0	—	..	..
	1964 85	1,826.0	—	1,087.1	—	1,176.3	—	192.2	—	..	..
	1965 88	1,951.8	39.4	1,124.9	39.0	1,349.1	41.3	167.1	38.2	129.9	56.5
	1966 90	2,218.8	40.5	1,203.5	41.2	1,443.0	43.1	204.2	46.9	111.6	—
	1967 88	2,343.0	38.8	1,215.1	39.2	1,459.0	40.9	94.9	—	55.5	—
	1968 93	2,489.0	38.9	1,239.5	38.6	1,603.6	40.7	116.8	—	59.5	39.0
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 11	455.4	9.2	254.6	8.8	185.2	5.7	20.1	4.6	1.9	.8
	1966 11	461.6	8.4	239.9	8.2	173.2	5.2	10.9	2.5	- 9.5	—
	1967 10	467.6	7.7	242.1	7.8	187.1	5.2	12.5	—	- 5.3	—
	1968 20	1,643.0	25.7	788.2	24.5	767.3	19.5	91.0	—	59.9	39.2
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 33	2,246.4	45.3	1,353.6	47.0	1,392.4	42.7	223.6	51.0	87.0	37.9
	1966 35	2,439.8	44.6	1,300.5	44.5	1,363.3	40.6	194.0	44.6	46.2	—
	1967 42	2,929.8	48.5	1,508.9	48.6	1,544.6	43.3	188.9	—	58.1	—
	1968 33	1,930.3	30.2	1,016.4	31.6	1,171.8	29.7	67.7	—	18.3	12.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 115	277.1	5.6	145.3	5.0	295.7	9.1	23.9	5.5	9.7	4.2
	1966 132	341.4	6.2	169.5	5.8	338.2	10.1	24.6	5.7	9.2	—
	1967 141	279.1	4.6	112.3	3.6	328.0	9.2	13.7	—	11.5	—
	1968 139	277.6	4.3	131.2	4.1	337.0	8.5	14.5	—	12.2	8.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 156	2,387.0	—	1,634.5	—	1,588.6	—	263.1	—	..	..
	1964 151	2,796.2	—	1,735.0	—	1,709.6	—	308.5	—	..	..
	1965 159	2,978.9	60.1	1,753.5	60.8	1,873.3	57.5	267.6	61.1	98.6	42.9
	1966 178	3,242.8	59.2	1,709.9	58.5	1,874.7	55.9	229.5	52.8	45.9	—
	1967 193	3,676.5	60.8	1,863.3	60.0	2,059.7	57.7	215.1	—	64.3	—
	1968 192	3,850.9	60.2	1,935.8	60.2	2,276.1	57.7	173.2	—	90.4	59.2
Reporting corporations — Total— Corporations déclarantes.	1963 237	4,016.3	—	2,597.0	—	2,639.2	—	403.1	—	..	..
	1964 236	4,622.2	—	2,822.1	—	2,885.9	—	500.7	—	..	..
	1965 247	4,930.7	99.5	2,878.4	99.8	3,222.4	98.8	434.7	99.3	228.5	99.4
	1966 268	5,461.6	99.7	2,913.4	99.7	3,317.7	99.0	433.7	99.7	157.5	—
	1967 281	6,019.5	99.6	3,078.4	99.2	3,518.7	98.6	310.0	—	119.8	—
	1968 285	6,339.9	99.1	3,175.3	98.8	3,879.7	98.4	290.0	—	149.9	98.2
Other — Autres	1965 193	23.6	.5	6.8	.2	37.8	1.2	3.2	.7	1.3	.6
	1966 179	18.9	.3	7.6	.3	32.6	1.0	1.3	.3	1.1	—
	1967 156	25.7	.4	24.1	.8	50.5	1.4	3.3	—	4.3	—
	1968 161	56.3	.9	39.5	1.2	62.4	1.6	3.3	—	2.8	1.8
Total	1965 440	4,954.3	100.0	2,885.2	100.0	3,260.2	100.0	437.9	100.0	229.8	100.0
	1966 447	5,480.5	100.0	2,921.0	100.0	3,350.3	100.0	435.0	100.0	158.6	—
	1967 437	6,045.2	100.0	3,102.5	100.0	3,569.2	100.0	313.3	—	124.1	—
	1968 446	6,396.2	100.0	3,214.8	100.0	3,942.1	100.0	293.3	—	152.7	100.0

TABLE 1.19. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRINTING, PUBLISHING AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.19. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, IMPRESSION, ÉDITION ET ACTIVITÉS CONNEXES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident, ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965	28	58.5	7.2	31.9	6.8	73.0	7.1	9.8	10.2	8.5	11.9
1966	31	67.0	7.6	34.7	7.1	91.6	7.9	10.6	10.5	10.4	13.2
1967	30	63.9	6.8	31.8	6.0	92.7	7.5	10.0	9.9	9.7	10.8
1968	34	78.3	7.7	43.6	7.7	94.3	7.0	12.5	9.7	11.7	11.0
75-94.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964	10	10.2	1.2	4.7	1.0	11.1	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.8
1965	9	9.5	1.1	6.0	1.2	10.3	.9	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.8
1966	9	10.7	1.1	6.7	1.2	12.7	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5
1967	9	15.7	1.5	12.8	2.3	10.8	.8	1.1	.9	1.1	1.0
50-74.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965	10	23.3	2.9	17.6	3.8	15.7	1.5	1.8	1.9	..	1.3
1966	14	37.5	4.2	23.9	4.8	32.6	2.8	2.7	2.7	1.6	2.0
1967	10	35.3	3.7	23.5	4.4	31.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.3	1.5
1968	22	120.5	11.8	86.4	15.3	73.4	5.4	14.7	11.4	11.4	10.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	42	82.8	—	48.8	—	81.1	—	8.8	—	..
1964	39	78.7	—	46.2	—	83.1	—	9.8	—	..	..
1965	48	92.0	11.3	54.2	11.6	99.8	9.7	13.0	13.6	10.7	15.0
1966	54	114.0	12.9	64.6	13.1	134.5	11.6	14.7	14.6	13.4	17.0
1967	49	109.9	11.6	62.0	11.6	137.0	11.0	13.8	13.7	12.3	13.8
1968	65	214.5	21.0	142.8	25.3	178.5	13.2	28.3	22.0	24.2	22.7
25-49.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965	14	33.1	4.1	20.7	4.4	43.4	4.2	4.9	5.1	4.4	6.2
1966	11	28.8	3.3	19.9	4.0	44.8	3.9	5.4	5.4	4.9	6.2
1967	10	27.3	2.9	19.5	3.6	41.0	3.3	5.7	5.6	3.0	3.4
1968	11	31.3	3.1	20.4	3.6	46.3	3.4	6.5	5.0	5.3	5.0
5-24.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965	16	68.2	8.3	53.9	11.5	50.3	4.9	7.2	7.6	6.1	8.6
1966	10	19.8	2.2	10.6	2.1	33.0	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.4	3.0
1967	13	28.5	3.0	15.3	2.9	44.9	3.6	3.5	3.5	2.1	2.4
1968	14	31.3	3.1	16.7	3.0	49.0	3.6	3.4	2.6	2.1	2.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965	317	488.3	59.7	280.3	60.0	621.3	60.6	63.0	66.1	45.7	64.2
1966	359	599.4	67.9	350.1	70.9	739.5	63.8	70.0	69.7	52.7	66.8
1967	385	634.9	67.3	379.4	70.7	779.3	62.6	67.7	67.0	62.5	70.2
1968	410	598.5	58.6	327.2	57.9	826.4	61.3	81.9	63.5	67.0	62.6
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	293	493.3	—	289.1	—	608.4	—	57.4	—	..
1964	277	502.4	—	292.8	—	635.5	—	65.9	—	..	..
1965	347	589.6	72.1	354.9	75.9	715.0	69.7	75.1	78.8	56.2	79.0
1966	380	648.0	73.4	380.6	77.0	817.3	70.5	78.4	78.1	60.0	76.0
1967	408	690.7	73.2	414.2	77.2	865.2	69.5	76.9	76.1	67.6	76.0
1968	435	661.1	64.8	364.3	64.5	921.7	68.3	91.8	71.1	74.4	69.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	335	576.1	—	337.9	—	689.5	—	66.2	—	..
1964	316	581.1	—	339.0	—	718.6	—	75.7	—	..	..
1965	395	681.6	83.4	409.1	87.5	814.8	79.4	88.1	92.4	66.9	94.0
1966	434	762.0	86.3	445.2	90.1	951.8	82.1	93.1	92.7	73.4	93.0
1967	457	800.6	84.8	476.2	88.8	1,002.2	80.5	90.7	89.8	79.9	89.8
1968	500	875.6	85.8	507.1	89.8	1,100.2	81.5	120.1	93.1	98.6	92.3
Other — Autres	1965	1,890	135.2	16.6	58.3	12.5	211.7	20.6	7.2	7.6	4.3
1966	1,805	121.2	13.7	49.0	9.9	207.7	17.9	7.3	7.3	5.5	7.0
1967	1,899	143.5	15.2	60.2	11.2	243.3	19.5	10.3	10.2	9.1	10.2
1968	1,980	144.6	14.2	57.8	10.2	250.0	18.5	8.9	6.9	8.2	7.7
Total	1965	2,285	816.8	100.0	467.4	100.0	1,026.5	100.0	95.3	100.0	71.2
1966	2,239	883.2	100.0	494.2	100.0	1,159.5	100.0	100.4	100.0	78.9	100.0
1967	2,356	944.1	100.0	536.4	100.0	1,245.5	100.0	101.0	100.0	89.0	100.0
1968	2,480	1,020.2	100.0	564.9	100.0	1,350.2	100.0	129.0	100.0	106.8	100.0

TABLE 1.20. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRIMARY METALS, 1963-1968
TABLEAU 1.20. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 27	285.6	6.1	153.2	5.8	242.4	7.4	20.1	3.1	8.3	3.1
	1966 27	295.2	5.8	143.9	5.1	289.2	8.4	15.4	3.0	11.1	6.0
	1967 28	312.6	5.8	160.0	5.5	301.8	8.8	16.9	3.7	4.8	3.4
	1968 29	320.8	5.6	166.7	5.5	336.4	9.1	18.2	3.2	10.3	—
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 10	120.3	2.6	60.0	2.3	90.2	2.7	11.6	1.8	6.7	2.5
	1966 5	98.7	2.0	53.5	1.9	65.6	1.9	10.1	2.0	8.7	4.7
	1967 7	108.0	2.0	59.5	2.1	68.1	2.0	8.8	1.9	4.5	3.2
	1968 10	157.0	2.8	97.0	3.2	97.9	2.6	12.7	2.3	13.5	—
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 17	2,371.2	50.4	1,339.7	50.3	1,342.4	40.9	376.2	58.8	181.5	67.5
	1966 20	2,469.4	49.0	1,439.9	50.7	1,426.1	41.7	267.3	51.7	112.5	60.5
	1967 20	2,571.4	47.8	1,415.4	48.9	1,433.3	42.0	257.8	55.8	96.1	67.5
	1968 21	2,663.2	46.8	1,447.9	47.5	1,460.9	39.4	318.9	56.9	139.0	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 46	2,376.0	—	1,300.4	—	1,293.3	—	205.4	—	..	..
	1964 48	2,566.6	—	1,425.6	—	1,530.3	—	334.3	—	..	..
	1965 54	2,777.1	59.1	1,532.9	58.4	1,675.0	51.0	407.9	63.7	196.5	73.1
	1966 52	2,863.3	56.8	1,637.3	57.7	1,780.9	52.0	292.8	56.7	132.3	71.2
	1967 55	2,992.0	55.6	1,634.9	56.5	1,803.2	52.8	283.5	61.4	105.4	74.1
	1968 60	3,141.0	55.2	1,711.6	56.2	1,895.2	51.1	349.8	62.4	162.8	—
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 14	451.8	9.6	303.3	11.4	353.6	10.8	79.7	12.5	38.9	14.4
	1966 12	371.3	7.4	226.1	8.0	290.5	8.5	43.8	8.5	17.7	9.5
	1967 13	611.8	11.4	391.9	13.5	354.9	10.4	48.4	10.5	10.1	7.1
	1968 9	557.3	9.8	354.5	11.6	313.4	8.4	50.7	9.0	11.9	—
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 22	1,139.3	24.3	653.4	24.7	869.7	26.5	132.9	20.8	21.7	8.1
	1966 27	1,445.3	28.6	796.9	28.1	937.7	27.3	147.3	28.6	21.1	11.3
	1967 24	1,467.5	27.3	739.1	25.5	901.7	26.3	111.7	24.1	14.6	10.3
	1968 27	1,550.4	27.3	800.0	26.3	1,059.7	28.6	148.4	26.6	85.5	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 78	213.0	4.5	86.3	3.2	289.0	8.8	16.2	2.5	10.7	4.0
	1966 96	258.1	5.1	117.7	4.1	338.0	9.9	30.0	5.8	13.5	7.3
	1967 109	290.8	5.4	123.6	4.3	327.2	9.6	16.7	3.6	11.4	8.0
	1968 103	411.4	7.2	163.5	5.4	410.8	11.1	11.3	2.0	—	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 83	1,331.2	—	849.6	—	1,121.8	—	199.4	—	..	..
	1964 90	1,532.3	—	957.6	—	1,344.7	—	203.7	—	..	..
	1965 114	1,804.1	38.4	1,043.0	39.3	1,512.3	46.1	228.8	35.8	71.3	26.5
	1966 135	2,074.7	41.1	1,140.7	40.2	1,566.2	45.7	221.1	42.9	52.3	28.1
	1967 146	2,370.1	44.1	1,254.6	43.3	1,583.8	46.3	176.8	38.2	36.1	25.4
	1968 139	2,519.1	44.3	1,318.0	43.3	1,783.9	48.1	210.4	37.6	89.4	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 129	3,707.2	—	2,150.0	—	2,415.1	—	404.8	—	..	..
	1964 138	4,118.9	—	2,383.2	—	2,875.0	—	538.0	—	..	..
	1965 168	4,581.2	97.5	2,595.9	97.7	3,187.3	97.1	636.7	99.5	267.8	99.6
	1966 187	4,938.0	97.9	2,778.0	97.9	3,347.1	97.7	513.9	99.6	184.6	99.3
	1967 201	5,362.1	99.7	2,889.5	99.8	3,387.0	99.1	460.3	99.6	141.5	99.5
	1968 199	5,660.1	99.5	3,029.6	99.5	3,679.1	99.2	560.2	100.0	252.2	—
Other — Autres	1965 216	117.6	2.5	61.4	2.3	93.7	2.9	3.3	.5	1.0	.4
	1966 206	105.9	2.1	59.3	2.1	80.0	2.3	2.0	.4	1.3	.7
	1967 156	16.2	.3	6.8	.2	29.7	.9	2.0	.4	.7	.5
	1968 187	27.7	.5	16.2	.5	30.7	.8	.3	—	.3	—
Total	1965 384	4,698.8	100.0	2,657.3	100.0	3,281.0	100.0	640.0	100.0	268.8	100.0
	1966 393	5,043.9	100.0	2,837.3	100.0	3,427.1	100.0	515.9	100.0	185.9	100.0
	1967 357	5,378.3	100.0	2,896.3	100.0	3,416.7	100.0	462.3	100.0	142.2	100.0
	1968 386	5,687.8	100.0	3,045.8	100.0	3,709.8	100.0	560.5	100.0	252.5	—

TABLE 1.21. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL FABRICATING, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.21. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PRODUITS METALLIQUES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 189	615.4	35.5	348.7	41.5	824.2	35.4	69.4	43.9	59.4	41.6
	1966 200	711.7	35.2	372.8	40.5	957.2	34.7	77.9	41.0	68.3	48.8
	1967 207	840.6	39.0	409.7	40.9	958.5	33.8	82.0	45.9	71.5	50.2
	1968 226	907.7	40.3	434.8	42.7	1,145.8	38.4	103.8	—	78.6	—
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 31	44.2	2.5	19.6	2.3	59.4	2.5	3.6	2.3	3.4	2.4
	1966 26	34.0	1.7	16.3	1.8	48.4	1.7	3.0	1.6	2.4	1.7
	1967 23	31.0	1.4	16.7	1.7	40.5	1.4	3.8	2.1	3.3	2.3
	1968 23	43.9	1.9	14.0	1.4	51.8	1.7	1.9	—	1.5	—
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 31	69.1	4.0	34.8	4.1	81.6	3.5	6.9	4.4	4.5	3.2
	1966 45	104.5	5.2	47.4	5.2	125.4	4.5	11.2	5.9	7.5	5.4
	1967 43	87.2	4.0	42.1	4.2	121.7	4.3	7.8	4.4	6.9	4.8
	1968 51	102.4	4.5	49.4	4.9	147.2	4.9	11.3	—	10.8	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 204	573.5	—	351.0	—	763.5	—	66.9	—	..	..
	1964 201	609.0	—	361.0	—	834.9	—	70.1	—	..	..
	1965 251	728.7	42.0	403.1	47.9	965.2	41.4	79.9	50.6	67.3	47.2
	1966 271	850.2	42.1	436.5	47.5	1,131.0	40.9	92.1	48.5	78.2	55.9
	1967 273	958.8	44.4	468.5	46.8	1,120.7	39.5	93.6	52.4	81.7	57.3
	1968 300	1,054.0	46.7	498.2	49.0	1,344.8	45.0	117.0	—	90.9	—
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 17	11.9	.7	5.4	.6	16.6	.7	.6	.4	.4	.3
	1966 17	16.9	.8	6.8	.7	24.3	.9	1.5	.8	1.0	.7
	1967 26	31.3	1.4	10.7	1.1	50.7	1.8	2.2	1.2	2.7	1.9
	1968 24	31.2	1.4	8.5	.8	31.2	1.0	1.3	—	1.4	—
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 38	238.5	13.7	127.7	15.2	270.9	11.6	22.0	13.9	10.1	7.1
	1966 36	355.4	17.6	167.1	18.2	360.9	13.0	29.5	15.5	16.6	11.9
	1967 41	362.6	16.8	185.3	18.5	389.1	13.7	20.1	11.2	10.0	7.0
	1968 45	393.6	17.4	188.0	18.5	396.1	13.3	14.8	—	10.0	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 545	587.5	33.8	237.7	28.2	807.9	34.7	45.5	28.9	27.9	19.6
	1966 633	625.9	31.0	240.4	26.2	963.7	34.9	54.6	28.8	34.3	24.5
	1967 677	633.3	29.4	261.4	26.0	973.6	34.2	42.9	24.0	36.1	25.4
	1968 692	588.7	26.1	239.5	23.6	897.9	30.1	37.2	—	34.4	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 429	560.3	—	300.0	—	795.8	—	37.7	—	..	..
	1964 440	674.9	—	332.4	—	895.4	—	51.8	—	..	..
	1965 600	837.9	48.2	370.8	44.0	1,095.4	47.0	68.1	43.2	38.4	27.0
	1966 686	998.2	49.4	414.3	45.1	1,348.9	48.8	85.6	45.1	51.9	37.1
	1967 744	1,027.2	47.6	457.4	45.6	1,413.4	49.7	65.2	36.4	48.8	34.3
	1968 761	1,013.5	44.9	436.0	42.9	1,325.2	44.4	50.7	—	43.0	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 633	1,133.8	—	651.0	—	1,559.3	—	104.6	—	..	..
	1964 641	1,283.9	—	693.4	—	1,730.3	—	121.9	—	..	..
	1965 851	1,566.6	90.2	773.9	91.9	2,060.6	88.4	148.0	93.8	105.7	74.2
	1966 957	1,848.4	91.5	850.8	92.6	2,479.9	89.7	177.7	93.6	130.1	93.0
	1967 1,017	1,986.0	92.0	925.9	92.4	2,534.1	89.2	158.8	88.8	130.5	91.6
	1968 1,061	2,067.5	91.6	934.2	91.9	2,670.0	89.4	167.7	—	133.9	—
Other — Autres	1965 1,926	170.3	9.8	67.9	8.1	269.3	11.6	9.8	6.2	36.7	25.8
	1966 1,897	172.8	8.5	67.6	7.4	285.8	10.3	12.1	6.4	9.8	7.0
	1967 2,028	173.8	8.0	76.5	7.6	305.7	10.8	20.1	11.2	11.9	8.4
	1968 2,032	188.8	8.4	82.5	8.1	316.1	10.6	13.1	—	11.3	—
Total	1965 2,777	1,736.9	100.0	841.8	100.0	2,329.9	100.0	157.8	100.0	142.4	100.0
	1966 2,854	2,021.2	100.0	918.4	100.0	2,765.7	100.0	189.8	100.0	139.9	100.0
	1967 3,045	2,159.8	100.0	1,002.4	100.0	2,839.8	100.0	178.9	100.0	142.4	100.0
	1968 3,093	2,256.3	100.0	1,016.7	100.0	2,986.1	100.0	180.8	—	145.2	—

TABLE 1.22. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MACHINERY, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.22. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MACHINERIE, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 145	819.2	61.2	437.1	67.6	1,115.7	59.6	117.1	84.8	109.4	88.9
	1966 152	979.3	62.2	483.6	67.5	1,287.7	59.5	114.6	71.0	104.4	82.2
	1967 163	1,085.7	64.3	541.9	69.8	1,430.0	63.1	115.6	75.1	98.9	82.5
	1968 168	1,139.2	64.7	600.6	70.0	1,463.4	64.6	112.9	72.9	110.8	—
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 12	57.0	4.3	28.1	4.3	55.1	2.9	1.2	.9	1.1	.9
	1966 15	72.7	4.6	32.4	4.5	81.9	3.8	5.4	3.3	3.0	2.4
	1967 16	74.5	4.4	37.1	4.8	96.7	4.3	8.5	5.5	8.3	6.9
	1968 14	66.5	3.8	39.3	4.6	93.7	4.1	7.2	4.7	6.4	—
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 13	51.5	3.9	15.9	2.5	78.9	4.2	2.5	1.8	.8	.6
	1966 15	57.0	3.6	21.0	2.9	87.5	4.0	5.7	3.5	2.5	2.0
	1967 16	53.6	3.2	20.3	2.6	72.7	3.2	3.2	2.1	.3	.3
	1968 24	64.3	3.7	22.5	2.6	89.7	4.0	.8	.5	—	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 140	715.0	—	414.0	—	960.7	—	98.9	—	..	..
	1964 150	788.4	—	435.2	—	1,090.0	—	112.3	—	..	..
	1965 170	927.7	69.4	481.1	74.4	1,249.7	66.7	120.8	87.5	111.3	90.4
	1966 182	1,109.0	70.4	537.0	74.9	1,457.1	67.3	125.7	77.8	109.9	86.6
	1967 195	1,213.8	71.9	599.3	77.2	1,599.4	70.6	127.3	82.7	107.5	89.7
	1968 206	1,270.0	72.2	662.4	77.2	1,646.8	72.7	120.9	78.1	116.4	—
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 8	149.2	11.2	65.7	10.2	239.5	12.8	2.5	1.8	1.5	1.2
	1966 9	187.1	11.9	77.3	10.8	290.5	13.4	13.9	8.6	1.2	.9
	1967 8	235.9	13.9	83.9	10.8	291.2	12.9	10.6	6.9	.9	.8
	1968 6	223.7	12.7	89.7	10.5	230.9	10.2	16.1	10.5	1.0	—
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 15	34.8	2.6	14.4	2.2	43.9	2.3	2.4	1.7	2.2	1.8
	1966 14	42.7	2.7	17.7	2.5	55.6	2.6	2.6	1.6	2.4	1.9
	1967 18	43.2	2.6	17.6	2.3	68.0	3.0	2.6	1.7	1.7	1.4
	1968 14	31.8	1.8	14.1	1.6	47.4	2.1	1.6	1.0	1.6	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 146	177.7	13.3	70.2	10.8	266.7	14.2	10.4	7.6	7.0	5.7
	1966 167	188.3	12.0	69.7	9.7	285.5	13.2	17.5	10.8	12.5	9.9
	1967 168	155.1	9.2	64.8	8.3	245.2	10.8	12.1	7.8	9.1	7.6
	1968 178	193.2	11.0	79.0	9.2	273.3	12.1	15.4	9.9	13.9	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 128	383.3	—	211.1	—	364.8	—	20.9	—	..	..
	1964 124	355.6	—	226.0	—	419.6	—	36.8	—	..	..
	1965 169	361.7	27.1	150.3	23.2	550.1	29.3	15.3	11.1	10.7	8.7
	1966 190	418.1	26.6	164.7	23.0	631.6	29.2	34.0	21.0	16.1	12.7
	1967 194	434.2	25.7	166.3	21.4	604.4	26.7	25.3	16.4	11.7	9.8
	1968 198	448.7	25.5	182.8	21.3	551.6	24.4	33.1	21.4	16.5	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 268	1,098.3	—	625.1	—	1,325.5	—	119.8	—	..	..
	1964 274	1,144.0	—	661.2	—	1,509.6	—	149.1	—	..	..
	1965 339	1,289.4	96.5	631.4	97.6	1,799.8	96.0	136.1	98.6	122.0	99.1
	1966 372	1,527.1	97.0	701.7	97.9	2,088.7	96.5	159.7	98.8	126.0	99.3
	1967 389	1,648.0	97.6	765.6	98.6	2,203.8	97.3	152.6	99.1	119.2	99.5
	1968 404	1,718.7	97.7	845.2	98.5	2,198.4	97.1	154.0	99.5	132.9	—
Other — Autres	1965 491	47.0	3.5	15.3	2.4	74.2	4.0	1.9	1.4	1.1	.9
	1966 467	46.6	3.0	14.8	2.1	75.5	3.5	1.9	1.2	.9	.7
	1967 389	40.1	2.4	10.9	1.4	62.2	2.7	1.4	.9	.6	.5
	1968 424	41.9	2.3	12.9	1.5	66.3	2.9	.8	.5	.6	—
Total	1965 830	1,336.4	100.0	646.7	100.0	1,874.0	100.0	138.0	100.0	123.1	100.0
	1966 839	1,573.7	100.0	716.5	100.0	2,164.2	100.0	161.6	100.0	126.9	100.0
	1967 778	1,688.1	100.0	776.5	100.0	2,266.0	100.0	154.0	100.0	119.8	100.0
	1968 828	1,760.6	100.0	858.1	100.0	2,264.7	100.0	154.8	100.0	133.5	—

TABLE 1.23. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.23. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	88	1,194.3	49.2	537.2	47.6	2,584.5	61.9	204.3	78.5	216.4
	1966	95	1,490.6	50.3	517.3	44.3	2,637.9	56.4	119.9	59.9	97.7
	1967	107	1,752.1	52.8	617.8	47.9	3,278.5	58.7	174.2	70.5	124.6
	1968	113	1,892.5	54.2	757.3	53.1	3,716.7	55.7	235.5	63.4	181.6
75-94.9%.....	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	12	511.8	21.0	263.7	23.3	852.9	20.4	15.7	6.0	9.1
	1966	15	626.5	21.2	286.9	24.5	1,213.0	26.0	37.2	18.6	27.5
	1967	15	717.1	21.6	295.2	22.9	1,441.5	25.8	34.6	14.0	27.9
	1968	17	741.7	21.2	330.2	23.2	2,007.5	30.1	90.6	24.4	77.4
50-74.9%.....	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	19	377.9	15.5	186.1	16.5	267.1	6.4	13.6	5.2	2.8
	1966	17	409.3	13.8	197.0	16.8	279.9	6.0	11.7	5.8	1.4
	1967	19	418.8	12.6	194.2	15.1	215.3	3.9	—	—	—
	1968	23	407.2	11.6	153.9	10.8	320.4	4.8	7.3	2.0	4.1
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	96	1,421.9	—	829.4	—	2,458.3	—	253.1	—	..
	1964	103	1,645.1	—	932.0	—	2,865.5	—	215.3	—	..
	1965	119	2,084.0	85.7	987.0	87.4	3,704.5	88.7	233.6	89.7	228.3
	1966	127	2,526.4	85.3	1,001.2	85.6	4,130.8	88.4	168.8	84.3	126.6
	1967	141	2,888.0	87.0	1,107.2	85.9	4,935.3	88.4	208.7	84.5	149.0
	1968	153	3,041.4	87.0	1,241.4	87.1	6,044.6	90.6	333.4	89.8	263.1
25-49.9%.....	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1966	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1967	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1968	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5-24.9%.....	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	13	71.6	2.9	41.4	3.7	96.8	2.3	9.1	3.5	5.7
	1966	12	92.0	3.1	41.3	3.5	113.2	2.4	7.3	3.6	5.9
	1967	15	124.5	3.7	52.2	4.1	185.5	3.3	12.8	5.2	10.5
	1968	20	176.5	5.0	65.7	4.6	191.9	2.9	9.4	2.5	9.4
Under 5% - Moins de 5%.....	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	129	249.6	10.3	93.5	8.2	329.6	7.9	17.5	6.7	12.9
	1966	153	316.3	10.7	118.3	10.1	382.2	8.2	22.6	11.3	14.1
	1967	172	282.0	8.5	120.5	9.3	414.7	7.4	23.9	9.7	19.3
	1968	170	249.2	7.2	109.9	7.7	384.4	5.8	27.5	7.4	23.5
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	121	263.0	—	149.6	—	375.0	—	23.7	—	..
	1964	118	276.1	—	148.7	—	385.4	—	23.1	—	..
	1965	142	321.2	13.2	134.9	11.9	426.4	10.2	26.6	10.2	18.6
	1966	165	408.3	13.8	159.6	13.6	495.4	10.6	29.9	14.9	20.0
	1967	187	406.5	12.2	172.7	13.4	600.2	10.7	36.7	14.9	29.8
	1968	190	425.7	12.2	175.6	12.3	576.3	8.7	36.9	9.9	32.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	217	1,684.9	—	979.0	—	2,833.3	—	276.8	—	..
	1964	221	1,921.2	—	1,080.7	—	3,250.5	—	238.4	—	..
	1965	261	2,405.2	98.9	1,121.9	99.3	4,130.9	98.9	260.2	99.9	246.9
	1966	292	2,934.7	99.1	1,160.8	99.2	4,626.2	99.0	198.7	99.2	146.6
	1967	328	3,294.5	99.2	1,279.9	99.3	5,535.5	99.1	245.4	99.4	178.8
	1968	343	3,467.1	99.2	1,417.0	99.4	6,620.9	99.3	370.1	99.7	296.0
Other - Autres	1965	365	27.9	1.1	7.9	.7	45.3	1.1	.2	.1	—
	1966	317	26.8	.9	9.4	.8	47.4	1.0	1.7	.8	1.2
	1967	319	27.9	.8	8.8	.7	50.1	.9	1.5	.6	.2
	1968	347	28.3	.8	8.2	.6	48.3	.7	1.0	.3	.5
Total	1965	626	2,433.1	100.0	1,129.8	100.0	4,176.2	100.0	260.4	100.0	246.7
	1966	609	2,961.5	100.0	1,170.2	100.0	4,673.6	100.0	200.4	100.0	147.8
	1967	647	3,322.4	100.0	1,288.7	100.0	5,585.6	100.0	246.9	100.0	179.0
	1968	690	3,495.4	100.0	1,425.2	100.0	6,669.2	100.0	371.3	100.0	296.5

¹ Included in "50-74.9%" group. - Compris dans le groupe "50-74.9%".

TABLE 1.24. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.24. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'APPAREILS ET DE MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 113	403.6	27.4	200.5	27.1	626.4	28.1	46.5	33.7	39.2	42.4
	1966 123	545.3	30.9	255.1	29.4	810.2	31.1	61.4	37.5	56.0	—
	1967 139	619.5	32.5	304.8	31.7	933.9	33.8	60.7	48.2	39.8	—
	1968 141	652.7	32.0	326.6	32.4	941.6	32.4	65.5	—	50.7	—
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 22	452.3	30.7	266.9	36.1	631.0	28.3	48.1	34.9	34.4	37.2
	1966 22	512.2	29.1	290.7	33.6	725.5	27.8	56.6	34.6	44.2	—
	1967 26	549.6	28.9	307.8	31.9	742.3	26.9	32.9	26.1	20.2	—
	1968 26	569.5	27.9	317.3	31.4	771.0	26.4	27.8	—	9.5	—
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 22	68.2	4.6	35.3	4.8	97.5	4.4	7.0	5.1	6.9	7.4
	1966 21	76.1	4.3	36.5	4.2	112.2	4.3	8.2	5.0	6.8	—
	1967 18	81.2	4.3	39.3	4.1	112.3	4.1	6.7	5.3	5.8	—
	1968 18	83.2	4.1	40.9	4.0	114.9	3.9	4.5	—	4.8	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 154	786.6	—	451.1	—	1,080.7	—	59.8	—	..	..
	1964 147	849.5	—	476.2	—	1,176.1	—	84.2	—	..	..
	1965 157	924.1	62.7	502.7	68.0	1,354.9	60.8	101.6	73.7	80.5	87.0
	1966 166	1,133.6	64.3	582.3	67.2	1,647.9	63.2	126.2	77.1	107.0	—
	1967 183	1,250.3	65.7	651.9	67.7	1,788.5	64.8	100.3	79.6	65.8	—
	1968 185	1,305.4	64.0	684.8	67.8	1,827.5	62.7	97.8	—	65.0	—
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 7	17.1	1.2	5.5	.7	20.2	.9	1.0	.7	.3	.3
	1966 8	16.6	.9	5.2	.6	24.9	1.0	1.6	1.0	.9	—
	1967 10	23.4	1.2	8.4	.9	36.1	1.3	2.8	2.2	1.8	—
	1968 8	13.4	.7	3.8	.4	21.1	.7	.1	—	.2	—
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 12	270.6	18.3	132.9	18.0	474.2	21.3	20.7	15.1	2.4	2.6
	1966 13	310.7	17.7	157.7	18.1	510.0	19.6	19.3	11.8	7.8	—
	1967 10	328.8	17.3	177.8	18.5	501.7	18.2	7.5	6.0	2.1	—
	1968 9	82.0	4.0	34.5	3.4	88.6	3.0	1.1	—	.1	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 117	200.0	13.6	73.3	9.9	285.7	12.8	9.3	6.7	5.5	6.0
	1966 128	225.3	12.8	93.4	10.8	318.8	12.2	13.1	8.0	5.7	—
	1967 122	222.8	11.7	93.3	9.7	325.8	11.8	13.2	10.5	10.5	—
	1968 140	551.4	27.0	253.6	25.1	857.1	29.5	29.9	—	9.9	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 111	394.7	—	192.6	—	664.5	—	34.9	—	..	..
	1964 121	416.4	—	203.2	—	711.0	—	38.3	—	..	..
	1965 136	487.7	33.1	211.7	28.6	780.1	35.0	31.0	22.5	8.2	8.9
	1966 149	552.6	31.4	256.3	29.5	853.7	32.8	34.0	20.8	14.4	—
	1967 142	575.0	30.2	279.5	29.1	863.6	31.3	23.5	18.7	9.8	—
	1968 157	646.8	31.7	291.9	28.9	966.8	33.2	30.9	—	..	—
Reporting corporations—Total— Corporations déclarantes,	1963 265	1,181.3	—	643.7	—	1,745.2	—	94.7	—	..	..
	1964 268	1,265.9	—	679.4	—	1,887.1	—	122.5	—	..	..
	1965 293	1,411.8	95.8	714.4	96.6	2,135.0	95.8	132.6	96.2	88.7	95.9
	1966 315	1,686.2	95.7	838.6	96.7	2,501.6	96.0	160.2	97.9	105.8	—
	1967 325	1,825.3	95.9	931.4	96.8	2,652.1	96.1	123.8	98.3	80.2	—
	1968 342	1,952.2	95.7	976.7	96.7	2,794.3	95.9	128.7	—	74.8	—
Other — Autres	1965 302	61.7	4.2	25.5	3.4	93.5	4.2	5.3	3.8	3.8	4.1
	1966 310	75.9	4.3	28.8	3.3	104.1	4.0	3.4	2.1	—	—
	1967 266	78.1	4.1	30.4	3.2	108.4	3.9	2.1	1.7	—	—
	1968 283	89.8	4.3	33.4	3.3	120.8	4.1	—	—	—	—
Total	1965 595	1,473.5	100.0	739.9	100.0	2,228.5	100.0	137.9	100.0	92.5	100.0
	1966 625	1,762.1	100.0	867.4	100.0	2,605.7	100.0	163.6	100.0	105.8	—
	1967 591	1,903.4	100.0	961.8	100.0	2,760.5	100.0	125.9	100.0	80.0	—
	1968 625	2,042.0	100.0	1,010.1	100.0	2,915.1	100.0	125.3	—	73.8	—

TABLE 1.25. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.25. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON MÉTALLIQUES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenue imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 50	253.2	20.7	165.1	25.3	320.3	29.1	36.7	35.3	32.7	—	—
1966 47	285.0	20.6	173.6	24.9	295.1	24.0	35.4	31.0	26.7	—	—
1967 52	317.2	21.1	192.6	25.9	309.5	23.9	30.9	36.4	23.3	56.0	—
1968 48	349.3	21.7	218.2	28.5	333.5	25.2	28.0	31.7	22.7	35.8	—
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 4	77.1	6.3	34.0	5.2	45.7	4.1	4.2	4.1	—	—	—
1966 6	192.4	13.9	108.9	15.6	99.2	8.1	8.6	7.5	- 5.0	—	—
1967 7	204.4	13.6	114.2	15.3	108.3	8.4	7.1	8.3	—	—	—
1968 10	254.4	15.9	133.6	17.4	132.0	10.0	4.7	5.3	2.7	4.3	—
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 21	120.5	9.9	63.1	9.7	57.9	5.3	9.4	9.1	5.8	—	—
1966 18	166.1	12.0	68.3	9.8	67.1	5.5	10.3	9.0	5.3	—	—
1967 21	185.4	12.4	75.8	10.2	69.9	5.4	5.9	6.9	1.6	3.8	—
1968 23	224.4	14.0	88.3	11.5	94.1	7.1	9.0	10.2	8.1	12.8	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 68	439.1	—	248.5	—	360.3	—	39.5	—	..	..
1964 69	459.0	—	267.6	—	380.4	—	54.3	—	..	..	..
1965 75	450.8	36.9	262.2	40.2	423.9	38.5	50.3	48.5	38.5	—	—
1966 71	643.5	46.5	350.8	50.3	461.4	37.6	54.3	47.5	27.0	—	—
1967 80	707.0	47.1	382.6	51.4	487.7	37.7	43.9	51.6	24.9	59.8	—
1968 81	828.1	51.6	440.1	57.4	559.6	42.3	41.7	47.2	33.5	52.9	—
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 13	141.9	11.6	88.7	13.6	75.4	6.8	7.6	7.3	- 4.0	—	—
1966 13	60.1	4.3	20.1	2.9	64.9	5.3	3.4	3.0	.8	—	—
1967 12	66.5	4.4	23.2	3.1	68.3	5.3	3.4	4.0	2.1	5.0	—
1968 10	39.6	2.5	6.4	.8	40.3	3.0	.1	.1	.1	.2	—
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 22	219.4	17.9	122.4	18.8	161.8	14.7	25.6	24.8	14.0	—	—
1966 23	233.3	16.9	129.3	18.6	148.0	12.1	28.1	24.5	16.0	—	—
1967 22	146.5	9.3	73.1	9.8	152.2	11.8	10.4	12.2	.2	.5	—
1968 19	160.4	10.0	79.2	10.3	164.9	12.5	14.6	16.5	5.5	8.7	—
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 272	336.4	27.5	147.2	22.6	362.3	32.9	18.6	17.9	8.5	—	—
1966 281	374.7	27.1	166.8	23.9	466.2	38.0	26.4	23.1	11.6	—	—
1967 283	505.0	33.7	234.0	31.4	489.0	37.7	23.9	28.1	12.0	28.9	—
1968 302	498.9	31.1	216.6	28.3	458.6	34.7	28.4	32.1	22.1	34.9	—
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 212	427.1	—	228.8	—	389.6	—	36.7	—	..	..
1964 206	440.2	—	238.9	—	409.6	—	41.9	—	..	..	..
1965 307	697.7	57.0	358.3	55.0	599.5	54.4	51.8	50.0	18.5	—	—
1966 317	668.1	48.3	316.2	45.4	679.1	55.4	57.9	50.6	28.4	—	—
1967 317	718.0	47.9	330.3	44.3	709.5	54.8	37.7	44.3	14.3	34.4	—
1968 331	698.9	43.6	302.2	39.4	663.8	50.2	43.1	48.7	27.7	43.8	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 280	866.2	—	477.3	—	749.9	—	76.2	—	..	..
1964 275	899.2	—	506.5	—	790.0	—	96.2	—	..	..	..
1965 382	1,148.5	93.9	620.5	95.2	1,023.4	92.9	102.1	98.5	57.0	—	—
1966 388	1,311.6	94.8	667.0	95.7	1,140.5	93.0	112.2	98.1	55.4	—	—
1967 397	1,425.0	95.0	712.9	95.7	1,197.2	92.5	81.6	95.9	39.2	94.1	—
1968 412	1,527.0	95.2	742.3	96.8	1,223.4	92.5	84.8	95.9	61.2	96.7	—
Other — Autres	1965 645	74.8	6.1	31.6	4.8	78.3	7.1	1.6	1.5	- 1.3	—
1966 598	71.3	5.2	29.9	4.3	86.3	7.0	2.2	1.9	1.6	—	—
1967 609	74.5	5.0	32.1	4.3	96.4	7.5	3.5	4.1	2.4	5.1	—
1968 539	76.6	4.8	24.5	3.2	99.3	7.5	3.6	4.1	2.1	3.7	—
Total	1965 1,027	1,223.3	100.0	652.1	100.0	1,101.7	100.0	103.7	100.0	55.7	—
1966 986	1,382.9	100.0	696.9	100.0	1,226.8	100.0	114.4	100.0	57.0	—	—
1967 1,006	1,499.5	100.0	745.0	100.0	1,293.6	100.0	85.1	100.0	41.6	100.0	—
1968 951	1,603.6	100.0	766.8	100.0	1,322.7	100.0	88.4	100.0	63.3	100.0	—

TABLE 1.26. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS, 1963-1968

**TABLEAU 1.26. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1963-1968**

[illegible]

TABLE 1.27. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.27. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS CHIMIQUES ET AUTRES PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus.....	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 217	1,043.6	52.9	656.9	54.7	1,246.0	56.2	138.8	63.0	109.0	—
	1966 226	1,212.6	55.1	699.4	55.8	1,414.2	57.5	147.1	64.5	127.4	—
	1967 223	1,269.4	50.8	710.5	51.8	1,347.3	52.7	131.5	—	110.2	—
	1968 223	1,451.9	53.1	811.0	56.0	1,513.0	55.9	152.1	66.4	125.1	60.8
75-94.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 21	499.1	25.3	310.2	25.8	451.2	20.4	50.2	22.8	30.3	—
	1966 23	535.5	24.3	324.7	25.8	498.2	20.3	54.8	24.0	31.2	—
	1967 24	682.5	27.4	416.1	30.3	598.1	23.4	50.8	—	39.9	—
	1968 19	247.2	9.0	152.4	10.5	227.5	8.4	28.6	12.5	29.8	14.5
50-74.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 37	80.9	4.1	41.2	3.4	100.2	4.5	6.5	2.9	5.2	—
	1966 36	108.6	4.9	43.9	3.5	116.5	4.7	6.7	2.9	4.1	—
	1967 41	120.4	4.8	49.6	3.6	132.3	5.2	7.0	—	4.4	—
	1968 49	526.0	19.2	282.7	19.5	455.8	16.8	22.9	10.0	28.3	13.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel.....	1963 236	1,268.3	—	788.4	—	1,441.6	—	158.8	—	..	..
	1964 240	1,455.9	—	890.1	—	1,660.6	—	186.8	—	..	..
	1965 275	1,623.6	82.3	1,008.3	83.9	1,797.4	81.1	195.5	88.7	144.5	—
	1966 285	1,856.7	84.3	1,068.0	85.1	2,028.9	82.5	208.6	91.4	162.7	—
	1967 288	2,072.3	83.0	1,176.2	85.7	2,077.7	81.3	183.3	—	154.5	—
	1968 291	2,225.1	81.3	1,246.1	86.0	2,196.3	81.1	203.6	88.9	183.2	89.1
25-49.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 13	18.3	.9	8.8	.7	27.0	1.2	2.0	.9	.8	—
	1966 13	23.3	1.1	9.0	.7	28.1	1.1	1.8	.8	.1	—
	1967 16	25.6	1.0	13.5	1.0	37.0	1.4	2.5	—	1.6	—
	1968 15	29.0	1.1	13.3	.9	46.1	1.7	1.9	.8	1.7	.8
5-24.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 10	10.7	.5	4.1	.3	12.4	.6	.2	.1	—	—
	1966 14	16.9	.8	6.7	.5	19.3	.8	.3	.1	—	—
	1967 13	31.9	1.3	9.2	.7	31.5	1.2	—	—	—	—
	1968 10	27.1	1.0	5.7	.4	19.8	.7	.5	.2	1.0	.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 133	161.0	8.2	70.0	5.9	214.4	9.6	14.8	6.7	13.1	—
	1966 137	143.0	6.4	67.7	5.4	223.7	9.1	12.6	5.5	11.8	—
	1967 143	193.7	7.8	68.4	4.9	241.5	9.5	12.7	—	10.8	—
	1968 143	262.1	9.6	73.6	5.1	258.3	9.6	14.7	6.4	12.5	6.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 134	193.5	—	109.8	—	273.9	—	17.9	—	..	..
	1964 133	188.7	—	95.1	—	274.5	—	16.0	—	..	..
	1965 156	190.0	9.6	82.9	6.9	253.8	11.4	17.0	7.7	13.8	—
	1966 164	183.2	8.3	83.4	6.6	271.1	11.0	14.7	6.4	12.0	—
	1967 172	251.2	10.1	91.1	6.6	310.0	12.1	14.6	—	11.2	—
	1968 168	318.2	11.7	92.6	6.4	324.2	12.0	17.1	7.4	15.2	7.4
Reporting corporations — Total —	1963 370	1,461.8	—	898.2	—	1,715.5	—	176.7	—	..	..
Corporations déclarantes.	1964 373	1,644.6	—	985.2	—	1,935.1	—	202.8	—	..	..
	1965 431	1,813.6	91.9	1,091.2	90.8	2,051.2	92.5	212.5	96.4	158.3	—
	1966 449	2,039.9	92.6	1,151.4	91.7	2,300.0	93.5	223.3	97.8	174.7	—
	1967 460	2,323.5	93.1	1,267.3	92.3	2,387.7	93.4	203.9	—	165.7	—
	1968 459	2,543.3	93.0	1,338.7	92.4	2,520.5	93.1	220.7	96.3	198.4	96.5
Other — Autres	1965 627	159.9	8.1	110.7	9.2	165.5	7.5	8.0	3.6	3.8	—
	1966 531	163.7	7.4	104.9	8.3	160.2	6.5	5.1	2.2	—	—
	1967 478	171.2	6.9	105.5	7.7	167.7	6.6	5.3	—	1.7	—
	1968 445	191.8	7.0	109.6	7.6	185.5	6.9	8.4	3.7	7.4	3.5
Total	1965 1,058	1,973.5	100.0	1,201.9	100.0	2,216.7	100.0	220.5	100.0	162.1	—
	1966 980	2,203.6	100.0	1,256.3	100.0	2,460.2	100.0	258.4	100.0	173.4	—
	1967 938	2,494.7	100.0	1,372.8	100.0	2,555.4	100.0	203.2	—	167.4	—
	1968 904	2,735.1	100.0	1,448.3	100.0	2,706.0	100.0	229.1	100.0	205.8	100.0

TABLE 1.28. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING,
1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.28. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIÈRES DIVERSES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 132	293.5	43.9	142.1	47.9	362.4	40.4	11.8	34.2	36.4	71.4
	1966 135	325.5	44.6	161.1	50.3	402.1	40.4	44.4	—	33.4	—
	1967 138	314.8	40.5	155.8	44.1	407.7	36.9	46.3	59.0	43.1	62.4
	1968 153	403.4	45.8	203.9	51.2	505.7	41.8	57.8	61.2	45.2	60.4
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 16	19.6	2.9	8.1	2.7	24.4	2.7	2.1	6.1	1.6	3.1
	1966 19	37.3	5.1	13.7	4.3	46.9	4.7	3.8	—	3.4	—
	1967 19	34.7	4.5	14.7	4.2	50.7	4.6	3.9	5.0	3.6	5.2
	1968 17	42.7	4.8	18.1	4.5	61.6	5.1	6.7	7.1	6.2	8.3
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 15	33.3	5.0	17.1	5.8	52.0	5.8	3.3	9.6	2.0	3.9
	1966 23	27.7	3.8	12.5	3.9	42.9	4.3	—	—	—	—
	1967 23	28.8	3.7	13.4	3.8	49.1	4.5	3.3	4.2	2.9	4.2
	1968 23	29.2	3.3	13.2	3.3	52.0	4.3	3.6	3.8	2.9	3.9
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 139	321.7	—	165.7	—	381.4	—	31.8	—	..	—
	1964 146	331.1	—	165.5	—	395.5	—	37.1	—	..	—
	1965 163	346.4	51.8	167.3	56.4	438.8	48.9	17.2	49.9	40.0	78.4
	1966 177	390.5	53.5	187.3	58.5	491.9	49.4	47.6	—	35.6	—
	1967 180	378.3	48.7	183.9	52.1	507.5	46.0	53.5	68.2	49.6	71.8
	1968 193	475.3	53.9	235.2	59.0	619.3	51.2	68.1	72.1	54.3	72.6
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 12	7.8	1.2	3.6	1.2	11.8	1.3	.6	1.7	.5	1.0
	1966 12	9.7	1.3	4.0	1.2	13.9	1.4	.4	—	.2	—
	1967 15	18.9	2.4	7.4	2.1	30.0	2.7	2.2	2.8	.9	1.3
	1968 14	38.7	4.4	18.1	4.5	38.7	3.2	3.8	4.0	3.5	4.7
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 10	13.5	2.0	7.8	2.6	16.0	1.8	1.0	2.9	.6	1.2
	1966 11	12.5	1.7	6.3	2.0	16.1	1.6	.9	—	.6	—
	1967 17	17.7	2.3	7.9	2.2	26.5	2.4	1.7	2.2	.5	.7
	1968 17	39.6	4.5	19.9	5.0	47.0	3.9	3.4	3.6	.4	.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 256	208.2	31.2	85.3	28.7	286.0	31.9	12.1	35.1	7.1	13.9
	1966 274	225.0	30.8	89.7	28.0	315.9	31.7	13.3	—	7.7	—
	1967 288	228.8	29.5	94.5	26.8	334.1	30.3	14.1	17.9	12.0	17.4
	1968 318	238.7	27.1	95.5	23.9	356.2	29.4	15.8	16.7	14.3	19.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 203	163.9	—	78.3	—	237.5	—	10.7	—	..	—
	1964 201	177.7	—	82.6	—	246.3	—	12.4	—	..	—
	1965 278	229.5	34.4	96.7	32.5	313.8	35.0	13.7	39.7	8.2	16.1
	1966 297	247.2	33.8	100.0	31.2	345.9	34.7	14.6	—	8.5	—
	1967 320	265.4	34.2	109.8	31.1	390.6	35.4	18.0	22.9	13.4	19.4
	1968 349	317.0	36.0	133.5	33.4	441.9	36.5	23.0	24.3	18.2	24.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 342	485.6	—	244.0	—	618.9	—	42.5	—	..	—
	1964 347	508.8	—	248.1	—	641.8	—	49.5	—	..	—
	1965 441	575.9	86.2	264.0	88.9	752.6	83.9	30.9	89.6	48.2	94.5
	1966 474	637.7	87.3	287.3	89.7	837.6	84.1	62.2	—	44.1	—
	1967 500	643.7	82.9	293.7	83.2	898.1	81.4	71.5	91.1	63.0	91.2
	1968 542	792.3	89.9	368.7	92.4	1,061.2	87.7	91.1	96.4	72.5	96.9
Other — Autres	1965 1,408	92.2	13.8	33.1	11.1	144.5	16.1	3.6	10.4	2.8	5.5
	1966 1,297	92.5	12.7	33.0	10.3	158.0	15.9	4.7	—	3.6	—
	1967 1,251	132.5	17.1	59.4	16.8	205.6	18.6	7.0	8.9	6.1	8.8
	1968 1,190	88.5	10.1	30.6	7.6	148.2	12.3	3.4	3.6	2.3	3.1
Total	1965 1,849	668.1	100.0	297.1	100.0	897.1	100.0	34.5	100.0	51.0	100.0
	1966 1,771	730.2	100.0	320.3	100.0	995.8	100.0	66.9	—	47.7	—
	1967 1,751	776.2	100.0	353.1	100.0	1,103.7	100.0	78.5	100.0	69.1	100.0
	1968 1,732	880.8	100.0	399.3	100.0	1,209.4	100.0	94.5	100.0	74.8	100.0

TABLE 1.29. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL MANUFACTURING, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.29. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIÈRES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	1,369	7,924.0	24.1	4,285.4	24.0	10,695.6	28.2	925.1	29.4	852.2	41.6
	1966	1,421	9,310.2	25.5	4,594.4	24.3	12,071.7	29.4	907.9	28.4	764.8	41.0
	1967	1,496	10,256.7	26.1	4,984.4	24.9	13,245.6	30.3	914.4	30.7	706.4	39.1
	1968	1,556	11,132.1	26.4	5,506.8	26.0	14,320.9	30.4	1,054.7	30.8	836.3	35.9
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	208	4,794.2	14.6	3,041.0	17.1	4,977.2	13.1	397.0	12.6	212.9	10.4
	1966	209	4,113.8	11.3	2,431.4	12.8	4,277.1	10.4	344.0	10.7	171.5	9.2
	1967	218	4,514.9	11.4	2,643.9	13.2	4,764.3	10.9	267.3	9.0	151.5	8.4
	1968	216	5,813.4	13.8	3,504.7	16.6	6,751.8	14.3	509.2	14.9	268.2	11.5
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	288	5,497.1	16.7	3,039.7	17.1	3,887.9	10.3	560.5	17.9	278.8	13.6
	1966	326	7,168.9	19.6	4,236.3	22.3	5,555.3	13.5	666.7	20.8	292.2	15.7
	1967	325	7,591.0	19.2	4,266.3	21.3	5,525.5	12.6	634.3	21.3	290.0	16.1
	1968	380	7,533.9	17.9	3,859.9	18.2	4,839.2	10.3	606.8	17.7	349.2	15.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	1,622	15,425.3	—	9,181.5	—	15,715.5	—	1,430.1	—	..	..
	1964	1,644	16,420.6	—	9,748.7	—	17,334.1	—	1,760.3	—	..	..
	1965	1,865	18,215.3	55.4	10,366.1	58.2	19,560.7	51.6	1,882.6	59.9	1,343.9	65.6
	1966	1,956	20,592.9	56.4	11,262.1	59.4	21,904.1	53.3	1,918.6	59.9	1,228.5	65.9
	1967	2,039	22,362.6	56.7	11,894.6	59.4	23,535.4	53.8	1,816.0	61.0	1,147.9	63.6
	1968	2,152	24,479.4	58.1	12,871.4	60.8	25,911.9	55.0	2,170.7	63.4	1,453.7	62.4
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	171	1,655.9	5.0	954.4	5.4	1,348.5	3.6	181.8	5.8	93.2	4.5
	1966	176	1,587.1	4.3	837.2	4.4	1,371.8	3.3	151.8	4.7	74.8	4.0
	1967	181	1,832.3	4.6	949.0	4.7	1,372.7	3.1	105.7	3.6	25.0	1.4
	1968	170	2,868.3	6.8	1,431.3	6.8	1,747.3	3.7	184.2	5.4	101.3	4.3
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	324	5,183.8	15.8	2,926.5	16.4	4,378.8	11.6	548.6	17.5	223.4	10.9
	1966	334	5,912.7	16.2	3,064.7	16.1	4,511.6	11.0	533.4	16.6	169.7	9.1
	1967	369	6,622.8	16.8	3,251.7	16.2	5,150.2	11.8	503.8	16.8	228.8	12.7
	1968	368	5,571.1	13.2	2,723.8	12.9	4,621.0	9.8	442.5	12.9	289.0	12.4
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	5,078	6,352.3	19.3	2,924.6	16.4	10,226.7	27.0	461.0	14.7	322.4	15.7
	1966	5,480	7,000.4	19.2	3,224.3	17.0	11,170.4	27.1	535.8	16.8	352.3	18.9
	1967	5,704	7,323.7	18.6	3,358.7	16.8	11,486.8	26.3	478.1	16.1	353.8	19.6
	1968	5,841	7,848.2	18.6	3,547.2	16.7	12,548.3	26.7	564.3	16.5	434.7	18.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	4,495	10,432.1	—	5,952.3	—	13,089.5	—	1,051.7	—	..	..
	1964	4,441	11,446.5	—	6,309.5	—	14,173.6	—	1,192.8	—	..	..
	1965	5,573	13,192.0	40.1	6,805.5	38.2	15,954.0	42.2	1,191.4	38.0	639.0	31.1
	1966	5,990	14,500.2	39.7	7,126.2	37.5	17,053.8	41.4	1,221.0	38.1	596.8	32.0
	1967	6,254	15,778.8	40.0	7,559.4	37.7	18,009.7	41.2	1,087.6	36.5	607.6	33.7
	1968	6,379	16,287.6	38.6	7,702.3	36.4	18,916.6	40.2	1,191.0	34.8	825.0	35.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1963	6,117	25,857.4	—	15,133.8	—	28,805.0	—	2,481.8	—	..	..
	1964	6,085	27,867.1	—	16,058.2	—	31,507.7	—	2,953.1	—	..	..
	1965	7,438	31,407.3	95.5	17,171.6	96.4	35,514.7	93.8	3,074.0	97.9	1,982.9	96.7
	1966	7,946	35,093.1	96.1	18,388.3	96.9	38,957.9	94.7	3,139.6	98.0	1,825.3	97.9
	1967	8,293	38,141.4	96.7	19,454.0	97.1	41,545.1	95.0	2,903.6	97.5	1,755.5	97.3
	1968	8,531	40,767.0	96.7	20,573.7	97.2	44,828.5	95.2	3,361.7	98.2	2,278.7	97.8
Other — Autres	1965	14,067	1,469.1	4.5	633.0	3.6	2,366.2	6.2	64.8	2.1	68.6	3.3
	1966	12,988	1,430.0	3.9	595.6	3.1	2,196.6	5.3	64.6	2.0	39.9	2.1
	1967	12,333	1,320.6	3.3	573.9	2.9	2,182.6	5.0	73.7	2.5	48.8	2.7
	1968	12,238	1,396.0	3.3	600.5	2.8	2,252.3	4.8	62.8	1.8	52.3	2.2
Total	1965	21,505	32,876.4	100.0	17,804.6	100.0	37,880.9	100.0	3,138.8	100.0	2,051.5	100.0
	1966	20,934	36,523.1	100.0	18,983.9	100.0	41,154.5	100.0	3,204.2	100.0	1,865.2	100.0
	1967	20,626	39,462.0	100.0	20,027.9	100.0	43,727.7	100.0	2,977.3	100.0	1,804.3	100.0
	1968	20,769	42,163.0	100.0	21,174.2	100.0	47,080.8	100.0	3,424.5	100.0	2,331.0	100.0

TABLE 1.30. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CONSTRUCTION, 1963-1968
TABLEAU 1.30. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, CONSTRUCTION, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
		\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	98	254.4	7.1	83.9	9.5	459.4	7.9	11.2	7.1	3.8
	1966	102	449.7	10.3	95.7	9.3	757.0	10.3	26.4	10.6	11.0
	1967	112	562.4	11.8	103.2	8.5	786.0	9.6	24.2	8.5	16.2
	1968	99	587.6	11.3	106.2	7.7	727.6	8.8	26.6	8.8	28.9
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	19	59.0	1.6	7.5	.8	60.9	1.0	3.6	2.3	1.5
	1966	19	76.8	1.8	5.5	.5	75.9	1.0	1.0	.4	1.4
	1967	14	25.5	.5	5.9	.5	49.3	.6	1.6	.6	1.1
	1968	19	20.7	.4	8.8	.6	49.1	.6	3.0	1.0	2.3
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	25	41.9	1.2	7.9	.9	96.4	1.6	2.2	1.4	1.7
	1966	27	39.7	.9	5.1	.5	81.2	1.1	2.2	.9	1.5
	1967	26	81.7	1.7	8.0	.7	95.2	1.2	3.4	1.2	2.3
	1968	22	109.9	2.1	31.2	2.3	119.5	1.4	8.4	2.8	6.0
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	140	278.6	—	96.0	—	456.2	—	11.9	—	..
	1964	126	292.7	—	104.4	—	449.7	—	13.7	—	..
	1965	142	355.3	9.9	99.3	11.2	616.7	10.5	17.0	10.8	7.0
	1966	148	566.2	13.0	106.3	10.3	914.1	12.4	29.6	11.9	12.9
	1967	152	669.6	14.0	117.1	9.7	930.5	11.4	29.2	10.3	19.6
	1968	140	718.2	13.8	146.2	10.6	896.2	10.8	38.0	12.6	37.2
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	20	48.8	1.4	12.4	1.4	58.4	1.0	4.1	2.6	.7
	1966	19	57.1	1.3	16.0	1.6	96.8	1.3	5.1	2.0	1.9
	1967	22	50.0	1.0	13.7	1.1	71.1	.9	3.1	1.1	1.9
	1968	30	113.3	2.2	28.6	2.1	110.4	1.3	5.4	1.8	2.5
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	40	128.7	3.6	27.9	3.1	253.6	4.3	3.3	2.1	- 1.2
	1966	47	133.9	3.1	35.5	3.4	218.4	3.0	6.1	2.4	.9
	1967	40	117.8	2.5	39.5	3.3	166.2	2.0	6.0	2.1	1.9
	1968	32	76.3	1.5	27.3	2.0	153.1	1.9	4.2	1.4	3.3
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	2,860	2,290.4	63.7	513.6	57.9	3,523.6	59.7	92.1	58.3	46.2
	1966	3,356	2,859.1	65.7	633.5	61.5	4,650.0	62.9	152.2	61.1	87.0
	1967	3,691	3,100.0	64.8	765.4	63.1	5,282.8	64.4	179.5	63.5	109.6
	1968	3,902	3,361.7	64.6	871.0	62.9	5,288.7	64.1	188.1	62.1	121.5
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	1,877	1,554.7	—	446.5	—	2,643.4	—	47.4	—	..
	1964	1,790	1,695.9	—	422.2	—	2,698.1	—	54.4	—	..
	1965	2,920	2,467.9	68.7	553.9	62.4	3,835.6	65.0	99.5	63.0	45.7
	1966	3,422	3,050.1	70.1	685.0	66.5	4,965.2	67.2	163.4	65.5	89.8
	1967	3,753	3,267.8	68.3	818.6	67.5	5,520.1	67.3	188.6	66.7	113.4
	1968	3,964	3,551.3	68.3	926.9	67.0	5,552.2	67.3	197.7	65.3	127.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	2,017	1,833.3	—	542.5	—	3,099.6	—	59.3	—	..
	1964	1,916	1,988.6	—	526.6	—	3,147.8	—	68.1	—	..
	1965	3,062	2,823.2	78.3	653.2	73.6	4,452.3	75.5	116.5	73.8	52.7
	1966	3,570	3,616.3	83.1	791.3	76.8	5,879.3	79.6	193.0	77.4	102.7
	1967	3,905	3,937.4	82.3	935.7	77.2	6,450.6	78.7	217.8	77.0	133.0
	1968	4,104	4,269.5	82.1	1,073.1	77.6	6,448.4	78.1	235.7	77.9	164.5
Other - Autres	1965	12,269	767.8	21.4	234.6	26.4	1,447.5	24.5	41.4	26.2	32.1
	1966	11,287	735.3	16.9	239.5	23.2	1,508.9	20.4	56.5	22.6	46.3
	1967	12,283	847.2	17.7	276.4	22.8	1,743.3	21.3	65.1	23.0	55.1
	1968	13,587	929.9	17.9	310.5	22.4	1,803.2	21.9	67.0	22.1	56.9
Total	1965	15,331	3,591.0	100.0	887.8	100.0	5,899.8	100.0	157.9	100.0	84.8
	1966	14,857	4,349.6	100.0	1,030.8	100.0	7,388.2	100.0	249.5	100.0	149.0
	1967	16,188	4,784.6	100.0	1,212.1	100.0	8,193.9	100.0	282.9	100.0	188.1
	1968	17,691	5,199.4	100.0	1,383.6	100.0	8,251.6	100.0	302.7	100.0	221.4

TABLE 1.31. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORTATION, 1965-1968
TABLEAU 1.31. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 68	166.6	1.7	71.1	1.6	160.8	4.2	13.0	4.1	10.1	4.7
	1966 71	185.4	1.7	69.5	1.5	156.7	3.6	12.6	3.9	8.7	3.6
	1967 71	200.6	1.8	67.7	1.4	175.3	3.7	13.7	4.5	11.7	5.3
	1968 75	221.3	1.9	76.5	1.5	203.7	3.9	14.3	4.3	11.2	5.5
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 18	53.2	.5	18.6	.4	23.9	.6	7.7	2.4	5.3	2.5
	1966 19	91.0	.9	27.0	.6	27.0	.6	6.5	2.0	3.0	1.2
	1967 17	94.0	.8	20.0	.4	27.8	.6	8.7	2.9	2.7	1.2
	1968 23	137.4	1.2	45.0	.9	57.0	1.1	15.3	4.6	8.7	4.3
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 49	525.7	5.2	160.5	3.6	214.4	5.7	31.4	10.0	17.1	7.8
	1966 44	533.4	5.0	166.5	3.5	226.5	5.1	29.0	8.9	17.2	7.2
	1967 40	530.9	4.8	172.7	3.6	226.2	4.8	29.7	9.8	17.6	8.1
	1968 38	625.0	5.3	187.4	3.8	222.6	4.3	30.2	9.0	10.4	5.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 135	745.5	7.4	250.2	5.6	399.1	10.5	52.1	16.5	32.5	15.0
	1966 134	809.8	7.6	263.0	5.6	410.2	9.3	48.1	14.8	28.9	12.0
	1967 128	825.5	7.4	260.4	5.4	429.3	9.1	52.1	17.2	32.0	14.6
	1968 136	983.7	8.4	308.9	6.2	483.3	9.3	59.8	17.9	30.3	14.9
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 27	305.6	3.0	106.3	2.4	132.6	3.5	50.7	16.1	30.9	14.4
	1966 36	378.3	3.6	133.2	2.9	143.2	3.2	46.1	14.1	34.3	14.3
	1967 40	385.6	3.5	132.4	2.8	173.3	3.7	48.7	16.1	34.6	15.8
	1968 43	425.0	3.6	151.3	3.0	295.2	5.7	58.2	17.4	38.7	18.9
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 42	1,000.6	10.0	236.2	5.3	321.9	8.5	53.8	17.1	29.4	13.6
	1966 43	1,007.5	9.5	305.1	6.5	334.2	7.6	53.6	16.4	11.7	4.9
	1967 58	1,151.9	10.4	357.8	7.4	460.9	9.8	63.9	21.0	35.4	16.2
	1968 60	1,221.3	10.4	415.4	8.4	430.2	8.3	59.4	17.8	31.6	15.5
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 686	707.0	7.0	300.5	6.6	766.4	20.1	47.7	15.2	27.5	12.7
	1966 767	791.7	7.5	305.8	6.5	882.7	20.0	48.6	14.9	28.8	12.0
	1967 877	853.5	7.7	320.4	6.7	985.5	21.1	49.9	16.5	31.0	14.2
	1968 916	935.6	8.0	348.5	7.0	1,085.1	21.0	42.9	12.8	28.0	13.7
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 755	2,013.2	20.0	643.0	14.3	1,220.9	32.1	152.2	48.4	87.8	40.7
	1966 846	2,177.5	20.6	744.1	15.9	1,360.1	30.8	148.3	45.4	74.8	31.2
	1967 975	2,391.0	21.6	810.6	16.9	1,619.7	34.6	162.5	53.6	101.0	46.2
	1968 1,019	2,581.9	22.0	915.2	18.4	1,810.5	35.0	160.5	48.0	98.4	48.1
Reporting corporations — Total — 1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Corporations déclarantes.	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 890	2,758.7	27.4	893.2	19.9	1,620.0	42.6	204.3	64.9	120.3	55.7
	1966 980	2,987.3	28.2	1,007.1	21.5	1,770.3	40.1	196.4	60.2	103.7	43.7
	1967 1,103	3,216.5	29.0	1,071.0	22.3	2,049.0	43.7	214.6	70.8	133.0	60.8
	1968 1,155	3,565.6	30.4	1,224.1	24.6	2,293.8	44.3	220.3	65.9	128.7	63.0
Other — Autres	1965 4,686	7,311.7	72.6	3,599.4	80.1	2,180.4	57.4	110.4	35.1	95.7	44.2
	1966 4,577	7,609.4	71.8	3,669.4	78.5	2,643.1	59.9	129.6	39.8	136.6	56.8
	1967 4,666	7,890.7	71.0	3,732.7	77.7	2,643.8	56.3	88.7	29.2	85.8	39.0
	1968 4,907	8,182.0	69.6	3,754.9	75.4	2,885.7	55.7	114.2	34.1	75.5	37.0
Total	1965 5,576	10,070.4	100.0	4,492.6	100.0	3,800.4	100.0	314.7	100.0	216.0	100.0
	1966 5,557	10,596.7	100.0	4,676.5	100.0	4,413.4	100.0	326.0	100.0	240.3	100.0
	1967 5,769	11,107.2	100.0	4,803.7	100.0	4,692.8	100.0	303.3	100.0	218.8	100.0
	1968 6,062	11,747.6	100.0	4,979.0	100.0	5,179.5	100.0	334.5	100.0	204.2	100.0

TABLE 1.32. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, STORAGE, 1965-1968
TABLEAU 1.32. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ENTREPOSAGE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable		
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	—	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus.....	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	Not available — Non disponible										
75-94.9%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	Not available — Non disponible										
50-74.9%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	Not available — Non disponible										
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1963	13	74.4	10.2	47.5	22.9	31.0	7.2	4.3	15.7	3.8	34.9
	1964	13	82.3	22.2	52.9	36.8	38.7	25.5	7.3	43.7	4.2	33.6
	1965	14	93.6	23.7	57.5	37.5	38.2	22.2	5.9	31.7	4.2	30.7
	1966	13	111.8	24.7	61.6	39.2	47.6	25.9	2.6	15.5	.6	7.4
	1967											
	1968											
25-49.9%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	Not available — Non disponible										
5-24.9%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	Not available — Non disponible										
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	Not available — Non disponible										
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1963	88	626.9	85.7	147.5	71.0	376.6	87.8	20.7	75.5	6.5	59.6
	1964	83	270.0	73.0	83.3	57.9	97.7	64.3	8.7	52.1	6.6	52.8
	1965	79	278.8	70.4	86.7	56.6	117.5	68.2	11.5	61.8	8.5	62.0
	1966	82	321.5	71.0	87.8	55.8	116.7	63.6	12.9	76.8	6.5	80.2
	1967											
	1968											
Reporting corporations—Total— Corporations déclarantes,	1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1963	101	701.3	95.9	195.0	93.9	407.6	95.0	25.0	91.2	10.3	94.5
	1964	96	352.3	95.2	136.2	94.7	136.4	89.8	16.0	95.8	10.8	86.4
	1965	93	372.4	94.1	144.2	94.1	155.7	90.4	17.4	93.5	12.7	92.7
	1966	95	433.3	95.7	149.4	95.0	164.3	89.5	15.5	92.3	7.1	87.6
	1967											
	1968											
Other — Autres	1965 1966 1967 1968	481 441 225 229	30.3 17.7 23.2 19.6	4.1 4.8 5.9 4.3	12.6 7.6 9.0 7.8	6.1 5.3 5.9 5.0	21.5 15.5 16.6 19.3	5.0 10.2 9.6 10.5	2.4 .7 1.2 1.3	8.8 4.2 6.5 7.7	.6 1.7 1.0 1.0	5.5 13.6 7.3 12.4
Total	1965 1966 1967 1968	582 537 318 324	731.6 370.0 395.6 452.9	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	207.6 143.8 153.2 157.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	429.1 151.9 112.3 183.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	27.4 16.7 18.6 16.8	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	10.9 12.5 13.7 8.1	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0

TABLE 1.33. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, COMMUNICATIONS, 1965 - 1968
TABLEAU 1.33. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMUNICATIONS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
75 - 94.9%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
50 - 74.9%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	11	27.5	.9	15.4	1.0	8.9	.9	2.3	1.5	1.9
	1966	13	22.9	.6	12.1	.6	9.9	.9	2.7	.9	1.9
	1967	10	20.5	.5	11.3	.6	7.7	.6	2.1	.7	1.9
	1968	8	16.7	.4	9.5	.5	4.9	.3	2.0	.6	1.6
25 - 49.9%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
5 - 24.9%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	Not available — Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	55	352.5	11.1	161.7	9.9	89.3	9.3	22.8	14.5	16.1
	1966	65	452.8	12.2	196.4	10.3	110.7	9.8	26.1	8.7	16.1
	1967	62	493.1	12.1	211.4	10.9	116.6	9.7	27.9	9.5	16.4
	1968	42	464.8	10.5	200.5	9.9	121.6	8.3	29.0	9.3	16.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	66	380.0	12.0	177.1	10.9	98.2	10.2	25.1	16.0	18.0
	1966	78	475.7	12.8	208.5	10.9	120.6	10.7	28.8	9.6	18.0
	1967	72	513.6	12.6	222.7	11.5	124.3	10.3	30.0	10.2	18.3
	1968	50	481.5	10.9	210.0	10.4	126.5	8.6	31.0	9.9	17.8
Other — Autres	1965	536	2,787.6	88.0	1,442.0	89.1	867.3	89.8	132.0	84.0	110.3
	1966	506	3,238.6	87.2	1,703.8	89.1	1,004.9	89.3	272.2	90.4	115.2
	1967	503	3,553.5	87.4	1,716.2	88.5	1,084.3	89.7	264.5	89.8	115.2
	1968	548	3,934.9	89.1	1,802.4	89.6	1,340.0	91.4	280.6	90.1	110.3
Total	1965	602	3,167.6	100.0	1,619.1	100.0	965.5	100.0	157.1	100.0	128.3
	1966	584	3,714.3	100.0	1,912.3	100.0	1,125.5	100.0	301.0	100.0	133.2
	1967	575	4,067.1	100.0	1,938.9	100.0	1,208.6	100.0	294.5	100.0	133.2
	1968	598	4,416.4	100.0	2,012.4	100.0	1,466.5	100.0	311.6	100.0	133.2

TABLE 1.34. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1963 - 1968

TABLEAU 1.34. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1963 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income Revenu imposable	
	No. — Nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 8	55.3	3.0	26.3	3.5	1.38	2.5	5.4	5.2	5.8	9.1
	1966 9	62.8	3.2	32.0	3.8	59.9	9.4	6.1	5.7	5.6	7.8
	1967 9	64.5	3.0	32.8	3.5	69.4	9.8	3.8	3.1	3.9	4.8
	1968 9	64.4	2.8	33.2	3.5	77.9	10.3	5.2	4.0	4.9	5.9
75% — 94.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 3	43.9	2.4	15.5	2.1	9.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.1	1.7
	1966 4	43.9	2.2	17.2	2.0	11.5	1.8	2.2	2.1	2.3	3.2
	1967 3	35.1	1.6	15.5	1.6	10.2	1.4	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.8
	1968 4	39.6	1.7	17.7	1.9	12.3	1.6	2.6	2.0	2.8	3.4
50 - 74.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 11	113.7	6.3	42.8	5.7	34.2	6.4	6.7	6.6	5.5	8.4
	1966 9	113.8	5.8	46.5	5.5	41.4	6.5	7.0	6.5	6.1	8.6
	1967 7	59.4	2.7	35.2	3.7	26.4	3.7	4.7	3.9	4.8	5.9
	1968 12	263.8	11.2	122.4	13.1	100.9	13.4	19.3	14.8	15.7	19.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 24	223.4	—	94.6	—	67.2	—	15.3	—	..	..
	1964 22	208.8	—	85.4	—	52.5	—	11.7	—	..	..
	1965 22	212.9	11.7	84.6	11.3	57.9	10.7	13.9	13.5	12.2	19.2
	1966 22	220.5	11.2	95.7	11.3	112.8	17.7	15.3	14.4	14.0	19.6
	1967 19	159.0	7.3	83.5	8.8	106.0	14.9	10.6	8.7	11.0	13.5
	1968 25	367.8	15.7	173.3	18.5	191.1	25.3	27.1	20.8	23.4	28.3
25 - 49.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 15	276.3	15.2	122.8	16.4	82.0	15.1	20.5	19.9	15.5	24.4
	1966 9	219.1	11.1	89.0	10.6	60.8	9.5	14.3	13.4	10.0	14.0
	1967 13	351.4	16.2	137.8	14.6	92.1	13.0	20.6	16.8	13.6	16.7
	1968 8	155.6	6.6	54.3	5.8	33.2	4.4	7.7	5.9	1.9	2.3
5 - 24.9%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 23	837.1	46.2	336.6	45.1	243.9	45.0	43.9	42.6	24.8	39.2
	1966 23	889.4	45.2	387.7	45.9	250.0	39.3	41.7	39.2	25.4	35.6
	1967 23	972.6	44.9	411.2	43.4	271.0	38.1	46.7	38.2	27.1	33.3
	1968 20	584.2	25.0	220.5	23.5	181.7	24.0	40.4	30.9	27.0	32.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964 ..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965 37	475.2	26.2	197.0	26.4	148.0	27.3	24.1	23.4	10.2	16.1
	1966 35	589.1	30.0	251.8	29.9	197.2	30.9	32.7	30.7	20.2	28.3
	1967 34	664.4	30.7	304.3	32.2	226.4	31.9	43.2	35.3	29.2	35.8
	1968 40	1,212.8	51.8	479.8	51.2	333.7	44.1	54.3	41.5	29.6	35.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 67	1,475.2	—	661.2	—	380.9	—	61.7	—	..	..
	1964 70	1,472.3	—	577.2	—	416.7	—	80.5	—	..	..
	1965 75	1,588.6	87.6	656.4	87.9	473.9	87.4	88.5	85.9	50.5	79.7
	1966 67	1,697.6	86.3	728.5	86.4	508.0	79.7	88.7	83.3	55.6	77.9
	1967 70	1,988.4	91.8	853.3	90.2	589.5	83.0	110.5	90.3	69.9	85.8
	1968 68	1,952.6	83.4	754.6	80.5	548.6	72.5	102.4	78.3	58.5	70.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 91	1,698.6	—	755.8	—	448.1	—	77.0	—	..	..
	1964 92	1,681.1	—	662.6	—	469.2	—	92.2	—	..	..
	1965 97	1,801.5	99.3	741.0	99.2	531.8	98.1	102.4	99.4	62.7	98.9
	1966 89	1,918.1	97.5	824.2	97.7	620.8	97.4	104.0	97.7	69.6	97.5
	1967 89	2,147.4	99.1	936.8	99.0	695.5	97.9	121.1	99.0	80.9	99.3
	1968 93	2,320.4	99.1	927.9	99.0	739.7	97.8	129.5	99.1	81.9	99.0
Other — Autres	1965 254	13.0	.7	5.8	.8	10.5	1.9	.6	.6	.7	1.1
	1966 198	48.6	2.5	19.0	2.3	16.4	2.6	2.4	2.3	1.8	2.5
	1967 180	20.1	.9	9.3	1.0	14.8	2.1	1.2	1.0	.6	.7
	1968 189	20.2	.9	9.6	1.0	16.8	2.2	1.3	.9	.8	1.0
Total	1965 351	1,814.5	100.0	746.8	100.0	542.3	100.0	103.0	100.0	63.4	100.0
	1966 287	1,966.7	100.0	843.2	100.0	637.2	100.0	106.4	100.0	71.4	100.0
	1967 269	2,167.5	100.0	946.1	100.0	710.3	100.0	122.3	100.0	81.5	100.0
	1968 282	2,340.6	100.0	937.5	100.0	756.5	100.0	130.8	100.0	82.7	100.0

TABLE 1.35. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WHOLESALE TRADE, 1963-1968
TABLEAU 1.35. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 780	1,598.6	21.7	422.1	16.3	3,788.6	22.1	125.3	26.9	98.3	25.5
	1966 847	1,778.4	23.0	491.9	18.1	4,178.3	22.7	137.2	27.2	123.5	27.5
	1967 920	1,973.9	23.5	551.8	18.7	4,333.6	22.0	124.8	24.4	111.5	24.6
	1968 964	2,427.6	25.9	686.1	21.2	5,057.0	23.4	153.3	26.2	137.9	26.6
75-94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 85	144.0	2.0	40.0	1.5	283.2	1.7	7.4	1.6	6.8	1.8
	1966 80	161.9	2.1	36.2	1.3	358.5	1.9	10.7	2.1	9.3	2.1
	1967 98	186.6	2.2	47.5	1.6	383.1	1.9	10.8	2.1	9.5	2.1
	1968 96	197.2	2.1	35.1	1.1	430.2	2.0	8.2	1.4	7.6	1.5
50-74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 132	218.4	3.0	81.8	3.2	590.1	3.5	16.2	3.5	12.9	3.4
	1966 134	233.0	3.0	73.3	2.7	568.2	3.1	19.6	3.9	18.1	4.1
	1967 142	236.7	2.8	79.0	2.7	627.5	3.2	11.9	2.3	10.3	2.3
	1968 164	314.7	3.4	88.4	2.7	725.9	3.4	17.2	2.9	13.0	2.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 791	1,565.3	—	490.8	—	3,869.2	—	100.9	—	..	..
	1964 786	1,615.6	—	490.8	—	3,880.7	—	112.6	—	..	..
	1965 997	1,961.0	26.7	543.9	21.0	4,661.9	27.3	148.9	32.0	118.0	30.7
	1966 1,061	2,173.3	28.1	601.4	22.1	5,105.0	27.7	167.5	33.2	150.9	33.7
	1967 1,160	2,397.2	28.5	678.3	23.0	5,344.2	27.1	147.5	28.8	131.3	29.0
	1968 1,224	2,939.5	31.4	809.6	25.0	6,213.1	28.8	178.7	30.5	158.5	30.6
25-49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 101	211.0	2.9	51.4	2.0	254.2	1.5	9.0	1.9	4.4	1.1
	1966 101	217.8	2.8	53.8	2.0	284.3	1.5	6.1	1.2	3.5	0.8
	1967 99	219.4	2.6	54.5	1.8	289.8	1.5	7.1	1.4	6.4	1.4
	1968 110	275.3	2.9	81.8	2.5	445.9	2.1	18.2	3.1	16.8	3.2
5-24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 160	409.0	5.6	148.5	5.7	950.6	5.6	25.9	5.6	20.2	5.3
	1966 174	405.6	5.2	128.6	4.7	1,160.1	6.3	30.5	6.0	23.3	5.2
	1967 183	510.2	6.1	183.6	6.2	1,579.3	8.0	40.4	7.9	33.6	7.4
	1968 175	488.6	5.2	164.7	5.1	1,612.8	7.5	41.4	7.1	32.2	6.2
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 4,937	3,810.2	51.9	1,477.8	57.2	9,432.5	55.1	227.3	48.9	197.5	51.4
	1966 5,273	4,046.8	52.3	1,609.7	59.1	10,070.9	54.7	246.5	48.9	220.6	49.4
	1967 5,678	4,299.8	51.2	1,667.5	56.7	10,529.4	53.3	255.6	50.1	229.8	50.9
	1968 5,963	4,655.3	49.7	1,821.1	56.2	11,361.3	52.6	290.0	49.5	261.7	50.5
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 3,593	3,258.9	—	1,343.3	—	7,864.3	—	173.2	—	..	..
	1964 3,713	3,552.9	—	1,422.1	—	8,447.8	—	212.3	—	..	..
	1965 5,198	4,430.2	60.4	1,677.7	64.9	10,637.3	62.2	262.2	56.4	222.1	57.8
	1966 5,548	4,670.2	60.3	1,792.1	65.8	11,515.3	62.5	283.1	56.1	247.4	55.4
	1967 5,960	5,029.4	59.9	1,905.6	64.7	12,398.5	62.8	305.1	59.4	269.8	59.7
	1968 6,248	5,419.2	57.8	2,067.6	63.8	13,420.0	62.1	349.6	59.7	310.7	59.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1963 4,384	4,824.2	—	1,834.1	—	11,733.5	—	274.1	—	..	..
	1964 4,499	5,168.5	—	1,912.9	—	12,328.5	—	324.9	—	..	..
	1965 6,195	6,391.2	87.1	2,221.6	85.9	15,299.2	89.5	411.1	88.4	340.1	88.5
	1966 6,609	6,843.5	88.4	2,393.5	87.9	16,620.3	90.2	450.6	89.3	398.3	89.1
	1967 7,120	7,426.6	88.4	2,583.9	87.7	17,742.7	89.9	450.6	88.2	401.1	88.7
	1968 7,472	8,358.7	89.2	2,877.2	88.8	19,633.1	90.9	528.3	90.2	469.2	90.5
Other — Autres	1965 14,497	946.8	12.9	363.3	14.1	1,795.9	10.5	53.9	11.6	44.3	11.5
	1966 12,562	894.2	11.6	329.0	12.1	1,802.1	9.8	54.1	10.7	48.6	10.9
	1967 13,563	976.4	11.6	363.1	12.3	1,983.3	10.1	60.2	11.8	51.3	11.3
	1968 14,254	1,014.6	10.8	361.1	11.2	1,985.6	9.1	57.4	9.8	49.2	9.5
Total	1965 20,692	7,338.0	100.0	2,584.9	100.0	17,095.1	100.0	465.0	100.0	384.4	100.0
	1966 19,171	7,737.7	100.0	2,722.5	100.0	18,422.4	100.0	504.7	100.0	444.9	100.0
	1967 20,683	8,403.0	100.0	2,947.0	100.0	19,726.0	100.0	510.8	100.0	452.4	100.0
	1968 21,726	9,373.3	100.0	3,238.3	100.0	21,618.7	100.0	585.7	100.0	518.4	100.0

TABLE 1.36. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RETAIL TRADE, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.36. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable		
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	130	516.5	9.9	321.7	14.3	1,240.3	10.2	47.9	15.3	55.8	18.3
	1966	138	603.8	10.9	366.0	15.4	1,463.6	10.2	78.5	20.0	72.9	21.5
	1967	154	686.9	11.2	421.7	16.1	1,494.2	9.6	69.6	16.0	66.9	17.6
	1968	181	833.5	12.2	489.7	16.7	2,003.7	11.7	92.8	19.4	88.6	20.9
75-94.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	36	173.0	3.3	120.2	5.3	461.1	3.7	13.9	4.4	12.6	4.2
	1966	37	183.3	3.3	122.2	5.1	493.1	3.5	13.6	3.5	13.4	4.0
	1967	57	206.4	3.4	127.0	4.9	583.3	3.7	16.1	3.7	14.4	3.8
	1968	69	230.8	3.4	127.7	4.3	674.1	3.9	13.8	2.9	12.4	2.9
50-74.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	40	237.1	4.5	135.1	6.0	522.8	4.2	27.5	8.8	19.6	6.5
	1966	49	274.0	4.9	146.7	6.2	560.2	3.9	29.3	7.5	25.9	7.6
	1967	48	357.8	5.8	182.2	7.0	677.6	4.4	38.2	8.7	30.8	8.1
	1968	48	378.5	5.6	202.7	6.9	744.7	4.3	43.7	9.1	37.6	8.9
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	182	808.2	—	526.9	—	1,858.2	—	74.9	—	..	..
	1964	182	830.6	—	548.6	—	1,981.2	—	84.2	—	..	..
	1965	206	926.6	17.7	577.0	25.6	2,224.2	18.1	89.3	28.5	88.0	29.0
	1966	224	1,061.1	19.1	634.9	26.7	2,516.9	17.6	121.4	31.0	112.2	33.1
	1967	259	1,251.1	20.4	730.9	28.0	2,755.1	17.7	123.9	28.4	112.1	29.5
	1968	298	1,442.8	21.2	820.1	27.9	3,422.5	19.9	150.3	31.4	138.6	32.7
25-49.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	20	29.5	.6	3.3	.1	58.1	.5	.4	.1	.1	—
	1966	27	31.2	.6	5.5	.2	84.9	.6	2.6	.7	.7	.2
	1967	21	21.0	.3	8.7	.3	50.5	.3	2.1	.5	1.9	.5
	1968	28	28.3	.4	11.8	.4	86.0	.5	2.1	.4	1.8	.4
5-24.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	49	537.8	10.3	264.6	11.7	1,269.6	10.3	48.1	15.4	40.1	13.2
	1966	49	504.2	9.1	247.0	10.4	1,183.2	8.3	53.0	13.5	35.1	10.4
	1967	60	549.6	9.0	244.2	9.4	1,338.4	8.6	36.8	8.4	30.8	8.1
	1968	51	562.0	8.2	269.3	9.2	1,321.7	7.7	44.2	9.2	37.5	8.9
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	3,648	2,393.8	45.5	863.3	38.3	6,662.2	54.1	129.3	41.4	113.3	37.5
	1966	4,011	2,666.3	47.9	981.9	41.5	7,580.3	53.1	132.7	33.9	114.4	33.7
	1967	4,426	2,911.6	47.6	1,086.6	41.6	8,218.4	52.9	183.0	41.8	151.1	39.9
	1968	4,717	3,286.8	48.3	1,260.9	42.8	8,877.8	51.8	182.3	38.2	152.8	36.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	2,584	2,410.3	—	952.1	—	6,108.4	—	144.6	—	..	..
	1964	2,436	2,358.1	—	991.4	—	6,323.8	—	150.9	—	..	..
	1965	3,717	2,961.1	56.4	1,131.2	50.1	7,989.9	64.9	177.8	56.9	153.5	50.7
	1966	4,087	3,201.7	57.6	1,234.4	52.1	8,848.4	62.0	188.3	48.1	150.2	44.3
	1967	4,507	3,482.2	56.9	1,339.5	51.3	9,607.3	61.8	221.9	50.7	183.8	48.5
	1968	4,796	3,877.1	56.9	1,542.0	52.4	10,285.5	60.0	228.6	47.8	192.1	45.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes,	1963	2,766	3,218.5	—	147.9	—	7,966.6	—	219.5	—	..	..
	1964	2,618	3,188.7	—	154.0	—	8,305.0	—	235.1	—	..	..
	1965	3,923	3,887.7	74.1	1,708.2	75.7	10,214.1	83.0	267.1	85.4	241.5	79.7
	1966	4,311	4,262.8	76.7	1,869.3	78.8	11,365.3	79.6	309.7	79.1	262.4	77.4
	1967	4,766	4,733.3	77.3	2,070.4	79.3	12,362.4	79.5	345.8	79.1	295.9	78.0
	1968	5,094	5,319.9	78.1	2,362.1	80.3	13,708.0	79.9	378.9	79.2	330.7	78.1
Other — Autres	1965	20,111	1,357.3	25.9	549.5	24.3	2,096.0	17.0	45.8	14.6	61.5	20.3
	1966	20,839	1,296.2	23.3	504.0	21.2	2,916.9	20.4	81.6	20.9	76.7	22.6
	1967	21,103	1,389.7	22.7	539.0	20.7	3,195.5	20.5	91.1	20.9	83.7	22.0
	1968	22,469	1,495.1	21.9	580.4	19.7	3,439.1	20.1	99.7	20.8	92.4	21.9
Total	1965	24,034	5,245.0	100.0	2,257.7	100.0	12,310.1	100.0	312.9	100.0	303.0	100.0
	1966	25,150	5,559.0	100.0	2,373.3	100.0	14,282.2	100.0	391.3	100.0	339.1	100.0
	1967	25,869	6,123.0	100.0	2,609.4	100.0	15,557.9	100.0	436.9	100.0	379.6	100.0
	1968	27,563	6,815.0	100.0	2,942.5	100.0	17,147.1	100.0	478.6	100.0	423.1	100.0

TABLE 1.37. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, DEPOSIT ACCEPTING INSTITUTIONS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 1.37. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INSTITUTIONS RECUEILLANT DES DÉPÔTS, 1965 - 1968

INSTITUTIONS RECEUILLANT DES DROITS, 1965-1968											
Degree of non-resident .. ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963										
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
75-94.9%	1963										
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
50-74.9%	1963										
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965	20	154.9	.4	18.8	.7	12.6	.8	1.4	.4	.8
	1966	19	393.3	1.1	68.5	3.2	32.2	1.5	6.0	2.3	4.3
	1967	17	409.7	1.0	69.7	2.9	34.2	1.3	6.0	1.8	4.1
	1968	16	388.8	.8	54.2	2.2	32.4	1.0	5.9	1.6	3.8
25-49.9%	1963										
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
5-24.9%	1963										
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963										
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965	584	4,093.4	11.1	726.0	25.9	282.6	19.1	68.7	20.5	21.4
	1966	167	3,695.0	9.9	352.2	16.3	316.2	14.3	37.9	14.8	21.1
	1967	159	3,805.5	9.0	358.2	15.0	316.3	12.2	37.6	11.4	24.2
	1968	163	4,451.0	9.2	414.3	16.6	367.3	11.5	45.3	12.1	27.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1964	..	..		..		..		..		..
	1965	604	4,248.3	11.5	744.8	26.6	295.2	19.9	70.1	20.9	22.2
	1966	186	4,088.3	11.0	420.7	19.5	348.4	15.8	43.9	17.1	25.4
	1967	176	4,215.2	10.0	427.9	17.9	350.5	13.5	43.6	13.2	28.3
	1968	179	4,839.8	10.0	468.5	18.8	399.7	12.5	51.2	13.7	30.9
Other — Autres	1965	2,973	32,744.0	88.5	2,050.9	73.4	1,191.8	80.1	265.2	79.1	209.6
	1966	3,435	33,229.6	89.0	1,736.0	80.5	1,853.6	84.2	212.8	82.9	233.1
	1967	182	38,015.6	90.0	1,962.3	82.1	2,236.7	86.5	287.0	86.8	253.4
	1968	190	43,421.1	90.0	2,033.3	81.2	2,802.2	87.5	323.4	86.3	277.6
Total	1965	3,577	36,992.3	100.0	2,795.7	100.0	1,487.0	100.0	335.3	100.0	231.8
	1966	3,621	37,317.9	100.0	2,156.7	100.0	2,202.0	100.0	256.7	100.0	258.5
	1967	358	42,230.8	100.0	2,390.2	100.0	2,587.2	100.0	330.6	100.0	281.7
	1968	369	48,260.9	100.0	2,501.8	100.0	3,201.9	100.0	374.6	100.0	308.5

TABLE 1.38. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CREDIT AGENCIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 1.38. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE CRÉDIT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	37	1,919.3	29.3	169.9	23.8	139.8	24.5	31.3	23.6	23.2
	1966	37	2,044.3	29.7	173.1	—	158.4	25.0	28.2	—	27.1
	1967	37	2,293.2	35.0	239.2	—	193.8	28.7	35.7	—	33.7
	1968	42	2,483.9	36.2	192.6	—	216.9	29.7	37.5	—	31.5
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	5	37.6	..6	2.1	..3	4.3	..8	..2	..2	..3
	1966	8	104.5	1.5	12.5	—	10.5	1.7	1.4	—	..9
	1967	11	160.4	2.4	16.1	—	14.6	2.2	1.7	—	..5
	1968	10	282.0	4.1	27.2	—	23.8	3.3	2.5	—	2.6
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	9	215.1	3.3	15.6	2.2	20.8	3.7	25.7	19.5	2.6
	1966	10	223.1	3.2	15.6	—	21.6	3.4	1.2	—	1.0
	1967	8	200.4	3.1	12.1	—	22.6	3.4	3.8	—	3.6
	1968	10	210.4	3.1	16.4	—	27.5	3.8	5.5	—	5.3
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	54	2,172.0	33.2	187.6	26.3	164.9	29.0	57.2	43.3	26.0
	1966	55	2,371.9	34.4	201.2	—	190.5	30.1	30.8	—	29.0
	1967	56	2,654.0	40.5	267.4	—	231.0	34.3	41.2	—	37.8
	1968	62	2,976.3	43.4	236.2	—	268.2	36.8	45.5	—	39.4
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	9	174.5	2.7	5.9	..8	21.3	3.8	1.9	1.4	1.5
	1966	13	172.6	2.5	48.7	—	16.2	2.6	—	—	2.3
	1967	10	178.7	2.7	53.3	—	13.1	1.9	—	—	—
	1968	6	182.5	2.7	48.7	—	13.4	1.8	—	—	..4
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	16	1,284.1	19.6	171.5	24.0	101.1	17.8	26.9	20.4	12.5
	1966	13	1,241.2	18.0	184.4	—	106.9	16.9	14.5	—	3.1
	1967	12	1,179.5	18.0	184.6	—	111.0	16.5	22.3	—	8.8
	1968	12	1,277.6	18.6	221.0	—	125.5	17.2	30.3	—	7.9
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	266	1,584.2	24.3	220.0	30.9	122.6	21.6	19.5	14.8	14.7
	1966	257	1,487.9	21.6	219.5	—	131.5	20.8	11.5	—	8.1
	1967	241	1,464.4	22.4	241.9	—	144.2	21.4	13.6	—	8.7
	1968	230	1,285.5	18.7	198.6	—	139.0	19.1	21.7	—	18.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	291	3,042.8	46.6	397.4	55.7	245.0	43.2	48.3	36.6	28.7
	1966	283	2,901.7	42.1	355.2	—	254.6	40.3	23.8	—	8.9
	1967	263	2,822.6	43.1	373.2	—	268.3	39.8	34.6	—	17.5
	1968	248	2,745.6	40.0	370.9	—	277.9	38.1	51.3	—	26.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes,	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	345	5,214.8	79.8	585.0	82.0	409.9	72.2	105.5	79.9	54.7
	1966	338	5,273.6	76.5	556.4	—	445.1	70.4	54.6	—	37.9
	1967	319	5,476.6	83.6	640.6	—	499.3	74.1	75.8	—	55.3
	1968	310	5,721.9	83.4	607.1	—	546.1	74.9	96.8	—	65.8
Other — Autres	1965	675	1,322.8	20.2	128.6	18.0	158.0	27.8	26.6	20.1	25.0
	1966	552	1,623.3	23.5	145.5	—	187.2	29.6	31.1	—	28.9
	1967	501	1,072.0	16.4	128.5	—	174.1	25.9	33.1	—	32.0
	1968	494	1,139.8	16.6	138.7	—	183.3	25.1	32.4	—	30.0
Total	1965	1,020	6,537.6	100.0	713.6	100.0	567.9	100.0	132.1	100.0	79.7
	1966	890	6,896.9	100.0	701.9	—	632.3	100.0	85.7	—	66.8
	1967	820	6,548.6	100.0	769.1	—	673.4	100.0	108.9	—	87.3
	1968	804	6,861.7	100.0	745.8	—	729.4	100.0	129.2	—	95.8

TABLE 1.39. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, SECURITY DEALERS, 1965-1968
TABLEAU 1.39. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COURTIERS EN VALEURS, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets - Actif		Equity - Avoir		Sales - Ventes		Profits - Bénéfices		Taxable income - Revenu imposable	
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over - et plus	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
75-94.9%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
50-74.9%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	13	38.7	3.2	6.1	5.3	14.0	5.6	2.2	6.9	2.1 8.8
	1966	13	33.1	2.4	5.2	3.4	10.7	8.1	.3	.8	-
	1967	18	51.1	3.0	11.3	8.3	21.6	8.2	1.3	6.5	1.3 -
	1968	30	82.7	4.7	20.7	12.5	30.4	10.5	3.0	8.3	2.6 8.3
25-49.9%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
5-24.9%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Under 5% - Moins de 5%	1963	Not available - Non disponible									
	1964										
	1965										
	1966										
	1967										
	1968										
Sub-totals - Total partiel	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	235	1,143.6	94.7	97.9	85.3	216.1	86.0	27.7	87.1	20.5 85.8
	1966	234	1,248.9	90.5	125.2	82.2	206.5	85.0	15.5	43.0	13.7 -
	1967	234	1,614.1	95.2	115.0	84.0	221.2	83.8	18.1	91.0	17.8 -
	1968	247	1,629.5	93.2	132.0	79.6	236.3	81.8	29.7	82.5	26.6 85.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes.	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	248	1,182.3	97.9	104.0	90.6	230.1	91.6	29.9	94.0	22.6 94.0
	1966	247	1,282.0	92.9	130.4	85.6	226.2	93.1	15.8	43.8	14.0 -
	1967	252	1,665.2	98.2	126.3	92.3	242.8	92.0	19.4	97.5	19.1 -
	1968	277	1,712.2	97.9	152.7	92.1	266.7	92.3	32.7	90.8	29.2 93.1
Other - Autres	1965	450	25.6	2.1	10.8	9.4	21.2	8.4	1.9	6.0	1.3 5.0
	1966	434	98.0	7.1	22.0	14.4	16.7	6.9	20.3	56.2	- 1.1
	1967	480	31.2	1.8	10.5	7.7	21.2	8.0	.5	2.5	- 1.1
	1968	531	36.1	2.1	13.2	7.9	22.1	7.7	3.3	9.2	2.1 6.0
Total	1965	698	1,207.9	100.0	114.8	100.0	251.3	100.0	31.8	100.0	23.9 100.0
	1966	681	1,380.0	100.0	152.4	100.0	242.9	100.0	36.1	100.0	13.9 -
	1967	732	1,696.4	100.0	136.8	100.0	264.0	100.0	19.9	100.0	19.0 -
	1968	808	1,748.3	100.0	165.9	100.0	288.8	100.0	36.0	100.0	31.3 100.0

TABLE 1.40. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 1.40. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable		
	No. nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	
95% and over — et plus	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 ..	477	2,969.5	20.2	2,255.3	20.8	141.8	14.6	- 38.6	—	24.7	29.5	
1966 ..	528	3,296.0	19.1	2,239.2	18.2	152.6	14.7	99.6	14.5	17.7	20.7	
1967 ..	560	2,947.8	15.3	1,890.1	13.6	162.5	12.8	101.3	13.0	25.7	25.1	
1968 ..	590	3,897.7	18.1	2,660.0	17.0	180.2	13.0	107.7	11.7	33.3	23.3	
75 - 94.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 ..	66	194.1	1.3	173.1	1.6	8.5	.9	6.0	—	.7	.8	
1966 ..	84	376.1	2.2	320.4	2.6	14.3	1.4	9.3	1.4	1.2	1.4	
1967 ..	97	1,088.1	5.6	964.9	6.9	43.4	3.4	36.6	4.6	3.1	3.0	
1968 ..	104	694.0	3.2	526.8	3.4	35.7	2.6	25.1	2.7	3.4	2.4	
50 - 74.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 ..	130	1,023.7	7.0	798.0	7.4	119.5	12.3	103.3	—	4.3	5.1	
1966 ..	160	1,004.9	5.8	776.6	6.3	89.6	8.7	74.6	10.8	4.0	4.7	
1967 ..	170	1,171.8	6.1	857.8	6.2	92.2	7.2	80.6	10.2	3.2	3.1	
1968 ..	193	1,681.0	7.8	1,331.6	8.4	144.4	10.4	112.2	12.2	4.3	3.0	
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 ..	673	4,187.3	28.5	3,226.4	29.8	269.8	27.8	70.7	—	29.7	35.4	
1966 ..	772	4,677.0	27.1	3,336.2	27.1	256.5	24.8	183.5	26.7	22.9	26.8	
1967 ..	827	5,207.7	27.0	3,712.8	26.7	298.1	23.4	218.5	27.8	32.0	31.2	
1968 ..	887	6,272.7	29.1	4,518.4	28.8	360.3	26.0	245.0	26.6	41.0	28.7	
25 - 49.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 ..	158	1,581.6	10.7	1,386.8	12.8	164.5	16.9	130.1	—	6.9	8.2	
1966 ..	177	1,866.7	10.8	1,611.1	13.1	122.0	11.8	103.7	15.1	11.3	13.2	
1967 ..	188	2,039.0	10.6	1,779.8	12.8	93.2	7.3	65.1	8.3	8.4	8.2	
1968 ..	216	1,690.9	7.8	1,424.8	9.1	101.7	7.3	67.4	7.3	9.5	6.6	
5 - 24.9%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 ..	280	1,924.3	13.1	1,450.8	13.4	161.3	16.6	103.8	—	6.1	7.3	
1966 ..	321	2,096.2	12.1	1,582.2	12.9	125.5	12.1	84.3	12.3	4.9	5.7	
1967 ..	343	2,470.5	12.8	1,933.3	13.9	227.0	17.8	171.8	21.8	8.8	8.6	
1968 ..	349	2,959.2	13.7	2,368.0	15.1	252.6	18.2	209.5	22.7	11.8	8.3	
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 ..	3,594	6,045.3	41.1	4,216.2	39.0	297.0	30.6	196.2	—	29.5	35.2	
1966 ..	4,230	7,347.4	42.5	5,155.6	41.9	420.1	40.7	281.7	40.9	38.1	44.5	
1967 ..	4,683	7,870.6	40.7	5,552.0	39.9	458.5	35.9	251.7	31.9	42.6	41.6	
1968 ..	5,193	9,149.9	42.4	6,606.1	42.2	536.3	38.6	340.6	37.0	58.9	41.1	
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 ..	4,032	9,551.2	64.9	7,053.8	65.2	622.8	64.1	430.1	—	42.5	50.7	
1966 ..	4,728	11,310.3	65.4	8,348.9	67.9	667.6	64.6	469.7	68.3	54.3	63.4	
1967 ..	5,214	12,380.1	64.1	9,265.1	66.6	778.7	61.0	488.6	62.0	59.8	58.4	
1968 ..	5,758	13,800.0	63.9	10,398.9	66.4	890.6	64.1	617.5	67.0	80.2	56.0	
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965 ..	4,705	13,738.5	93.4	10,280.2	95.0	892.6	91.9	500.8	—	72.2	86.1	
1966 ..	5,500	15,987.3	92.5	11,685.1	95.0	924.1	89.4	653.2	95.0	77.2	90.2	
1967 ..	6,041	17,587.8	91.1	12,977.9	93.3	1,076.8	84.4	707.1	89.8	91.8	89.6	
1968 ..	6,645	20,072.7	93.0	14,917.3	95.2	1,250.9	90.1	862.5	93.6	121.2	84.7	
Other — Autres	1965 ..	13,761	978.1	6.6	539.8	5.0	78.8	8.1	33.6	—	11.7	13.9
1966 ..	23,802	1,301.0	7.5	615.3	5.0	109.8	10.6	34.7	5.0	8.4	9.8	
1967 ..	25,714	1,707.8	8.9	938.4	6.7	199.2	15.6	80.0	10.2	10.6	10.4	
1968 ..	26,267	1,499.4	7.0	750.1	4.8	137.7	9.9	58.7	6.4	21.8	15.3	
Total	1965 ..	18,466	14,716.6	100.0	10,820.0	100.0	971.4	100.0	534.4	—	83.9	100.0
1966 ..	29,302	17,288.3	100.0	12,300.4	100.0	1,033.9	100.0	687.9	100.0	85.6	100.0	
1967 ..	31,755	19,295.6	100.0	13,916.3	100.0	1,276.0	100.0	787.1	100.0	102.4	100.0	
1968 ..	32,912	21,572.1	100.0	15,667.4	100.0	1,388.6	100.0	921.2	100.0	143.0	100.0	

TABLE 1.41. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE, 1965-1968¹TABLEAU 1.41. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ASSUREURS ET AGENTS D'IMMEUBLES, 1965-1968¹

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 337	527.3	6.8	112.8	6.7	61.7	4.0	5.9	4.2	2.2	3.1
	1966 377	687.1	7.6	137.8	7.3	88.7	4.7	10.5	6.3	6.3	7.8
	1967 395	711.4	7.4	125.2	6.4	114.4	5.5	9.8	5.2	6.7	7.0
	1968 417	785.1	6.9	144.9	5.8	108.2	4.6	13.8	4.6	6.1	4.6
75-94.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 72	213.2	2.7	71.5	4.2	27.2	1.7	10.2	7.3	8.0	11.3
	1966 74	230.5	2.6	88.3	4.7	34.4	1.8	11.7	7.0	10.1	12.6
	1967 84	279.5	2.9	103.6	5.3	38.6	1.9	13.0	6.9	5.6	5.8
	1968 84	327.0	2.9	117.0	4.7	35.2	1.5	9.0	3.0	7.0	5.3
50-74.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 137	293.8	3.7	80.8	4.7	49.4	3.2	1.8	1.3	1.5	2.1
	1966 130	281.1	3.1	72.8	3.8	37.8	2.0	4.6	2.7	2.5	3.1
	1967 135	267.3	2.8	65.7	3.4	33.7	1.6	5.0	2.6	2.5	2.6
	1968 166	490.9	4.3	77.4	3.1	86.1	3.7	10.2	3.4	1.2	1.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 546	1,034.3	13.2	265.1	15.6	138.3	8.9	17.9	12.8	11.7	16.6
	1966 581	1,198.7	13.3	298.9	15.8	160.9	8.5	26.8	16.0	18.9	23.5
	1967 614	1,258.2	13.1	294.5	15.1	186.7	9.0	27.8	14.7	14.8	15.4
	1968 667	1,603.0	14.1	339.3	13.6	229.5	9.8	33.0	11.0	14.3	10.9
25-49.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 152	282.5	3.6	121.9	7.2	43.9	2.8	14.2	10.2	3.4	4.8
	1966 155	372.1	4.1	125.6	6.6	58.4	3.1	13.7	8.2	5.6	7.0
	1967 175	432.4	4.5	147.1	7.5	57.6	2.8	14.0	7.4	4.1	4.3
	1968 159	531.6	4.7	201.8	8.0	58.6	2.5	19.2	6.4	5.0	3.8
5-24.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 161	313.6	4.0	99.8	5.9	53.5	3.4	8.8	6.3	1.1	1.6
	1966 167	463.3	5.1	172.8	9.1	47.1	2.5	10.7	6.4	3.5	4.4
	1967 192	474.8	4.9	182.2	9.3	58.0	2.8	12.0	6.3	3.7	3.9
	1969 203	609.9	5.4	195.9	7.8	112.4	4.8	22.7	7.6	2.5	1.9
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 4,622	4,684.1	59.7	840.7	49.2	828.2	53.0	55.6	39.9	21.4	30.3
	1966 5,076	5,326.6	59.2	892.2	47.0	937.0	49.6	67.8	40.2	17.2	21.3
	1967 5,558	6,017.5	62.5	1,063.0	54.3	1,167.6	56.6	97.9	51.8	34.7	36.0
	1968 5,973	6,625.8	58.5	1,227.7	48.8	1,265.8	54.0	134.9	45.4	51.4	39.0
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 4,935	5,280.2	67.3	1,062.4	62.3	925.6	59.2	78.6	56.4	25.9	36.7
	1966 5,398	6,162.0	68.4	1,190.6	62.7	1,042.5	55.2	92.2	54.8	26.3	32.7
	1967 5,925	6,924.7	71.9	1,392.3	71.1	1,283.2	62.2	123.9	65.5	42.5	44.2
	1968 6,335	7,767.3	68.6	1,625.4	64.6	1,436.8	61.3	176.8	59.4	58.9	44.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 5,481	6,314.5	80.5	1,327.5	77.9	1,063.9	68.1	96.5	69.2	37.6	53.1
	1966 5,979	7,360.7	81.7	1,489.5	78.5	1,203.4	63.7	119.0	70.8	45.2	56.1
	1967 6,539	8,182.9	85.0	1,686.8	86.2	1,469.9	71.2	151.7	80.2	57.3	59.1
	1968 7,002	9,370.3	82.7	1,964.7	78.2	1,666.3	71.1	209.8	70.4	73.2	55.1
Other ² — Autres ²	1965 20,082	1,527.7	19.5	377.3	22.1	498.6	31.9	42.9	30.8	32.9	46.1
	1966 20,193	1,650.4	18.3	407.3	21.5	684.5	36.3	49.0	29.2	35.2	43.1
	1967 20,125	1,448.5	15.0	270.7	13.8	595.6	28.8	37.5	19.8	38.8	40.0
	1968 21,460	1,950.8	17.3	550.2	21.8	679.5	28.9	87.9	29.6	58.5	44.1
Total	1965 25,563	7,842.2	100.0	1,704.8	100.0	1,562.5	100.0	139.4	100.0	70.5	100.0
	1966 26,172	9,011.1	100.0	1,896.8	100.0	1,887.9	100.0	168.0	100.0	80.4	100.0
	1967 26,664	9,631.4	100.0	1,957.5	100.0	2,065.5	100.0	189.2	100.0	96.1	100.0
	1968 28,462	11,321.1	100.0	2,514.9	100.0	2,345.8	100.0	297.7	100.0	131.7	100.0

¹ Excludes Insurance Carriers for all years. - Les compagnies d'assurance sont exclues pour toutes les années.² Excludes Other Financial Agencies for all years (Standard Industrial Classification No. 761, 763, 765, 767, 769). - Les sociétés de type finance diverses sont exclues pour toutes les années (numéro de la Classification type des industries 761, 763, 765, 767, 769).

TABLE 1.42. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL FINANCE, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.42. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES FINANCES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	876	5,585.1	8.3	2,558.0	15.8	359.6	7.4	1.2	.1	52.1
	1966	963	6,417.7	9.0	2,618.1	15.2	444.7	7.4	144.9	11.7	56.0
	1967	1,016	6,375.8	8.0	2,329.5	12.1	512.2	7.4	153.3	10.7	70.9
	1968	1,081	7,551.1	8.4	3,068.7	14.2	548.5	6.9	165.5	9.4	75.5
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	149	466.1	.7	251.0	1.6	48.6	1.0	17.4	1.5	9.8
	1966	171	737.6	1.0	425.0	2.5	61.5	1.0	22.7	1.8	12.4
	1967	199	1,561.5	2.0	1,090.2	5.7	107.0	1.6	52.0	3.6	9.8
	1968	208	1,384.7	1.5	673.9	3.1	113.9	1.4	39.0	2.2	14.8
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	281	1,536.0	2.3	895.0	5.5	191.4	4.0	130.8	11.1	8.4
	1966	306	1,518.7	2.1	866.9	5.0	153.6	2.6	79.8	6.5	7.0
	1967	317	1,643.4	2.1	936.0	4.9	152.4	2.2	89.5	6.2	9.3
	1968	373	2,387.7	2.7	1,426.2	6.6	258.4	3.2	127.9	7.3	10.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	963	6,246.7	—	3,344.6	—	587.7	—	227.5	—	..
	1964	1,012	6,373.9	—	3,155.7	—	428.3	—	120.7	—	..
	1965	1,306	7,587.2	11.3	3,704.0	22.9	599.6	12.4	149.4	12.7	70.3
	1966	1,440	8,674.0	12.1	3,910.0	22.7	659.8	11.0	247.4	20.0	75.4
	1967	1,532	9,580.7	12.1	4,355.7	22.7	771.6	11.2	294.8	20.5	90.0
	1968	1,662	11,323.5	12.6	5,168.8	23.9	920.8	11.5	332.4	18.9	101.1
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	331	2,155.2	3.2	1,524.1	9.4	237.6	4.9	147.8	12.6	12.6
	1966	357	2,506.2	3.5	1,698.0	9.9	205.8	3.4	116.4	9.4	15.6
	1967	382	2,802.5	3.5	1,880.5	9.8	174.3	2.5	79.2	5.5	13.9
	1968	396	2,612.0	2.9	1,592.1	7.4	190.1	2.4	87.6	5.0	15.4
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	485	4,159.6	6.2	1,797.4	11.1	364.5	7.5	150.2	12.8	28.1
	1966	530	4,392.5	6.1	1,999.8	11.6	329.9	5.5	115.0	9.3	16.2
	1967	580	5,478.6	6.9	2,410.4	12.6	495.2	7.2	227.5	15.8	35.4
	1968	592	6,142.2	6.8	2,886.7	13.4	613.2	7.7	283.3	16.1	38.0
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	9,261	16,796.4	24.9	6,016.0	37.4	1,690.0	34.9	355.4	30.3	98.3
	1966	9,923	18,419.2	25.6	6,674.3	38.8	1,951.7	32.6	407.7	33.1	92.5
	1967	10,833	19,265.9	24.3	7,212.6	37.6	2,198.2	32.1	396.1	27.7	112.5
	1968	11,763	21,639.2	24.1	8,462.7	39.2	2,405.6	30.3	549.7	31.3	165.8
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	6,566	15,566.7	—	6,479.7	—	1,685.4	—	663.2	—	..
	1964	6,805	17,962.5	—	7,241.4	—	1,788.7	—	608.0	—	..
	1965	10,077	23,111.2	34.3	9,337.5	57.9	2,292.1	47.3	653.4	55.7	139.0
	1966	10,810	25,317.9	35.2	10,372.1	60.3	2,487.4	41.5	639.1	51.8	124.3
	1967	11,795	27,547.0	34.7	11,503.8	60.0	2,867.7	41.8	702.8	49.0	161.8
	1968	12,751	30,393.4	33.8	12,941.5	60.0	3,208.9	40.4	920.6	52.4	219.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	7,529	21,813.4	—	9,824.3	—	2,273.1	—	890.7	—	..
	1964	7,817	24,336.4	—	10,397.1	—	2,217.0	—	728.7	—	..
	1965	11,383	30,698.4	45.6	13,041.5	80.8	2,891.7	59.7	802.8	68.4	209.3
	1966	12,250	33,991.9	47.3	14,282.1	83.0	3,147.2	52.5	886.5	71.8	199.7
	1967	13,327	37,127.7	46.8	15,859.5	82.7	3,639.3	53.0	997.6	69.5	251.8
	1968	14,413	41,716.9	46.4	18,110.3	83.9	4,129.7	51.9	1,253.0	71.3	320.3
Other — Autres	1965	37,941	36,598.2	54.4	3,107.4	19.2	1,948.4	40.3	370.2	31.6	280.5
	1966	48,416	37,902.3	52.7	2,926.1	17.0	2,851.8	47.5	347.9	28.2	305.5
	1967	47,002	42,275.1	53.2	3,310.4	17.3	3,226.8	47.0	438.1	30.5	334.7
	1968	48,942	48,047.2	53.6	3,485.5	16.1	3,824.8	48.1	505.7	28.7	390.0
Total	1965	49,324	67,296.6	100.0	16,148.9	100.0	4,840.1	100.0	1,173.0	100.0	489.8
	1966	60,666	71,894.2	100.0	17,208.2	100.0	5,999.0	100.0	1,234.4	100.0	505.2
	1967	60,329	79,402.8	100.0	19,169.9	100.0	6,866.1	100.0	1,435.7	100.0	586.5
	1968	63,355	89,764.1	100.0	21,595.8	100.0	7,954.5	100.0	1,758.7	100.0	710.3

TABLE 1.43. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, SERVICES, 1963-1968
TABLEAU 1.43. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.43. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents												
Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	164	213.3	6.4	80.8	7.1	250.6	8.8	20.4	12.7	18.0	15.6
	1966	202	365.9	9.9	136.9	11.3	363.5	10.4	34.9	15.9	30.7	—
	1967	230	419.4	9.7	165.9	11.5	492.9	11.8	47.2	18.3	42.5	—
	1968	253	522.7	10.7	200.2	11.9	524.5	11.4	59.6	20.2	55.0	25.3
75-94.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	27	84.6	2.5	29.8	2.6	28.9	1.0	3.0	1.9	2.6	2.3
	1966	33	98.0	2.6	34.1	2.8	35.7	1.0	4.3	2.0	2.8	—
	1967	38	204.4	4.8	86.8	6.0	44.0	1.1	6.6	2.6	4.0	—
	1968	38	226.3	4.7	105.1	6.3	63.6	1.4	16.6	5.6	6.4	2.9
50-74.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	55	120.5	3.6	57.7	5.1	75.0	2.6	6.7	4.2	5.1	4.4
	1966	55	124.8	3.4	73.9	6.1	81.0	2.3	10.5	4.8	6.9	—
	1967	66	119.7	2.8	60.0	4.2	130.2	3.1	10.0	3.9	6.4	—
	1968	68	206.2	4.3	140.0	8.3	144.6	3.1	14.8	5.0	7.3	3.4
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	209	368.4	—	153.3	—	284.7	—	26.3	—	..	..
	1964	218	432.3	—	182.9	—	332.8	—	42.8	—	..	..
	1965	246	418.4	12.5	168.3	14.8	354.5	12.4	30.1	18.8	25.7	22.8
	1966	290	588.7	15.9	244.9	20.2	480.2	13.7	49.7	22.7	40.4	—
	1967	334	743.5	17.3	312.7	21.7	667.1	16.0	63.8	24.8	52.9	—
	1968	359	955.2	19.7	445.3	26.5	732.7	15.9	91.0	30.8	68.7	31.6
25-49.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	69	91.8	2.7	30.4	2.7	63.7	2.2	3.3	2.1	1.8	1.6
	1966	75	181.5	4.9	60.2	5.0	126.3	3.6	6.5	3.0	—	—
	1967	93	240.4	5.6	91.4	6.3	129.1	3.1	6.4	2.5	1.8	—
	1968	76	220.1	4.5	62.5	3.7	129.4	2.8	5.6	1.9	2.9	1.1
5-24.9%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	93	198.3	5.9	61.5	5.4	104.0	3.6	7.1	4.4	3.6	3.1
	1966	98	130.8	3.5	58.5	4.8	99.4	2.8	9.5	4.3	5.7	—
	1967	89	145.7	3.4	34.0	2.4	102.3	2.5	5.6	2.2	—	—
	1968	122	254.5	5.3	78.0	4.7	176.5	3.8	7.5	2.5	5.5	2.1
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965	2,122	1,458.1	43.6	429.9	38.0	1,099.2	38.4	61.9	38.5	40.0	34.1
	1966	2,392	1,671.4	45.2	468.7	38.6	1,429.8	40.6	80.2	36.6	52.7	—
	1967	2,709	1,944.3	45.2	593.7	41.2	1,687.7	40.6	98.7	38.3	65.5	—
	1968	2,931	2,111.6	43.6	664.9	39.7	1,872.4	40.8	101.8	34.5	69.3	31.1
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963	1,400	1,159.6	—	411.5	—	887.3	—	53.1	—	..	..
	1964	1,469	1,269.9	—	434.3	—	903.4	—	57.3	—	..	..
	1965	2,284	1,748.2	52.2	521.8	46.1	1,266.9	44.2	72.3	45.0	45.4	39.1
	1966	2,565	1,983.7	53.6	587.4	48.4	1,655.5	47.0	96.2	43.9	58.0	—
	1967	2,891	2,330.4	54.2	719.1	49.9	1,919.1	46.2	110.7	43.0	66.6	—
	1968	3,129	2,586.2	53.4	805.4	48.1	2,178.3	47.4	114.9	39.0	77.7	35.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes.	1963	1,609	1,528.0	—	564.8	—	1,172.0	—	79.4	—	..	..
	1964	1,687	1,702.2	—	617.2	—	1,236.2	—	100.1	—	..	..
	1965	2,530	2,166.6	64.7	690.1	60.9	1,621.4	56.6	102.4	63.8	71.1	61.1
	1966	2,855	2,572.4	69.5	832.3	68.6	2,135.7	60.7	145.9	66.6	98.4	—
	1967	3,225	3,073.9	71.5	1,031.8	71.6	2,586.2	62.2	174.5	67.8	119.5	—
	1968	3,488	3,541.4	73.1	1,250.7	74.6	2,911.0	63.3	205.9	69.8	146.4	67.1
Other — Autres	1965	18,764	1,179.5	35.3	443.8	39.1	1,242.7	43.4	58.1	36.2	43.9	38.1
	1966	22,728	1,129.3	30.5	381.0	31.4	1,381.9	39.3	73.3	33.4	60.4	—
	1967	19,958	1,225.4	28.5	408.9	28.4	1,571.5	37.8	82.9	32.2	67.9	—
	1968	21,370	1,300.4	26.9	425.2	25.4	1,688.0	36.7	89.2	30.2	71.1	32.1
Total	1965	21,294	3,346.1	100.0	1,133.9	100.0	2,864.1	100.0	160.5	100.0	115.0	100.0
	1966	25,583	3,701.7	100.0	1,213.3	100.0	3,517.6	100.0	219.2	100.0	158.8	—
	1967	23,183	4,299.3	100.0	1,440.7	100.0	4,157.7	100.0	257.4	100.0	187.4	—
	1968	24,858	4,841.8	100.0	1,675.9	100.0	4,599.0	100.0	295.1	100.0	217.5	100.0

TABLE 1.44. Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL ALL INDUSTRIES, 1963-1968

TABLEAU 1.44. Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES, 1963-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif		Equity — Avoir		Sales — Ventes		Profits — Bénéfices		Taxable income — Revenu imposable	
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%	\$'000,000	%
95% and over — et plus	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 3,727	18,969.5	13.0	9,291.1	17.3	18,007.2	20.0	1,315.8	19.7	1,143.0	28.8
	1966 4,002	22,300.4	14.3	10,010.5	17.4	20,655.5	20.4	1,518.0	20.9	1,092.7	27.3
	1967 4,286	24,085.5	14.0	10,566.5	16.9	22,452.8	20.5	1,554.1	21.0	1,074.2	26.3
	1968 4,516	27,266.4	14.4	12,246.1	18.1	25,081.6	21.1	1,835.9	21.5	1,289.0	26.3
75-94.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 635	7,632.2	5.3	4,644.3	8.6	6,321.7	7.0	536.1	8.1	266.8	6.7
	1966 647	7,440.3	4.7	4,223.1	7.3	5,847.8	5.8	501.7	6.9	225.2	5.6
	1967 736	9,186.0	5.3	5,435.7	8.7	6,587.1	6.0	491.5	6.6	204.1	5.0
	1968 771	10,751.2	5.7	6,135.1	9.1	8,827.1	7.4	763.0	9.0	330.9	6.7
50-74.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 1,002	8,958.4	6.2	4,845.0	9.0	5,749.1	6.4	819.0	12.3	354.5	8.9
	1966 1,075	10,727.0	6.8	6,090.8	10.6	7,463.3	7.4	887.6	12.2	381.3	9.5
	1967 1,093	11,553.2	6.7	6,325.8	10.1	7,690.0	7.0	867.3	11.7	373.4	9.1
	1968 1,240	12,748.3	6.7	6,626.6	9.8	7,391.9	6.2	915.2	10.8	449.9	9.2
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 4,456	29,649.7	—	16,560.4	—	24,354.7	—	2,164.7	—	..	..
	1964 4,482	31,246.2	—	17,237.2	—	26,304.9	—	2,503.0	—	..	..
	1965 5,364	35,560.1	24.5	18,780.4	34.9	30,078.0	33.4	2,670.9	40.1	1,764.3	44.4
	1966 5,724	40,467.7	25.8	20,324.4	35.3	33,966.6	33.6	2,907.3	40.0	1,699.2	42.4
	1967 6,115	44,824.7	26.0	22,328.0	35.7	36,729.9	33.5	2,912.9	39.3	1,651.7	40.4
	1968 6,527	50,765.9	26.8	25,007.8	37.0	41,300.6	34.7	3,514.1	41.3	2,069.8	42.2
25-49.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 935	6,109.0	4.2	3,906.3	7.3	2,693.7	3.0	583.9	8.8	189.7	4.8
	1966 1,009	6,842.1	4.4	4,099.1	7.1	2,888.1	2.9	498.8	6.7	156.9	3.9
	1967 1,045	7,344.3	4.3	4,292.8	6.9	2,816.2	2.6	414.1	5.6	112.3	2.7
	1968 1,059	8,173.3	4.3	4,466.0	6.6	3,469.7	2.9	494.0	5.8	196.5	4.0
5-24.9%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 1,635	14,343.3	9.9	7,155.6	13.3	8,471.4	9.4	1,069.7	16.1	409.6	10.3
	1966 1,715	15,569.2	9.9	7,778.8	13.5	8,765.7	8.7	1,094.5	15.1	325.9	8.1
	1967 1,813	18,185.9	10.6	8,700.7	13.9	10,441.7	9.5	1,180.6	15.9	439.3	10.8
	1968 1,791	17,356.9	9.1	8,419.9	12.4	9,988.3	8.4	1,180.0	13.9	518.7	10.6
Under 5% — Moins de 5%	1963 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1964 .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1965 29,772	35,846.1	24.8	13,374.4	24.7	34,441.5	38.2	1,453.2	21.8	880.1	22.1
	1966 32,544	39,323.6	25.0	14,772.6	25.8	38,662.9	38.3	1,688.9	23.3	996.6	24.9
	1967 35,395	41,705.5	24.2	15,950.7	25.6	41,413.7	37.9	1,745.3	23.5	1,117.0	27.4
	1968 37,687	46,601.9	24.5	18,201.6	26.9	44,622.3	37.5	2,036.8	23.9	1,297.3	26.4
Sub-totals — Total partiel	1963 22,189	41,644.1	—	19,316.8	—	34,971.3	—	2,594.0	—	..	..
	1964 22,280	45,900.8	—	20,707.7	—	37,253.1	—	2,863.1	—	..	..
	1965 32,342	56,298.4	38.9	24,436.3	45.3	45,606.6	50.6	3,106.8	46.7	1,479.4	37.2
	1966 35,268	61,734.9	39.3	26,650.5	46.4	50,316.7	49.9	3,272.2	45.1	1,479.4	36.9
	1967 38,253	67,235.7	39.1	28,944.2	46.4	54,671.6	50.0	3,340.0	45.0	1,668.6	40.9
	1968 40,537	72,132.1	37.9	31,087.5	45.9	58,080.3	48.8	3,710.8	43.6	2,012.5	41.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes,	1963 26,645	71,293.8	—	35,877.2	—	59,326.0	—	4,758.7	—	..	..
	1964 26,762	77,147.0	—	37,944.9	—	63,558.0	—	5,366.1	—	..	..
	1965 37,706	91,858.5	63.4	43,216.7	80.2	75,684.6	84.0	5,777.7	86.8	3,243.7	81.6
	1966 40,992	102,202.6	65.1	46,974.9	81.7	84,283.3	83.5	6,179.5	85.1	3,178.6	79.3
	1967 44,368	112,060.4	65.1	51,272.2	82.1	91,401.5	83.5	6,252.9	84.3	3,320.3	81.3
	1968 47,064	122,898.0	64.7	56,095.3	82.9	99,380.9	83.5	7,224.9	84.9	4,082.3	83.2
Other — Autres	1965 130,186	53,036.3	36.6	10,654.6	19.8	14,382.0	16.0	881.4	13.2	730.4	18.4
	1966 140,358	54,766.9	34.9	10,534.8	18.3	16,714.3	16.5	1,086.2	14.9	829.4	20.7
	1967 137,840	60,178.1	34.9	11,209.4	17.9	18,126.9	16.5	1,163.0	15.7	765.7	18.7
	1968 145,218	67,016.4	35.3	11,606.4	17.1	19,726.5	16.5	1,283.4	15.1	825.4	16.8
Total	1965 167,892	144,894.8	100.0	53,871.3	100.0	90,066.6	100.0	6,659.1	100.0	3,974.1	100.0
	1966 181,350	156,969.5	100.0	57,509.7	100.0	100,997.6	100.0	7,265.7	100.0	4,008.0	100.0
	1967 182,208	172,238.5	100.0	62,481.6	100.0	109,528.4	100.0	7,415.9	100.0	4,086.0	100.0
	1968 192,282	189,914.4	100.0	67,701.7	100.0	119,107.4	100.0	8,508.3	100.0	4,907.7	100.0

TABLE 2.001. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND TRAPPING, 1965-1968

TABEAU 2.001. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, AGRICULTURE, EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, PÊCHE ET PIÈGEAGE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 36	15.9	6.3	12.9	1.0	.1
	1966 47	21.1	8.2	23.1	.4	.2
	1967 50	24.1	9.4	19.0	.1	.3
	1968 52	24.1	9.6	18.4	.1	.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 504	196.1	66.3	176.8	4.8	2.5
	1966 638	246.7	75.2	238.0	9.4	4.7
	1967 743	292.6	90.6	270.4	11.2	6.7
	1968 897	358.6	109.0	298.8	15.1	9.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 540	212.0	72.6	189.7	5.8	2.6
	1966 685	267.8	83.4	261.1	9.8	4.9
	1967 793	316.7	100.0	289.4	11.3	6.4
	1968 949	382.7	118.6	317.2	15.2	9.0

TABLE 2.002. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$1,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND TRAPPING, 1965-1968

TABEAU 2.002. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, AGRICULTURE, EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, PÊCHE ET PIÈGEAGE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 18	58.2	39.5	35.9	4.8	4.5
	1966 15	40.7	27.2	27.4	3.3	3.1
	1967 18	54.4	38.6	38.5	2.0	1.9
	1968 19	44.8	21.8	42.6	4.5	3.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 59	196.4	110.2	97.7	11.7	6.9
	1966 63	181.5	92.8	133.7	7.7	4.8
	1967 67	209.7	100.6	125.8	4.6	1.7
	1968 68	237.1	124.3	144.3	9.9	7.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 77	254.6	149.7	133.6	16.5	11.4
	1966 78	222.2	120.0	161.1	11.0	7.9
	1967 85	264.1	139.2	164.3	6.6	3.6
	1968 87	281.9	146.1	186.9	14.4	10.7

TABLE 2.003. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND TRAPPING, 1965-1968

TABEAU 2.003. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE L'AGRICULTURE, DE L'EXPLOITATION FORESTIÈRE, DE LA PÊCHE ET DU PIÈGEAGE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 54	74.1	45.8	48.8	5.8	4.6
	1966 62	61.3	35.4	50.5	3.7	3.3
	1967 68	75.5	48.0	57.5	2.1	1.6
	1968 71	68.9	31.4	61.0	4.6	3.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 563	392.5	176.5	274.5	16.5	9.4
	1966 701	428.2	168.0	371.7	17.1	9.5
	1967 810	502.3	191.2	396.2	15.8	8.2
	1968 965	595.7	233.3	443.1	25.0	16.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 617	466.6	222.3	323.3	22.3	14.0
	1966 763	490.0	203.4	422.2	20.8	12.8
	1967 878	580.8	239.2	453.7	17.9	10.0
	1968 1,036	664.6	264.7	504.1	29.6	19.7

TABLE 2.004. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL MINING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.004. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 12	3.9	2.5	—	—	—
	1966 10	3.8	— 5.3	1.9	— 7.8	— 7.8
	1967 7	2.6	1.9	.7	—	— .1
	1968 7	3.1	— 3.8	.8	— .7	— .4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 117	41.7	38.2	3.8	.1	— .5
	1966 100	37.1	34.9	1.7	— .1	— .4
	1967 67	24.3	22.2	.7	— 1.0	— 1.0
	1968 46	15.7	13.5	12.5	2.0	— .9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 129	45.6	40.7	3.8	.1	— .5
	1966 110	40.9	29.6	3.6	— 7.9	— 8.2
	1967 74	26.9	24.1	1.4	— 1.0	— 1.1
	1968 53	18.8	9.7	13.3	1.3	— .5

TABLE 2.005. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL MINING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.005. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 13	9.2	5.8	2.6	.8	.3
	1966 12	8.8	5.1	3.1	— .6	— .2
	1967 10	7.5	5.4	2.2	— .3	— .3
	1968 6	4.5	3.6	3.2	.6	— .2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 98	72.7	66.0	6.7	— 1.1	— 1.1
	1966 96	70.8	63.8	8.2	.3	— .4
	1967 87	62.4	55.6	7.2	.7	— .1
	1968 42	29.0	25.8	6.1	.2	— .2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 111	81.9	71.8	9.3	— .3	— .8
	1966 108	79.6	68.9	11.3	— .3	— .6
	1967 97	69.9	61.0	9.4	.4	— .4
	1968 48	33.5	29.4	9.3	.8	— .4

TABLE 2.006. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL MINING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.006. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 31	68.5	18.5	15.3	— .8	.4
	1966 31	69.1	37.4	28.2	4.7	2.2
	1967 19	45.0	27.8	41.1	5.4	1.8
	1968 16	40.5	32.0	17.0	3.2	.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 149	323.0	265.5	58.5	7.6	— 1.7
	1966 134	281.6	232.8	63.8	5.3	— 3.3
	1967 99	210.4	163.2	61.5	2.4	— 2.2
	1968 67	154.4	112.2	66.9	4.4	1.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 180	391.5	284.0	73.8	6.8	— 1.3
	1966 165	350.7	270.2	92.0	10.0	— 1.1
	1967 118	255.4	191.0	102.6	7.8	— .4
	1968 83	194.9	144.2	83.9	7.6	2.4

TABLE 2.007. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL MINING, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.007. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 8	56.7	43.5	36.3	14.7	8.0
	1966 5	36.8	31.8	22.1	8.0	4.4
	1967 3	26.1	24.0	9.0	4.2	2.4
	1968 7	51.3	25.3	23.8	.2	- 1.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 32	223.9	160.1	76.5	16.5	.3
	1966 30	215.7	146.6	83.7	16.0	-.8
	1967 27	197.5	141.6	67.0	8.8	-.2
	1968 22	160.6	117.5	60.3	11.5	- 1.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 40	280.6	203.6	112.8	31.2	8.3
	1966 35	252.5	178.4	105.8	24.0	3.6
	1967 30	223.6	165.6	76.0	13.0	2.2
	1968 29	211.9	142.8	84.1	11.7	- 2.2

TABLE 2.008. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL MINING, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.008. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 10	155.6	77.2	64.4	20.1	1.9
	1966 10	153.3	68.7	62.6	11.6	4.4
	1967 8	129.2	63.4	43.6	16.5	2.8
	1968 14	198.8	138.9	85.7	20.7	8.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 15	253.2	195.5	133.6	48.8	9.3
	1966 16	283.4	221.1	139.2	61.4	8.6
	1967 17	276.6	216.1	139.9	55.5	6.0
	1968 13	212.5	143.8	137.3	39.1	8.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 25	408.8	272.7	198.0	68.9	11.2
	1966 26	436.7	289.8	201.8	73.0	13.0
	1967 25	405.8	279.5	183.5	72.0	8.8
	1968 27	411.3	282.7	223.0	59.8	17.7

TABLE 2.009. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$25,000,000 - \$49,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL MINING, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.009. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 - \$49,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 4	134.4	121.7	40.9	6.6	.8
	1966 5	172.1	128.9	34.5	7.6	.2
	1967 4	134.2	102.1	43.7	10.7	.6
	1968 4	155.1	102.4	46.6	8.7	.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 4	129.5	109.7	62.7	39.3	5.8
	1966 3	102.3	80.4	51.7	17.9	7.3
	1967 5	173.9	119.2	100.9	44.1	17.5
	1968 5	196.4	143.1	87.9	40.2	8.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 8	263.9	231.4	103.6	45.9	6.6
	1966 8	274.4	209.3	86.2	25.5	7.5
	1967 9	308.1	221.3	144.6	54.8	18.1
	1968 9	351.5	245.5	134.5	48.9	9.3

TABLE 2.010. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$50,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL MINING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.010. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$50,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 5	960.0	268.9	350.0	43.3	4.7
	1966 7	1,116.2	286.6	412.9	40.9	- 29.9
	1967 9	1,494.4	680.4	544.8	94.5	.8
	1968 9	1,531.1	760.0	666.6	156.3	13.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 9	1,134.6	983.0	460.0	186.2	45.3
	1966 10	1,383.9	1,122.7	538.2	218.8	31.8
	1967 9	1,506.7	1,102.4	624.5	207.8	32.3
	1968 10	1,662.2	1,224.5	631.0	208.4	36.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 14	2,094.6	1,251.9	810.0	229.5	50.0
	1966 17	2,500.1	1,409.3	951.1	259.7	1.9
	1967 18	3,001.1	1,782.8	1,169.3	302.3	33.1
	1968 19	3,193.3	1,984.5	1,297.6	364.7	49.9

TABLE 2.011. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL METAL MINING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.011. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINÉRAUX MÉTALLIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 83	1,388.3	538.1	509.5	84.7	16.1
	1966 80	1,560.1	553.2	565.3	64.4	- 26.7
	1967 60	1,839.0	905.0	685.1	131.0	8.0
	1968 63	1,984.4	1,058.4	843.7	189.0	21.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 424	2,178.6	1,818.0	301.8	297.4	57.4
	1966 389	2,374.8	1,902.3	886.5	319.6	42.8
	1967 311	2,451.8	1,820.3	1,001.7	318.3	52.3
	1968 205	2,430.8	1,780.4	1,002.0	305.8	55.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 507	3,566.9	2,356.1	1,311.3	382.1	73.5
	1966 469	3,934.9	2,455.5	1,451.8	384.0	16.1
	1967 371	4,290.8	2,725.3	1,686.8	449.3	60.3
	1968 268	4,415.2	2,838.8	1,845.7	494.8	77.2

TABLE 2.012. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MINERAL FUELS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.012. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX COMBUSTIBLES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 22	6.5	.6	2.2	.2	—
	1966 18	6.5	1.0	1.6	—	—
	1967 26	8.9	.8	1.1	- 2.2	- 1.0
	1968 23	7.2	- 1.4	2.0	- 3.8	- 3.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 63	21.3	10.6	9.9	.8	.1
	1966 57	19.9	9.6	8.8	.5	.1
	1967 49	17.6	9.8	5.6	.2	—
	1968 53	18.3	9.7	7.1	.6	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 85	27.8	11.2	12.1	1.0	.1
	1966 75	26.4	10.6	10.4	.3	.1
	1967 75	26.5	10.6	6.7	- 2.0	- 1.1
	1968 76	25.5	8.3	9.1	- 3.2	- 3.7

TABLE 2.013. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MINERAL FUELS, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.013. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX COMBUSTIBLES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 15	10.8	6.4	2.4	— .2	—
	1966 17	12.5	2.3	5.0	— .5	— .2
	1967 21	15.7	— 5.5	4.7	— 1.0	— 2.0
	1968 20	13.7	— 4.2	2.6	—	— .1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 30	21.6	15.2	4.3	— .1	— .7
	1966 32	22.7	15.9	4.0	— .4	— .3
	1967 34	23.4	15.3	4.8	— .5	— .1
	1968 38	26.2	16.9	6.1	— .3	— .6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 45	32.4	21.6	6.7	— .3	— .7
	1966 49	35.2	18.2	9.0	— .1	— .1
	1967 55	39.1	9.8	9.5	— .5	— 2.1
	1968 58	39.9	12.7	8.7	— .3	— .7

TABLE 2.014. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MINERAL FUELS, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.014. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX COMBUSTIBLES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 72	246.5	142.4	44.2	3.6	— .9
	1966 63	236.9	104.0	39.9	— 2.5	— 2.4
	1967 77	301.4	126.3	56.9	— .1	— 6.1
	1968 90	309.1	154.4	60.5	2.6	— 7.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 54	127.4	96.3	24.6	2.6	— .4
	1966 63	179.8	125.6	33.5	6.1	— .6
	1967 57	153.1	108.9	27.8	6.8	2.8
	1968 65	167.6	114.5	28.4	3.9	— .9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 126	373.9	238.7	68.8	6.2	— 1.3
	1966 126	416.7	229.6	73.4	3.6	— 3.0
	1967 134	454.5	235.2	84.7	6.9	— 3.3
	1968 135	476.7	268.9	88.9	6.5	— 8.0

TABLE 2.015. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$10,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MINERAL FUELS, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.015. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MINÉRAUX COMBUSTIBLES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 55	2,630.6	1,785.4	667.0	118.6	4.4
	1966 53	2,920.2	1,902.0	790.7	152.7	21.2
	1967 61	3,433.7	2,156.9	964.9	174.1	22.5
	1968 65	3,736.4	2,270.1	1,053.5	183.4	16.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 12	471.6	274.1	73.5	27.6	1.3
	1966 17	703.0	455.3	118.4	41.4	2.3
	1967 14	618.4	389.2	114.0	39.3	2.6
	1968 13	633.7	403.8	109.8	43.9	2.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 67	3,102.2	2,059.5	740.5	146.2	5.7
	1966 70	3,623.2	2,357.3	909.1	194.1	23.5
	1967 75	4,052.1	2,546.1	1,078.9	213.4	25.1
	1968 78	4,370.1	2,673.9	1,163.3	227.3	19.1

TABLE 2.016. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL MINERAL FUELS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.016. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINÉRAUX COMBUSTIBLES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 164	2,894.4	1,934.8	715.8	122.2	3.5
	1966 151	3,176.1	2,009.3	837.2	149.5	18.6
	1967 185	3,759.7	2,278.5	1,027.6	171.0	13.4
	1968 198	4,066.4	2,418.9	1,118.6	182.2	5.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 159	641.9	396.2	112.3	30.9	.3
	1966 169	925.4	606.4	164.7	48.4	2.1
	1967 154	312.5	523.2	152.2	46.8	5.2
	1968 139	845.8	544.9	151.4	48.7	1.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 323	3,536.3	2,331.0	828.1	153.1	3.8
	1966 320	4,101.5	2,615.7	1,001.9	197.9	20.7
	1967 339	4,572.2	2,801.7	1,179.8	217.8	18.6
	1968 367	4,912.2	2,963.8	1,270.0	230.9	6.7

TABLE 2.017. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, OTHER MINING, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.017. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, AUTRES MINES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 57	29.1	14.1	20.8	1.6	1.2
	1966 61	32.2	11.8	26.3	.8	.4
	1967 68	32.9	12.7	20.8	.2	-.3
	1968 88	44.2	17.1	30.0	.5	.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 321	152.5	96.5	111.0	2.3	.9
	1966 376	174.6	112.3	120.1	5.8	3.0
	1967 444	216.6	148.0	122.3	3.2	-.5
	1968 528	265.7	197.4	114.2	1.6	-.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 378	181.6	110.6	131.8	3.9	2.1
	1966 437	206.8	124.1	146.4	6.6	3.4
	1967 512	249.5	160.7	143.1	3.4	-.8
	1968 616	309.9	214.5	144.2	2.1	-.8

TABLE 2.018. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, OTHER MINING, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.018. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, AUTRES MINES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actifs	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 50	169.6	105.0	70.5	9.8	8.1
	1966 52	178.7	77.8	88.7	7.8	4.4
	1967 67	198.5	79.6	93.3	5.3	5.0
	1968 65	215.6	106.2	103.5	8.8	7.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 126	269.3	179.8	110.3	7.4	1.6
	1966 144	298.5	191.1	119.6	5.0	-.3
	1967 179	407.4	275.6	145.8	9.7	2.0
	1968 185	400.2	261.2	146.5	13.0	5.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 176	438.9	284.8	180.8	17.2	9.7
	1966 196	477.2	268.9	208.3	12.8	4.1
	1967 246	605.9	355.2	239.1	15.0	7.0
	1968 250	615.8	367.4	250.0	21.8	12.1

TABLE 2.019. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$10,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, OTHER MINING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.019. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, AUTRES MINES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus.....	1965 13 1966 17 1967 20 1968 25	480.5 667.1 812.8 1,047.8	286.3 453.6 502.2 561.1	198.1 246.9 260.5 319.7	56.9 73.5 57.4 76.4	27.5 29.9 21.1 18.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 7 1966 6 1967 9 1968 7	171.8 211.7 258.2 158.3	133.1 120.9 177.9 126.5	60.2 52.0 87.7 64.2	11.5 13.4 19.1 9.5	4.2 2.7 2.4 3.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 20 1966 23 1967 29 1968 32	652.3 878.8 1,071.0 1,206.1	419.4 574.5 680.1 687.6	258.3 298.9 348.2 383.9	68.4 86.9 76.5 85.9	31.7 32.6 23.5 22.1

TABLE 2.020. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL OTHER MINING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.020. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES AUTRES MINES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus.....	1965 120 1966 130 1967 155 1968 178	679.2 878.0 1,044.2 1,307.6	405.4 543.2 594.5 684.4	289.4 361.9 374.6 453.2	68.3 83.1 62.9 85.7	36.8 34.7 25.8 25.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 454 1966 526 1967 632 1968 720	593.6 684.8 882.2 824.2	409.4 424.3 601.5 585.1	281.5 291.7 355.8 324.9	21.2 24.2 32.0 24.1	6.7 5.4 3.9 7.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 574 1966 656 1967 787 1968 898	1,272.8 1,562.8 1,926.4 2,131.8	814.8 967.5 1,196.0 1,269.5	570.9 653.6 730.4 778.1	89.5 106.3 94.9 109.8	43.5 40.1 29.7 33.4

TABLE 2.021. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL MINING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.021. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES MINES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus.....	1965 367 1966 361 1967 400 1968 439	4,961.9 5,614.2 6,642.9 7,358.4	2,878.3 3,105.7 3,778.0 4,161.7	1,514.7 1,764.4 2,087.3 2,415.5	275.2 296.0 364.9 456.9	56.4 26.6 47.2 52.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 1,037 1966 1,084 1967 1,097 1968 1,094	3,414.1 3,985.0 4,146.5 4,100.8	2,623.6 2,933.0 2,945.0 2,910.4	1,195.6 1,342.9 1,509.7 1,478.3	349.5 392.2 397.1 378.6	64.4 50.3 61.4 64.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 1,404 1966 1,445 1967 1,497 1968 1,533	8,376.0 9,599.2 10,789.4 11,459.2	5,501.9 6,038.7 6,723.0 7,072.1	2,710.3 3,107.3 3,597.0 3,893.8	624.7 688.2 762.0 835.5	120.8 76.9 108.6 117.3

TABLE 2.022. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FOOD, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.022. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 48	21.4	6.4	49.0	2.2	1.6
	1966 49	24.7	9.1	46.5	1.7	1.4
	1967 50	26.0	9.4	54.4	2.5	1.9
	1968 56	30.7	10.2	67.9	2.6	2.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 722	289.9	126.6	885.7	18.0	14.5
	1966 750	298.1	125.7	937.3	18.6	14.4
	1967 794	319.3	129.9	990.3	15.0	12.0
	1968 766	315.1	128.4	976.8	20.2	17.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 770	311.3	133.0	934.7	20.2	16.1
	1966 799	322.8	134.8	983.8	20.3	15.8
	1967 844	345.3	139.3	1,044.7	17.5	13.9
	1968 822	345.8	138.6	1,044.7	22.8	19.3

TABLE 2.023. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FOOD, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.023. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 60	135.9	57.4	214.1	6.5	5.8
	1966 58	143.6	46.5	240.7	9.2	6.0
	1967 67	163.0	64.5	288.8	10.4	8.7
	1968 63	151.8	69.6	241.9	8.9	8.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 194	390.2	182.3	962.7	31.3	23.7
	1966 206	426.0	188.5	1,076.5	34.4	23.7
	1967 198	405.2	167.6	1,038.5	24.9	16.8
	1968 208	419.6	175.7	1,150.9	22.2	16.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 254	526.1	239.7	1,176.8	37.8	29.5
	1966 264	569.6	235.0	1,317.2	43.6	29.7
	1967 265	568.2	232.1	1,327.3	35.3	25.5
	1968 271	571.4	245.3	1,392.8	31.1	25.5

TABLE 2.024. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FOOD, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.024. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 16	113.1	54.2	186.9	18.0	15.1
	1966 19	130.6	65.4	221.1	12.5	10.4
	1967 21	145.8	74.0	231.8	9.9	8.7
	1968 22	146.6	56.6	243.9	5.9	5.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 22	154.7	75.5	332.6	13.6	9.5
	1966 20	147.5	69.1	260.3	11.4	8.8
	1967 24	165.5	67.8	318.5	9.1	6.0
	1968 24	172.2	69.5	303.8	9.9	7.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 38	267.8	129.7	519.5	31.6	24.6
	1966 39	278.1	134.5	481.4	23.9	19.2
	1967 45	311.3	141.8	550.3	19.0	14.7
	1968 46	318.8	126.1	547.7	15.8	13.3

TABLE 2.025. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FOOD, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.025. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 13	203.5	129.4	382.4	21.4	20.3
	1966 13	206.8	120.1	397.9	27.2	23.9
	1967 14	228.8	129.9	439.4	22.5	19.7
	1968 16	251.3	139.1	408.3	28.2	20.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 14	198.1	93.2	454.7	18.9	12.3
	1966 11	163.6	64.6	323.7	19.3	9.8
	1967 14	214.6	90.9	380.9	17.6	12.7
	1968 12	179.8	80.4	357.4	14.9	12.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 27	401.6	222.6	837.1	40.3	32.6
	1966 24	370.4	184.7	820.3	46.5	33.7
	1967 28	443.4	220.8	820.3	40.1	32.4
	1968 28	431.1	219.5	765.7	43.1	32.5

TABLE 2.026. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$25,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FOOD, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.026. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 9	359.7	250.1	670.4	52.7	45.3
	1966 10	443.2	288.4	914.5	58.2	48.7
	1967 11	497.1	309.4	940.8	54.0	48.2
	1968 11	541.1	338.8	887.2	51.3	48.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 10	583.2	335.9	1,152.1	47.4	27.1
	1966 11	657.4	377.3	1,231.4	55.9	24.4
	1967 11	701.5	385.4	1,201.6	38.2	19.2
	1968 12	756.8	413.1	1,400.2	46.7	34.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 19	942.9	586.0	1,822.5	100.1	72.4
	1966 21	1,100.6	665.7	2,145.9	114.1	73.1
	1967 22	1,198.6	694.8	2,142.4	92.2	67.4
	1968 23	1,297.9	751.9	2,287.4	98.0	83.2

TABLE 2.027. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL FOOD, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.027. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 146	833.6	497.5	1,502.8	100.8	88.1
	1966 149	948.9	529.5	1,820.7	108.8	90.4
	1967 163	1,060.7	587.2	1,955.2	99.3	87.2
	1968 168	1,121.5	614.3	1,849.2	96.9	85.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 962	1,616.1	813.5	3,787.8	129.2	87.1
	1966 998	1,692.6	825.2	3,829.2	139.6	81.1
	1967 1,041	1,806.1	841.6	3,929.8	104.8	66.7
	1968 1,022	1,843.5	867.1	4,189.1	113.9	88.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 1,108	2,449.7	1,311.0	5,290.6	230.0	175.2
	1966 1,147	2,641.5	1,354.7	5,649.9	248.4	171.5
	1967 1,204	2,866.8	1,428.8	5,885.0	204.1	153.9
	1968 1,190	2,965.0	1,481.4	6,038.3	210.8	173.8

TABLE 2.028. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$5,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, BEVERAGES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.028. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$5,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, BREUVAGES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 10	14.0	7.0	21.3	1.9	1.2
	1966 8	18.9	9.0	20.8	1.7	1.2
	1967 10	25.0	10.9	28.5	1.8	1.6
	1968 10	23.0	9.6	23.2	.9	.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 139	125.5	73.7	174.0	19.6	15.4
	1966 159	143.9	82.3	190.4	20.8	19.2
	1967 173	154.2	79.0	234.5	19.3	18.0
	1968 178	156.7	82.8	251.1	24.2	22.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 149	139.5	80.7	195.3	21.5	16.6
	1966 167	162.8	91.3	211.2	22.5	20.4
	1967 183	179.2	89.9	263.0	21.1	19.6
	1968 188	179.7	92.4	274.3	25.1	23.2

TABLE 2.029. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$5,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, BEVERAGES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.029. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, BREUVAGES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 7	134.4	84.7	119.7	22.9	21.5
	1966 7	141.8	86.8	132.9	25.2	24.2
	1967 7	155.2	96.0	158.3	30.5	28.6
	1968 8	170.8	108.0	178.6	32.4	31.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 28	613.1	299.2	504.9	111.5	100.0
	1966 29	635.8	336.7	519.5	121.1	105.9
	1967 28	661.4	323.1	621.8	151.7	125.1
	1968 31	720.7	339.4	693.3	163.9	143.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 35	747.5	383.9	624.6	134.4	121.5
	1966 36	777.6	423.5	652.4	146.3	130.1
	1967 35	816.6	419.1	780.1	182.2	153.7
	1968 39	891.5	447.4	871.9	196.3	174.8

TABLE 2.030. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL BEVERAGES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.030. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES BREUVAGES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 17	148.4	91.7	141.0	24.8	22.7
	1966 15	160.7	95.8	153.7	26.9	25.4
	1967 17	180.2	106.9	186.8	32.3	30.2
	1968 18	193.8	117.6	201.8	33.3	32.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 167	738.6	372.9	678.9	131.1	115.4
	1966 188	779.7	419.0	709.9	141.9	125.1
	1967 201	815.6	402.1	856.3	171.0	143.1
	1968 209	877.4	422.2	944.4	188.1	165.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 184	887.0	464.6	819.9	155.9	138.1
	1966 203	940.4	514.8	863.6	168.8	150.5
	1967 218	995.8	509.0	1,043.1	203.3	173.3
	1968 227	1,071.2	539.8	1,146.2	221.4	198.0

TABLE 2.031. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL FOOD AND BEVERAGES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.031. Corporations faisant rapports aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES ET DES BREUVAGES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 163	982.0	589.2	1,643.8	125.6	110.8
	1966 164	1,109.6	625.3	1,974.4	135.7	115.8
	1967 180	1,240.9	694.1	2,142.0	131.6	117.4
	1968 186	1,315.3	731.9	2,051.0	130.2	117.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 1,129	2,354.7	1,186.4	4,466.7	260.3	202.5
	1966 1,186	2,472.3	1,244.2	4,539.1	281.5	206.2
	1967 1,242	2,621.7	1,243.7	4,786.1	275.8	209.8
	1968 1,231	2,720.9	1,289.3	5,133.5	302.0	253.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 1,292	3,336.7	1,775.6	6,110.5	385.9	313.3
	1966 1,350	3,581.9	1,869.5	6,513.5	417.2	322.0
	1967 1,422	3,862.6	1,937.8	6,928.1	407.4	327.2
	1968 1,417	4,036.2	2,021.2	7,184.5	432.2	371.8

TABLE 2.032. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOBACCO PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.032. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU TABAC, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 17	345.0	178.8	332.8	29.1	25.6
	1966 17	337.8	185.6	374.2	31.3	22.7
	1967 17	400.4	195.5	386.0	37.0	33.1
	1968 17	422.9	204.5	416.4	37.7	36.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 7	68.8	46.8	79.9	13.0	12.1
	1966 6	73.2	51.3	89.9	10.7	10.1
	1967 5	78.7	54.4	98.0	10.6	10.1
	1968 5	77.1	56.8	102.7	7.8	7.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 24	413.8	225.6	412.7	42.1	38.1
	1966 23	411.0	236.9	464.1	42.0	32.2
	1967 22	479.1	249.9	484.0	47.6	43.1
	1968 22	500.0	261.3	519.1	45.5	44.1

TABLE 2.033. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000 by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RUBBER PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.033. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CAOUTCHOUC, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 10	4.4	2.8	9.4	.6	..
	1966 10	5.5	3.7	7.3	.3	..
	1967 9	4.6	2.9	6.0	.1	..
	1968 9	5.0	2.9	5.4	.2	..
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 15	6.8	4.3	11.8	1.4	1.1
	1966 17	8.2	4.4	12.3	1.3	..
	1967 12	5.9	2.2	10.4	.5	..
	1968 14	6.9	3.1	13.5	.7	..
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 25	11.2	7.1	21.2	2.0	1.1
	1966 27	13.7	8.1	19.6	1.6	1.1
	1967 21	10.5	5.1	16.4	.6	..
	1968 23	11.9	6.0	18.9	.9	..

TABLE 2.034. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$1,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RUBBER PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLERAU 2.034. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CAOUTCHOUC, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 21	364.9	190.5	505.5	28.8	24.3
	1966 21	434.3	206.6	594.8	37.4	27.0
	1967 23	460.7	225.0	659.5	40.3	29.4
	1968 21	504.0	232.6	697.5	41.3	35.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 6	21.2	9.1	36.5	1.7	1.4
	1966 6	18.9	7.5	33.4	2.5	2.4
	1967 9	28.8	13.0	50.1	4.2	4.1
	1968 7	26.5	12.9	44.9	3.7	3.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 27	386.1	199.6	542.0	30.5	25.7
	1966 27	453.2	214.1	628.2	39.9	29.4
	1967 32	489.5	238.0	709.6	44.5	33.5
	1968 28	530.5	245.5	742.4	45.0	38.7

TABLE 2.035. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL RUBBER PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLERAU 2.035. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES PRODUITS DU CAOUTCHOUC, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 31	369.3	193.3	514.9	29.4	24.9
	1966 31	439.8	210.3	602.1	37.7	27.2
	1967 32	465.3	227.9	665.5	40.4	29.5
	1968 30	509.0	235.5	702.9	41.5	35.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 21	28.0	13.4	48.3	3.1	2.7
	1966 23	27.1	11.9	45.7	3.8	3.3
	1967 21	34.7	15.2	60.5	4.7	4.5
	1968 21	33.4	16.0	58.4	4.4	4.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 52	397.3	206.7	563.2	32.5	27.6
	1966 54	466.9	222.2	647.8	41.5	30.5
	1967 53	500.0	243.1	726.0	45.1	34.0
	1968 51	542.4	251.5	761.3	45.9	39.5

TABLE 2.036. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$250,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, LEATHER PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLERAU 2.036. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$250,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CUIR, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1966 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1967 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1968 —	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 13	2.5	.9	6.7	.1	.1
	1966 15	3.0	1.0	9.7	.2	.1
	1967 14	2.8	1.2	9.0	.3	.2
	1968 11	1.9	.7	6.2	.1	.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 13	2.5	.9	6.7	.1	.1
	1966 15	3.0	1.0	9.7	.2	.1
	1967 14	2.8	1.2	9.0	.3	.2
	1968 11	1.9	.7	6.2	.1	.1

TABLE 2.037. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$250,000 - \$499,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, LEATHER PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.037. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$250,000 - \$499,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CUIR, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 5	1.7	1.0	3.9	.2	—
	1966 4	1.3	.9	1.4	.1	.1
	1967 4	1.5	.9	2.8	.1	.1
	1968 7	2.4	1.2	4.0	.1	.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 61	22.1	9.2	43.1	.8	.6
	1966 65	22.9	8.5	42.9	.9	.5
	1967 67	24.0	9.5	54.7	.8	.6
	1968 59	20.8	8.6	42.1	1.0	.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 66	23.8	10.2	47.0	1.0	.6
	1966 69	24.2	9.4	44.3	1.0	.6
	1967 71	25.5	10.4	57.5	.9	.7
	1968 66	23.2	9.8	46.1	1.1	1.0

TABLE 2.038. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, LEATHER PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968.

TABEAU 2.038. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CUIR, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 4	2.6	1.5	3.8	.3	.3
	1966 7	5.1	3.0	10.2	1.3	.5
	1967 8	6.0	3.1	10.1	.7	.7
	1968 7	5.2	2.5	8.7	.7	.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 48	35.3	14.7	66.0	1.2	1.0
	1966 51	35.5	14.9	67.8	1.7	1.0
	1967 54	38.2	16.3	83.0	2.1	2.0
	1968 59	40.4	17.0	81.8	2.7	2.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 52	37.9	16.2	69.8	1.5	1.4
	1966 58	40.6	17.9	78.0	3.0	2.0
	1967 62	44.2	19.4	93.1	2.8	2.7
	1968 66	45.6	19.5	90.5	3.4	3.0

TABLE 2.039. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$1,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, LEATHER PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.039. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU CUIR, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 12	34.9	14.4	59.8	2.8	2.0
	1966 12	38.1	14.9	57.7	2.3	1.0
	1967 11	37.6	17.1	51.2	.9	2.0
	1968 13	41.7	19.6	73.6	2.8	2.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 28	68.1	29.4	113.9	4.0	3.0
	1966 37	87.0	34.5	149.0	4.9	3.0
	1967 29	75.7	31.8	119.8	4.6	3.0
	1968 37	93.2	36.5	151.7	6.3	3.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 40	103.0	43.8	173.7	6.8	4.0
	1966 49	125.1	49.4	206.7	7.2	4.0
	1967 40	114.3	48.9	171.0	5.5	4.0
	1968 50	134.9	56.1	225.3	9.1	4.0

TABLE 2.040. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL LEATHER PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.040. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES PRODUITS DU CUIR, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 21	39.2	16.9	67.5	3.3	2.8
	1966 23	44.5	18.8	69.3	3.7	2.4
	1967 23	45.1	21.1	64.1	1.7	1.5
	1968 27	49.3	23.3	86.3	3.6	3.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 150	128.0	54.2	229.7	6.1	5.4
	1966 168	148.4	58.9	269.4	7.7	5.7
	1967 164	141.7	58.8	266.5	7.8	6.1
	1968 166	156.3	62.8	281.8	10.1	8.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 171	167.2	71.1	297.2	9.4	8.2
	1966 191	192.9	77.7	338.7	11.4	8.1
	1967 187	186.8	79.9	330.6	9.5	7.6
	1968 193	205.6	86.1	368.1	13.7	12.4

TABLE 2.041. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TEXTILE MILLS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.041. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, USINES DE FILATURE ET DE TISSAGE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 16	5.2	2.2	7.9	.6	.4
	1966 14	5.0	1.8	10.8	.4	.2
	1967 8	2.4	1.4	5.8	.1	—
	1968 8	2.4	1.0	15.8	.1	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 82	26.2	11.5	51.0	1.5	1.1
	1966 89	23.4	12.9	59.8	1.7	1.3
	1967 97	30.9	14.7	65.1	2.4	1.7
	1968 100	32.2	14.9	63.8	2.3	2.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 98	31.4	13.7	58.9	2.1	1.5
	1966 103	33.4	14.7	70.6	2.1	1.5
	1967 105	33.3	16.1	70.9	2.5	1.7
	1968 108	34.6	15.9	79.6	2.4	2.0

TABLE 2.042. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TEXTILE MILLS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.042. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, USINES DE FILATURE ET DE TISSAGE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 11	7.4	2.9	11.9	.5	.2
	1966 14	9.9	4.5	16.5	.2	— .3
	1967 14	11.3	5.4	17.5	.6	.2
	1968 10	8.1	3.8	15.9	1.0	.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 51	38.1	15.8	69.6	2.7	2.3
	1966 52	38.2	15.8	69.8	2.8	2.5
	1967 56	41.1	17.8	76.9	3.6	3.4
	1968 56	39.0	15.0	66.6	1.9	1.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 62	45.5	18.7	81.5	3.2	2.5
	1966 66	48.1	20.3	86.3	3.0	2.2
	1967 70	52.4	23.2	94.4	4.2	3.6
	1968 66	47.1	18.8	82.5	2.9	2.4

TABLE 2.043. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TEXTILE MILLS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.043. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, USINES DE FILATURE ET DE TISSAGE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 31	66.6	34.7	88.8	5.6	4.7
	1966 34	79.8	40.0	114.2	7.0	5.2
	1967 36	84.4	43.1	124.0	9.2	6.1
	1968 40	92.7	46.0	123.3	11.4	8.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 66	144.7	70.2	216.7	10.1	6.0
	1966 69	145.0	64.4	230.9	8.9	3.7
	1967 67	145.9	63.9	221.5	7.9	4.3
	1968 71	155.5	70.4	246.7	12.9	10.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 97	211.3	104.9	305.5	15.7	10.7
	1966 103	224.8	104.4	345.1	15.9	8.9
	1967 103	230.3	107.0	345.5	17.1	10.4
	1968 111	248.2	116.4	370.0	24.3	19.1

TABLE 2.044. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TEXTILE MILLS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.044. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, USINES DE FILATURE ET DE TISSAGE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 7	49.9	24.1	62.3	4.3	3.8
	1966 6	45.5	25.1	53.2	5.0	4.1
	1967 8	57.9	26.5	57.6	3.3	3.2
	1968 11	77.6	35.6	78.6	6.9	6.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 8	59.2	25.6	81.3	4.0	1.3
	1966 10	71.2	35.3	88.4	3.5	.9
	1967 11	80.8	44.8	113.1	2.2	.3
	1968 13	100.6	45.7	136.1	3.3	3.1
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 15	109.1	49.7	143.6	8.3	5.1
	1966 16	116.7	60.4	141.6	8.5	5.0
	1967 19	138.7	71.3	170.7	5.5	3.5
	1968 24	178.2	81.3	214.7	10.2	9.2

TABLE 2.045. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$10,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TEXTILE MILLS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.045. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, USINES DE FILATURE ET DE TISSAGE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 7	437.2	259.0	332.9	47.2	29.0
	1966 7	523.4	266.2	414.8	44.5	25.0
	1967 7	526.9	264.0	398.1	31.4	10.0
	1968 8	562.6	282.0	475.8	42.2	32.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 9	244.2	142.0	284.6	18.9	13.0
	1966 12	324.2	176.4	319.3	15.7	8.0
	1967 11	363.1	166.1	290.3	- 5.4	- 12.0
	1968 9	320.7	160.4	308.7	- 3.3	- 7.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 16	681.4	401.0	617.5	66.1	43.0
	1966 19	847.6	442.6	734.1	60.2	33.0
	1967 18	890.0	430.1	688.4	26.0	1.0
	1968 17	883.3	442.4	784.5	38.9	25.0

TABLE 2.046. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL TEXTILE MILLS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.046. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES USINES DE FILATURE ET DE TISSAGE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 72	566.3	322.9	503.8	58.2	38.9
	1966 75	663.6	337.6	609.5	57.1	34.2
	1967 73	682.9	340.4	603.0	44.6	19.9
	1968 77	743.4	368.4	709.4	61.6	47.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 216	512.4	265.1	703.2	37.2	23.9
	1966 232	607.0	304.8	768.2	32.6	16.7
	1967 242	661.8	307.3	766.9	10.7	- 2.5
	1968 249	648.0	306.4	821.9	17.1	10.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 288	1,078.7	588.0	1,207.0	95.4	62.8
	1966 307	1,270.6	642.4	1,377.7	89.7	50.9
	1967 315	1,344.7	647.7	1,369.9	55.3	17.4
	1968 326	1,391.4	674.8	1,531.3	78.7	57.9

TABLE 2.047. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, KNITTING MILLS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.047. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, USINES DE TRICOT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 4	2.7	.6	6.4	—	—
	1966 4	2.0	— .4	5.5	— .2	— .2
	1967 7	3.6	— .1	8.6	.1	.1
	1968 9	4.1	1.5	5.2	.4	.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 129	59.9	22.3	118.0	3.6	2.2
	1966 128	58.6	21.1	119.2	3.2	2.4
	1967 124	57.2	20.7	110.4	3.4	2.4
	1968 121	57.8	22.3	115.6	4.0	2.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 133	62.6	22.9	124.4	3.6	2.2
	1966 132	60.6	20.7	124.7	3.0	2.2
	1967 131	60.8	20.6	119.0	3.5	2.5
	1968 130	61.9	23.8	120.8	4.4	3.2

TABLE 2.048. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$1,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, KNITTING MILLS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.048. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, USINES DE TRICOT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 10	32.0	15.9	39.5	3.1	3.0
	1966 11	36.4	18.9	48.6	4.5	3.4
	1967 10	35.7	19.9	45.2	2.5	2.3
	1968 12	40.6	23.2	55.3	4.7	4.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 26	84.3	46.2	96.3	5.0	3.4
	1966 31	89.2	48.0	103.3	5.3	3.9
	1967 37	98.6	51.6	125.6	3.4	2.7
	1968 36	87.9	46.0	133.1	6.0	5.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 36	116.3	62.1	135.8	8.1	6.4
	1966 42	125.6	66.9	151.9	9.8	7.3
	1967 47	134.3	71.5	170.8	5.9	5.0
	1968 48	128.5	69.2	188.4	10.7	9.9

TABLE 2.049. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL KNITTING MILLS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.049. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES USINES DE TRICOT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 14	34.7	16.5	45.9	3.1	3.0
	1966 15	38.4	18.5	54.1	4.3	3.2
	1967 17	39.3	19.8	53.8	2.6	2.4
	1968 21	44.7	24.7	60.5	5.1	4.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 155	144.2	68.5	214.3	8.6	5.6
	1966 159	147.8	69.1	222.5	8.5	6.3
	1967 161	155.8	72.3	236.0	8.8	5.1
	1968 157	145.7	68.3	248.7	10.0	8.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 169	178.9	85.0	260.2	11.7	8.6
	1966 174	186.2	87.6	276.6	12.8	9.5
	1967 178	193.1	92.1	289.8	9.4	7.5
	1968 178	190.4	93.0	309.2	15.1	13.1

TABLE 2.050. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.050. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIES DU VÊTEMENT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 7	2.3	1.1	5.5	.1	—
	1966 7	2.1	1.0	4.7	.1	.1
	1967 9	3.3	1.2	6.7	.1	.1
	1968 6	1.6	.1	5.6	.1	.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 363	109.7	49.2	262.1	5.4	4.4
	1966 388	120.6	50.6	286.8	5.0	4.3
	1967 397	120.6	53.6	302.6	6.6	6.0
	1968 403	123.2	54.1	298.7	7.5	7.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 370	112.0	50.3	267.6	5.5	4.4
	1966 395	122.7	51.6	291.5	5.1	4.4
	1967 406	123.9	54.8	309.3	6.7	6.1
	1968 409	124.8	54.2	304.3	7.4	7.2

TABLE 2.051. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.051. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIES DU VÊTEMENT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 11	7.9	3.9	15.2	.5	.5
	1966 12	8.4	3.4	14.8	.8	.6
	1967 14	10.7	4.1	18.2	.4	.3
	1968 13	9.5	5.4	17.2	1.1	.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 142	95.6	38.6	192.6	3.6	2.7
	1966 143	99.8	40.3	203.9	4.5	3.7
	1967 154	105.2	44.3	233.4	5.3	4.9
	1968 180	125.2	51.5	276.6	8.0	7.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 153	103.5	42.5	207.8	4.1	3.2
	1966 155	108.2	43.7	218.7	5.3	4.3
	1967 168	115.9	48.4	251.6	5.7	5.2
	1968 193	134.7	56.9	293.8	9.1	8.4

TABLE 2.052. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.052. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIES DU VÊTEMENT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 11	15.8	7.5	25.7	1.3	1.2
	1966 15	26.9	11.6	39.0	1.9	1.7
	1967 14	26.1	11.2	39.2	1.8	1.4
	1968 17	36.4	11.8	52.2	1.1	1.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 61	107.7	38.5	204.5	6.0	4.9
	1966 75	134.2	47.5	257.2	6.9	5.8
	1967 73	132.1	48.9	280.9	7.5	6.9
	1968 70	131.5	51.1	261.9	10.0	9.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 72	123.5	46.0	230.2	7.3	6.1
	1966 90	161.1	59.1	296.2	8.8	7.5
	1967 87	158.2	60.1	300.1	9.3	8.3
	1968 87	167.9	62.9	314.1	11.1	10.9

TABLE 2.053. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$5,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.053. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INDUSTRIES DU VÊTEMENT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 3	22.7	16.6	31.0	4.2	3.9
	1966 3	25.2	18.0	35.1	3.9	3.6
	1967 3	25.1	19.3	35.7	3.5	3.2
	1968 3	27.7	20.5	36.4	3.5	3.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 6	55.7	22.5	71.7	.6	1.8
	1966 6	41.2	16.2	54.3	.1	— .1
	1967 5	32.7	15.0	44.7	.5	— .1
	1968 5	31.8	12.6	40.5	1.0	.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 9	78.4	39.1	102.7	4.8	5.7
	1966 9	66.4	34.2	89.4	4.0	3.5
	1967 8	57.8	34.3	80.4	4.0	3.1
	1968 8	59.5	33.1	76.9	4.5	4.2

TABLE 2.054. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL CLOTHING INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.054. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DU VÊTEMENT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 32	48.7	29.1	77.4	6.1	5.6
	1966 37	62.6	34.0	93.6	6.7	6.0
	1967 40	65.2	35.8	99.8	5.8	5.0
	1968 39	75.2	37.8	111.4	5.6	5.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 572	368.7	148.8	730.9	15.6	13.8
	1966 612	395.8	154.6	802.2	16.5	13.7
	1967 629	390.6	161.8	841.6	19.9	17.7
	1968 658	411.7	169.3	877.7	26.5	25.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 604	417.4	177.9	808.3	21.7	19.4
	1966 649	458.4	188.6	895.8	23.2	19.7
	1967 669	455.8	197.6	941.4	25.7	22.7
	1968 697	486.9	207.1	989.1	32.1	30.7

TABLE 2.055. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL TEXTILE INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.055. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DU TEXTILE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 118	649.7	368.5	627.1	67.4	47.5
	1966 127	764.6	390.1	757.2	68.1	43.4
	1967 130	787.4	396.0	756.6	53.0	27.3
	1968 137	863.3	430.9	881.3	72.3	57.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 943	1,025.3	482.4	1,648.4	61.4	43.3
	1966 1,003	1,150.6	528.5	1,792.9	57.6	36.7
	1967 1,032	1,208.2	541.4	1,844.5	37.4	20.3
	1968 1,064	1,205.4	544.0	1,948.3	53.6	43.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 1,061	1,675.0	850.9	2,275.5	128.8	90.8
	1966 1,130	1,915.2	918.6	2,550.1	125.7	80.1
	1967 1,162	1,995.6	937.4	2,601.1	90.4	47.6
	1968 1,201	2,068.7	974.9	2,829.6	125.9	101.7

TABLE 2.056. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WOOD INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.056. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU BOIS, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 32	16.5	7.0	25.8	1.9	1.5
	1966 34	18.2	5.6	29.7	1.5	1.5
	1967 32	15.5	5.3	25.5	.3	.1
	1968 19	10.6	2.4	15.0	.7	.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 481	226.3	85.6	359.5	9.3	6.8
	1966 465	217.2	82.6	355.2	9.6	6.2
	1967 483	225.8	87.7	373.3	10.0	7.2
	1968 473	216.2	82.9	376.1	14.2	11.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 513	242.8	92.6	385.3	11.2	8.3
	1966 499	235.4	88.2	384.9	11.1	7.7
	1967 515	241.3	93.0	398.8	10.3	7.3
	1968 492	226.8	85.3	391.1	14.9	12.0

TABLE 2.057. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WOOD INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.057. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU BOIS, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 22	45.2	18.3	71.9	1.6	1.5
	1966 28	60.9	15.0	69.6	—	.3
	1967 29	57.2	12.1	67.3	—	1.1
	1968 36	72.1	20.4	95.3	6.8	4.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 154	307.5	125.4	384.3	16.2	11.7
	1966 165	337.0	130.9	444.7	18.2	13.3
	1967 160	342.1	131.2	446.4	20.6	16.7
	1968 171	356.0	141.9	484.6	34.6	28.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 176	352.7	143.7	456.2	17.8	13.7
	1966 193	397.9	145.9	514.3	18.2	13.7
	1967 189	399.3	143.3	513.7	20.6	15.7
	1968 207	428.1	162.3	579.9	41.4	33.4

TABLE 2.058. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WOOD INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.058. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU BOIS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	42.6	12.7	32.3	1.8	1.7
	1966 3	19.6	4.9	25.7	2.3	2.0
	1967 6	40.9	18.7	39.6	- 1.9	.9
	1968 7	48.0	11.8	51.9	5.2	5.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 12	76.4	28.8	65.6	1.7	.1
	1966 12	79.9	28.0	79.6	.1	1.6
	1967 15	93.4	33.7	71.4	1.8	1.7
	1968 18	110.0	54.3	150.0	17.6	14.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 18	119.0	41.5	97.9	3.5	1.8
	1966 15	99.5	32.9	105.3	2.4	3.6
	1967 21	134.3	52.4	111.0	- .1	2.6
	1968 25	158.0	66.1	201.9	22.8	19.7

TABLE 2.059. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$10,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WOOD INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.059. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU BOIS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	275.4	105.3	153.7	9.4	4.4
	1966 7	290.0	121.4	198.8	1.7	1.7
	1967 6	271.7	98.4	186.3	- 3.1	.9
	1968 7	324.9	128.0	211.9	15.3	12.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 5	254.4	115.5	219.7	12.2	1.4
	1966 4	297.1	145.8	166.8	16.2	6.5
	1967 6	353.4	135.4	256.4	15.2	7.1
	1968 3	248.3	100.5	151.0	19.0	19.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 11	529.8	220.8	373.4	21.6	5.8
	1966 11	587.1	267.2	365.6	17.9	8.2
	1967 12	625.1	233.8	442.7	12.1	6.2
	1968 10	573.2	228.5	362.9	34.3	31.9

TABLE 2.060. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL WOOD INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.060. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES PRODUITS DU BOIS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 66	379.7	143.3	283.7	14.7	9.1
	1966 72	388.7	146.9	323.8	5.5	4.9
	1967 73	385.3	134.5	318.7	- 4.7	- 1.0
	1968 69	455.6	162.6	374.1	28.0	22.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 652	864.6	355.3	1,029.1	39.4	20.0
	1966 646	931.2	387.3	1,046.3	44.1	28.2
	1967 664	1,014.7	388.0	1,147.5	47.6	32.3
	1968 665	930.5	379.6	1,161.7	85.4	74.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 718	1,244.3	498.6	1,312.8	54.1	29.1
	1966 718	1,319.9	534.2	1,370.1	49.6	33.1
	1967 737	1,400.0	522.5	1,466.2	42.9	31.3
	1968 734	1,386.1	542.2	1,535.8	113.4	97.2

TABLE 2.061. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FURNITURE INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.061. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MEUBLES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 13	4.4	1.7	9.3	.3	.3
	1966 12	4.5	1.8	9.2	.3	.3
	1967 11	4.0	2.0	9.3	.3	.3
	1968 11	4.1	2.0	9.7	.4	.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 137	44.9	18.7	90.9	2.6	2.3
	1966 158	51.2	21.2	105.6	3.8	3.5
	1967 158	50.1	20.8	107.3	3.6	3.3
	1968 151	47.6	20.8	106.7	3.4	3.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 150	49.3	20.4	100.2	2.9	2.6
	1966 170	55.7	23.0	114.8	4.1	3.8
	1967 169	54.1	22.8	116.6	3.9	3.6
	1968 162	51.7	22.8	116.4	3.8	3.6

TABLE 2.062. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FURNITURE INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.062. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MEUBLES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 5	3.6	2.5	7.3	.2	.2
	1966 3	2.1	1.2	4.7	.2	.2
	1967 5	3.3	.5	8.0	.1	.2
	1968 6	3.7	1.6	5.7	.3	.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 69	47.9	21.0	81.8	2.4	1.7
	1966 73	50.7	19.6	94.4	2.0	1.3
	1967 72	48.2	18.3	92.3	2.8	2.5
	1968 86	60.9	24.3	110.9	4.5	3.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 74	51.5	23.5	89.1	2.6	1.9
	1966 76	52.8	20.8	99.1	2.2	1.5
	1967 77	51.5	18.8	100.3	2.9	2.7
	1968 92	64.6	25.9	116.6	4.8	3.8

TABLE 2.063. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$1,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, FURNITURE INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.063. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MEUBLES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 10	32.8	21.5	39.5	2.9	2.8
	1966 12	40.3	25.0	48.9	5.0	3.7
	1967 13	45.2	28.9	60.3	4.5	4.4
	1968 18	61.8	39.9	72.4	3.9	3.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%.....	1965 40	90.3	44.5	109.4	4.8	3.2
	1966 48	119.0	55.0	145.5	7.6	5.5
	1967 56	132.3	60.2	164.7	5.7	4.9
	1968 58	147.6	70.9	170.0	8.7	7.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 50	123.1	66.0	148.9	7.7	6.0
	1966 60	159.3	80.0	194.4	12.6	9.2
	1967 69	177.5	89.1	225.0	10.2	9.3
	1968 76	209.4	110.8	242.4	12.6	11.4

TABLE 2.064. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL FURNITURE INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.064. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE MEUBLES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 28	40.8	25.7	56.1	3.4	3.3
	1966 27	46.9	28.0	62.8	5.5	4.2
	1967 29	52.5	31.4	77.6	4.9	4.9
	1968 35	69.6	43.5	87.8	4.6	4.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 246	183.1	84.2	282.1	9.8	7.2
	1966 279	220.9	95.8	345.5	13.4	10.3
	1967 286	230.6	99.3	364.3	12.1	10.7
	1968 295	256.1	116.0	387.6	16.6	14.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 274	223.9	109.9	338.2	13.2	10.5
	1966 306	267.8	123.8	408.3	18.9	14.5
	1967 315	283.1	130.7	441.9	17.0	15.6
	1968 330	325.7	159.5	475.4	21.2	18.8

TABLE 2.065. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.065. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 13	4.6	2.3	8.9	.1	.2
	1966 16	5.5	2.5	9.1	.2	.2
	1967 10	3.6	1.3	6.9	.3	.2
	1968 12	4.4	1.9	7.2	.4	.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 49	16.0	7.1	30.9	1.3	1.0
	1966 55	17.1	7.3	36.4	1.7	1.3
	1967 61	18.6	7.7	38.7	1.6	1.4
	1968 58	18.7	8.2	37.8	1.4	1.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 62	20.6	9.4	39.8	1.4	1.2
	1966 71	22.6	9.8	45.5	1.9	1.5
	1967 71	22.2	9.0	45.6	1.9	1.6
	1968 70	23.1	10.1	45.0	1.8	1.8

TABLE 2.066. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.066. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 12	8.3	5.0	14.4	1.0	1.0
	1966 9	6.4	4.0	13.7	1.0	.9
	1967 12	8.2	5.0	15.6	.9	.8
	1968 12	8.7	5.4	16.5	1.1	1.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 31	22.4	10.0	38.9	1.4	.9
	1966 36	24.5	10.5	41.4	1.4	.7
	1967 42	29.4	13.6	49.0	1.5	1.1
	1968 40	27.9	11.7	46.1	1.9	1.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 43	30.7	15.0	53.3	2.4	1.9
	1966 45	30.9	14.5	55.1	2.4	1.6
	1967 54	37.6	18.6	64.6	2.4	1.9
	1968 52	36.6	17.1	62.6	3.0	2.4

TABLE 2.067. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.067. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 23	53.5	33.0	82.7	6.4	5.8
	1966 24	54.5	30.0	76.6	5.6	5.2
	1967 26	64.0	35.7	89.1	6.4	6.3
	1968 25	63.7	35.0	92.0	6.7	5.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 47	106.7	49.5	160.7	7.1	6.6
	1966 51	111.0	49.7	160.2	8.3	5.6
	1967 54	132.3	63.6	214.0	11.8	10.0
	1968 52	117.3	55.8	185.1	9.7	8.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 70	160.2	82.5	243.4	13.5	12.4
	1966 75	165.5	79.7	236.8	13.9	10.8
	1967 80	196.3	99.3	303.1	18.2	16.3
	1968 77	181.0	90.8	277.1	16.4	13.8

TABLE 2.068. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.068. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 8	59.6	38.0	77.8	8.2	7.3
	1966 7	43.0	29.4	55.3	6.4	5.9
	1967 7	52.2	30.6	52.6	6.0	5.5
	1968 8	58.3	34.3	70.5	5.3	4.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 4	26.2	13.8	45.4	1.5	1.0
	1966 4	28.0	18.2	50.1	6.2	2.0
	1967 3	25.0	16.2	29.7	1.8	1.2
	1968 8	57.2	28.4	85.9	7.6	1.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 12	85.8	51.8	123.2	9.7	8.3
	1966 11	71.0	47.6	105.4	12.6	7.9
	1967 10	77.2	46.8	82.3	7.8	7.4
	1968 16	115.5	62.7	156.4	12.9	5.9

TABLE 2.069. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.069. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 7	97.8	55.4	87.5	6.9	4.1
	1966 7	93.2	68.4	125.9	11.1	9.1
	1967 7	98.9	64.2	127.1	9.9	8.1
	1968 7	106.1	53.0	87.7	7.4	6.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 5	85.6	41.2	77.7	15.9	12.1
	1966 8	135.6	46.7	121.5	15.4	12.1
	1967 7	120.7	28.9	129.8	16.0	9.1
	1968 5	74.9	29.0	72.7	6.6	7.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 12	183.4	96.6	165.2	22.8	17.1
	1966 15	228.8	115.1	247.4	26.5	21.1
	1967 14	219.6	93.1	256.9	25.9	17.1
	1968 12	181.0	82.0	160.4	14.0	13.1

TABLE 2.070. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$25,000,000 - \$49,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.070. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 - \$49,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 13	454.0	219.0	328.2	31.7	31.3
	1966 15	577.2	230.1	384.9	36.3	31.9
	1967 11	426.9	166.8	310.3	15.3	13.7
	1968 12	433.8	174.2	346.6	12.6	13.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 7	231.8	107.8	185.3	17.6	8.0
	1966 8	286.0	122.3	220.9	18.9	8.9
	1967 10	363.0	160.3	269.3	22.7	15.0
	1968 12	427.8	178.8	337.9	21.4	17.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 20	685.8	326.8	513.5	49.3	39.3
	1966 23	863.2	352.4	605.8	55.2	40.8
	1967 21	789.9	327.1	579.6	38.0	28.7
	1968 24	861.6	353.0	684.5	34.0	31.1

TABLE 2.071. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$50,000,000 - \$99,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.071. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$50,000,000 - \$99,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 9	674.7	374.3	376.9	62.1	43.1
	1966 9	762.5	420.1	385.6	102.7	33.9
	1967 11	880.1	443.1	404.2	31.9	19.8
	1968 13	993.3	442.1	482.7	32.4	22.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 7	492.1	245.3	246.8	42.5	- 3.3
	1966 7	512.4	246.8	287.4	28.1	- 11.4
	1967 6	469.4	218.8	277.7	13.9	- 1.2
	1968 7	561.2	264.7	345.4	8.4	- 4.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 16	1,166.8	619.6	623.7	104.6	39.8
	1966 16	1,274.9	666.9	673.0	130.8	22.5
	1967 17	1,349.5	661.9	681.9	45.8	18.6
	1968 20	1,554.5	706.8	828.1	40.8	18.2

TABLE 2.072. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$100,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.072. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$100,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 3	599.3	397.9	372.7	50.7	36.5
	1966 3	676.5	419.0	391.9	40.9	24.5
	1967 4	809.1	468.4	453.2	24.2	.6
	1968 4	820.7	493.6	500.4	50.9	6.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 9	1,998.1	1,278.8	1,087.6	180.3	71.6
	1966 9	2,128.2	1,208.4	956.8	149.5	26.0
	1967 10	2,518.1	1,354.2	1,051.5	145.8	27.0
	1968 10	2,565.9	1,359.2	1,165.2	116.2	57.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 12	2,597.4	1,676.7	1,460.3	231.0	108.1
	1966 12	2,804.7	1,627.4	1,348.7	190.4	50.5
	1967 14	3,327.2	1,822.6	1,504.7	170.0	27.6
	1968 14	3,386.6	1,832.8	1,665.6	167.1	63.4

TABLE 2.073. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL PAPER AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.073. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE PAPIER ET DE PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 88	1,951.8	1,124.9	1,349.1	167.1	129.9
	1966 90	2,218.8	1,203.5	1,443.0	204.2	111.6
	1967 88	2,343.0	1,215.1	1,459.0	94.9	55.5
	1968 93	2,489.0	1,239.5	1,603.6	116.8	59.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 159	2,978.9	1,753.5	1,873.3	267.6	98.6
	1966 178	3,242.8	1,709.9	1,874.7	229.5	45.9
	1967 193	3,676.5	1,863.3	2,059.7	215.1	64.3
	1968 192	3,850.9	1,935.8	2,276.1	173.2	90.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 247	4,930.7	2,878.4	3,222.4	434.7	228.5
	1966 268	5,461.6	2,913.4	3,317.7	433.7	157.5
	1967 281	6,019.5	3,078.4	3,518.7	310.0	119.8
	1968 285	6,339.9	3,175.3	3,879.7	290.0	149.9

TABLE 2.074. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRINTING, PUBLISHING AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.074. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, IMPRESSION, ÉDITION ET ACTIVITÉS CONNEXES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 14	5.3	2.8	9.0	1.2	1.0
	1966 14	4.9	2.0	8.5	.7	.7
	1967 10	3.3	1.5	8.8	1.0	1.0
	1968 14	4.7	2.7	10.2	.6	.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 178	59.0	30.0	105.5	4.4	3.3
	1966 191	63.0	32.9	115.5	5.0	4.1
	1967 199	66.6	32.4	121.7	5.4	4.7
	1968 224	74.1	34.0	140.2	5.6	5.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 192	64.3	32.8	114.5	5.6	4.3
	1966 205	67.9	34.9	124.0	5.7	4.8
	1967 209	69.9	33.9	130.5	6.4	5.7
	1968 238	78.8	36.7	150.4	6.2	5.6

TABLE 2.075. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRINTING, PUBLISHING AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.075. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, IMPRESSION, ÉDITION ET ACTIVITÉS CONNEXES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 13	10.0	5.0	14.0	1.6	1.3
	1966 14	9.9	4.8	13.9	1.1	1.1
	1967 13	9.7	4.8	15.5	1.1	1.0
	1968 15	10.8	5.1	15.2	1.4	1.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 77	54.1	27.3	91.8	3.7	2.9
	1966 91	63.2	26.8	111.0	5.2	4.0
	1967 105	71.8	31.9	126.7	6.2	4.9
	1968 116	80.9	36.1	140.5	7.0	6.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 90	64.1	32.3	105.8	5.3	4.2
	1966 105	73.1	31.6	124.9	6.3	5.1
	1967 118	81.5	36.7	142.2	7.3	5.9
	1968 131	91.7	41.2	155.7	8.4	7.4

TABLE 2.076. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRINTING, PUBLISHING AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.076. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, IMPRESSION, ÉDITION ET ACTIVITÉS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 15	30.7	17.3	34.5	3.8	3.6
	1966 19	40.7	23.3	54.1	5.5	5.2
	1967 19	40.2	23.3	52.1	3.9	3.5
	1968 25	55.8	35.4	64.4	6.8	6.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 70	143.8	89.6	169.9	19.0	14.2
	1966 74	152.9	88.0	200.1	18.9	13.3
	1967 79	158.0	91.8	201.9	15.9	12.8
	1968 71	143.4	76.5	191.4	14.6	12.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 85	174.5	106.9	204.4	22.8	17.8
	1966 93	193.6	111.3	254.2	24.4	18.5
	1967 98	198.2	115.1	254.0	19.8	16.3
	1968 96	199.2	111.9	255.8	21.4	18.5

TABLE 2.077. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$5,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRINTING, PUBLISHING AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.077. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, IMPRESSION, ÉDITION ET ACTIVITÉS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	46.0	29.1	42.3	6.4	4.8
	1966 7	58.5	34.5	58.0	7.4	6.4
	1967 7	56.7	32.4	60.6	7.8	6.8
	1968 11	143.2	99.6	88.7	19.5	16.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 22	332.7	208.0	347.8	48.0	35.8
	1966 24	368.9	232.9	390.7	49.3	38.6
	1967 25	394.3	258.1	414.9	49.4	45.2
	1968 24	362.7	217.7	449.6	64.6	50.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 28	378.7	237.1	390.1	54.4	40.6
	1966 31	427.4	267.4	448.7	56.7	45.0
	1967 32	451.0	290.5	475.5	57.2	52.0
	1968 35	505.9	317.3	538.3	84.1	67.1

TABLE 2.078. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL PRINTING, PUBLISHING AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.078. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES D'IMPRESSION, ÉDITION ET ACTIVITÉS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 48	92.0	54.2	99.8	13.0	10.7
	1966 54	114.0	64.6	134.5	14.7	13.4
	1967 49	109.9	62.0	137.0	13.8	12.3
	1968 65	214.5	142.8	178.5	26.3	24.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 347	589.6	354.9	715.0	75.1	56.2
	1966 380	648.0	380.6	817.3	78.4	60.0
	1967 408	690.7	414.2	865.2	76.9	67.6
	1968 435	661.1	364.3	921.7	91.8	74.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 395	681.6	409.1	814.8	88.1	66.9
	1966 434	762.0	445.2	951.8	93.1	73.4
	1967 457	800.6	476.2	1,002.2	90.7	79.9
	1968 500	875.6	507.1	1,100.2	120.1	98.6

TABLE 2.079. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRIMARY METALS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.079. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 9	3.2	1.7	5.2	7.1	.3
	1966 4	1.5	.7	2.5	.3	.2
	1967 8	3.1	1.3	4.9	.2	.4
	1968 9	3.5	1.6	5.3	.4	.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 43	13.7	6.1	25.6	1.0	.7
	1966 54	18.0	8.0	42.2	2.3	1.5
	1967 62	19.5	9.7	41.4	2.0	1.7
	1968 51	16.7	7.6	32.2	1.5	1.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 52	16.9	7.8	30.8	8.1	1.0
	1966 58	19.5	8.7	44.7	2.6	1.7
	1967 70	22.6	11.0	46.3	2.2	2.1
	1968 60	20.2	9.2	37.5	1.9	1.5

TABLE 2.080. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRIMARY METALS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.080. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 4	2.5	.7	5.9	.2	.2
	1966 8	5.5	1.6	8.8	.1	.3
	1967 5	3.5	.9	13.2	.3	.3
	1968 5	4.0	.8	8.0	.1	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 24	16.8	6.6	28.1	1.1	.6
	1966 28	20.1	7.0	34.0	.7	.4
	1967 28	21.4	6.7	34.0	.7	.6
	1968 31	22.3	7.5	37.3	1.7	1.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 28	19.3	7.3	34.0	1.3	.8
	1966 36	25.6	8.6	42.8	.8	.7
	1967 33	24.9	7.6	47.2	1.0	.9
	1968 36	26.3	8.3	45.3	1.8	1.7

TABLE 2.081. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRIMARY METALS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.081. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 20	50.5	33.1	93.1	7.3	6.0
	1966 19	51.2	32.5	96.9	6.7	6.2
	1967 19	53.3	28.6	71.3	5.7	4.5
	1968 20	53.6	33.4	96.2	7.4	6.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 28	57.6	17.2	99.7	3.5	2.0
	1966 32	72.1	25.2	99.8	4.1	3.5
	1967 32	76.6	27.2	104.6	5.5	3.5
	1968 32	64.5	31.1	102.1	5.0	2.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 48	108.1	50.3	192.8	10.8	9.5
	1966 51	123.3	57.7	196.7	10.8	9.5
	1967 51	129.9	55.8	175.9	11.2	7.7
	1968 52	118.1	64.5	198.3	12.4	9.5

TABLE 2.082. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRIMARY METALS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.082. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus						
1965	6	41.3	24.8	47.5	3.2	2.1
1966	6	39.1	23.2	56.5	3.1	2.7
1967	7	39.4	21.5	59.3	2.5	2.5
1968	9	59.4	29.8	75.5	3.1	3.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%						
1965	4	27.8	18.8	34.7	4.1	2.7
1966	5	33.5	14.1	40.2	2.7	1.1
1967	7	49.7	13.6	48.2	1.5	1.5
1968	8	55.0	10.3	60.3	- 1.8	- 4.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes						
1965	10	69.1	43.6	82.2	7.3	4.8
1966	11	72.6	37.3	96.7	5.8	3.8
1967	14	89.1	35.1	107.5	3.0	3.0
1968	17	114.4	40.1	135.8	1.3	- 1.6

TABLE 2.083. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRIMARY METALS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.083. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus						
1965	7	106.4	53.0	120.6	8.3	6.2
1966	5	88.4	52.3	108.3	8.4	8.6
1967	7	123.8	72.5	148.3	8.9	8.3
1968	7	113.5	46.1	165.7	7.5	5.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%						
1965	4	60.5	23.9	68.8	5.8	.5
1966	5	82.9	34.7	83.2	6.6	2.2
1967	4	65.1	25.3	56.3	2.7	- 1.5
1968	3	42.2	20.9	41.2	2.2	1.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes						
1965	11	166.9	76.9	189.4	14.1	6.7
1966	10	171.3	87.0	191.5	15.0	10.8
1967	11	188.9	97.8	204.6	11.6	6.8
1968	10	155.7	67.0	206.9	9.7	7.0

TABLE 2.084. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRIMARY METALS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.084. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus						
1965	5	361.3	194.2	213.5	24.3	5.3
1966	5	291.8	153.9	230.1	18.1	9.7
1967	4	204.5	87.5	150.5	6.9	3.1
1968	5	239.4	133.7	194.7	13.0	7.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%						
1965	8	386.8	206.7	356.3	40.7	21.0
1966	7	362.4	145.2	320.1	29.2	13.9
1967	9	502.6	218.0	382.5	26.6	16.7
1968	9	449.5	152.1	439.8	27.5	22.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes						
1965	13	748.1	400.9	569.8	65.0	26.3
1966	12	654.2	299.1	550.2	47.3	23.6
1967	13	707.1	305.5	533.0	33.5	19.8
1968	14	688.9	285.8	634.5	40.5	29.2

TABLE 2.085. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$100,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PRIMARY METALS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.085. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$100,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 3	2,211.9	1,245.4	1,189.2	357.5	175.8
	1966 5	2,385.8	1,373.1	1,277.8	256.1	104.6
	1967 5	2,564.4	1,422.6	1,355.7	259.0	86.3
	1968 5	2,667.6	1,466.2	1,349.8	318.3	139.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 3	1,240.9	763.7	899.1	172.6	43.2
	1966 4	1,485.7	906.5	946.7	175.5	29.5
	1967 4	1,635.2	954.1	916.8	138.8	15.0
	1968 5	1,868.9	1,088.5	1,071.0	174.3	65.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 6	3,452.8	2,009.1	2,088.3	530.1	219.0
	1966 9	3,871.5	2,279.6	2,224.5	431.6	134.1
	1967 9	4,199.6	2,376.7	2,272.5	397.8	101.3
	1968 10	4,536.5	2,554.7	2,420.8	492.6	205.0

TABLE 2.086. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL PRIMARY METAL, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.086. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES DES MÉTAUX PRIMAIRES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 54	2,777.1	1,552.9	1,675.0	407.9	196.5
	1966 52	2,963.3	1,637.3	1,780.9	292.8	132.3
	1967 55	2,992.0	1,634.9	1,803.2	283.5	105.4
	1968 60	3,141.0	1,711.6	1,895.2	349.8	162.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 114	1,804.1	1,043.0	1,512.3	228.8	71.3
	1966 135	2,074.7	1,140.7	1,566.2	221.1	52.3
	1967 146	2,370.1	1,254.6	1,583.8	176.8	36.1
	1968 139	2,519.1	1,318.0	1,783.9	210.4	89.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 168	4,581.2	2,595.9	3,187.3	636.7	267.8
	1966 187	4,938.0	2,778.0	3,347.1	513.9	184.6
	1967 201	5,362.1	2,889.5	3,387.0	460.3	141.5
	1968 199	5,660.1	3,029.6	3,679.1	560.2	252.2

TABLE 2.087. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL FABRICATING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.087. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 70	23.6	8.9	38.9	2.9	2.2
	1966 65	21.7	7.3	39.4	2.1	1.7
	1967 61	20.3	6.4	36.9	2.2	1.6
	1968 66	22.5	8.9	42.5	2.1	1.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 323	106.3	43.0	198.8	7.1	5.2
	1966 367	119.6	49.2	226.5	11.1	8.7
	1967 404	128.8	54.4	255.1	11.5	9.4
	1968 415	134.6	54.5	247.7	8.4	7.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 393	129.9	51.9	237.7	10.0	7.4
	1966 432	141.3	56.5	265.9	13.2	10.3
	1967 465	149.1	60.8	292.0	13.7	11.0
	1968 481	157.1	63.4	290.2	10.5	9.4

TABLE 2.088. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL FABRICATING, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.088. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 62	44.7	18.4	68.1	4.7	4.9
	1966 70	50.1	20.2	74.0	6.7	6.1
	1967 65	45.0	18.2	65.2	5.2	4.3
	1968 78	55.7	22.7	85.1	6.3	6.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 129	90.5	38.6	145.1	7.0	4.0
	1966 151	104.6	43.6	185.0	8.4	5.6
	1967 165	113.0	47.4	198.7	8.6	7.0
	1968 174	119.7	49.0	200.0	7.7	5.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 191	135.2	57.0	213.2	11.7	8.9
	1966 221	154.7	63.8	259.0	15.1	11.7
	1967 230	158.0	65.6	263.9	13.8	11.3
	1968 252	175.4	71.7	285.1	14.0	11.9

TABLE 2.089. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL FABRICATING, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.089. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 86	224.5	134.7	279.8	22.3	19.9
	1966 98	238.5	136.0	303.2	25.9	23.5
	1967 111	249.5	143.0	326.2	25.0	20.0
	1968 107	243.9	138.0	334.6	30.7	21.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 122	233.0	85.3	341.5	16.8	12.3
	1966 143	283.5	100.8	426.3	25.7	18.1
	1967 146	294.2	114.9	425.6	25.0	18.8
	1968 147	300.4	111.5	416.6	17.9	16.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 208	457.5	220.0	621.3	39.1	32.2
	1966 241	524.0	236.8	729.5	51.6	41.6
	1967 257	543.7	257.9	751.8	50.0	38.8
	1968 254	544.3	249.5	751.2	48.6	37.4

TABLE 2.090. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL FABRICATING, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.090. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 21	134.9	79.8	179.4	11.9	9.7
	1966 23	156.3	83.9	201.7	9.6	8.6
	1967 22	153.2	94.2	200.2	16.1	16.5
	1968 33	235.2	129.8	282.0	18.5	18.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 17	119.7	56.7	136.2	11.3	6.1
	1966 17	124.3	53.2	164.3	14.3	9.0
	1967 20	138.7	67.3	184.2	12.3	9.3
	1968 17	116.5	53.1	145.1	6.1	5.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 38	254.6	136.5	315.6	23.2	15.8
	1966 40	280.6	137.1	366.0	23.9	17.6
	1967 42	291.9	161.5	384.4	28.4	25.8
	1968 50	351.7	182.9	427.1	24.6	23.8

TABLE 2.091. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL FABRICATING, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.091. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 9	131.3	74.8	136.5	15.5	9.2
	1966 11	170.3	92.8	219.7	19.1	14.1
	1967 7	103.5	70.0	127.7	10.5	8.6
	1968 9	120.0	68.7	170.5	16.1	13.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 6	101.7	47.8	120.5	6.3	5.1
	1966 4	68.8	26.5	75.6	4.3	1.0
	1967 5	73.0	30.2	63.7	— 3.6	1.4
	1968 4	52.9	28.6	47.3	3.4	3.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 15	233.0	122.6	257.0	21.8	14.3
	1966 15	239.1	119.3	295.3	23.4	15.1
	1967 12	176.5	100.2	191.4	6.9	10.0
	1968 13	172.9	97.3	217.8	19.5	16.8

TABLE 2.092. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$25,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, METAL FABRICATING, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.092. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 3	169.7	86.5	262.5	22.6	21.4
	1966 4	213.3	96.3	293.0	28.7	24.2
	1967 7	387.3	136.7	364.5	34.6	30.7
	1968 7	376.7	130.1	430.1	43.3	30.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 3	186.7	99.4	153.3	19.6	5.7
	1966 4	295.4	141.0	271.2	21.8	9.5
	1967 4	279.5	143.2	286.1	11.4	2.9
	1968 4	289.4	139.3	268.5	7.2	4.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 6	356.4	185.9	415.8	42.2	27.1
	1966 8	508.7	237.3	564.2	50.5	33.7
	1967 11	666.8	279.9	630.6	46.0	33.6
	1968 11	666.1	269.4	698.6	50.5	34.6

TABLE 2.093. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL METAL FABRICATING, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.093. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DES PRODUITS MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 251	728.7	403.1	965.2	79.9	67.3
	1966 271	850.2	436.5	1,131.0	92.1	78.2
	1967 273	958.8	468.5	1,120.7	93.6	81.7
	1968 300	1,054.0	498.2	1,344.8	117.0	90.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 600	837.9	370.8	1,095.4	68.1	38.4
	1966 686	998.2	414.3	1,348.9	85.6	51.9
	1967 744	1,027.2	457.4	1,413.4	65.2	48.8
	1968 761	1,013.5	436.0	1,325.2	50.7	43.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 851	1,566.6	773.9	2,060.6	148.0	105.7
	1966 957	1,848.4	850.8	2,479.9	177.7	130.1
	1967 1,017	1,986.0	925.9	2,534.1	158.8	130.5
	1968 1,061	2,067.5	934.2	2,670.0	167.7	133.9

TABLE 2.094. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MACHINERY, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.094. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MACHINERIE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 41	14.8	5.5	31.8	2.7	2.6
	1966 39	14.3	4.5	22.3	1.5	1.3
	1967 37	13.3	3.7	21.4	.9	.7
	1968 31	11.3	2.6	22.0	.5	.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 65	20.9	10.1	37.3	2.2	1.9
	1966 88	29.2	10.6	49.3	2.6	.3
	1967 87	29.0	12.8	49.4	2.3	1.8
	1968 84	28.0	11.5	45.9	1.6	1.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 106	35.7	15.6	69.1	4.9	4.5
	1966 127	43.5	15.1	71.6	4.1	1.6
	1967 124	42.3	16.5	70.8	3.2	2.5
	1968 115	39.3	14.1	67.9	2.1	1.9

TABLE 2.095. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MACHINERY, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.095. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MACHINERIE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 28	21.7	6.7	30.6	1.4	1.2
	1966 35	25.4	10.0	36.1	2.3	2.1
	1967 36	26.3	9.5	41.2	1.6	1.5
	1968 47	33.7	13.7	54.6	2.5	1.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 50	33.8	12.6	54.6	2.0	1.7
	1966 43	30.4	11.8	48.7	2.6	2.2
	1967 50	35.3	14.7	60.5	3.4	2.9
	1968 51	35.0	14.5	59.2	3.3	3.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 78	55.5	19.3	85.2	3.4	2.9
	1966 78	55.8	21.8	84.8	4.9	4.3
	1967 86	61.6	24.2	101.7	5.0	4.4
	1968 98	68.7	28.2	113.8	5.8	4.7

TABLE 2.096. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MACHINERY, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.096. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MACHINERIE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 60	159.8	72.3	239.8	17.5	14.5
	1966 60	150.3	63.2	225.4	15.5	13.6
	1967 70	159.7	68.4	252.8	18.8	17.4
	1968 76	188.4	90.6	258.0	16.0	14.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 44	97.3	35.0	147.4	7.1	5.1
	1966 49	104.0	36.0	169.7	8.2	6.4
	1967 50	98.9	40.3	159.0	7.5	5.5
	1968 54	99.7	42.6	142.2	6.2	4.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 104	257.1	107.3	387.2	24.6	19.6
	1966 109	254.3	99.2	395.1	23.7	20.0
	1967 120	258.6	108.7	411.8	26.3	22.9
	1968 130	288.1	133.2	400.2	22.2	19.7

TABLE 2.097. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MACHINERY, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.097. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MACHINERIE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 20	139.5	77.7	196.6	18.1	16.1
	1966 24	173.9	79.5	245.2	16.9	13.8
	1967 30	223.8	100.5	301.5	18.1	17.7
	1968 28	198.4	94.1	255.9	13.7	12.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 6	42.6	20.1	53.9	.7	— .6
	1966 5	38.7	15.9	38.4	1.6	— .2
	1967 4	30.5	13.3	36.1	1.4	— .6
	1968 3	17.1	7.1	28.2	1.7	1.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 26	182.1	97.8	250.5	18.8	15.5
	1966 29	212.6	95.4	283.6	18.5	13.6
	1967 34	254.3	113.8	337.6	19.5	18.3
	1968 31	215.5	101.2	284.1	15.4	13.9

TABLE 2.098. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$10,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MACHINERY, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.098. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MACHINERIE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 21	591.9	318.9	750.9	81.1	76.9
	1966 24	745.1	379.8	928.1	89.5	79.1
	1967 22	790.7	417.2	982.5	87.9	70.2
	1968 24	838.2	461.4	1,056.3	88.2	87.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 4	167.1	72.5	256.9	3.3	2.6
	1966 5	215.8	90.4	325.5	19.0	7.4
	1967 3	240.5	85.2	299.4	10.7	.9
	1968 6	268.9	107.1	276.1	20.3	5.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 25	759.0	391.4	1,007.8	84.4	79.5
	1966 29	960.9	470.2	1,253.6	108.5	86.5
	1967 25	1,031.2	502.4	1,281.9	98.6	71.1
	1968 30	1,107.1	568.5	1,332.4	108.5	92.7

TABLE 2.099. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL MACHINERY, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.099. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE MACHINERIE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 170	927.7	481.1	1,249.7	120.8	111.3
	1966 182	1,109.0	537.0	1,457.1	125.7	109.9
	1967 195	1,213.8	599.3	1,599.4	127.3	107.5
	1968 206	1,270.0	662.4	1,646.8	120.9	116.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 169	361.7	150.3	550.1	15.3	10.7
	1966 190	418.1	164.7	631.6	34.0	16.1
	1967 194	434.2	166.3	604.4	25.3	11.7
	1968 198	448.7	182.8	551.6	33.1	16.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 339	1,289.4	631.4	1,799.8	136.1	122.0
	1966 372	1,527.1	701.7	2,088.7	159.7	126.0
	1967 389	1,648.0	765.6	2,203.8	152.6	119.2
	1968 404	1,718.7	845.2	2,198.4	154.0	132.9

TABLE 2.100. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, 1965-1968

TABLERAU 2.100. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 11	3.9	1.4	7.8	.5	.4
	1966 12	3.9	1.3	9.4	.3	.3
	1967 19	6.1	2.0	14.8	.4	.4
	1968 20	6.6	1.8	14.4	.4	.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 64	21.4	7.4	42.4	1.4	1.0
	1966 76	25.3	9.3	55.4	1.8	1.5
	1967 79	25.4	8.8	51.7	1.9	1.6
	1968 85	28.5	9.9	61.0	2.0	1.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 75	25.3	8.8	50.2	1.9	1.4
	1966 28	29.2	10.6	64.8	2.1	1.8
	1967 98	31.5	10.8	66.5	2.3	2.0
	1968 105	35.1	11.7	75.4	2.4	1.9

TABLE 2.101 Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, 1965-1968

TABLERAU 2.101. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 18	14.1	6.4	26.9	1.1	.7
	1966 18	13.4	5.5	27.5	.3	.5
	1967 21	14.5	4.6	25.2	— .1	— .2
	1968 23	16.5	6.6	30.9	1.0	.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 38	26.9	6.8	45.8	.6	—
	1966 38	27.3	9.0	47.5	2.3	1.7
	1967 48	33.9	10.1	66.5	2.8	2.0
	1968 45	32.1	11.6	59.0	2.3	1.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 56	41.0	13.2	72.7	1.7	.7
	1966 56	40.7	14.5	75.0	2.6	2.2
	1967 69	48.4	14.7	91.7	2.7	1.8
	1968 68	48.6	18.2	89.9	3.3	2.0

TABLE 2.102. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, 1965-1968

TABLERAU 2.102. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 51	117.4	47.0	171.6	8.7	7.0
	1966 49	110.4	47.3	183.1	8.6	6.9
	1967 49	119.2	53.5	190.6	13.3	11.5
	1968 52	128.6	57.6	238.5	20.0	12.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 28	61.9	27.0	90.4	5.0	3.8
	1966 36	78.5	32.4	108.5	7.2	3.5
	1967 44	103.4	41.1	139.4	7.5	4.9
	1968 42	84.7	29.8	131.7	4.7	5.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 79	179.3	74.0	262.0	13.7	10.8
	1966 85	188.9	79.7	291.6	15.8	10.4
	1967 93	222.6	94.6	330.0	20.8	16.4
	1968 94	213.3	87.4	370.2	24.7	17.7

TABLE 2.103. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.103. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus.....	1965 10	74.8	42.6	123.6	7.1	6.0
	1966 15	109.8	43.9	120.7	8.7	5.7
	1967 19	142.9	58.5	167.8	12.1	9.0
	1968 20	142.0	68.8	199.3	29.2	17.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%.....	1965 8	61.5	35.7	92.3	7.8	5.9
	1966 7	50.4	21.9	51.1	.4	- 1.0
	1967 9	64.2	31.9	63.2	1.1	- .1
	1968 14	99.4	40.8	100.5	3.9	2.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 18	136.3	78.3	215.9	14.9	11.9
	1966 22	160.2	65.8	171.8	9.1	4.7
	1967 28	207.1	90.4	231.0	13.2	8.9
	1968 34	241.4	109.6	299.8	33.1	19.4

TABLE 2.104. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAUX 2.104. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus.....	1965 15	253.3	115.8	349.7	28.0	21.7
	1966 13	214.9	106.5	291.7	21.2	16.3
	1967 11	198.9	90.6	210.3	16.1	13.9
	1968 13	225.1	100.5	372.9	13.3	11.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%.....	1965 5	89.6	42.6	112.3	6.2	3.4
	1966 8	113.1	46.7	115.3	9.2	6.7
	1967 7	109.3	56.4	176.7	16.9	16.4
	1968 6	99.4	58.1	165.2	20.0	20.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 20	342.9	158.4	462.0	34.2	25.1
	1966 21	328.0	153.2	407.0	30.4	23.0
	1967 18	308.2	147.0	387.0	33.0	30.3
	1968 19	324.5	158.6	538.1	33.3	31.6

TABLE 2.105. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.105. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus.....	1965 5	308.4	99.4	405.7	5.7	7.2
	1966 10	496.7	140.1	527.9	4.4	- 13.5
	1967 12	567.7	135.0	744.5	20.6	- 11.1
	1968 14	593.0	201.3	796.7	39.5	10.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%.....	1965 3	91.7	35.6	78.5	7.6	6.1
	1966 4	137.2	55.7	140.9	10.1	8.2
	1967 3	96.8	39.5	135.1	8.1	6.6
	1968 2	85.5	26.5	66.2	3.6	3.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 8	400.1	135.0	484.2	13.3	13.3
	1966 14	633.9	195.8	668.8	14.5	- 5.3
	1967 15	664.5	174.5	879.6	28.7	- 4.5
	1968 16	678.5	227.8	862.9	43.1	13.8

TABLE 2.106. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$100,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.106. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$100,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DE MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 5	1,280.3	654.2	2,583.9	180.5	183.7
	1966 6	1,553.8	641.2	2,947.2	124.2	109.8
	1967 7	1,812.2	747.9	3,549.7	144.7	123.9
	1968 7	1,925.7	803.7	4,384.6	230.4	209.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1966 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1967 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1968 —	—	—	—	—	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 5	1,280.3	654.2	2,583.9	180.5	183.7
	1966 6	1,553.8	641.2	2,947.2	124.2	109.8
	1967 7	1,812.2	747.9	3,549.7	144.7	123.9
	1968 7	1,925.7	803.7	4,384.6	230.4	209.6

TABLE 2.107. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.107. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DU MATÉRIEL DE TRANSPORT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
0% and over — et plus	1965 119	2,084.0	987.0	3,704.5	233.6	228.3
	1966 127	2,526.4	1,001.2	4,130.8	168.8	126.6
	1967 141	2,888.0	1,107.2	4,935.3	208.7	149.0
	1968 153	3,041.4	1,241.4	6,044.6	333.4	263.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 142	321.2	134.9	426.4	26.6	18.6
	1966 165	408.3	159.6	495.4	29.9	20.0
	1967 187	406.5	172.7	600.2	36.7	29.8
	1968 190	425.7	175.6	576.3	36.9	32.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 261	2,405.2	1,121.9	4,130.9	260.2	246.9
	1966 292	2,934.7	1,160.8	4,626.2	198.7	146.6
	1967 328	3,294.5	1,279.9	5,535.5	245.4	178.8
	1968 343	3,467.1	1,417.0	6,620.9	370.3	296.0

TABLE 2.108. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.108. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'APPAREILS ET DE MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
5% and over — et plus	1965 29	9.8	2.7	17.9	.6	.5
	1966 17	6.4	2.0	11.3	.6	.4
	1967 22	8.1	3.2	14.5	.7	.6
	1968 24	8.3	2.5	17.7	.6	.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 48	16.3	6.8	33.4	.9	.6
	1966 61	20.5	6.9	44.4	1.9	1.8
	1967 53	17.9	8.2	40.9	1.8	1.5
	1968 58	18.8	8.5	43.8	1.4	1.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 77	26.1	9.5	51.3	1.5	1.1
	1966 78	26.9	8.9	55.7	2.5	2.2
	1967 75	26.0	11.4	55.4	2.5	2.1
	1968 82	27.1	11.0	61.5	2.0	1.7

TABLE 2.109. Corporations reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.109. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'APPAREILS ET DE MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 30	20.9	6.6	30.3	2.3	2.0
	1966 42	29.3	12.9	47.4	5.1	3.5
	1967 43	32.0	13.1	53.0	5.3	4.7
	1968 43	31.7	15.7	50.7	4.9	4.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 42	28.3	11.6	49.6	1.8	1.7
	1966 46	34.0	14.9	62.4	2.7	1.5
	1967 44	32.7	14.0	63.1	2.9	2.5
	1968 40	29.4	12.6	49.9	2.0	2.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 72	49.2	18.2	79.9	4.1	2.7
	1966 88	63.3	27.8	109.8	7.8	5.0
	1967 87	64.7	27.1	116.1	8.2	7.2
	1968 83	61.1	28.3	100.6	6.9	6.0

TABLE 2.110. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.110. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'APPAREILS ET DE MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 64	131.4	66.9	200.5	14.7	12.6
	1966 72	172.3	82.1	260.7	18.4	16.5
	1967 81	198.3	99.2	301.7	20.5	16.1
	1968 79	189.2	100.6	291.1	18.0	13.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 35	72.5	34.8	113.1	4.7	3.7
	1966 34	76.5	34.4	119.6	5.0	3.0
	1967 35	68.3	31.7	109.7	6.9	5.0
	1968 48	100.4	44.1	160.9	6.9	5.8
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 99	203.9	101.7	313.6	19.4	16.3
	1966 106	248.8	116.5	380.3	23.4	19.5
	1967 116	266.6	130.9	411.4	27.4	21.1
	1968 127	289.6	144.7	452.0	24.9	19.0

TABLE 2.111. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.111. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'APPAREILS ET DE MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 30	314.0	157.4	476.4	34.9	30.1
	1966 30	358.4	171.3	555.4	36.2	34.2
	1967 32	387.7	187.5	617.1	37.6	31.2
	1968 33	393.3	197.8	569.0	33.6	22.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 7	75.1	23.2	92.4	5.8	3.7
	1966 4	56.0	19.0	72.9	4.1	1.4
	1967 6	79.4	24.9	94.1	3.5	1.7
	1968 8	123.3	39.7	172.7	4.9	1.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 37	389.1	180.6	568.8	40.7	33.8
	1966 34	414.4	190.3	628.3	42.3	35.4
	1967 38	467.1	212.4	711.2	41.1	31.1
	1968 41	516.6	237.5	741.7	38.5	22.7

TABLE 2.112. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$25,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.112. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION D'APPAREILS ET DE MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 4	448.0	269.1	629.8	49.1	35.2
	1966 5	567.2	314.0	773.1	63.9	52.4
	1967 5	624.2	348.9	802.2	36.2	13.2
	1968 6	682.9	368.2	899.0	40.7	25.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 4	295.5	135.3	491.6	17.8	- 5
	1966 4	365.6	181.1	554.4	20.3	- 8.9
	1967 4	376.7	200.7	555.8	8.4	4.7
	1968 3	374.9	187.0	539.5	15.7	.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 8	743.5	404.4	1,121.4	66.9	34.7
	1966 9	932.8	495.1	1,327.5	84.2	43.5
	1967 9	1,000.9	549.6	1,358.0	44.6	17.9
	1968 9	1,057.8	555.2	1,438.5	56.4	25.9

TABLE 2.113. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.113. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION D'APPAREILS ET DE MATÉRIEL ÉLECTRIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 157	924.1	502.7	1,354.9	101.6	80.5
	1966 166	1,133.6	582.3	1,647.9	126.2	107.0
	1967 183	1,250.3	651.9	1,788.5	100.3	65.8
	1968 185	1,305.4	684.8	1,827.5	97.8	65.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 136	487.7	211.7	780.1	31.0	8.2
	1966 149	552.6	256.3	853.7	34.0	- 1.2
	1967 142	575.0	279.5	863.6	23.5	14.4
	1968 157	646.8	291.9	966.8	30.9	9.8
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 293	1,411.8	714.4	2,135.0	132.6	88.7
	1966 315	1,686.2	838.6	2,501.6	160.2	105.8
	1967 325	1,825.3	931.4	2,652.1	123.8	80.2
	1968 342	1,952.2	976.7	2,794.3	128.7	74.8

TABLE 2.114. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.114. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON-MÉTALLIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 15	4.9	2.5	5.8	.5	.6
	1966 13	4.3	2.0	7.2	.5	.6
	1967 14	4.2	2.1	6.7	1.5	.5
	1968 15	4.8	2.9	7.4	.7	.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 167	53.2	23.6	86.3	3.5	2.5
	1966 176	57.0	25.0	96.7	3.9	2.7
	1967 175	56.9	25.6	91.8	4.0	3.3
	1968 183	60.2	26.0	94.9	3.6	2.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 182	58.1	26.1	92.1	4.0	3.1
	1966 189	61.3	27.0	103.9	4.4	3.3
	1967 189	61.1	27.7	98.5	5.5	3.8
	1968 198	65.0	28.9	102.3	4.3	3.2

TABLE 2.115. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.115. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON-MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 12	8.3	4.3	10.3	.8	.75
	1966 10	7.3	3.3	10.2	.5	.4
	1967 14	9.8	4.2	12.8	.3	.3
	1968 15	11.2	3.8	12.8	.4	.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 55	35.9	14.9	53.7	2.1	1.2
	1966 67	47.5	19.5	75.3	3.1	1.2
	1967 62	44.0	15.4	64.8	2.4	2.1
	1968 68	46.9	18.8	77.4	2.7	2.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 67	44.2	19.2	64.0	2.9	1.7
	1966 77	54.8	22.8	85.5	3.6	1.6
	1967 76	53.8	19.6	77.6	2.7	2.4
	1968 83	58.1	22.6	90.2	3.1	2.9

TABLE 2.116. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.116. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON-MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 30	74.2	41.9	108.1	9.8	8.9
	1966 30	67.8	34.6	98.8	8.6	7.7
	1967 33	80.1	37.0	99.2	7.3	6.6
	1968 29	69.7	37.0	83.7	4.6	4.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 68	149.0	45.3	187.1	5.2	1.2
	1966 56	132.2	45.9	182.7	9.5	4.1
	1967 60	130.3	48.0	177.4	10.8	4.6
	1968 60	129.9	44.1	167.1	8.8	6.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 98	223.2	87.2	295.2	15.0	10.1
	1966 86	200.0	80.5	261.5	18.1	11.8
	1967 93	210.4	85.0	276.6	18.1	11.2
	1968 89	199.6	81.1	250.8	13.4	11.2

TABLE 2.117. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.117. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON-MÉTALLIQUES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 13	152.5	91.1	176.7	16.9	14.7
	1966 8	67.0	42.7	89.0	9.5	8.1
	1967 9	79.2	49.4	91.3	6.9	6.1
	1968 11	109.0	70.1	119.5	5.2	2.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 11	108.2	49.9	86.5	6.9	5.1
	1966 13	150.3	59.6	149.5	10.3	3.1
	1967 13	131.1	45.1	131.7	.8	2.1
	1968 15	146.0	47.0	141.0	5.6	2.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 24	260.7	141.0	263.2	23.8	19.1
	1966 21	217.3	102.3	238.5	19.8	12.1
	1967 22	210.3	94.5	223.0	7.7	6.1
	1968 26	255.0	117.1	260.5	10.8	5.1

TABLE 2.118. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$25,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.118. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON-MÉTALLIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 5	210.9	122.4	123.0	22.3	13.8
	1966 10	497.1	268.2	256.2	35.2	9.7
	1967 10	533.7	289.9	277.7	27.9	11.5
	1968 11	633.4	326.3	336.2	30.8	25.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 6	351.4	224.6	185.9	34.1	8.6
	1966 5	281.1	166.2	194.9	31.1	17.0
	1967 7	355.7	196.2	243.8	19.7	4.3
	1968 5	315.9	166.3	183.4	22.4	13.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 11	562.3	347.0	308.9	56.4	22.4
	1966 15	778.2	434.4	451.1	66.3	26.7
	1967 17	889.4	486.1	521.5	47.6	15.8
	1968 16	949.3	492.6	519.6	53.2	38.6

TABLE 2.119. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL NON-METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.119. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DES PRODUITS MINÉRAUX NON-MÉTALLIQUES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 75	450.8	262.2	423.9	50.3	38.5
	1966 71	643.5	350.8	461.4	54.3	27.0
	1967 80	707.0	382.6	487.7	43.9	24.9
	1968 81	828.1	440.1	559.6	41.7	33.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 307	697.7	358.3	599.5	51.8	18.5
	1966 317	668.1	316.2	679.1	57.9	28.4
	1967 317	718.0	330.3	709.5	37.7	14.3
	1968 331	698.9	302.2	663.8	43.1	27.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 382	1,148.5	620.5	1,023.4	102.1	57.0
	1966 388	1,311.6	667.0	1,140.5	112.2	55.4
	1967 397	1,425.0	712.9	1,197.2	81.6	39.2
	1968 412	1,527.0	742.3	1,223.4	84.8	61.2

TABLE 2.120. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$5,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.120. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE MOINS DE \$5,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 10	8.2	6.0	14.0	.7	.9
	1966 10	6.3	4.8	12.8	1.1	.7
	1967 10	7.7	5.6	14.1	.9	1.0
	1968 8	7.4	5.1	14.4	1.1	1.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 13	9.4	5.6	14.8	1.3	1.0
	1966 14	11.8	7.2	17.8	1.4	1.4
	1967 14	7.2	4.3	9.5	.2	.2
	1968 12	8.0	5.1	11.1	.9	.5
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 23	17.6	11.6	28.8	2.0	1.9
	1966 24	18.1	12.0	30.6	2.5	2.1
	1967 24	14.9	9.9	23.6	1.1	1.2
	1968 20	15.4	10.2	25.5	2.0	1.6

TABLE 2.121. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Asset FROM \$5,000,000 - \$49,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.121. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$49,999,999 selon degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 4	95.0	57.5	119.3	5.4	3.3
	1966 4	105.5	63.6	127.3	8.4	5.3
	1967 5	123.1	69.2	123.9	10.6	6.0
	1968 2	21.6	10.1	7.2	1.4	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1966 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1967 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1968 —	—	—	—	—	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 4	95.0	57.5	119.3	5.4	3.3
	1966 4	105.5	63.6	127.3	8.4	5.3
	1967 5	123.1	69.2	123.9	10.6	6.0
	1968 2	21.6	10.1	7.2	1.4	—

TABLE 2.122. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets of \$50,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.122. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$50,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 11	3,432.0	2,263.4	2,878.5	218.7	69.8
	1966 10	3,666.7	2,535.6	2,916.1	287.7	98.6
	1967 11	3,968.0	2,652.8	3,103.3	333.4	123.6
	1968 14	4,721.6	2,921.9	3,374.3	372.9	121.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1966 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1967 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1968 —	—	—	—	—	—
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 11	3,432.0	2,263.4	2,878.5	218.7	69.8
	1966 10	3,666.7	2,535.6	2,916.1	287.7	98.6
	1967 11	3,968.0	2,652.8	3,103.3	333.4	123.6
	1968 14	4,721.6	2,921.9	3,374.3	372.9	121.0

TABLE 2.123. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.123. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DES PRODUITS DU PÉTROLE ET DU CHARBON, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 25	3,535.2	2,326.9	3,011.8	224.8	74.0
	1966 24	3,778.5	2,604.0	3,056.2	297.2	104.6
	1967 26	4,098.8	2,727.6	3,241.3	344.9	130.6
	1968 24	4,750.6	2,937.1	3,395.9	375.4	122.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 13	9.4	5.6	14.8	1.3	1.0
	1966 14	11.8	7.2	17.8	1.4	1.4
	1967 14	7.2	4.3	9.5	.2	.2
	1968 12	8.0	5.1	11.1	.9	.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 38	3,544.6	2,332.5	3,026.6	226.1	75.0
	1966 38	3,790.3	2,611.2	3,074.0	298.6	106.0
	1967 40	4,106.0	2,731.9	3,250.8	345.1	130.8
	1968 36	4,758.6	2,942.2	3,407.0	376.3	122.6

TABLE 2.124. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.124. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS CHIMIQUES ET AUTRES PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 68	22.8	9.3	42.0	3.3	2.5
	1966 69	24.6	10.0	40.4	2.0	1.5
	1967 57	21.1	8.9	33.3	1.9	1.6
	1968 53	18.7	7.0	26.5	.9	.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 72	23.3	12.1	43.4	1.9	1.6
	1966 76	25.5	10.5	50.3	2.0	1.8
	1967 73	23.6	10.8	49.3	1.9	1.5
	1968 73	24.4	11.2	46.9	1.6	1.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 140	46.1	21.4	85.4	5.2	4.1
	1966 145	50.1	20.5	90.7	4.0	3.3
	1967 130	44.7	19.7	82.6	3.8	3.1
	1968 126	43.1	18.2	73.4	2.5	2.0

TABLE 2.125. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.125. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS CHIMIQUES ET AUTRES PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 45	33.1	18.0	49.5	4.0	4.0
	1966 52	37.4	24.0	61.4	5.7	4.9
	1967 51	36.9	18.3	55.1	4.6	3.6
	1968 52	36.5	18.5	56.3	5.4	5.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 34	24.7	14.9	36.5	2.3	1.9
	1966 35	25.9	14.3	41.1	2.1	1.7
	1967 42	30.0	15.3	55.3	2.6	2.1
	1968 41	28.8	13.0	52.3	2.7	2.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 79	57.8	32.9	86.0	6.3	5.9
	1966 87	63.3	38.3	102.5	7.8	6.6
	1967 93	66.9	33.6	111.4	7.2	5.7
	1968 93	65.3	31.5	108.6	8.1	7.2

TABLE 2.126. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.126. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS CHIMIQUES ET AUTRES PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 112	265.3	154.3	366.1	38.8	35.0
	1966 104	252.1	147.0	374.1	40.3	37.0
	1967 114	260.2	164.3	388.0	43.3	39.6
	1968 119	268.4	169.8	391.4	47.9	43.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 43	77.9	36.7	120.5	6.8	5.1
	1966 47	87.1	38.5	126.3	5.8	4.4
	1967 49	95.1	40.2	139.5	6.7	5.0
	1968 43	86.5	37.5	131.3	8.0	6.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 155	343.2	191.0	486.6	45.6	40.1
	1966 151	339.2	185.5	500.4	46.1	41.4
	1967 163	353.3	204.5	527.5	50.0	44.6
	1968 162	354.9	207.3	522.7	55.9	49.6

TABLE 2.127. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$49,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968
TABLEAU 2.127. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$49,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS CHIMIQUES ET AUTRES PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 44	601.1	373.0	724.8	86.9	62.3
	1966 53	736.5	398.5	812.6	84.5	67.3
	1967 57	786.6	412.8	848.6	83.3	72.6
	1968 55	714.5	388.7	823.2	81.2	72.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 7	64.1	19.2	53.4	6.0	5.2
	1966 6	44.7	20.1	53.4	4.8	4.1
	1967 8	102.5	24.8	65.9	3.4	2.6
	1968 10	101.8	30.9	93.7	4.8	5.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 51	665.2	392.2	778.2	92.9	67.5
	1966 59	781.2	418.6	866.0	89.3	71.4
	1967 65	889.1	437.6	914.5	86.7	75.4
	1968 65	816.3	419.6	916.9	86.0	77.8

TABLE 2.128. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$50,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968
TABLEAU 2.128. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$50,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, PRODUITS CHIMIQUES ET AUTRES PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	701.3	453.7	615.0	62.5	40.7
	1966 7	806.1	488.5	740.4	76.1	52.0
	1967 9	967.5	571.9	751.7	56.2	36.9
	1968 12	..	..	..	..	..
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1966 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1967 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1968 1	..	..	..	..	..
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 6	701.3	453.7	615.0	62.5	40.7
	1966 7	806.1	488.5	740.4	76.1	52.0
	1967 9	967.5	571.9	751.7	56.2	36.9
	1968 13	1,263.7	662.1	898.9	68.2	61.8

TABLE 2.129. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.129. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA FABRICATION DE PRODUITS CHIMIQUES ET AUTRES PRODUITS CONNEXES, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 275	1,623.6	1,008.3	1,797.4	195.5	144.5
	1966 285	1,856.7	1,068.0	2,028.9	208.6	162.7
	1967 288	2,072.3	1,176.2	2,077.7	189.3	154.5
	1968 291	2,225.1	1,246.1	2,196.3	203.6	183.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 156	190.0	82.9	253.8	17.0	13.8
	1966 164	183.2	83.4	271.1	14.7	12.0
	1967 172	251.2	91.1	310.0	14.6	11.2
	1968 168	318.2	92.6	324.2	17.1	15.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 431	1,813.6	1,091.2	2,051.2	212.5	158.3
	1966 449	2,039.9	1,131.4	2,300.0	223.3	174.7
	1967 460	2,323.5	1,267.3	2,387.7	203.9	165.7
	1968 459	2,543.3	1,338.7	2,520.5	220.7	198.4

TABLE 2.130. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.130. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DIVERSE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 42	15.5	6.6	23.8	.5	.3
	1966 50	17.6	9.0	29.7	2.3	2.2
	1967 47	16.2	7.7	29.9	2.4	2.1
	1968 54	20.0	7.8	32.8	1.7	1.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 160	51.6	23.0	90.4	3.8	3.0
	1966 169	56.9	23.7	95.8	4.1	3.2
	1967 179	60.3	25.3	105.4	4.3	4.3
	1968 188	61.3	25.6	109.5	3.6	3.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 202	67.1	29.6	114.2	4.3	3.3
	1966 219	74.5	32.7	125.5	6.4	5.4
	1967 226	76.5	33.0	135.3	6.7	6.4
	1968 242	81.3	33.4	142.3	5.3	4.9

TABLE 2.131. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.131. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DIVERSE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 39	28.9	14.0	38.7	3.4	3.3
	1966 38	27.8	11.3	37.8	2.3	1.9
	1967 43	30.2	13.0	42.2	2.2	1.7
	1968 36	25.2	15.1	32.8	2.8	2.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 73	51.4	20.3	77.0	2.4	1.5
	1966 81	57.3	21.6	87.6	3.1	1.9
	1967 89	61.9	24.2	101.1	4.4	3.4
	1968 86	58.9	24.2	97.7	5.8	5.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 112	80.3	34.3	115.7	5.8	4.8
	1966 119	85.1	32.9	125.4	5.4	3.8
	1967 132	92.1	37.2	143.3	6.6	5.1
	1968 122	84.1	39.3	130.5	8.6	7.9

TABLE 2.132. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.132. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DIVERSE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 70	143.2	81.0	189.5	16.8	14.6
	1966 73	144.8	78.1	189.7	18.3	16.5
	1967 76	161.9	86.4	224.6	22.3	20.9
	1968 85	183.7	93.2	259.2	27.0	25.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 40	77.2	33.9	84.9	3.8	2.0
	1966 42	80.7	32.6	99.6	4.9	2.1
	1967 47	88.8	36.9	118.1	5.5	3.2
	1968 70	132.3	54.8	163.7	9.9	6.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 110	220.4	114.9	274.4	20.6	16.6
	1966 115	225.5	110.9	289.3	23.2	18.6
	1967 123	250.7	123.3	342.7	27.8	24.1
	1968 155	316.0	148.0	422.9	36.9	31.0

TABLE 2.133. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$5,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.133. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, FABRICATION DIVERSE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 12	158.8	65.7	186.8	- 3.5	21.8
	1966 16	200.3	88.9	234.7	24.7	15.0
	1967 14	170.0	76.8	210.8	26.6	24.9
	1968 18	246.4	119.1	294.5	36.6	25.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 5	49.3	19.5	61.5	3.7	1.7
	1966 5	52.3	21.9	62.9	2.5	1.3
	1967 5	54.4	23.4	66.0	3.8	2.5
	1968 5	64.5	28.9	71.0	3.7	3.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 17	208.1	85.2	248.3	.2	23.5
	1966 21	252.6	110.8	297.6	27.2	16.3
	1967 19	224.4	100.2	276.8	30.4	27.4
	1968 23	310.9	148.0	363.5	40.3	28.7

TABLE 2.134. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.134. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIÈRES DIVERSES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 163	346.4	167.3	438.8	17.2	40.0
	1966 177	390.5	187.3	491.9	47.6	35.6
	1967 180	378.3	183.9	507.5	53.5	49.6
	1968 193	475.3	235.2	619.3	68.1	54.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 278	229.5	96.7	313.8	13.7	8.2
	1966 297	247.2	100.0	345.9	14.6	8.5
	1967 320	265.4	109.8	390.6	18.0	13.4
	1968 349	317.0	133.5	441.9	23.0	18.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 441	575.9	264.0	752.6	30.9	48.2
	1966 474	637.7	287.3	837.8	62.2	44.1
	1967 500	643.7	293.7	898.1	71.5	63.0
	1968 542	792.3	368.7	1,061.2	91.1	72.5

TABLE 2.135. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL MANUFACTURING, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.135. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIÈRES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 1,865	18,215.3	10,366.1	19,560.7	1,882.6	1,343.9
	1966 1,956	20,592.9	11,262.1	21,904.1	1,918.6	1,228.5
	1967 2,039	22,362.6	11,894.6	23,535.4	1,816.0	1,147.9
	1968 2,152	24,479.4	12,871.4	25,911.9	2,170.7	1,453.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 5,573	13,192.0	6,805.5	15,954.0	1,191.4	639.0
	1966 5,990	14,500.2	7,126.2	17,053.8	1,221.0	596.8
	1967 6,254	15,778.8	7,559.4	18,009.7	1,087.6	607.6
	1968 6,379	16,287.6	7,702.3	18,916.6	1,191.0	825.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 7,438	31,407.3	17,171.6	35,514.7	3,074.0	1,982.9
	1966 7,946	35,093.1	18,388.3	38,957.9	3,139.6	1,825.3
	1967 8,293	38,141.4	19,454.0	41,545.1	2,903.6	1,755.5
	1968 8,531	40,767.0	20,573.7	44,828.5	3,361.7	2,278.7

TABLE 2.136. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

TABLÉAU 2.136. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 75	36.0	8.8	88.4	1.2	— .6
	1966 74	35.4	9.2	106.5	4.3	1.8
	1967 70	34.5	7.7	93.2	3.4	1.4
	1968 62	32.9	8.8	84.1	2.8	1.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 2,470	990.3	266.7	1,922.5	51.0	32.5
	1966 2,867	1,123.9	306.6	2,369.0	72.0	48.3
	1967 3,150	1,229.0	354.4	2,681.3	82.1	60.4
	1968 3,320	1,325.6	392.6	2,718.6	75.5	57.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 2,545	1,026.3	275.5	2,010.4	52.2	31.9
	1966 2,941	1,159.3	315.8	2,475.5	76.3	50.1
	1967 3,220	1,263.5	362.1	2,774.5	85.5	61.8
	1968 3,382	1,358.5	401.4	2,802.7	78.3	58.9

TABLE 2.137. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

TABLÉAU 2.137. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 45	109.3	28.2	199.5	6.2	3.8
	1966 43	97.6	26.7	276.4	7.8	1.5
	1967 50	114.4	36.6	251.2	14.9	11.9
	1968 49	108.1	24.2	205.9	5.1	3.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 393	757.4	162.1	1,124.6	29.1	11.7
	1966 486	928.6	214.7	1,527.6	55.3	28.3
	1967 530	1,009.5	251.7	1,706.0	61.0	33.4
	1968 565	1,081.9	262.1	1,742.6	58.1	36.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 438	866.7	190.3	1,324.1	35.3	15.5
	1966 529	1,026.2	241.1	1,804.0	63.1	29.8
	1967 580	1,123.9	288.3	1,957.2	75.9	45.3
	1968 614	1,190.0	286.3	1,948.5	63.2	40.0

TABLE 2.138. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

TABLÉAU 2.138. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 17	125.3	47.3	201.4	7.0	1.9
	1966 13	95.6	23.6	197.2	6.3	4.0
	1967 16	116.2	12.4	248.3	— 1.2	— 3.7
	1968 10	74.8	15.5	129.1	8.0	4.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 37	252.1	62.4	294.4	8.4	1.4
	1966 39	269.8	60.4	350.5	16.2	8.2
	1967 37	255.4	62.9	270.8	15.5	9.5
	1968 37	250.4	63.5	251.4	19.1	13.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 54	377.4	109.7	495.8	15.4	3.3
	1966 52	365.4	84.0	547.7	22.5	12.2
	1967 53	371.6	75.3	519.1	14.3	5.8
	1968 47	325.2	79.0	380.5	27.1	18.6

TABLE 2.139. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$10,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.139. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 5	84.7	15.0	127.4	2.6	1.9
	1966 18	337.6	46.8	334.0	11.2	5.6
	1967 16	404.5	60.4	337.8	12.1	10.0
	1968 19	502.4	97.7	477.1	22.1	27.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 20	468.1	62.7	494.1	11.0	.1
	1966 30	727.8	103.3	718.1	19.9	5.0
	1967 36	773.9	149.6	862.0	30.0	10.1
	1968 42	893.4	208.7	839.6	45.0	19.7
Reporting Corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 25	552.8	77.7	621.5	13.6	2.0
	1966 48	1,065.4	150.1	1,052.1	31.1	10.6
	1967 52	1,178.4	210.0	1,199.8	42.1	20.1
	1968 61	1,395.8	306.4	1,316.7	67.1	47.0

TABLE 2.140. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.140. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE LA CONSTRUCTION, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 142	355.3	99.3	616.7	17.0	7.0
	1966 148	566.2	106.3	914.1	29.6	12.9
	1967 152	669.6	117.1	930.5	29.2	19.6
	1968 140	718.2	146.2	896.2	38.0	37.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 2,920	2,467.9	553.9	3,835.6	99.5	45.7
	1966 3,422	3,050.1	685.0	4,965.2	163.4	89.8
	1967 3,753	3,267.8	818.6	5,520.1	188.6	113.4
	1968 3,964	3,551.3	926.9	5,552.2	197.7	127.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 3,062	2,823.2	653.2	4,452.3	116.5	52.7
	1966 3,570	3,616.3	791.3	5,879.3	193.0	102.7
	1967 3,905	3,937.4	935.7	6,450.6	217.8	133.0
	1968 4,104	4,269.5	1,073.1	6,448.4	235.7	164.5

TABLE 2.141. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$250,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORTATION, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.141. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$250,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 12	1.3	1.0	8.3	.1	.1
	1966 15	2.0	.8	12.8	.4	.4
	1967 14	1.3	.4	14.3	.4	.4
	1968 12	1.6	.6	11.1	.2	.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 72	10.8	3.1	55.4	.6	.5
	1966 86	15.2	4.7	67.5	1.4	1.4
	1967 109	18.4	5.1	77.5	1.4	1.4
	1968 111	18.5	5.1	80.5	1.5	1.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 84	12.1	4.1	63.7	.7	.6
	1966 101	17.2	5.5	80.3	1.8	1.8
	1967 123	19.7	5.5	91.8	1.8	1.8
	1968 123	20.1	5.7	91.6	1.7	1.6

TABLE 2.142. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$250,000 - \$499,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORTATION, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.142. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$250,000 - \$499,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 28	10.6	2.3	19.1	2.0	1.1
	1966 19	6.8	1.5	7.4	.1	—
	1967 19	6.9	.5	10.0	.5	.5
	1968 19	7.0	.2	7.2	— .4	— .4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 329	113.4	45.0	147.8	6.5	4.9
	1966 343	118.6	46.0	163.2	7.1	5.7
	1967 419	142.9	56.1	220.0	8.2	6.8
	1968 444	152.7	56.0	230.0	6.8	6.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 357	124.0	47.3	166.9	8.5	6.0
	1966 362	125.4	47.5	170.6	7.2	5.7
	1967 438	149.8	56.6	230.0	8.7	7.3
	1968 463	159.7	56.2	237.2	6.4	6.1

TABLE 2.143. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORTATION, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.143. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 27	18.8	8.9	25.8	2.3	1.9
	1966 29	20.0	9.0	22.6	2.8	2.5
	1967 26	17.7	6.7	10.3	1.4	1.4
	1968 27	19.9	6.9	17.5	1.9	1.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 167	114.9	44.4	158.4	7.7	5.3
	1966 202	139.4	51.5	201.8	8.9	6.5
	1967 220	153.9	56.0	234.5	8.3	6.2
	1968 224	158.5	53.8	237.9	8.1	5.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 194	133.7	53.3	184.2	10.0	7.2
	1966 231	159.4	60.5	224.4	11.7	9.0
	1967 246	171.6	62.7	244.8	9.7	7.6
	1968 251	178.4	60.7	255.4	10.0	6.9

TABLE 2.144. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORTATION, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.144. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 40	95.1	44.4	113.9	8.7	6.8
	1966 41	105.5	41.5	124.2	9.3	6.8
	1967 37	87.7	37.7	104.0	8.8	7.0
	1968 44	107.9	45.0	136.7	11.8	9.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 151	284.5	109.1	358.1	24.1	15.2
	1966 177	330.7	116.4	410.6	24.1	15.6
	1967 180	341.6	116.9	433.7	24.1	18.8
	1968 187	351.4	122.9	430.1	19.6	14.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 191	379.6	153.5	472.0	32.8	22.0
	1966 218	436.2	157.9	534.8	33.4	22.4
	1967 217	429.3	154.6	537.7	32.9	25.8
	1968 231	459.3	167.9	566.8	31.4	23.8

TABLE 2.145. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORTATION, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.145. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 14	97.2	39.8	53.6	7.3	5.4
	1966 14	101.1	42.9	47.5	8.4	5.0
	1967 17	114.8	49.9	85.1	11.9	10.2
	1968 17	117.5	42.2	74.9	9.0	5.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 16	112.6	50.6	104.6	6.2	3.5
	1966 15	104.7	47.0	86.9	3.7	1.2
	1967 22	155.6	63.0	182.2	15.7	9.6
	1968 21	137.8	53.7	158.6	8.2	7.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 30	209.8	90.4	158.2	13.5	8.9
	1966 29	205.8	89.9	134.4	12.1	6.2
	1967 39	270.4	112.9	267.3	27.6	19.8
	1968 38	255.3	99.9	233.5	17.2	13.5

TABLE 2.146. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORTATION, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.146. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 11	171.0	55.6	107.1	22.7	17.2
	1966 10	129.6	41.6	98.7	18.8	14.9
	1967 10	130.0	39.2	98.4	17.4	12.5
	1968 10	128.8	50.0	107.1	21.0	16.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 11	155.1	71.7	79.1	16.2	11.4
	1966 15	215.7	96.2	119.0	18.9	11.3
	1967 17	277.3	117.3	154.1	15.5	6.5
	1968 25	384.0	151.7	329.3	25.3	11.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 22	326.1	127.3	186.2	38.9	28.6
	1966 25	345.3	137.8	217.7	37.7	26.2
	1967 27	407.3	156.5	252.5	32.9	19.0
	1968 35	512.8	201.7	436.4	46.3	27.1

TABLE 2.147. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$25,000,000 AND OVER by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TRANSPORTATION, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.147. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TRANSPORTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Voir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 3	351.5	98.2	71.3	9.0	-
	1966 6	444.8	125.7	97.0	8.3	- .7
	1967 5	467.1	126.0	107.2	11.7	-
	1968 7	601.0	160.0	128.8	16.3	- 2.2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 9	1,221.9	319.1	317.5	90.9	47.0
	1966 8	1,253.2	382.3	311.1	84.2	33.1
	1967 8	1,301.3	396.2	317.7	89.3	51.7
	1968 7	1,379.0	472.0	344.1	91.0	51.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 12	1,573.4	417.3	388.8	99.9	47.0
	1966 14	1,698.0	508.0	408.1	92.5	32.4
	1967 13	1,768.4	522.2	424.9	101.0	51.7
	1968 14	1,980.0	632.0	472.9	107.3	49.7

TABLE 2.148. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL TRANSPORTATION, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.148. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES TRANSPORTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 135	745.5	250.2	399.1	52.1	32.5
	1966 134	809.8	263.0	410.2	48.1	28.9
	1967 128	825.5	260.4	429.3	52.1	32.0
	1968 136	983.7	308.9	483.3	59.8	30.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 755	2,013.2	643.0	1,220.9	152.2	87.8
	1966 846	2,177.5	744.1	1,360.1	148.3	74.3
	1967 975	2,391.0	810.6	1,619.7	162.5	101.0
	1968 1,019	2,581.9	915.2	1,810.5	160.5	98.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 890	2,758.7	893.2	1,620.0	204.3	120.3
	1966 980	2,987.3	1,007.1	1,770.3	196.4	103.7
	1967 1,103	3,216.5	1,071.0	2,049.0	214.6	133.0
	1968 1,155	3,565.6	1,224.1	2,293.8	220.3	128.7

TABLE 2.149. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, STORAGE, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.149. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ENTREPOSAGE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 7	2.9	.5	15.9	—	—
	1966 7	3.1	.4	21.4	.1	—
	1967 5	2.7	.9	20.4	.1	—
	1968 4	1.7	.8	17.7	.1	.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 52	23.4	10.2	18.0	1.4	1.2
	1966 49	21.8	9.3	20.9	1.4	1.4
	1967 48	23.5	8.2	23.1	1.5	1.5
	1968 47	23.2	8.1	22.3	2.1	2.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 59	26.3	10.7	33.9	1.4	1.2
	1966 56	24.9	9.7	42.3	1.5	1.4
	1967 53	26.2	9.1	43.5	1.6	1.5
	1968 51	24.9	8.9	40.0	2.2	2.1

TABLE 2.150. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, STORAGE, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.150. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ENTREPOSAGE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 3	5.9	.3	1.2	—	—
	1966 3	8.1	2.3	1.7	.1	—
	1967 6	15.2	2.7	2.1	.2	.1
	1968 5	13.4	1.0	15.6	— .2	— .3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 24	53.5	21.7	28.7	2.5	2.0
	1966 25	52.4	24.0	26.4	2.5	2.6
	1967 22	44.7	22.9	32.2	3.5	2.9
	1968 27	51.8	22.1	42.9	3.6	3.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 27	59.4	22.0	29.9	2.5	2.0
	1966 28	60.5	26.3	28.1	2.6	2.6
	1967 28	59.9	25.6	34.3	3.7	3.0
	1968 32	65.2	23.1	58.5	3.4	3.1

TABLE 2.151. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$5,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, STORAGE, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.151. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ENTREPOSAGE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 3	65.6	46.7	13.9	4.3	3.8
	1966 3	71.1	50.2	15.6	7.1	4.2
	1967 3	75.7	53.9	15.7	5.6	4.1
	1968 4	96.7	59.8	14.3	2.7	.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 12	550.0	115.6	329.9	16.8	3.3
	1966 9	195.8	50.0	50.4	4.8	2.6
	1967 9	210.6	55.6	62.2	6.5	4.1
	1968 8	246.5	57.6	51.5	7.2	1.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 15	615.6	162.3	343.8	21.1	7.1
	1966 12	266.9	100.2	66.0	11.9	6.8
	1967 12	286.3	109.5	77.9	12.1	8.2
	1968 12	343.2	117.4	65.8	9.9	1.9

TABLE 2.152. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL STORAGE, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.152. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE L'ENTREPOSAGE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 13	74.4	47.5	31.0	4.3	3.8
	1966 13	82.3	52.9	38.7	7.3	4.2
	1967 14	93.6	57.5	38.2	5.9	4.2
	1968 13	111.8	61.6	47.6	2.6	.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 88	626.9	147.5	376.6	20.7	6.5
	1966 83	270.0	83.3	97.7	8.7	6.6
	1967 79	278.8	86.7	117.5	11.5	8.5
	1968 82	321.5	87.8	116.7	12.9	6.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 101	701.3	195.0	407.6	25.0	10.3
	1966 96	352.3	136.2	136.4	16.0	10.8
	1967 93	372.4	144.2	155.7	17.4	12.7
	1968 95	433.3	149.4	164.3	15.5	7.1

TABLE 2.153. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, COMMUNICATIONS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.153. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMUNICATIONS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 5	3.3	.2	3.3	.3	.1
	1966 5	1.6	.1	1.1	.3	.1
	1967 4	1.9	.9	.6	.1	.1
	1968 5	3.2	1.0	1.5	.4	.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 35	17.2	5.8	7.5	.7	.1
	1966 37	15.9	4.2	6.9	.4	.1
	1967 40	16.5	5.5	7.8	.3	.1
	1968 25	10.6	4.8	6.4	.2	.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 40	20.5	6.0	10.8	1.0	.1
	1966 42	17.5	4.3	8.0	.7	.1
	1967 44	18.4	6.4	8.4	.4	.1
	1968 30	13.8	5.8	7.9	.6	.1

TABLE 2.154. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$1,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, COMMUNICATIONS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.154. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMUNICATIONS, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	24.2	15.2	5.6	2.0	1.6
	1966 8	21.3	12.0	8.8	2.4	1.9
	1967 6	18.6	10.4	7.1	2.0	1.9
	1968 3	13.5	8.5	3.4	1.6	1.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 20	335.3	155.9	81.8	22.1	15.7
	1966 23	436.9	192.2	103.8	25.7	18.1
	1967 22	476.6	205.9	108.8	27.6	18.3
	1968 17	454.2	195.7	115.2	28.8	16.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 26	359.5	171.1	87.4	24.1	17.3
	1966 36	458.2	204.2	112.6	28.1	18.0
	1967 28	495.2	216.3	115.9	29.6	18.2
	1968 20	467.7	204.2	118.6	30.4	17.8

TABLE 2.155. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL COMMUNICATIONS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.155. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES COMMUNICATIONS, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 11	27.5	15.4	8.9	2.3	1.9
	1966 13	22.9	12.1	9.9	2.7	1.9
	1967 10	20.5	11.3	7.7	2.1	1.9
	1968 8	16.7	9.5	4.9	2.0	1.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 55	352.5	161.7	89.3	22.8	16.1
	1966 65	452.8	196.4	110.7	26.1	16.1
	1967 62	493.1	211.4	116.6	27.9	16.4
	1968 42	464.8	200.5	121.6	29.0	16.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 66	380.0	177.1	98.2	25.1	18.0
	1966 78	475.7	208.5	120.6	28.8	18.0
	1967 72	513.6	222.7	124.3	30.0	18.3
	1968 50	481.5	210.0	126.5	31.0	17.8

TABLE 2.156. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.156. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	3.1	2.5	4.3	.1	.1
	1966 4	2.4	1.8	4.6	.1	.1
	1967 4	2.1	1.5	1.4	.1	.1
	1968 4	2.1	1.3	1.6	.1	.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 26	12.0	5.5	9.7	.6	.1
	1966 24	11.0	3.7	10.9	.3	.3
	1967 25	11.5	4.4	9.8	.5	.5
	1968 29	12.1	3.4	13.5	.2	.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 32	15.1	8.0	14.0	.7	—
	1966 28	13.4	5.5	15.5	.4	.4
	1967 29	13.6	5.9	11.2	.6	.6
	1968 33	14.2	4.7	15.1	.3	.7

TABLE 2.157. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.157. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	11.1	8.3	12.6	1.3	1.4
	1966 7	16.0	12.1	23.9	2.9	2.8
	1967 7	15.9	8.9	17.2	1.3	1.5
	1968 9	21.4	13.2	30.9	2.9	3.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 17	43.1	15.5	26.6	3.2	3.1
	1966 15	37.2	14.8	18.1	1.6	1.5
	1967 16	35.0	11.5	27.8	2.4	2.2
	1968 18	43.1	13.8	22.2	2.0	2.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 23	54.2	23.8	39.2	4.5	4.5
	1966 22	53.2	26.9	42.0	4.5	4.3
	1967 23	50.9	20.4	45.0	3.7	3.7
	1968 27	64.5	27.0	53.1	4.9	5.2

TABLE 2.158. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.158. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	40.4	8.6	14.6	4.4	4.2
	1966 7	46.3	15.2	55.6	3.7	3.2
	1967 5	37.6	13.7	64.8	3.6	3.3
	1968 6	44.3	15.8	74.3	3.6	3.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 9	66.7	25.6	18.5	2.4	1.5
	1966 6	44.9	18.5	18.9	2.3	1.7
	1967 6	42.5	17.2	15.5	1.8	1.4
	1968 4	31.1	11.9	14.7	1.2	.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 15	107.1	34.2	33.1	6.8	5.7
	1966 13	91.2	33.7	74.5	6.0	4.9
	1967 11	80.1	30.9	80.3	5.4	4.7
	1968 10	75.4	27.7	89.0	4.8	3.9

TABLE 2.159. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.159. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1966 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1967 —	—	—	—	—	—
	1968 —	—	—	—	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 8	144.1	65.9	41.4	7.0	4.5
	1966 8	152.5	69.0	44.3	7.4	5.0
	1967 6	114.7	58.4	35.4	6.8	4.1
	1968 4	78.7	29.4	24.7	4.5	4.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 8	144.1	65.9	41.4	7.0	4.5
	1966 8	152.5	69.0	44.3	7.4	5.0
	1967 6	114.7	58.4	35.4	6.8	5.0
	1968 4	78.7	29.4	24.7	4.5	4.1

TABLE 2.160. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$25,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.160. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus						
..... 1965	4	158.3	65.2	26.4	8.1	6.5
..... 1966	4	155.8	66.6	28.7	8.6	7.9
..... 1967	3	103.4	59.4	22.6	5.6	6.1
..... 1968	6	300.0	143.0	84.3	20.5	17.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%						
..... 1965	15	1,322.7	543.9	377.7	75.3	41.7
..... 1966	14	1,452.0	622.5	415.8	77.1	46.9
..... 1967	17	1,784.7	761.8	501.0	99.0	60.8
..... 1968	13	1,787.6	696.1	473.5	94.5	51.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes						
..... 1965	19	1,481.0	609.1	404.1	83.4	48.2
..... 1966	18	1,607.8	689.1	444.5	85.7	54.8
..... 1967	20	1,888.1	821.2	523.6	104.6	66.9
..... 1968	19	2,087.6	839.1	557.8	115.0	68.0

TABLE 2.161. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.161. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES SERVICES D'UTILITÉ PUBLIQUE, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus						
..... 1965	22	212.9	84.6	57.9	13.9	12.2
..... 1966	22	220.5	95.7	112.8	15.3	14.0
..... 1967	19	159.0	83.5	106.0	10.6	11.0
..... 1968	25	367.8	173.3	191.1	27.1	23.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%						
..... 1965	75	1,588.6	656.4	473.9	88.5	50.5
..... 1966	67	1,697.6	728.5	508.0	88.7	55.6
..... 1967	70	1,988.4	853.3	589.5	110.5	69.9
..... 1968	68	1,952.6	754.6	548.6	102.4	58.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes						
..... 1965	97	1,801.5	741.0	531.8	102.4	62.7
..... 1966	89	1,918.1	824.2	620.8	104.0	69.6
..... 1967	89	2,147.4	936.8	695.5	121.1	80.9
..... 1968	93	2,320.4	927.9	739.7	129.5	81.9

TABLE 2.162. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$250,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WHOLESALE TRADE, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.162. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$250,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profit Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus						
..... 1965	130	18.6	7.2	147.2	5.3	4.6
..... 1966	121	15.0	4.4	144.8	3.6	3.1
..... 1967	137	17.4	6.7	138.6	4.8	4.2
..... 1968	135	19.6	2.9	154.5	3.6	3.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%						
..... 1965	1,339	220.2	87.5	1,143.5	20.3	18.7
..... 1966	1,379	229.5	88.4	1,187.3	22.8	21.1
..... 1967	1,431	237.7	92.3	1,233.2	22.1	20.2
..... 1968	1,361	228.8	88.8	1,215.8	21.8	21.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes						
..... 1965	1,469	238.8	94.7	1,290.7	25.6	23.3
..... 1966	1,500	244.5	92.8	1,332.1	26.4	24.2
..... 1967	1,568	255.1	99.0	1,371.8	26.9	24.4
..... 1968	1,496	248.4	91.7	1,370.3	25.4	24.9

TABLE 2.163. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$250,000 - \$499,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WHOLESALE TRADE, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.163. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$250,000 - \$499,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 281	100.6	39.8	204.3	9.7	8.4
	1966 295	103.5	38.9	209.0	10.1	8.7
	1967 337	119.2	43.7	239.5	7.1	6.6
	1968 316	114.0	41.9	242.0	9.4	8.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 2,072	714.4	301.3	1,847.4	44.8	41.3
	1966 2,255	786.8	323.1	2,071.6	51.3	47.8
	1967 2,418	844.0	345.3	2,200.4	52.5	49.2
	1968 2,594	899.9	368.7	2,271.7	57.5	54.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 2,353	815.0	341.1	2,051.7	54.5	49.7
	1966 2,550	890.3	362.0	2,280.6	61.4	56.5
	1967 2,755	963.2	389.0	2,439.9	59.6	55.8
	1968 2,910	1,013.9	410.6	2,513.7	66.9	62.3

TABLE 2.164. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WHOLESALE TRADE, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.164. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 240	171.6	62.6	314.5	12.4	11.5
	1966 243	173.2	65.0	347.1	15.0	15.0
	1967 260	179.8	67.4	365.1	12.5	12.2
	1968 292	204.0	76.0	405.3	13.4	11.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 1,022	695.5	284.1	1,707.8	38.3	33.9
	1966 1,114	760.9	299.4	2,004.1	42.7	38.5
	1967 1,216	837.1	328.7	2,188.3	46.5	43.1
	1968 1,339	922.2	359.4	2,525.6	55.4	51.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 1,262	867.1	346.7	2,022.3	50.7	45.4
	1966 1,357	934.1	364.4	2,351.2	57.7	53.5
	1967 1,476	1,016.9	396.1	2,553.4	59.0	55.3
	1968 1,631	1,126.2	435.4	2,930.9	68.8	62.8

TABLE 2.165. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WHOLESALE TRADE, 1965 - 1968

TABLERAU 2.165. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 278	575.9	208.9	1,096.9	40.5	32.5
	1966 324	699.4	242.6	1,321.6	51.3	45.4
	1967 335	733.7	255.5	1,375.7	49.7	45.5
	1968 374	836.4	286.6	1,626.1	57.6	53.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 660	1,312.0	479.2	3,168.4	70.4	60.7
	1966 692	1,363.7	512.0	3,255.4	76.0	63.7
	1967 784	1,509.8	555.8	3,698.1	86.1	73.5
	1968 831	1,607.5	595.5	4,049.6	105.3	91.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 938	1,887.9	688.1	4,265.3	110.9	93.2
	1966 1,016	2,063.1	754.6	4,577.0	127.3	109.1
	1967 1,119	2,243.5	811.3	5,073.8	135.8	119.0
	1968 1,205	2,443.9	882.1	5,675.7	162.9	144.2

TABLE 2.166. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WHOLESALE TRADE, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.166. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000,000		
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 63	671.8	192.4	1,549.9	53.6	35.1
	1966 74	764.9	210.0	1,610.5	53.9	45.0
	1967 86	862.3	263.5	1,716.1	42.1	34.6
	1968 93	948.8	299.8	1,690.9	50.7	42.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 91	882.0	278.9	1,900.2	48.4	40.4
	1966 94	911.8	300.0	2,154.7	53.7	45.1
	1967 93	841.7	280.9	1,911.7	45.9	36.9
	1968 108	1,004.8	350.6	2,074.2	52.7	40.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 154	1,553.8	471.3	3,450.1	102.0	75.5
	1966 168	1,676.7	510.0	3,765.2	107.6	90.1
	1967 179	1,704.0	544.4	3,627.8	88.0	71.5
	1968 201	1,953.6	650.4	3,765.1	103.4	82.8

TABLE 2.167. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$25,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, WHOLESALE TRADE, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.167. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE GROS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000,000		
50% and over — et plus.....	1965 5	422.5	33.0	1,349.1	27.4	25.9
	1966 4	417.3	40.5	1,472.0	33.6	33.7
	1967 5	484.8	41.5	1,509.2	31.3	28.2
	1968 14	816.7	102.4	2,094.3	44.0	40.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 14	606.1	246.7	870.0	40.0	27.1
	1966 14	617.5	269.2	842.2	36.6	31.2
	1967 18	759.1	302.6	1,166.8	50.0	46.9
	1968 15	756.0	304.6	1,283.1	56.9	51.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 19	1,028.6	279.7	2,219.1	67.4	53.0
	1966 18	1,034.8	309.7	2,314.2	70.2	64.9
	1967 23	1,243.9	344.1	2,676.0	81.3	75.1
	1968 29	1,572.7	407.0	3,377.4	100.9	92.0

TABLE 2.168. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL WHOLESALE TRADE, 1965 - 1968

TABLÉAU 2.168. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DU COMMERCE DE GROS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.			\$'000,000		
50% and over — et plus	1965 997	1,961.0	543.9	4,661.9	149.9	118.0
	1966 1,061	2,173.3	601.4	5,105.0	167.5	150.9
	1967 1,160	2,397.2	678.3	5,344.2	147.5	131.3
	1968 1,224	2,939.5	809.6	6,213.1	178.7	158.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 5,198	4,430.2	1,677.7	10,637.3	262.2	222.1
	1966 5,548	4,670.2	1,792.1	11,515.3	283.1	247.4
	1967 5,960	5,029.4	1,905.6	12,398.5	303.1	269.8
	1968 6,248	5,419.2	2,067.6	13,420.0	349.6	310.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 6,195	6,391.2	2,221.6	15,299.2	411.1	340.1
	1966 6,609	6,843.5	2,393.5	16,620.3	450.6	398.3
	1967 7,120	7,426.6	2,583.9	17,742.7	450.6	401.1
	1968 7,472	8,358.7	2,877.2	19,633.1	528.3	469.2

TABLE 2.169. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RETAIL TRADE, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.169. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 72	20.9	6.6	77.1	2.6	1.2
	1966 87	25.9	10.1	103.6	2.2	1.3
	1967 88	27.5	9.9	90.1	1.9	1.6
	1968 83	25.5	8.4	93.8	1.3	1.4
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 2,734	693.4	274.5	2,320.4	42.1	38.8
	1966 3,064	765.6	303.4	2,680.5	45.8	42.5
	1967 3,409	849.3	341.0	2,981.5	52.5	49.4
	1968 3,547	896.2	354.8	3,090.6	58.1	55.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 2,806	714.3	281.1	2,397.5	44.7	40.0
	1966 3,151	791.5	313.5	2,784.1	48.0	43.8
	1967 3,497	876.8	350.9	3,071.6	54.4	51.0
	1968 3,630	921.7	363.2	3,184.4	59.4	56.4

TABLE 2.170. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RETAIL TRADE, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.170. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - Nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 49	35.6	10.6	149.0	2.8	2.1
	1966 49	36.0	11.7	113.5	1.9	1.5
	1967 61	45.7	16.4	159.6	1.4	1.3
	1968 72	51.4	14.9	161.4	1.7	1.5
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 578	391.0	135.9	1,105.7	17.2	14.3
	1966 593	402.9	137.2	1,220.4	16.9	14.4
	1967 651	443.7	157.9	1,285.1	21.3	19.3
	1968 745	505.5	182.1	1,444.2	25.9	23.3
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 627	426.6	146.5	1,254.7	20.0	16.4
	1966 642	438.9	148.9	1,333.9	18.8	15.9
	1967 712	489.4	174.3	1,444.7	22.7	20.6
	1968 817	556.9	197.0	1,605.6	27.6	24.8

TABLE 2.171. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RETAIL TRADE, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.171. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 63	114.3	34.2	259.5	8.3	5.7
	1966 63	123.1	39.3	299.1	10.5	9.7
	1967 82	155.6	44.6	399.0	9.1	9.2
	1968 111	204.6	52.3	554.8	7.9	6.0
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 362	679.9	223.3	1,972.2	33.3	27.0
	1966 381	686.0	219.0	2,103.0	29.6	23.8
	1967 394	745.1	252.1	2,208.1	39.3	32.6
	1968 442	839.2	269.9	2,500.8	39.1	35.9
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 425	794.2	257.5	2,231.7	41.6	32.7
	1966 444	809.1	258.3	2,402.1	40.1	33.5
	1967 476	900.7	296.7	2,607.1	48.4	41.8
	1968 553	1,043.8	322.2	3,055.6	47.0	41.9

TABLE 2.172. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RETAIL TRADE, 1965-1968

TABLERAU 2.172. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 9	61.8	26.1	99.5	4.3	4.3
	1966 11	77.9	30.7	132.9	6.5	5.4
	1967 11	84.0	31.4	149.0	6.7	5.8
	1968 13	89.1	38.5	158.2	7.5	6.9
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 21	141.4	56.2	282.5	14.0	13.1
	1966 23	159.1	71.8	345.7	17.2	15.9
	1967 24	164.4	56.0	348.5	19.3	16.6
	1968 29	193.6	65.1	434.1	15.1	14.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 30	203.2	82.3	382.0	18.3	17.4
	1966 34	237.0	102.5	478.6	23.7	21.3
	1967 35	248.4	87.4	497.5	26.0	22.4
	1968 42	282.7	103.6	592.3	22.6	20.9

TABLE 2.173. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RETAIL TRADE, 1965-1968

TABLERAU 2.173. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 6	119.3	69.2	138.8	5.0	3.5
	1966 5	98.8	53.6	139.7	4.2	3.0
	1967 8	155.0	86.0	211.4	9.5	7.2
	1968 8	134.0	68.5	194.4	9.6	7.1
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 13	192.2	85.9	336.9	11.9	11.3
	1966 16	246.1	103.8	423.4	15.7	13.4
	1967 19	288.0	120.2	556.1	24.3	20.4
	1968 22	358.6	165.7	741.7	27.7	24.2
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 19	311.5	155.1	475.7	16.9	14.8
	1966 21	344.9	157.4	563.1	19.9	16.4
	1967 27	443.0	206.2	767.5	33.8	27.6
	1968 30	492.6	234.2	936.1	37.3	31.3

TABLE 2.174. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RETAIL TRADE, 1965-1968

TABLERAU 2.174. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 4	220.6	168.0	730.7	36.5	32.3
	1966 6	308.1	213.7	875.2	51.1	50.1
	1967 5	229.2	153.7	345.5	21.6	17.8
	1968 7	330.3	201.6	682.9	45.7	41.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 5	253.8	89.0	584.0	16.8	14.4
	1966 6	324.3	122.0	633.1	7.5	4.8
	1967 6	324.3	111.0	744.8	20.1	18.9
	1968 6	316.6	112.9	548.4	13.2	9.7
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 9	474.4	257.0	1,314.7	53.3	46.7
	1966 12	632.4	335.7	1,508.3	58.6	54.9
	1967 11	553.5	264.7	1,070.3	41.7	36.7
	1968 13	646.9	314.5	1,231.3	58.9	51.3

TABLE 2.175. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$100,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, RETAIL TRADE, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.175. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$100,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 3	354.1	262.3	769.6	29.8	38.9
	1966 3	391.3	275.8	852.9	45.0	41.2
	1967 4	554.1	388.9	1,400.5	73.7	69.2
	1968 4	607.9	435.9	1,577.0	76.6	74.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 4	609.4	266.4	1,388.2	42.5	34.6
	1966 4	617.7	277.2	1,442.3	55.6	35.4
	1967 4	667.4	301.3	1,483.2	45.1	26.6
	1968 5	767.4	391.5	1,525.7	49.5	30.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 7	963.5	528.7	2,157.8	72.3	73.5
	1966 7	1,009.0	553.0	2,295.2	100.6	76.6
	1967 8	1,221.5	690.2	2,883.7	118.8	95.8
	1968 9	1,375.3	827.4	3,102.7	126.1	104.1

TABLE 2.176. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL RETAIL TRADE, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.176. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DU COMMERCE DE DÉTAIL, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 206	926.6	577.0	2,224.2	89.3	88.0
	1966 224	1,061.1	634.9	2,516.9	121.4	112.2
	1967 259	1,251.1	730.9	2,755.1	123.9	112.1
	1968 298	1,442.8	820.1	3,422.5	150.3	138.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 3,717	2,961.1	1,131.2	7,989.9	177.8	153.5
	1966 4,087	3,201.7	1,234.4	8,848.4	188.3	150.2
	1967 4,507	3,482.2	1,339.5	9,607.3	221.9	183.8
	1968 4,796	3,877.1	1,542.0	10,285.5	228.6	192.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 3,923	3,887.7	1,708.2	10,214.1	267.1	241.5
	1966 4,311	4,262.8	1,869.3	11,365.3	309.7	262.4
	1967 4,766	4,733.3	2,070.4	12,362.4	345.8	295.9
	1968 5,094	5,319.9	2,362.1	13,708.0	378.9	330.7

TABLE 2.177. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, DEPOSIT ACCEPTING INSTITUTIONS, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.177. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INSTITUTIONS RECUEILLANT DES DÉPÔTS 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 10	4.3	.7	2.0	—	—
	1966 7	4.0	.6	2.1	—	—
	1967 7	3.5	1.0	2.4	—	—
	1968 6	3.1	.6	.3	—	—
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 347	179.6	121.6	21.4	7.6	.7
	1966 56	29.3	11.6	11.9	1.4	.9
	1967 50	26.6	10.7	7.3	1.3	.9
	1968 53	29.7	11.7	6.6	1.3	1.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 357	183.9	122.3	23.4	7.6	.6
	1966 63	33.3	12.2	14.0	1.4	.9
	1967 57	30.1	11.7	9.7	1.2	.8
	1968 59	32.8	12.3	6.9	1.3	1.2

TABLE 2.178. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, DEPOSIT ACCEPTING INSTITUTIONS, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.178. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INSTITUTIONS RECUEILLANT DES DÉPÔTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	18.0	5.9	1.6	.4	—
	1966 7	24.3	7.0	3.5	.4	.3
	1967 5	15.2	5.4	2.3	.2	—
	1968 5	14.1	2.8	2.0	.6	.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 195	522.0	280.5	44.4	17.9	2.7
	1966 89	216.1	52.0	24.8	1.8	1.2
	1967 72	243.3	53.7	22.3	2.6	1.7
	1968 67	207.2	57.5	21.0	3.2	2.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 201	540.0	286.4	46.0	18.3	2.7
	1966 76	240.4	59.0	28.3	2.2	1.5
	1967 77	258.5	59.1	24.6	2.8	1.6
	1968 72	221.3	60.3	23.0	3.8	2.1

TABLE 2.179. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$10,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, DEPOSIT ACCEPTING INSTITUTIONS, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.179. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, INSTITUTIONS RECUEILLANT DES DÉPÔTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 4	132.6	12.2	9.0	1.0	.9
	1966 5	365.0	60.9	26.6	5.6	4.0
	1967 5	391.0	63.3	29.5	5.9	4.3
	1968 5	371.6	50.8	30.1	5.3	3.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 42	3,391.8	323.9	216.8	43.2	18.0
	1966 42	3,449.6	288.6	279.5	34.7	19.0
	1967 37	3,535.6	293.8	286.7	33.7	21.6
	1968 43	4,214.1	345.1	339.7	40.8	23.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 46	3,524.4	336.1	225.8	44.2	18.9
	1966 47	3,814.6	349.5	306.1	40.3	23.0
	1967 42	3,926.6	357.1	316.2	39.6	25.9
	1968 48	4,585.7	395.9	369.8	46.1	27.6

TABLE 2.180. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL DEPOSIT ACCEPTING INSTITUTIONS, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.180. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL INSTITUTIONS RECUEILLANT DES DÉPÔTS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 20	154.9	18.8	12.6	1.4	.8
	1966 19	393.3	68.5	32.2	6.0	4.3
	1967 17	409.7	69.7	34.2	6.0	4.1
	1968 16	388.8	54.2	32.4	5.9	3.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 584	4,093.4	726.0	282.6	68.7	21.4
	1966 167	3,695.0	352.2	316.2	37.9	21.1
	1967 159	3,805.5	358.2	316.3	37.6	24.2
	1968 163	4,451.0	414.3	367.3	45.3	27.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 604	4,248.3	744.8	295.2	70.1	22.2
	1966 186	4,088.3	420.7	348.4	43.9	25.4
	1967 176	4,215.2	427.9	350.5	43.6	28.3
	1968 179	4,839.8	468.5	399.7	51.2	30.9

TABLE 2.181. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CREDIT AGENCIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.181. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE CREDIT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 7	2.4	.3	.1	—	—
	1966 4	1.4	.4	.3	.2	.2
	1967 6	2.2	.3	.3	.2	.2
	1968 8	2.4	1.4	6.9	4.7	1.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 96	33.9	9.5	4.1	.7	.6
	1966 95	33.8	8.3	4.1	.1	.1
	1967 87	30.2	7.9	3.8	.4	.2
	1968 99	34.5	11.9	5.7	.6	.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 103	36.3	9.8	4.2	.7	.6
	1966 99	35.2	7.9	4.5	—	.3
	1967 93	32.4	8.2	4.1	.6	.4
	1968 107	36.9	13.3	12.6	5.3	2.1

TABLE 2.182. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CREDIT AGENCIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.182. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE CREDIT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 4	3.0	.8	.3	—	—
	1966 7	5.7	1.8	.4	.2	.2
	1967 6	4.5	.3	.5	.1	.1
	1968 5	3.7	—	.3	.4	.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 74	52.6	13.7	5.9	.9	.8
	1966 76	54.4	13.9	6.6	.4	.1
	1967 74	53.3	10.7	6.8	.6	.3
	1968 56	40.8	8.1	5.0	.7	.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 78	55.6	14.5	6.2	.9	.8
	1966 83	60.1	15.7	7.0	.6	.1
	1967 80	57.8	11.0	7.3	.5	.2
	1968 61	44.5	7.9	5.3	.3	.3

TABLE 2.183. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CREDIT AGENCIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.183. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE CREDIT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 12	22.8	4.7	1.7	.1	.1
	1966 11	24.2	2.7	3.0	.6	.6
	1967 12	30.1	4.4	2.9	1.1	1.1
	1968 15	36.3	6.0	3.6	1.3	1.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 84	171.9	33.4	18.9	.8	1.3
	1966 78	174.1	36.9	19.3	2.3	1.6
	1967 68	142.8	29.0	16.3	2.7	2.1
	1968 64	133.3	28.5	15.0	2.0	1.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 96	194.7	38.1	20.6	.7	1.2
	1966 89	198.3	39.6	22.3	2.9	2.2
	1967 80	172.9	33.4	19.2	3.8	3.2
	1968 79	169.6	34.5	18.6	3.3	2.8

TABLE 2.184. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CREDIT AGENCIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.184. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE CRÉDIT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 7	54.7	4.6	5.5	1.1	1.1
	1966 6	42.3	7.2	3.0	- 2.5	- 2.4
	1967 3	19.3	2.9	1.6	.2	.2
	1968 5	39.8	5.8	3.5	.1	- .2
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 11	74.6	13.8	9.5	1.8	1.4
	1966 8	52.7	9.4	5.7	.6	.5
	1967 7	48.3	12.8	6.7	.8	.4
	1968 6	46.2	11.3	6.1	- .4	- .4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 18	129.3	18.4	15.0	2.9	2.5
	1966 14	95.0	16.6	8.7	- 1.9	- 1.9
	1967 10	67.6	15.7	8.3	1.0	.6
	1968 11	86.0	17.1	9.6	- .3	- .6

TABLE 2.185. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CREDIT AGENCIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.185. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE CRÉDIT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 6	98.8	8.6	10.6	.7	.3
	1966 8	118.5	10.3	10.0	1.7	1.7
	1967 9	143.1	8.8	10.7	2.0	1.8
	1968 9	147.5	13.8	14.4	2.1	1.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 9	127.1	13.2	10.4	1.7	1.0
	1966 11	171.5	19.9	13.5	- 1.0	- 1.3
	1967 13	202.1	26.4	18.9	2.7	1.6
	1968 10	155.9	20.1	13.9	2.7	2.4
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 15	225.9	21.8	21.0	2.4	1.3
	1966 19	290.0	30.2	23.5	.7	.4
	1967 22	345.2	35.2	26.6	4.7	3.4
	1968 19	303.4	33.9	28.3	4.8	4.0

TABLE 2.186. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CREDIT AGENCIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.186. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE CRÉDIT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable Taxable Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus	1965 13	674.8	74.1	55.3	13.9	12.8
	1966 13	732.0	89.2	64.3	12.0	10.8
	1967 12	687.0	144.7	52.5	7.1	5.2
	1968 11	609.2	74.2	57.5	8.7	8.8
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 12	578.3	75.6	51.0	9.0	5.2
	1966 10	524.7	2.5	48.6	1.1	1.7
	1967 10	695.5	33.2	61.2	3.5	3.2
	1968 7	377.3	67.7	42.2	10.9	8.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes	1965 25	1,252.1	149.7	106.3	22.9	18.0
	1966 23	1,256.7	91.7	112.9	13.1	12.5
	1967 22	1,382.5	177.9	113.7	10.6	8.4
	1968 18	986.5	141.9	99.7	19.6	17.4

TABLE 2.187. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$100,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, CREDIT AGENCIES, 1965-1968

TABLER 2.187. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$100,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉ DE CRÉDIT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 5	1,316.5	94.5	91.4	41.6	11.9
	1966 6	1,447.8	90.4	109.4	19.0	18.3
	1967 8	1,767.8	106.0	162.5	30.7	29.4
	1968 9	2,137.4	135.2	182.0	29.0	26.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 5	2,004.4	238.2	145.2	33.4	18.4
	1966 5	1,890.5	264.3	156.8	20.3	6.6
	1967 4	1,650.4	253.2	157.6	23.9	9.7
	1968 6	1,957.6	223.3	190.0	34.8	13.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 10	3,320.9	332.7	236.6	75.0	30.3
	1966 11	3,338.3	354.7	266.2	39.3	24.9
	1967 12	3,418.2	359.2	320.1	54.6	39.1
	1968 15	4,095.0	358.5	372.0	63.8	39.8

TABLE 2.188. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL CREDIT AGENCIES, 1965-1968

TABLER 2.188. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES SOCIÉTÉS DE CRÉDIT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profit — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 54	2,172.0	187.6	164.9	57.2	26.0
	1966 55	2,371.9	201.2	190.5	30.8	29.0
	1967 56	2,654.0	267.4	231.0	41.2	37.8
	1968 62	2,976.3	236.2	268.2	45.5	39.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 291	3,042.8	397.4	245.0	48.3	28.7
	1966 283	2,901.7	355.2	254.6	23.8	8.9
	1967 263	2,822.6	373.2	268.3	34.6	17.5
	1968 248	2,745.6	370.9	277.9	51.3	26.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 345	5,214.8	585.0	409.9	105.5	54.7
	1966 338	5,273.6	556.4	445.1	54.6	37.9
	1967 319	5,476.6	640.6	499.3	75.8	55.3
	1968 310	5,721.9	607.1	546.1	96.8	65.8

TABLE 2.189. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$1,000,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, SECURITY DEALERS, 1965-1968

TABLER 2.189. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$1,000,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COURTIER EN VALEURS, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable Income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 8	5.0	1.8	9.4	1.1	1.1
	1966 7	2.9	.9	3.8	.9	.9
	1967 11	5.8	1.3	5.2	.6	.4
	1968 15	6.5	3.0	5.4	.6	.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 122	56.6	14.1	76.7	2.8	1.6
	1966 115	58.0	14.8	65.0	1.7	1.3
	1967 109	52.1	15.0	46.2	1.2	.8
	1968 132	65.4	22.1	30.5	5.5	3.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 130	61.6	15.9	86.1	3.9	2.7
	1966 122	60.9	15.7	68.8	.8	.8
	1967 120	57.9	16.3	51.4	1.8	1.2
	1968 147	71.9	25.1	35.9	6.1	3.9

TABLE 2.190. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$1,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, SECURITY DEALERS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.190. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, COURTIER EN VALEURS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus.....	1965 5	33.7	4.3	4.6	1.1	1.0
	1966 6	30.2	4.3	15.9	1.2	1.2
	1967 7	45.3	10.0	16.4	1.7	1.9
	1968 15	76.2	17.7	25.0	2.4	2.3
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 113	1,087.0	83.8	139.4	24.9	18.9
	1966 119	1,190.9	110.4	141.5	13.8	12.3
	1967 125	1,562.0	100.0	175.0	16.9	17.0
	1968 115	1,564.1	109.9	205.8	24.2	23.0
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 118	1,120.7	88.1	144.0	26.0	19.9
	1966 125	1,221.1	114.7	157.4	15.0	13.5
	1967 132	1,607.3	110.0	191.4	17.6	17.9
	1968 130	1,640.3	127.6	230.8	26.6	25.3

TABLE 2.191. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL SECURITY DEALERS, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.191. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES COURTIER EN VALEURS, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus.....	1965 13	38.7	6.1	14.0	2.2	2.1
	1966 13	33.1	5.2	19.7	1.3	1.3
	1967 18	51.1	11.3	21.6	1.3	1.3
	1968 30	82.7	20.7	30.4	3.0	2.6
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 235	1,143.6	97.9	216.1	27.7	20.5
	1966 234	1,248.9	125.2	206.5	15.5	13.7
	1967 234	1,614.1	115.0	221.2	18.1	17.8
	1968 247	1,629.5	132.0	236.3	29.7	26.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 248	1,182.3	104.0	230.1	29.9	22.6
	1966 247	1,282.0	130.4	226.2	15.8	14.0
	1967 252	1,665.2	126.3	242.8	19.4	19.1
	1968 277	1,712.2	152.7	266.7	32.7	29.2

TABLE 2.192. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.192. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. - nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over - et plus.....	1965 160	56.9	41.2	8.0	2.0	.3
	1966 194	70.6	49.6	8.7	2.0	1.2
	1967 222	78.3	49.4	9.7	6.5	2.1
	1968 236	84.4	54.2	10.3	3.3	.7
Under 50% - Moins de 50%	1965 1,708	594.6	332.8	48.5	29.3	4.9
	1966 2,040	710.5	388.6	55.5	27.8	8.1
	1967 2,331	806.0	448.4	75.0	32.0	10.0
	1968 2,608	906.0	506.6	85.3	42.5	15.6
Reporting corporations - Total - Corporations déclarantes....	1965 1,868	651.5	374.0	56.5	31.3	4.6
	1966 2,234	781.1	438.2	64.2	29.8	9.3
	1967 2,553	884.3	497.8	84.7	38.5	12.1
	1968 2,844	990.4	560.8	95.6	45.8	16.3

TABLE 2.193. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.193. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 161	116.6	74.4	6.2	3.7	2.6
	1966 181	131.2	83.8	6.4	1.6	.2
	1967 186	133.9	88.4	8.0	4.8	1.9
	1968 184	131.4	84.4	7.9	4.4	2.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 1,126	787.2	461.2	47.8	30.2	4.8
	1966 1,306	909.5	535.5	51.0	29.2	5.2
	1967 1,432	995.6	590.6	94.9	37.2	6.7
	1968 1,538	1,067.4	623.3	94.3	44.3	9.1
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 1,287	903.8	535.6	54.0	33.9	7.4
	1966 1,487	1,040.7	619.3	57.4	30.8	5.4
	1967 1,618	1,129.5	679.0	102.9	42.0	8.6
	1968 1,722	1,198.8	707.7	102.2	48.7	11.9

TABLE 2.194. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.194. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 227	525.2	351.0	23.3	17.8	7.0
	1966 253	586.2	395.8	32.6	25.5	8.9
	1967 275	651.2	446.9	43.0	20.5	10.3
	1968 293	685.5	467.4	41.6	24.5	10.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 970	1,878.3	1,181.3	98.6	58.9	3.2
	1966 1,109	2,170.3	1,348.4	112.4	70.3	6.3
	1967 1,176	2,283.1	1,396.9	142.8	79.9	7.8
	1968 1,309	2,547.3	1,594.3	180.3	100.8	10.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 1,197	2,403.5	1,532.3	121.9	76.7	10.2
	1966 1,362	2,756.5	1,744.2	145.0	95.8	15.2
	1967 1,431	2,934.3	1,843.8	185.8	100.4	18.1
	1968 1,602	3,232.8	2,061.7	221.9	125.3	21.3

TABLE 2.195. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.195. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 66	457.2	337.2	14.6	8.2	4.3
	1966 81	549.1	387.1	21.0	10.9	4.4
	1967 73	495.3	343.7	17.6	10.0	3.3
	1968 85	570.3	424.6	24.5	16.4	3.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 104	709.2	476.8	42.9	19.3	1.5
	1966 123	858.3	587.5	61.5	27.4	1.6
	1967 119	840.5	607.7	72.9	43.8	3.1
	1968 130	906.9	648.1	44.0	30.0	3.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 170	1,166.4	814.0	57.5	27.5	5.8
	1966 204	1,407.4	974.6	82.5	38.3	6.0
	1967 192	1,335.8	951.4	90.5	53.8	6.4
	1968 215	1,477.2	1,072.7	68.5	46.4	6.9

TABLE 2.196. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.196. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 35	566.5	447.1	34.2	27.9	7.1
	1966 37	597.9	457.9	27.4	16.3	1.0
	1967 36	577.3	455.8	29.8	19.9	5.3
	1968 45	731.9	503.8	44.6	24.2	5.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 73	1,141.4	834.1	48.5	39.4	4.4
	1966 84	1,492.4	1,064.3	79.4	55.7	6.9
	1967 93	1,421.3	1,003.7	69.0	46.4	3.2
	1968 101	1,600.8	1,126.0	104.9	82.2	7.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 108	1,707.9	1,281.2	82.7	67.3	11.5
	1966 131	2,090.3	1,522.2	106.8	72.0	7.9
	1967 129	1,998.6	1,459.5	98.8	66.3	8.5
	1968 146	2,332.7	1,629.8	149.5	106.4	13.2

TABLE 2.197. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$25,000,000 - \$49,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.197. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$25,000,000 - \$49,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	208.4	112.8	25.2	5.0	5.1
	1966 7	227.9	143.3	15.4	13.2	2.2
	1967 13	434.1	321.2	36.2	32.3	6.2
	1968 20	679.6	452.8	28.3	21.1	5.2
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 27	901.9	683.3	89.5	43.5	3.4
	1966 27	906.1	741.8	77.9	72.9	5.4
	1967 38	1,295.9	997.6	62.3	40.3	6.9
	1968 39	1,299.8	1,004.1	66.6	42.9	5.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 33	1,110.3	796.1	114.7	48.5	8.5
	1966 34	1,134.0	885.1	93.3	86.1	7.6
	1967 51	1,730.0	1,318.8	98.5	72.6	13.1
	1968 59	1,979.4	1,456.9	94.9	64.0	10.9

TABLE 2.198. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$50,000,000 - \$99,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.198. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$50,000,000 - \$99,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 12	810.8	683.7	32.5	23.7	- 1.2
	1966 13	916.5	779.6	35.9	25.5	- 1.3
	1967 16	1,191.4	888.2	37.6	29.1	- 2.0
	1968 14	969.2	848.6	39.4	24.1	8.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 10	702.6	563.8	92.9	84.9	3.5
	1966 15	1,013.0	626.2	71.1	50.0	3.3
	1967 12	898.7	604.7	94.2	80.2	4.8
	1968 17	1,275.3	1,070.4	73.6	67.9	4.6
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965 22	1,513.4	1,247.5	125.4	108.6	2.3
	1966 28	1,929.5	1,405.8	107.0	75.5	2.0
	1967 28	2,090.1	1,492.9	131.8	109.3	2.8
	1968 31	2,244.5	1,919.0	113.0	92.0	12.7

TABLE 2.199. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$100,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.199. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$100,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 6	1,445.7	1,179.0	125.8	- 17.6	5.1
	1966 6	1,597.6	1,039.1	109.1	88.5	6.3
	1967 6	1,646.2	1,119.2	116.2	95.4	4.9
	1968 10	2,420.4	1,682.6	163.7	127.0	4.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 14	2,836.0	2,520.5	154.1	124.6	16.8
	1966 14	3,250.2	3,056.6	158.8	136.4	17.5
	1967 13	3,839.0	3,615.5	167.6	128.8	17.3
	1968 16	4,196.5	3,826.1	241.6	206.9	23.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 20	4,281.7	3,699.5	279.9	107.0	21.9
	1966 20	4,847.8	4,095.7	267.9	224.9	23.8
	1967 19	5,485.2	4,734.7	283.8	224.2	22.2
	1968 26	6,616.9	5,508.7	405.3	333.9	28.0

TABLE 2.200. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL INVESTMENT COMPANIES, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 2.200. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES SOCIÉTÉS DE PLACEMENT, 1965-1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 673	4,187.3	3,226.4	269.8	70.7	29.7
	1966 772	4,677.0	3,336.2	256.5	183.5	22.9
	1967 827	5,207.7	3,712.8	298.1	218.5	32.0
	1968 887	6,272.7	4,518.4	360.3	245.0	41.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 4,032	9,551.2	7,053.8	622.8	430.1	42.5
	1966 4,728	11,310.3	8,348.9	667.6	469.7	54.3
	1967 5,214	12,380.1	9,265.1	778.7	488.6	59.8
	1968 5,758	13,800.0	10,398.9	890.6	617.5	80.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 4,705	13,738.5	10,280.2	892.6	500.8	72.2
	1966 5,500	15,987.3	11,685.1	924.1	653.2	77.2
	1967 6,041	17,587.8	12,977.9	1,076.8	707.1	91.8
	1968 6,645	20,072.7	14,917.3	1,250.9	862.5	121.2

TABLE 2.201. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE, 1965-1968¹

TABLEAU 2.201. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ASSUREURS ET AGENTS D'IMMEUBLES, 1965-1968¹

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 217	74.5	21.2	15.1	2.1	1.6
	1966 234	81.4	21.1	22.8	4.7	3.7
	1967 227	77.6	22.3	20.5	2.4	2.1
	1968 234	81.1	24.6	23.1	3.0	1.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 2,575	891.2	228.8	250.9	23.3	15.7
	1966 2,730	950.0	237.5	256.1	26.6	16.7
	1967 2,973	1,020.9	259.2	307.0	31.9	20.9
	1968 3,194	1,102.9	295.9	344.2	38.7	25.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 2,792	965.7	250.0	266.0	25.4	17.3
	1966 2,964	1,031.4	258.6	278.9	31.3	20.4
	1967 3,200	1,098.5	281.5	327.5	34.3	23.0
	1968 3,428	1,184.0	320.5	367.3	41.7	27.0

See footnote at end of Table 2.207. — Voir renvoi à la fin du Tableau 2.207.

TABLE 2.202. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE, 1965 - 1968¹

TABEAU 2.202. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ASSUREURS ET AGENTS D'IMMEUBLES, 1965 - 1968¹

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 137	97.2	16.0	16.6	2.4	2.6
	1966 138	98.3	14.8	16.6	1.4	1.3
	1967 155	107.8	15.5	21.3	2.3	1.7
	1968 164	117.2	21.6	26.1	4.0	2.6
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 1,349	934.3	189.1	171.7	15.0	7.4
	1966 1,493	1,036.5	214.0	211.0	17.5	7.9
	1967 1,619	1,120.4	228.6	228.3	22.7	11.1
	1968 1,698	1,185.2	251.7	265.6	30.0	14.0
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 1,486	1,031.5	205.1	188.3	17.4	10.0
	1966 1,631	1,134.8	228.8	227.6	18.9	9.2
	1967 1,774	1,228.2	244.1	249.6	25.0	12.8
	1968 1,862	1,302.4	273.3	291.7	34.0	16.6

See footnote at end of Table 2.207. — Voir renvoi à la fin du Tableau 2.207.

TABLE 2.203. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE, 1965 - 1968¹

TABEAU 2.203. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ASSUREURS ET AGENTS D'IMMEUBLES, 1965 - 1968¹

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 150	341.0	81.9	48.7	2.7	.6
	1966 157	354.4	82.8	47.1	6.2	4.3
	1967 180	410.5	67.3	59.4	6.6	4.3
	1968 213	477.0	76.2	77.4	10.3	4.0
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 890	1,731.9	285.1	257.3	21.8	1.0
	1966 1,033	1,981.3	291.7	331.7	16.9	.2
	1967 1,176	2,247.1	343.6	392.8	31.1	5.4
	1968 1,270	2,452.1	393.9	449.0	38.3	7.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 1,040	2,072.9	367.0	306.0	24.5	1.6
	1966 1,190	2,335.7	374.5	378.8	23.1	4.1
	1967 1,356	2,657.6	410.9	452.2	37.7	9.7
	1968 1,483	2,929.1	470.1	526.4	48.6	11.5

See footnote at end of Table 2.207. — Voir renvoi à la fin du Tableau 2.207.

TABLE 2.204. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE, 1965 - 1968¹

TABEAU 2.204. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ASSUREURS ET AGENTS D'IMMEUBLES, 1965 - 1968¹

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 25	169.7	23.4	26.2	3.3	2.9
	1966 30	205.5	27.7	28.8	4.6	2.1
	1967 33	234.5	50.4	42.5	6.7	2.1
	1968 31	213.7	41.8	22.5	1.9	.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 74	519.6	58.0	72.8	- 1.3	- 2.0
	1966 85	572.1	64.0	64.4	2.6	- 2.8
	1967 93	621.3	86.0	88.1	5.9	- .7
	1968 105	700.4	111.3	113.8	15.7	5.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 99	689.3	81.4	99.0	2.0	.9
	1966 115	777.6	91.7	93.2	7.2	- .7
	1967 126	855.8	138.4	130.6	12.6	1.4
	1968 136	914.1	153.1	136.3	17.6	5.7

See footnote at end of Table 2.207. — Voir renvoi à la fin du Tableau 2.207.

TABLE 2.205. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$10,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE, 1965-1968¹

TABLÉAU 2.205. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, ASSUREURS ET AGENTS D'IMMEUBLES, 1965-1968¹

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 17	351.9	122.6	31.7	7.4	4.0
	1966 22	459.1	152.5	45.6	9.9	7.5
	1967 19	427.8	139.0	43.0	9.8	4.6
	1968 25	714.0	175.1	80.4	13.8	5.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 47	1,203.2	301.4	172.9	19.8	3.8
	1966 57	1,622.1	383.4	179.3	28.6	4.7
	1967 64	1,915.0	472.9	267.0	32.3	5.8
	1968 68	2,326.7	572.6	264.2	54.1	6.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 64	1,555.1	424.0	204.6	27.2	7.8
	1966 79	2,061.2	535.9	224.9	38.5	12.2
	1967 83	2,342.8	611.9	310.0	42.1	10.4
	1968 98	3,040.7	747.7	344.6	67.9	12.4

See footnote at end of Table 2.207. — Voir renvoi à la fin du Tableau 2.207.

TABLE 2.206. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE, 1965-1968¹

TABLÉAU 2.206. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES ASSUREURS ET DES AGENTS D'immeubles, 1965-1968¹

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 546	1,034.3	265.1	138.3	17.9	11.7
	1966 581	1,198.7	298.9	160.9	26.8	18.9
	1967 614	1,258.2	294.5	186.7	27.8	14.8
	1968 667	1,603.0	339.3	229.5	33.0	14.3
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 4,935	5,280.2	1,062.4	925.6	78.6	25.9
	1966 5,398	6,162.0	1,190.6	1,042.5	92.2	26.3
	1967 5,925	6,924.7	1,392.3	1,283.2	123.9	42.5
	1968 6,335	7,767.3	1,625.4	1,436.8	176.8	58.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 5,481	6,314.5	1,327.5	1,063.9	96.5	37.6
	1966 5,979	7,360.7	1,489.5	1,203.4	119.0	45.2
	1967 6,539	8,182.9	1,686.8	1,469.9	151.7	57.3
	1968 7,002	9,370.3	1,964.7	1,666.3	209.8	73.2

See footnote at end of Table 2.207. — Voir renvoi à la fin du Tableau 2.207

TABLE 2.207. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL FINANCE, 1965-1968¹

TABLÉAU 2.207. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES FINANCES, 1965-1968¹

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 1,306	7,587.2	3,704.0	599.6	149.4	70.3
	1966 1,440	8,674.0	3,910.0	659.8	247.4	75.4
	1967 1,532	9,580.7	4,355.7	771.6	294.8	90.0
	1968 1,662	11,323.5	5,168.8	920.8	332.4	101.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 10,077	23,111.2	9,337.5	2,292.1	653.4	139.0
	1966 10,810	25,317.9	10,372.1	2,487.4	639.1	124.3
	1967 11,795	27,547.0	11,503.8	2,867.7	702.8	161.8
	1968 12,751	30,393.4	12,941.5	3,208.9	920.6	219.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 11,383	30,698.4	13,041.5	2,891.7	802.8	209.3
	1966 12,250	33,991.9	14,282.1	3,147.2	886.5	199.7
	1967 13,327	37,127.7	15,859.5	3,639.3	997.6	251.8
	1968 14,413	41,716.9	18,110.3	4,129.7	1,253.0	320.3

¹ Excludes Insurance Carriers for all years. — Les compagnies d'assurance sont exclues pour toutes les années.

TABLE 2.208. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets UNDER \$500,000, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.208. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif de MOINS DE \$500,000 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
						\$'000,000
50% and over — et plus	1965 95	28.4	10.9	68.5	3.2	2.8
	1966 109	32.6	13.7	75.2	4.4	4.0
	1967 140	41.2	17.5	94.5	8.6	7.2
	1968 136	37.1	15.4	90.3	7.8	7.5
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 1,408	453.0	154.7	496.7	20.8	16.7
	1966 1,384	505.6	169.2	633.3	25.5	20.9
	1967 1,783	555.9	192.5	726.5	30.8	25.8
	1968 1,966	624.1	216.1	801.4	37.4	30.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 1,503	481.4	165.6	565.2	24.0	19.5
	1966 1,693	538.2	182.9	708.5	29.9	24.9
	1967 1,923	597.1	210.0	821.0	39.4	33.0
	1968 2,102	661.2	231.5	891.7	45.2	38.4

TABLE 2.209. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$500,000 - \$999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.209. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$500,000 - \$999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
						\$'000,000
50% and over — et plus	1965 62	42.4	17.4	79.9	8.0	7.2
	1966 73	49.7	19.4	79.9	8.1	7.6
	1967 87	60.2	22.1	97.1	7.3	6.7
	1968 96	65.0	28.4	98.6	7.4	6.1
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 552	377.0	109.4	282.4	12.5	6.6
	1966 600	410.7	112.2	334.8	14.4	9.0
	1967 689	471.6	140.1	405.6	21.1	14.2
	1968 704	482.3	151.2	432.4	23.8	17.4
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 614	419.4	126.8	362.3	20.5	13.8
	1966 673	460.4	131.6	414.7	22.5	16.6
	1967 776	531.8	162.2	502.7	28.4	20.9
	1968 800	547.3	179.6	531.0	31.2	23.5

TABLE 2.210. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

TABEAU 2.210. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets Actif	Equity Avoir	Sales Ventes	Profits Bénéfices	Taxable income Revenu imposable
						\$'000,000
50% and over — et plus	1965 73	143.6	50.5	138.5	11.1	9.6
	1966 83	166.1	60.4	176.3	16.9	15.6
	1967 82	179.9	62.5	207.0	18.5	18.3
	1968 94	210.0	79.4	219.6	21.8	18.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 297	561.6	166.5	371.0	27.7	16.2
	1966 343	627.6	190.1	479.8	36.9	19.3
	1967 377	717.1	204.3	549.2	40.0	20.3
	1968 417	792.3	238.6	625.9	32.0	16.9
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 370	705.2	217.0	509.5	38.8	25.8
	1966 426	793.7	250.5	656.1	53.8	34.9
	1967 459	897.0	266.8	756.2	58.5	38.6
	1968 511	1,002.3	318.0	845.5	53.8	35.7

TABLE 2.211. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets FROM \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.211. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999 selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 7	52.1	13.7	15.3	1.7	1.6
	1966 13	100.7	33.3	40.6	3.1	2.6
	1967 11	78.8	29.8	44.0	5.2	3.7
	1968 17	122.8	35.8	43.8	6.0	2.4
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 14	92.6	29.3	75.3	5.0	4.0
	1966 25	163.3	44.8	131.9	12.9	8.6
	1967 24	167.9	61.8	119.3	13.3	7.5
	1968 22	161.6	50.0	115.9	9.3	6.3
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 21	144.7	43.0	90.6	6.7	5.6
	1966 38	264.0	78.1	172.5	16.0	11.2
	1967 35	246.7	91.6	163.3	18.5	11.2
	1968 39	284.4	85.8	159.7	15.3	8.7

TABLE 2.212. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act with Assets OF \$10,000,000 AND OVER, by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.212. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers affichant un actif DE \$10,000,000 ET PLUS selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 9	151.9	75.8	52.3	6.1	4.5
	1966 12	239.6	118.1	108.2	17.2	10.6
	1967 14	383.4	180.8	224.5	24.2	17.0
	1968 16	520.3	286.3	280.4	48.0	33.9
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 13	264.0	61.9	41.5	6.3	1.9
	1966 13	276.5	71.1	75.7	6.5	.2
	1967 18	417.9	120.4	118.5	5.5	- 1.2
	1968 20	525.9	149.5	202.7	12.4	6.2
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 22	415.9	137.7	93.8	12.4	6.4
	1966 25	516.1	189.2	183.9	23.7	10.8
	1967 32	801.3	301.2	343.0	29.7	15.8
	1968 36	1,046.2	435.8	483.1	60.4	40.1

TABLE 2.213. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.213. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DES SERVICES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents	Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
	No. — nomb	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965 246	418.4	168.3	354.5	30.1	25.7
	1966 290	588.7	244.9	480.2	49.7	40.4
	1967 334	743.5	312.7	667.1	63.8	52.9
	1968 359	955.2	445.3	732.7	91.0	68.7
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965 2,284	1,748.2	521.8	1,266.9	72.3	45.6
	1966 2,565	1,983.7	587.4	1,655.5	96.2	58.0
	1967 2,891	2,330.4	719.1	1,919.1	110.7	66.0
	1968 3,129	2,586.2	805.4	2,178.3	114.9	77.7
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes	1965 2,530	2,166.6	690.1	1,621.4	102.4	71.1
	1966 2,855	2,572.4	832.3	2,135.7	145.9	98.5
	1967 3,225	3,073.9	1,031.8	2,586.2	174.5	119.5
	1968 3,488	3,541.4	1,250.7	2,911.0	205.9	146.3

TABLE 2.214. Corporations Reporting Under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, TOTAL ALL INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

TABLEAU 2.214. Corporations faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, TOTAL DE TOUTES LES INDUSTRIES, 1965 - 1968

Degree of non-resident ownership Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents		Corporations	Assets — Actif	Equity — Avoir	Sales — Ventes	Profits — Bénéfices	Taxable income — Revenu imposable
		No. — nomb.	\$'000,000				
50% and over — et plus	1965	5,364	35,560.1	18,780.4	30,078.0	2,670.9	1,764.3
	1966	5,724	40,467.7	20,324.4	33,966.6	2,907.3	1,699.2
	1967	6,115	44,824.7	22,328.0	36,729.9	2,912.9	1,651.7
	1968	6,527	50,765.9	25,007.8	41,300.6	3,514.1	2,069.8
Under 50% — Moins de 50%	1965	32,342	56,298.4	24,436.3	45,606.6	3,106.8	1,479.4
	1966	35,268	61,734.9	26,650.5	50,316.7	3,272.2	1,479.4
	1967	38,253	67,235.7	28,944.2	54,671.6	3,340.0	1,668.6
	1968	40,537	72,132.1	31,087.4	58,080.3	3,710.8	2,012.5
Reporting corporations — Total — Corporations déclarantes....	1965	37,706	91,858.5	43,216.7	75,684.6	5,777.7	3,243.7
	1966	40,992	102,202.6	46,974.9	84,283.3	6,179.5	3,178.6
	1967	44,368	112,060.4	51,272.2	91,401.5	6,252.9	3,320.3
	1968	47,064	122,898.0	56,095.3	99,380.9	7,224.9	4,082.3

TABLE 3.1. Distribution of Taxable Income for Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region with Respect to Ownership, 1965-1968¹

TABLEAU 3.1. Répartition du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes par branches d'activité et par régions selon leur appartenance, 1965-1968¹

Industry and region Branches d'activité et région	Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents											
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%				Total			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
	\$'000,000											
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage:												
Maritimes .....	.2	.3	.6	.5	.6	.3	.2	.2	.8	.6	.8	.7
Québec .....	.8	.9	.8	.8	—	.1	—	—	.8	1.0	.8	.8
Ontario	2.6	3.6	4.0	4.3	.5	.9	.7	.5	3.1	4.5	4.7	4.8
Prairies	1.5	2.3	3.6	4.7	.3	.3	.3	.2	1.8	2.6	3.9	4.9
B.C. — C.-B.	9.2	8.5	6.6	14.8	4.0	3.1	2.2	3.9	13.2	11.6	8.8	18.7
Canada	14.2	15.6	15.5	25.1	5.5	4.8	3.5	4.8	19.7	20.4	19.0	29.9
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques:												
Maritimes	x	x	.2	x	x	x	.7	x	x	x	.9	x
Québec	27.6	31.6	28.9	x	4.7	3.4	2.1	x	32.3	35.0	31.0	x
Ontario	9.4	8.4	11.6	11.7	5.1	5.0	3.3	8.0	14.5	13.4	14.9	19.7
Prairies	x	x	13.5	.4	x	x	—	—	x	x	13.5	.4
B.C. — C.-B.	x	x	18.3	6.4	x	x	2.0	2.8	x	x	20.3	9.2
Canada	63.5	52.3	72.7	60.4	17.6	12.5	9.7	24.4	81.1	64.8	82.4	84.8
Mineral fuels — Minéraux combustibles:												
Maritimes	x	x	.1	x	x	x	6.1	x	x	x	6.2	x
Québec	x	x	—	x	x	x	10.9	x	x	x	10.9	x
Ontario	x	x	.3	x	x	x	25.5	x	x	x	25.8	x
Prairies	3.7	3.5	7.0	3.5	21.4	26.3	53.4	27.0	25.1	29.8	60.4	30.5
B.C. — C.-B.	x	x	—	x	x	x	6.0	x	x	x	6.0	x
Canada	4.2	3.9	7.4	4.2	21.9	26.7	102.1	28.8	26.1	30.6	109.5	33.0
Other mining — Autres mines:												
Maritimes .....	.4	.4	.2	.5	3.9	3.2	2.7	3.3	4.3	3.6	2.9	3.8
Québec	x	x	4.0	8.4	x	x	16.7	16.6	x	x	20.7	25.0
Ontario	x	x	3.7	x	x	x	8.2	x	x	x	11.9	x
Prairies	x	x	2.6	2.7	x	x	3.4	9.5	x	x	6.0	12.2
B.C. — C.-B.	2.3	.6	1.5	x	1.3	1.8	1.1	x	3.6	2.4	2.6	x
Canada	12.8	13.3	12.2	17.6	38.1	40.2	32.2	42.4	50.9	53.5	44.4	60.0
Mining — Total — Mines:												
Maritimes	1.9	.8	.5	.8	9.3	3.8	9.4	9.3	11.2	4.6	9.9	10.1
Québec	31.9	36.6	32.9	42.8	23.4	24.2	29.6	21.5	55.3	60.8	62.5	64.3
Ontario	12.6	12.7	15.6	16.8	14.0	14.3	37.0	18.6	26.6	27.0	52.6	35.4
Prairies	9.0	7.9	23.2	6.6	26.7	31.5	56.8	36.5	35.7	39.4	80.0	43.1
B.C. — C.-B.	24.0	10.5	19.8	7.6	2.8	4.3	9.2	6.1	26.8	14.8	29.0	13.7
Canada	80.5	69.5	92.3	82.2	77.6	79.4	144.1	95.6	158.1	148.9	236.4	177.8
Food — Produits alimentaires:												
Maritimes	11.4	9.1	7.5	11.0	5.0	5.6	4.9	5.3	16.4	14.7	12.4	16.3
Québec	24.0	22.8	20.8	24.0	23.7	26.4	26.4	25.8	47.7	49.2	47.2	49.8
Ontario	37.1	37.8	30.1	41.3	47.6	48.3	45.9	48.6	84.7	86.1	76.0	89.9
Prairies	10.8	12.3	10.6	16.3	10.3	10.1	9.0	9.3	21.1	22.4	19.6	25.6
B.C. — C.-B.	7.0	7.2	10.5	10.8	5.1	5.1	6.4	5.4	12.1	12.3	16.9	16.2
Canada	90.3	89.3	79.6	103.5	91.7	95.5	92.6	94.4	182.0	184.8	172.2	197.9
Beverages — Breuvages:												
Maritimes	2.4	3.5	3.8	5.3	.3	.4	.4	.4	2.7	3.9	4.2	5.7
Québec	18.9	25.3	27.4	33.6	7.6	8.2	10.6	10.7	26.5	33.5	38.0	44.3
Ontario	75.3	77.7	88.9	98.3	10.2	11.5	13.7	14.6	85.5	89.2	102.6	112.9
Prairies	7.5	7.4	9.7	11.6	3.3	3.6	3.9	4.2	10.8	11.0	13.6	15.8
B.C. — C.-B.	12.0	12.6	14.8	17.6	.8	1.7	1.9	2.4	12.8	14.3	16.7	20.0
Canada	116.7	127.0	145.0	166.8	22.3	25.3	30.4	32.3	139.0	152.3	175.4	199.1
Food and beverages — Total — Produits alimentaires et breuvages:												
Maritimes	13.8	12.6	11.3	16.3	5.3	5.9	5.3	5.7	19.1	18.5	16.6	22.0
Québec	42.9	48.1	48.2	57.6	31.3	34.6	37.0	36.5	74.2	82.7	85.2	94.1
Ontario	112.4	115.5	119.0	139.6	57.8	59.8	59.6	63.2	170.2	175.3	178.6	202.8
Prairies	18.3	19.7	20.4	27.9	13.7	13.7	12.9	13.5	32.0	33.4	33.3	41.4
B.C. — C.-B.	18.9	19.8	25.3	28.4	5.9	6.8	8.3	7.8	24.8	26.6	33.6	36.2
Canada	207.0	216.3	224.5	270.3	114.0	120.8	123.0	126.7	321.0	337.1	347.5	397.0
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac:												
Maritimes	—	—	—	—	—	—	.3	.4	—	—	.3	.4
Québec	12.2	x	9.4	x	21.9	x	24.3	x	34.1	x	33.7	x
Ontario	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Prairies	x	—	—	—	x	.1	.9	1.1	x	.1	.9	1.1
B.C. — C.-B.	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Canada	12.9	10.5	10.5	7.5	26.7	22.2	34.2	37.7	39.6	32.7	44.7	45.2

See footnote(s) at end of table. — Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE 3.1. Distribution of Taxable Income for Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region with Respect to Ownership, 1965-1968¹ - Continued

TABLEAU 3.1. Répartition du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes par branches d'activité et par régions selon leur appartenance, 1965-1968¹ - suite

Industry and region Branches d'activité et région	Degree of non-resident ownership - Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents											
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%				Total			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
\$'000,000												
Rubber products - Produits du caoutchouc:												
Maritimes.....	--	x	--	--	.4	x	.6	.8	.4	x	.6	.9
Québec.....	1.7	1.9	3.0	3.0	5.5	7.0	6.9	8.3	7.2	8.9	9.9	11.3
Ontario.....	x	x	x	1.3	x	x	x	24.9	x	x	x	26.2
Prairies.....	x	x	x	.1	x	x	x	3.6	x	x	x	3.7
B.C. - C.B.....	.1	--	--	--	2.0	1.2	1.2	1.7	2.1	1.2	1.2	1.7
Canada.....	2.8	3.3	4.6	4.4	26.0	28.1	30.6	39.5	28.8	31.4	35.2	43.9
Leather products - Produits du cuir:												
Maritimes.....	--	x	--	x	.1	--	--	.1	x	--	--	x
Québec.....	2.7	3.2	3.6	5.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	2.3	4.0	4.6	4.9	7.6
Ontario.....	3.2	2.8	3.0	4.3	1.6	1.1	.8	1.7	4.8	3.9	3.8	6.0
Prairies.....	x	.5	x	x	x	--	x	x	x	.5	x	x
B.C. - C.B.....	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Canada.....	6.6	6.6	7.0	10.0	3.0	2.6	2.2	4.2	9.6	9.2	9.2	14.2
Textile mills - Usine de filature et de tissage:												
Maritimes.....	.3	.1	.2	--	.4	.5	.3	.8	.7	.6	.5	.8
Québec.....	17.2	13.1	8.5	13.7	18.9	17.3	9.7	21.4	36.1	30.4	18.2	35.1
Ontario.....	7.3	6.3	4.9	7.9	17.8	15.0	10.7	23.8	25.1	21.3	15.6	31.7
Prairies.....	x	x	x	.7	x	x	x	2.8	x	x	x	3.5
B.C. - C.B.....	x	x	x	.4	x	x	x	1.1	x	x	x	1.5
Canada.....	26.0	20.4	14.0	22.7	41.5	36.7	22.5	49.9	67.5	57.1	36.5	72.6
Knitting mills - Usine de tricot:												
Maritimes.....	.5	x	.6	x	.4	x	.5	x	.9	x	1.1	x
Québec.....	3.6	4.1	4.8	5.8	1.2	1.7	1.2	2.4	4.8	5.8	6.0	8.2
Ontario.....	2.2	2.0	1.7	3.2	1.5	1.3	.8	2.1	3.7	3.3	2.5	5.3
Prairies.....	x	x	x	.2	x	x	x	--	x	x	x	.2
B.C. - C.B.....	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Canada.....	6.6	6.9	7.4	9.9	3.1	3.6	2.6	4.9	9.7	10.5	10.0	14.8
Clothing industries - Industries du vêtement:												
Maritimes.....	--	x	x	.1	.1	x	x	.1	.1	x	x	.2
Québec.....	10.2	11.5	14.3	18.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.5	11.5	12.8	15.5	19.7
Ontario.....	3.6	4.1	4.9	6.9	2.2	2.3	2.0	1.8	5.8	6.4	6.9	8.7
Prairies.....	x	1.3	1.2	1.7	x	2.2	2.0	2.3	x	3.5	3.2	4.0
B.C. - C.B.....	x	x	x	.9	x	x	x	.3	x	x	x	1.2
Canada.....	15.7	17.5	21.1	27.8	5.8	6.2	5.6	6.0	21.5	23.7	26.7	33.8
Textile industries - Total - Industries du textile:												
Maritimes.....	.8	.7	1.0	.7	.9	1.0	.8	1.2	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9
Québec.....	31.1	28.7	27.6	37.7	21.4	20.3	12.1	25.3	52.5	49.0	39.7	63.0
Ontario.....	13.2	12.4	11.4	18.0	21.6	18.6	13.5	27.7	34.8	31.0	24.9	45.7
Prairies.....	2.0	1.9	1.6	2.6	5.5	5.3	3.1	5.1	7.5	7.2	4.7	7.7
B.C. - C.B.....	1.2	1.1	.9	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.5	2.3	2.4	2.0	2.9
Canada.....	48.3	44.8	42.5	60.4	50.4	46.5	30.8	60.8	98.7	91.3	73.3	121.2
Wood industries - Produits du bois:												
Maritimes.....	.9	x	1.6	1.8	.1	x	.1	--	1.0	x	1.7	1.8
Québec.....	8.6	8.7	7.8	10.0	1.7	1.3	1.1	.8	10.3	10.0	8.9	10.8
Ontario.....	5.1	6.7	7.2	9.7	1.9	2.4	2.9	4.5	7.0	9.1	10.1	14.2
Prairies.....	2.8	x	4.7	5.8	.7	x	.6	.2	3.5	x	5.3	6.0
B.C. - C.B.....	13.0	17.8	20.5	54.5	8.6	6.3	8.6	23.2	21.6	24.1	29.1	77.7
Canada.....	30.5	37.9	41.9	81.9	13.0	10.3	13.3	28.7	43.5	48.2	55.2	110.6
Furniture industries - Fabrication de meubles:												
Maritimes.....	.1	.1	.1	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	.1	.1	.1
Québec.....	4.1	5.5	5.9	6.5	1.0	.9	1.5	1.8	5.1	6.4	7.4	8.3
Ontario.....	3.6	5.1	5.8	7.2	2.2	3.3	3.0	3.7	5.8	8.4	8.8	10.9
Prairies.....	.6	.9	.5	1.1	.2	.1	.2	.2	.8	1.0	.7	1.3
B.C. - C.B.....	.8	1.3	.9	1.1	.2	.2	.2	.2	1.0	1.5	1.1	1.3
Canada.....	9.2	12.9	13.3	16.0	3.7	4.5	4.9	5.9	12.9	17.4	18.2	21.9
Paper and allied industries - Fabrication de papier et de produits connexes:												
Maritimes.....	2.9	2.1	.8	.5	14.3	15.8	9.6	5.5	17.2	17.9	10.4	6.0
Québec.....	34.2	23.7	26.1	23.0	45.9	38.5	19.9	18.8	80.1	62.2	46.0	41.8
Ontario.....	18.7	18.1	25.8	31.9	53.5	50.2	32.7	29.0	72.2	68.3	58.5	60.9
Prairies.....	8.4	7.2	5.8	6.8	1.8	2.2	1.7	2.4	10.2	9.4	7.5	9.2
B.C. - C.B.....	43.1	20.1	49.2	60.1	19.7	16.8	13.0	23.5	62.8	36.9	62.2	83.6
Canada.....	107.2	71.2	108.0	122.7	135.4	123.4	76.9	79.2	242.6	194.6	184.9	201.9

See footnote(s) at end of table. - Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE 3.1. Distribution of Taxable Income for Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region with Respect to Ownership, 1965-1968¹ - Continued
TABLEAU 3.1. Répartition du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes par branches d'activité et par régions selon leur appartenance, 1965-1968¹ - suite

Industry and region Branche d'activité et régions	Degree of non-resident ownership - Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents											
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%				Total			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
	\$'000,000											
Printing, publishing and allied industries - Impression, édition et activités connexes:												
Maritimes	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.8	.1	.1	.5	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.3	
Québec	11.6	11.2	12.5	16.7	1.6	3.5	3.0	3.3	13.2	14.7	15.5	20.0
Ontario	30.0	33.2	35.4	33.2	7.9	8.6	8.4	18.7	37.9	41.8	43.8	51.9
Prairies	8.8	9.6	10.3	13.5	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.7	9.9	10.8	11.3	15.2
B.C. - C.-B.	6.4	5.9	8.8	10.4	.3	.3	.3	.9	6.7	6.2	9.1	11.3
Canada	58.7	62.1	69.5	76.8	11.0	13.7	12.8	25.1	69.7	75.8	82.3	101.9
Primary metal - Métaux primaires:												
Maritimes .....	.2	x	.2	.8	--	x	--	.4	.2	x	.2	1.2
Québec	7.6	8.5	7.1	15.2	53.1	35.3	28.5	54.2	60.7	43.8	35.6	69.4
Ontario	49.7	29.5	17.1	88.7	112.4	81.1	73.4	82.8	162.1	110.6	90.5	171.5
Prairies	14.3	12.9	3.9	14.4	17.0	11.3	10.2	14.1	31.3	24.2	14.1	28.5
B.C. - C.-B.	3.2	x	2.9	4.4	14.6	x	8.3	15.6	17.8	x	11.2	20.0
Canada	75.9	54.4	31.2	123.5	197.2	135.7	120.4	167.1	273.1	190.1	151.6	290.6
Metal fabricating - Fabrication de produits métalliques:												
Maritimes	1.3	1.8	1.5	.9	.9	1.1	.9	1.0	2.2	2.9	2.4	1.9
Québec	12.8	16.7	15.8	17.2	16.2	17.7	17.9	19.2	29.0	34.4	33.7	36.4
Ontario	24.7	29.8	31.0	25.6	50.6	57.2	56.8	64.1	75.3	87.0	87.8	89.7
Prairies	4.5	6.1	5.7	6.5	4.6	7.0	4.9	5.5	9.1	13.1	10.6	12.0
B.C. - C.-B.	2.3	2.9	2.3	2.7	5.7	4.6	6.1	6.0	8.0	7.5	8.4	8.7
Canada	47.6	57.3	56.4	53.1	77.9	87.6	86.7	95.8	125.5	144.9	143.1	148.9
Machinery - Fabrication de machinerie:												
Maritimes .....	.2	.1	.1	.2	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.2	2.1	2.5
Québec	1.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	19.6	18.7	20.1	20.4	21.1	21.7	23.1	23.4
Ontario	6.2	6.9	7.3	9.3	74.2	76.6	75.0	83.5	80.4	83.5	82.3	92.8
Prairies	5.8	7.7	2.7	5.9	11.0	11.0	11.4	10.1	16.8	18.7	14.1	16.0
B.C. - C.-B.	1.6	1.5	.9	1.2	6.0	5.7	5.7	7.3	7.6	7.2	6.6	8.5
Canada	15.3	19.3	13.9	19.6	112.7	114.1	114.2	123.6	128.0	133.4	128.1	143.2
Transport equipment - Fabrication de matériel de transport:												
Maritimes .....	.3	.4	.5	.7	2.2	1.7	2.2	2.9	2.5	2.1	2.7	3.6
Québec	11.6	12.6	18.3	17.9	18.0	17.3	19.6	29.1	29.6	29.9	37.9	47.0
Ontario	8.4	8.0	13.8	13.5	198.1	130.1	138.4	220.5	138.1	152.2	235.5	
Prairies .....	.8	1.2	1.1	2.0	8.6	7.7	8.8	9.4	9.4	8.9	9.9	11.4
B.C. - C.-B.	3.1	1.9	3.2	4.3	4.2	3.3	3.9	5.3	7.3	5.2	7.1	9.6
Canada	24.1	24.2	36.9	38.4	231.1	160.1	172.9	268.7	255.2	184.3	209.8	307.1
Electrical products - Fabrication d'appareils et de matériel de transport:												
Maritimes .....	.3	.4	.4	1.0	2.3	3.1	1.8	1.3	2.6	3.5	2.2	2.3
Québec	3.7	2.8	3.2	3.7	16.9	23.5	16.7	12.3	20.6	26.3	19.9	16.0
Ontario	8.7	9.3	10.3	9.4	54.0	67.2	46.5	48.5	62.7	76.5	56.8	57.9
Prairies	1.4	1.2	1.8	.6	6.9	9.2	6.8	6.8	8.3	10.4	8.6	7.4
B.C. - C.-B. ....	.5	.4	.5	.4	4.4	8.0	3.8	4.4	4.9	8.4	4.3	4.8
Canada	14.7	14.1	16.2	15.1	84.6	111.0	75.6	73.3	99.3	125.1	91.8	88.8
Non-metallic mineral products - Produits minéraux non métalliques:												
Maritimes	2.3	2.3	.6	2.5	.6	.3	.4	.7	2.9	2.6	1.0	3.2
Québec	8.2	9.4	6.1	7.8	8.6	9.1	8.6	9.9	16.8	18.5	14.7	17.7
Ontario	14.2	16.1	8.4	13.9	28.1	21.2	18.1	20.5	42.3	37.3	26.5	34.4
Prairies	4.1	4.5	3.4	6.0	1.3	1.5	1.1	2.0	5.4	6.0	4.5	8.0
B.C. - C.-B.	1.9	2.4	3.4	.6	.8	.7	.8	5.1	2.7	3.1	4.2	5.7
Canada	30.9	34.8	21.8	30.9	39.4	32.9	29.0	38.2	70.3	67.7	50.8	69.1
Petroleum and coal products - Produits du pétrole et du charbon:												
Maritimes	--	x	--	--	5.8	x	2.6	9.5	5.8	x	2.6	9.5
Québec	--	x	.1	x	11.1	x	9.5	x	11.1	x	9.6	x
Ontario	x	1.2	.2	.3	x	38.3	21.5	42.7	x	39.5	21.7	43.0
Prairies	x	--	.1	x	x	37.3	18.5	x	x	37.3	18.6	x
B.C. - C.-B.	--	--	--	--	5.4	7.4	3.2	7.2	5.4	7.4	3.2	7.2
Canada	1.2	1.4	.3	.6	76.3	107.8	55.4	124.9	77.5	109.2	55.7	125.8
Chemicals and chemical products - Produits chimiques et autres produits connexes:												
Maritimes .....	.5	.6	.5	.7	2.6	3.3	3.7	4.9	3.1	3.9	4.2	5.7
Québec	5.0	4.8	5.5	6.6	43.2	51.9	52.7	64.3	48.2	56.7	58.2	70.6
Ontario	8.4	6.6	7.0	8.0	81.4	89.7	87.0	108.8	89.8	96.3	94.0	116.8
Prairies .....	.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	13.0	13.6	11.2	13.7	13.9	14.6	12.3	14.7
B.C. - C.-B. ....	.8	.7	.7	.8	8.9	10.5	9.0	11.7	8.7	11.2	9.7	12.2
Canada	15.6	13.7	15.0	17.3	149.4	169.2	163.6	203.6	165.0	182.9	178.6	220.0

See footnote(s) at end of table. - Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE 3.1. Distribution of Taxable Income for Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region with Respect to Ownership, 1965-1968¹ - Continued

TABLEAU 3.1. Répartition du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes par branches d'activité et par régions selon leur appartenance, 1965-1968¹ - suite

Industry and region Branches d'activité et région	Degree of non-resident ownership - Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents											
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%				Total			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
	\$'000,000											
Miscellaneous manufacturing - Fabrication diverse:												
Maritimes .....		.2	.4	.5	.3	.3	.2	.3	.5	.5	.6	.8
Québec	3.3	3.1	4.5	5.9	8.2	8.3	8.4	9.2	11.5	11.4	12.9	15.1
Ontario	5.8	6.6	9.1	13.1	32.3	37.2	41.2	47.8	38.1	43.8	50.3	60.9
Prairies .....	.6	.5	.6	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.6	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.2	3.4
B.C. - C.-B. ....	.4	.4	.8	1.0	.7	.8	.6	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	2.1
Canada	10.5	10.9	15.6	21.7	42.9	48.0	52.0	60.6	53.4	58.9	67.6	82.3
Manufacturing - Total - Fabrication:												
Maritimes	25.7	24.8	21.4	29.5	37.5	43.2	30.5	37.6	63.2	68.0	51.9	67.1
Québec	202.9	201.8	207.7	243.6	326.6	324.0	288.9	359.7	529.5	525.8	496.6	603.3
Ontario	314.0	309.8	314.4	428.1	824.2	764.2	706.1	902.8	1,138.2	1,074.0	1,020.5	1,330.9
Prairies	74.0	78.7	64.0	96.0	116.9	124.9	97.7	139.6	190.9	203.6	161.7	235.6
B.C. - C.-B.	97.5	79.4	120.4	171.4	88.5	81.9	74.8	123.4	186.0	161.3	195.2	294.8
Canada	719.0	695.7	729.0	970.2	1,394.7	1,338.6	1,198.4	1,563.6	2,113.7	2,034.3	1,927.4	2,533.8
Construction:												
Maritimes	9.0	11.4	11.8	13.4	.5	1.0	2.0	1.4	9.5	12.4	13.8	14.8
Québec	22.5	30.0	33.0	31.0	1.6	3.9	3.5	7.0	24.1	33.9	36.5	38.0
Ontario	30.0	46.6	60.5	63.5	6.4	9.6	15.4	15.8	36.4	56.2	75.9	79.3
Prairies	12.1	19.0	26.9	40.4	5.1	5.7	7.3	11.3	17.2	24.7	34.2	51.7
B.C. - C.-B.	5.9	9.5	12.8	18.5	1.3	1.8	14.4	17.1	7.2	11.3	27.2	35.6
Canada	80.0	116.9	145.8	169.0	15.1	22.0	42.8	52.6	95.1	138.9	188.6	221.6
Transportation - Transports:												
Maritimes	1.3	1.5	2.4	1.5	.8	.7	.9	.8	2.1	2.2	3.3	2.3
Québec	11.5	11.4	12.9	14.6	10.0	9.0	8.9	9.3	21.5	20.4	21.8	23.9
Ontario	19.5	17.0	22.5	22.0	7.9	7.3	8.1	9.0	27.4	24.3	30.6	31.0
Prairies	40.0	45.4	46.0	46.8	11.5	12.9	11.6	11.1	51.5	58.3	57.6	57.9
B.C. - C.-B.	21.9	25.9	27.9	27.9	3.2	3.2	4.1	4.2	25.1	29.1	32.0	32.1
Canada	95.0	102.0	113.4	113.9	33.4	33.2	33.7	34.6	128.4	135.2	147.1	148.5
Storage - Entreposage:												
Maritimes	x	.2	x	x	x	-	x	x	x	.2	x	x
Québec .....	.5	x	1.4	x	.6	x	1.7	x	1.1	x	3.1	x
Ontario	2.7	2.0	3.1	2.6	1.0	1.2	1.0	.6	3.7	3.2	4.1	3.2
Prairies	x	2.4	3.1	1.4	x	1.8	1.5	.4	x	4.2	4.6	1.8
B.C. - C.-B. ....	.7	x	x	1.6	--	x	x	--	.7	x	x	1.6
Canada	7.7	7.2	9.1	7.3	3.9	4.3	4.3	1.1	11.6	11.5	13.4	8.4
Communications:												
Maritimes	10.3	12.8	12.9	x	1.5	1.5	1.3	x	11.8	14.3	14.2	x
Québec	3.9	x	3.2	2.3	--	x	--	--	3.9	x	3.2	2.3
Ontario	1.5	1.3	.7	x	.1	.2	.1	x	1.6	1.5	.8	x
Prairies	x	--	--	--	x	--	--	--	x	--	--	--
B.C. - C.-B.	x	x	.4	x	x	x	.5	x	x	x	.9	x
Canada	17.0	18.9	17.3	16.9	1.9	2.1	2.0	1.5	18.9	21.0	19.3	18.4
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique:												
Maritimes	8.7	7.9	10.7	8.6	3.5	3.0	.4	2.5	12.2	10.9	11.1	11.1
Québec	x	2.8	x	3.1	x	6.6	x	7.4	x	9.4	x	10.5
Ontario	12.7	20.5	28.7	35.3	3.8	3.4	3.6	3.6	16.5	23.9	32.3	38.9
Prairies	24.6	23.0	24.8	11.9	.8	.8	.9	9.8	25.4	23.8	25.7	21.7
B.C. - C.-B.	x	1.6	x	1.5	x	.1	x	.1	x	1.7	x	1.6
Canada	51.3	56.2	70.8	60.8	12.4	13.9	11.1	23.5	63.7	70.1	81.9	84.3
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros:												
Maritimes	15.0	17.8	21.1	23.5	3.5	3.9	3.8	5.3	18.5	21.7	24.9	28.8
Québec	68.2	74.6	74.7	83.2	28.8	36.6	34.9	42.4	97.0	111.2	109.6	125.6
Ontario	88.3	114.3	123.2	141.6	64.2	79.5	74.9	88.6	152.5	193.8	198.1	230.2
Prairies	37.9	39.2	44.0	50.5	20.2	27.4	31.7	27.9	58.1	66.6	75.7	78.4
B.C. - C.-B.	24.5	26.0	31.5	39.3	11.2	14.1	12.8	15.8	35.7	40.1	44.3	55.1
Canada	234.1	271.9	294.5	338.2	129.4	162.9	159.4	181.0	363.5	434.8	453.9	519.2
Retail trade - Commerce de détail:												
Maritimes	17.3	17.0	17.8	18.6	6.2	8.3	6.9	9.4	23.5	25.3	24.7	28.0
Québec	46.4	43.8	49.7	49.9	12.9	16.5	18.9	22.5	59.3	60.3	68.6	72.4
Ontario	65.5	69.9	75.9	84.0	30.1	42.9	40.6	54.5	95.6	112.8	116.5	138.5
Prairies	21.3	20.9	34.4	27.6	17.2	30.5	29.8	36.3	38.5	51.4	64.2	63.9
B.C. - C.-B.	19.8	19.9	25.2	26.2	7.5	16.1	18.2	20.1	27.3	36.0	43.4	46.3
Canada	170.3	171.8	203.1	206.6	74.3	114.9	115.0	143.4	244.6	286.7	318.1	350.0

See footnote(s) at end of table. - Voir renvoi(s) à la fin du tableau.

TABLE 3.1. Distribution of Taxable Income for Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region with Respect to Ownership, 1965-1968¹ - Concluded

TABLEAU 3.1. Répartition du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes par branches d'activité et par régions selon leur appartenance, 1965-1968¹ - fin

Industry and region Branches d'activité et région	Degree of non-resident ownership - Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents											
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%				Total			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
	\$'000,000											
Deposit accepting institutions - Institutions recevant des dépôts:												
Maritimes	.8	x	x	.8	--	x	x	--	.8	x	x	.8
Québec	9.8	8.3	8.7	8.4	.1	.9	1.0	1.3	9.9	9.2	9.7	9.7
Ontario	8.8	11.1	9.4	11.9	1.2	2.0	1.9	1.2	10.0	13.1	11.3	13.1
Prairies	6.2	4.4	6.9	8.4	--	.9	.8	1.0	6.2	5.3	7.7	9.4
B.C. - C.B.	2.5	x	x	2.1	.1	x	x	1.0	2.6	x	x	3.1
Canada	28.2	26.1	27.9	31.6	1.4	4.7	4.5	4.5	29.6	30.8	32.4	36.1
Credit agencies - Sociétés de crédit:												
Maritimes	2.3	1.6	x	1.8	1.6	3.0	x	3.8	3.9	4.6	x	5.6
Québec	10.7	9.1	7.9	9.5	2.2	4.9	7.4	8.3	12.9	14.0	15.3	17.8
Ontario	11.4	9.0	9.6	13.2	11.3	14.1	16.6	16.1	22.7	23.1	26.2	29.3
Prairies	4.4	x	x	4.1	4.9	x	x	8.4	9.3	x	x	12.5
B.C. - C.B.	2.8	x	1.9	2.6	2.0	x	4.0	4.3	4.8	x	5.9	6.9
Canada	31.6	25.3	23.8	31.2	22.1	32.2	39.8	40.9	53.7	57.5	63.6	72.1
Security dealers - Courtiers en valeurs:												
Maritimes	.7	x	.6	.8	--	x	--	--	.7	x	.6	.8
Québec	7.2	4.3	6.5	7.8	1.1	.8	1.0	.8	8.3	5.1	7.5	8.6
Ontario	13.0	8.5	9.2	13.7	.7	.4	.8	2.1	13.7	8.9	10.0	15.8
Prairies	1.4	x	x	1.4	.1	x	x	--	1.5	x	x	1.4
B.C. - C.B.	3.9	4.3	x	3.6	.2	.1	x	.2	4.1	4.4	x	3.8
Canada	26.4	18.9	20.1	28.1	2.2	1.3	2.0	3.1	28.6	20.2	22.1	31.2
Investment companies - Sociétés de placement:												
Maritimes	.9	2.8	2.9	4.4	.1	.2	.2	.2	1.0	3.0	3.1	4.6
Québec	17.0	18.6	19.9	24.1	2.7	3.8	3.9	9.2	19.7	22.4	23.8	33.3
Ontario	22.7	27.3	37.8	48.3	14.6	11.3	11.3	11.5	37.3	38.6	49.1	59.8
Prairies	10.8	12.6	14.0	17.2	.4	.6	1.1	2.0	11.2	13.2	15.1	19.2
B.C. - C.B.	4.0	4.7	4.9	6.8	.6	.8	.9	1.4	4.6	5.5	5.8	8.2
Canada	56.2	70.7	81.1	101.3	41.3	36.0	41.8	53.4	97.5	106.7	122.9	154.7
Insurance and real estate agencies - Agences d'assurances et d'immeuble:												
Maritimes	2.8	7.1	7.4	8.5	--	.1	.1	.2	2.8	7.2	7.5	8.7
Québec	19.0	17.5	21.0	20.0	5.5	6.4	5.9	6.1	24.5	23.9	26.9	28.1
Ontario	25.4	35.1	38.7	48.3	3.9	6.7	5.7	8.9	29.3	41.8	44.4	57.2
Prairies	8.4	9.4	10.6	11.9	4.3	6.0	5.0	5.5	12.7	15.4	15.6	17.4
B.C. - C.B.	4.8	5.5	7.4	10.1	1.3	2.2	1.9	2.7	6.1	7.7	9.3	12.8
Canada	60.5	74.5	85.2	99.1	17.1	23.7	20.3	24.4	77.6	98.2	105.5	123.5
Finance - Total - Finances:												
Maritimes	7.4	12.3	12.9	16.3	1.8	3.3	4.4	4.2	9.2	15.6	17.3	20.5
Québec	63.8	57.8	64.1	69.8	11.6	16.7	19.2	25.7	75.4	74.5	83.3	95.5
Ontario	81.2	91.1	104.7	135.4	31.7	34.4	36.2	39.8	112.9	125.5	140.9	175.2
Prairies	31.3	31.2	35.5	43.0	9.7	14.3	14.7	16.9	41.0	45.5	50.2	59.9
B.C. - C.B.	18.0	18.4	18.9	25.2	4.3	7.5	7.9	9.6	22.3	25.9	26.8	34.8
Canada	202.9	215.5	238.0	291.3	84.2	98.0	108.5	126.3	287.1	313.5	346.5	417.6
Services:												
Maritimes	1.7	3.6	3.1	3.9	.9	.8	1.0	1.4	2.6	4.4	4.1	5.3
Québec	17.4	19.7	25.1	26.5	9.6	12.9	18.8	22.6	27.0	32.6	43.9	49.1
Ontario	24.1	30.4	32.5	41.5	10.2	18.9	22.6	30.7	34.3	49.3	55.1	72.1
Prairies	7.5	9.5	14.6	15.1	4.9	7.3	8.6	11.3	12.4	16.8	23.2	26.1
B.C. - C.B.	10.9	14.5	14.3	14.4	3.8	4.7	5.4	7.1	14.7	19.2	19.7	21.1
Canada	61.9	78.2	90.0	101.8	31.2	46.1	57.8	74.6	93.1	124.3	147.8	176.1
Total:												
Maritimes	98.5	110.4	115.4	130.8	66.2	69.7	60.9	73.4	164.7	180.1	176.3	204.1
Québec	473.3	484.5	510.3	569.2	429.4	451.9	430.4	518.2	902.7	936.4	940.7	1,087.1
Ontario	654.6	719.3	785.8	975.3	994.2	976.7	946.5	1,164.7	1,648.8	1,696.0	1,732.3	2,140.1
Prairies	263.4	279.4	320.0	344.0	215.4	257.5	260.9	301.3	478.8	536.9	580.9	645.1
B.C. - C.B.	234.7	216.4	280.6	348.7	127.1	137.2	149.7	207.4	361.8	353.6	430.3	556.1
Canada	1,733.9	1,819.3	2,018.9	2,383.3	1,863.6	1,920.2	1,880.5	2,302.6	3,597.5	3,739.5	3,899.4	4,685.1

¹ The five regions do not always add to the Canada total because any allocation to "Other" have been suppressed due to an insufficient number of respondents. - Les chiffres des cinq régions n'égalent pas toujours le total pour le Canada car la classe "Autres" fut supprimée par suite du nombre insuffisant de corporations.

TABLE 3.2. Proportions of Taxable Income contributed by Resident and Non-resident Owned Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region, 1965-1968

TABLEAU 3.2. Distribution procentuelle du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents, par branches d'activité et par régions, 1965-1968

Industry and region Branches d'activité et région	Degree of non-resident ownership -- Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents							
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
per cent - pour-cent								
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping -- Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage:								
Maritimes	25.0	50.0	75.0	71.4	75.0	50.0	25.0	28.6
Québec	100.0	90.0	100.0	100.0	--	10.0	--	--
Ontario	83.9	80.0	85.1	89.6	16.1	20.0	14.9	10.4
Prairies	83.3	88.5	92.3	95.9	16.7	11.5	7.7	4.1
B.C. - C.-B.	69.7	73.3	75.0	79.1	30.3	26.7	25.0	20.9
Canada	72.1	76.5	81.6	83.9	27.9	23.5	18.4	16.1
Metal mining -- Minéraux métalliques:								
Maritimes	x	x	22.2	x	x	x	77.8	x
Québec	85.4	90.3	93.2	x	14.6	9.7	6.8	x
Ontario	64.8	62.7	77.9	59.4	35.2	37.3	22.1	40.6
Prairies	x	x	100.0	100.0	x	x	--	--
B.C. - C.-B.	x	x	90.1	69.6	x	x	9.9	30.4
Canada	78.3	80.7	88.2	71.2	21.7	19.3	11.8	28.8
Mineral fuels -- Minéraux combustibles:								
Maritime	x	x	1.6	x	x	x	98.4	x
Québec	x	x	--	x	x	x	100.0	x
Ontario	x	x	1.2	x	x	x	98.8	x
Prairies	14.9	11.7	11.6	11.5	85.1	88.3	88.4	88.5
B.C. - C.-B.	x	x	--	x	x	x	100.0	x
Canada	16.1	12.7	6.8	12.7	83.9	87.3	93.2	87.3
Other mining -- Autres mines:								
Maritimes	9.3	11.1	6.9	13.2	90.7	88.9	93.1	86.8
Québec	x	x	19.3	33.6	x	x	80.7	66.4
Ontario	x	x	31.1	x	x	x	68.9	x
Prairies	x	x	43.3	22.1	x	x	56.7	77.9
B.C. - C.-B.	63.9	25.0	57.7	x	36.1	75.0	42.3	x
Canada	25.1	24.9	27.5	29.3	74.9	75.1	72.5	70.7
Mining -- Total -- Mines:								
Maritimes	17.0	17.4	5.1	7.9	83.0	82.6	94.9	92.1
Québec	57.7	60.2	52.6	66.6	42.3	39.8	47.4	33.4
Ontario	47.4	47.0	29.7	47.5	52.6	53.0	70.3	52.5
Prairies	25.2	20.1	29.0	15.3	74.8	79.9	71.0	84.7
B.C. - C.-B.	89.6	70.9	68.3	55.5	10.4	29.1	31.7	44.5
Canada	50.9	46.7	39.0	46.2	49.1	53.3	61.0	53.8
Food -- Produits alimentaires:								
Maritimes	69.5	61.9	60.5	67.5	30.5	38.1	39.5	32.5
Québec	50.3	46.3	44.1	48.2	49.7	53.7	55.9	51.8
Ontario	43.8	43.9	39.6	45.9	56.2	56.1	60.4	54.1
Prairie	51.2	54.9	54.1	63.7	48.8	45.1	45.9	36.3
B.C. - C.-B.	57.9	58.5	62.1	66.7	42.1	41.5	37.9	33.3
Canada	49.6	48.3	46.2	52.3	50.4	51.7	53.8	47.7
Beverages -- Breuvages:								
Maritimes	88.9	89.7	90.5	93.0	11.1	10.3	9.5	7.0
Québec	71.3	75.5	72.1	75.8	28.7	24.5	27.9	24.2
Ontario	88.1	87.1	86.6	87.1	11.9	12.9	13.4	12.9
Prairies	69.4	67.3	71.3	73.4	30.6	32.7	28.7	26.6
B.C. - C.-B.	93.8	88.1	88.6	88.0	6.2	11.9	11.4	12.0
Canada	84.0	83.4	82.7	83.8	16.0	16.6	17.3	16.2
Food and beverages -- Total -- Produits alimentaires et breuvages:								
Maritimes	72.3	68.1	68.1	74.1	27.7	31.9	31.9	25.9
Québec	57.8	58.2	56.6	61.2	42.2	41.8	43.4	38.8
Ontario	66.0	65.9	66.6	68.8	34.0	34.1	33.4	31.2
Prairies	57.2	59.0	61.3	67.4	42.8	41.0	38.7	32.6
B.C. - C.-B.	76.2	74.4	75.3	78.5	23.8	25.6	24.7	21.5
Canada	64.5	64.2	64.6	68.1	35.5	35.8	35.4	31.9
Tobacco products -- Produits du tabac:								
Maritimes	--	--	--	--	--	--	100.0	100.0
Québec	35.8	x	27.9	x	64.2	x	72.1	x
Ontario	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Prairies	x	--	--	--	x	100.0	100.0	100.0
B.C. - C.-B.	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Canada	32.6	32.1	23.5	16.6	67.4	67.9	76.5	83.4

TABLE 3.2. Proportions of Taxable Income contributed by Resident and Non-resident Owned Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region, 1965-1968 — Continued

TABLEAU 3.2. Distribution procentuelle du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents, par branches d'activité et par régions, 1965-1968 — suite

Industry and region Branches d'activité et région	Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents							
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
	per cent — pour-cent							
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc:	--	x	--	--	100.0	x	100.0	100.0
Maritimes.....	23.6	21.3	30.3	26.5	76.4	78.7	69.7	73.5
Québec.....	x	x	x	5.0	x	x	x	95.0
Ontario.....	x	x	x	2.7	x	x	x	97.3
Prairies.....	4.8	--	--	--	95.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
B.C. — C.-B.	9.7	10.5	13.1	10.0	90.3	89.5	86.9	90.0
Canada								
Leather products — Produits du cuir:	--	x	--	x	100.0	x	--	x
Maritimes.....	67.5	69.6	73.5	69.7	32.5	30.4	26.5	30.3
Québec.....	66.7	71.8	78.9	71.7	33.3	28.2	21.1	28.3
Ontario.....	x	100.0	x	x	x	--	x	x
Prairies.....	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
B.C. — C.-B.	68.8	71.7	76.1	70.4	31.2	28.3	23.9	29.6
Canada								
Textile mills — Usine de filature et de tissage:	42.9	16.7	40.0	--	57.1	83.3	60.0	100.0
Maritimes.....	47.6	43.1	46.7	39.0	52.4	56.9	53.3	61.0
Québec.....	29.1	29.6	31.4	24.9	70.9	70.4	68.6	75.1
Ontario.....	x	x	x	20.0	x	x	x	80.0
Prairies.....	x	x	x	26.7	x	x	x	73.3
B.C. — C.-B.	38.6	35.7	38.4	31.3	61.4	64.3	61.6	68.7
Canada								
Knitting mills — Usine de tricot:	55.6	x	54.5	x	44.4	x	45.5	x
Maritimes.....	75.0	70.7	80.0	70.7	25.0	29.3	20.0	29.3
Québec.....	59.5	60.6	68.0	60.4	40.5	39.4	32.0	39.6
Ontario.....	x	x	x	100.0	x	x	x	--
Prairies.....	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
B.C. — C.-B.	68.0	65.7	74.0	66.9	32.0	34.3	26.0	33.1
Canada								
Clothing industries — Industries du vêtement:	--	x	x	50.0	100.0	x	x	50.0
Maritimes.....	88.7	89.8	92.3	92.4	11.3	10.2	7.7	7.6
Québec.....	62.1	64.1	71.0	79.3	37.9	35.9	29.0	20.4
Ontario.....	x	37.1	37.5	42.5	x	62.9	62.5	57.0
Prairies.....	x	x	x	75.0	x	x	x	25.0
B.C. — C.-B.	73.0	73.8	79.0	82.2	27.0	26.2	21.0	17.8
Canada								
Textile industries — Total — Industries du textile:	47.1	41.2	55.6	36.8	52.9	58.8	44.4	63.2
Maritimes.....	59.2	58.6	69.5	59.8	40.8	41.4	30.5	40.8
Québec.....	37.9	40.0	45.8	39.4	62.1	60.0	54.2	60.0
Ontario.....	26.7	26.4	34.0	33.8	73.3	73.6	66.0	66.8
Prairies.....	52.2	45.8	45.0	48.3	47.8	54.2	55.0	51.7
B.C. — C.-B.	48.9	49.1	58.0	49.8	51.1	50.9	42.0	50.0
Canada								
Wood industries — Produits du bois:	90.0	x	94.1	100.0	10.0	x	5.9	--
Maritimes.....	83.5	87.0	87.6	92.6	16.5	13.0	12.4	7.0
Québec.....	72.9	73.6	71.3	68.3	27.1	26.4	28.7	31.0
Ontario.....	80.0	x	88.7	96.7	20.0	x	11.3	3.0
Prairies.....	60.2	73.9	70.4	70.1	39.8	26.1	29.6	29.0
B.C. — C.-B.	70.1	78.6	75.9	74.1	29.9	21.4	24.1	25.0
Canada								
Furniture industries — Fabrication de meubles:	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--	--	--	--
Maritimes.....	80.4	85.9	79.7	78.3	19.6	14.1	20.3	21.0
Québec.....	62.1	60.7	65.9	66.1	37.9	39.3	34.1	33.0
Ontario.....	75.0	90.0	71.4	84.6	25.0	10.0	28.6	15.0
Prairies.....	80.0	86.7	81.8	84.6	20.0	13.3	18.2	15.0
B.C. — C.-B.	71.3	74.1	73.1	73.1	28.7	25.9	26.9	26.0
Canada								
Paper and allied industries — Fabrication de papier et de produits connexes:	16.9	11.7	7.7	8.3	83.1	88.3	92.3	91.0
Maritimes.....	42.7	38.1	56.7	55.0	57.3	61.9	43.3	45.0
Québec.....	25.9	26.5	44.1	52.4	74.1	73.5	55.9	47.0
Ontario.....	82.4	76.6	77.3	73.9	17.6	23.4	22.7	26.0
Prairies.....	68.6	54.5	79.1	71.9	31.4	45.5	20.9	28.0
B.C. — C.-B.	44.2	36.6	58.4	60.8	55.8	63.4	41.6	39.0
Canada								

TABLE 3.2. Proportions of Taxable Income contributed by Resident and Non-resident Owned Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region, 1965-1968 — Continued

TABLEAU 3.2. Distribution procentuelle du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents, par branches d'activité et par régions, 1965-1968 — suite

Industry and region — Branches d'activité et région	Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents							
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
	per cent — pour-cent							
Printing, publishing and allied industries — Im- pression, édition et activités connexes								
Maritimes	94.7	95.5	96.0	84.8	5.3	4.5	4.0	15.2
Québec	87.9	76.2	80.6	83.5	12.1	23.8	19.4	16.5
Ontario	79.2	79.4	80.8	64.0	20.8	20.6	19.2	36.0
Prairies	88.9	88.9	91.2	88.8	11.1	11.1	8.8	11.2
B.C. — C.B.	95.5	95.2	96.7	92.0	4.5	4.8	3.3	8.0
Canada	84.2	81.9	84.4	75.4	15.8	18.1	15.6	24.6
Primary metal — Métaux primaires:								
Maritimes	100.0	x	100.0	66.7	--	x	--	33.3
Québec	12.5	19.4	19.9	21.9	87.5	80.6	80.1	78.1
Ontario	30.7	26.7	18.9	51.7	69.3	73.3	81.1	48.3
Prairies	45.7	53.3	27.7	50.5	54.3	46.7	72.3	49.5
B.C. — C.B.	18.0	x	25.9	22.0	82.0	x	74.1	78.0
Canada	27.8	28.6	20.6	42.5	72.2	71.4	79.4	57.5
Metal fabricating — Fabrication de produits mé- talliques:								
Maritimes	59.1	62.1	62.5	47.4	40.9	37.9	37.5	52.6
Québec	44.1	48.5	46.9	47.3	55.9	51.5	53.1	52.7
Ontario	32.8	34.3	35.3	28.5	67.2	65.7	64.7	71.5
Prairies	49.5	46.6	53.8	54.2	50.5	53.4	46.2	45.8
B.C. — C.B.	28.8	38.7	27.4	31.0	71.2	61.3	72.6	59.0
Canada	37.9	39.5	39.4	35.7	62.1	60.5	60.6	64.3
Machinery — Fabrication de machinerie								
Maritimes	10.5	4.5	5.0	8.0	89.5	95.5	95.2	92.0
Québec	7.1	13.5	13.0	12.8	92.9	86.2	87.0	87.2
Ontario	7.7	8.3	8.9	10.0	92.3	91.7	91.1	90.0
Prairies	34.5	41.2	19.1	36.9	65.5	58.3	80.9	63.1
B.C. — C.B.	21.1	20.8	13.6	14.1	78.9	79.2	86.4	85.9
Canada	12.0	14.5	10.9	13.7	88.0	85.5	89.1	86.3
Transport equipment — Fabrication de matériel de transport:								
Maritimes	12.0	19.0	18.5	19.4	88.0	81.0	81.5	80.6
Québec	39.2	42.1	48.3	38.1	60.8	57.9	51.7	61.9
Ontario	4.1	5.8	9.1	5.7	95.9	94.2	90.9	94.4
Prairies	8.5	13.5	11.1	17.5	91.5	86.5	88.9	82.5
B.C. — C.B.	42.5	36.5	45.1	44.8	57.5	63.5	54.9	55.2
Canada	9.4	13.1	17.6	12.5	90.6	86.9	82.4	87.5
Electrical products — Fabrication d'appareils et de matériel électrique:								
Maritimes	11.5	11.4	18.2	43.5	88.5	88.6	81.8	56.5
Québec	18.0	10.6	16.1	23.1	82.0	89.4	83.9	76.9
Ontario	13.9	12.2	18.1	16.2	86.1	87.8	81.9	83.8
Prairies	16.9	11.5	20.9	8.1	83.1	88.5	79.1	91.9
B.C. — C.B.	10.2	4.8	11.6	8.3	89.8	95.2	88.4	91.7
Canada	14.8	11.3	17.6	17.1	85.2	88.7	82.4	82.9
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits miné- raux non métalliques								
Maritimes	79.3	88.5	60.0	78.1	20.7	11.5	40.0	21.9
Québec	48.8	50.8	41.5	44.1	51.2	49.2	58.5	55.9
Ontario	33.6	43.2	31.7	40.4	66.4	56.8	68.3	59.6
Prairies	75.9	75.0	75.6	75.0	24.1	25.0	24.4	25.0
B.C. — C.B.	70.4	77.4	81.0	10.5	29.6	22.6	19.0	89.5
Canada	44.0	51.4	42.9	44.7	56.0	48.6	57.1	55.3
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pé- trole et du charbon:								
Maritimes	--	x	--	--	100.0	x	100.0	100.0
Québec	--	x	1.0	--	100.0	x	99.9	x
Ontario	x	3.0	.9	.7	x	97.0	99.1	99.3
Prairies	x	--	.5	--	x	100.0	99.5	x
B.C. — C.B.	--	--	--	--	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Canada	1.6	1.3	.5	.5	98.4	98.7	99.5	99.5
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et autres produits connexes:								
Maritimes	16.1	15.4	11.9	12.5	83.9	84.6	88.1	87.5
Québec	10.4	8.5	9.5	9.3	89.6	91.5	90.5	90.7
Ontario	9.4	6.9	7.4	6.8	90.6	93.1	92.6	93.2
Prairies	6.5	6.8	8.9	7.4	93.5	93.2	91.1	92.6
B.C. — C.B.	8.2	6.2	7.2	6.4	91.8	93.8	92.8	93.6
Canada	9.5	7.5	8.4	7.8	90.5	92.5	91.6	92.2

TABLE 3.2. Proportions of Taxable Income contributed by Resident and Non-resident Owned Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region, 1965-68 - Continued

TABLEAU 3.2. Distribution procentuelle du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents, par branches d'activité et par régions, 1965-1968 - suite

Industry and region Branches d'activité et région	Degree of non-resident ownership - Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents							
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
	per cent - pour-cent							
Miscellaneous manufacturing - Fabrication diversifiée:								
Maritimes.....	40.0	40.0	66.7	62.5	60.0	60.0	33.3	37.5
Québec.....	28.7	27.2	34.9	39.1	71.3	72.2	65.1	60.9
Ontario.....	15.2	15.1	18.1	21.5	84.8	84.9	81.9	78.5
Prairies.....	28.6	26.3	27.3	35.3	71.4	73.7	72.7	64.7
B.C. - C.-B.....	36.4	33.3	57.1	47.6	63.6	66.7	42.9	52.4
Canada.....	19.7	18.5	23.1	26.4	80.3	81.5	76.9	73.6
Manufacturing - Total - Fabrication:								
Maritimes.....	40.7	36.5	41.2	44.0	59.3	63.5	58.8	56.0
Québec.....	38.3	38.4	41.8	40.4	61.7	61.6	58.2	59.6
Ontario.....	27.6	28.8	30.8	32.2	72.4	71.2	69.2	67.8
Prairies.....	38.8	38.7	39.6	40.7	61.2	61.3	60.4	59.3
B.C. - C.-B.....	52.4	49.2	61.7	58.1	47.6	50.8	38.3	41.9
Canada.....	34.0	34.2	37.8	38.3	66.0	65.8	62.2	61.7
Construction:								
Maritimes.....	94.7	91.9	85.5	90.5	5.3	8.1	14.5	9.5
Québec.....	93.4	88.5	90.4	81.6	6.6	11.5	9.6	18.4
Ontario.....	82.4	82.9	79.7	80.1	17.6	17.1	20.3	19.9
Prairies.....	70.3	76.9	78.7	78.1	29.7	23.1	21.3	21.9
B.C. - C.-B.....	81.9	84.1	47.1	52.0	18.1	15.9	52.9	48.0
Canada.....	84.1	84.2	77.3	76.3	15.9	15.8	22.7	23.7
Transportation - Transports:								
Maritimes.....	61.9	68.2	72.7	65.2	38.1	31.8	27.3	34.8
Québec.....	53.5	55.9	59.2	61.1	46.5	44.1	40.8	38.9
Ontario.....	71.2	70.0	73.5	71.0	28.8	30.0	26.5	29.0
Prairies.....	77.7	77.9	79.9	80.8	22.3	22.1	20.1	19.2
B.C. - C.-B.....	87.3	89.0	87.1	86.9	12.7	11.0	12.9	13.1
Canada.....	74.0	75.4	87.2	76.7	26.0	24.6	12.8	23.3
Storage - Entreposage:								
Maritimes.....	x	100.0	x	x	x	-	x	x
Québec.....	45.5	x	45.2	x	54.5	x	54.8	x
Ontario.....	73.0	62.5	75.6	81.2	27.0	37.5	24.4	18.8
Prairies.....	x	57.1	67.4	77.8	-	42.9	32.6	22.2
B.C. - C.-B.....	100.0	x	x	100.0	-	x	x	-
Canada.....	66.4	62.6	67.9	86.9	33.6	37.4	32.1	13.1
Communications:								
Maritimes.....	87.3	89.5	90.8	x	12.7	10.5	9.2	x
Québec.....	100.0	x	100.0	100.0	-	x	-	-
Ontario.....	93.8	86.7	87.5	-	6.2	13.3	12.5	x
Prairies.....	x	-	-	x	x	-	-	-
B.C. - C.-B.....	x	x	44.4	x	x	x	55.6	x
Canada.....	89.9	90.0	89.6	91.8	10.1	10.0	10.4	8.2
Public utilities - Services d'utilité publique:								
Maritimes.....	71.3	72.5	96.4	77.5	28.7	27.5	3.6	22.5
Québec.....	x	29.8	x	29.5	x	70.2	x	70.5
Ontario.....	77.0	85.8	88.9	90.7	23.0	14.2	11.1	9.3
Prairies.....	96.9	96.6	96.5	54.8	3.1	3.4	3.5	45.2
B.C. - C.-B.....	x	94.1	x	93.8	x	5.9	x	6.2
Canada.....	80.5	80.2	86.4	72.1	19.5	19.8	13.6	27.9
Wholesale trade - Commerce de gros:								
Maritimes.....	81.1	82.0	84.7	81.6	18.9	18.0	15.3	18.4
Québec.....	70.3	67.1	68.2	66.2	29.7	32.9	31.8	33.8
Ontario.....	57.9	59.0	62.2	61.5	42.1	41.0	37.8	38.5
Prairies.....	65.2	58.9	58.1	64.4	34.8	41.1	41.9	35.6
B.C. - C.-B.....	68.6	64.8	71.1	71.3	31.4	35.2	28.9	28.7
Canada.....	64.4	62.5	64.9	65.1	35.6	37.5	35.1	34.9
Retail trade - Commerce de détail:								
Maritimes.....	73.6	67.2	72.1	66.4	26.4	32.8	27.9	33.6
Québec.....	78.2	72.6	72.4	68.9	21.8	27.4	27.6	31.1
Ontario.....	68.5	62.0	65.2	60.6	31.5	38.0	34.8	39.4
Prairies.....	55.3	40.7	53.6	43.2	44.7	59.3	46.4	56.8
B.C. - C.-B.....	72.5	55.3	58.1	56.6	27.5	44.7	41.9	43.4
Canada.....	69.6	59.9	63.8	59.0	30.4	40.1	36.2	41.0

TABLE 3.2. Proportions of Taxable Income contributed by Resident and Non-resident Owned Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region, 1965-1968 — Concluded
TABLEAU 3.2. Distribution procentuelle du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents, par branches d'activité et par régions, 1965-1968 — fin

Industry and region Branches d'activité et région	Degree of non-resident ownership — Degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents							
	0.0-49.9%				50.0-100%			
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1965	1966	1967	1968
per cent — pour-cent								
Deposit accepting institutions — Institutions recevant des dépôts:								
Maritimes								
Québec	100.0	x	x	100.0	--	x	x	--
Ontario	99.0	90.2	89.7	86.6	1.0	9.8	10.3	9.2
Prairies	88.0	84.7	83.2	90.8	12.0	15.3	16.8	13.4
B.C. — C.-B.	100.0	83.0	89.6	89.4	--	17.0	10.4	9.2
Canada	96.2	x	x	67.7	3.8	x	x	10.6
Canada	95.3	84.7	88.5	87.5	4.7	15.3	13.9	12.5
Credit agencies — Sociétés de crédit:								
Maritimes								
Québec	59.0	34.8	x	32.1	41.0	65.2	x	67.9
Ontario	82.9	65.0	51.6	53.4	17.1	35.0	48.4	46.6
Prairies	50.2	39.0	36.6	45.1	49.8	61.0	63.4	54.9
B.C. — C.-B.	47.3	x	x	32.8	52.7	x	x	67.2
Canada	56.3	x	32.2	37.7	41.7	x	67.8	62.3
Canada	58.8	44.0	37.4	43.3	41.2	56.0	62.6	56.7
Security dealers — Courtiers en valeurs:								
Maritimes	100.0	x	100.0	100.0	--	x	--	--
Québec	86.7	84.3	86.7	90.7	13.3	15.7	13.3	9.3
Ontario	94.9	95.5	92.0	86.7	5.1	4.5	8.0	13.3
Prairies	93.3	x	x	100.0	6.7	x	x	--
B.C. — C.-B.	95.1	97.7	x	94.7	4.9	2.3	x	5.3
Canada	92.3	93.6	91.0	90.1	7.7	6.4	9.0	9.9
Investment companies — Sociétés de placement:								
Maritimes	90.0	93.3	98.5	95.7	10.0	6.7	6.5	4.3
Québec	86.3	83.0	83.6	72.4	13.7	17.0	16.4	27.6
Ontario	60.9	70.7	77.0	80.8	39.1	29.3	23.0	19.2
Prairies	96.4	95.5	92.7	59.6	3.6	4.5	7.3	10.4
B.C. — C.-B.	87.0	85.5	84.5	82.9	13.0	14.5	15.5	17.1
Canada	57.6	66.3	66.0	65.5	42.4	33.7	34.0	34.5
Insurance and real estate agencies — Agences d'assurances et d'immeuble:								
Maritimes	100.0	98.6	98.7	97.7	--	1.4	1.3	2.3
Québec	77.6	73.2	78.1	76.6	22.4	26.8	21.9	23.4
Ontario	86.7	84.0	87.2	84.4	13.3	16.0	12.8	15.6
Prairies	66.1	61.0	67.9	68.4	33.9	39.0	32.1	31.6
B.C. — C.-B.	78.7	71.4	79.6	78.9	21.3	28.6	20.4	21.1
Canada	78.0	75.9	80.8	80.2	22.0	24.1	19.2	19.8
Finance — Total — Finances:								
Maritimes	80.4	78.8	74.6	79.5	19.6	21.2	25.4	20.5
Québec	84.6	77.6	77.0	73.1	15.4	22.4	23.0	26.9
Ontario	71.9	72.6	74.3	77.3	28.1	27.4	25.7	22.7
Prairies	76.3	68.6	70.7	71.8	23.7	31.4	29.3	28.2
B.C. — C.-B.	80.7	71.0	70.5	72.4	19.3	29.0	29.5	27.6
Canada	70.7	68.7	68.7	69.8	29.3	31.3	31.3	30.2
Services:								
Maritimes	65.4	81.8	75.6	73.6	34.6	18.2	24.4	26.4
Québec	64.4	60.4	57.2	54.0	35.6	39.6	42.8	46.0
Ontario	70.3	61.7	59.0	57.5	29.7	38.3	41.0	42.5
Prairies	60.5	56.5	62.9	57.2	39.5	43.5	37.1	42.8
B.C. — C.-B.	74.1	75.5	72.6	67.0	25.9	24.5	27.4	33.0
Canada	66.5	62.9	60.9	57.7	33.5	37.1	39.1	42.3
Total:								
Maritimes	59.8	61.3	65.5	64.1	40.2	38.7	34.5	35.9
Québec	52.4	51.7	54.2	52.3	47.6	48.3	45.8	47.7
Ontario	39.7	42.4	45.4	45.6	60.3	57.6	54.6	54.4
Prairies	55.0	52.0	55.1	53.3	45.0	48.0	44.9	46.7
B.C. — C.-B.	64.9	61.2	65.2	62.7	35.1	38.8	34.8	37.3
Canada	48.2	48.7	51.8	50.9	51.8	51.3	48.2	49.1

**TABLE 3.3.1. Regional Distribution of Corporation Taxable Income by Minority and Majority Non-resident Ownership,
by Industrial Sectors, Reporting Corporations Only, 1965 - 1968 Average¹**

No.	Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels	Canada			Maritimes		
		0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Total	0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Total
		\$'000,000					
1	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	17.6	4.6	22.2	.4	.3	.7
2	Mining — Mines	81.1	99.1	180.2	1.0	7.9	8.9
3	Manufacturing — Fabrication	778.6	1,374.1	2,152.7	25.4	37.4	62.8
4	Construction	127.9	33.1	161.0	11.4	1.2	12.6
5	Transportation, storage, communications and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communications et services d'utilité publique	191.2	54.2	245.4	23.4	4.5	27.9
6	Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	284.6	158.1	442.7	19.3	4.1	23.4
7	Retail trade — Commerce de détail	188.0	111.9	299.9	17.6	7.7	25.3
8	Finance — Finances	236.9	104.2	341.1	12.2	3.4	15.6
9	Services	83.0	52.4	135.4	3.1	1.0	4.1
10	Total	1,988.9	1,991.7	3,980.6	113.8	67.5	181.3

¹ The five regions do not always add to the Canada total because any allocation to "Other" has been suppressed due to an insufficient number of respondents.

**TABLE 3.3.2. Percentage Distribution of Corporation Taxable Income by Minority and Majority Non-resident Ownership within Industrial Sectors within Regions, Reporting Corporations Only,
1965 - 1968 Average**

No.	Industrial sectors — Secteurs industriels	Canada			Maritimes		
		0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Total	0.0 - 49.9%	50.0 - 100%	Total
		per cent — pour-cent					
1	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	79.3	20.7	100.0	57.1	42.9	100.0
2	Mining — Mines	45.0	55.0	100.0	11.2	88.8	100.0
3	Manufacturing — Fabrication	36.2	63.8	100.0	40.4	59.6	100.0
4	Construction	79.4	20.6	100.0	90.3	9.7	100.0
5	Transportation, storage, communications and public utilities — Transports, entreposage, communications et services d'utilité publique	77.9	22.1	100.0	83.8	16.2	100.0
6	Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	64.3	35.7	100.0	82.4	17.6	100.0
7	Retail trade — Commerce de détail	62.6	37.4	100.0	69.6	30.4	100.0
8	Finance — Finances	69.4	30.6	100.0	78.2	21.8	100.0
9	Services	61.3	38.7	100.0	75.6	24.4	100.0
10	Total	49.9	50.1	100.0	62.8	37.2	100.0

TABLEAU 3.3.1. Répartition régionale du revenu imposable des sociétés selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents, par secteurs industriels, corporations déclarantes seulement, moyenne des années 1965 à 1968¹

Québec			Ontario			Prairies			B.C. - C.B.			N°
0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	
S'000,000												
.8	—	.8	3.6	.6	4.2	3.0	.2	3.2	9.8	3.3	13.1	1
36.0	24.7	60.7	14.4	21.0	35.4	11.6	37.8	49.4	15.4	5.6	21.0	2
214.3	325.0	539.3	341.8	799.4	1,141.2	78.2	119.9	198.1	117.3	92.5	209.8	3
29.1	4.0	33.1	50.1	11.8	61.9	24.6	7.3	31.9	11.7	8.6	20.3	4
20.6	16.2	36.8	48.0	12.7	60.7	68.4	16.3	84.7	29.2	4.0	33.2	5
75.2	35.6	110.8	116.9	76.9	193.8	42.9	26.8	69.7	30.3	13.4	43.7	6
47.4	17.7	65.1	73.8	42.0	115.8	26.0	28.6	54.6	22.8	15.5	38.3	7
63.8	18.3	82.1	103.1	35.5	138.6	35.3	13.9	49.2	20.1	7.3	27.4	8
22.1	16.0	38.1	32.1	20.6	52.7	11.7	8.0	19.7	13.5	5.2	18.7	9
509.3	457.5	966.8	783.8	1,020.5	1,804.3	301.7	258.8	560.5	270.1	155.4	425.5	10

¹ Les chiffres des cinq régions n'égalent pas toujours le total pour le Canada car la classe "Autres" fut supprimée par suite du nombre insuffisant de corporations.

TABLEAU 3.3.2. Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable des sociétés selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents à l'intérieur des secteurs industriels dans les régions du Canada, corporations déclarantes seulement, moyenne des années 1965 à 1968

Québec			Ontario			Prairies			B.C. - C.B.			N°
0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	0.0-49.9%	50.0-100%	Total	
per cent — pour-cent												
100.0	—	100.0	85.7	14.3	100.0	93.8	6.2	100.0	74.8	25.2	100.0	1
59.4	40.6	100.0	40.7	59.3	100.0	23.5	76.5	100.0	73.3	26.7	100.0	2
39.7	60.3	100.0	30.0	70.0	100.0	39.5	60.5	100.0	55.9	44.1	100.0	3
87.9	12.1	100.0	81.0	19.0	100.0	77.0	23.0	100.0	57.4	42.6	100.0	4
56.0	44.0	100.0	79.1	20.9	100.0	80.7	19.3	100.0	88.0	12.0	100.0	5
67.8	32.2	100.0	60.3	39.7	100.0	61.5	38.5	100.0	69.2	30.8	100.0	6
72.8	27.2	100.0	63.7	36.3	100.0	47.8	52.2	100.0	59.5	40.5	100.0	7
77.7	22.3	100.0	74.4	25.6	100.0	71.7	28.3	100.0	73.3	26.7	100.0	8
58.1	41.9	100.0	60.9	39.1	100.0	59.4	40.6	100.0	72.2	27.8	100.0	9
52.7	47.3	100.0	43.4	56.6	100.0	53.8	46.2	100.0	63.5	36.5	100.0	10

TABLE 4.1. Assets of Corporations by Country in which Control is Held, 1968

TABLEAU 4.1. Actif des corporations avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1968

Industry — Branche d'activité	Reporting corporations — Corporations déclarantes						Other corporations — Autres corporations	Total
	Foreign control — Contrôle étranger				Canada	Total		
	United States États-Unis	United Kingdom Royaume-Uni	Other ¹ Autres ¹	Total				
\$'000,000								
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	53.6	3.0	13.4	70.0	594.7	664.7	415.6	1,080.3
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	1,689.1	75.7	557.4	2,322.2	2,092.9	4,415.1	77.0	4,492.1
Mineral fuels — Minéraux combustibles	3,310.1	266.5	523.8	4,100.4	812.0	4,912.4	25.9	4,938.3
Other mining — Autres mines	958.7	93.6	311.8	1,364.1	767.9	2,132.0	157.6	2,289.6
Mining — Total — Mines	5,957.9	435.8	1,393.0	7,786.7	3,672.8	11,459.5	260.5	11,720.0
Food and beverages — Produits alimentaires et breuvages	1,082.1	195.9	48.0	1,326.0	2,710.0	4,036.0	168.0	4,204.0
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	80.8	241.9	100.2	422.9	77.1	500.0	.4	500.4
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	459.4	x	x	509.1	33.4	542.5	4.1	546.6
Leather products — Produits du cuir	44.7	x	x	50.3	155.3	205.6	18.6	224.2
Textile industries — Industries du textile	706.5	127.1	28.8	862.4	1,206.5	2,068.9	133.2	2,202.1
Wood industries — Produits du bois	368.2	17.6	74.4	460.2	925.9	1,386.1	91.3	1,477.4
Furniture industries — Fabrication de meubles	65.3	x	x	69.6	256.1	325.7	43.4	369.1
Paper and allied industries — Fabrication de papier et de produits connexes	1,941.2	375.6	194.9	2,511.7	3,828.0	6,339.7	56.4	6,396.1
Printing, publishing and allied industries — Impression, édition et activités connexes	80.5	51.7	87.0	219.2	656.4	875.6	144.6	1,020.2
Primary metal — Métaux primaires	1,497.2	380.5	1,281.6	3,159.3	2,500.5	5,659.8	27.9	5,687.7
Metal fabricating — Fabrication de produits métalliques	915.5	58.3	91.8	1,065.6	1,001.8	2,067.4	188.9	2,256.3
Machinery — Fabrication de machinerie	1,141.9	65.4	62.8	1,270.1	448.6	1,718.7	41.9	1,760.6
Transport equipment — Fabrication de matériel de transport	2,559.7	474.0	5.9	3,039.6	427.6	3,467.2	28.2	3,495.4
Electrical products — Fabrication d'appareils et de matériel électrique	1,185.9	75.6	43.9	1,305.4	646.8	1,952.2	89.8	2,042.0
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non métalliques	251.0	161.4	445.8	858.2	669.0	1,527.2	76.4	1,603.6
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	3,641.5	x	x	4,750.7	8.0	4,758.7	2.5	4,761.2
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et autres produits connexes	1,548.3	577.2	103.3	2,228.8	314.4	2,543.2	191.9	2,735.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing — Fabrication diverse	432.6	14.7	32.3	479.6	312.5	792.1	88.7	880.8
Manufacturing — Total — Fabrication	18,002.3	2,924.0	3,662.4	24,588.7	16,177.9	40,766.6	1,396.2	42,162.8
Construction	463.6	211.0	48.5	723.1	3,546.4	4,269.5	929.9	5,199.0
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et services d'utilité publique	1,139.2	91.7	520.5	1,751.4	5,049.6	6,801.0	12,156.5	18,957.5
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	1,812.1	656.7	483.4	2,952.2	5,406.5	8,358.7	1,014.6	9,373.3
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	1,155.6	258.5	29.2	1,443.3	3,876.6	5,319.9	1,495.1	6,815.0
Services	602.5	97.1	275.6	975.2	2,566.2	3,541.4	1,300.4	4,841.8
Non-financial — Total — Non financières	29,186.8	4,677.8	6,426.0	40,290.6	40,890.7	81,181.3	18,968.8	100,150.1
Finance — Finances	5,800.3	1,924.9	3,776.1	11,501.3	30,215.6	41,716.9	48,047.2	89,764.1
Total	34,987.1	6,602.7	10,202.1	51,791.9	71,106.3	122,898.2	67,016.0	189,914.2

¹ Includes "Unspecified foreign control". - Comprend "contrôle étranger" non spécifié.

TABLEAU 4.2. Assets of Reporting Corporations by Country in which Control is Held, 1968
TABLEAU 4.2. Actif des corporations déclarantes avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1968

Industry — Branche d'activité	Reporting corporations — Corporations déclarantes						Other corporations Autres corporations	Total
	Foreign control — Contrôle étranger				Canada	Total		
	United States — États-Unis	United Kingdom — Royaume-Uni	Other ¹ — Autres ¹	Total				
	per cent — pour-cent							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	5.0	.3	1.2	6.5	55.0	61.5	38.5	100.
Metal mining — Minéraux métalliques	37.6	1.7	12.4	51.7	46.6	98.3	1.7	100.0
Mineral fuels — Minéraux combustibles.....	67.1	5.4	10.6	83.1	16.4	99.5	.5	100.0
Other mining — Autres mines	41.9	4.1	13.6	59.6	33.5	93.1	6.9	100.0
Mining — Total — Mines	50.9	3.7	11.9	66.5	31.3	97.8	2.2	100.0
Food and beverages — Produits alimentaires et breuvages	25.7	4.7	1.1	31.5	64.5	96.0	4.0	100.0
Tobacco products — Produits du tabac	16.2	48.3	20.0	84.5	15.4	99.9	.1	100.0
Rubber products — Produits du caoutchouc	84.0	x	x	93.1	6.1	99.2	.8	100.0
Leather products — Produits du cuir	19.9	x	x	22.4	69.3	91.7	8.3	100.0
Textile industries — Industries du textile	32.1	5.8	1.3	39.2	54.8	94.0	6.0	100.0
Wood industries — Produits du bois.....	24.9	1.2	5.0	31.1	62.7	93.8	6.2	100.0
Furniture industries — Fabrication de meubles	17.7	x	x	18.9	69.3	88.2	11.8	100.0
Paper and allied industries — Fabrication de papier et de produits connexes.....	30.4	5.9	3.0	39.3	59.8	99.1	.9	100.0
Printing, publishing and allied industries — Impression, édition et activités connexes	7.9	5.1	8.5	21.5	64.3	85.8	14.2	100.0
Primary metal — Métaux primaires.....	26.3	6.7	22.5	55.5	44.0	99.5	.5	100.0
Metal fabricating — Fabrication de produits métalliques	40.5	2.6	4.1	47.2	44.4	91.6	8.4	100.0
Machinery — Fabrication de machinerie	64.8	3.7	3.6	72.1	25.5	97.6	2.4	100.0
Transport equipment — Fabrication de matériel de transport.....	73.2	13.6	.2	87.0	12.2	99.2	.8	100.0
Electrical products — Fabrication d'appareils et de matériel électrique.....	58.1	3.7	2.1	63.9	31.7	95.6	4.4	100.0
Non-metallic mineral products — Produits minéraux non métalliques.....	15.6	10.1	27.8	53.5	41.7	95.2	4.8	100.0
Petroleum and coal products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon.....	76.4	x	x	99.7	.2	99.9	.1	100.0
Chemicals and chemical products — Produits chimiques et autres produits connexes.....	56.6	21.1	3.8	81.5	11.5	93.0	7.0	100.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing — Fabrication diverse.....	49.0	1.7	3.7	54.4	35.5	89.9	10.1	100.0
Manufacturing — Total — Fabrication	42.7	6.9	8.7	58.3	38.4	96.7	3.3	100.0
Construction	8.9	4.1	.9	13.9	68.2	82.1	17.9	100.0
Transportation, storage, communication and public utilities — Transport, entreposage, communications et services d'utilité publique	6.0	.5	2.7	9.2	26.7	35.9	64.1	100.0
Wholesale trade — Commerce de gros	19.3	7.0	5.2	31.5	57.7	89.2	10.8	100.0
Retail trade — Commerce de détail	17.0	3.8	.4	21.2	56.9	78.1	21.9	100.0
Services	12.4	2.0	5.7	20.1	53.0	73.1	26.9	100.0
Non-financial — Total — Non financières	29.1	4.7	6.4	40.2	40.8	81.0	19.0	100.0
Finance — Finances.....	6.5	2.1	4.2	12.8	33.7	46.5	53.5	100.0
Total.....	18.4	3.5	5.4	27.3	37.4	64.7	35.3	100.0

¹ Includes "Unspecified foreign control". — Comprend "contrôle étranger" non spécifié.

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUES

APPENDIX - 1 - ANNEXE

Corporations in Canada by Degree of Non-resident Ownership, 1963 - 1968

Corporations au Canada selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, 1963 - 1968

Table — Tableau	Page
1.01. Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage	48
1.02. Metal Mining — Minéraux métalliques	49
1.03. Mineral Fuels — Minéraux combustibles	50
1.04. Other Mining — Autres mines	51
1.05. Mining — Total — Mines	52
1.06. Food — Produits alimentaires	53
1.07. Beverages — Breuvages	54
1.08. Food and Beverages — Total — Produits alimentaires et breuvages	55
1.09. Tobacco Products — Produits du tabac	56
1.10. Rubber Products — Produits du caoutchouc	57
1.11. Leather Products — Produits du cuir	58
1.12. Textile Mills — Usines de filature et de tissage	59
1.13. Knitting Mills — Usines de tricot	60
1.14. Clothing Industries — Industries du vêtement	61
1.15. Textile Industries — Total — Industries du textile	62
1.16. Wood Industries — Produits du bois	63
1.17. Furniture Industries — Industries de meubles	64
1.18. Paper and Allied Industries — Fabrication de papier et de produits connexes	65
1.19. Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries — Impression, édition et activités connexes	66
1.20. Primary Metals — Métaux primaires	67
1.21. Metal Fabricating — Fabrication de produits métalliques	68
1.22. Machinery — Fabrication de machinerie	69
1.23. Transport Equipment — Fabrication de matériel de transport	70
1.24. Electrical Products — Fabrication d'appareils et de matériel électriques	71
1.25. Non-metallic Mineral Products — Produits minéraux non-métalliques	72
1.26. Petroleum and Coal Products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon	73
1.27. Chemicals and Chemical Products — Produits chimiques et autres produits connexes	74
1.28. Miscellaneous Manufacturing — Industries manufacturières diverses	75
1.29. Manufacturing — Total — Des industries manufacturières	76
1.30. Construction	77
1.31. Transportation — Transports	78
1.32. Storage — Entreposage	79
1.33. Communications	80
1.34. Public Utilities — Services d'utilité publique	81
1.35. Wholesale Trade — Commerce de gros	82
1.36. Retail Trade — Commerce de détail	83
1.37. Deposit Accepting Institutions — Institutions recueillant des dépôts	84
1.38. Credit Agencies — Sociétés de crédit	85
1.39. Security Dealers — Courtiers en valeurs	86
1.40. Investment Companies — Sociétés de placement	87
1.41. Insurance and Real Estate — Assureurs et agents d'immeubles	88
1.42. Finance — Total — Finances	89
1.43. Services	90
1.44. All Industries — Total — Des industries	91

APPENDIX - 2 - ANNEXE

Corporations Reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership and by Asset Size Group, 1965 - 1968

Corporation faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranche de taille de l'actif, 1965 - 1968

Table
—
Tableau

Page

Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Trapping — Agriculture, exploitation forestière, pêche et piégeage:

2.001.	Under \$1,000,000 — Moins de \$1,000,000	92
2.002.	\$1,000,000 and over — et plus	92
2.003.	Total	92

Metal Mining — Minéraux métalliques:

2.004.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	93
2.005.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	93
2.006.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	93
2.007.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	94
2.008.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	94
2.009.	\$25,000,000 - \$49,999,999	95
2.010.	\$50,000,000 and over — et plus	95
2.011.	Total	95

Mineral Fuels — Minéraux combustibles:

2.012.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	95
2.013.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	96
2.014.	\$1,000,000 - \$9,999,999	96
2.015.	\$10,000,000 and over — et plus	96
2.016.	Total	97

Other Mining — Autres mines:

2.017.	Under \$1,000,000 — Moins de \$1,000,000	97
2.018.	\$1,000,000 - \$9,999,999	97
2.019.	\$10,000,000 and over — et plus	98
2.020.	Total	98
2.021.	MINING — TOTAL — MINES	98

Food — Produits alimentaires:

2.022.	Under \$1,000,000 — Moins de \$1,000,000	99
2.023.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	99
2.024.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	99
2.025.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	100
2.026.	\$25,000,000 and over — et plus	100
2.027.	Total	100

Beverages — Breuvages:

2.028.	Under \$5,000,000 — Moins de \$5,000,000	101
2.029.	\$5,000,000 and over — et plus	101
2.030.	Total	101
2.031.	FOOD AND BEVERAGES — TOTAL — PRODUITS ALIMENTAIRES ET BREUVAGES	102

2.032.	Tobacco Products — Produits du tabac	102
--------	---	-----

Rubber Products — Produits du caoutchouc:

2.033.	Under \$1,000,000 — Moins de \$1,000,000	102
2.034.	\$1,000,000 and over — et plus	103
2.035.	Total	103

Corporations Reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree
of Non-resident Ownership and by Asset Size Group, 1965-1968 - Continued

Corporation faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations
et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
par tranche de taille de l'actif, 1965-1968 - suite

Table — Tableau		Page
	Leather Products — Produits du cuir:	
2.036.	Under \$250,000 — Moins de \$250,000	103
2.037.	\$250,000 - \$499,999	104
2.038.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	104
2.039.	\$1,000,000 and over — et plus	104
2.040.	Total	105
	Textile Mills — Usines de filature et de tissage:	
2.041.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	105
2.042.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	105
2.043.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	106
2.044.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	106
2.045.	\$10,000,000 and over — et plus	106
2.046.	Total	107
	Knitting Mills — Usines de tricot:	
2.047.	Under \$1,000,000 — Moins de \$1,000,000	107
2.048.	\$1,000,000 and over — et plus	107
2.049.	Total	108
	Clothing Industries — Industries du vêtement:	
2.050.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	108
2.051.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	108
2.052.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	109
2.053.	\$5,000,000 and over — et plus	109
2.054.	Total	109
2.055.	TEXTILE INDUSTRIES — TOTAL — INDUSTRIES DU TEXTILE'	110
	Wood Industries — Produits du bois:	
2.056.	Under \$1,000,000 — Moins de \$1,000,000	110
2.057.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	110
2.058.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	111
2.059.	\$10,000,000 and over — et plus	111
2.060.	Total	111
	Furniture Industries — Fabrication de meubles:	
2.061.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	112
2.062.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	112
2.063.	\$1,000,000 and over — et plus	112
2.064.	Total	113
	Paper and Allied Industries — Fabrication de papier et de produits connexes:	
2.065.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	113
2.066.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	113
2.067.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	114
2.068.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	114
2.069.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	114
2.070.	\$25,000,000 - \$49,999,999	115
2.071.	\$50,000,000 - \$99,999,999	115
2.072.	\$100,000,000 and over — et plus	115
2.073.	Total	116

Corporations Reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership and by Asset Size Group, 1965-1968 - Continued

Corporation faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranche de taille de l'actif, 1965-1968 - suite

Table
—
Tableau

Page

Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries — Impression, édition et activités connexes:

2.074.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	116
2.075.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	116
2.076.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	117
2.077.	\$5,000,000 and over — et plus	117
2.078.	Total	117

Primary Metal — Métaux primaires:

2.079.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	118
2.080.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	118
2.081.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	118
2.082.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	119
2.083.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	119
2.084.	\$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999	119
2.085.	\$100,000,000 and over — et plus	120
2.086.	Total	120

Metal Fabricating — Fabrication de produits métalliques:

2.087.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	120
2.088.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	121
2.089.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	121
2.090.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	121
2.091.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	122
2.092.	\$25,000,000 and over — et plus	122
2.093.	Total	122

Machinery — Fabrication de machinerie:

2.094.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	123
2.095.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	123
2.096.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	123
2.097.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	124
2.098.	\$10,000,000 and over — et plus	124
2.099.	Total	124

Transport Equipment — Fabrication de matériel de transport:

2.100.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	125
2.101.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	125
2.102.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	125
2.103.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	126
2.104.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	126
2.105.	\$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999	126
2.106.	\$100,000,000 and over — et plus	127
2.107.	Total	127

Electrical Products — Fabrication d'appareils et de matériel électriques:

2.108.	Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	127
2.109.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	128
2.110.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	128
2.111.	\$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999	128
2.112.	\$25,000,000 and over — et plus	129
2.113.	Total	129

Corporations Reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree
of Non-resident Ownership and by Asset Size Group, 1965-1968 - Continued

Corporation faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations
et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
par tranche de taille de l'actif, 1965-1968 - suite

Table
—
Tableau

	Page
Non-metallic Mineral Products — Produits minéraux non métalliques:	
2.114. Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	129
2.115. \$500,000 - \$999,999	130
2.116. \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	130
2.117. \$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999	130
2.118. \$25,000,000 and over — et plus	131
2.119. Total	131
Petroleum and Coal Products — Produits du pétrole et du charbon:	
2.120. Under \$5,000,000 — Moins de \$5,000,000	131
2.121. \$5,000,000 - \$49,999,999	132
2.122. \$50,000,000 and over — et plus	132
2.123. Total	132
Chemicals and Chemical Products — Produits chimiques et autres produits connexes:	
2.124. Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	133
2.125. \$500,000 - \$999,999	133
2.126. \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	133
2.127. \$5,000,000 - \$49,999,999	134
2.128. \$50,000,000 and over — et plus	134
2.129. Total	134
Miscellaneous Manufacturing — Manufacturières diverses:	
2.130. Under \$500,000 — Moins de \$500,000	135
2.131. \$500,000 - \$999,999	135
2.132. \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	135
2.133. \$5,000,000 and over — et plus	136
2.134. Total	136
2.135. MANUFACTURING — TOTAL — DES INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIÈRES	136
Construction:	
2.136. Under \$1,000,000 — Moins de \$1,000,000	137
2.137. \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	137
2.138. \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	137
2.139. \$10,000,000 and over — et plus	138
2.140. Total	138
Transportation — Transports:	
2.141. Under \$250,000 — Moins de \$250,000	138
2.142. \$250,000 - \$499,999	139
2.143. \$500,000 - \$999,999	139
2.144. \$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	139
2.145. \$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	140
2.146. \$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	140
2.147. \$25,000,000 and over — et plus	140
2.148. Total	141

Corporations Reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree
of Non-resident Ownership and by Asset Size Group, 1965-1968 - Continued

Corporation faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations
et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents,
par tranche de taille de l'actif, 1965-1968 - suite

Table		
Tableau		Page
Storage - Entreposage:		
2.149.	Under \$1,000,000 - Moins de \$1,000,000	141
2.150.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	141
2.151.	\$5,000,000 and over - et plus	142
2.152.	Total	142
Communications:		
2.153.	Under \$1,000,000 - Moins de \$1,000,000	142
2.154.	\$1,000,000 and over - et plus	143
2.155.	Total	143
Public Utilities - Services d'utilité publique:		
2.156.	Under \$1,000,000 - Moins de \$1,000,000	143
2.157.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	144
2.158.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	144
2.159.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	144
2.160.	\$25,000,000 and over - et plus	145
2.161.	Total	145
Wholesale Trade - Commerce de gros:		
2.162.	Under \$250,000 - Moins de \$250,000	145
2.163.	\$250,000 - \$499,999	146
2.164.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	146
2.165.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	146
2.166.	\$5,000,000 - \$24,999,999	147
2.167.	\$25,000,000 and over - et plus	147
2.168.	Total	147
Retail Trade - Commerce de détail:		
2.169.	Under \$500,000 - Moins de \$500,000	148
2.170.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	148
2.171.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	148
2.172.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	149
2.173.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	149
2.174.	\$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999	149
2.175.	\$100,000,000 and over - et plus	150
2.176.	Total	150
Deposit Accepting Institutions - Institutions recueillant des dépôts:		
2.177.	Under \$1,000,000 - Moins de \$1,000,000	150
2.178.	\$1,000,000 - \$9,999,999	151
2.179.	\$10,000,000 and over - et plus	151
2.180.	Total	151

Corporations Reporting under the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act by Degree of Non-resident Ownership and by Asset Size Group, 1965-1968 - Concluded

Corporation faisant rapport aux termes de la Loi sur les déclarations des corporations et des syndicats ouvriers selon le degré d'appartenance à des non-résidents, par tranche de taille de l'actif, 1965-1968 - fin

Table		
Tableau		Page
Credit Agencies - Sociétés de crédit:		
2.181.	Under \$500,000 - Moins de \$500,000	152
2.182.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	152
2.183.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	152
2.184.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	153
2.185.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	153
2.186.	\$25,000,000 - \$99,999,999	153
2.187.	\$100,000,000 and over - et plus	154
2.188.	Total	154
Security Dealers - Courtiers en valeurs:		
2.189.	Under \$1,000,000 - Moins de \$1,000,000	154
2.190.	\$1,000,000 and over - et plus	155
2.191.	Total	155
Investment Companies - Sociétés de placement:		
2.192.	Under \$500,000 - Moins de \$500,000	155
2.193.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	156
2.194.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	156
2.195.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	156
2.196.	\$10,000,000 - \$24,999,999	157
2.197.	\$25,000,000 - \$49,999,999	157
2.198.	\$50,000,000 - \$99,999,999	157
2.199.	\$100,000,000 and over - et plus	158
2.200.	Total	158
Insurance and Real Estate - Assureurs et agents d'immeubles:		
2.201.	Under \$500,000 - Moins de \$500,000	158
2.202.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	159
2.203.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	159
2.204.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	159
2.205.	\$10,000,000 and over - et plus	160
2.206.	Total	160
2.207.	FINANCE - TOTAL - FINANCES	160
Services:		
2.208.	Under \$500,000 - Moins de \$500,000	161
2.209.	\$500,000 - \$999,999	161
2.210.	\$1,000,000 - \$4,999,999	161
2.211.	\$5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	162
2.212.	\$10,000,000 and over - et plus	162
2.213.	Total	162
2.214.	ALL INDUSTRIES - TOTAL - DES INDUSTRIES	163

APPENDIX - 3 - ANNEXE

Regional Distribution of Taxable Income for Reporting Corporations

Répartition régionale du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes

Table — Tableau	Page
3.1. Distribution of Taxable Income for Reporting Corporations by Industry and by Region with Respect to Ownership, 1965-1968 — Répartition du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes par branches d'activité et par régions, selon leur appartenance, 1965-1968	164
3.2. Proportions of Taxable Income Contributed by Resident and Non-resident-owned Reporting Corporations by Industries and by Regions, 1965-1968 — Distribution procentuelle du revenu imposable des corporations déclarantes selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents, par branches d'activité et par régions, 1965-1968	169
3.3.1. Regional Distribution of Corporation Taxable Income by Minority and Majority Non-resident Ownership, by Industrial Sectors, Reporting Corporations Only, 1965-1968 Average — Répartition régionale du revenu imposable des corporations selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents, par secteurs industriels, corporations déclarantes seulement, moyenne des années 1965 à 1968	174
3.3.2. Percentage Distribution of Corporation Taxable Income by Minority and Majority Non-resident Ownership Within Industrial Sectors Within Regions, Reporting Corporations Only, 1965-1968 — Répartition procentuelle du revenu imposable des corporations selon l'appartenance minoritaire ou majoritaire à des non-résidents à l'intérieur des secteurs industriels dans les régions du Canada, corporations déclarantes seulement, moyenne des années 1965 à 1968	174

APPENDIX - 4 - ANNEXE

Assets of Reporting Corporations by Country in which Control is Held, 1968

Actif des corporations déclarantes avec indication du pays de résidence des actionnaires prépondérants, 1968

Table — Tableau	Page
4.1. Millions of dollars — Millions de dollars	176
4.2. Per cent — Pour-cent	177

BINDING SECT. NOV 8 1978

Government
Publications

